

Certification Testing Guidelines for Wi-Fi Alliance® System Interoperability Test Plans

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this document is to ensure readiness of TI's customers for the certification process of the Wi-Fi Alliance® (WFA).

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1 Background

The goal of the WFA is to ensure interoperability among IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n products that support the extended security features of Wi-Fi-Protected Access 2 (WPA2™) from multiple manufacturers and to promote this technology within both the business and consumer markets. The WFA has developed an interoperability test suite. Working in conjunction with an authorized test lab, these tests are performed on vendor products.

This document concerns the following certifications:

- WMM-PS (WMM-Powersave_testplan_v2-1-6.pdf)
- TGn (TGnInteropTP_2.8.pdf)
- WPS (Wi-Fi_Protected_Setup_Test_Plan_v2.0.15.pdf)
- Wi-Fi® Direct (wfa_wifi_direct_interoperability_test_plan_version_1.3.pdf)

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1.1 Definition of the Device Under Test

A precise selection of the definition for device under test (DUT) impacts the WFA test plans. A slow or weak host processor can impact on the performance of the device. In such cases, an application specific device (ASD) document is required.

1.1.1 Define Your Access Points Under Test

For example, the access points under test (APUT) is a mobile Wi-Fi AP that supports both 2.4-GHz and 5-GHz bands with 20-MHz channel width on 2.4 GHz and 40 MHz on 5 GHz. The APUT only supports personal authentication.

1.1.2 Define Your Station Under Test

For example, the station under test (SUT) is a Wi-Fi station that supports 2.4-GHz and 5-GHz bands with 40-MHz channel width in 5 GHz.

The SUT can be categorized according to the following types of devices:

- Cellular
- Audio
- Terminal audio
- Network camera
- PDA
- DLNA multimedia adapter
- VOIP phone
- Wi-Fi phone
- Converged cellphone
- DVD player
- Tablet PC

1.2 Basic System Test Configuration

Figure 1 shows the basic test configuration for infrastructure tests and a physical connection diagram (there are two logical networks to separate chariot traffic from configuration traffic).

