

# SN74AVC1T45-Q1 Automotive Single-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver With Configurable Voltage Translation and 3-State Outputs

## 1 Features

- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree™ package
- Fully configurable dual-rail design allows each port to operate over the full 1.08V to 3.6V power-supply range
- $V_{CC}$  isolation feature – if either  $V_{CC}$  input is at GND, then both ports are in the high-impedance state
- DIR input circuit referenced to  $V_{CCA}$
- $\pm 12\text{mA}$  output drive at 3.3V
- I/Os are 4.6V tolerant
- $I_{off}$  supports partial-power-down mode operation
- Typical maximum data rates
  - 500Mbps (1.08V to 3.3V translation)
  - 320Mbps (<1.8V to 3.3V translation)
  - 320Mbps (translate to 2.5V or 1.8V)
  - 280Mbps (translate to 1.5V)
  - 240Mbps (translate to 1.2V)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100mA per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
  - $\pm 2000\text{V}$  Human Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - $\pm 1000\text{V}$  Charged-Device Model (C101)

## 2 Applications

- [Personal electronic](#)
- [Industrial](#)
- [Enterprise](#)
- [Telecom](#)

## 3 Description

This single-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The SN74AVC1T45-Q1 is operational with  $V_{CCA}/V_{CCB}$  as low as 1.08V.

The A port is designed to track  $V_{CCA}$ .  $V_{CCA}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.08V to 3.6V. The B port is designed to track  $V_{CCB}$ .  $V_{CCB}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.08V to 3.6V. This allows for universal low-voltage, bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V voltage nodes.

The SN74AVC1T45-Q1 is designed for asynchronous communication between two data buses. The logic levels of the direction-control (DIR) input activate either the B-port outputs or the A-port outputs. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus when the B-port outputs are activated and from the B bus to the A bus when the A-port outputs are activated. The input circuitry on both A and B ports always is active and must have a logic HIGH or LOW level applied to prevent excess  $I_{CC}$  and  $I_{CCZ}$ .

The SN74AVC1T45-Q1 is designed so that the DIR input is powered by  $V_{CCA}$ .

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The  $V_{CC}$  isolation feature is designed so that if either  $V_{CC}$  input is at GND, then both ports are in the high-impedance state.

NanoFree package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

### Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	PACKAGE SIZE <sup>(2)</sup>
SN74AVC1T45-Q1	DRY (USON, 6)	1.45mm × 1mm
	DCK (SOT, 6)	2mm × 2.1mm

(1) For more information, see [Section 11](#).

(2) The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.

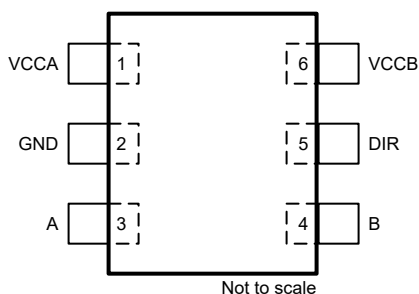




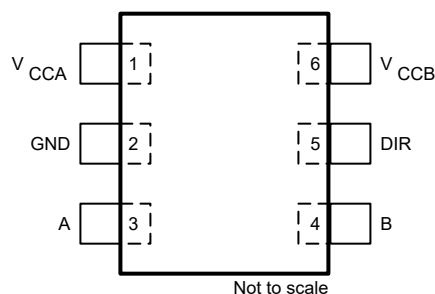
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## 4 Pin Configuration and Functions



**Figure 4-1. DCK Package, 6-Pin SOT-SC70 (Top View)**



**Figure 4-2. DRY Package, 6-Pin USON (Top View)**

See mechanical drawings in [Section 11](#) for dimensions.

**Table 4-1. Pin Functions**

PIN		TYPE <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
$V_{CCA}$	1	P	A-port supply voltage. $1.08V \leq V_{CCA} \leq 3.6V$
GND	2	G	Ground
A	3	I/O	Input/output A. Referenced to $V_{CCA}$ .
B	4	I/O	Input/output B. Referenced to $V_{CCB}$ .
DIR	5	I	Direction control signal
$V_{CCB}$	6	P	B-port supply voltage. $1.08V \leq V_{CCB} \leq 3.6V$ .

