

Universal AC Input, 12-V, 25-W PSR Reference Design



Description

This reference design is a quasi-resonant flyback power supply based on the UCC28730 primary side regulation (PSR) controller and UCC24650 (wake-up monitor). Using PSR topology eliminates the need of an optocoupler, increases reliability, and optimizes system cost. The design achieves less than 6-mW standby power (at 230 V_{AC}) and over 85% efficiency at 25-W load.

Features

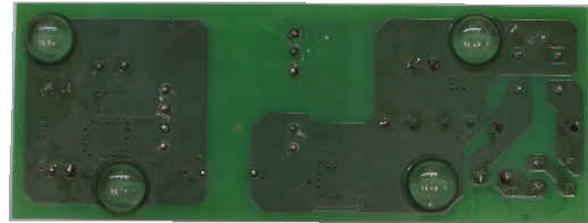
- 185-V_{AC} to 265-V_{AC} input, 50 Hz and 60 Hz; 12-V, 2.1-A output
- Over 85% average 4-point efficiency
- Over 82% efficiency at 2% load (0.4 W)
- Less than 6-mW standby power losses
- Protected against output short circuits

Applications

- [Dishwasher](#)



Top Photo



Bottom Photo



Angled Photo

1 Test Prerequisites

1.1 Voltage and Current Requirements

Table 1-1. Voltage and Current Requirements

| Parameter | Specifications |
|----------------|---|
| Input Voltage | 185 V _{AC} – 265 V _{AC} |
| Frequency | 47 Hz – 63 Hz |
| Output Voltage | 12 V _{DC} |
| Output Current | 1.67 A (average), 2.1 A (peak) |

1.2 Required Equipment

- 0 V_{AC} – 265 V_{AC}, 45 Hz – 65 Hz (minimum current limit 1 A_{RMS}), AC constant voltage source (VS1)
- Electronic load, (constant current range 0 A – 3 A)
- Oscilloscope (minimum 100-MHz bandwidth)
- Current probe (minimum 100-kHz bandwidth)
- Optional: infrared camera
- Spectrum analyzer (typical frequency range 9 kHz – 3.5 GHz)
- AC Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN)
- Variable isolation transformer (100 W minimum)

1.3 Testing Conditions

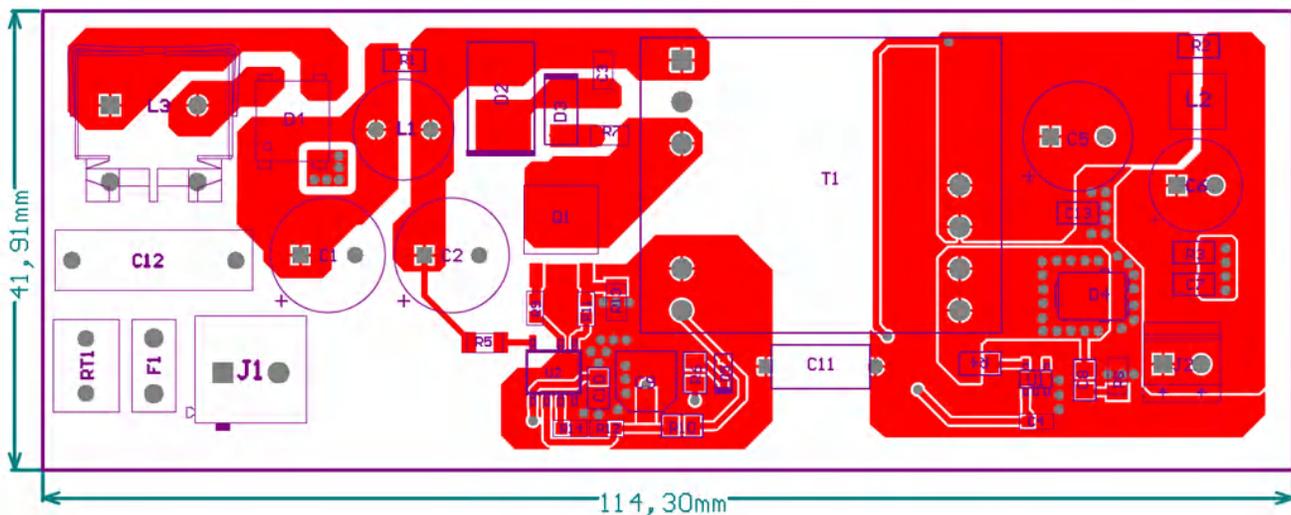
1. Connect the source VS1 to J1-1 and J1-2.
2. Connect the load to J2-1 (positive) and J2-2 (negative).
3. Attach a current probe in series to the output to take load transient response behavior.
4. Turn on VS1 (accepted range: 185 V_{AC} – 265 V_{AC}).
5. Increase the load on the output.
6. After turn off, discharge the capacitors C1 and C2 by means of an external resistor (warning: HIGH VOLTAGE)

1.4 Considerations

The reference design PMP31248 Rev_C was built on PMP31248 Rev_A PCB.

1.5 Dimensions

The board dimensions are 114.30 mm × 41.91 mm, the height is 24 mm (transformer T1).


Figure 1-1. Outline

2 Testing and Results

2.1 Efficiency Graphs and Data

2.1.1 Efficiency Graph: Light Load Performance

The efficiency graph in [Figure 2-1](#) shows the converter efficiency, versus output current, during light load.

The input voltage was set to 185 V_{AC}, 230 V_{AC}, and 265 V_{AC}, and the load current range restricted between zero and 70 mA.

