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SGLS395A-OCTOBER 2008-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2010

DUAL, 250-mA OUTPUT, ULTRA-LOW NOISE, HIGH PSRR, LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATOR

Check for Samples: TPS71202-EP

FEATURES

- Dual 250-mA High-Performance RF LDOs
- Adjustable Output Voltage (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
- High PSRR: 65 dB at 10 kHz
- Ultra-Low Noise: 32 µVrms
- Fast Start-Up Time: 60 μs
- Stable with 2.2-µF Ceramic Capacitor
- Excellent Load/Line Transient Response
- Very Low Dropout Voltage: 125 mV at 250 mA
- Independent Enable Pins
- Thermal Shutdown and Independent Current
 Limit
- Available in Thermally-Enhanced SON Package: 3 mm × 3 mm × 1 mm

APPLICATIONS

- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Wireless PDA/Handheld Products
- PCMCIA/Wireless LAN Applications
- Digital Camera/Camcorder/Internet Audio
- DSP/FPGA/ASIC/Controllers and Processors

SUPPORTS DEFENSE, AEROSPACE, AND MEDICAL APPLICATIONS

- Controlled Baseline
- One Assembly/Test Site
- One Fabrication Site
- Available in Military (-55°C/125°C) Temperature Range⁽¹⁾
- Extended Product Life Cycle
- Extended Product-Change Notification

• Product Traceability DESCRIPTION

The TPS71202 low-dropout (LDO) voltage regulator is tailored to noise-sensitive and RF applications. It features dual 250-mA LDOs with ultra-low noise, high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), and fast transient and start-up response. Each regulator output is stable with low-cost 2.2-uF ceramic output capacitors and features very low dropout voltages (125 mV typical at 250 mA). The regulator achieves fast start-up times (approximately 60 µs with a 0.001-µF bypass capacitor) while consuming very low quiescent current (300 µÅ typical with both outputs enabled). When the device is placed in standby mode, the supply current is reduced to less than 0.3 µA typical. The regulator exhibits approximately 32 μ Vrms of output voltage noise with V_{OUT} = 2.8 V and a 0.01-µF noise reduction (NR) capacitor. Applications with analog components that are noise-sensitive, such as portable RF electronics, benefit from high PSRR, low noise, and fast line and load transient features. The TPS71202 is offered in a thin 3-mm × 3-mm SON package and is fully specified from -55°C to 125°C (T_J).

(1) Custom temperature ranges available



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

Copyright © 2008–2010, Texas Instruments Incorporated On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, all parameters are tested unless otherwise noted. On all other products, production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

TPS71202-EP

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

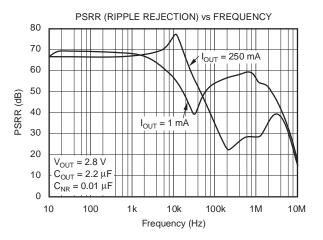
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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

DRC PACKAGE 3-mm × 3-mm SON (TOP VIEW)							
IN NC	1	ין וו		EN1 FB1			
OUT1	3	15	I '	EN2			
OUT2 GND	4] [5] I	[_		FB2 NR			



ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

Tj	PACK	AGE ⁽²⁾	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING	
–55°C to 125°C	SON-10 - DRC	Reel of 250	TPS71202MDRCTEP	CVQ	

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

(2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating junction temperature range unless otherwise noted⁽¹⁾

V_{IN}	Input voltage range	IN	–0.3 V to 6 V			
V _{EN1} , V _{EN2}	Input voltage range	EN1, EN2	–0.3 V to V _{IN} + 0.3 V			
V _{OUT}	Output voltage range	out voltage range OUT				
	Peak output current		Internally limited			
	Output short-circuit duration	Indefinite				
	Continuous total power dissipation		See Thermal Information table			
TJ	Junction temperature range		–55°C to 150°C			
	Storage temperature range		-65°C to 150°C			
	Electrostatio discharge action	Human-Body Model (HBM)	2000 V			
ESD	Electrostatic discharge rating	Charged-Device Model (CDM)	500 V			

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under the Electrical Characteristics is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



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THERMAL INFORMATION

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	TPS71202-EP	
		DRC (10 PINS)	UNITS
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	49.6	
θ_{JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	70.0	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	17.8	80 M
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.6	°C/W
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	15.2	
θ_{JCbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	5.2	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953. For thermal estimates of this device based on PCB copper area, see the TI PCB Thermal Calculator. (2)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

