



SLOSE29B - NOVEMBER 2018 - REVISED AUGUST 2024

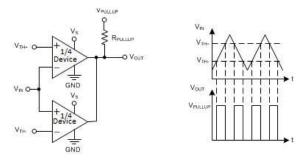


TLV1704-SEP

# TLV1704-SEP 2.2V to 24V, Radiation-Tolerant microPower Quad Comparator in Space Enhanced Plastic

#### 1 Features

- VID V62/18613
- Radiation-Tolerant
  - Single Event Latch-up (SEL) immune to 43MeV-cm<sup>2</sup>/mg at 125°C
  - ELDRS free to 30krad(Si)
  - Total Ionizing Dose (TID) rlat for every wafer lot up to 30krad(Si)
- Space enhanced plastic
  - Controlled baseline
  - Gold wire
  - NiPdAu lead finish
  - One assembly and test site
  - One fabrication site
  - Available in military (–55°C to 125°C) temperature range
  - Extended product life cycle
  - Extended product-change notification
  - Product traceability
  - Enhanced mold compound for low outgassing
- Supply range: 2.2V to 24V
- Low guiescent current: 55µA per comparator
- Input common-mode range includes both rails
- Low propagation delay: 560ns
- Low input offset voltage: 300µV
- Open collector outputs:
  - Up to 24V above negative supply regardless of supply voltage
- Small packages:
  - Quad: TSSOP-14



**TLV1704-SEP** as a Window Comparator

### 2 Applications

- Command & data handling (C&DH)
- Aircraft cockpit display
- Flight control unit
- Satellite electrical power system (EPS)

## 3 Description

The TLV1704-SEP (Quad) device offers a wide supply range, rail-to-rail inputs, low quiescent current, and low propagation delay. All these features come in an industry-standard, TSSOP-14 plastic package, making these devices appropriate for applications where size, weight, and design flexibility are important..

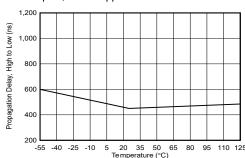
The open-collector output offers the advantage of allowing the output to be level shifted to any voltage rail up to 24V above the negative power supply, regardless of the TLV1704-SEP supply voltage. Likewise, the outputs can be wired together to form a single alert signal.

The device is a microPower comparator. Low input offset voltage, low input bias currents, low supply current, and open-collector configuration make the TLV1704-SEP device well-suited for system diagnostics such as voltage monitoring, current sensing, and zero-cross detection.

#### **Device Information**

PART NUMBER	GRADE (1)	PACKAGE (2)
TLV1704AMPWTPSEP	30krad(Si) RLAT	TSSOP (14)
TLV1704AMPWPSEP	JOKIAU(SI) INLAI	13301 (14)

- For all available packages, see the package option addendum at the end of the data sheet.
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.



Stable Propagation Delay vs Temperature



# **Table of Contents**

1 Features	1	6.4 Device Functional Modes	9
2 Applications	1	7 Application and Implementation	10
3 Description	1	7.1 Application Information	10
4 Pin Configuration and Functions	3	7.2 Typical Application	
5 Specifications	4	7.3 Power Supply Recommendations	
5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	4	7.4 Layout	12
5.2 ESD Ratings	4	8 Device and Documentation Support	
5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions		8.1 Documentation Support	
5.4 Thermal Information		8.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates	13
5.5 Electrical Characteristics	5	8.3 Support Resources	13
5.6 Switching Characteristics		8.4 Trademarks	13
5.7 Typical Characteristics		8.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	13
6 Detailed Description		8.6 Glossary	
6.1 Overview		9 Revision History	
6.2 Functional Block Diagram		10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
6.3 Feature Description		Information	14
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# **4 Pin Configuration and Functions**

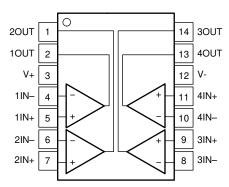


Figure 4-1. TLV1704-SEP PW Package 14-Pin TSSOP Top View

**Table 4-1. Pin Functions** 

PIN		1/0	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.	- I/O	DESCRIPTION	
IN+	_	1	Noninverting input.	
1IN+	5	I	Noninverting input, channel 1.	
2IN+	7	I	Noninverting input, channel 2.	
3IN+	9	I	Noninverting input, channel 3.	
4IN+	11	I	Noninverting input, channel 4.	
IN-	_	I	Inverting input.	
1IN-	4	I	Inverting input, channel 1.	
2IN-	6	I	Inverting input, channel 2.	
3IN-	8	I	Inverting input, channel 3.	
4IN-	10	I	Inverting input, channel 4.	
OUT	_	0	Output.	
10UT	2	0	Output, channel 1.	
2OUT	1	0	Output, channel 2.	
3OUT	14	0	Output, channel 3.	
4OUT	13	0	Output, channel 4.	
V+	3	_	Positive (highest) power supply.	
V–	12	_	Negative (lowest) power supply.	