(1) I = input, O = output, P = power, G = ground

## 5 Specifications

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage B		–0.5	2	5.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	I/O Ports (A Port)	–0.5		4.6	V
		I/O Ports (B Port)	–0.5		4.6	
		Control Inputs	–0.5	2	4.6	
V <sub>O</sub>	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state <sup>(2)</sup>	A Port	–0.5		4.6	V
		B Port	–0.5		4.6	
V <sub>O</sub>	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state <sup>(2) (3)</sup>	A Port	–0.5		V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5	V
		B Port	–0.5		V <sub>CCB</sub> + 0.5	
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0	–50			mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0	–50			mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current		–50		50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		–100		100	mA
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction Temperature				150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		–65		150	°C

- (1) Operation outside the *Absolute Maximum Rating* may cause permanent device damage. *Absolute Maximum Rating* do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under *Recommended Operating Condition*. If used outside the *Recommended Operating Condition* but within the *Absolute Maximum Rating*, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.
- (2) The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 6.5V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

### 5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±1500	

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

### 5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCA</sub>	Supply voltage A			1.08	3.6	V
V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage B			1.08	3.6	
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	Data inputs	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.08V	V <sub>CCI</sub> × 0.7	V	
			V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.1V to 1.95V	V <sub>CCI</sub> × 0.65		
			V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2V to 2.7V	1.6		
			V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.8V to 3.6V	2		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.08V	V <sub>CCI</sub> × 0.3	V	
			V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.1V to 1.95V	V <sub>CCI</sub> × 0.35		
			V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2V to 2.7V	0.7		
			V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.8V to 3.6V	0.8		
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	Control inputs (referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> )	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1.08V to 1.95V	V <sub>CCA</sub> × 0.65	V	
			V <sub>CCA</sub> = 2V to 2.7V	1.7		
			V <sub>CCA</sub> = 2.8V to 3.6V	2		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	Control inputs (referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> )	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1.08V to 1.95V	V <sub>CCA</sub> × 0.35	V	
			V <sub>CCA</sub> = 2V to 2.7V	0.7		
			V <sub>CCA</sub> = 2.8V to 3.6V	0.8		
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current		V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.08V to 1.32V	−3	mA	
			V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.4V to 1.6V	−6		
			V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.65V to 1.95V	−8		
			V <sub>CCO</sub> = 2.3V to 2.7V	−9		
			V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3V to 3.6V	−12		
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current		V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.08V to 1.32V	3	mA	
			V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.4V to 1.6V	6		
			V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.65V to 1.95V	8		
			V <sub>CCO</sub> = 2.3V to 2.7V	9		
			V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3V to 3.6V	12		
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage <sup>(3)</sup>			0	3.6	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	Active State		0	V <sub>CCO</sub>	V
		Tri-State		0	3.6	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise and fall time		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.08V to 3.6V		5	ns/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature			−40	125	°C

(1) V<sub>CCI</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the input port.

(2) V<sub>CCO</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the output port.

(3) All control inputs and data I/Os of this device have weak pulldowns to ensure the line is not floating when undefined external to the device. The input leakage from these weak pulldowns is defined by the I<sub>I</sub> specification indicated under [Electrical Characteristics](#)..

## 5.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		SN74AVC1T45-Q1		UNIT
		DCK (TSC70)	DRY (USON)	
		6 PINS	6 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	239.9	291.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	175.0	137.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	94.4	176.5	°C/W
$Y_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	75.6	47.3	°C/W
$Y_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	93.9	175.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bottom)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1) (2)</sup>

