

TLV2731 Advanced, Rail-To-Rail, Low-Power, Single, LinCMOS™ **Operational Amplifier**

1 Features

- Output swing includes both supply rails
- Low noise: $15nV/\sqrt{Hz}$ typical at f = 1kHz
- Low input bias current: 1pA typical
- Fully specified for single-supply 3V and 5V operation
- Common-mode input voltage range includes negative rail
- High gain bandwidth: 2MHz at V_{DD} = 5V with 600 Ω
- High slew rate: $V/\mu s$ at $V_{DD} = 5V$
- Wide supply voltage range: 2.7V to 10V

2 Applications

- Low-power audio preamplifier
- Multiplexed data-acquisition systems
- Test and measurement equipment
- Optical module
- Programmable logic controllers
- Server PSU

3 Description

The TLV2731 is a single low-voltage operational amplifier available in the SOT-23 package. The TLV2731 offers 2MHz of bandwidth and 1.6V/µs of slew rate for applications requiring good ac performance. The device exhibits rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single or split supply applications. The TLV2731 is fully characterized at 3V and 5V and is optimized for lowvoltage applications.

The TLV2731, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, is excellent for small-signal conditioning of high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micropower dissipation levels combined with 3V operation, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single- or split-supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). The device can also drive 600Ω loads for telecom applications.

With a total area of 5.6mm², the SOT-23 package only requires one-third the board space of the standard 8-pin SOIC package. This ultra-small package allows designers to place single amplifiers very close to the signal source, and minimizes noise pick-up from long PCB traces.

Package Information

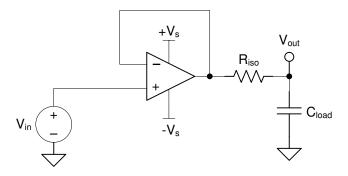
PART NUMBER ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGE ⁽²⁾	PACKAGE SIZE(3)
TLV2731	DBV (SOT-23, 5)	2.9mm × 2.8mm

- For more information, see Section 9. (1)
- The DBV package available in tape and reel only.
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and (3) includes pins, where applicable.

Device Information

T _A (1)	V _{IO} MAX AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES
'A ` '	V _{IO} WAX AT 25 C	SOT-23 (DBV)
0°C to 70°C	3mV	TLV2731CDBV
-40°C to +85°C	3mV	TLV2731IDBV

Chip forms are tested at $T_A = 25$ °C only.



Extending Capacitive Load Drive With the TLV2731



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4 Pin Configuration and Functions

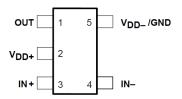


Figure 4-1. DBV Package, 5-Pin SOT-23 (Top View)

Table 4-1. Pin Functions

P	'IN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION			
NAME	NO.	IIFE				
IN-	4	Input	Inverting input			
IN+	3	Input	Noninverting input			
OUT	1	Output	Output			
VDD+	2	Power	Positive (highest) power supply			
VDD-/GND 5		Power	Negative (lowest) power supply			

Product Folder Links: TLV2731



5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{DD}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾			12	V
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽³⁾		-V _{DD}	+V _{DD}	
V _I	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾ , any input	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾ , any input		/ _{DD}	V
I _I	Input current, each input		-5	5	mA
Io	Output current		-50	50	mA
	Total current into V _{DD+}	-50	50	mA	
	Total current out of V _{DD}		-50	50	mA
	Duration of short-circuit current (at or below) 25°C ⁽⁴⁾	Unlimit	ed		
	Continuous total power dissipation		See Section	on 5.2	
-	Operating free air temperature range	TLV2731C	0	70	°C
T _A	Operating free-air temperature range	TLV2731I	-40	85	C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C	
	Lead temperature 1,6mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10	seconds, DBV package		260	°C

⁽¹⁾ Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

- (2) All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to V_{DD}.
- (3) Differential voltages are at the noninverting input with respect to the inverting input. Excessive current flows when input is brought to less than V_{DD} 0.3V.
- (4) The output is able to be shorted to either supply. Limit temperature, supply voltages, or both to not exceed the maximum dissipation rating.

