

TXG104x 4-Bit, ±10V Ground-Level Translator

1 Features

- Supports DC shifts up to ±10V
- AC Noise Rejection of 20V_{PP} up to 45MHz
- CMTI of 1kV/us
- Low Prop Delay (<5ns) and Ch-Ch Skew (0.35ns)
- Greater than 250Mbps
- Low power consumption (0.65mA per channel at 1Mbps, 1.8V)
- Fully configurable dual-rail design allows each port to operate from 1.71V to 5.5V
- 4, 2, 1 channel devices with multiple configurations will be available
- Two device variants:
 - TXG1041: 3 forward, 1 reverse
 - TXG1042: 2 forward, 2 reverse
- Supports V_{CC} disconnect feature (I/Os are forced into high-Z)
- Schmitt-trigger inputs allows for slow and noisy signals
- Inputs with integrated static pull-down resistors prevent channels from floating
- Operating temperature from -40°C to +125°C
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100mA per JESD 78, class II
 - ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
 - 4000V human-body model
 - 500V charged-device model
- Package options provided:
 - RUC (X2QFN-14)
 - DYY (SOT-14)
 - DBQ (QSOP-16)

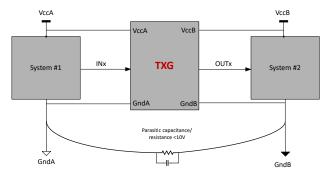


Figure 1-1. Simplified Diagram

2 Applications

- **Test and Measurement**
- **Factory Automation**
- **Appliances**
- **Electric Power Steering**
- Vehicle Control Unit
- **Automotive Display**
- Head Unit and Digital Cockpit

3 Description

The TXG104x is a 4-bit, fixed direction, non-galvanic based voltage and ground-level translator that can support both logic-level shifting between 1.71V to 5.5V and ground-level shifting up to ±10V. Compared to traditional level shifters, the TXG104x family can solve the challenges of voltage translation across different ground levels. The Figure 1-1 shows a common use case where DC shift occurs between GNDA to GNDB due to parasitic resistance or capacitance.

V_{CCA} is referenced to GNDA and V_{CCB} is referenced to GNDB. Ax pins are referenced to V_{CCA} logic level while Bx pins are referenced to V_{CCB} logic levels. Both A port and B port can accept voltages from 1.71V to 5.5V. This device includes two enable pins that can place the respective outputs in a highimpedance state when the OE pin is connected to GND or left floating. In the event of input power or signal loss, the output is default low when OE is High (refer to Table 7-1). The leakage between GNDA and GNDB is <30nA when V_{CC} to GND is shorted.

The TXG104x device helps improve noise immunity and power sequencing across different ground domains while providing low power consumption, latency and channel-to-channel skew. It can supress noise levels of 20V_{PP} up to 45MHz (Figure 7-4). This device can support multiple interfaces such as SPI, UART, GPIO, and I2S.

Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE (1)	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TXG1041 TXG1042	DYY (SOT-14)	4.20mm × 2.00mm
	DBQ (QSOP-16)	4.90mm x 3.90mm
	RUC (X2QFN-14)	2.00mm × 2.00mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



Table of Contents

1 Features1	7.1 Overview	26
2 Applications1	7.2 Functional Block Diagram	
3 Description1	7.3 Feature Description	
4 Pin Configuration and Functions3	7.4 Device Functional Modes	
5 Specifications9	8 Application and Implementation	31
5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings9	8.1 Application Information	31
5.2 ESD Ratings9	8.2 Typical Application	31
5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions10	8.3 Power Supply Recommendations	33
5.4 Thermal Information10	8.4 Layout	33
5.5 Electrical Characteristics11	9 Device and Documentation Support	34
5.6 Supply Current13	9.1 Device Support	34
5.7 Switching Characteristics, V _{CCA} = 1.8 ± 0.15V 16	9.2 Documentation Support	34
5.8 Switching Characteristics, V _{CCA} = 2.5 ± 0.2V 17	9.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates	34
5.9 Switching Characteristics, V _{CCA} = 3.3 ± 0.3V 18	9.4 Support Resources	34
5.10 Switching Characteristics, V _{CCA} = 5.0 ± 0.5V 19	9.5 Trademarks	34
5.11 Switching Characteristics: T _{sk} , T _{MAX} 20	9.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	34
5.12 Typical Characteristics22	9.7 Glossary	34
6 Parameter Measurement Information24	10 Revision History	34
6.1 Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms24	11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
7 Detailed Description26	Information	34

4 Pin Configuration and Functions

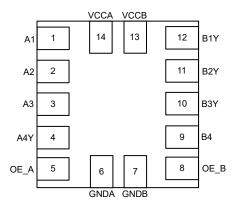


Figure 4-1. TXGx041RUC Package 14-Pin X2QFN Top View

Table 4-1. TXGx041 RUC Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION		
Name	Name TXGx041		DESCRIPTION		
A1	1	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}		
A2	2	I	Input A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}		
A3	3	I	Input A3. Referenced to V _{CCA}		
A4Y	4	0	Output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA}		
B1Y	12	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}		
B2Y	11	0	Output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}		
B3Y	10	0	Output B3. Referenced to V _{CCB}		
B4	9	I	Input B4. Referenced to V _{CCB}		
OE_A	5	I	Active-High Output Enable (A side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.		
OE_B	8	ı	Active-High Output Enable (B side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.		
V _{CCA}	14	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V		
V _{CCB}	13	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V		
GNDA	6	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}		
GNDB	7	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}		



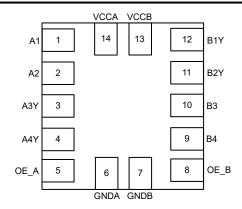


Figure 4-2. TXGx042RUC Package 14-Pin X2QFN Top View

Table 4-2. TXGx042 RUC Pin Functions

PIN		1/0	DESCRIPTION	
Name	TXGx042	1/0	DESCRIPTION	
A1	1	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A2	2	I	Input A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A3Y	3	0	Output A3. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A4Y	4	0	Output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
B1Y	12	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B2Y	11	0	Output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
В3	10	I	Input B3. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B4	9	I	Input B4. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
OE_A	5	I	Active-High Output Enable (A side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
OE_B	8	I	Active-High Output Enable (B side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
V _{CCA}	14	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V	
V _{CCB}	13	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V	
GNDA	6	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}	
GNDB	7	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}	

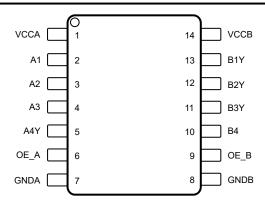


Figure 4-3. TXGx041DYY 14-Pin SOT Top View

Table 4-3. TXGx041 DYY Pin Functions

PIN		1/0	DECODINE	
Name	TXGx041	- I/O	DESCRIPTION	
A1	2	1	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A2	3	I	Input A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A3	4	I	Input A3. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A4Y	5	0	Output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
B1Y	13	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B2Y	12	0	Output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B3Y	11	0	Output B3. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B4	10	I	Input B4. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
OE_A	6	1	Active-High Output Enable (A side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
OE_B	9	I	Active-High Output Enable (B side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
V _{CCA}	1	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V	
V _{CCB}	14	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V	
GNDA	7	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}	
GNDB	8	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}	



