

SN74AVCH1T45 Single-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver With Configurable Level-Shifting, Voltage Translation, and 3-State Outputs

1 Features

- Available in Texas Instruments' NanoStar[™] integrated circuit package
- Available in Texas Instruments' NanoFree[™] package
- Control inputs (DIR) V_{IH} and V_{IL} levels are referenced to V_{CCA} voltage
- Bus hold on data inputs eliminates the need for external pullup and pulldown resistors
- V_{CC} isolation
- Fully configurable dual-rail design
- I/Os are 4.6V tolerant
- Ioff supports partial-power-down mode operation
- Typical max data rates
 - 500Mbps (1.8V to 3.3V translation)
 - 320Mbps (<1.8V to 3.3V translation)
 - 320Mbps (translate to 2.5V or 1.8V)
 - 280Mbps (translate to 1.5V)
 - 240Mbps (translate to 1.2V)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100mA per JESD 78, class II
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
 - Human-Body Model (A114-A): 2000V
 - Machine Model (A115-A): 200V
 - Charged-Device Model (C101): 1000V

2 Applications

- Personal electronics
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecommunications

3 Description

The SN74AVCH1T45 is a single-bit noninverting bus transceiver that uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} , which accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB} , which accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. This feature allows for universal low-voltage, bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V voltage nodes.

The SN74AVCH1T45 is designed for asynchronous communication between two data buses. The device transmits data from either the A bus to the B bus, or from the B bus to the A bus, depending upon the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input.

The SN74AVCH1T45 is designed so that the DIR input is referenced to $\ensuremath{\mathsf{V}_{\text{CCA}}}$

Device Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	BODY SIZE (NOM)				
SN74AVCH1T45	DCK (SC70, 6)	2.00mm × 1.25mm				
	DBV (SOT-23, 6)	2.90mm × 1.60mm				
	YZP (DSBGA, 6)	1.50mm × 0.90mm				

(1) For all available packages, see Section 14.

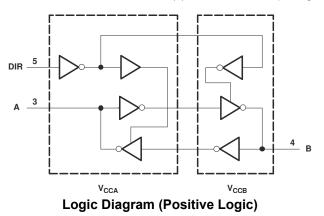




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4 Description (continued)

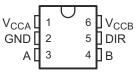
Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven inputs at a valid logic state. TI does not recommend the use of pullup or pulldown resistors with bus-hold circuitry.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off} . The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device.

The V_{CC} isolation feature places the outputs in the high-impedance state if either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} is at GND. The bus-hold circuitry on the powered-up side always stays active.

NanoFree package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



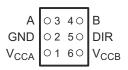


Figure 5-2. YZP Package 6-Pin DSBGA Bottom View

Figure 5-1. DBV or DCK Package 6-Pin SOT-23 or
SC70 Top View

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

F	PIN I/O		DESCRIPTION	
NAME			DESCRIPTION	
A	3	I/O	Input/output A. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
В	4	I/O	Input/output B. Referenced to V _{CCB}	
DIR	5	I	rection control signal. Referenced to V _{CCA}	
GND	2	_	Ground	
V _{CCA}	1	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 3.6 V	
V _{CCB}	6	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V \leq V _{CCB} \leq 3.6 V	



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage	$V_{\rm CCA}$ and $V_{\rm CCB}$	-0.5	4.6	V
	I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	4.6	
Input voltage ⁽²⁾	I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	4.6	V
	Control inputs	-0.5	4.6	
Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off	A port	-0.5	4.6	N/
state ⁽²⁾	B port	-0.5	4.6	V
Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state ^{(2) (3)}	A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
voltage applied to any output in the high of low state	B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	v
Input clamp current	V ₁ < 0		-50	mA
Output clamp current	V _O < 0		-50	mA
Continuous output current	L		±50	mA
Continuous through current	V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , or GND		±100	mA
Junction temperature, T _J	l	-40	150	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

(3) The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000	V
		Machine model, per A115-A	±200	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

see (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage			1.2	3.6	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage			1.2	3.6	V
			V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 1.95 V	V _{CCI} × 0.65		
VIH	High-level input voltage ⁽¹⁾	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	V _{CCI} = 1.95 V to 2.7 V	1.6		V
			V _{CCI} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2		
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCI} × 0.35		
VIL	Low-level input voltage ⁽¹⁾	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	V _{CCI} = 1.95 V to 2.7 V		0.7	V
			V _{CCI} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8	
			V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 1.95 V	V _{CCA} × 0.65	V _{CCA} × 0.65	
VIH	High-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V _{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	V _{CCI} = 1.95 V to 2.7 V	1.6		V
			V _{CCI} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2		



6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)

see (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT	
			V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCA} × 0.35		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		V _{CCI} = 1.95 V to 2.7 V		0.7	V	
		DIR (referenced to V _{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾ V Control Inputs ⁽³⁾ Active state 3-state V V V V V V	V _{CCI} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8		
VI	Input voltage	Control Inputs ⁽³⁾		0	3.6	V	
V	Output voltage ⁽²⁾	Active state		0	V _{cco}	V	
Vo		3-state		0	3.6	v	
			V _{CCO} = 1.2 V		-3		
I _{OH}		V _{CCO} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V			-6		
	High-level output current		V _{CCO} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		-8	mA	
			V _{CCO} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		-9		
			V _{CCO} = 3 V to 3.6 V) 3.6 -3 -6 -8		
			V _{CCO} = 1.2 V		3		
			V _{CCO} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V				
I _{OL}	Low-level output current		V _{CCO} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		8	mA	
			V _{CCO} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		9		
			V _{CCO} = 3 V to 3.6 V		12	1	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rat	e		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5	ns/V	
T _A	Operating free-air temperatu	re		-40	85	°C	

(1)

 V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port. (2)

(3) All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCI} or GND for proper device operation.

(4) For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = V_{CCI} × 0.7V, V_{IL} max = V_{CCI} × 0.3V. (5) For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = V_{CCA} × 0.7V, V_{IL} max = V_{CCA} × 0.3V.