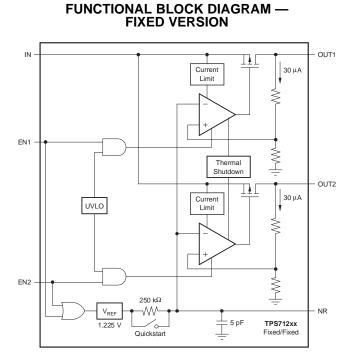
over operating temperature range ($T_J = -55^{\circ}C$ to +125°C), V_{IN} = highest ($V_{OUT(nom)}$ + 1 V) or 2.7 V (whichever is greater), $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$, $V_{EN1, 2} = 1.2 \text{ V}$, $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{NR} = 0.01 \mu\text{F}$, and adjustable LDOs are tested at $V_{OUT} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

PARAMETER			Т	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
V _{IN}	Input voltage range ⁽¹⁾				2.7		5.5	V	
V _{FB}	Internal reference (adjusta	able LDOs)			1.200	1.225	1.250	V	
	Output voltage range (adjustable LDOs)				V _{FB}	5.5	i – V _{DO}	V	
		Nominal	T _J = +25°C, I	_{OUT} = 0 mA	-1.5		+1.5		
Vout	Accuracy ⁽¹⁾ Over V _{IN} , I _{OUT} , and temperatur e		V _{OUT} + 1.0 V 0 µA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V, ≤ 250 mA	-3	1	+3	%	
ΔV _{OUT} %/ΔV _{IN}	Line regulation ⁽¹⁾	1	V _{OUT} + 1.0 V	$\leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 V$		0.05		%/V	
ΔV _{OUT} %/ΔI _{OU} τ	Load regulation		0 μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤	250 mA		0.8		%/mA	
V _{DO}	Dropout voltage ($V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} - 0.1V$)		$I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2}$	I _{OUT1} = I _{OUT2} = 250 mA		125	315	mV	
I _{CL}	Output current limit		$V_{OUT} = 0.9 \times$	V _{OUT(nom)}	400	600	800	mA	
I _{GND}	One LDO enabled		I _{OUT} = 1 mA		190	250	٨		
	Ground pin current	Both LDOs enabled	$I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2}$		300	600	μA		
I _{SHDN}	Shutdown current ⁽²⁾		$V_{EN} \le 0.4 V$,	0 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V		0.3	2.0	μA	
I _{FB}	FB pin current					0.1	1.50	μA	
M	Output noise voltage,		No C _{NR} , I _{OUT} = 250 mA		80.0) × V _{OUT}		μVrms	
Vn	BW = 10 Hz to 100 kHz		$C_{NR} = 0.01 \ \mu F, \ I_{OUT} = 250 \ mA$		11.8	3 × V _{out}		μνπις	
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ra	tio	f = 100 Hz, I _{OUT} = 250 mA			65		dB	
FORK	(ripple rejection)		f = 10 kHz, I _{OUT} = 250 mA			65		uВ	
t _{STR}	Startup time		V _{OUT} = 2.85	V, $R_L = 30\Omega$, $C_{NR} = 0.001 \ \mu F$		60		μS	
VIH	Enable threshold high (EN	N1, EN2)			1.2		V_{IN}	V	
V _{IL}	Enable threshold low (EN	1, EN2)			0		0.4	V	
I _{EN}	Enable pin current (EN1,	EN2)	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 5$	5.5 V	-1		1	μA	
т	Thormal chutdown tomas	raturo	Shutdown	Temp increasing		+160		°C	
T _{SD}		Thermal shutdown temperature		Temp decreasing	+140			-0	
UVLO	Undervoltage lockout thre	shold	V _{IN} rising		2.25		2.65	V	
	Undervoltage lockout hys	teresis	V _{IN} falling		100		mV		

(1)

Minimum $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + V_{DO})$ or 2.7 V, whichever is greater. For the adjustable version, this applies only after V_{IN} is applied; then V_{EN} transitions from high to low. (2)