### **5 Specifications**

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage			24	V
Signal input pina	Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	(V <sub>S</sub> ) - 0.5	$(V_S+) + 0.5$	V
Signal input pins	Current <sup>(2)</sup>		±10	mA
Output short-circuit <sup>(3)</sup>		Conti	nuous	mA
Operating Junction tem	perature, T <sub>J</sub>	-55	125	°C
Storage temperature, T <sub>stg</sub>		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatio discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup>	±1000	V
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±1000	V

<sup>(1)</sup> AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

### **5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage $V_S = (V_S+) - (V_{S-})$	2.2	24	V
Specified temperature	-55	125	°C

#### 5.4 Thermal Information

		TLV1704-SEP	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT
		14 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	128.1	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	56.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	69.9	°C/W
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	9.1	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	69.3	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

Product Folder Links: TLV1704-SEP

<sup>(2)</sup> Input pins are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails must be current limited to 10mA or less.

<sup>(3)</sup> Short-circuit to ground; one comparator per package.

#### 5.5 Electrical Characteristics

at  $T_A = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 125°C,  $V_S = 2.2\text{V}$  to 24V,  $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ ,  $R_{PULLUP} = 5.1\text{k}\Omega$ ,  $V_{CM} = V_S / 2$ , and  $V_S = V_{PULLUP}$  (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
OFFSET \	/OLTAGE				
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V <sub>S</sub> = 2.2V	±0.5	±3.5	mV
Vos	Input offset voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V <sub>S</sub> = 24V	±0.3	±2.5	mV
		T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C to 125°C		±5.5	mV
dV <sub>OS</sub> /dT	Input offset voltage drift	T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C to 125°C	±4	±20	μV/°C
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	15	100	μV/V
PORK	Power-supply rejection ratio	T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C to 125°C	20		μV/V
INPUT VO	LTAGE RANGE			'	
V <sub>CM</sub>	Common-mode voltage range	T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C to 125°C	(V-)	(V+)	V
INPUT BIA	AS CURRENT			•	
	Input bias current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5	15	nA
I <sub>B</sub>		T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C to 125°C		20	nA
Ios	Input offset current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	0.5		nA
C <sub>LOAD</sub>	Capacitive load drive		See Section 5.7		
OUTPUT				'	
		$I_0 \le 4$ mA, input overdrive = 100mV, $V_S = 24$ V		1100	mV
Vo	Voltage output swing from rail	I <sub>O</sub> = 0mA, input overdrive = 100mV, V <sub>S</sub> = 24V		700	mV
I <sub>sc</sub>	Short circuit sink current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	20		mA
	Output leakage current	V <sub>IN+</sub> > V <sub>IN-</sub> , T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	70		nA
POWER S	UPPLY			-	
Vs	Specified voltage range		2.2	24	V
	Quiescent current (per chemal)	I <sub>O</sub> = 0A , T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	55	75	μΑ
IQ	Quiescent current (per channel)	I <sub>O</sub> = 0A, T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C to 125°C		100	μA