6.4 Thermal Information

		SN74AVCH1T45				
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DBV (SOT-23)	DCK (SC70)	YZP (DSBGA)	UNIT	
		6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS		
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ⁽²⁾	210.5	239.9	130	°C/W	
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	130.6	175.0	54	°C/W	
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	93.3	94.4	51	°C/W	
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	69.0	75.6	1	°C/W	
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	N/A	93.9	50	°C/W	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application note.

The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7. (2)



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

All typical limits apply over $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, and all maximum and minimum limits apply over $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85° C (unless otherwise noted).^{(1) (2) (5) (6)}

	PARAMETER TEST C		CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNI	
		I _{OH} = –100 μA, V _I = V _{IH}	$_{OH}$ = -100 μ A, V _I = V _{IH} V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V to 3.6						
		$I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}, V_I = V_{IH}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V			0.95			
	High-level output	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}, V_I = V_{IH}$	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}, V_I = V_{IH}$ $V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 1.4 \text{ V}$		1.05			V	
V _{ОН}	voltage ⁽¹⁾	I _{OH} = –8 mA, V _I = V _{IH}	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.65 \	/	1.2			v	
		I _{OH} = –9 mA, V _I = V _{IH}	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.3 V		1.75				
		I _{OH} = –12 mA, V _I = V _{IH}	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3 V		2.3				
		I _{OL} = 100 μA, V _I = V _{IL}	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	to 3.6 V			0.2		
		$I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}, V_I = V_{IL}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V			0.15			
	Low-level output	$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}, V_I = V_{IL}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.4 V				0.35	V	
V _{OL}	voltage	I _{OL} = 8 mA, V _I = V _{IL}	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.65 \	/			0.45	V	
		I _{OL} = 9 mA, V _I = V _{IL}	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.3 V				0.55		
		I _{OL} = 12 mA, V _I = V _{IL}	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3 V$				0.7		
I _I	Control Input (DIR)	V _I = V _{CCA} or GND	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	to 3.6 V		±0.025	±1	μA	
		V _I = 0.42 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V			25			
	Bus-hold low	V _I = 0.49 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.4 V		15				
BHL	sustaining	V _I = 0.58 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.65 V		25			μA	
	current ⁽³⁾	V _I = 0.7 V	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 2.3 V$		45				
		V _I = 0.8 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		100				
		V _I = 0.78 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V			-25			
	Bus-hold high нн sustaining current ⁽⁴⁾	V _I = 0.91 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.4 V		-15				
внн		V _I = 1.07 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.65 V		-25			μA	
		V _I = 1.6 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.3 V		-45				
		V ₁ = 2 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		-100				
		$V_{I} = 0$ to V_{CC}	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V			50			
			V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.6 V		125			μΑ	
BHLO	Bus-hold low overdrive current ⁽⁵⁾		V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.95 \	/	200				
			$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 2.7 V$		300				
			$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.6 V$		500				
			V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V			-50			
			V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.6 V		-125				
внно	Bus-hold high	$V_{I} = 0$ to V_{CC}	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.95 V		-200			μA	
			$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 2.7 V$		-300				
			$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.6 V$		-500				
	Input and output	V _I = 0 V to 3.6 V,	V _{CCA} = 0 V, V _{CCB} = 0 V to 3.6 V	A Port		±0.1	±5		
off	leakge current	Power-on $V_0 = 0 V \text{ to } 36 V$	V _{CCA} = 0 V to 3.6 V, V _{CCB} = 0 V	B Port		±0.1	±5	μA	
	Off-state output	V _I = V _{CCI} or GND,	V _{CCA} = 0 V, V _{CCB} = 3.6 V	A Port		±0.5	±5		
ΟZ		$V_0 = V_{CCO}$ or GND	V _{CCA} = 3.6 V, V _{CCB} = 0 V	B port		±0.5	±5	μA	
			V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	to 3.6 V			10		
CCA	Supply current A port	V _I = V _{CCI} or GND, I _O = 0	V _{CCA} = 0 V, V _{CCB} = 3	.6 V			-2	μA	
	μοιτ		$V_{CCA} = 3.6 V, V_{CCB} =$	$V_{CCA} = 3.6 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 0 \text{ V}$			10		



6.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

All typical limits apply over $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, and all maximum and minimum limits apply over $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85° C (unless otherwise noted).^{(1) (2) (5) (6)}

	PARAMETER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$			10	
I _{CCB}	Supply current B	$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_{O} = 0$	V _{CCA} = 0 V, V _{CCB} = 3.6 V		·	10	μA
port		V _{CCA} = 3.6 V, V _{CCB} = 0 V			-2		
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Combined supply current	$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_{O} = 0$	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$			20	μA
Ci	Input capacitance control pin (DIR)	V _I = 3.3 V or GND	$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 V$		2.5		pF
C _{io}	Input and output capacitance A or B port	V _O = 3.3 V or GND	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		6		pF

(1) V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

(2) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.

(3) The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V_{IL} max. Measure I_{BHL} after lowering V_{IN} to GND and then raising it to V_{IL} max.

(4) The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V_{IH} min. Measure I_{BHH} after raising V_{IN} to V_{CC} and then lowering it to V_{IH} min.

(5) An external driver must source at least I_{BHLO} to switch this node from low to high.

(6) An external driver must sink at least I_{BHHO} to switch this node from high to low.

(7) For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.



6.6 Switching Characteristics, V_{CCA}= 1.2V

 T_A = 25°C (see Figure 7-1).

PARAMETER		FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		3.3			
	Propagation delay time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V		2.7		ns	
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	A	В	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V		2.4			
PHL	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V		2.3			
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		2.4			
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		3.3			
	Propagation delay time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V		3.1			
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	В	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V		2.9		ns	
PHL	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V		2.8			
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		2.7			
			A	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		5.1			
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	Enable time: to high level ⁽¹⁾ and to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V		5.2		ns	
		DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V		5.3			
PZL				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V		5.2			
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		3.7			
		igh level ⁽¹⁾ and DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		5.3			
	Enable time:		В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V		4.3		ns	
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and			V _{CCB} = 1.8 V		4			
PZL	to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V		3.3			
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		3.7			
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		8.5			
	Disable time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V		6.9			
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	from high level and	DIR	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V		6.4		ns	
PLZ	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V		5.5			
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		6.1			
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		8.3			
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	Disable time:		В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V		7.8		ns	
	from high level and from low level	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V		7.7			
•r"LZ				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V		7.5			
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V		5.9		7	



6.7 Switching Characteristics, V_{CCA} = 1.5V ± 0.1V

All typical limits apply over $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, and all maximum and minimum limits apply over $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1).

	PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.9		
	Propagation delay time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.7		5.6	
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	A	В	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.6		4.2	ns
PHL	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.5		4.2	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.5		3.8	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.6		
	Propagation delay time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.6		5.5	
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	В	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.4		5.3	ns
PHL	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.3		4.9	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.3		4.8	
			А	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		3.8		
	Enable time:	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	1.6		6.7	ns
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	1.5		6.8	
ΨZL				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.3		6.9	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.9		6.9	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		5.1		
	Enable time:	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	1.8		8.1	ns
t _{PZH} ,	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and		В	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	1.6		7.1	
t _{PZL}	to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.1		4.7	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.4		4.5	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		7.7		
	Disable time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V			13.6	
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	from high level and	DIR	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V			12.4	ns
PLZ	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V			9.6	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			9.3	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		6.7		ns
	Disable time:		В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V			12.3	
t _{PHZ} , tour	from high level and	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V			12	
t _{PLZ}	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V			11.1	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			10.7	



6.8 Switching Characteristics, V_{CCA} = 1.8V ± 0.15V

All typical limits apply over $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, and all maximum and minimum limits apply over $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85° C (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1).

PARAMETER		FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.8			
	Propagation delay time:		В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.6		5.3		
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	A		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.5		5	ns	
"PIL	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.4		3.9		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.4		3.4		
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.3			
	Propagation delay time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.5		5.2		
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	В	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.4		5	ns	
PHL	high-to-low level output		I 4	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.3		4.6		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.2		4.4		
			A	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		3.8			
	Enable time:	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	1.6		5.9	ns	
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	1.6		5.9		
PZL				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.6		5.9		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.5		6		
		DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		5			
	Enable time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	1.8		7.7	ns	
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and		В	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	1.4		6.8		
PZL	to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1		4.4		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.4		4.3	3	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		7.3			
	Disable time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V			12.9		
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	from high level and	DIR	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V			11.8	ns	
PLZ	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V			9		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			8.7		
			В	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		6.5			
	Disable time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V			11.2	ns	
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	from high level and	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V			10.9		
	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V			9.8		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			9.4		



6.9 Switching Characteristics, V_{CCA} = 2.5V ± 0.2V

All typical limits apply over $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, and all maximum and minimum limits apply over $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1).

PARAMETER		FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.6			
	Propagation delay time:		В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.5		4.9		
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	A		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.4		4.6	ns	
PHL	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.3		3.4		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.3		3		
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.2			
	Propagation delay time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.4		4.2		
t _{PLH} ,	low-to-high-level output and	В	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.3		3.8	ns	
t _{PHL}	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.2		3.4		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.2		3.3		
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.8		-	
	Enable time:		A	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.3		3.8	ns	
t _{PZH} ,	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and to low level ⁽¹⁾	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.8		3.8		
t _{PZL}				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.4		3.8		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.5		3.8		
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		4.9			
	Enable time:	DIR	В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	2		7.6	ns	
t _{PZH} ,	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and			V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	1.5		6.5		
t _{PZL}	to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.6		4.1		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1		4		
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		7.1			
	Disable time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V			11.8		
t _{PHZ} ,	from high level and	DIR	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V			10.3	ns	
t _{PLZ}	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V			7.5		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			7.3		
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		5.4			
	Disable time:		В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V			8.6	ns	
t _{PHZ} ,	from high level and	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V			8.1		
t _{PLZ}	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V			7		
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			6.6	.6	



6.10 Switching Characteristics, V_{CCA}= 3.3V \pm 0.3V

All typical limits apply over $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, and all maximum and minimum limits apply over $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85° C (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1).

PARAMETER		FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.6		
	Propagation delay time:		В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.4		4.7	ns
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	A		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.3		4.4	
PHL	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.2		3.3	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.2		2.8	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		2.2		
	Propagation delay time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.4		3.8	
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	low-to-high-level output and	В	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.3		3.4	ns
PHL	high-to-low level output			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.2		3	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0.1		2.8	
			A	V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		3.1		
	Enable time:	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	1.3		4.3	ns
t _{PZH} ,	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	1.3		4.3	
t _{PZL}				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.3		4.3	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.3		4.3	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		4		
	Enable time:	DIR		V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	0.7		7.4	ns
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	to high level ⁽¹⁾ and		В	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	0.6		6.5	
ΨZL	to low level ⁽¹⁾			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0.7		4	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.5		3.9	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		6.2		
	Disable time:			V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V			11.2	
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	from high level and	DIR	A	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V			9.9	ns
PLZ	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V			7	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			6.7	
				V _{CCB} = 1.2 V		5.7		ns
	Disable time:	DIR	В	V _{CCB} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V			8.9	
t _{PHZ} ,	from high level and			V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V			8.5	
t _{PLZ}	from low level			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V			7.2	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			6.8	