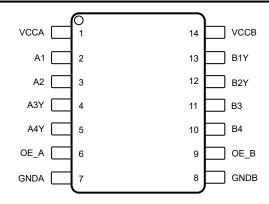


Figure 4-4. TXGx042DYY 14-Pin SOT Top View

Table 4-4. TXGx042 DYY Pin Functions

PIN			DECODINE	
Name	TXGx042	· I/O	DESCRIPTION	
A1	2	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A2	3	I	Input A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A3Y	4	0	Output A3. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A4Y	5	0	Output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
B1Y	13	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B2Y	12	0	Output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
В3	11	I	Input B3. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B4	10	I	Input B4. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
OE_A	6	I	Active-High Output Enable (A side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
OE_B	9	I	Active-High Output Enable (B side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
V _{CCA}	1	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V	
V _{CCB}	14	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V	
GNDA	7		Ground reference for V _{CCA}	
GNDB	8	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}	

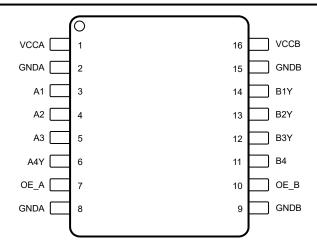


Figure 4-5. TXGx041DBQ 16-Pin QSOP Top View

Table 4-5. TXGx041 DBQ Pin Functions

PIN		1/0	DESCRIPTION	
Name	TXGx041	· I/O	DESCRIPTION	
A1	3	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A2	4	I	Input A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A3	5	I	Input A3. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A4Y	6	0	Output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
B1Y	14	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B2Y	13	0	Output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B3Y	12	0	Output B3. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B4	11	I	Input B4. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
OE_A	7	ı	Active-High Output Enable (A side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
OE_B	10	I	Active-High Output Enable (B side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
V _{CCA}	1	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V	
V _{CCB}	16	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V	
GNDA	2, 8	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}	
GNDB	9, 15	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}	



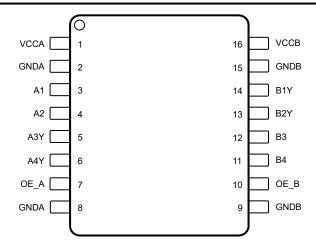


Figure 4-6. TXGx042DBQ 16-Pin QSOP Top View

Table 4-6. TXGx042 DBQ Pin Functions

PIN	PIN		DESCRIPTION	
Name	TXGx042	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
A1	3	I	Input A1. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A2	4	I	Input A2. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A3Y	5	0	Output A3. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
A4Y	6	0	Output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
B1Y	14	0	Output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B2Y	13	0	Output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
В3	12	I	Input B3. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
B4	11	I	Input B4. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
OE_A	7	I	Active-High Output Enable (A side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
OE_B	10	I	Active-High Output Enable (B side). Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode.	
V _{CCA}	1	_	A side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 5.5V	
V _{CCB}	16	_	B side supply voltage. 1.71V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V	
GNDA	2, 8	_	Ground reference for V _{CCA}	
GNDB	9, 15	_	Ground reference for V _{CCB}	

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA} to V _{GNDA}	Supply voltage A to Ground voltage A	-0.5	6.5	V	
V _{CCB} to V _{GNDB}	Supply voltage B to Ground voltage B	Supply voltage B to Ground voltage B		6.5	V
V _{GNDA} to V _{GNDB}	Voltage between GNDA and GNDB		-15	15	
V _I Input Voltage ⁽²⁾		I/O Ports (A Port) to V _{GNDA}	-0.5	6.5	V
	Input Voltage ⁽²⁾	I/O Ports (B Port) to V _{GNDB}	-0.5	6.5	V
		OE	-0.5	6.5	V
V	Voltage applied to any output in the	A Port to V _{GNDA}	-0.5	6.5	— V I
V _O	high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾	B Port to V _{GNDB}	-0.5	6.5	
	Voltage applied to any output in the	A Port to V _{GNDA}	-0.5	6.5	
Vo	high or low state ^{(2) (3)}	B Port to V _{GNDB}	-0.5	6.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V ₁ < 0	-20		mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0	-20		mA
Io	Continuous output current		-16	16	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CCx} or G	NDx	-64	64	mA
T _j	Junction Temperature			150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under <u>Section 5.1</u> may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under <u>Section 5.3</u> Exposure beyond the limits listed in <u>Section 5.3</u> may affect device reliability.

5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±4000	V
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 ⁽²⁾	±500	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 6.5V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1) (2) (3)

			MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage A - Relative to 0	GNDA	1.71	5.5	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage B - Relative to 0	GNDB	1.71	5.5	V
V _{GNDA} to V _{GNDB}	Voltage between GNDA and GI	NDB	-10	10	V
		V _{CCO} = 1.71V	-4.5		
	Lligh lovel output ourrent	V _{CCO} = 2.3V	-8		
I _{OH}	High-level output current	V _{CCO} = 3V	-10		- mA
		V _{CCO} = 4.5V	-12		
		V _{CCO} = 1.71V		4.5	
	Low lovel output ourrent	V _{CCO} = 2.3V		8	mA
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	V _{CCO} = 3V		10	
		V _{CCO} = 4.5V		12	
VI	Input voltage - Relative to GND	X	0	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage - Relative to GN	IDx	0	V _{CCO}	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

 V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.

5.4 Thermal Information

		T			
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DYY (SOT)	RUC (X2QFN)	DBQ (QSOP)	UNIT
		14 PINS	14 PINS	16 PINS	-
R _{0JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	128.4	99.7	143.1	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	52.4	57.9	82.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	58.5	51.9	46.9	°C/W
Y _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	2.7	8.1	1.2	°C/W
Y_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	51.9	57.2	81.9	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

Product Folder Links: TXG1041 TXG1042

⁽²⁾

 V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port. All control inputs and data I/Os of this device have weak pulldowns to ensure the line is not floating when undefined external to the device. The input leakage from these weak pulldowns is defined by the I_I specification indicated under Section 5.5.

5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2)