5.2 Dissipation Rating Table

PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C	DERATING FACTOR	T _A = 70°C	T _A = 85°C
	POWER RATING	ABOVE T _A = 25°C	POWER RATING	POWER RATING
DBV	150mW	1.2mW/°C	96mW	78mW

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

	-	TLV2731C TLV27311		7311	UNIT	
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
V_{DD}	Supply voltage ⁽¹⁾	2.7	10	2.7	10	V
VI	Input voltage range	V _{DD} –	V _{DD+} – 1.3	V _{DD} –	V _{DD +} – 1.3	V
V _{IC}	Common-mode input voltage	V _{DD} –	V _{DD+} – 1.3	V _{DD} –	V _{DD +} – 1.3	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	0	70	-40	85	°C

(1) All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to V_{DD}.



5.4 Electrical Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3V$

at specified free-air temperature and V_{DD} = 3V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T (1)	TL	V2731C		TI	LV2731I		UNIT	
	PARAIVIETER	1251 001	NDITIONS	T _A ⁽¹⁾	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage					0.7	3		0.7	3	mV
α_{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	\\14.5\\		Full range		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
		$V_{DD \pm} = \pm 1.5V,$ $V_{IC} = 0V,$		25°C		10	60		0.5	60	
I _{IO}	Input offset current ⁽²⁾	$V_O = 0V$, $R_S = 50\Omega$		Full range			150			150	pA
	(0)			25°C		1	60		1	60	
I _{IB}	Input bias current ⁽²⁾			Full range			150			150	pA
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	$ V_{IO} \le 5mV$, $R_S = 50\Omega$		25°C	0 to 2			0 to 2			V
		$I_{OH} = -1mA$		25°C		2.87			2.87		
V_{OH}	High-level output			25°C		2.74			2.74		V
	voltage	Юн =		Full range	2.3			2.3			
V _{OL}		V _{IC} = 1.5V, I _{OL} = 50mA		25°C		10			10		
	Low-level output voltage		500 4	25°C		100			100		mV
	Voltage	V _{IC} = 1.5V, I _{OL} =	: 500mA	Full range			300			300	
	1	a i ma a l		25°C	1	1.6		1	1.6		
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 1.5V$, $V_O = 1V \text{ to } 2V$	$R_L = 600\Omega^{(3)}$	Full range	0.3			0.3			V/mV
			$R_L = 1M\Omega^{(3)}$	25°C		250			250		
r _{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C		540			540		GΩ
r _{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		1			1		ΤΩ
C _{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10kHz		25°C		1			1		pF
z _o	Open-loop output impedance	f = 1MHz, I _O = 0	Α	25°C		525			525		Ω
	0)/ 0)/4: 4.7)	,	25°C	54	70		54	70		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0V \text{ to } 1.7V$ $V_{O} = 1.5V, R_{S} =$		Full range	54			54			dB
	Supply voltage	\/ = 2.7\/+c.0	\/	25°C	70	96		70	96		
k _{SVR}	rejection ratio $(\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO})$	$V_{DD} = 2.7V \text{ to } 8^{\circ}$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, \text{ no}$		Full range	70			70			dB
				25°C		750	1200		750	1200	
I _{DD}	Supply current	V _O = 1.5V, no lo	ad	Full range			1500			1500	μA

⁽¹⁾ Full range for the TLV2731C is 0° C to 70° C. Full range for the TLV2731I is -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

Product Folder Links: TLV2731

⁽²⁾ Specified by characterization.

⁽³⁾ Referenced to 1.5V.



5.5 Operating Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3V$

at specified free-air temperature and V_{DD} = 3V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A (1)	T	LV27310	;	TI	LV2731I		UNIT	
	PARAWETER	TEST CONDITIONS	'A''	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 1.1V$ to 1.9V, $C_L = 100pF^{(2)}$,	25°C	0.24	0.25		0.24	0.25		V/µs	
OI C	Siew rate at unity gain	$R_{L} = 600\Omega^{(2)}$	Full range	0.24			0.24			ν/μ5	
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1kHz	25°C		16			16		nV/√Hz	
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz	25°C		1.8			1.8		μV	
In	Equivalent input noise current		25°C		2			2		fA /√Hz	
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise		25°C		See Ty	pical Ch	aracteris	tics			
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10kHz, C_L = 100pF^{(2)}, R_L = 600\Omega^{(2)}$	25°C		1.9			1.9		MHz	
B _{OM}	Maximum output- swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 1V$, $C_L = 100pF^{(2)}A_V = 1$, $R_L = 600\Omega^{(2)}$	25°C		60			60		kHz	
φ _m	Phase margin at unity gain	$C_L = 100pF^{(2)}, R_L = 600\Omega^{(2)}$	25°C		50°			50°			

⁽¹⁾ Full range is - 40°C to +85°C.(2) Referenced to 1.5V.