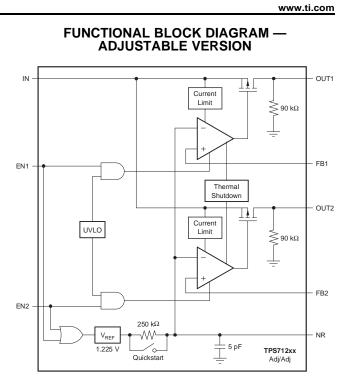


Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

TERMINAL		DECODIDITION
NAME	DRC	DESCRIPTION
IN	1	Unregulated input supply. A small 0.1-µF capacitor should be connected from IN to GND.
GND	5, Pad	Ground
OUT1	3	Output of the regulator. A small 2.2- μ F ceramic capacitor is required from this pin to ground to assure stability.
OUT2	4	Same as OUT1 but for LDO2.
EN1	10	Driving the enable pin (EN) high turns on LDO1. Driving this pin low puts LDO1 into shutdown mode, reducing operating current. The enable pin should be connected to IN if not used.
EN2	8	Same as EN1 but controls LDO2.
FB1	9	Feedback for channel 1
FB2	7	Feedback for channel 2
NR	6	Noise reduction pin; connect an external bypass capacitor to reduce LDO output noise.
NC	2	No connection.

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TPS71202-EP

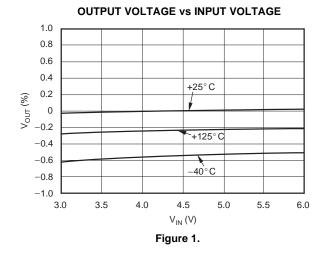
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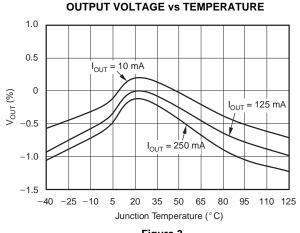
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STRUMENTS

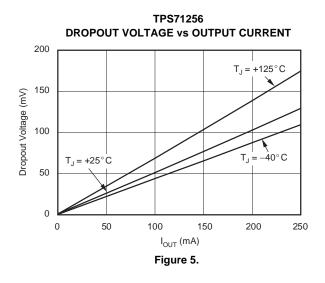
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

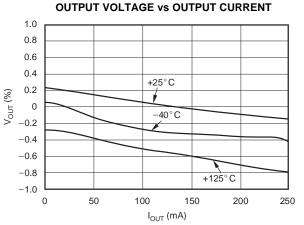
For all voltage versions at $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1$ V, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA, $V_{EN} = 1.2$ V, $C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu$ F, and $C_{NR} = 0.01 \mu$ F (unless otherwise noted)







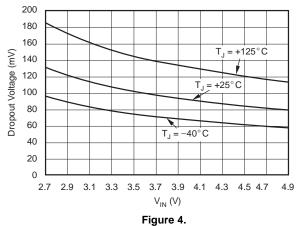




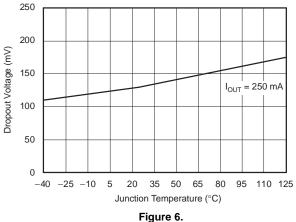
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Figure 2.

DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs INPUT VOLTAGE (ADJUSTABLE VERSION)



TPS71256 DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



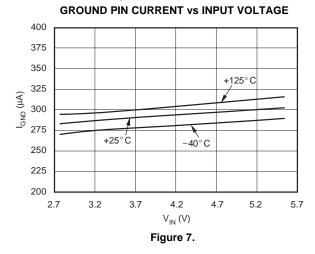
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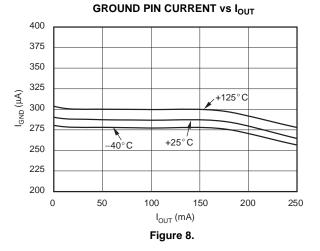
EXAS ISTRUMENTS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

For all voltage versions at $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1$ V, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA, $V_{EN} = 1.2$ V, $C_{OUT} = 2.2$ μ F, and $C_{NR} = 0.01$ μ F (unless otherwise noted)





GROUND PIN CURRENT vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

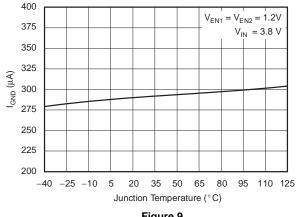
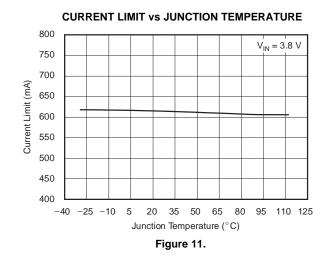
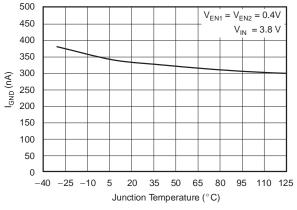


Figure 9.