### **5.6 Switching Characteristics**

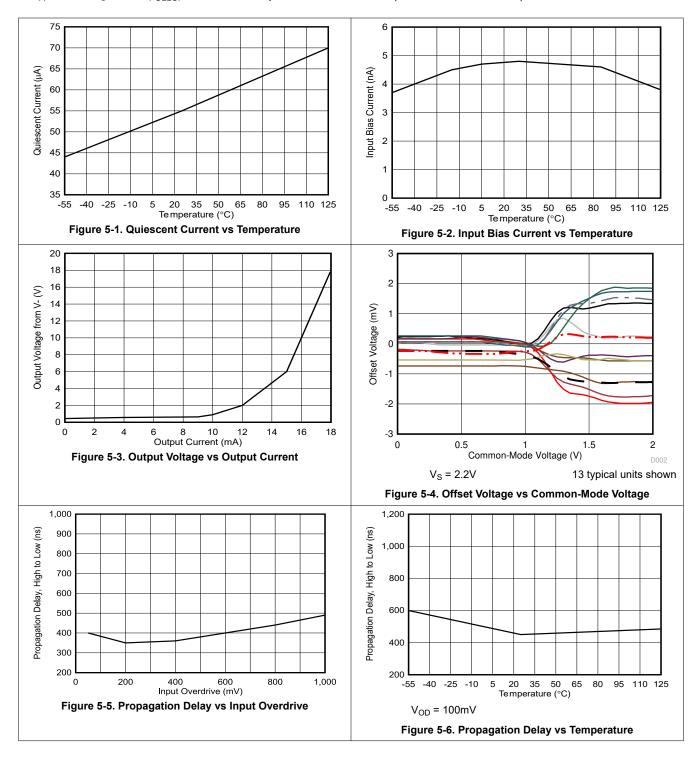
at  $T_A$  = -55°C to 125°C,  $V_S$  = 2.2V to 24V,  $C_L$  = 15pF,  $R_{PULLUP}$  = 5.1k $\Omega$ ,  $V_{CM}$  =  $V_S$  / 2, and  $V_S$  =  $V_{PULLUP}$  (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>pHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low	Input overdrive = 100mV, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		460		ns
t <sub>pLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high	Input overdrive = 100mV, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		560		ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Rise time	Input overdrive = 100mV, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		365		ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Fall time	Input overdrive = 100mV, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		240		ns



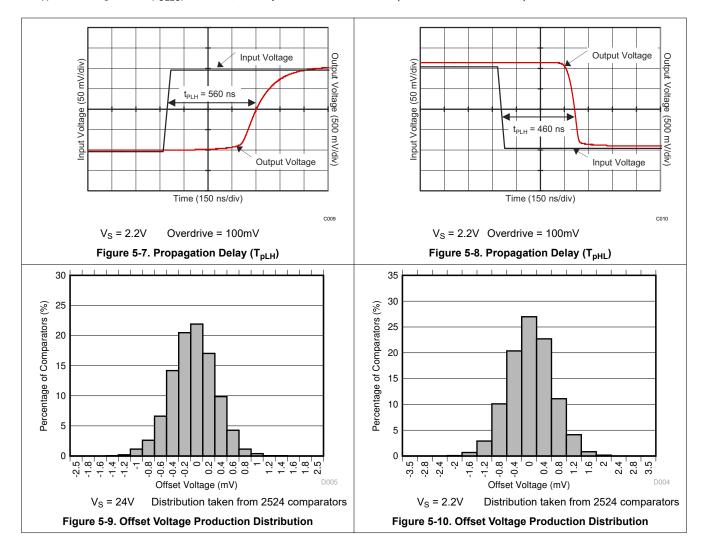
#### **5.7 Typical Characteristics**

at  $T_A = 25$ °C,  $V_S = 5$ V,  $R_{PULLUP} = 5.1$ k $\Omega$ , and input overdrive = 100mV (unless otherwise noted)



### **5.7 Typical Characteristics (continued)**

at  $T_A = 25$ °C,  $V_S = 5$ V,  $R_{PULLUP} = 5.1$ k $\Omega$ , and input overdrive = 100mV (unless otherwise noted)