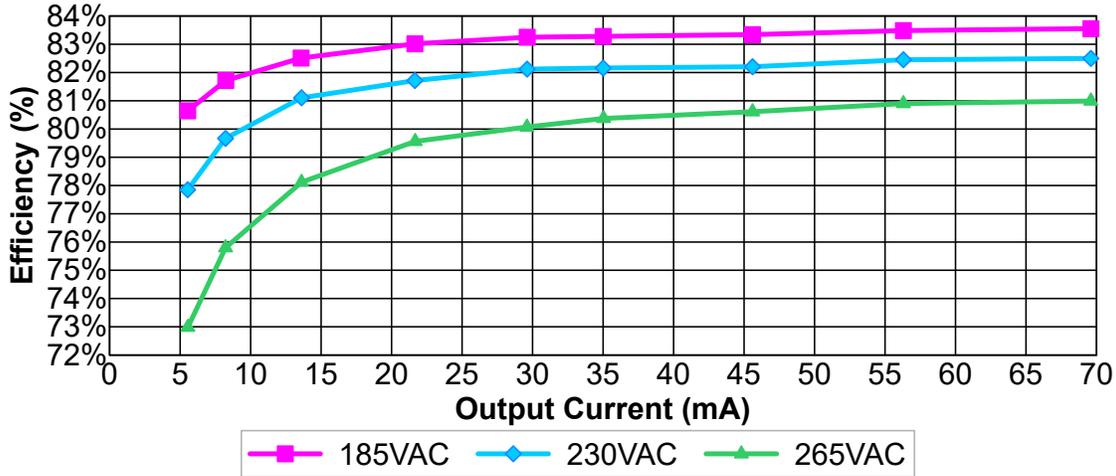


Figure 2-1. Light Load Efficiency

2.1.2 Efficiency Graph: Available Output Power Versus Input Power

The graph in [Figure 2-2](#) shows the available output power versus input power at 230 V_{AC}.

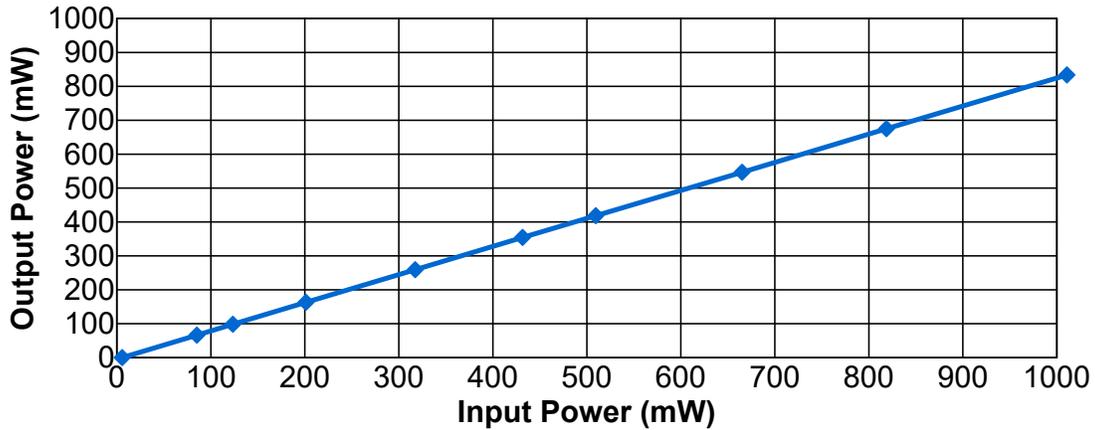


Figure 2-2. Output Power vs Input Power

2.1.3 Efficiency Graph: Full Load Performance

The efficiency graph in [Figure 2-3](#) shows the converter efficiency, versus output current, from light to full load.

The input voltage was set to 185 V_{AC}, 230 V_{AC}, and 265 V_{AC}.

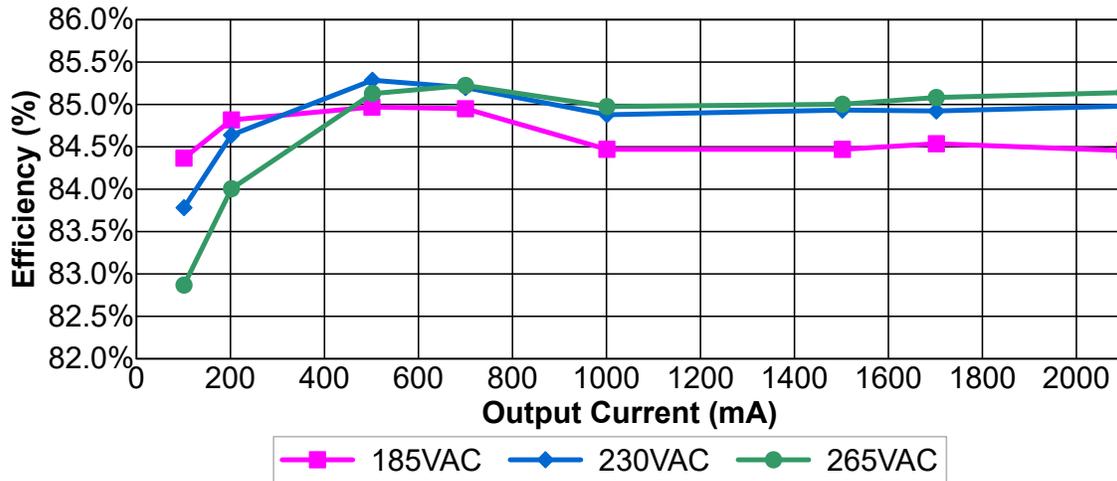


Figure 2-3. Full Load Efficiency

2.1.4 Efficiency Data

The efficiency graphs ([Figure 2-1](#), [Figure 2-2](#), and [Figure 2-3](#)) report the data from the tables shown below at 185 V_{AC}, 230 V_{AC}, and 265 V_{AC}.

Table 2-1. V_{IN} = 185 V_{AC}, f = 50 Hz

| P _{IN} (mW) | V _{OUT} (V) | I _{OUT} (mA) | P _{OUT} (mW) | Efficiency (%) |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| 3.7 | 12.13 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00% |
| 82.3 | 11.98 | 5.54 | 66.37 | 80.64% |
| 120.7 | 11.97 | 8.24 | 98.63 | 81.72% |
| 197.5 | 12.00 | 13.58 | 162.96 | 82.51% |
| 312.7 | 11.99 | 21.65 | 259.58 | 83.01% |
| 425.9 | 11.97 | 29.62 | 354.55 | 83.25% |
| 502.8 | 11.96 | 35.01 | 418.72 | 83.28% |
| 656.6 | 12.00 | 45.6 | 547.20 | 83.34% |
| 808.6 | 11.99 | 56.3 | 675.04 | 83.48% |
| 998.8 | 11.99 | 69.6 | 834.50 | 83.55% |