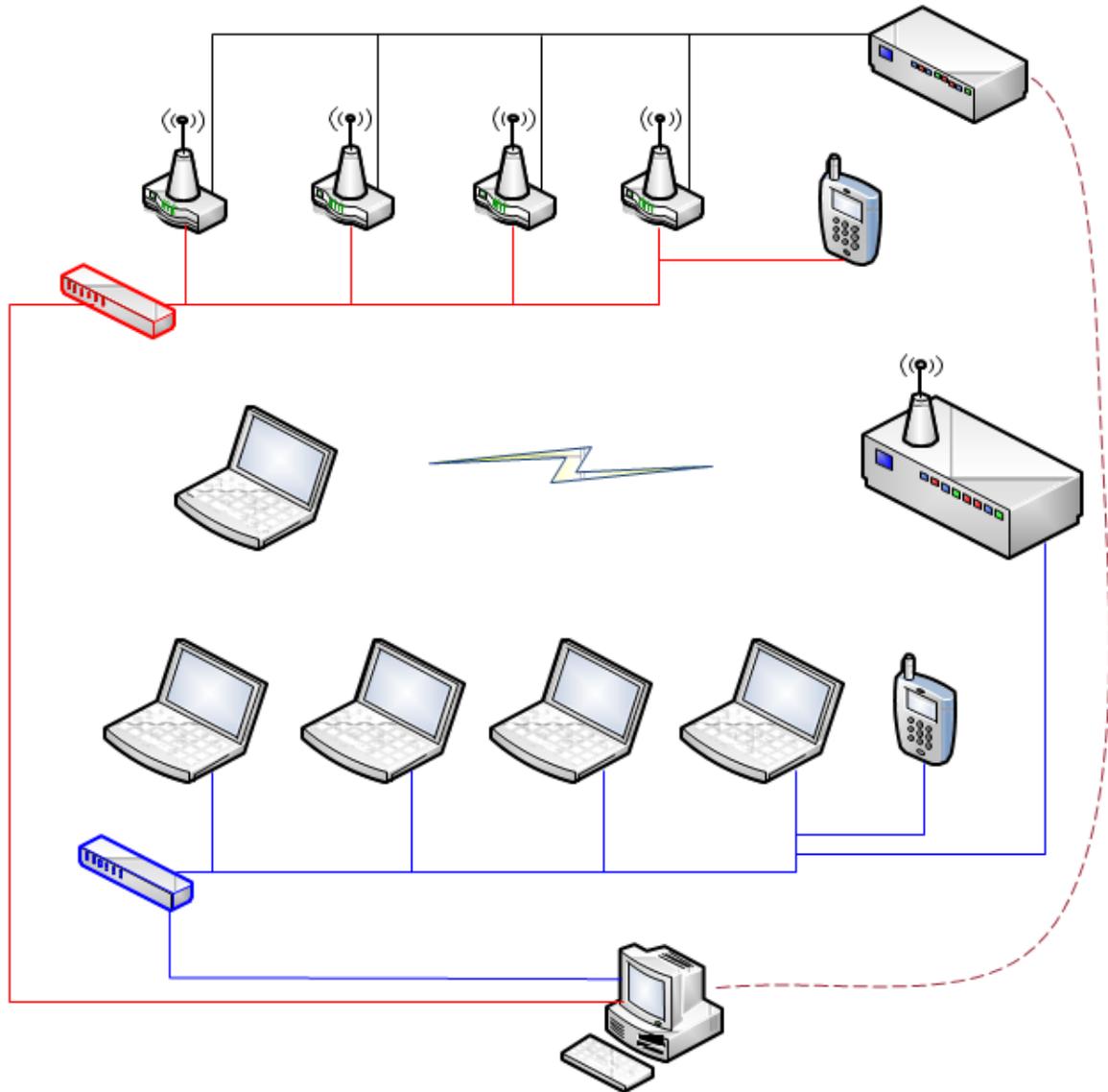
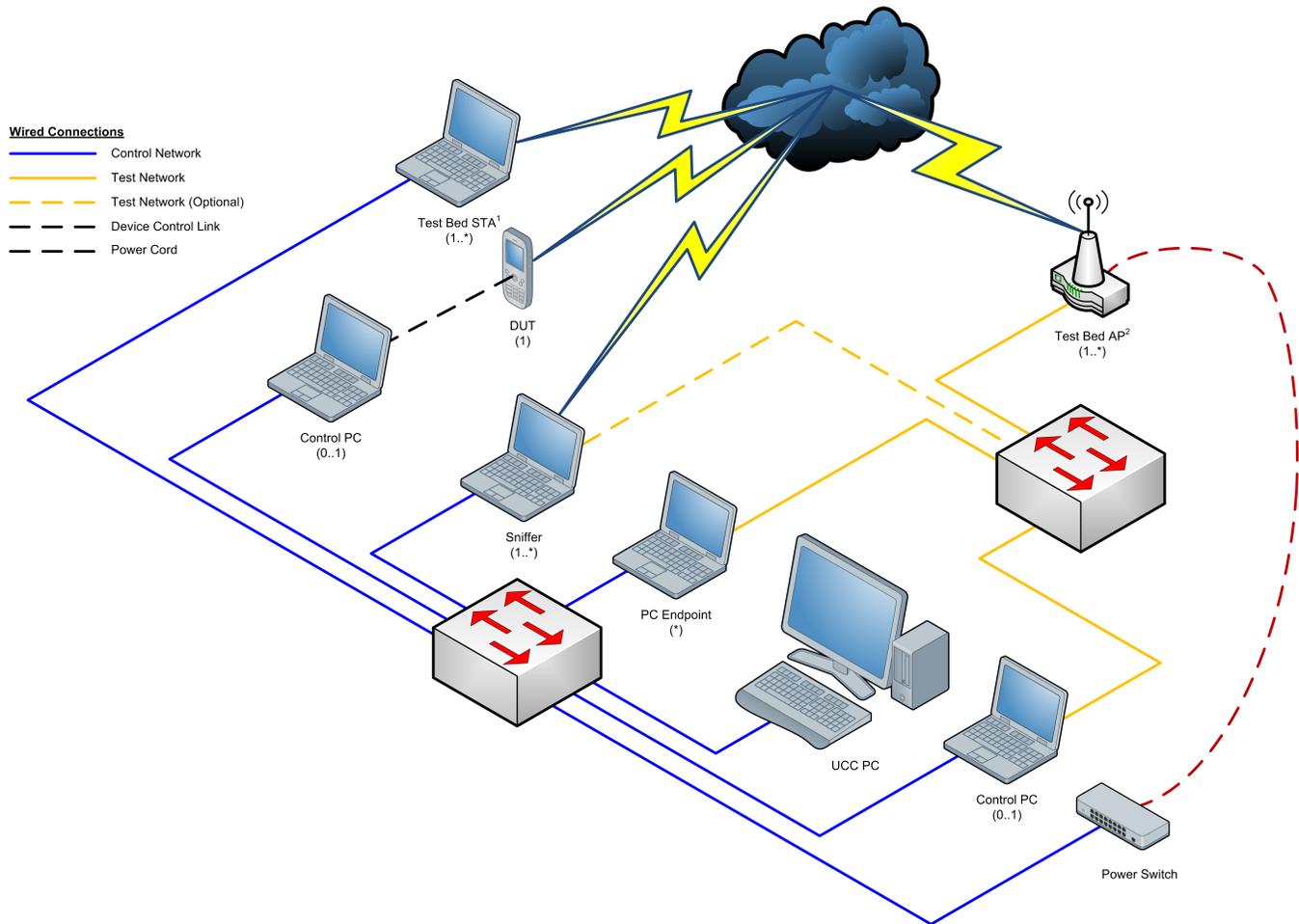