6.11 Operating Characteristics

T_A= 25°C

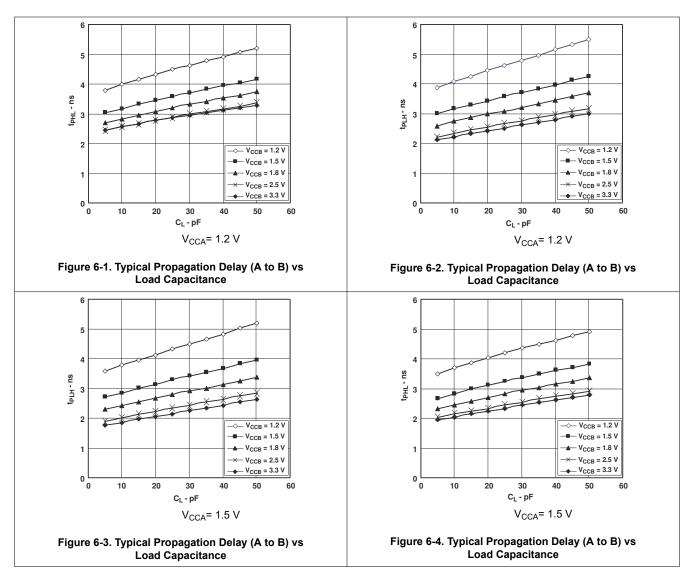
	PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST	CONDITIONS	ТҮР	UNIT
					$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 1.2 V$	3	
				$C_{1} = 0 pF_{2}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.5 V	3	
		А	В	f = 10 MHz,	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	3	pF
				$t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	3	
6	Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver ⁽¹⁾				$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 V$	4	
C _{pdA}	port A				V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	14	
			A	$C_{L} = 0 \text{ pF},$ f = 10 MHz, $t_{r} = t_{f} = 1 \text{ ns}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.5 V	14	pF
		В			V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	14	
					V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	15	
					$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 V$	16	
		A	В		V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	14	pF
				$C_{L} = 0 \text{ pF},$ f = 10 MHz, $t_{r} = t_{f} = 1 \text{ ns}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.5 V	14	
					V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	14	
					V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	15	
6	Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver ⁽¹⁾				$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 V$	16	
C _{pdB}	port B				V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2 V	3	
				$C_{1} = 0 pF_{2}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.5 V	3	pF
		В		f = 10 MHz, $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	3	
					V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	3	
					$V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 V$	4	

(1) See CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation.



6.12 Typical Characteristics

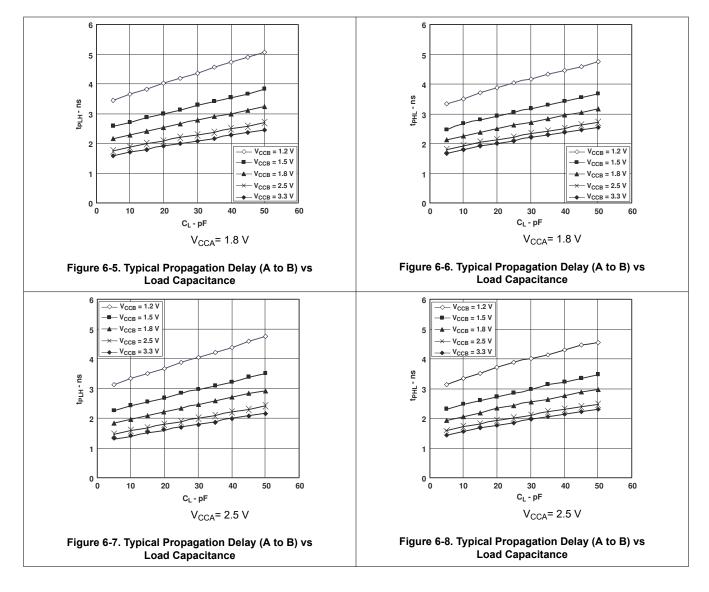
T_A= 25°C





6.12 Typical Characteristics (continued)

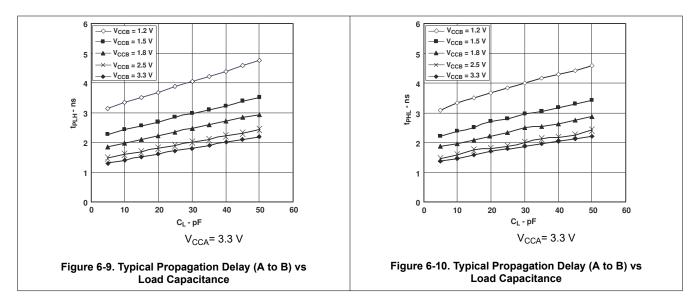
T_A= 25°C





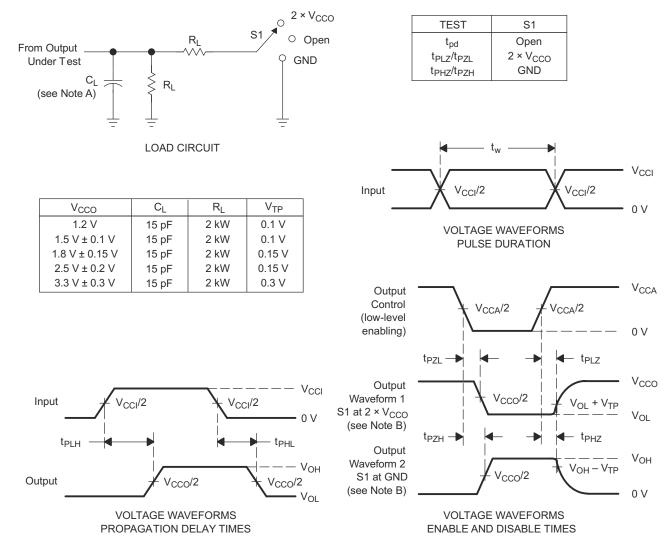
6.12 Typical Characteristics (continued)

T_A= 25°C





7 Parameter Measurement Information



- NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
 - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR 10 MHz, Z_0 = 50 W, dv/dt \ge 1 V/ns.
 - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
 - E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
 - F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
 - G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.
 - H. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
 - I. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

Figure 7-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

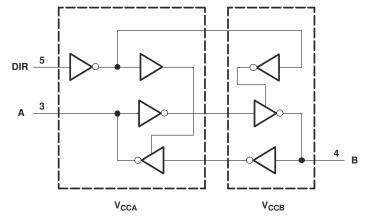


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The SN74AVCH1T45 is a single-bit, dual-supply, noninverting voltage level translator. Pins A and DIR are referenced to V_{CCA} , while pin B is referenced to V_{CCB} . Both the A port and B port can accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2V to 3.6V. The high on DIR allows data transmission from Port A to Port B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from Port B to Port A. See application report, *AVC Logic Family Technology and Applications*, for more information.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design

Both V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} can be supplied at any voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V, making the device an excellent choice for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V and 3.3V).

8.3.2 Supports High-Speed Translation

SN74AVCH1T45 can support high data rate applications, which can be calculated from the maximum propagation delay. This support is dependent on output load. For example, a 1.8V to 3.3V conversion yields a maximum data rate of 500Mbps.