5.6 Electrical Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5V$

at specified free-air temperature, V_{DD} = 5V (unless otherwise noted)

	DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS		T _A (1)	TL	V2731C		TI	LV2731I		UNIT
	PARAMETER	IEST COI	MUITIONS	I A (''	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage					0.7	3		0.7	3	mV
a _{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	V - 12.5V		Full range		0.5			0.5		μV/°C
		$V_{DD \pm} = \pm 2.5V,$ $V_{IC} = 0V,$		25°C		0.5	60		0.5	60	
I _{IO}	Input offset current ⁽²⁾	$V_O = 0V$, $R_S = 50\Omega$		Full range			150			150	pA
	(0)			25°C		1	60		1	60	
I _{IB}	Input bias current ⁽²⁾			Full range			150			150	pA
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	$ V_{IO} \le 5mV$, $R_S = 50\Omega$		25°C	0 to 4			0 to 4			V
		I _{OH} = -1mA		25°C		4.9			4.9		
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage			25°C		4.6			4.6		V
-	voitage	I _{OH} = –4mA		Full range	4.3			4.3			
V _{OL}		V _{IC} = 2.5V, I _{OL} = 500mA		25°C		80			80		
	Low-level output voltage		V _{IC} = 2.5V, I _{OL} = 1mA			160			160		mV
	voitage	V _{IC} = 2.5V, I _{OL} =	· 1mA	Full range			500			500	500
	1	aignal		25°C	1	1.5		1	1.5		
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5V$, $V_O = 1V \text{ to } 4V$	$R_L = 600\Omega^{(3)}$	Full range	0.3			0.3			V/mV
			$R_L = 1M\Omega^{(3)}$	25°C		400			400		
r _{id}	Differential input resistance			25°C		540			540		GΩ
r _{ic}	Common-mode input resistance			25°C		1			1		ΤΩ
C _{ic}	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10kHz		25°C		1			1		pF
Z _o	Open-loop output impedance	f = 1MHz, I _O = 0	A	25°C		525			525		Ω
	C	\\ - 0\\\ 4= 0.7\	,	25°C	60	70		60	70		
CMRR	rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0V \text{ to } 2.7V$ $V_{O} = 2.5V, R_{S} =$		Full range	55			55			dB
	Supply voltage	V _{DD} = 4.4V to 8	./	25°C	70	96		70	96		
k _{SVR}	rejection ratio $(\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO})$	$V_{DD} = 4.4 \text{ V to 8}$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, no		Full range	70			70			dB
				25°C		850	1300		850	1300	
I _{DD}	Supply current	V _O = 2.5V, no lo	ad	Full range			1600			1600	μΑ

⁽¹⁾ Full range for the TLV2731C is 0° C to 70° C. Full range for the TLV2731I is -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

Product Folder Links: TLV2731

⁽²⁾ Specified by characterization.

⁽³⁾ Referenced to 2.5V.



5.7 Operating Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5V$

at specified free-air temperature and V_{DD} = 5V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A (1)	TLV	2731C	TL	.V2731I		UNIT
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	IA \''	MIN	TYP MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	ONII
	Slew rate at unity	$V_0 = 1.5V \text{ to } 3.5V, C_1 = 100pF^{(2)},$	25°C	1	1.6	1	1.6		
SR	gain	$R_L = 600\Omega^{(2)}$	Full range	0.7			0.7		V/µs
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1kHz	25°C		15		15		nV/√Hz
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz	25°C		1.8		1.8		μV
In	Equivalent input noise current		25°C		2		2		fA /√Hz
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise		25°C	;	See <i>Typical Cl</i>	naracteris	tics		
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10kHz, C_L = 100pF^{(2)}, R_L = 600\Omega^{(2)}$	25°C		2		2		MHz
B _{OM}	Maximum output- swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 1V, C_L = 100pF^{(2)}, A_V = 1,$ $R_L = 600\Omega^{(2)}$	25°C		300		300		kHz
φ _m	Phase margin at unity gain	$C_L = 100 pF^{(2)}, R_L = 600 \Omega^{(2)}$	25°C		48°		48°		

Full range is – 40°C to 85°C. Referenced to 2.5V.