Table 2-2. V_{IN} = 230 V_{AC}, f = 50 Hz

| P _{IN} (mW) | V _{OUT} (V) | I _{OUT} (mA) | P _{OUT} (mW) | Efficiency (%) |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| 5.6 | 12.15 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00% |
| 85.1 | 11.98 | 5.53 | 66.25 | 77.85% |
| 123.4 | 11.96 | 8.22 | 98.31 | 79.67% |
| 201.2 | 11.99 | 13.61 | 163.18 | 81.11% |
| 317.4 | 11.98 | 21.65 | 259.37 | 81.72% |
| 431.6 | 11.97 | 29.61 | 354.43 | 82.12% |
| 509.5 | 11.96 | 35.00 | 418.60 | 82.16% |
| 665.1 | 11.99 | 45.6 | 546.74 | 82.20% |
| 818.7 | 11.99 | 56.3 | 675.04 | 82.45% |
| 1010.7 | 11.98 | 69.6 | 833.81 | 82.50% |

Table 2-3. $V_{IN} = 265$, V_{AC} , $f = 50$ Hz

| P_{IN} (mW) | V_{OUT} (V) | I_{OUT} (mA) | P_{OUT} (mW) | Efficiency (%) |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 11.3 | 12.15 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00% |
| 91.1 | 11.98 | 5.55 | 66.49 | 72.98% |
| 129.7 | 11.96 | 8.22 | 98.31 | 75.80% |
| 208.9 | 11.99 | 13.61 | 163.18 | 78.12% |
| 326.3 | 11.98 | 21.67 | 259.61 | 79.56% |
| 442.5 | 11.97 | 29.60 | 354.31 | 80.07% |
| 523.0 | 12.00 | 35.03 | 420.36 | 80.37% |
| 678.8 | 12.00 | 45.6 | 547.20 | 80.61% |
| 834.4 | 11.99 | 56.3 | 675.04 | 80.90% |
| 1029.5 | 11.98 | 69.6 | 833.81 | 80.99% |

2.2 Thermal Images

Figure 2-4 and Table 2-4 show the thermal picture of the converter supplied at 230 V_{AC} and 50 Hz, taken after 30 minutes soak time, at 25.5°C ambient temperature, and placed horizontally to the bench.

The board runs at 1.7 A under still air conditions.

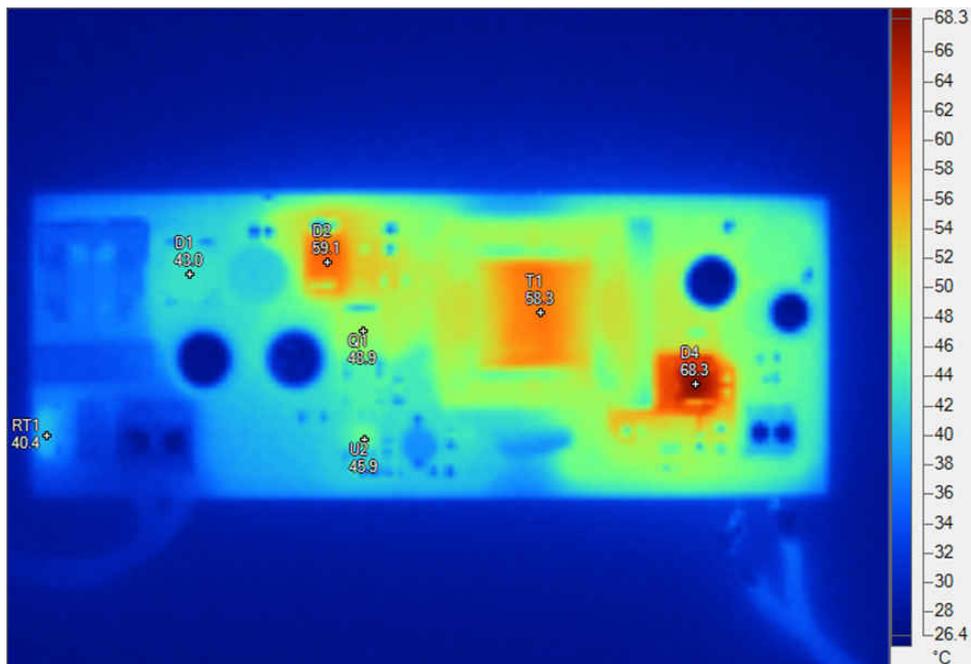


Figure 2-4. Thermal Image

Table 2-4. Main Image Markers

| Name | Temperature | Emissivity | Background |
|------|-------------|------------|------------|
| D2 | 59.1°C | 0.96 | 25.5°C |
| D1 | 43.0°C | 0.96 | 25.5°C |
| RT1 | 40.4°C | 0.96 | 25.5°C |
| U2 | 45.9°C | 0.96 | 25.5°C |
| Q1 | 48.9°C | 0.96 | 25.5°C |
| T1 | 58.3°C | 0.96 | 25.5°C |
| D4 | 68.3°C | 0.96 | 25.5°C |

2.3 Static Output Voltage Variation versus Load

The output voltage versus load current is shown in Figure 2-5 and Figure 2-6.

2.3.1 Light Load Range

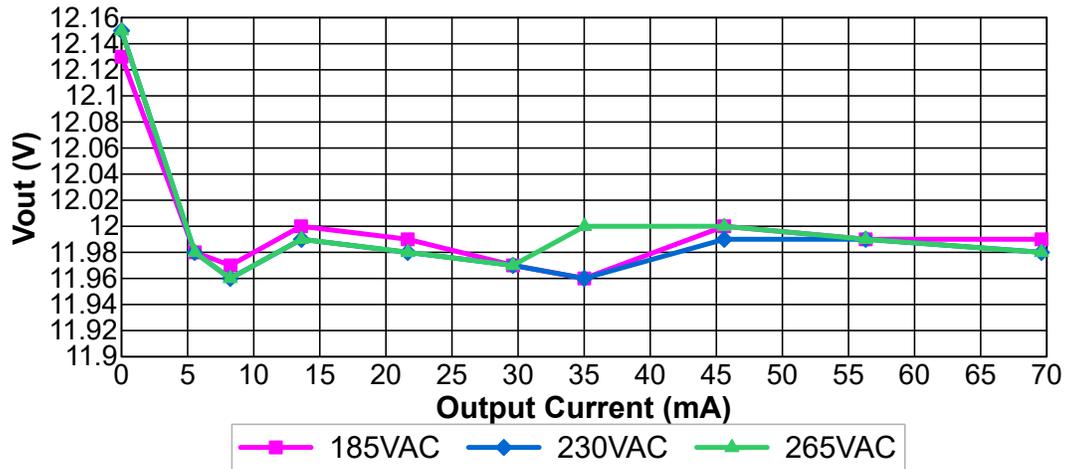


Figure 2-5. Output Voltage vs Output Current (Light Load)