8.3.3 Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the SN74AVCH1T45 when the device is powered down. This event can occur in applications where subsections of a system are powered down (partial-power-down) to reduce power consumption.

8.3.4 Active Bus-Hold Circuitry

Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven data inputs at a valid logic state, which helps with board space savings and reduced component costs. TI does not recommend using pullup or pulldown resistors with bus-hold circuitry. See applications report, *Bus-Hold Circuit*, for more information.

8.3.5 V_{CC} Isolation

The V_{CC} isolation feature places both ports in a high-impedance state (I_{OZ} as shown in *Electrical Characteristics*) if either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} are at GND (or < 0.4V). This feature prevents false logic levels from being presented to either bus.



8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 8-1 lists the functional modes of the SN74AVCH1T45.

Table 8-1. Function Table

DIR	OPERATION
L	B data to A bus
Н	A data to B bus



9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The SN74AVCH1T45 device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The maximum data rate can be up to 500Mbps when the device translate signal is from 1.8V to 3.3V.

9.2 Typical Applications

9.2.1 Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

Figure 9-1 shows an example of the SN74AVCH1T45 being used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

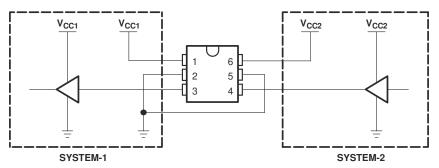


Figure 9-1. Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application Diagram

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
1	V _{CCA}	V _{CC1}	SYSTEM-1 supply voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)
2	GND	GND	Device GND
3	A	OUT	Output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage.
4	В	IN	Input threshold value depends on V _{CC2} voltage.
5	DIR	DIR	GND (low level) determines B-port to A-port direction.
6	V _{CCB}	V _{CC2}	SYSTEM-2 supply voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)

Table 9-1. Data Transmission: SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2

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9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 9-2.

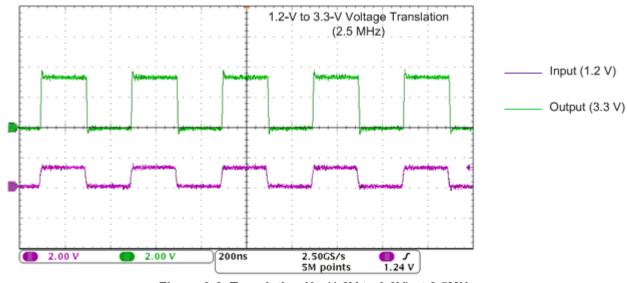
Table 5-2. Design Farameters							
DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUES						
Input voltage	1.2V to 3.6V						
Output voltage	1.2V to 3.6V						

Table 9-2. Design Parameters

9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74AVCH1T45 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic-high, the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low, the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74AVCH1T45 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.



9.2.1.3 Application Curve

Figure 9-2. Translation Up (1.2V to 3.3V) at 2.5MHz



9.2.2 Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

Figure 9-3 shows the SN74AVCH1T45 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Take precautions to avoid bus contention between SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 when changing directions because the SN74AVCH1T45 does not have an output-enable (OE) pin.

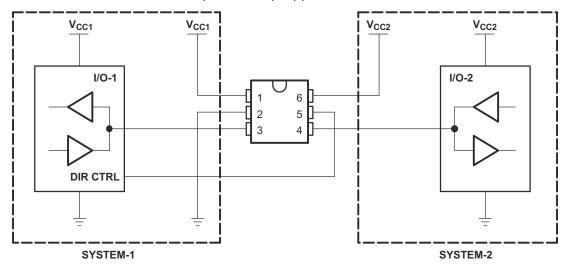


Figure 9-3. Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application Diagram

The following table shows data transmission from SYSTEM-1 to SYSTEM-2 and then from SYSTEM-2 to SYSTEM-1.

STATE	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	DESCRIPTION					
1	Н	Out	In	SYSTEM-1 data to SYSTEM-2					
2	Н	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	SYSTEM-2 is getting ready to send data to SYSTEM-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled.					
3	L	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	DIR bit is flipped. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled.					
4	L	In	Out	SYSTEM-2 data to SYSTEM-1					

Table 9-3. Data Transmission: SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2

9.2.2.1 Design Requirements

Refer to Design Requirements found in Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application.

9.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

9.2.2.2.1 Enable Times

Calculate the enable times for the SN74AVCH1T45 using the following formulas:

- t_{PZH} (DIR to A) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PLH} (B to A)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to A) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PHL} (B to A)
- t_{PZH} (DIR to B) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PLH} (A to B)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to B) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PHL} (A to B)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the SN74AVCH1T45 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched; the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.



9.2.2.3 Application Curve

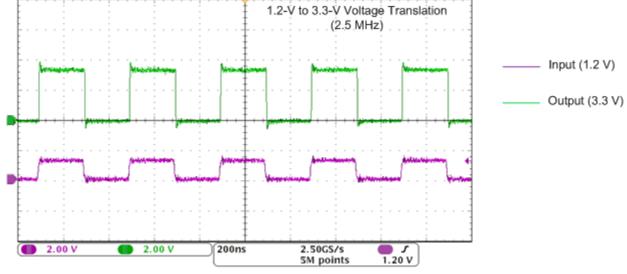


Figure 9-4. Translation Up (1.2V to 3.3V) at 2.5MHz



10 Power Supply Recommendations

A proper power-up sequence must be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies. To guard against such power-up problems, take the following precautions:

- 1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
- 2. Power up V_{CCA} .
- 3. V_{CCB} can be ramped up along with or after V_{CCA} .

V _{CCB}		UNIT					
VCCB	0V	1.2V	1.5V	1.8V	2.5V	3.3V	UNIT
0V	0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
1.2V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	
1.5V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	
1.8V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	μA
2.5V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
3.3V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	

Table 10-1. Typical Total Static Power Consumption (I_{CCA} + I_{CCB})



11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

TI recommends following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines for better device reliability.

- · Use bypass capacitors on power supplies.
- Use short trace lengths to avoid excessive loading.
- Place pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors, or pullup resistors, to help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on the system requirements.