						ting free erature (1		
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	-40°	C to 125°	С	UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
		I _{OH} = -4.5mA	1.71V	1.71V	1.5			
,	High-level output	$I_{OH} = -8mA$	2.3V	2.3V	2.0			V
/он	voltage (3)	I _{OH} = -10mA	3V	3V	2.6			V
		I _{OH} = -12mA	4.5V	4.5V	4.0			
		I _{OL} = 4.5mA	1.71V	1.71V			0.18	
,	Low-level output	I _{OL} = 8mA	2.3V	2.3V			0.33	.,
OL.	voltage (4)	I _{OL} = 10mA	3V	3V			0.41	V
		I _{OL} = 12mA	4.5V	4.5V			0.49	
			1.71V	1.71V			1.14	
	Positive-going	Data Inputs	2.3V	2.3V			1.42	
/ _{T+}	input-threshold	(Ax, Bx)	3V	3V			1.74	V
	voltage	(Referenced to V _{CCI})	4.5V	4.5V			2.47	
			5.5V	5.5V			2.97	
			1.71V	1.71V			1.12	
	Positive-going		2.3V	2.3V			1.42	
/ _{T+}	input-threshold	OE (Referenced to V or V	3V	3V			1.73	V
	voltage	(Referenced to V _{CCA} or V _{CCB)}	4.5V	4.5V			2.47	
			5.5V	5.5V			2.94	
			1.71V	1.71V	0.52			
	Negative going	Data Innuta	2.3V	2.3V	0.76			
/ _{T-}	Negative-going input-threshold	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx)	3V	3V	1.09	-		V
•	voltage	(Referenced to V _{CCI})	4.5V	4.5V	1.77			
			5.5V	5.5V	2.28			
			1.71V	1.71V	0.46			
	Namativa maina		2.3V	2.3V	0.76			
/ _{T-}	Negative-going input-threshold	OE /	3V	3V	1.04			V
•	voltage	(Referenced to V _{CCA} or V _{CCB)}	4.5V	4.5V	1.86			
			5.5V	5.5V	2.5			
			1.71V	1.71V	0.24		0.54	
	Instruction of the control of the	Data laguita	2.3V	2.3V	0.29		0.60	
ΔV _T	Input-threshold hysteresis	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx)	3V	3V	0.33		0.54	V
	$(V_{T+}-V_{T-})$	(Referenced to V _{CCI})	4.5V	4.5V	0.38		0.82	-
			5.5V	5.5V	0.37		0.96	
			1.71V	1.71V	0.24		0.45	
	In most the state		2.3V	2.3V	0.28		0.58	
ΔV _T	Input-threshold hysteresis	OE	3V	3V	0.32		0.54	V
1	$(V_{T+} - V_{T-})$	(Referenced to V _{CCA} or V _{CCB)}	4.5V	4.5V	0.35		0.58	•
			5.5V	5.5V	0.39		0.62	
l	Input leakage current	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx) V _I = V _{CCI} or GND	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	3.55		1.6	μΑ



over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (2)

P	ARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	tempe	ting free- erature (1 C to 125°	Γ _A)	UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
	Floating supply	A Port or B Port	Floating ⁽⁵⁾	0V - 5.5V	-2.5		2.5	
I _{off-float}	Partial power down current	V _I = GND	0V - 5.5V	Floating ⁽⁵⁾	-2.5		2.5	μΑ
Io	Tri-state output Output current	A or B Port: V _I = V _{CCA} or V _{GNDA} OE = GND	1.71V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V	-5		5	μΑ
C _i	Control Input Capacitance	V _I = 3.3V or V _{GNDA}	3.3V	3.3V		2		pF
C _{io}	Data I/O Capacitance	OE = GND, V _O = 1.71V DC +1MHz -16dBm sine wave	3.3V	3.3V		5		pF
C_GND	Cap between grounds	All channels combined (V _{CC} both sides are powered on)					49	pF
	grounds	All channels combined (V _{CC} to GND shorted)					54	pF
		All channels combined (V _{CC} to GND shorted)	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V		28		nA
Leakage	Current Leakage between GndA to GndB	All channels combined (V _{CC} both sides are powered on and inputs are all low)	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V		28		nA
	GIND	All channels combined (V _{CC} both sides are powered on and inputs are all high)	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V		33		μΑ
CMTI	Common Mode Transient Immunity	Input toggling at 100Mbps Ground shift up to 10V	1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V			1	kV/μs
	Positive-Going	A Supply	1.71V – 5.5V				1.55	
V_{UVLO+}	Undervoltage Lockout Voltage	B Supply		1.71V – 5.5V			1.55	V
	Negative-Going	A Supply	1.71V – 5.5V		1.36			
V _{UVLO} -	Undervoltage Lockout Voltage	B Supply		1.71V – 5.5V	1.36			V
\/	Undervoltage	A Supply	1.71V – 5.5V		36		147	mV
V_{UVLO_Hys}	Lockout Hysteresis	B Supply		1.71V – 5.5V	36		147	IIIV
		•	•					

- (1) (2) (3)
- (4)
- V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port and referenced to GND_A V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port and referenced to GND_B Tested at $V_\mathsf{I} = V_\mathsf{T+(MAX)}$ Tested at $V_\mathsf{I} = V_\mathsf{T-(MIN)}$ Floating is defined as a node that is both not actively driven by an external device and has leakage not exceeding 10nA

5.6 Supply Current

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (2)

						ting free-air erature (T _A)	
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	-40°	C to 125°C	UNIT
					MIN	TYP MAX	
TXGx041							
			1.71V - 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	546	1220	
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$	0V	5.5V	-3	13	
I _{CCA}	V _{CCA} supply current		5.5V	0V	509	1050	μΑ
		V _I = GND I _O = 0	5.5V	Floating ⁽³⁾	509	1050	
			1.71V - 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	750	1836	
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$	0V	5.5V	654	1350	
I _{CCB}	V _{CCB} supply current		5.5V	0V	-3	36	μΑ
		V _I = GND I _O = 0	Floating ⁽³⁾	5.5V	656	1350	
			1.8V	1.8V	1.9	3.1	
ا با	Supply Current - Disable	EN = 0	2.5V	2.5V	1.9	3.1	mA
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Supply Current - Disable	EN - 0	3.3V	3.3V	2.0	3.1	ША
			5V	5V	2.1	3.3	
			1.8V	1.8V	1	2.65	
		V _I = V _{CCI}	2.5V	2.5V	1.3	2.7	
		VI - VCCI	3.3V	3.3V	1.3	2.8	
	Supply Current - DC Signal		5V	5V	1.4	3.1	mA
CCA + ICCB	Supply Current - DC Signal		1.8V	1.8V	1.2	2.7	IIIA
		V _I = GND	2.5V	2.5V	1.3	2.7	
		VI - GIND	3.3V	3.3V	1.3	2.8	
			5V	5V	1.4	3.1	

14



over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (2)

						ting free-air erature (T _A)	
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	-40°	C to 125°C	UNIT
					MIN	TYP MAX	
			1.8V	1.8V	1.5	2.6	
		All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	1.6	2.7	
		clock input; C _L = 15pF, 1Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	1.6	2.8	
			5V	5V	1.9	3.3	
			1.8V	1.8V	9.2	12.1	
	Council of Council	All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	10.8	14	1
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Supply Current - AC Signal	clock input; C _L = 15pF, 50Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	12.4	16.2	mA
			5V	5V	17.6	20.6	
			1.8V	1.8V	16.5	20.1	
		All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	20.2	24.7	
		clock input; C _L = 15pF, 100Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	24.1	29	
			5V	5V	35	38	
TXGx042				<u> </u>	•		
			1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	547	1365	
		$V_1 = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_0 = 0$	0V	5.5V	-2.6	25	
I _{CCA}	V _{CCA} supply current	10 0	5.5V	0V	625	1052	μΑ
		V ₁ = GND I _O = 0	5.5V	Floating ⁽³⁾	625	1052	
			1.71V – 5.5V	1.71V – 5.5V	753	1692	
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$	0V	5.5V	819	1380	
I _{CCB}	V _{CCB} supply current	10 – 0	5.5V	0V	-2.4	25	μΑ
		V _I = GND I _O = 0	Floating ⁽³⁾	5.5V	823	1380	
			1.8V	1.8V	1.9	3.1	
	Committee Comment Disable	EN - 0	2.5V	2.5V	1.9	3.1	1
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Supply Current - Disable	EN = 0	3.3V	3.3V	2	3.1	mA
			5V	5V	2.1	3.3	

Product Folder Links: TXG1041 TXG1042

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2)