5.8 Typical Characteristics

data at high and low temperatures applicable only within rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices

Table 5-1. Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
\/	Input offset valters	Distribution	1, 2
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	vs Common-mode input voltage	3, 4
a _{VIO}	Input offset voltage temperature coefficient	Distribution	5, 6
I _{IB} /I _{IO}	Input bias and input offset currents	vs Free-air temperature	7
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	8, 10
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	9, 11
I _{os}	Short-circuit output current	vs Free-air temperature	12
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Frequency	13, 14
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency	15
CIVINK	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Free-air temperature	16
l.	Cumply valtage rejection ratio	vs Frequency	17, 18
k _{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	vs Free-air temperature	19
I _{DD}	Supply current	vs Supply voltage	20
Vo	Inverting large-signal pulse response		21, 22
V _O	Voltage-follower large-signal pulse response		23, 24
V _O	Inverting small-signal pulse response		25, 26
Vo	Voltage-follower small-signal pulse response		27, 28
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	29, 30
	Noise voltage (referred to input)	Over a 10-second period	31
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	vs Frequency	32
φ _m	Phase margin	vs Load capacitance	33

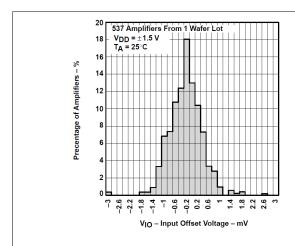


Figure 5-1. Distribution of TLV2731 Input Offset Voltage

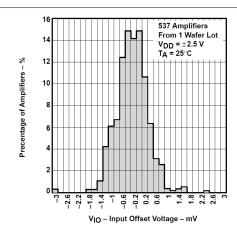
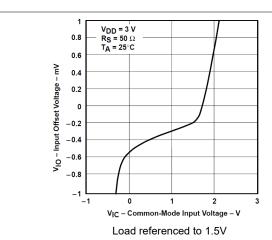


Figure 5-2. Distribution of TLV2731 Input Offset Voltage

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data at high and low temperatures applicable only within rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices



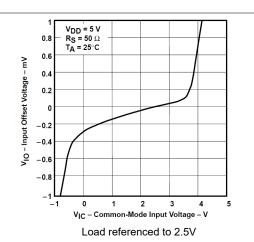


Figure 5-3. Input Offset Voltage vs Common-Mode Input Voltage | Figure 5-4. Input Offset Voltage vs Common-Mode Input Voltage

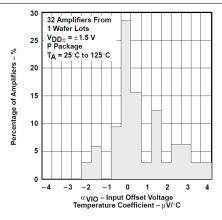


Figure 5-5. Distribution of TLV2731 Input Offset Voltage **Temperature Coefficient**

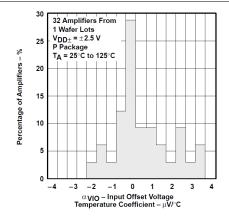


Figure 5-6. Distribution of TLV2731 Input Offset Voltage **Temperature Coefficient**

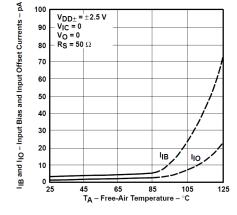


Figure 5-7. Input Bias and Input Offset Currents vs Free-Air **Temperature**

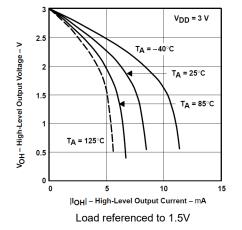


Figure 5-8. High-Level Output Voltage vs High-Level Output



data at high and low temperatures applicable only within rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices

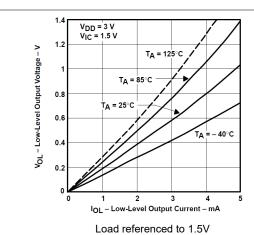


Figure 5-9. Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

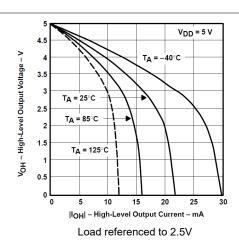


Figure 5-10. High-Level Output Voltage vs High-Level Output Current

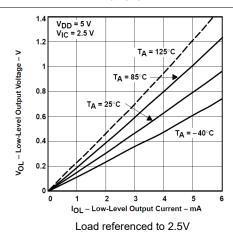


Figure 5-11. Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

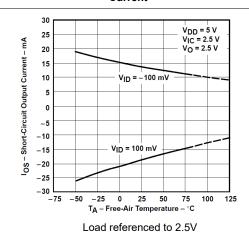


Figure 5-12. Short-Circuit Output Current vs Free-Air Temperature

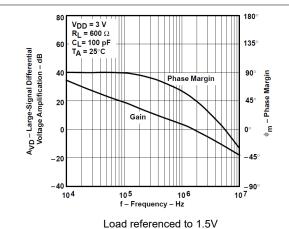


Figure 5-13. Large-Signal Differential Voltage Amplification and Phase Margin vs Frequency