11.2 Layout Example

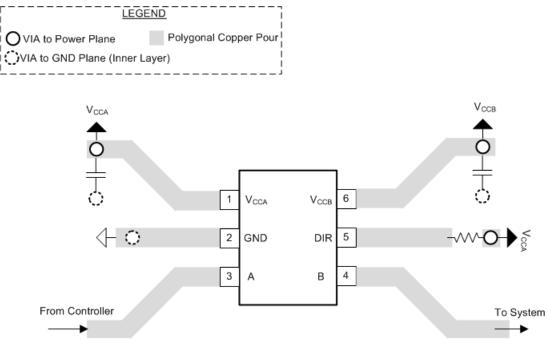


Figure 11-1. PCB Layout Example



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Designing with SN74LVCXT245 and SN74LVCHXT245 Family of Direction Controlled Voltage Translators/ Level-Shifters, application report
- Bus-Hold Circuit, application report
- AVC Logic Family Technology and Applications

12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

12.4 Trademarks

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12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.6 Glossary

TI Glossary This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

С	hanges from Revision E (March 2016) to Revision F (April 2024)	Page
•	Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the document	1
•	Updated DBV and DCK thermal information	5

С	hanges from Revision D (January 2008) to Revision E (March 2016)	Page
•	Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and	
	Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and	
	Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	1



14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
74AVCH1T45DBVRE4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
74AVCH1T45DBVRG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
74AVCH1T45DCKRE4	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
74AVCH1T45DCKRG4	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
SN74AVCH1T45DBVR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
SN74AVCH1T45DBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
SN74AVCH1T45DBVRG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
SN74AVCH1T45DBVRG4.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
SN74AVCH1T45DBVRG4.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
SN74AVCH1T45DBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
SN74AVCH1T45DBVT.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(ET1F, ET1R)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKR	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKR.A	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKR.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKRG4	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI Nipdau	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKRG4.A	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKRG4.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKT	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKT.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TFF, TFR)
SN74AVCH1T45DCKTG4	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TFR
SN74AVCH1T45DCKTG4.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TFR
SN74AVCH1T45YZPR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YZP) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TE2, TEN)
SN74AVCH1T45YZPR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YZP) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TE2, TEN)

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.



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⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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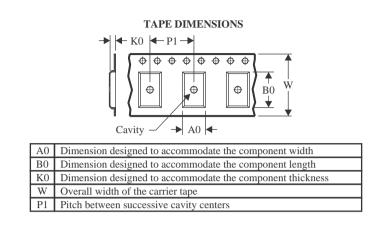
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STRUMENTS

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AVCH1T45DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVCH1T45DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVCH1T45DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVCH1T45DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVCH1T45DCKRG4	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.3	2.52	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVCH1T45DCKRG4	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVCH1T45DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVCH1T45DCKTG4	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVCH1T45YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	1.52	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1



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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

18-Jun-2025



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)		
SN74AVCH1T45DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0		
SN74AVCH1T45DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0		
SN74AVCH1T45DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	202.0	201.0	28.0		
SN74AVCH1T45DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0		
SN74AVCH1T45DCKRG4	SC70	DCK	6	3000	214.0	199.0	55.0		
SN74AVCH1T45DCKRG4	SC70	DCK	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0		
SN74AVCH1T45DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	202.0	201.0	28.0		
SN74AVCH1T45DCKTG4	SC70	DCK	6	250	202.0	201.0	28.0		
SN74AVCH1T45YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0		

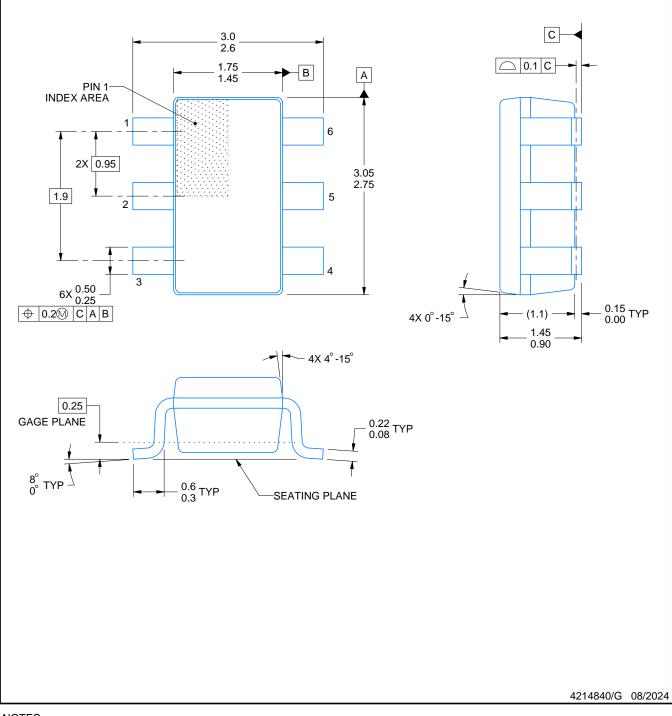
DBV0006A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.3. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 per side.

- 4. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- 5. Refernce JEDEC MO-178.

