

Integrating a WiLink8™ Module with the AM65x EVM

ABSTRACT

This application report describes how to integrate the WiLink8 module with the AM65x EVM.

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Required Hardware www.ti.com

1 Required Hardware

In addition to the am65x-evm, the following components are used for this demo setup:

wl18xxcom82sdmmc Adapter Kit



Figure 1. WiLink™ WL18xx SDIO Board

WL1835MOD COM8 Kit or WL1837MOD COM8 Kit



Figure 2. WL1835MOD COM8 Kit



Figure 3. WL1837MOD COM8 Kit

2 Prepare the Board for Working With Images in eMMC

When using the WiLink8 module with the adapter board, the SD card slot cannot be used for images or the filesystem. As a result, before working with WiLink8, move everything to eMMC (boot loaders and file system).

2.1 Getting SDK Images for the AM65x EVM

Remove the WiLink8 adapter board from the sd-card slot.

Download a working SDK image from the following link and create a bootable working SD card that can fully boot the board to the Linux® prompt: http://software-dl.ti.com/processor-sdk-linux/esd/AM65X/latest/index_FDS.html

You can use the following SDK prebuilt image for this: http://software-dl.ti.com/processor-sdk-linux/esd/AM65X/latest/exports/am65xx-evm-linux-05.01.00.11.img.zip



2.2 Flashing the File System into eMMC

The following procedure can be used for moving the images to internal eMMC:

- 1. Power off the board and plug the SD card into the sd-card slot.
- 2. Power on the board and stop the boot process at the u-boot prompt.
- 3. Use the procedure below to copy the required files from the SD card to internal eMMC.

2.3 eMMC

ROM supports booting from eMMC from boot0 partition offset 0x0.

2.4 Flashing Images to eMMC

The following commands can be used to download tiboot3.bin, tispl.bin, u-boot.img, and sysfw.itb from an SD card and write them to the eMMC boot0 partition at the respective addresses.

```
=> mmc dev 0 1
=> fatload mmc 1 ${loadaddr} tiboot3.bin
=> mmc write ${loadaddr} 0x0 0x400
=> fatload mmc 1 ${loadaddr} tispl.bin
=> mmc write ${loadaddr} 0x400 0x1000
=> fatload mmc 1 ${loadaddr} u-boot.img
=> mmc write ${loadaddr} 0x1400 0x2800
=> fatload mmc 1 ${loadaddr} sysfw.itb
=> mmc write ${loadaddr} 0x3d00 0x300
```

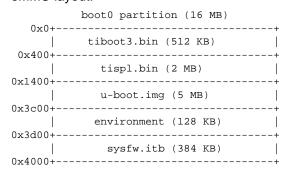
To give the ROM access to the boot partition, the following commands must be used for the first time:

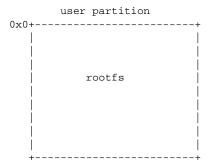
```
=> mmc partconf 0 1 1 1
=> mmc bootbus 0 1 0 0
```

To create a software partition for the rootfs, the following command can be used:

```
=> gpt write mmc 0 ${partitions}
```

eMMC layout:





The kernel image and DT are expected to be present in the /boot folder of rootfs. To boot the kernel from eMMC, use the following commands:

```
=> setenv mmcdev 0
=> setenv bootpart 0
=> boot
```

At this point the board can now boot from eMMC, but the rootfile system content is not yet programmed into the software partition created earlier.

2.5 Flashing the tisdk Root File System into eMMC

- 1. Boot the kernel from an SD card. You should see an mmcblk0p1 partition in the boot log.
- 2. Create a filesystem in /dev/mmcblk0p1 using the mkfs.ext4 command
- 3. Reboot again and see that /dev/mmcblk0p1 has a new filesystem by running the mount command.
- 4. Copy a compressed filesystem image into the SD card.



5. Untar the image in the new filesystem on the eMMC partition that is mounted by default now in /var/run/media/mmcblk0p1.