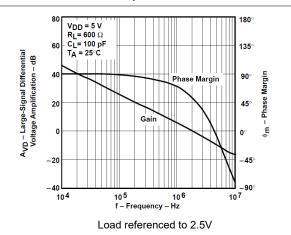
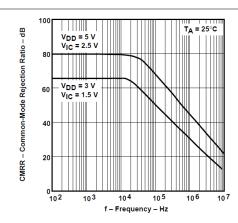


Figure 5-14. Large-Signal Differential Voltage Amplification and Phase Margin vs Frequency

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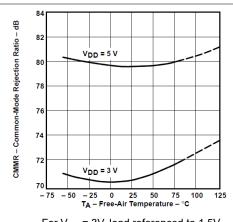
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data at high and low temperatures applicable only within rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices



For V_{DD} = 3V, load referenced to 1.5V, for V_{DD} = 5V, load referenced to 2.5V

Figure 5-15. Common-Mode Rejection Ratio vs Frequency



For V_{DD} = 3V, load referenced to 1.5V, for V_{DD} = 5V, load referenced to 2.5V

Figure 5-16. Common-Mode Rejection Ratio vs Free-Air Temperature

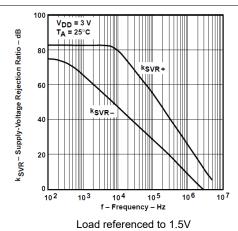


Figure 5-17. Supply-Voltage Rejection Ratio vs Frequency

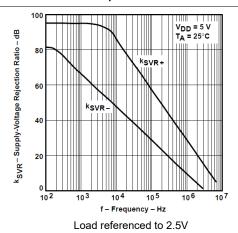


Figure 5-18. Supply-Voltage Rejection Ratio vs Frequency

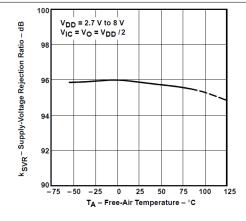


Figure 5-19. Supply-Voltage Rejection Ratio vs Free-Air Temperature

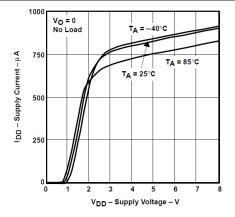
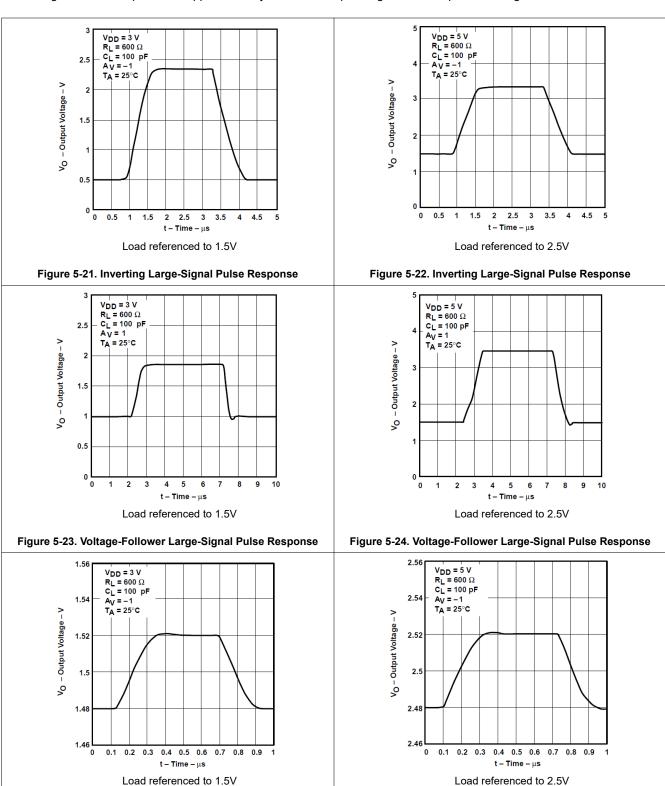