Figure 1. Chariot Basic System Test Configuration

The stations and the IxChariot™ server operate as IxChariot endpoints, with the tests configured and controlled from the IxChariot console. The IxChariot console and three RADIUS™ servers can run on the same machine. The DEVICESCAPE™ runs on a Linux® OS machine. WLAN stations (STAs) run on Windows XP® with SP2. In Figure 1, the RADIUS servers are DEVICESCAPE, HostAPd, Radiator, and Microsoft®. When a DUT is tested in a station mode, only the SUT is typically present. When the DUT is tested in the AP mode, only the APUT is typically present. Use the Wi-Fi Test Suite (WTS) approach as an alternative test bed arrangement to automate the certification tests. Figure 2 shows the standard configuration of the unified CAPI console (UCC).



- A A Test Bed STA may also be a converged, nonconverged voice or other device with or without a control PC.
- B If used, the control PC uses the Test Network as a Control Network for Test Bed APs before and after testing
- C Multiplicity Notation
 - (*) 0 or more
 - (0.1) 0 or 1
 - (1) 1
 - (1 *) 1 or more

For example: The UCC PC connects directly to the DUT or through a control PC; each control PC connects to 1 and only 1 device.

Figure 2. Sigma System Test Configuration

2 How to Prepare the DUT for WFA Certification

The following sections describe the testing methodology and guidelines for preparing the product.

2.1 Recommendations from TI

- Read this document before to externally certifying.
- Perform precertification testing on the DUT of the customer.

2.2 WFA Certification Process

To perform WFA certification, do as follows:

1. Register as a WFA member at <https://www.wi-fi.org/about/become-member>.
2. Select an authorized lab for testing and certifying your product from http://www.wi-fi.org/authorized_labs.php.
3. Choose the testing programs (STA, AP, or p2p) for your device according to its capabilities and purpose (for example, a p2p device must run Wi-Fi TGN for STA, WPS for STA, Wi-Fi Direct, and can skip AP testing programs and STA-WMM-PS certification).
4. Ensure you mark the capabilities of the DUT because this impacts the optional tests that must be executed like siso, mimo, 20 MHz, 20/40 MHz, enterprise security, and 5 GHz. (If your DUT supports 20/40 MHz in 2.4 GHz, test 5.2.48 must be executed.)

2.3 Preparation Process for Certifying the DUT

2.3.1 Prerequisites for Certification

- The DUT must be fully functional.
- The performance of the DUT must be similar to what TI publishes in the test results.
- The DUT must pass precertification tests (if there are modifications to the software or hardware due to TI configuration [host processor, major code changes, and so forth], this step is mandatory).
- The correct device category must be chosen (this impacts on the TP threshold).
- The DUT file system must be ready to read and write (the file system must save modifications after reboot so the customer or lab engineer can download files to it with ftp, tftp, sdcad or any other procedure).

2.3.2 Applications Required for Certification

- WTS—Download the WTS files from www.ti.com.

NOTE: The WTS must be adapted to the platform environment of the customer.

- IxChariot Endpoint—Download from www.ixiacom.com (not required)

NOTE: You can substitute iperf for IxChariot. iperf can be downloaded for free.

- IW—Download IW from an open source community and compile it to the environment of the customer
- Busybox—Download Busybox from an open source community and compile it to the environment of the customer.

