

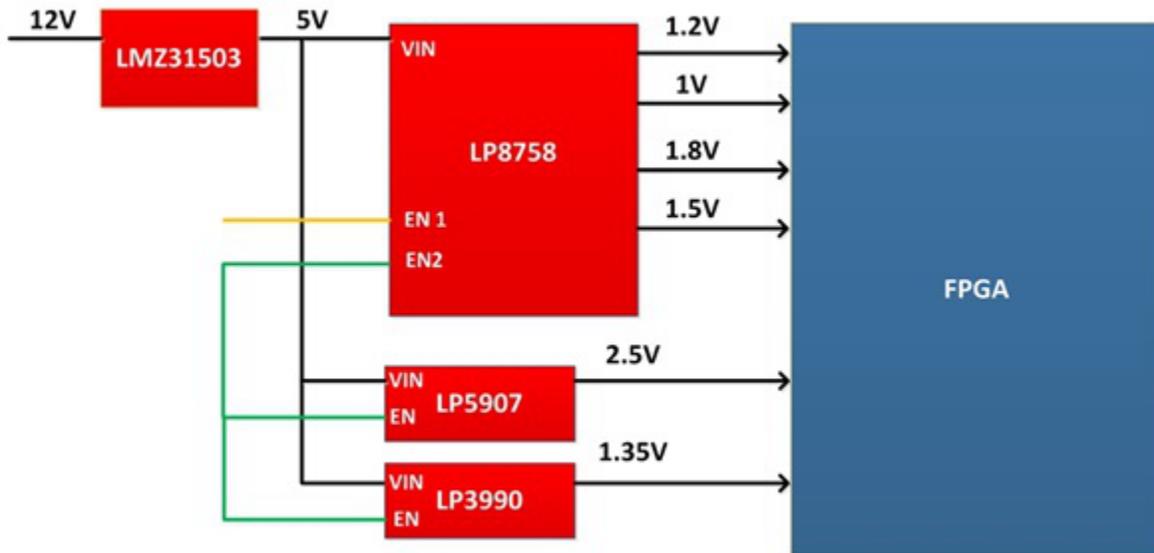
# Multiphase DC/DC Converters Provide Low Ripple, Integrated Solution for FPGA Power Designs



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For years, [multiphase DC/DC converters](#) have powered multicore processors in servers, mobile phones, tablets and PCs. Today's modern field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs) now integrate multicore processors, such as the [Xilinx Zynq-7000 series](#), which features an [ARM dual-core Cortex-A9 processor](#). As multicore processors spread into FPGA, industrial and automotive applications, multiphase DC/DC converter usage continues to grow because of its ability to meet size and thermal constraints.

Multiphase converters have many advantages for powering multicore processors and FPGAs in several applications due to their reduced power losses, low output ripple and fast transient response. To better understand these advantages, let's review the Xilinx® Zynq®7000 series 5W Small, Efficient, Low-Noise Power Solution [reference design \(TIDA-00574\)](#), which demonstrates how the [LP8758-B0](#) multiphase converter can provide a low-ripple, compact-solution-size, FPGA power solution for industrial designs with effective sequencing (see [Figure 1](#)). This reference design can help to improve an engineer's design cycle by providing a verified design and layout that meets the power requirements for several 5W Zynq FPGAs. The smallest components were chosen to minimize the amount of board space used, while still providing the performance needed to power FPGA rails.



**Figure 1. Xilinx Zynq 5W Small-solution-size Power Design**

In this design, the [LMZ31503](#), a 3A step-down converter module, supports conversion from a 12V intermediate rail, while offering a small footprint, 2.8mm height and good efficiency over the load range. The [LMZ31503](#) module features an integrated inductor and only one input and output capacitor. The [LP8758-B0](#) is configured to allow multiple output rails to support the Zynq's power requirements. For this FPGA's lowest power rails, the design uses a tiny [LP5907](#) low-dropout regulator (LDO) with the market's smallest 0.65mm-by-0.65mm package, which features an enable pin for sequencing power rails.