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	Operating free-air temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )									UNIT
					25°C			–40°C to 85°C			–40°C to 125°C			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	I <sub>OH</sub> = –100μA	1.08V - 3.6V	1.08V - 3.6V	V <sub>CC</sub> O – 0.2			V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.2			V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.2			V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –3mA	1.1V	1.1V	0.85			0.85			0.85			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –6mA	1.4V	1.4V	1.05			1.05			1.05			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –8mA	1.65V	1.65V	1.2			1.2			1.2			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –9mA	2.3V	2.3V	1.75			1.75			1.75			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –12mA	3V	3V	2.3			2.3			2.3			
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage <sup>(4)</sup>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100μA	1.08V - 3.6V	1.08V - 3.6V	0.1			0.15			0.15			V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 3mA	1.1V	1.1V	0.2			0.22			0.22			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6mA	1.4V	1.4V	0.28			0.30			0.31			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA	1.65V	1.65V	0.32			0.35			0.35			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 9mA	2.3V	2.3V	0.31			0.32			0.33			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12mA	3V	3V	0.40			0.40			0.40			
I <sub>I</sub>	Input leakage current	Control inputs (DIR, $\overline{OE}$ ) V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND	1.08V - 3.6V	1.08V - 3.6V	–0.25   0.25			–1   1			–1   1			μA
		Data Inputs (Ax, Bx) V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND	1.08V - 3.6V	1.08V - 3.6V	–0.25   0.25			–1   1			–1   1			μA
I <sub>off</sub>	Partial power down current	A Port or B Port V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0V - 3.6V	0V	0V - 3.6V	–1	0.1	1	–2   2		–5   5		μA		
			0V - 3.6V	0V	–1	0.1	1	–2   2		–5   5				
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Tri-state output current <sup>(5)</sup>	A or B Port: V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CCO</sub> or GND $\overline{OE}$ = V <sub>IH</sub>	3.6V	3.6V	–0.5	0.5	0.5	–1   1		–1   1		μA		
I <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.08V - 3.6V	1.08V - 3.6V	2			2.5		4		μA		
			0V	3.6V	–0.2			–2		–2				
			3.6V	0V	1			2		2.5				

## 5.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1) (2)</sup>

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	Operating free-air temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )									UNIT
					25°C			−40°C to 85°C			−40°C to 125°C			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
I <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub> supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.08V - 3.6V	1.08V - 3.6V	2.5			3.5			5			μA
			0V	3.6V	1			2			3			
			3.6V	0V	−0.2			−2			−2			
I <sub>CCA</sub> + I <sub>CCB</sub>	Combined supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.08V - 3.6V	1.08V - 3.6V	3			5			8			μA
C <sub>i</sub>	Control Input Capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = 3.3V or GND	3.3V	3.3V	2.5			2.5			2.5			pF
C <sub>io</sub>	Data I/O Capacitance	OE = V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> = 1.65V DC +1MHz -16dBm sine wave	3.3V	3.3V	6			4			6			pF

- (1) V<sub>CCI</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the input port.
- (2) V<sub>CCO</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the output port.
- (3) Tested at V<sub>I</sub> = V<sub>T+(MAX)</sub>.
- (4) Tested at V<sub>I</sub> = V<sub>T-(MIN)</sub>.
- (5) For I/O ports, the parameter I<sub>OZ</sub> includes the input leakage current.

## 5.6 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.12V$

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	TEST CONDITIONS	B-Port Supply Voltage (V <sub>CCB</sub> )															UNIT
					1.2 ± 0.12V			1.5 ± 0.1V			1.8 ± 0.15V			2.5 ± 0.2V			3.3 ± 0.3V			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	3.0	3.1	10.8	2.3	2.6	7.7	2.1	2.5	6.6	1.9	3	5.3	1.8	3.5	5	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	3.1	3.1	10.2	2.6	2.6	7.4	2.3	2.5	6.5	2.1	3	5.4	1.9	3.5	5.1	
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	2.9	3.1	10.6	2.0	2.7	7.6	1.8	2.5	6.5	1.8	2.4	5.2	1.8	2.3	4.8	
				-40°C to 125°C	3.1	3.1	10.2	2.3	2.7	7.8	2.1	2.5	6.7	2.0	2.4	5.4	2.0	2.3	5.0	
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	3.3	5.3	12	3.3	5.3	12	3.5	5.3	12	3.5	5.3	12	3.5	5.3	12	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	3.8	5.3	12.8	3.8	5.3	12.8	3.8	5.3	12.7	3.8	5.3	12.7	3.7	5.3	12.3	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	3	5.1	12	3	4	7.5	2.5	3.5	5.9	2	3.2	4.7	2	3.1	4.7	
				-40°C to 125°C	3.5	5.1	12	2.8	4	7.4	2.5	3.5	6	2.1	3.2	4.9	2.1	3.1	4.7	
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	5.0	4.8	8.5	5.0	4.8	8.5	5.0	4.8	8.3	5.0	4.8	8.5	5.0	4.8	8.5	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	4.9	4.8	9.2	4.9	4.8	9.2	4.9	4.8	9.2	4.9	4.8	9.2	4.9	4.8	9.2	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	5.6	4.7	11.4	4.8	4	9.3	5.2	4.1	9.1	4.0	4.3	7.1	5.0	5.1	8.3	
				-40°C to 125°C	5.6	4.7	11.6	4.8	4	9.4	5.2	4.1	9.3	4.0	7.6	7.3	5.0	5.1	8.4	