GROUND PIN CURRENT vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (DISABLED)





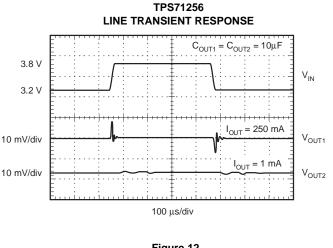
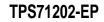


Figure 12.

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TPS71256

CHANNEL-TO-CHANNEL ISOLATION vs FREQUENCY

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

60

50

40

30

20

10

0

Channel Isolation (dB)

For all voltage versions at $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1$ V, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA, $V_{EN} = 1.2$ V, $C_{OUT} = 2.2$ μ F, and $C_{NR} = 0.01$ μ F (unless otherwise noted)

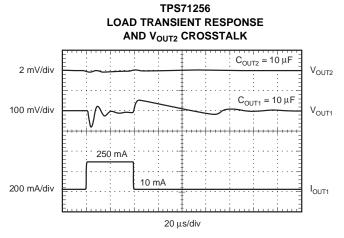
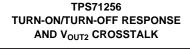
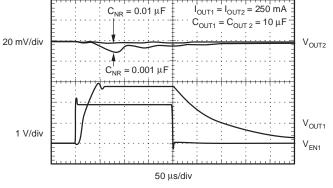


Figure 13.





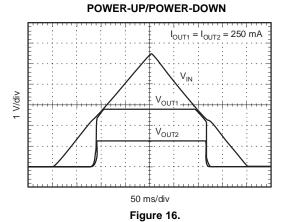


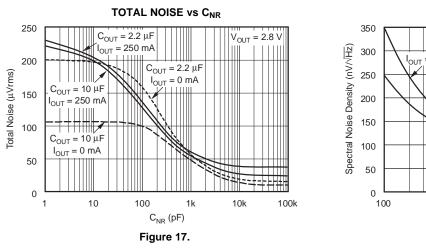
0.1 1 10 100 Frequency (Hz) Figure 14. TPS71229

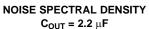
 $I_{OUT1} = 0$ mA to 500 mA Sinusoidal Load

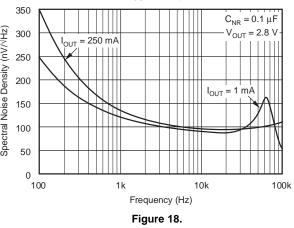
 $C_{OUT1} = C_{OUT2} = 10 \ \mu F$

 $I_{OUT2} = 25 \text{ mA}$





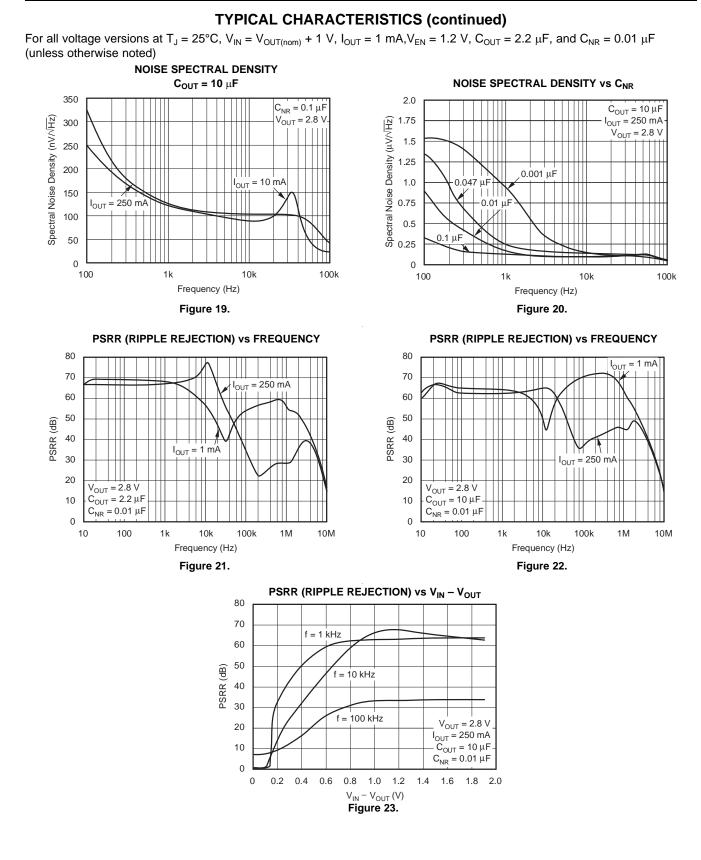




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APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS71202 dual low-dropout (LDO) regulator has been optimized for use in noise-sensitive battery-operated equipment. The device features extremely low dropout, high PSRR, ultra-low output noise, and low quiescent current (190 μ A typical per channel). When both outputs are disabled, the supply currents are reduced to less than 2 μ A.

INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITOR REQUIREMENTS

A 0.1- μ F or larger ceramic input bypass capacitor, connected between IN and GND and located close to the TPS71202, is required for stability. It improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value input capacitor may be necessary if large, fast rise-time load transients are anticipated and the device is located several inches from the power source.

TPS71202 requires an output capacitor The connected between the outputs and GND to stabilize control loops. the internal The minimum recommended output capacitor is 2.2 µF. If an output voltage of 1.8 V or less is chosen, the minimum recommended output capacitor is 4.7 µF. Any ceramic capacitor that meets the minimum output capacitor requirements is suitable. Capacitors with higher ESR may be used, provided the ESR is less than 1 Ω .

OUTPUT NOISE

The internal voltage reference is a key source of noise in an LDO regulator. The TPS71202 has an NR pin that is connected to the voltage reference through a 250-k Ω internal resistor. The 250-k Ω internal resistor, in conjunction with an external ceramic bypass capacitor connected to the NR pin, creates a low-pass filter to reduce the voltage reference noise and, therefore, the noise at the regulator output. To achieve a fast startup, the 250-k Ω internal resistor is shorted for 400 μ s after the device is enabled.

Because the primary noise source is the internal voltage reference, the output noise is greater for higher output voltage versions. For the case where no noise reduction capacitor is used, the typical noise (μ Vrms) over 10 Hz to 100 kHz is 80 times the output voltage. If a 0.01- μ F capacitor is used from the NR pin to ground, the noise (μ Vrms) drops to 11.8 times the output voltage.

STARTUP CHARACTERISITCS

To minimize startup overshoot, the TPS71202 initially targets an output voltage that is approximately 80% of the final value. To avoid a delayed startup time, noise reduction capacitors of 0.01 μ F or less are recommended. Larger noise reduction capacitors cause the output to hold at 80% until the voltage on the noise reduction capacitor exceeds 80% of the bandgap voltage. The typical startup time with a 0.001- μ F noise reduction capacitor is 60 μ s. Once one of the output voltages is present, the startup time of the other output is not affected by the noise reduction capacitor.

PROGRAMMING THE TPS71202 ADJUSTABLE LDO REGULATOR

The output voltage of the TPS71202 dual adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider, as shown in Figure 24. The output voltage is calculated using Equation 1:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$
(1)

where V_{REF} = 1.225 V (the internal reference voltage).

Resistors R2 and R4 should be chosen for approximately a 40- μ A divider current. Lower value resistors can be used for improved noise performance but consume more power. Higher values should be avoided because leakage current at FB increases the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure is to choose R2 = 30.1 k Ω to set the divider current at 40 μ A, and then calculate R1 using Equation 2:

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1\right) \times R2$$
(2)

To improve the stability and noise performance of the adjustable version, a small compensation capacitor can be placed between OUT and FB.

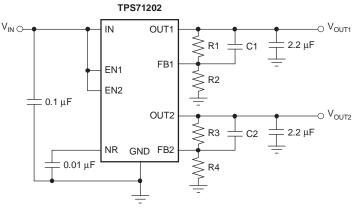


Figure 24. Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming



For voltages \leq 1.8 V, the value of this capacitor should be 100 pF. For voltages > 1.8 V, the approximate value of this capacitor can be calculated as Equation 3:

$$C1 = \frac{(3 \times 10^5) \times (R1 + R2)}{(R1 \times R2)} \qquad (pF)$$
(3)

The suggested value of this capacitor for several resistor ratios is shown in Figure 24. If this capacitor is not used (such as in a unity-gain configuration) or if an output voltage ≤ 1.8 V is chosen, then the minimum recommended output capacitor is 4.7 μ F instead of 2.2 μ F.

DROPOUT VOLTAGE

The TPS712xx uses a PMOS pass transistor to achieve extremely low dropout. When ($V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$) is less than the dropout voltage (V_{DO}), the PMOS pass device is in its linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the $R_{DS, ON}$ of the PMOS pass element. Dropout voltages at lower currents can be approximated by calculating the effective $R_{DS, ON}$ of the pass element and multiplying that resistance by the load current. $R_{DS, ON}$ of the pass element can be obtained by dividing the dropout voltage by the rated output current.