2.3.3 DUTs at the WFA Lab

If you must ship two DUTs to the WFA lab, ensure that those are tested devices.

Include operation instructions when sending the devices to the lab.

TI recommends supporting the WFA lab during the certification process (during the initial phase).

3 The Testing Tools, Methodology, and Approach

This section defines tools, methodology, and approach for testing during WFA certification.

3.1 IxChariot Software

IxChariot software from IXIA can be used. The IxChariot includes a large set of standard, editable scripts that can be used to define a particular traffic flow between two endpoints. The IxChariot console (a separate machine from the units under test) manages the definition, test configuration, test execution, and results reporting of the scripts.

Unless otherwise specified, use default parameters. Typically, tests run for 1.5 minutes.

3.1.1 IxChariot Scripts

Change the scripts used during the testing as follows:

- Change the buffer size to 1456 bytes.
- Change the data rate (throughput) according to the ASD document (if it exists).
- Change the packet size in the InquiryL.scr script to 1000B to align with the definition of WTS.

3.1.2 Environment Preparation on DUT

To prepare the environment, do as follows:

1. Upload the IxChariot file and extract (perform once and skip if already done).

```
cd /home/root/chariot
tftp -g -r endpoint.tar 20.1.1.10
tar -xvf endpoint.tar
```

2. Start IxChariot Endpoint (after every reboot).

```
cd /home/root/chariot
./endpoint &
```

3.2 WTS Software

As an alternative to IxChariot, the WTS automation suite can be used. This tool suite provides configuration, test control, traffic generation, and results analysis services. The test plan can be automated through the WFA-distributed WTS command scripts and the WTS-unified CAPI console. Additional information is available on the test tools pages at <http://www.ti.com/tool/WILINK8-WIFI-NLCP> and <http://www.ti.com/tool/WILINK8-WIFI-MCP8> (WILINK8-WIFI-SIGMA is the section).

3.2.1 Environment Preparation on DUT

The files follow:

For p2p certification: WTS9dut_nlcp_p2p.tar

For TGn and WMM-PS certifications: WTS9dut_nlcp_tgn_and_wmmps.tar

To prepare the environment, do as follows:

1. Create a directory on the DUT to hold the package files (perform once and skip if already done).

For example:

```
mkdir/home/root
```

```
cd/home/root
```

2. Upload the WTS file to the directory (use ftp/tftp/sdcard).

For example: tftp -g -r WTS9dut_nlcp_xxxx.tar 20.1.1.10

3. Extract ti_WTS_files.tar.

```
tar -xvf WTS9dut_nlcp_xxxx.tar
```

NOTE: This operation create a test_engine folder with the WTS files.

4. Start the WTS on the DUT (perform after every reboot).

```
cd /home/root
```

```
ifconfig eth0 <ethernet ip address> up
```

```
cd /home/root/test_engine
```

```
killall wfa_ca
```

```
killall wfa_dut
```

```
./wfa_dut eth0 8000 &
```

```
export WFA_ENV_AGENT_IPADDR=<ethernet ip address>
```

```
export WFA_ENV_AGENT_PORT=8000
```

```
./wfa_ca eth0 9000 &
```

4 TGn SUT Certification

4.1 Basics

Test Plan: TGnInteropTP_2.8.pdf

ASD document number: None

Testing tool: WTS and chariot are available.

4.1.1 SUT Role Start

To start the SUT role, do as follows:

1. Start the driver on the DUT (perform after every reboot).
cd /home/root
sh ./sta_start.sh
2. Configure current date (perform after every reboot).
Date <MMDDHHMMYYYY> (example: date 110712252011 for 07Nov2011 12:25)

4.2 Special Instructions

- Test 5.2.15 Pre-authentication
Add background scan in the network configuration profile:
wpa_cli -iwlan0 set_network 0 bgscan "learn:5:-65:5"
- Test 5.2.24 (test 2)
The maximal configurable clock for STAUT is 010101012038 (1-Jan 2038)
- Test 5.2.41 Greenfield
- Force MediaTek AP to work with GF. WTS does not configure it properly.

5 TGn APUT Certification

5.1 Basics

Test Plan: TGnInteropTP_2.8.pdf

ASD document number: None

Testing tool: WTS and chariot are available.