Figure 5-20. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage



data at high and low temperatures applicable only within rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices



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Figure 5-25. Inverting Small-Signal Pulse Response

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Figure 5-26. Inverting Small-Signal Pulse Response

data at high and low temperatures applicable only within rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices

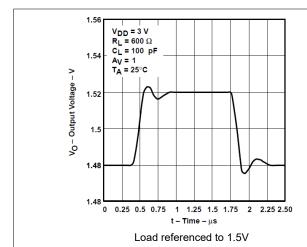


Figure 5-27. Voltage-Follower Small-Signal Pulse Response

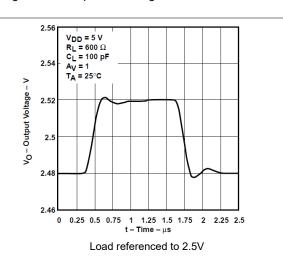


Figure 5-28. Voltage-Follower Small-Signal Pulse Response

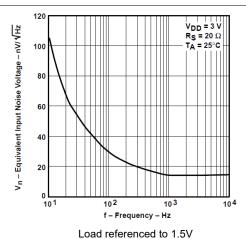


Figure 5-29. Equivalent Input Noise Voltage vs Frequency

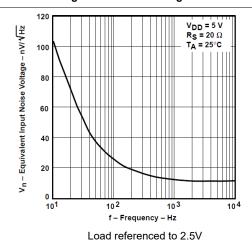


Figure 5-30. Equivalent Input Noise Voltage vs Frequency

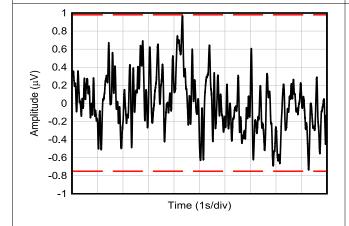


Figure 5-31. Input Noise Voltage Over a 10-Second Period

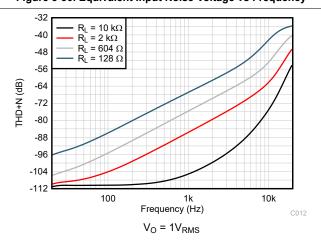
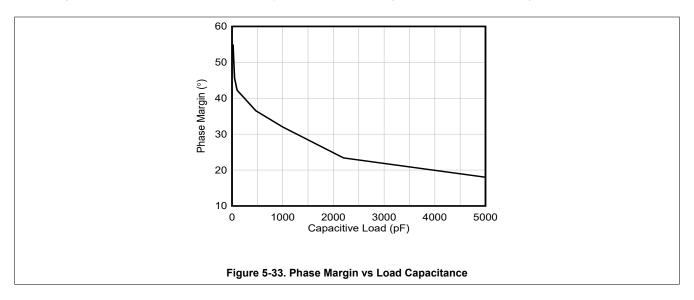


Figure 5-32. Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise vs Frequency



data at high and low temperatures applicable only within rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices





6 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

6.1 Application Information

6.1.1 Driving Large Capacitive Loads

The TLV2731 features a resistive output stage capable of driving moderate capacitive loads. By leveraging an isolation resistor, the device is easily configured to drive large capacitive loads. Increasing the gain enhances the ability of the amplifier to drive greater capacitive loads; see Figure 6-3 and Figure 6-2. The particular op amp circuit configuration, layout, gain, and output loading are some of the factors to consider when establishing whether an amplifier is stable in operation.

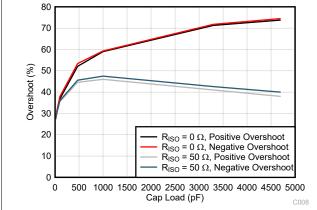


Figure 6-1. Small-Signal Overshoot vs Capacitive Load (10mV Output Step, G = 1)

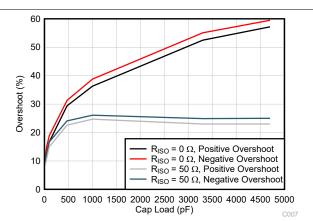


Figure 6-2. Small-Signal Overshoot vs Capacitive Load (10mV Output Step, G = -1)

For additional drive capability in unity-gain configurations, improve capacitive load drive by inserting a small resistor, $R_{\rm ISO}$, in series with the output; see Figure 6-3. This resistor significantly reduces ringing and maintains dc performance for purely capacitive loads. However, if a resistive load is in parallel with the capacitive load, then a voltage divider is created; Thus, a gain error is introduced at the output and a slight reduction in the output swing. The error introduced is proportional to the ratio $R_{\rm ISO}$ / $R_{\rm L}$, and is typically negligible at low output levels. A high capacitive load drive makes the TLV2731 an excellent choice for applications such as reference buffers, MOSFET gate drives, and cable-shield drives. The circuit in Figure 6-3 uses an isolation resistor, $R_{\rm ISO}$, to stabilize the output of an op amp. $R_{\rm ISO}$ modifies the open-loop gain of the system for increased phase margin.