2.6 Switch the Board to Booting From Internal eMMC (No SD Card in Slot)

When the board is programmed to eMMC, set the boot mode switches as shown in Figure 4 to switch to booting from internal eMMC:

- SW2[3:0]=0010
- SW3[3:0]=1101
- SW4[1:0]=11

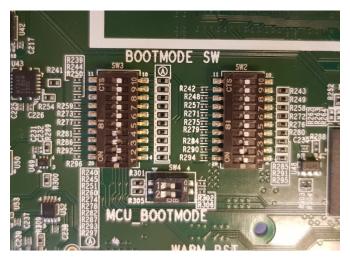


Figure 4. Boot Mode Switches

Next, power off the board, remove the SD card, and power up the board. If this process was completed correctly, the board should fully boot into a Linux prompt.

3 Setup the AM654x EVM k the WL18xx-based Module

This section describes setting up the am65x-evm platform for use with the WL18xx-based module, which is connected using the SD connection/SDIO slot port of the EVM.

- 1. Plug the WL18xx adapter board (WL18xxCOM82SDMMC) into the SD card slot port of the AM654x EVM. The adapter board comes with the [default] jumper assembly to work with a host.
- 2. Plug the WL18xxMOD COM8 kit into the WL18xx SDIO board. Connect the following wires between the AM654x EVM and the WL18xx SDIO board. See Table 1 as a reference. Note the difference in CTS/RTS between the Rev:E2 EVM and Rev:1.0.

_					
WI18xx Pin Name	AM654x EVM (Rev:E2) Connector-Pin	AM654x EVM (Rev:1.0) Connector-Pin	WL18xxCOM82SDMMC Connector-Pin		
WLAN_Enable	J20-1	J20-1	J12-2		
WLAN_IRQ	J20-2	J20-2	J19-IRQ-3V3		
BT_Enable	J20-4	J20-4	J9-2		
BT-UART Tx	J30-5	J30-5	J8-2		
BT-UART Rx	J30-4	J30-4	J7-2		
BT_UART Rts	J30-6	J30-2	J10-2		
BT_UART Cts	J30-2	J30-6	J11-2		

Table 1. Connecting Wires



3. Connect the AM65x EVM with the WL18xx module mounted into the SD card slot, as shown in Figure 5.

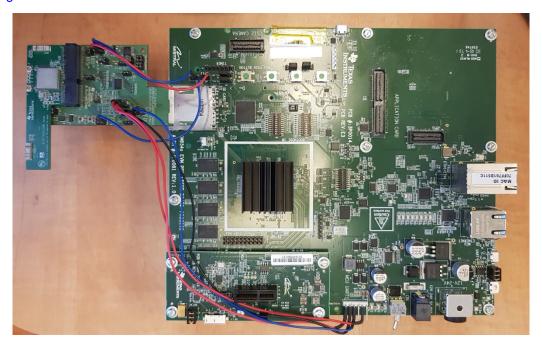


Figure 5. Connect the EVM

4 Integration With the Processor SDK SDK Image for the AM654x EVM

4.1 Getting the TI-Linux Kernel

To build and integrate the WiLink8-related software components into the file system, start by getting the TI Linux kernel being used with the SDK.

Clone the following git: git://git.ti.com/processor-sdk/processor-sdk-linux.git

Checkout the following commit (kernel commit for PROCESSOR-SDK-LINUX-AM65X 05_01_00_11): git checkout d315a9bb00

Alternatively, get the 0.5.01.00.11 Linux BSP source code tar: http://software-dl.ti.com/processor-sdk-linux/esd/AM65X/latest/exports/am65xx-evm-linux-sdk-src-05.01.00.11.tar.xz

4.2 Patch the Kernel for Enabling WiLink8 Support

Apply the following patches to the SDK kernel:

https://git.ti.com/wilink8-wlan/build-utilites/blobs/internal/patches/kernel_patches/am65xx-kernel/0001-mmc-sdhci-of-arasan-Add-sdhci_arasan_set_power.patch

https://git.ti.com/wilink8-wlan/build-utilites/blobs/internal/patches/kernel_patches/am65xx-kernel/0002-mmc-sdhci-of-arasan-am654-add-a-set_power-callback.patch

https://git.ti.com/wilink8-wlan/build-utilites/blobs/internal/patches/kernel_patches/am65xx-kernel/0003-arm64-dts-am654-base-board-add-wl18xx-support.patch



4.3 Update the Kernel Configuration File (defconfig)

Update the kernel configuration file for enabling "Fixed voltage reulator" used for power control of the WL18xx device from the SDIO driver.