2.3.2 Light to Full Load Range

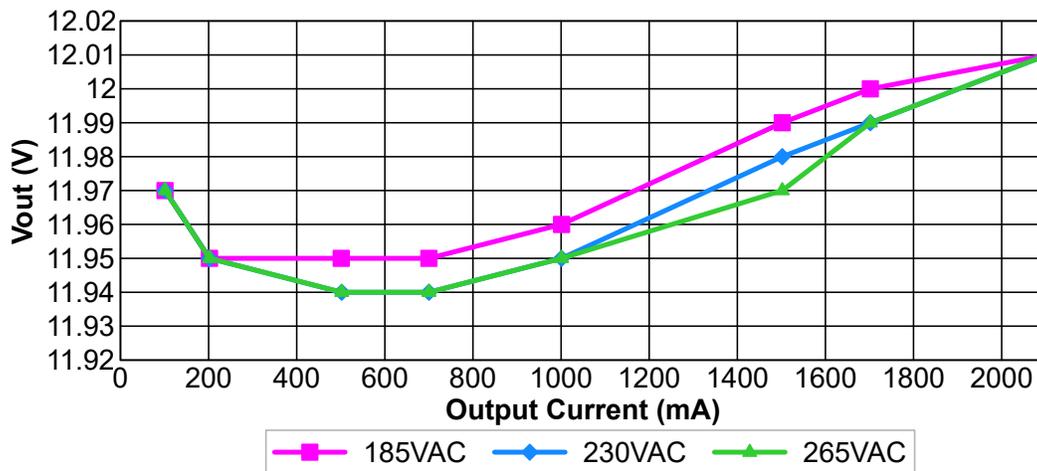


Figure 2-6. Output Voltage vs Output Current (whole load range)

2.4 EMI Measurement According to EN55022 Class-B Quasi-Peak Limits

The EMI signature of this converter was measured by using the following devices:

- **Spectrum Analyzer**
 - Manufacturer: Rohde & Schwarz
 - Part number: 1065.6000.20
 - Freq. range: 9 kHz – 3.5 GHz
- **LISN**
 - Manufacturer: Hameg
 - Model: HM6050-2
- **Load resistor 7.06 Ω**
- **Variable isolation transformer**
 - Manufacturer: Block TE
 - Model: BR350

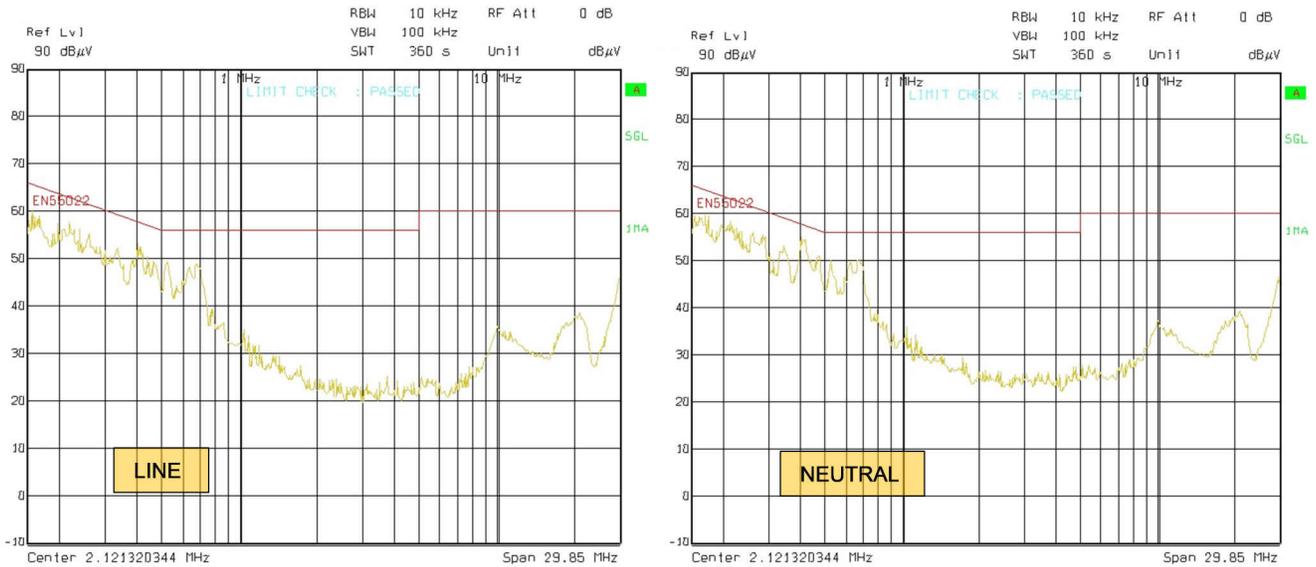


Figure 2-7. EMI: $V_{IN} = 230 V_{AC}$, $R_{LOAD} = 7.06 \Omega$, Negative Output Terminal Connected to LISN Ground

3 Waveforms

3.1 Switching on Q1 (V_{DS} Voltage) at Full Load

The switching waveforms were measured by supplying the converter at maximum V_{IN} of 265 V_{AC} with 1.7-A load current.