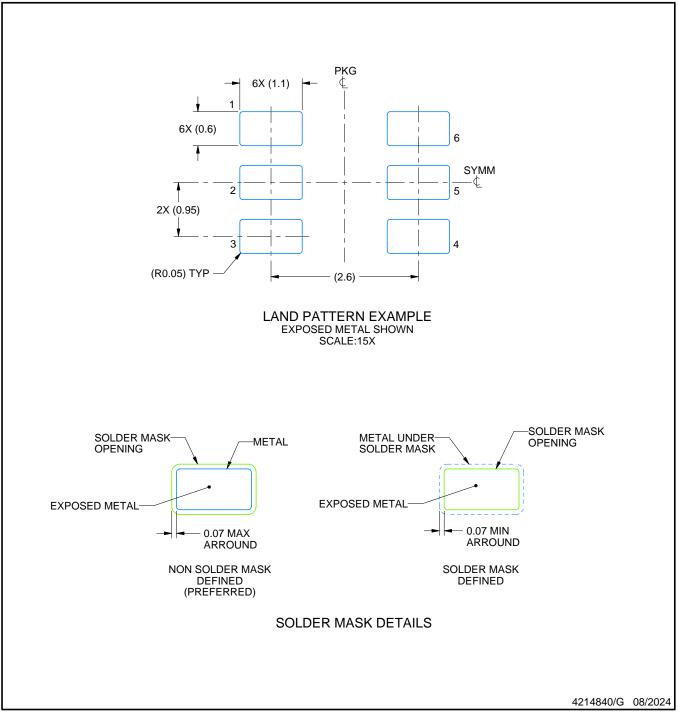


DBV0006A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

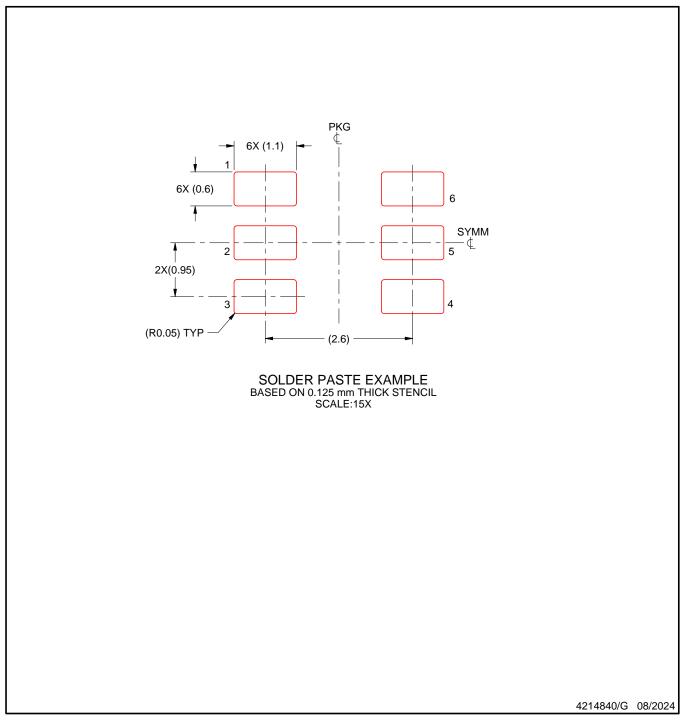


DBV0006A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



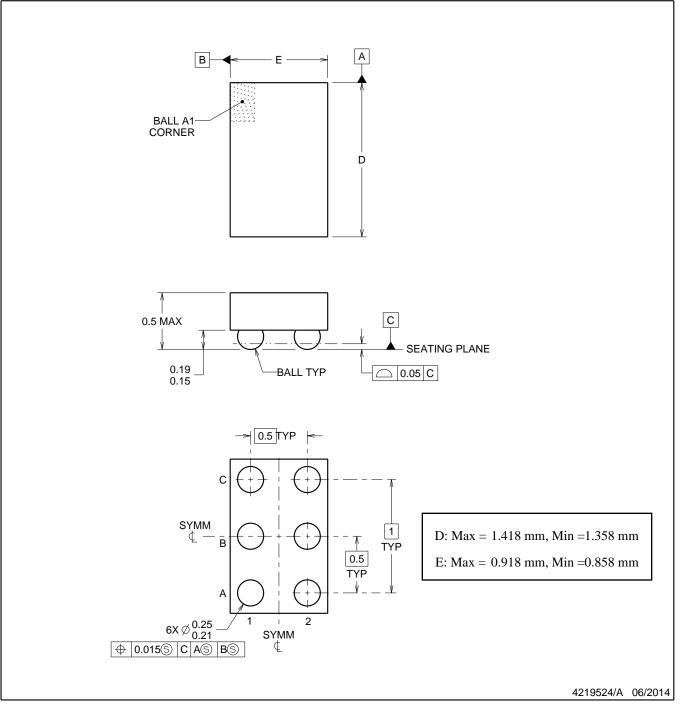
YZP0006



PACKAGE OUTLINE

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

NanoFree Is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. NanoFree[™] package configuration.

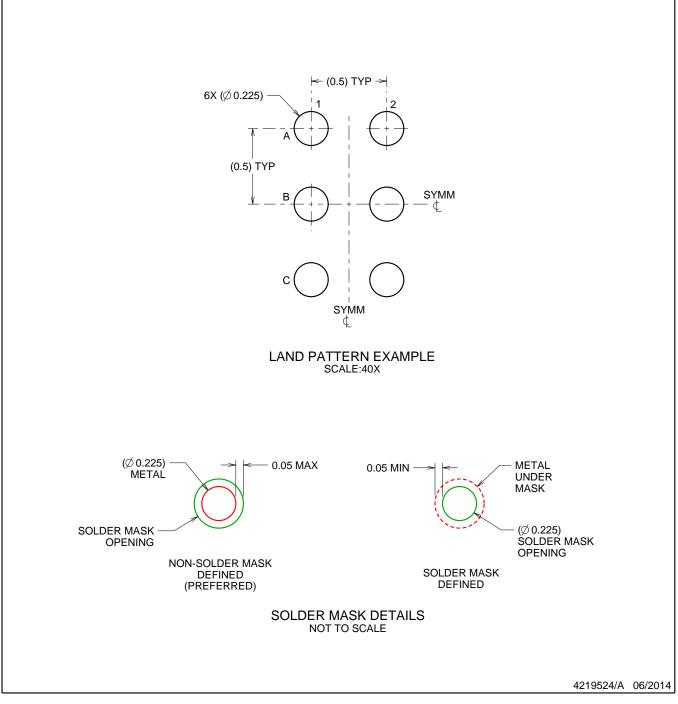


YZP0006

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SBVA017 (www.ti.com/lit/sbva017).