5.1.1 APUT Role Start

Start the driver on the DUT (perform after every reboot).

cd /home/root

sh ./ap_start.sh

5.2 6.2 WTS Preparations

5.2.1 Setup Topology

Figure 3 shows the topology of the setup.

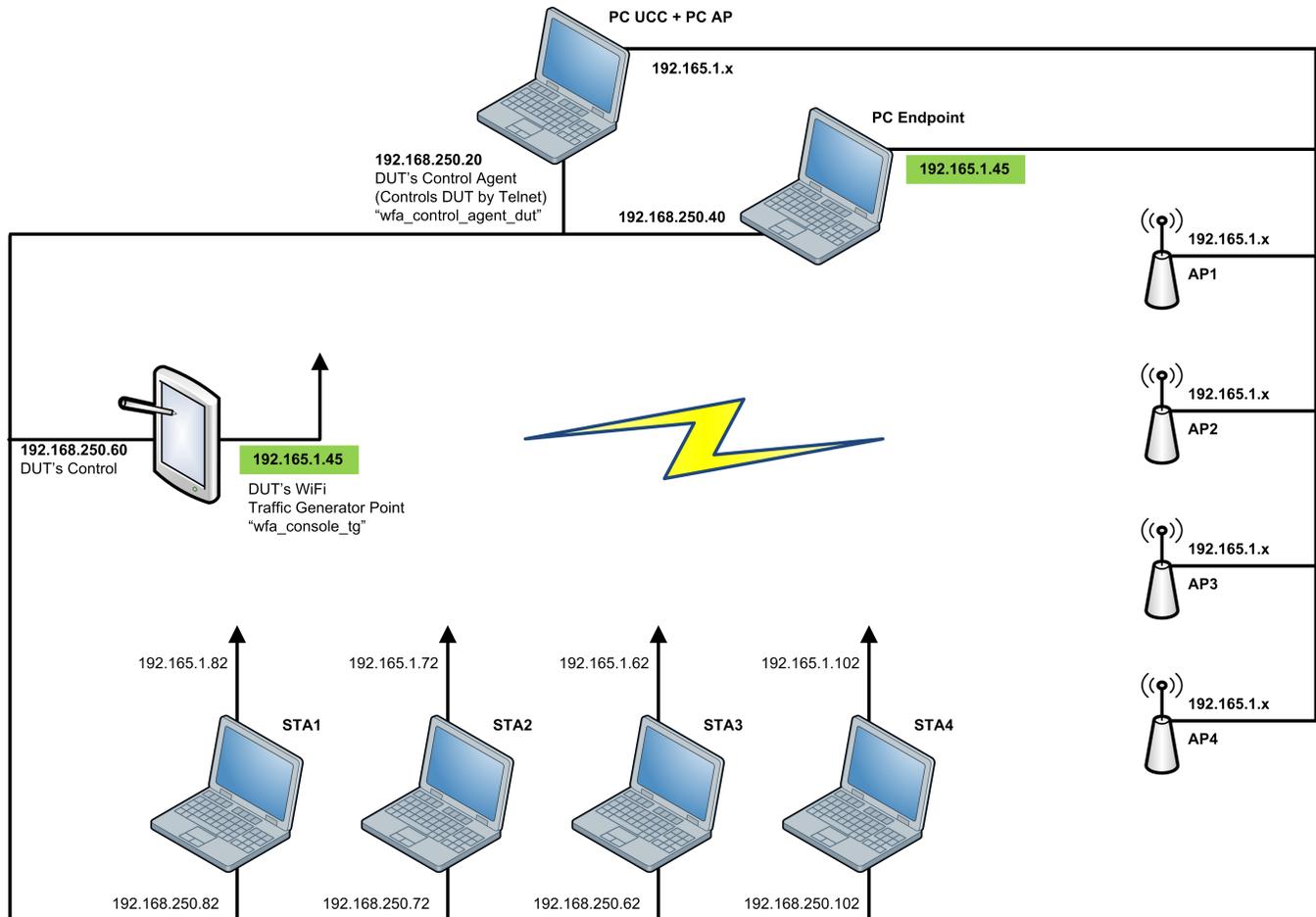


Figure 3. Setup Topology

The APUT is running as traffic generator.