	The all temperature range (anies					ting free-air erature (T _A)	
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	-40°C	C to 125°C	UNIT
					MIN	TYP MAX	
			1.8V	1.8V	1.2	2.7	
		$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$	2.5V	2.5V	1.3	2.6	
		VI - VCCI	3.3V	3.3V	1.3	2.7	
l + l	Supply Current - DC Signal		5V	5V	1.4	3.1	mA
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Supply Current - DC Signal		1.8V	1.8V	1.2	2.7	ША
		V ₁ = GND	2.5V	2.5V	1.3	2.6	
		VI - GIND	3.3V	3.3V	1.3	2.7	
			5V	5V	1.4	3.1	
			1.8V	1.8V	1.5	2.6	
		All channels switching with square wave clock input;	2.5V	2.5V	1.6	2.7	
		C _L = 15pF, 1Mbps	3.3V	3.3V	1.6	2.8	
			5V	5V	1.9	3.3	
			1.8V	1.8V	9.5	12.9	
1 41	Supply Current - AC Signal	All channels switching with square wave	2.5V	2.5V	10.6	13.9	mA
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Supply Current - AC Signal	clock input; $C_{L} = 15pF, 50Mbps$ $3.3V$ $5V$ All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_{L} = 15pF, 100Mbps$ $3.3V$	3.3V	3.3V	12.9	15.9	ША
			5V	5V	17.7	20.8	
				1.8V	16.5	20	
			2.5V	2.5V	20.5	25.2	
			3.3V	3.3V	24.4	28.7	
			5V	5V	34.9	38.4	

Copyright © 2025 Texas Instruments Incorporated

Submit Document Feedback

15

V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port
 V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port
 Floating is defined as a node that is both not actively driven by an external device and has leakage not exceeding 10nA



5.7 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15V$

									E	3-Port S	Supply '	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
ı	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.8	3 ± 0.15V		2.	5 ± 0.2\	/	3.	3 ± 0.3V	'	5.	0 ± 0.5V		UN
						MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	3		7.4	3		7.5	3.1		7.5	3.1		7.9	
	Propagation delay	1Mbps all 4 channels	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	3		7.8	3		7.8	3.1		7.9	3.1		8.4	n
pd	Propagation delay	toggling	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	3		7.4	2.8		5.8	2.8		5.2	2.8		4.9	''
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	3		7.8	2.8		6.1	2.8		5.5	2.8		5.2	
			OE	Α	-40°C to 85°C	16.1		35	16.1		35	16.1		35	16.1		35	
	Disable time		OE	Α	-40°C to 125°C	16.1		35.6	16.1		35.5	16.1		35.6	16.1		35.6	_
dis	Disable time		OE	В	-40°C to 85°C	17.6		40.9	12.6		28.2	14.7		27.4	10		18.8	n
			OE	В	-40°C to 125°C	17.6		42	12.6		29.1	14.7		28	10		19.3	
			OE	Α	-40°C to 85°C	5.4		18.1	5.4		18.1	5.4	,	18.1	5.4		18.1	
	For this time.		OE	Α	-40°C to 125°C	5.4		18.9	5.4		18.8	5.4		18.9	5.4		18.8	
en	Enable time		OE	В	-40°C to 85°C	7.5		26.5	5.5		15.3	4.5	,	11	3.8		7.9	n
			OE	В	-40°C to 125°C	7.9		27.5	5.5		16.3	4.5		11.8	3.8		8.4	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.7		1.5	0.6		1.4	0.6		1.3	0.5		1.2	
	Pulse width		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.7		1.5	0.6		1.4	0.6		1.3	0.5		1.2	
PWD	distortion	t _{phi} - t _{pih}	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.7		1.5	0.6		1.4	0.6	,	1.3	0.5		1.2	n
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.7		1.5	0.6		1.4	0.6	,	1.3	0.5		1.2	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.6		1.1	0.5		1.2	0.5		1.5	0.6		1.8	
	Output signal rise		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.6		1.3	0.5		1.5	0.5		1.6	0.6		1.9	
r	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		0.9	0.5		1	0.5		0.9	0.5		0.9	n
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1	0.5		1.1	0.5		1	0.5		1.1	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		1.3	0.5		1.6	0.5		1.6	0.6		1.9	
	Output signal fall		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.6	0.5		1.8	0.5		1.9	0.6		2.2	
f	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.5		1.1	0.5		1.1	0.5		1.1	0.5		1.1	n
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.5	0.5		1.4	0.5		1.4	
		Measured from the			-40°C to 85°C			8.4			8.3			8.2			8	
00	delay time from input power loss	time V _{CC} goes below 1.36V			-40°C to 125°C			8.4			8.3			8.2			8	μ
	Time from ULVO				-40°C to 85°C			66.8			66.8			66.8		1	66.9	
PU	to valid output data				-40°C to 125°C			66.8			66.8			66.8			66.9	μ

5.8 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$

		, 00				B-Port Supply Voltage (V _{CCB}) TEMPERATURE 1.8 ± 0.15V 2.5 ± 0.2V 3.3 ± 0.3V 5.0 ± 0.5V								
ı	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.8	± 0.15V	2.	5 ± 0.2V	3.	3 ± 0.3V	5.	0 ± 0.5V	UNIT
						MIN	TYP MAX	MIN	TYP MAX	MIN	TYP MAX	MIN	TYP MAX	1
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	2.9	5.9	2.9	5.9	2.9	6	3	6.2	
	Duama maticus dalas	1Mbps all 4 channels	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	2.9	6.1	2.9	6.2	2.9	6.3	3	6.6	
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	toggling	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	3	7.4	2.9	5.9	2.8	5.2	2.8	5	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	3	7.8	2.9	6.2	2.8	5.6	2.8	5.4	
			OE	Α	-40°C to 85°C	11.6	24.7	11.6	24.7	11.6	24.7	11.6	24.7	
	Disable times		OE	Α	-40°C to 125°C	11.6	25.2	11.6	25.2	11.6	25.2	11.6	25.2	
t _{dis}	Disable time		OE	В	-40°C to 85°C	17.6	40.9	12.6	28.3	14.7	27.4	10.1	18.8	ns
			OE	В	-40°C to 125°C	17.6	41.9	12.6	29.1	14.7	28	10.1	19.3	1
			OE	Α	-40°C to 85°C	3.8	10.9	3.8	10.9	3.8	10.9	3.8	10.9	
	Fu abla tima		OE	Α	-40°C to 125°C	3.8	11.6	3.8	11.6	3.8	11.6	3.8	11.6	
t _{en}	Enable time		OE	В	-40°C to 85°C	7.5	26.5	5.5	15.3	4.5	11	3.8	7.8	ns
			OE	В	-40°C to 125°C	7.9	27.5	5.5	16.3	4.5	11.8	3.8	8.4	1
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.57	0.002	0.56	0.002	0.48	
DIME	Pulse width	14 4 1	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.57	0.002	0.56	0.002	0.48	
PWD	distortion	t _{phl} - t _{plh}	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.57	0.002	0.56	0.002	0.48	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.57	0.002	0.56	0.002	0.48	1
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.6	1.1	0.5	1.2	0.5	1.5	0.6	1.8	
	Output signal rise		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.6	1.3	0.5	1.4	0.5	1.7	0.6	1.9	
t _r	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	1	0.5	1	0.5	1	0.5	1	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5	1.1	0.5	1.2	0.5	1.2	0.5	1.1	1
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	1.2	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.7	0.5	1.9	
tf	Output signal fall		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.7	0.5	1.8	0.5	2.1	1
u	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	1.3	0.5	1.3	0.5	1.4	0.5	1.3	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.6	1
	Default output	Measured from the			-40°C to 85°C		8.1		8.1		8		7.8	
t _{DO}	delay time from input power loss	time V _{CC} goes below 1.36V			-40°C to 125°C		8.1		8.1		8		7.8	μs
	Time from ULVO				-40°C to 85°C		71.3		71.3		71.3		71.3	
t _{PU}	to valid output data				-40°C to 125°C		71.3		71.3		71.3		71.3	μs