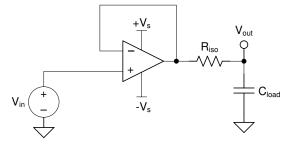


Figure 6-3. Extending Capacitive Load Drive With the TLV2731

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7 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

7.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

7.2 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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7.3 Trademarks

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7.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

7.5 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

8 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision A (March 2001) to Revision B (July 2025) Added Applications, Pin Configuration and Functions, Specifications, Application and Implementation, Device and Documentation Support, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information sections......1 Deleted input offset voltage long-term drift and associated table note 4......4 Deleted common-mode input voltage range typical value......4 Changed common-mode input capacitance typical value from 6pF to 1pF.......4 Changed open-loop output impedance test condition from $A_V = 1$ to $I_O = 0A$4 Changed output impedance typical value from 156 Ω to 525 Ω4

Product Folder Links: TLV2731

Changed CMRR minimum value for room temperature from 60dB to 54dB......4

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•	Changed CMRR minimum value for full temperature range from 55dB to 54dB	4
•	Added table note 2 to input bias current and input offset current	4
•	Changed slew rate typical value for room temperature from 1.25V/µs to 0.25V/µs	<mark>5</mark>
•	Changed slew rate minimum value for room temperature from 0.75V/µs to 0.24V/µs	5
•	Changed slew rate minimum value for full temperature range from 0.5V/µs to 0.24V/µs	<mark>5</mark>
•	Deleted equivalent input noise voltage for f = 10Hz	
•	Deleted peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage for f = 0.1Hz to 1Hz	5
•	Changed peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage for f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz from 1.5µV to 1.8µV	
•	Changed equivalent input noise current typical value from 0.6fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ to 2fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
•	Deleted THD+N test conditions and changed values to "see Typical Characteristics"	<mark>5</mark>
•	Deleted settling time	<mark>5</mark>
•	Deleted gain margin	<mark>5</mark>
•	Deleted input offset voltage long-term drift and associated table note 4	6
•	Deleted common-mode input voltage range typical value	6
•	Deleted common-mode input voltage range for full temperature range	
•	Changed differential input resistance typical value from $10^{12}\Omega$ to $540G\Omega$	
•	Changed common-mode input resistance from $10^{12}\Omega$ to $1T\Omega$	
•	Changed common-mode input capacitance from 6pF to 1pF	
•	Changed output impedance from closed-loop to open-loop	
•	Changed output impedance test condition from $A_V = 1$ to $I_O = 0A$	
•	Changed output impedance typical value from 138Ω to 525Ω	
•	Added table note to input bias current and input offset current	
•	Deleted equivalent input noise voltage for f = 10Hz	
•	Deleted peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage for f = 0.1Hz to 1Hz	
•	Changed peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage for f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz from 1.5μV to 1.8μV	
•	Changed equivalent input noise current typical value from 0.6fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ to 2fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
•	Deleted THD+N test conditions and changed values to "see Typical Characteristics"	
•	Deleted settling time	
•	Deleted gain margin	
•	Deleted Figures 8, 9, 11, 15, 16, 18–20, 23–26, 33, 34, 47–54,	
•	Updated Figure 5-31, 5-32, and 5-33	
•	Updated Driving Large Capacitive Loads section	
•	Deleted Macromodel Information	15

9 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

www.ti.com 21-May-2025

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
	(1)	(2)			(3)	(4)	(5)		(0)
TLV2731CDBVR	Obsolete	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	VALC
TLV2731CDBVT	Obsolete	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	VALC
TLV2731IDBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	VALI
TLV2731IDBVR.A	Active	Production	null (null)	3000 LARGE T&R	-	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	See TLV2731IDBVR	VALI
TLV2731IDBVT	Obsolete	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	VALI

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.

- 4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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