Update init_802.11n.txt accordingly:

```
##### PC Endpoint (WFA traffic generator console) #####
info!Connecting to PC Endpoint!
# Control IP Address for Console
wfa_console_ctrl!ipaddr= APUT's ETH IP,port=9000!
# Traffic generator IP Address for Console
wfa_console_tg!APUT's WLAN IP!
```

5.2.2 AP Configuration Agent Changes

- TIWLinkAPInfo.tcl
 1. Place this file in CA PC under include\AP.
 2. Update the Control IP address (eth0) and Power Switch port of the DUT.
 3. If the device has login and password (through telnet), update it:
 - (a) Set TIWiLinkAPLogin root (through telnet the password is root).
 - (b) Set the TIWiLinkAPPASSWORD password.
- TIWLinkAPCLI.tcl
 1. Place this file in CA PC under src\DevSpec\AP.
 2. Change the path in TIWiLinkAPCommands array to the location of the DUT WTS files on your device:


```
array set TIWiLinkAPCommands { \
CFGKEY "cd /home/root/test_engine/; sh ./ap_cfgkey.sh "\
DELKEY "cd /home/root/test_engine/; sh ./ap_delkey.sh "\
ADDDTOKEY "cd /home/root/test_engine/; sh ./ap_addtokey.sh "\
DELFROMKEY "cd /home/root/test_engine/; sh ./ap_delfromkey.sh "\
RECONFIG "cd /home/root/test_engine/; sh ./ap_reconfig.sh "\
MISC ""
}
```

Update the following control agent files under Wi-FiTestSuite_APConfigurationAgent-Windows_v9.0.0\AP_ControlAgent\include \DUTInfo.tcl your DUT mode (A/B/G).

1. Add the following line to the APs list under Wi-FiTestSuite_APConfigurationAgent-Windows_v9.0.0\AP_ControlAgent\src\CLI.tcl: source [file join \$path "src\DevSpec\AP\" TIWLinkAPCLI.tcl]
2. Add the following line to the APs list under Wi-FiTestSuite_APConfigurationAgent-Windows_v9.0.0\AP_ControlAgent\src\Common.tcl: source [file join \$path "include\AP\" TIWLinkAPInfo.tcl]
3. Add the following line under Wi-FiTestSuite_APConfigurationAgent-Windows_v9.0.0\AP_ControlAgent\src\TelnetLib.tcl: TIWLinkAP 0\
4. Add 11b configuration for Atheros AP: Under Wi-FiTestSuite_APConfigurationAgent-Windows_v9.0.0\AP_ControlAgent\src\ DevSpec\AP\AtherosAPCLI.
5. Search for *# check the 11n wireless*.
6. Replace the *if* with the following:


```
if { [regexp -nocase "NA" $Value match] } {
set channelInfo "11NAHT"
} elseif {[regexp -nocase "NG" $Value match] } {
set channelInfo "11NGHT"
} elseif {[regexp -nocase "11B" $Value match] } {
set channelInfo "11B"
} elseif {[regexp -nocase "11b" $Value match] } {
set channelInfo "11B"
} elseif {[regexp -nocase "11G" $Value match] } {
set channelInfo "11G"
} elseif {[regexp -nocase "11a" $Value match] } {
set channelInfo "11A"
}
```

5.3 Special Instructions

The access point is configured through hostapd text configuration file hostapd.conf. Use editor *vi* to change the values of the parameters: `vi /home/root/hostapd.conf`.

Security configuration options:

Open – no security:

```
#wep_default_key=0
```

```
wpa=0
```

WEP40:

```
wep_default_key=0
```

```
wep_key0=9876543210
```

WPA2-PSK:

```
wpa=2
```

```
wpa_passphrase=12345678
```

```
wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
```

```
rsn_pairwise=CCMP
```

Mixed WPA+WPA2:

```
wpa=3
```

```
wpa_passphrase=12345678
```

```
wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
```

```
wpa_pairwise=TKIP
```

```
rsn_pairwise=CCMP
```

WTS does not always configure STAs properly. Verify that the STAs are configured as required in the test.

If the STAs are not configured properly, configure them manually as follows:

1. Open the STA log file: `C:\WFASTA.log`.
2. Search for the command.
3. Open the following command line: `cd` to `C:\WFA\CLIs\<STA Name>`
4. Run the command.

Sometimes the network must be disabled and enabled for changes to take effect.