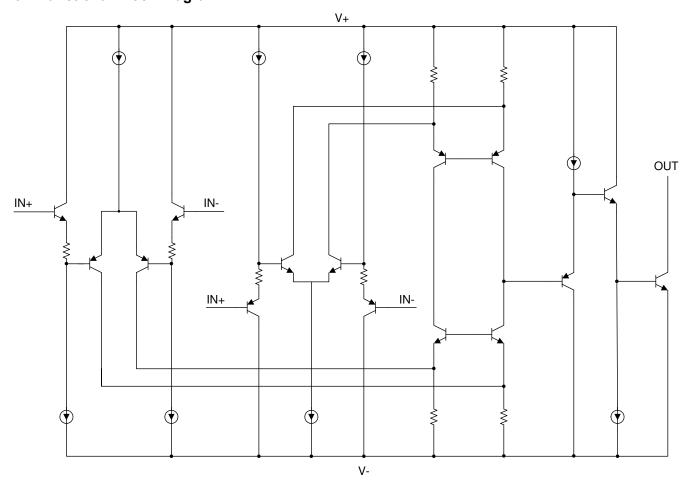


# **6 Detailed Description**

#### **6.1 Overview**

The TLV1704-SEP comparator features rail-to-rail input and output on supply voltages as high as 24V. The rail-to-rail input stage enables detection of signals close to the supply and ground. The open-collector configuration allows the device to be used in wired-OR configurations, such as a window comparator. A low supply current of  $55\mu$ A per channel with small, space-saving packages, makes these comparators versatile for use in a wide range of applications, from portable to industrial.

### 6.2 Functional Block Diagram



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#### **6.3 Feature Description**

#### 6.3.1 Comparator Inputs

The TLV1704-SEP device is a rail-to-rail input comparator, with an input common-mode range that includes the supply rails. The TLV1704-SEP device is designed to prevent phase inversion when the input pins exceed the supply voltage. Figure 6-1 shows the TLV1704-SEP device response when input voltages exceed the supply, resulting in no phase inversion.

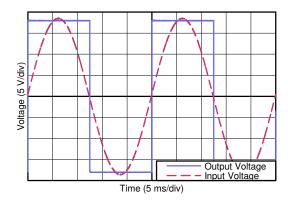


Figure 6-1. No Phase Inversion: Comparator Response to Input Voltage (Propagation Delay Included)

#### **6.4 Device Functional Modes**

#### 6.4.1 Setting Reference Voltage

Using a stable reference is important when setting the transition point for the TLV1704-SEP device. The REF3333, as shown in Figure 6-2, provides a 3.3V reference voltage with low drift and only  $3.9\mu A$  of quiescent current.

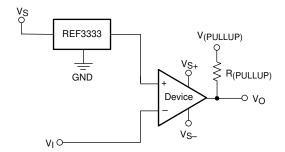


Figure 6-2. Reference Voltage for the TLV1704-SEP

### 7 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 7.1 Application Information

The TLV1704-SEP device can be used in a wide variety of applications, such as zero crossing detectors, window comparators, over and undervoltage detectors, and high-side voltage sense circuits.

### 7.2 Typical Application

Comparators are used to differentiate between two different signal levels. For example, a comparator differentiates between an overtemperature and normal-temperature condition. However, noise or signal variation at the comparison threshold causes multiple transitions. This application example sets upper and lower hysteresis thresholds to eliminate the multiple transitions caused by noise.

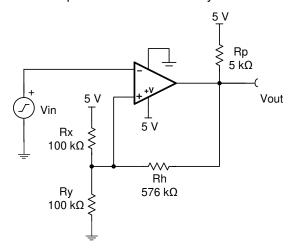


Figure 7-1. Comparator Schematic With Hysteresis

#### 7.2.1 Design Requirements

The design requirements are as follows:

- Supply voltage: 5V
- Input: 0V to 5V
- Lower threshold (VL) = 2.3V ±0.1V
- Upper threshold (VH) = 2.7V ±0.1V
- VH VL = 2.4V ±0.1V
- · Low-power consumption

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#### 7.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Make a small change to the comparator circuit to add hysteresis. Hysteresis uses two different threshold voltages to avoid the multiple transitions introduced in the previous circuit. The input signal must exceed the upper threshold (VH) to transition low, or below the lower threshold (VL) to transition high.

Figure 7-1 illustrates hysteresis on a comparator. Resistor Rh sets the hysteresis level. An open-collector output stage requires a pullup resistor (Rp). The pullup resistor creates a voltage divider at the comparator output that introduces an error when the output is at logic high. This error can be minimized if Rh > 100 Rp.

When the output is at a logic high (5V), Rh is in parallel with Rx (ignoring Rp). This configuration drives more current into Ry, and raises the threshold voltage (VH) to 2.7V. The input signal must drive above VH = 2.7V to cause the output to transition to logic low (0V).

When the output is at logic low (0V), Rh is in parallel with Ry. This configuration reduces the current into Ry, and reduces the threshold voltage to 2.3V. The input signal must drive below VL = 2.3V to cause the output to transition to logic high (5V).

For more details on this design and other alternative devices that can be used in place of the TLV1702, refer to Precision Design TIPD144, Comparator with Hysteresis Reference Design.