## 5.7 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1V$

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	TEST CONDITIONS	B-Port Supply Voltage (V <sub>CCB</sub> )															UNIT
					1.2 ± 0.12V			1.5 ± 0.1V			1.8 ± 0.15V			2.5 ± 0.2V			3.3 ± 0.3V			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	2.0	2.7	7.2	1.7		5.3	1.5		4.5	1.2		3.9	1.1		3.4	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	2.3	2.7	7.3	1.9		5.3	1.8		4.5	1.5		3.9	1.3		3.4	
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	1.6	2.3	7.1	1.7		5.2	1.5		5.1	1.4		4.6	1.4		4.4	
				-40°C to 125°C	1.8	2.3	7.0	1.9		5.2	1.8		5.1	1.6		4.6	1.5		4.4	
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	3.0	3.7	7.0	2.9		7.6	2.8		6.9	2.7		7.5	2.6		6.6	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	3.0	3.8	7.2	2.9		7.6	2.8		7.6	2.7		7.5	2.6		7.3	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	3.4	4.8	11.2	2.7		7.6	2.3		5.6	1.9		4.4	1.8		5.3	
				-40°C to 125°C	3.4	5.1	11.2	2.7		7.7	2.3		5.6	1.9		4.4	1.8		4.5	



## 5.7 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1V$ (continued)

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	TEST CONDITIONS	B-Port Supply Voltage (V <sub>CCB</sub> )														UNIT	
					1.2 ± 0.12V			1.5 ± 0.1V			1.8 ± 0.15V			2.5 ± 0.2V			3.3 ± 0.3V			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP		MAX
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	4.1	3.1		4.1		8.6	4.0		9.6	4.0		9	4.0		8.7	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	4.1	4.8		3.2		8.6	4.0		9.6	4.0		9	4.0		8.6	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	5.3	4.1	10	4.5		8.4	4.9		8.5	3.7		7.2	4.8		7.8	
				-40°C to 125°C	5.3	4.7	9.9	4.5		8.4	4.9		8.7	3.7		7.2	4.8		7.8	

## 5.8 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15V$

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	TEST CONDITIONS	B-Port Supply Voltage (V <sub>CCB</sub> )															UNIT
					1.2 ± 0.12V			1.5 ± 0.1V			1.8 ± 0.15V			2.5 ± 0.2V			3.3 ± 0.3V			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	1.9	2.5	6.2	1.5		5.1	1.4		4.4	1.1		4	1.0		3.9	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	2.1	2.5	6.3	1.8		5.1	1.7		4.4	1.3		4	1.2		3.9	
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	2.1	2.5	6.5	1.5		4.6	1.4		4.4	1.3		3.9	1.1		3.7	
				-40°C to 125°C	2.3	2.5	6.3	1.8		4.6	1.7		4.4	1.5		3.9	1.4		3.7	
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	2.4	3	5.4	2.4		6.8	2.4		6.8	2.3		6.8	2.2		6.8	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	2.4	3	5.4	2.4		6.8	2.4		6.8	2.3		6.8	2.2		6.8	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	3.3	4.6	11.0	2.5		8.2	2.1		6.7	1.7		5.1	1.6		4.5	
				-40°C to 125°C	3.3	4.6	11.0	2.5		8.2	2.1		6.7	1.7		5.1	1.6		4.5	
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	4.4	2.7		4.3		7.1	4.3		7.1	4.3		7.1	4.2		7.1	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	4.4	2.7		4.3		7.1	4.3		7.1	4.3		7.1	4.2		7.1	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	5.1	3.9	9	4.3		7.8	4.7		8.1	3.6		6	4.6		7.2	
				-40°C to 125°C	5.1	3.9	9	4.3		7.8	4.7		8.3	3.6		6	4.6		7.4	