- For Atheros STA
 - (a) Set RTS threshold and Frag parameters are set through the `regedit` (Start→ Run→ Window→ type `regedit`).
 - (b) Navigate to the Atheros network interface cards (NICs) in the registry editor: `My Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Class\{nic}`
 - (c) Choose the folder that contains the parameters.
 - (d) Double-click RTS or Frag parameter to change them.
 - (e) Set the default value for RTS threshold at 2347.
 - (f) Set the default value for fragmentation at 2346.
 - (g) Disable the network.
 - (h) Enable the network.
- For Intel STA– To enable or disable the WMM through the registry editor, do as follows:
 - (a) Navigate to the list of the parameters.

- (b) Double-click the TGeEnableBits parameter.
- (c) Set the parameter to 1 to enable or set it to 0 to disable.

NOTE: If the parameter is missing, do as follows:

- (i) Right-click the screen.
 - (ii) Click DWORD.
 - (iii) Modify the name to TGeEnableBits
-

- Test 4.2.7

This test is not supported (test 4.2.8 tests the same scenario with PSK).

- Test 4.2.10: Multicast traffic, when using WTS.

1. Add the multicast route to the APUT as follows:

```
route add -net 224.0.0.0 netmask 240.0.0.0 dev wlan1
route add default wlan1
```

2. Verify that WTS configures Power Save on Broadcom STA.

- (a) Right-click Network Drive.
- (b) Click Properties.
- (c) Click Configure.
- (d) Click Advanced Tab.
- (e) Click Power Save Mode.
- (f) Change Fast to Enable.

3. Disable Power Save on Broadcom STA.

- Test 4.2.28

Requires reset before execution.

- Tests 4.2.9, 4.2.31, and 4.2.32

Because of limitations of using APUT as a traffic generator for the stream of APUT and external devices stream. Traffic must be generated by chariot or Iperf in these tests. For test 4.2.9, send a ping manually.

6 Wi-Fi Direct Certification

6.1 Basic Information

Test Plan: WFA Wi-Fi Direct Interoperability Test Plan Version 1.3.pdf

ASD document number: None

Testing tool: WTS

6.1.1 DEVUT (P2P) Role Start

- The Dynamic IP address is required for Wi-Fi direct connections.
 1. Configure the DHCP server with range of IP addresses in the udhcpd.conf file.
 2. Align the WTS script of the DUT that starts the DHCP server for the GO role with the DHCP server on your platform.

NOTE: The files to edit follow:

test_engine/p2p_dhcp_server.sh

test_engine/p2p_dhcp_client.sh

test_engine/udhcpd_p2p.conf

3. After establishing a P2P connection, verify that the DEVUT receive an IP from DHCP server.
- Start the driver on the DUT (perform after every reboot):

```
cd /home/root sh
```

```
./sta_start.sh
```

7 WMM-PS SUT Certification

7.1 Basics

Test Plan: WMM_Power_Save_Testplan_V_2-1-6.pdf

ASD document number: None

Testing tool: WTS

7.1.1 SUT Role Start

Start the driver on the DUT (perform after every reboot):

```
cd /home/root sh
```

```
./sta_start.sh
```

7.2 Special Instructions

WTS removes power save configuration after connection.

1. Modify the following connection scripts:

- STA-Config-WMMPS-STAUT-VoVi.txt
- STA-Config-WMMPS-STAUT.txt
- STA-Config-WMMPS-WPA2-STAUT.txt
- STA-Config-WMMPS-STAUT_Cap_Asso.txt
- STA-Config-WMMPS.txt
- STA2-Config-WMMPS.txt
- STA-Config-WMMPS-WPA2.txt
- STA2-Config-WMMPS-WPA2.txt
- STA-Config-WMMPS-VoVi.txt
- STA-Config-WMMPS-Legacy.txt

NOTE: These files mark the command that turns off Power Save and add a command that turns it on:

```
wfa_control_agent_dut!sta_set_pwrsave,interface,$1,mode,on!DEFAULT
```

2. Turn on APs manually.

3. For the Cisco AP, delete SSID profiles before running a test.

4. Change the band of tests L.1, M.K, and M.W to match the test plan for the MasterTestInfo.xml.

For detailed instructions, see Sigma WMM-PS beta release v1_0_8.