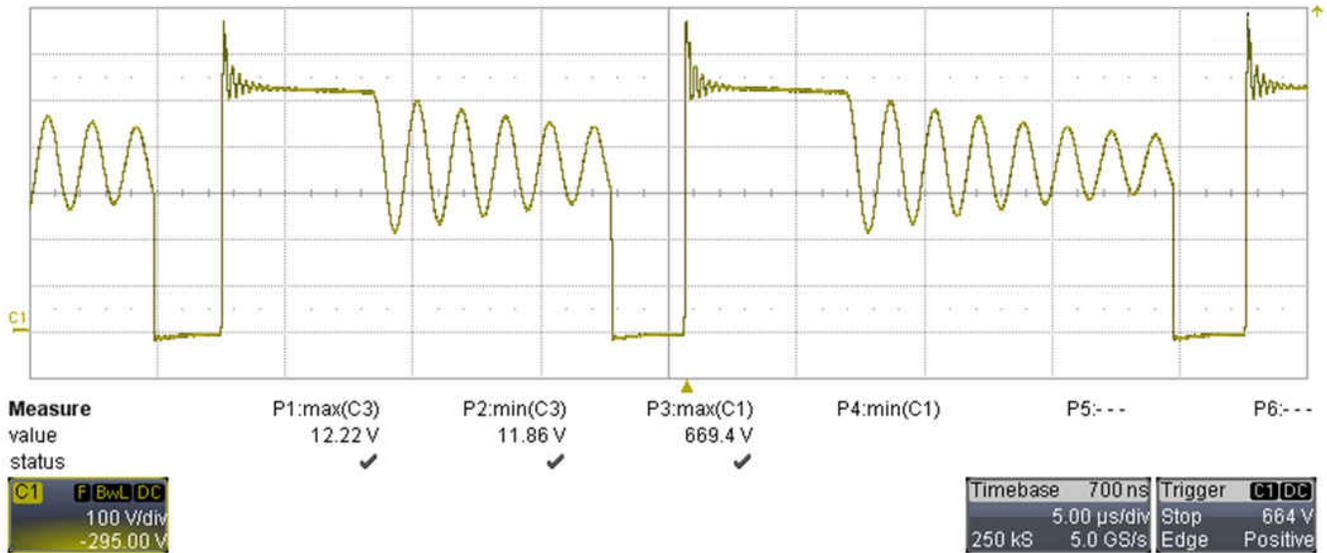


Figure 3-1. Waveform Q1- V_{DS} (100 V/div, 5 μ s/div, 200 MHz BWL)

The image in Figure 3-2 is the same measurement as in Figure 3-1 but with time base of 1 μ s/div to enlarge the overshoot.

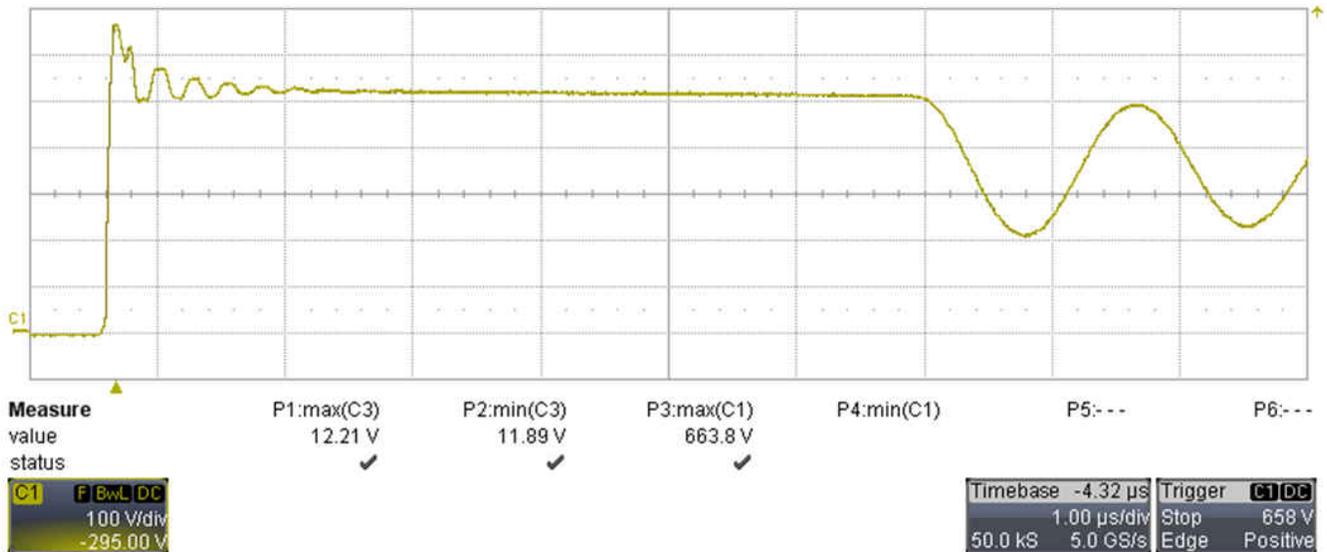


Figure 3-2. Waveform Q1- V_{DS} (100 V/div, 1 μ s/div, 200 MHz BWL)

3.2 Output Voltage Ripple

The output voltage ripple was measured by supplying the converter at 230 V_{AC}, while loaded at 1.7 A; the bandwidth limit of oscilloscope (BWL) was set to 20 MHz.

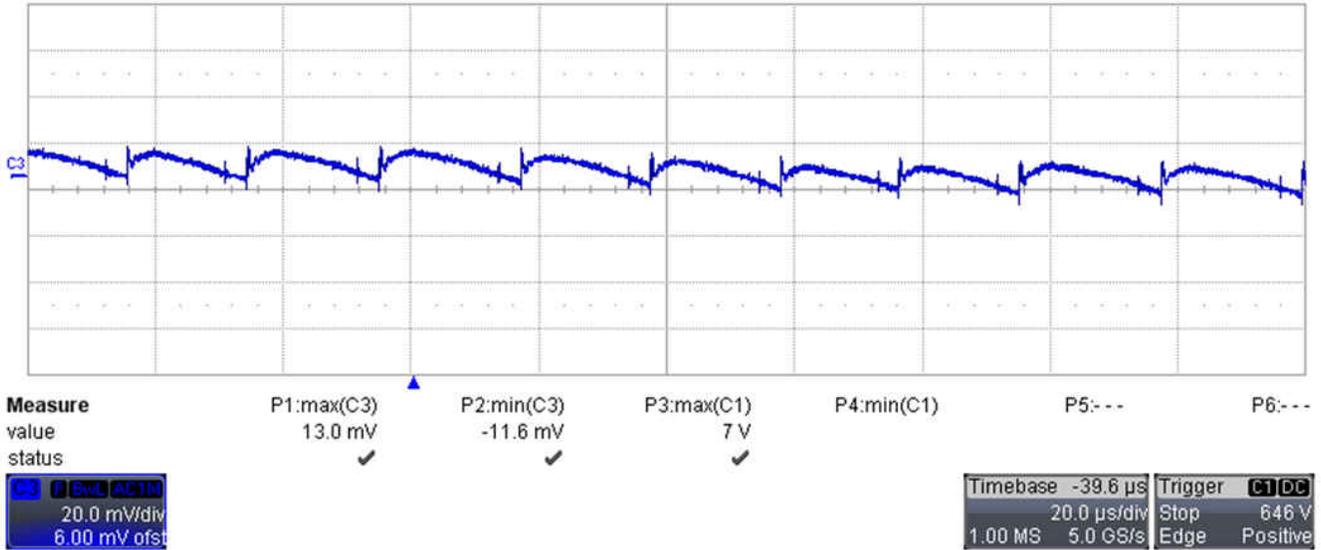


Figure 3-3. Output Voltage (20 mV/div, 20 μs/div, AC coupling)

Figure 3-4 is the same measurement as in Figure 3-3 but with longer time division, showing details about low frequency ripple.