5.9 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$

						B-Port Supply Voltage (V_{CCB}) TEMPERATURE 1.8 ± 0.15V 2.5 ± 0.2V 3.3 ± 0.3V 5.0 ± 0.5V								
ı	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.8	± 0.15V	2.	5 ± 0.2V	3.	3 ± 0.3V	5.	0 ± 0.5V	UNIT
						MIN	TYP MAX	MIN	TYP MAX	MIN	TYP MAX	MIN	TYP MAX	.1
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	2.9	5.2	2.9	5.3	2.8	5.4	3	5.7	
	Duana nation dalas	1Mbps all 4 channels	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	2.9	5.5	2.9	5.6	2.8	5.8	3	6.1	
t _{pd}	Propagation delay	toggling	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	3	7.5	2.9	5.9	2.8	5.3	2.8	5.1	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	3	7.9	2.9	6.3	2.8	5.7	2.8	5.5	.]
			OE	Α	-40°C to 85°C	13.9	25.3	13.8	25.3	13.8	25.3	13.8	25.3	
	Disable time		OE	Α	-40°C to 125°C	13.9	25.7	13.8	25.7	13.8	25.7	13.8	25.7	1
t _{dis}	Disable time		OE	В	-40°C to 85°C	17.6	40.9	12.6	28.2	14.7	27.4	10.1	18.8	ns
			OE	В	-40°C to 125°C	17.6	41.9	12.6	29	14.7	28	10.1	19.3	.]
			OE	Α	-40°C to 85°C	3	8	3.1	8	3.1	8	3	8	
	Enable time		OE	Α	-40°C to 125°C	3	8.5	3.1	8.5	3.1	8.6	3	8.5	
t _{en}	Enable time		OE	В	-40°C to 85°C	7.5	26.5	5.5	15.3	4.5	11	3.8	7.8	ns
			OE	В	-40°C to 125°C	8	27.5	5.5	16.3	4.5	11.8	3.8	8.4	-]
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.006	0.37	0.002	0.37	0.001	0.34	0	0.36	
PWD	Pulse width	14 4 1	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.006	0.37	0.002	0.37	0.001	0.34	0	0.36	
PWD	distortion	t _{phi} - t _{plh}	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.006	0.37	0.002	0.37	0.001	0.34	0	0.36	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.006	0.37	0.002	0.37	0.001	0.34	0	0.36	.]
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.6	1.1	0.6	1.2	0.5	1.5	0.6	1.8	
	Output signal rise		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.6	1.3	0.6	1.5	0.5	1.7	0.6	1.9	
t _r	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.6	1.1	0.6	1.2	0.5	1.5	0.6	1.8	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.6	1.3	0.6	1.5	0.5	1.7	0.6	1.9	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	1.2	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.6	0.6	1.9	
tf	Output signal fall		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.5	1.7	0.5	1.7	0.5	1.8	0.6	2.1	1
u	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	1.4	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.4	0.5	1.5	ns
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5	1.7	0.5	1.7	0.5	1.7	0.5	1.6	1
	Default output	Measured from the			-40°C to 85°C		8		7.9		7.9		7.7	μs
t _{DO}	delay time from input power loss	time V _{CC} goes below 1.36V			-40°C to 125°C		8		7.9		7.9		7.7	μs
	Time from ULVO				-40°C to 85°C		79.1		79.1		79.1		79.1	μs
t _{PU}	to valid output data				-40°C to 125°C		79.1		79.1		79.1		79.1	μs

5.10 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 5.0 \pm 0.5V$

									В	3-Port S	Supply	Voltage	(V _{CCB})					
1	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	FROM	то	TEMPERATURE	1.8	8 ± 0.15V		2.5	5 ± 0.2V	,	3.	3 ± 0.3V	<i>'</i>	5.	0 ± 0.5V	'	UN
						MIN	TYP MA	X N	ΛIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	2.8		5	2.8		5	2.9		5.2	2.9		5.5	
	Propagation delay	1Mbps all 4 channels	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	2.8	5	.3	2.8		5.3	2.9		5.6	2.9		5.9	n
pd	Fropagation delay	toggling	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	3.1	7	.8	3		6.3	2.9		5.7	2.8		5.6	''
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	3.1	8	.3	3		6.6	2.9		6.1	2.8		5.8	
			OE	А	-40°C to 85°C	9.4	17	.4	9.4		17.4	9.4		17.4	9.4		17.4	
	Disable time		OE	Α	-40°C to 125°C	9.4	17	.7	9.4		17.7	9.4		17.7	9.4		17.7	_
dis	Disable time		OE	В	-40°C to 85°C	17.7	40	.9 1	2.6		28.3	14.7		27.4	10.1		18.8	n
			OE	В	-40°C to 125°C	17.7	41	.9 1	2.6		29.1	14.7		28	10.1		19.4	
			OE	Α	-40°C to 85°C	2.5	5	.9	2.5		5.9	2.5		5.9	2.5		5.9	
	En abla tima		OE	Α	-40°C to 125°C	2.5	6	.3	2.5		6.3	2.5		6.3	2.5		6.3	
en	Enable time		OE	В	-40°C to 85°C	7.5	26	.5	5.5		15.3	4.5		11	3.8		7.8	n
			OE	В	-40°C to 125°C	8	27	.5	5.5		16.3	4.5		11.8	3.8		8.4	
			Α	В	-40°C to 85°C	0	(.2	0		0.3	0.003		0.4	0.011		0.7	
PWD	Pulse width	14 4 1	Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0	(.2	0		0.3	0.003	,	0.4	0.011		0.7	
סייי	distortion	t _{phl} - t _{plh}	В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0	C	.2	0		0.3	0.003		0.4	0.011		0.7	n
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0	C	.2	0		0.3	0.003		0.4	0.011		0.7	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.6	1	.1	0.5		1.1	0.5		1.6	0.6		1.8	
	Output signal rise		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.6	1	.3	0.5		1.5	0.5		1.7	0.6		1.9	
r	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	1	.6	0.5		1.6	0.5		1.7	0.5	,	1.7	n
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5	1	.7	0.5		1.7	0.5		1.8	0.5		1.7	
			А	В	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	1	.4	0.4		1.6	0.5		1.8	0.6		1.9	
_	Output signal fall		Α	В	-40°C to 125°C	0.5	1	.7	0.5		1.7	0.5		1.8	0.6		2.2	
f	time		В	Α	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	1	.4	0.5		1.6	0.5		1.8	0.6		1.9	n
			В	Α	-40°C to 125°C	0.5	1	.7	0.5		1.7	0.5		1.8	0.6	,	2.2	
	Default output	Measured from the			-40°C to 85°C		7	.9			7.8			7.7			7.6	
DO	delay time from input power loss	time V _{CC} goes below 1.36V			-40°C to 125°C		7	.9			7.8			7.7			7.6	μ
	Time from ULVO				-40°C to 85°C		98	.3			98.3			98.3			98.3	
PU	to valid output data				-40°C to 125°C		98	.3			98.3		-	98.3			98.3	μ