8 WPSv2 SUT Certification

8.1 Basics

Test Plan: Wi-Fi Protected Setup Test Plan_v2-0-15.pdf

ASD document number: None

Testing tool: Manual

8.2 Device Preparation

8.2.1 SUT Role Start

- Start the driver on the DUT (perform after every reboot).
cd /home/root
sh ./sta_start.sh
- Set a static IP address on the wireless interface.
ifconfig wlan0 X.X.X.X netmask X.X.X.X

8.3 Special Instructions

- If your DUT has a UI, Wi-Fi requires that WPS testing occurs through UI.
- The wpa_supplicant configuration utility wpa_cli includes several commands used for WPS tests:
 - wpa_cli -iwlan0 wps_pin any – to start WPS PIN method
 - wpa_cli -iwlan0 wps_pbc – to start WPS Push Button Configuration

9 WPSv2 APUT Certification

9.1 Basics

Test Plan: Wi-Fi Protected Setup Test Plan_v2-0-15.pdf

ASD document number: None

Testing tool: Manual

If your device is MAPUT, run tests mandatory for Mobile-APUT.

If your device is APUT, run tests that are mandatory for APUT. See [Section 9.4](#).

9.2 Device Preparation

9.2.1 APUT Role Start

1. Start the driver on the DUT (perform after every reboot).
cd /home/root
sh ./ap_start.sh
2. Set a static IP address on the wireless interface.
ifconfig wlan1 X.X.X.X netmask X.X.X.X

9.3 Special Instructions

- If your DUT has a UI, Wi-Fi requires that WPS testing occur through UI.
- The APUT is configured through hostapd configuration file hostapd.conf. Use editor *vi* to change value of parameters:

```
vi /home/root/hostapd.conf
```
- Security configuration options:
 Open – no security:

```
wpa=0
```

 WEP40:

```
wep_default_key=0  
wep_key0=9876543210
```

 WPA2-PSK:

```
wpa=2  
wpa_passphrase=12345678  
wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK  
rsn_pairwise=CCMP
```

 Mixed WPA+WPA2:

```
wpa=3  
wpa_passphrase=12345678  
wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK  
wpa_pairwise=TKIP  
rsn_pairwise=CCMP
```
- Restart the APUT to get the new parameters:

```
sh ap_stop.sh  
sh ap_start.sh
```
- The hostapd configuration utility `hostapd_cli` includes several commands that can be used for WPS tests:

```
hostapd_cli -iwlan1 wps_pbc  
hostapd_cli -iwlan1 wps_pin any
```
- Test 4.1.13

```
hostapd_cli -iwlan1 -p /home/root/wlan1 wps_pin <enrollee's UUID> <PIN> 300 <enrollee's MAC Address>
```
- Tests 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.2.4– PIN's integrity:
 Incorrect PIN

```
– hostapd_cli -iwlan1 -p/home/root/wlan1 wps_check_pin <abnormal PIN>
```

 Correct PIN

```
– hostapd_cli -iwlan1 -p /home/root/wlan1 wps_pin any <correct PIN>
```

9.4 APUT Additional Tests (not for MAPUT)

9.4.1 Device Prerequisites

Must perform these tests if your device is a bridge.

Must have additional hostapd.conf parameters.

Must connect the Ethernet cable to the data switch.

9.4.2 Additional hostapd.conf Parameters

To add additional hostapd.conf parameters, do as follows:

1. Comment all WPS parameters in the hostapd.conf file.
2. Add the following parameters for out-of-box mode: (see example for a TI AP)
 - wps_state=1
 - uuid=12345678-9abc-def0-1234-56789abcdef0
 - device_name=Sitara
 - manufacturer=TexasInstruments
 - model_name=TI_Connectivity_module
 - model_number=w18xx
 - serial_number=12345
 - device_type=6-0050F204-1
 - config_methods=virtual_display virtual_push_button keypad
 - ap_pin=12345670
 - upnp_iface= [Device's bridge interface]
 - friendly_name=TI Access Point
 - manufacturer_url=http://www.ti.com/
 - model_description=TI wireless Access Point
 - model_url=http://www.ti.com/model/
 - wps_rf_bands=ag

9.4.3 Special Commands

- To generate a random APUT pin:
 - hostapd_cli wps_ap_pin random
- To get current APUT configuration:
 - hostapd_cli get_config
- To configure APUT with new parameters:
 - hostapd_cli wps_config <new SSID> <auth> <encr> <new key>Examples:
 - hostapd_cli wps_config testing WPA2PSK CCMP 12345678
 - hostapd_cli wps_config "no security" OPEN NONE ""
 - <auth> must be one of the following: OPEN WPAPSK WPA2PSK
 - <encr> must be one of the following: NONE WEP TKIP CCMP

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