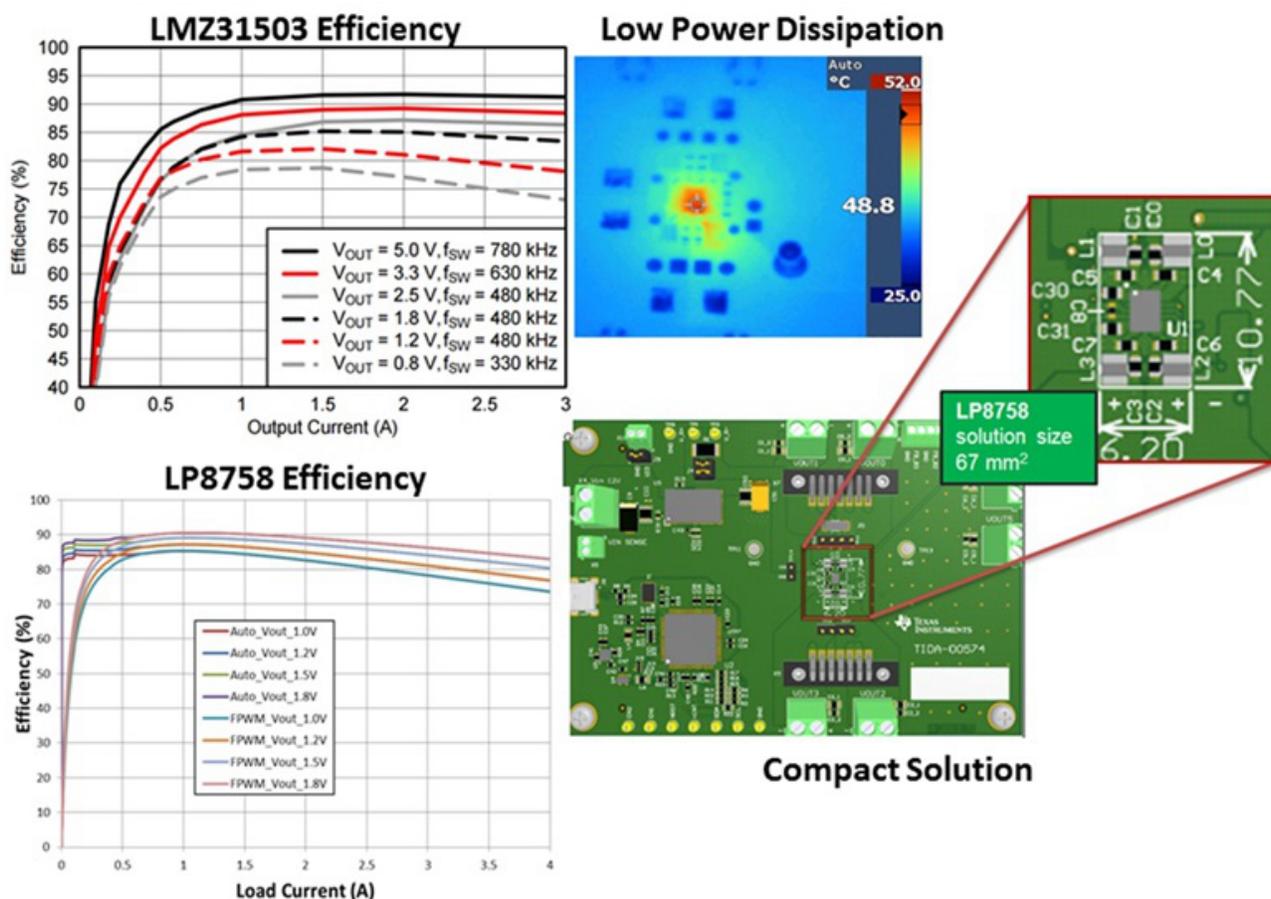
The high switching frequency of the [LP8758-B0](#) allows for an overall solution size of ~67mm<sup>2</sup> with 2010 or 2016 size inductors with 1mm height. This compact design allows for point-of-load capacitor placement very close to

the FPGA supply pin to meet the required supply ripple of <30m (see [Figure 2](#)). The LP8758 evaluation module (EVM) also has the option to add several point-of-load capacitors to optimize for transient performance.

GTP Transceiver (XC7Z015 Only)					
$V_{MGTAVCC}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver circuits	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
$V_{MGTAVTT}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver termination circuits	1.17	1.2	1.23	V

**Figure 2. Xilinx XC7Z015 Transceiver Voltage Supply Requirements.**

The multiple output [LP8758-B0](#) offers integrated FETs, low bill of materials and features effective thermal performance because of its efficiency, as shown in [Figure 3](#). The LP8758-B0 has the ability to sequence with multiple EN inputs, meaning an external sequencer such as the [LM3880](#) is not required. At maximum power dissipation, the LP8758 only reaches a maximum temperature of 49°C. Due to the ability to maintain low temperatures, the [TIDA-00574](#) design will be robust and provide reliability to power FPGA's in space-constrained applications.



**Figure 3. See [LMZ31503 Efficiency](#), [LP8758 Efficiency](#) Plots for 2.5V, 1.8V, 1.2V, 1.0V Outputs over Different Load Current, Layout Area, and Thermal Image of Design**

This design is only one of the many ways to use multiphase DC/DC converters to provide low-ripple, fast transient, and compact board space to power FPGAs or processors. To learn more ways to use small multiphase converters, read my upcoming posts.

#### Additional Resources

- View the [LP8754 product folder](#).

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