## 5.9 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	TEST CONDITIONS	B-Port Supply Voltage (V <sub>CCB</sub> )															UNIT
					1.2 ± 0.12V			1.5 ± 0.1V			1.8 ± 0.15V			2.5 ± 0.2V			3.3 ± 0.3V			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	1.8	2.4	5	1.4		4.7	1.3		3.9	1.1		3.1	0.9		2.8	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	2.0	2.4	5.1	1.6		4.7	1.5		3.9	1.3		3.1	1.0		2.8	
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	1.9	2.2	5.5	1.3		4.2	1.1		3.8	1.1		3.1	1		2.9	
				-40°C to 125°C	2.1	2.2	5.2	1.5		4.2	1.3		3.8	1.3		3.1	1.1		2.9	
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	1.9	2.2	3.8	1.9		3.8	1.9		3.8	1.9		3.8	1.9		3.8	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	1.9	2.2	3.8	1.9		3.8	1.9		3.8	1.9		3.8	1.9		3.8	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	2.9	4.5	10.8	2.2		7.6	1.8		6.5	1.5		4.1	1.3		4	
				-40°C to 125°C	2.9	4.5	10.8	2.2		7.6	1.8		6.5	1.5		4.1	1.3		4	
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	3.0	1.8	5.5	3.0		5.1	3.0		5.1	3.0		5.1	2.9		5.1	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	2.7	1.8	5.5	2.7		5.1	2.6		5.1	2.9		5.1	2.7		5.1	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	5.0	3.6	9	4.2		7.1	4.6		7.3	3.5		5.7	4.6		6.8	
				-40°C to 125°C	5.0	3.6	9	4.2		7.1	4.6		7.5	3.2		5.8	4.2		7.0	

## 5.10 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	TEST CONDITIONS	B-Port Supply Voltage (V <sub>CCB</sub> )															UNIT
					1.2 ± 0.12V			1.5 ± 0.1V			1.8 ± 0.15V			2.5 ± 0.2V			3.3 ± 0.3V			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	1.8	2.3	4.8	1.4		4.5	1.2		3.3	1.1		2.9	0.9		2.5	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	2.0	2.3	5.2	1.5		4.5	1.4		3.3	1.1		2.9	1.0		2.5	
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	1.8	2.2	5.2	1.2		3.8	1.0		3.4	0.9		2.8	0.9		2.5	
				-40°C to 125°C	1.9	2.2	5	1.3		3.8	1.2		3.4	1.1		2.8	1.0		2.5	
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	1.8	2	3	1.8		4	1.8		4	1.8		4	1.8		4	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	1.8	2	3.2	1.8		4	1.8		4	1.8		4	1.8		4	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	2.7	4	10	1.9		7.4	1.6		6.2	1.3		4	1.2		3.9	
				-40°C to 125°C	2.7	4	10	1.9		7.4	1.6		6.2	1.3		4	1.2		3.9	

## 5.10 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ (continued)

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	TEST CONDITIONS	B-Port Supply Voltage (V <sub>CCB</sub> )															UNIT
					1.2 ± 0.12V			1.5 ± 0.1V			1.8 ± 0.15V			2.5 ± 0.2V			3.3 ± 0.3V			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t <sub>dis</sub>	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	4.0	1.7	6	3.9		5.9	3.9		5.9	3.9		5.9	3.9		5.8	ns
				-40°C to 125°C	4.0	1.7	6	3.9		6.0	3.9		6.0	3.9		6.0	3.9		6.0	
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	5.0	3.4	8	4.2		6.9	4.7		7.1	3.7		5.5	4.6		6.6	
				-40°C to 125°C	5.0	3.4	8	4.2		6.9	4.1		7.3	3.2		5.5	4.2		6.8	