#### 7.2.3 Application Curve

Figure 7-2 shows the upper and lower thresholds for hysteresis. The upper threshold is 2.76V and the lower threshold is 2.34V, both of which are close to the design target.

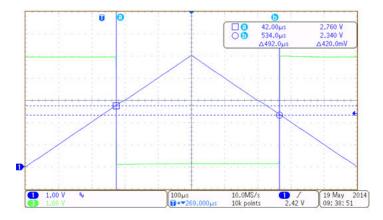


Figure 7-2. TLV1701 Upper and Lower Threshold With Hysteresis

### 7.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The TLV1704-SEP device is specified for operation from 2.2V to 24V; many specifications apply from –55°C to 125°C. Parameters that can exhibit significant variance with regard to operating voltage or temperature are presented in the Section 5.7 section.

#### **CAUTION**

Supply voltages larger than 40V can permanently damage the device; see the Section 5.1.

Place 0.1µF bypass capacitors close to the power-supply pins to reduce errors coupling in from noisy or high-impedance power supplies. For more detailed information on bypass capacitor placement; see the *Section* 7.4.1 section.



### 7.4 Layout

#### 7.4.1 Layout Guidelines

Comparators are very sensitive to input noise. For best results, maintain the following layout guidelines:

- Use a printed-circuit board (PCB) with a good, unbroken low-inductance ground plane. Proper grounding (use of ground plane) helps maintain specified performance of the TLV1704-SEP device.
- To minimize supply noise, place a decoupling capacitor (0.1µF ceramic, surface-mount capacitor) as close as possible to V<sub>S</sub> as shown in Figure 7-3.
- On the inputs and the output, keep lead lengths as short as possible to avoid unwanted parasitic feedback around the comparator. Keep inputs away from the output.
- Solder the device directly to the PCB rather than using a socket.
- For slow-moving input signals, take care to prevent parasitic feedback. A small capacitor (1000pF or less) placed between the inputs can help eliminate oscillations in the transition region. This capacitor causes some degradation to propagation delay when the impedance is low. Run the topside ground plane between the output and inputs.
- Run the ground pin ground trace under the device up to the bypass capacitor, shielding the inputs from the outputs.

#### 7.4.2 Layout Example

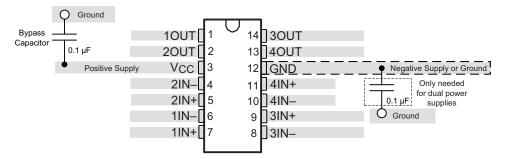


Figure 7-3. Comparator Board Layout

Product Folder Links: TLV1704-SEP

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### 8 Device and Documentation Support

#### 8.1 Documentation Support

#### 8.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Precision Design, Comparator with Hysteresis Reference Design, TIDU020
- REF33xx 3.9-µA, SC70-3, SOT-23-3, and UQFN-8, 30-ppm/°C Drift Voltage Reference, SBOS392

#### 8.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 8.3 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 8.4 Trademarks

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 8.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 8.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

### 9 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision A (November 2022) to Revision B (July 2024)	Page
Changed maximum supply voltage from 36V to 24V	1
· Changed device grade in the Device Information table from 20krad(Si) RLAT to 30krad(Si) RLA	T 1
Updated formatting for measurements throughout the document	1
Updated the Typical Performance Characteristics graphs	6
Changes from Revision * (November 2018) to Revision A (November 2022)	
	Page
	Page 1
Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the documents	ent 1
	ent 1



# 10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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www.ti.com 20-May-2025

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/	MSL rating/	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
	(1)	(2)			(3)	Ball material	Peak reflow		(6)
						(4)	(5)		
TLV1704AMPWPSEP	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	90   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1704SEP
TLV1704AMPWTPSEP	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1704SEP
V62/18613-01XE	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1704SEP
V62/18613-01XE-T	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	90   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1704SEP

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV1704-SEP:

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 20-May-2025

• Automotive : TLV1704-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 24-Jul-2025

### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV1704AMPWTPSEP	TSSOP	PW	14	250	180.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

	Device Package Type		Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
I	TLV1704AMPWTPSEP	TSSOP	PW	14	250	213.0	191.0	35.0	

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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### **TUBE**



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
TLV1704AMPWPSEP	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
V62/18613-01XE-T	PW	TSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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