Add the following switches to the defconfig file:

```
CONFIG_REGULATOR=Y
CONFIG_REGULATOR_FIXED_VOLTAGE=Y
```

4.4 Build the Updated Kernel, Modules, and Device Tree Files

Build the updated .dts file kernel (image) and modules using the SDK build instructions:

http://software-dl.ti.com/processor-sdk-linux/esd/docs/05_01_00_11/linux/Foundational_Components_Kernel_Users_Guide.html

4.5 Update the Kernel, Modules, and Device Tree Files on the Target

After running the kernel build, update the following in the target root file system:

- /boot/Image
- /boot/lk3-am654-base-board.dtb
- Kernel modules. Because TI has changed the kernel configuration and rebuilt the modules, that modules that are under /lib/modules/4.14.67-54512-gd315a9b-dirty/ must be updated.

The following method can be used to transfer all the updated modules over tftp to the target and extract them.

On the build server:

On the AM65xx EVM (Assuming that the tftp server address is 192.168.100.3):

```
\label{locality} $$ root@am65xx-evm:~\# tftp -g -r modules-4.14.67.tar.gz 192.168.100.3 $$ root@am65xx-evm:~\# tar xf modules-4.14.67.tar.gz -C / $$ $$
```

Now reboot the board and verify that the modules have been loaded using the Ismod command.



4.6 Add the WiLink8 Related Files into the SDK File System

Currently, the toot file system provided for the AM65x EVM does not include the connectivity-related components (wpa_supplicant, hostapd, firmware files, bluez, scripts, and so forth), so those must be added manually to the file system.

Download the following packages and save them to the tftp server folder (/tftpboot):

https://git.ti.com/wilink8-wlan/build-utilites/blobs/internal/patches/kernel_patches/am65xx-kernel/am65x-evm-wl18xx-utils.tbz2

https://git.ti.com/wilink8-wlan/build-utilites/blobs/internal/patches/kernel_patches/am65xx-kernel/bluez5 5.46-r0 aarch64.ipk

https://git.ti.com/wilink8-wlan/build-utilites/blobs/internal/patches/kernel_patches/am65xx-kernel/bt-fw_8.7.1+git0+0ee619b598-r0_aarch64.ipk

Use the following command sequence for using tftp on the target, to download the above packages to the target and install them into the file system.

Assuming that the tftp server address is 192.168.100.3:

```
root@am65xx-evm:~#
root@am65xx-evm:~# tftp -g -r am65x-evm-wl18xx-utils.tbz2 192.168.100.3
root@am65xx-evm:~# tar xf am65x-evm-wl18xx-utils.tbz2 -C /
root@am65xx-evm:~# tftp -g -r bluez5_5.46-r0_aarch64.ipk 192.168.100.3
root@am65xx-evm:~# opkg install bluez5_5.46-r0_aarch64.ipk
root@am65xx-evm:~# tftp -g -r bt-fw_8.7.1+git0+0ee619b598-r0_aarch64.ipk 192.168.100.3
root@am65xx-evm:~# opkg install bt-fw_8.7.1+git0+0ee619b598-r0_aarch64.ipk
```

At this point everything should be set up.

4.7 Boot the Updated Platform and Test

Power off the EVM, plug the WiLink8 adapter board back into the SD card slot, and boot the board.

If everything was set up correctly, you should see WL18xx modules detected on boot. You can try scanning for both Wi-Fi® and Bluetooth® as below:

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