## 5.11 Operating Characteristics

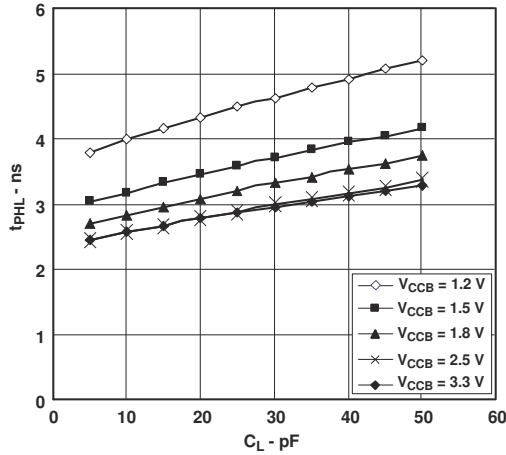
$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  <sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER		Test Conditions	Supply Voltage ( $V_{CCB} = V_{CCA}$ )				UNIT
			1.2 ± 0.12V	1.8 ± 0.15V	2.5 ± 0.2V	3.3 ± 0.3V	
			TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
$C_{pdA}$ <sup>(2)</sup>	A to B: outputs enabled	A Port CL = 0, RL = Open f = 10MHz $t_{rise} = t_{fall} = 1\text{ ns}$	3	3	3	4	pF
	A to B: outputs disabled		3	3	3	4	
	B to A: outputs enabled		13	13	15	15	
	B to A: outputs disabled		3	3	3	4	
$C_{pdB}$ <sup>(2)</sup>	A to B: outputs enabled		13	13	15	15	
	A to B: outputs disabled		3	3	3	3	
	B to A: outputs enabled		3	3	3	3	
	B to A: outputs disabled		3	3	3	3	

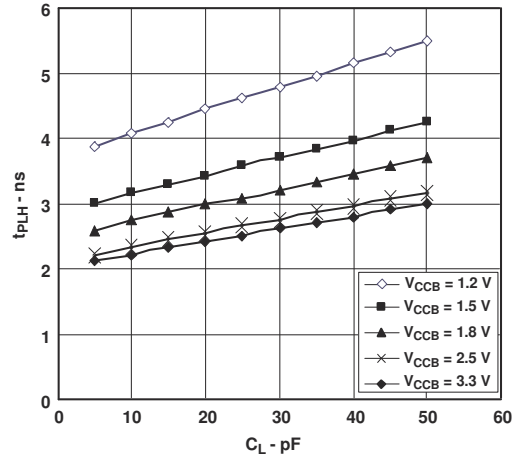
(1) For more information about power dissipation capacitance, see the [CMOS Power Consumption and  \$C\_{pd}\$  Calculation](#) application report.

(2)  $C_{pdA}$  and  $C_{pdB}$  are respectively A-Port and B-Port power dissipation capacitance per transceiver.