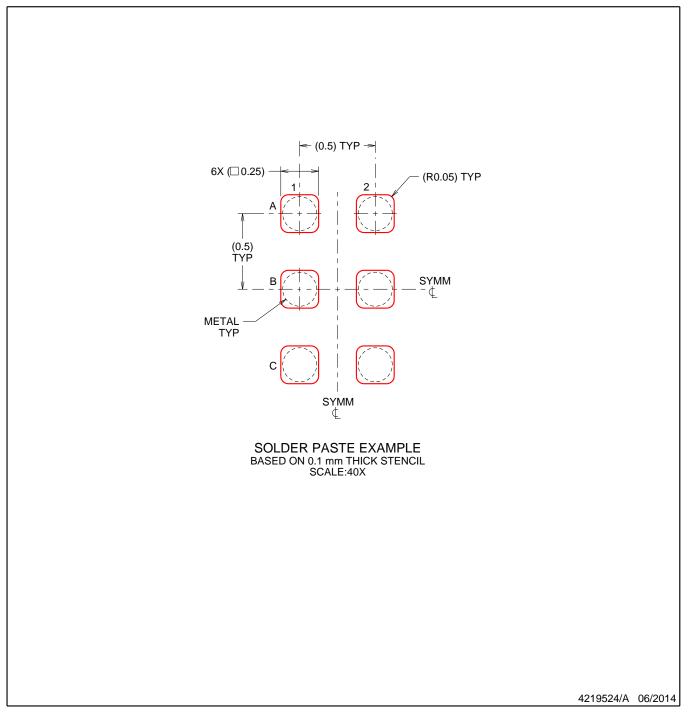


YZP0006

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



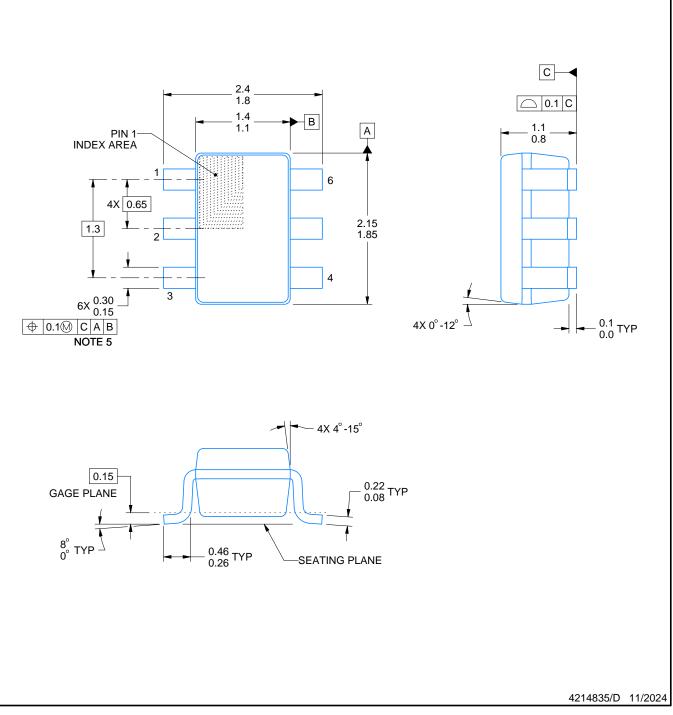
DCK0006A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing an integration of a constraint of the minimeters. Any dimensions in parentnesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and to per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.

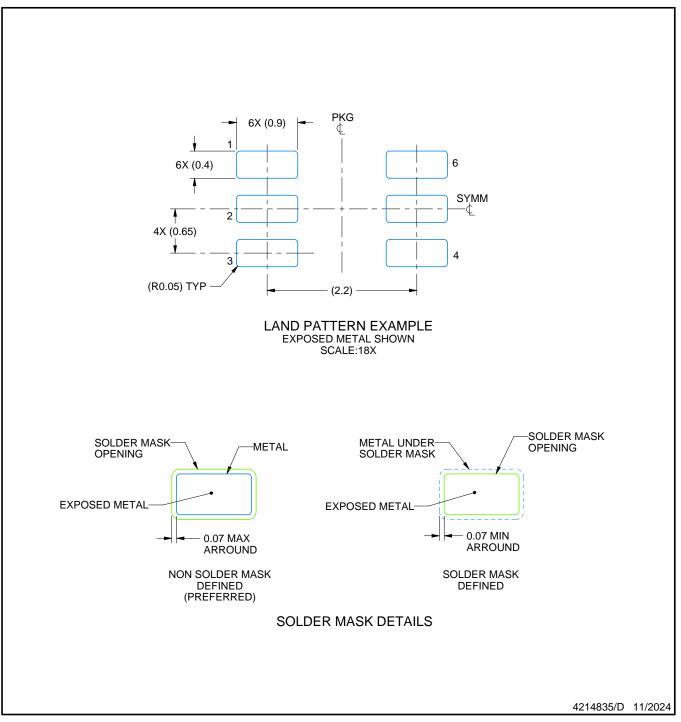


DCK0006A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

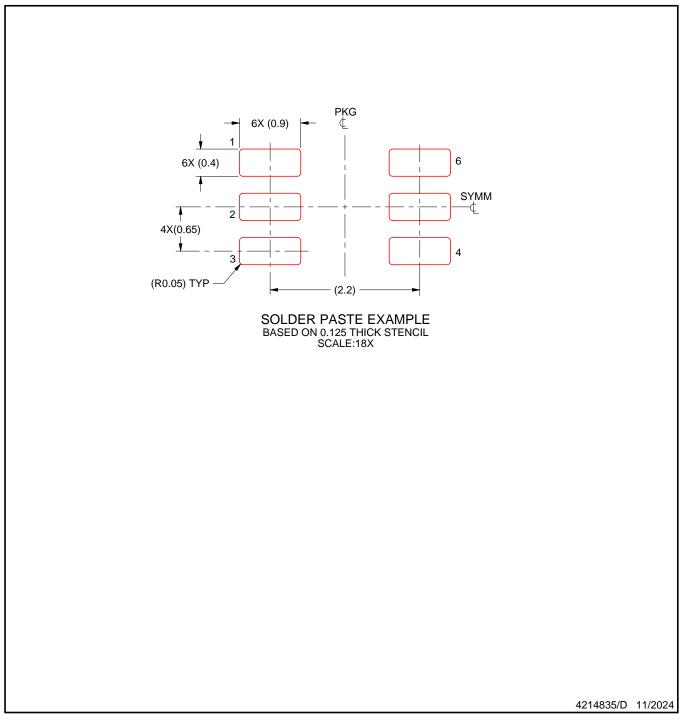


DCK0006A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



^{7.} Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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