20



5.11 Switching Characteristics: $T_{\text{sk}},\,T_{\text{MAX}}$

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	perdure range (unless our	·				ting free-a		
PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	-40°0	C to 125°C	;	UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
	500/ Duty Ovela Innyt		1.65V - 1.95V	1.65V - 1.95V	264			Mbps
T. Marinana Data Data	50% Duty Cycle Input One channel switching	No. Tools define	2.3V - 2.7V	2.3V - 2.7V	264			Mbps
T _{MAX} - Maximum Data Rate	20% of pulse > 0.7*V _{CCO}	No Translation	3.0V - 3.6V	3.0V - 3.6V	176			Mbps
	20% of pulse < 0.3*V _{CCO}		4.5V - 5.5V	4.5V - 5.5V	176			Mbps
			1.65V - 1.95V	2.3V - 2.7V	264			Mbps
	E00/ Duty Cycle Input		1.65V - 1.95V	3.0V - 3.6V	264			Mbps
T. Marinama Data Data	50% Duty Cycle Input One channel switching	He Townsletter	1.65V - 1.95V	4.5V - 5.5V	264			Mbps
T _{MAX} - Maximum Data Rate	20% of pulse > 0.7*V _{CCO}	Up Translation	2.3V - 2.7V	3.0V - 3.6V	264			Mbps
	20% of pulse < 0.3*V _{CCO}		2.3V - 2.7V	4.5V - 5.5V	220			Mbps
			3.0V - 3.6V	4.5V - 5.5V	176			Mbps
			2.3V - 2.7V	1.65V - 1.95V	285			Mbps
	E00/ Duty Cycle Input		3.0V - 3.6V	2.3V - 2.7V	220			Mbps
T. Massinasson Data Data	50% Duty Cycle Input One channel switching	Dawn Translation	3.0V - 3.6V	1.65V - 1.95V	220			Mbps
T _{MAX} - Maximum Data Rate	20% of pulse > 0.7*V _{CCO}	Down Translation	4.5V - 5.5V	3.0V - 3.6V	176			Mbps
	20% of pulse < 0.3*V _{CCO}		4.5V - 5.5V	2.3V - 2.7V	220			Mbps
			4.5V - 5.5V	1.65V - 1.95V	220			Mbps
	Timing alough atus an any		1.65V - 1.95V	1.65V - 1.95V			0.35	ns
t Output alcour	Timing skew between any switching outputs on the	No Translation	2.3V - 2.7V	2.3V - 2.7V			0.35	ns
t _{sk} - Output skew	rising or falling edge (same	No Translation	3.0V - 3.6V	3.0V - 3.6V			0.35	ns
	direction channels)		4.5V - 5.5V	4.5V - 5.5V			0.35	ns
			1.65V - 1.95V	2.3V - 2.7V			0.35	ns
	Timing along between		1.65V - 1.95V	3.0V - 3.6V			0.35	ns
t Output also	Timing skew between any switching outputs on the	l la Translation	1.65V - 1.95V	4.5V - 5.5V			0.35	ns
t _{sk} - Output skew	rising or falling edge (same	Up Translation	2.3V - 2.7V	3.0V - 3.6V			0.35	ns
	direction channels)		2.3V - 2.7V	4.5V - 5.5V			0.35	ns
			3.0V - 3.6V	4.5V - 5.5V			0.35	ns

Submit Document Feedback Copyright © 2025 Texas Instruments Incorporated



over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

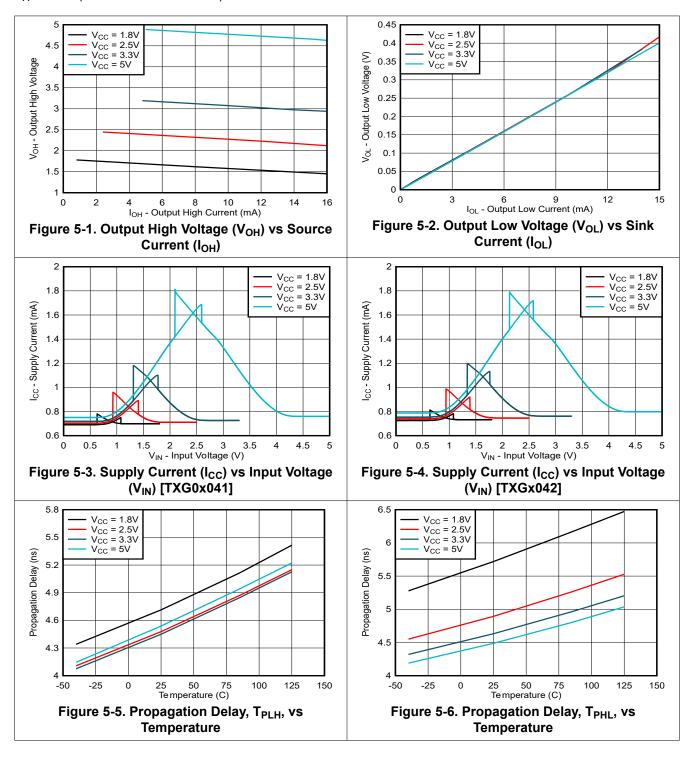
						ing free-a		
PARAMETER	TEST CONI	DITIONS	V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	-40°C	to 125°C	;	UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
			2.3V - 2.7V	1.65V - 1.95V			0.35	ns
	Timing alsoys between any	Down Translation	3.0V - 3.6V	2.3V - 2.7V			0.35	ns
t Output alcour	Timing skew between any switching outputs on the		3.0V - 3.6V	1.65V - 1.95V			0.35	ns
t _{sk} - Output skew	rising or falling edge (same		4.5V - 5.5V	3.0V - 3.6V			0.35	ns
	direction channels)		4.5V - 5.5V	2.3V - 2.7V			0.35	ns
			4.5V - 5.5V	1.65V - 1.95V			0.35	ns

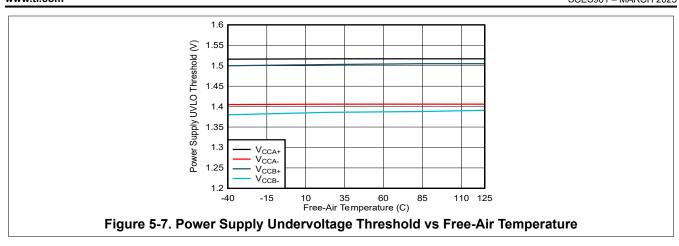
Submit Document Feedback

21

5.12 Typical Characteristics

 $T_A = 25$ °C (unless otherwise noted)





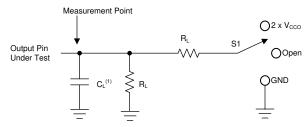


6 Parameter Measurement Information

6.1 Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

Unless otherwise noted, generators supply all input pulses that have the following characteristics:

- f = 1MHz
- $Z_{O} = 50\Omega$ $\Delta t/\Delta V \le 1 ns/V$

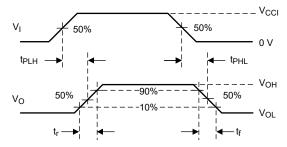


C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 6-1. Load Circuit

Table 6-1. Load Circuit Conditions

	Parameter	V _{cco}	R _L	CL	S ₁	V _{TP}
t _{pd}	Propagation (delay) time	1.71V – 5.5V	10kΩ	15pF	Open	N/A
	Enable time, disable time	1.71V – 2.7V	10kΩ	15pF	2 × V _{CCO}	0.15V
en, dis	Litable time, disable time	3.0V - 5.5V	10kΩ	15pF	2 × V _{CCO}	0.3V
	Enable time disable time	1.71V – 2.7V	10kΩ	15pF	GND	0.15V
len, ldis	Enable time, disable time	3.0V - 5.5V	10kΩ	15pF	GND	0.3V



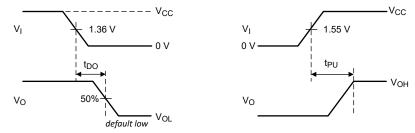
- 1. V_{CCI} is the supply pin associated with the input port.
- 2. V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels that occur with specified R_L , C_L , and S_1

Figure 6-2. Switching Characteristics Voltage Waveforms

Submit Document Feedback

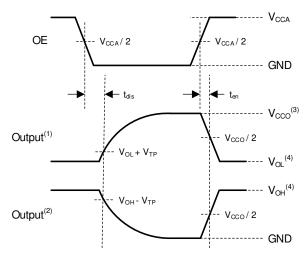
Copyright © 2025 Texas Instruments Incorporated





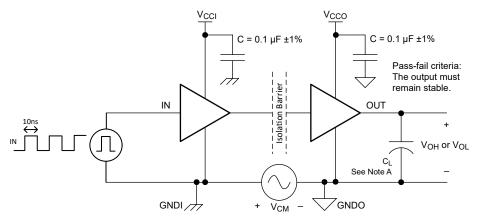
- 1. V_{CCI} is the supply pin associated with the input port.
- 2. V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels that occur with specified R_L , C_L , and S_1

Figure 6-3. Default Output Delay Time & Time from UVLO to Valid Output Voltage Waveform



- 1. Output waveform on the condition that input is driven to a valid Logic Low.
- 2. Output waveform on the condition that input is driven to a valid Logic High.
- 3. V_{CCO} is the supply pin associated with the output port.
- 4. V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels with specified R_L , C_L , and S_1 .

Figure 6-4. Enable Time And Disable Time



1. $C_L = 15pF$ and includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Figure 6-5. Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TXG104x is a 4-bit ground-level translator that uses two individually configurable power-supply rails which allows it to translate across two different power domains. The device is operational with V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} supplies as low as 1.71V and as high as 5.5V. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} and the B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . In addition to I/O level shifting, this translator can support a difference of -10V to +10V between GNDA and GNDB. V_{CCA} is referenced to GNDA and V_{CCB} is referenced to GNDB.

The TXG104x device is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses, and transmits data with fixed direction from the A bus to the B bus on some channels and from the B bus to the A bus on the remaining channels. The output-enable input (OE) is used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated. The OE_A pin is referenced to V_{CCA} and OE_B pin is referenced to V_{CCB} . The OE pin can be left floating or externally pulled down to ground to keep the translator outputs in a high-impedance state during power-up or power-down.

The V_{CC} disconnect feature ensures that if V_{CC} is disconnected with the complementary supply within recommended operating conditions, outputs are disabled and set to the high-impedance state while the supply current is maintained. The $I_{off-float}$ circuitry ensures that no excessive current is drawn from or sourced into an input or output while the supply is floating.

Glitch-free power supply sequencing allows either supply rail to be powered on or off in any order while providing robust power sequencing performance.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram

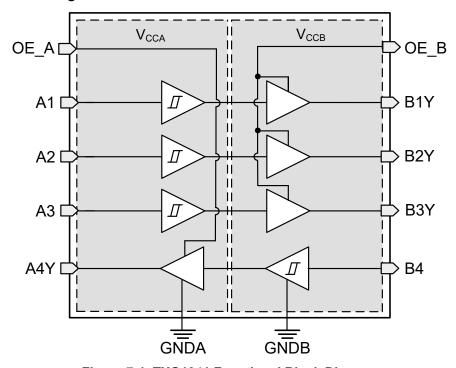


Figure 7-1. TXG1041 Functional Block Diagram

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Inputs with Integrated Pulldowns

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the Section 5.5. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the Section 5.1, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the Section 5.5, using ohm's law ($R = V \div I$).

The Schmitt-trigger input architecture provides hysteresis as defined by ΔV_T in the Section 5.5, which makes this device extremely tolerant to slow or noisy inputs. Driving the inputs slowly will increase dynamic current consumption of the device. See Understanding Schmitt Triggers for additional information regarding Schmitt-trigger inputs.

7.3.1.1 Inputs with Integrated Static Pull-Down Resistors

This device has $5M\Omega$ typical integrated weak pull-downs for each input. This feature allows all inputs to be left floating without the concern for unstable outputs or increased current consumption. This also helps to reduce external component count for applications where not all channels are used or need to be fixed low. If an external pull-up is required, it should be no larger than $1M\Omega$ to avoid contention with the $5M\Omega$ internal pull-down.

7.3.2 Balanced High-Drive CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. Section 5.1 defines the electrical and thermal limits that must be followed at all times.

7.3.3 V_{CC} Disconnect

The outputs for this device are disabled and enter a high-impedance state when either supply is left floating (disconnected), and with the complementary supply within recommended operating conditions. It is recommended that the inputs are kept low before floating (disconnecting) either supply.

The $I_{CCx(floating)}$ in the Section 5.5 specifies the maximum supply current. The $I_{off(float)}$ in the Section 5.5 specifies the maximum leakage into or out of any input or output pin on the device.

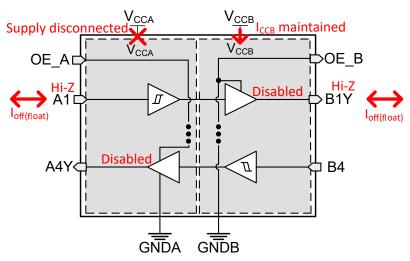


Figure 7-2. V_{CC} Disconnect Feature

7.3.4 Over-Voltage Tolerant Inputs

Input signals to this device can be driven above the supply voltage so long as they remain below the maximum input voltage value specified in the *Section 5.3*.



7.3.5 Glitch-Free Power Supply Sequencing

Either supply rail may be powered on or off in any order without producing a glitch on the inputs or outputs (that is, where the output erroneously transitions to V_{CC} when it should be held low or vice versa). Glitches of this nature can be misinterpreted by a peripheral as a valid data bit, which could trigger a false device reset of the peripheral, a false device configuration of the peripheral, or even a false data initialization by the peripheral.

7.3.6 Negative Clamping Diodes

Figure 7-3 depicts the inputs and outputs to this device that have negative clamping diodes.

CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the Section 5.1 table can cause damage to the device. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

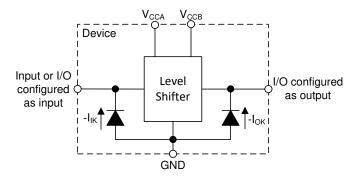


Figure 7-3. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

7.3.7 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design

The V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} pins can be supplied at any voltage from 1.71V to 5.5V, making the device suitable for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, and 5.0V).

7.3.8 Supports High-Speed Translation

The TXG104x device can support high data-rate applications. The translated signal data rate can be greater than 250Mbps when the signal is translated from 1.71V to 5.5V.