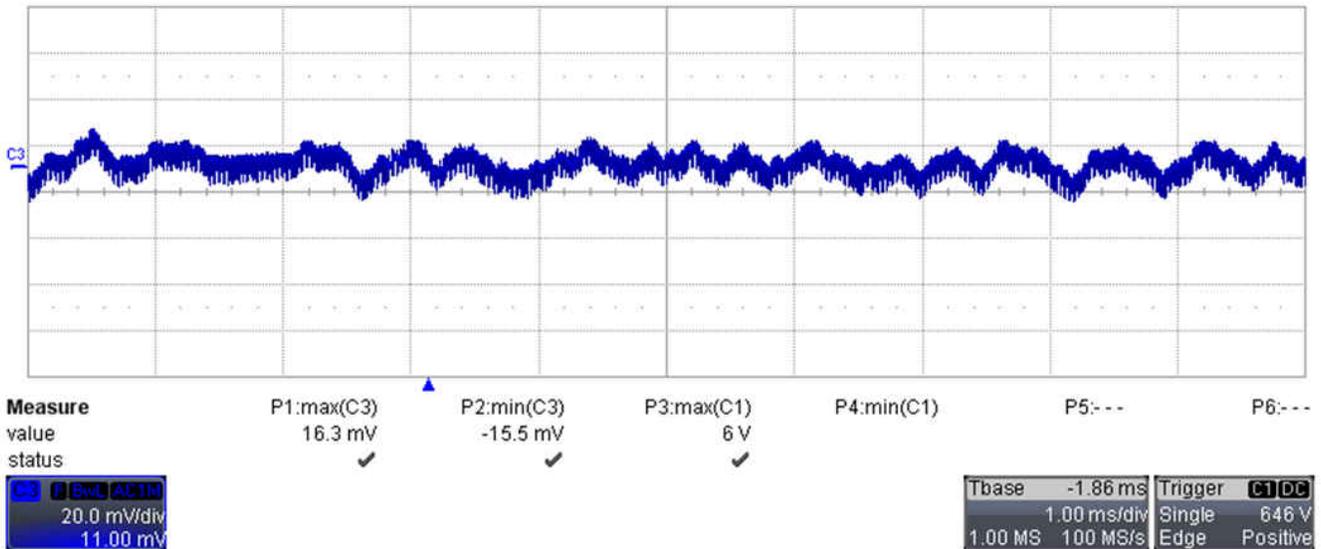


Figure 3-4. Output Voltage (20 mV/div, 1 ms/div, AC coupling)

3.3 Load Transients

The output voltage variation, during load transients, was measured by supplying the converter at 230 V_{AC}. The load was switched between 0 A and 1.7 A. For voltage and current measurement, the bandwidth limit of oscilloscope was set to 20 MHz.

- C3: Output voltage (200 mV/div, 10 ms/div, AC coupling)
- C4: Output current (1 A/div, DC coupling)

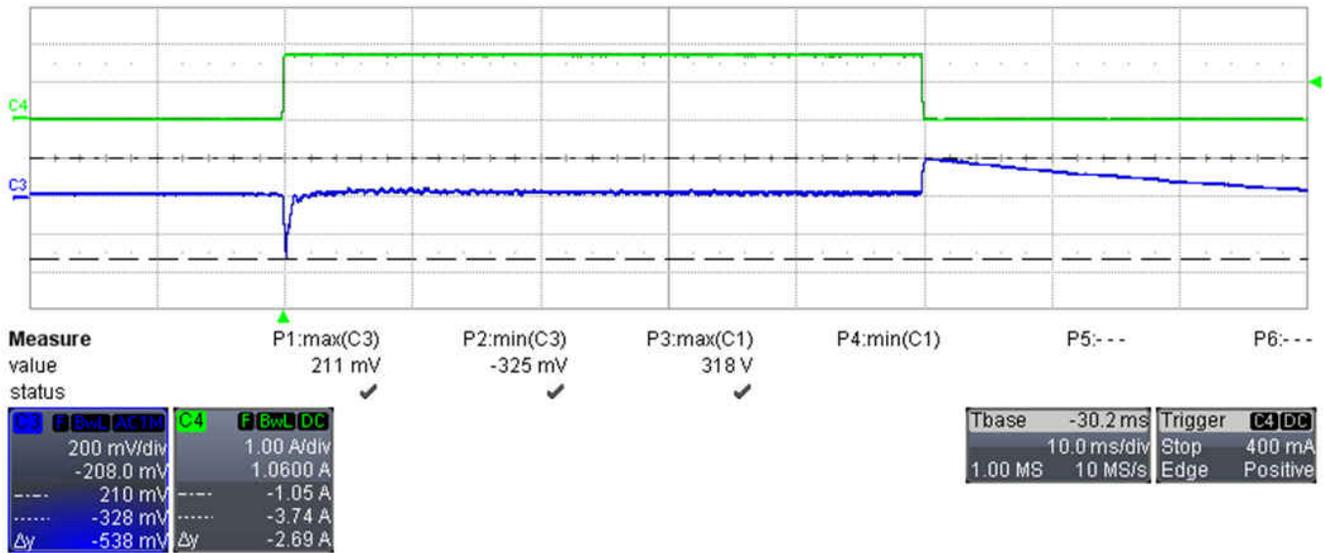


Figure 3-5. Load Transient

3.4 Start-Up and Shutdown Sequence

During these tests, the AC source was turned on and off. The input (230 V_{AC}) and output voltages were measured (BWL limited to 20 MHz).