Output Voltage Programming Guide

V _{OUT}	R1/R3	R2/R4	C1/C2
1.225 V	Short	Open	Open
1.5 V	7.15 kΩ	30.1 kΩ	100 pF
2.5 V	31.6 kΩ	30.1 kΩ	22 pF
3.0 V	43.2 kΩ	30.1 kΩ	15 pF
3.3 V	49.9 kΩ	30.1 kΩ	15 pF
4.75 V	86.6 kΩ	30.1 kΩ	15 pF



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TRANSIENT RESPONSE

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor reduces overshoot/undershoot magnitude but increase duration of the transient response. In the adjustable version, the addition of a capacitor, C_{FB} , from the output to the feedback pin also improves stability and transient response. The transient response of the TPS71202 is enhanced with an active pulldown that engages when the output is overvoltaged. The active pulldown decreases the output recovery time when the load is removed. Figure 13 in the *Typical Characteristics* section shows the output transient response.

SHUTDOWN

Both enable pins are active high and are compatible with standard TTL-CMOS levels. The device is only completely disabled when both EN1 and EN2 are logic low. In this state, the LDO is completely off and the ground pin current drops to approximately 100 nA. With one output disabled, the ground pin current is slightly greater than half the nominal value. When shutdown capability is not required, the enable pins should be connected to the input supply.

INTERNAL CURRENT LIMIT

The TPS71202 internal current limit helps protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit, the output sources a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of the output voltage.

The TPS71202 PMOS-pass transistors have a built-in back diode that conducts reverse current when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (that is, during power-down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. If extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting may be appropriate.

THERMAL PROTECTION

Thermal protection disables both outputs when the junction temperature of either channel rises to approximately 160°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately 140°C, the output circuitry is again

enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage due to overheating.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heatsink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to 125°C maximum. To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design heatsink), increase the (including ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered; use worst-case loads and signal conditions. For good reliability, thermal protection should trigger at least 35°C above the maximum expected ambient condition of your application. This produces a worst-case junction temperature of 125°C at the hiahest expected ambient temperature and worst-case load.

The internal protection circuitry of the TPS71202 is designed to protect against overload conditions. It is not intended to replace proper heatsinking. Continuously running the TPS71202 into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

POWER DISSIPATION

The ability to remove heat from the die is different for each package type, presenting different considerations in the PCB layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air. Performance data for a JEDEC high-K board is shown in the *Dissipation Ratings* table. Using heavier copper increases the effectiveness in removing heat from the device. The addition of plated through-holes to heat-dissipating layers also improves the heat-sink effectiveness.

Power dissipation depends on input voltage and load conditions. Power dissipation (P_D) is equal to the product of the output current times the voltage drop across the output pass element (V_{IN} to V_{OUT}):

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}} = (\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{IN}} - \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}}) \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}} \tag{4}$$

Power dissipation can be minimized by using the lowest possible input voltage necessary to ensure the required output voltage.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
						(4)	(5)		
TPS71202MDRCTEP	Active	Production	VSON (DRC) 10	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	CVQ
TPS71202MDRCTEP.A	Active	Production	VSON (DRC) 10	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	CVQ
V62/08621-01XE	Active	Production	VSON (DRC) 10	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	CVQ

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

(2) Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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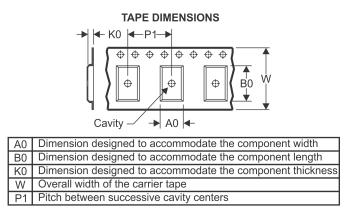
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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Texas Instruments

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal	

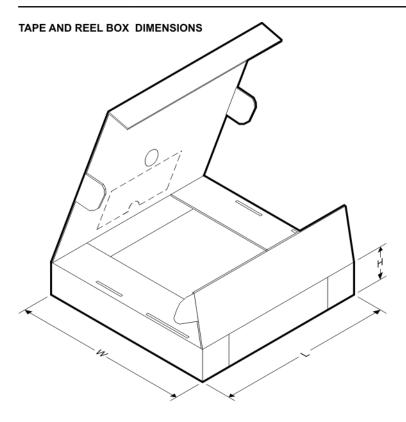
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS71202MDRCTEP	VSON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

1-Oct-2014



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS71202MDRCTEP	VSON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

DRC 10

3 x 3, 0.5 mm pitch

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.





DRC0010J



PACKAGE OUTLINE

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for optimal thermal and mechanical performance.



DRC0010J

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

 This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



DRC0010J

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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