Submit Document Feedback

Copyright © 2025 Texas Instruments Incorporated



7.3.9 AC Noise Rejection

TXG104x supports I/O voltage translation in environments with noisy grounds. The plot below illustrates the amount of noise that GNDA and GNDB can reject in terms peak-to-peak voltage over frequency without disrupting communication between two systems. As an example, Figure 7-5 below shows GNDA with a ground bounce of 2V_{PP} at 10kHz but still effectively translating 5V to 2.5V without any degradation.

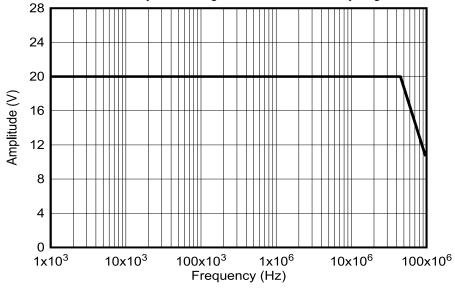


Figure 7-4. AC Noise Rejection Plot

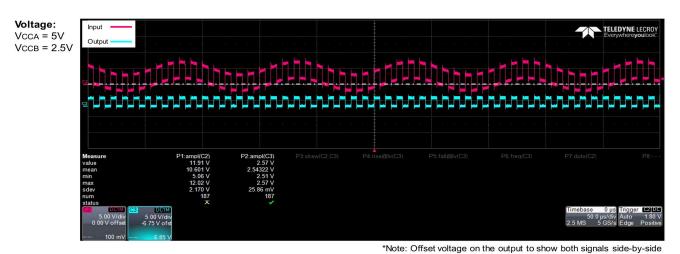


Figure 7-5. Waveform showing 5V to 2.5V I/O translation with AC Ground Noise of 2V_{PP} at 10kHz

Copyright © 2025 Texas Instruments Incorporated

Submit Document Feedback

7.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 7-1. Function Table

Power	Supply	Control Inputs	Port S	tatus
VCCI	vcco	OE	Input	Output
PU	PU	Н	Н	Н
PU	PU	Н	L	L
PU	PU	L or Open	X	Hi-Z
PU	PU	Н	Open	L
PD	PU	Н	X	L
Х	PU	L or Open	X	High-Z
Х	PU	Н	X	L
Х	PD	Х	X	Undetermined

1. In the table above: PU = Powered Up; PD = Powered Down; X = Irrelevant; H = High Level; L = Low Level; Open = Floating

Submit Document Feedback

Copyright © 2025 Texas Instruments Incorporated

8 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The TXG104x is used for level translation, enabling communication between devices or systems operating at different interface and ground voltages. The TXG104x device is ideal for use in applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data inputs. Figure 8-1 is an example of two systems that translate from 1.8V to 3.3V across a SPI interface while also seeing a ground shift of -3V on GNDB while GNDA is at 0V. The ground shift of 3V is from the noisy power ground of the Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC).

8.2 Typical Application

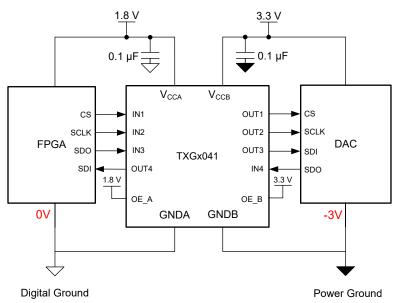


Figure 8-1. TXG1041 in Test and Measurement

8.2.1 Design Requirements

Use the parameters listed in Table 8-1 for this design example.

Table 8-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUES
Input voltage range	1.71V to 5.5V
Output voltage range	1.71V to 5.5V

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- · Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXG104x device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic-high, the value must exceed the positive-going input-threshold voltage (V_{T+}) of the



input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the negative-going input-threshold voltage (V_{T-}) of the input port.

- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TXG104x device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

8.2.3 Application Curves

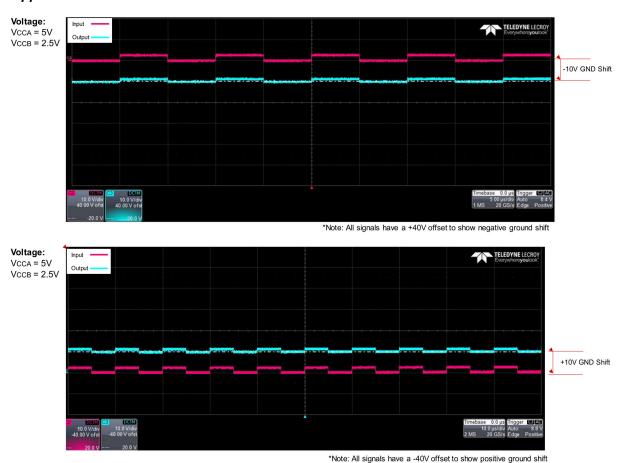


Figure 8-2. Waveform showing -10V (top) and +10V (bottom) Ground Shift with 5V to 2.5V I/O Translation

Submit Document Feedback

Copyright © 2025 Texas Instruments Incorporated

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

Always apply a ground reference to the GND pins first. This device is designed for glitch free power sequencing without any supply sequencing requirements such as ramp order or ramp rate. Please make sure the difference between V_{CC} and GND remains at 6.5V max at all times.

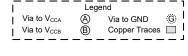
8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines are recommended:

- Use bypass capacitors on the power supply pins and place them as close to the device as possible. A 0.1µF capacitor is recommended, but transient performance can be improved by having 1µF and 0.1µF capacitors in parallel as bypass capacitors.
- The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.
- A 0.1µF capacitor can be added between GNDA and GNDB to improve performances of CMTI.

8.4.2 Layout Example



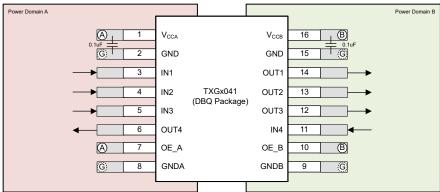


Figure 8-3. DBQ Layout Example



9 Device and Documentation Support

9.1 Device Support

9.1.1 Regulatory Requirements

No statutory or regulatory requirements apply to this device.

There are no special characteristics for this product.

9.2 Documentation Support

9.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, Understanding Schmitt Triggers application report
- Texas Instruments, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation application report

9.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

9.4 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

9.5 Trademarks

TI E2E[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

9.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

9.7 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

10 Revision History

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
March 2025	*	Initial Release

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Product Folder Links: TXG1041 TXG1042

www.ti.com 29-May-2025

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TXG1041DBQR	Active	Production	SSOP (DBQ) 16	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TXG141
TXG1041DBQR.A	Active	Production	SSOP (DBQ) 16	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TXG141
TXG1042DBQR	Active	Production	SSOP (DBQ) 16	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TXG142

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TXG1041, TXG1042:

Automotive: TXG1041-Q1, TXG1042-Q1

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 29-May-2025

NOTE: C	Qualified (Version	Definitions
---------	-------------	---------	-------------

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 30-May-2025

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TXG1041DBQR	SSOP	DBQ	16	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TXG1042DBQR	SSOP	DBQ	16	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

www.ti.com 30-May-2025



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TXG1041DBQR	SSOP	DBQ	16	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
TXG1042DBQR	SSOP	DBQ	16	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0



SHRINK SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 inch, per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-137, variation AB.



SHRINK SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SHRINK SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2025. Texas Instruments Incorporated