3.4.1 Start-Up Sequence

3.4.1.1 Load Current 0 A

- C1: Input AC voltage (200 V/div, 100 ms/div, DC coupling)
- C3: Output voltage (5 V/div, DC coupling)

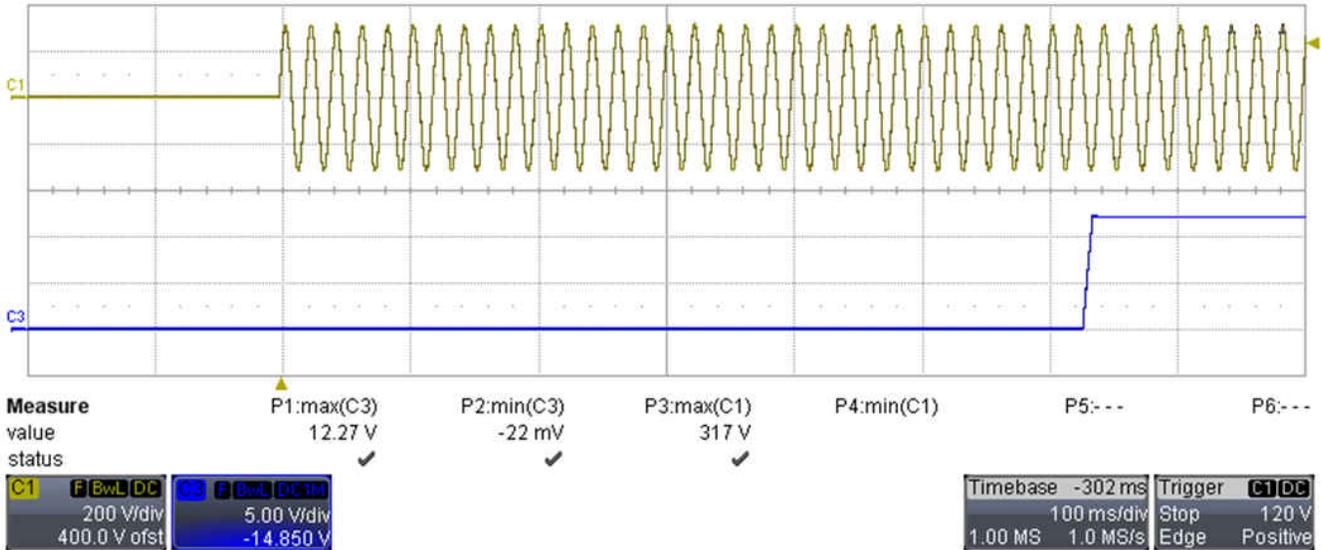


Figure 3-6. Start-Up With 0-A Load (100 ms/div)

Figure 3-7 is the same measurement as in Figure 3-6 but with smaller time division (20 ms/div).

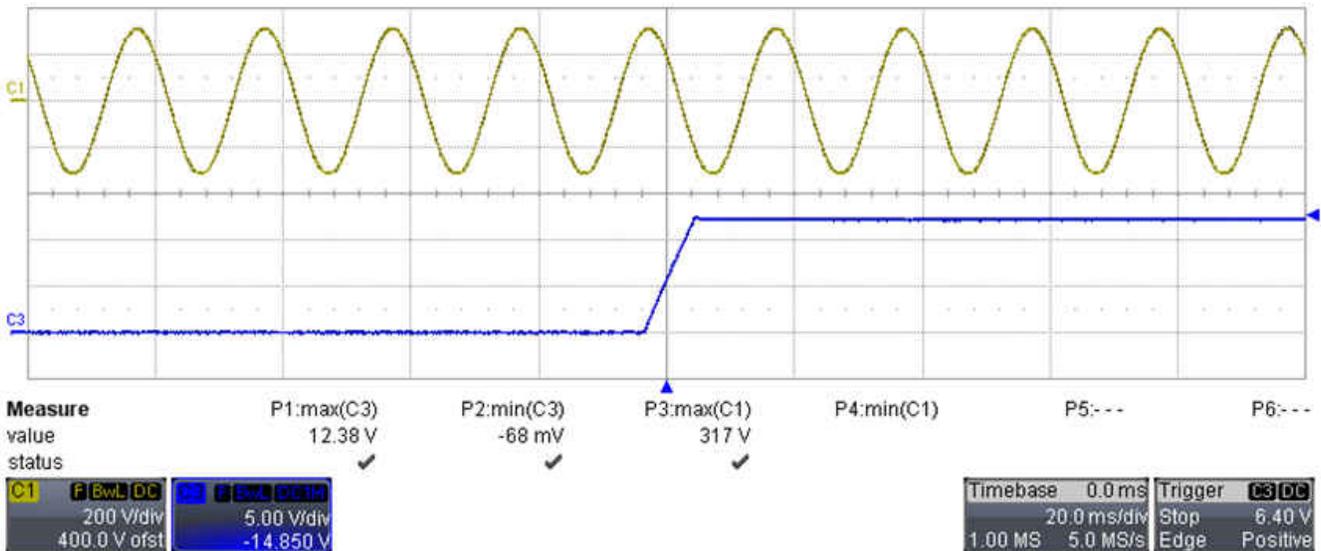


Figure 3-7. Start-Up With 0-A Load (20 ms/div)

3.4.1.2 Load Current 1.7 A

- C1: Input AC voltage (200 V/div, 100 ms/div, DC coupling)
- C3: Output voltage (5 V/div, DC coupling)

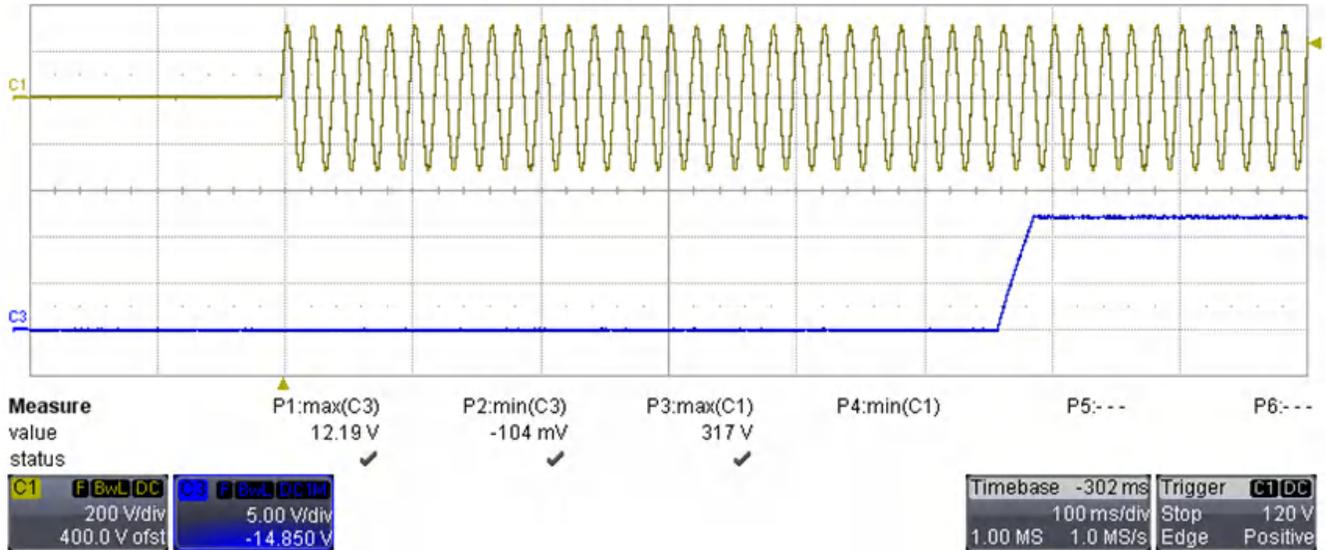


Figure 3-8. Start-Up With 1.7-A Load (100 ms/div)

Figure 3-9 is the same measurement as in Figure 3-8 but with smaller time division (20 ms/div).

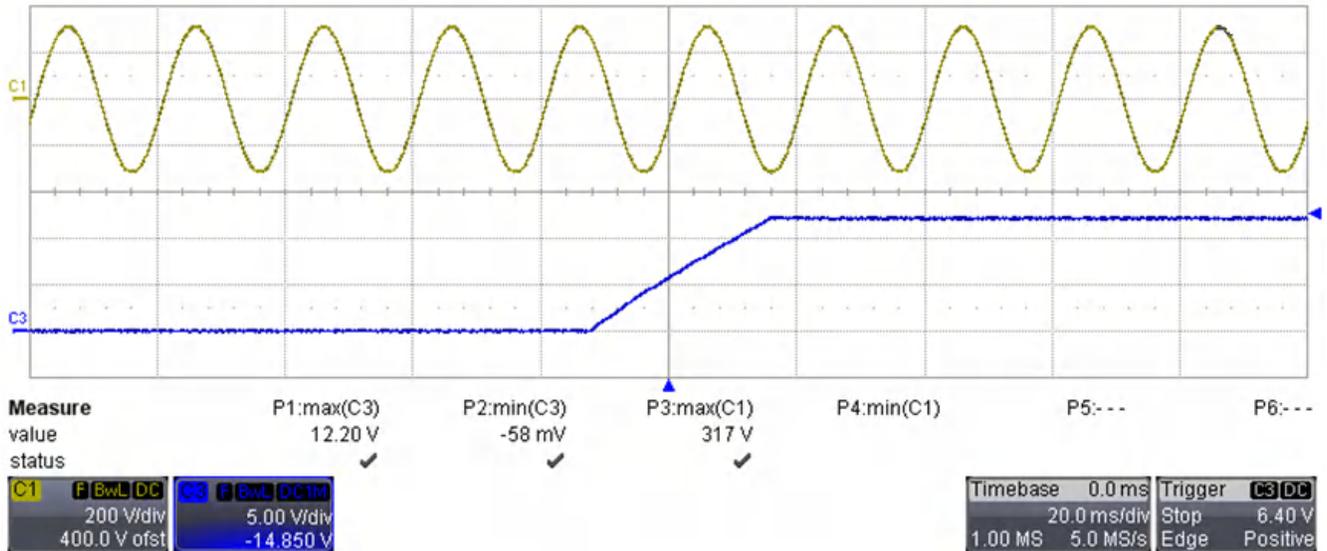


Figure 3-9. Start-Up With 1.7-A Load (20 ms/div)

3.4.2 Shutdown Sequence

The output voltage was measured by switching off the AC voltage source while the load was set to 1.7 A and V_{IN} to 230 V_{AC}.

- C1: Input AC voltage (200 V/div, 20 ms/div, DC coupling)
- C3: Output voltage (5 V/div, DC coupling)

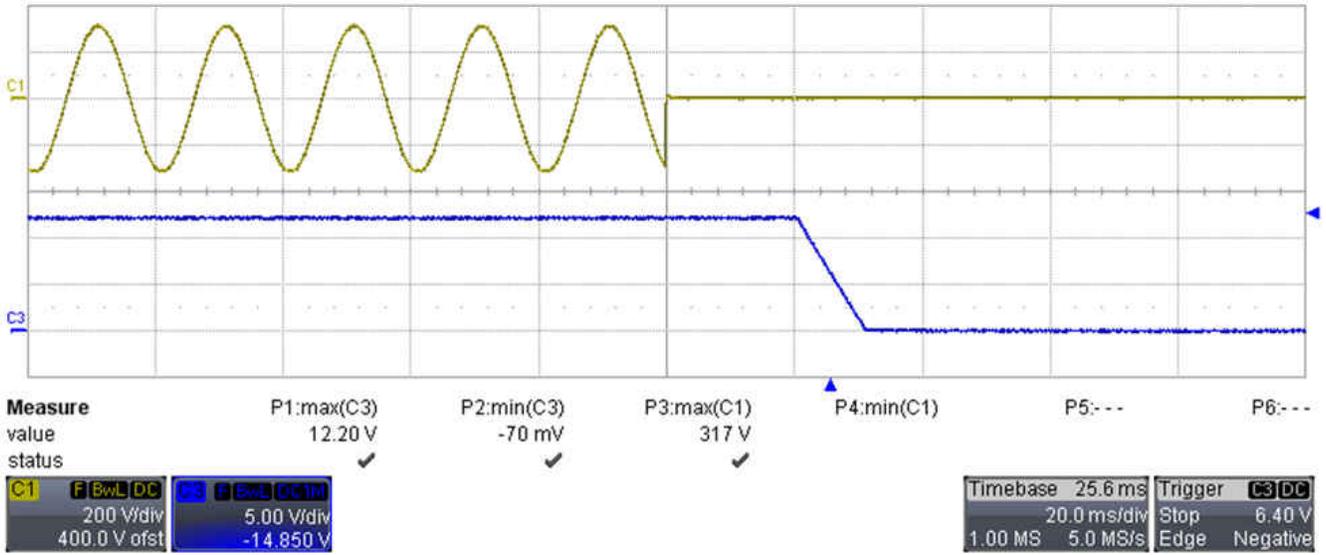


Figure 3-10. Shutdown Sequence With 1.7-A Load Current

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