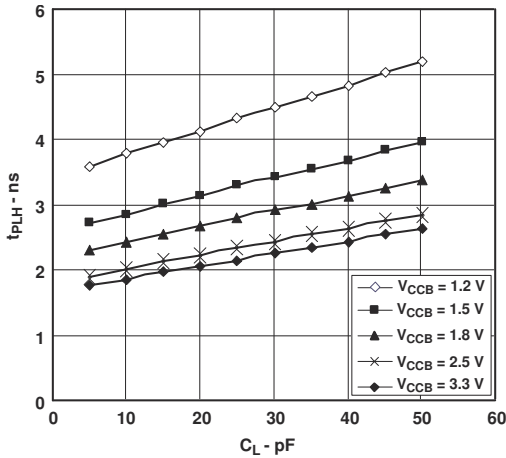
## 5.12 Typical Characteristics



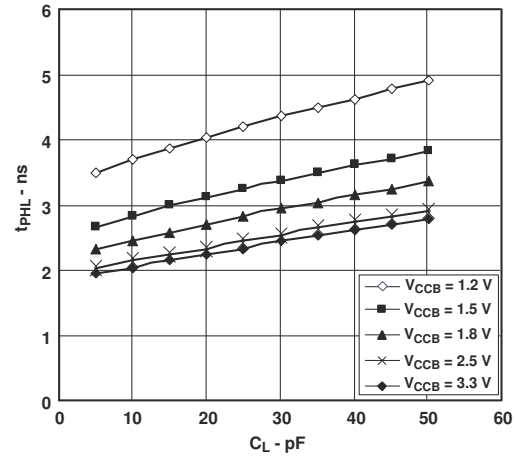
**Figure 5-1. Typical Propagation Delay of High-to-Low (A to B) vs Load Capacitance**  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 1.2\text{V}$



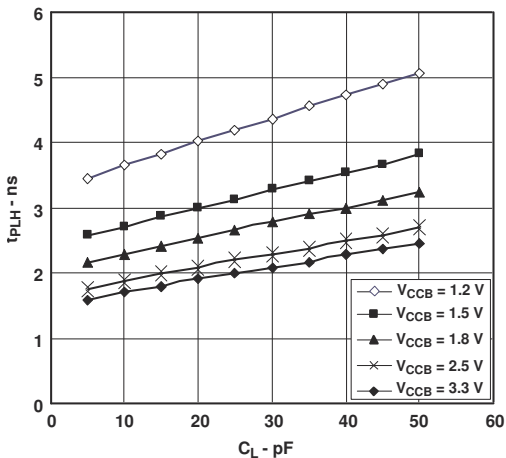
**Figure 5-2. Typical Propagation Delay of Low-to-High (B to A) vs Load Capacitance**  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 1.2\text{V}$



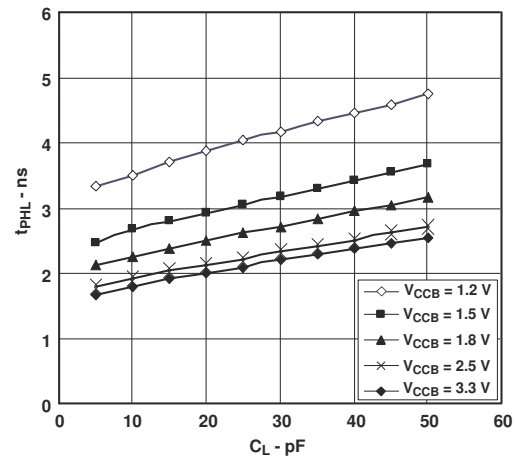
**Figure 5-3. Typical Propagation Delay of High-to-Low (A to B) vs Load Capacitance**  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 1.5\text{V}$



**Figure 5-4. Typical Propagation Delay of Low-to-High (B to A) vs Load Capacitance**  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 1.5\text{V}$



**Figure 5-5. Typical Propagation Delay of High-to-Low (A to B) vs Load Capacitance**  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 1.8\text{V}$



**Figure 5-6. Typical Propagation Delay of Low-to-High (B to A) vs Load Capacitance**  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 1.8\text{V}$

## 5.12 Typical Characteristics (continued)

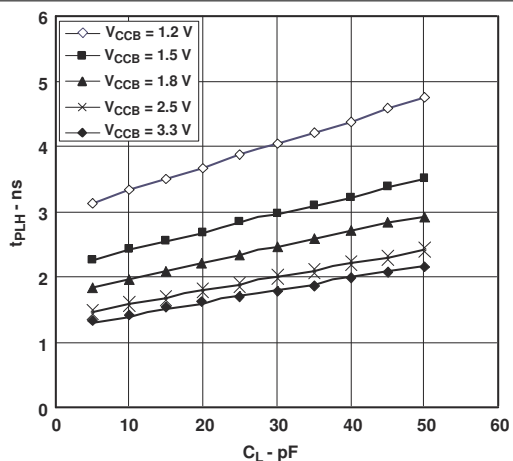


Figure 5-7. Typical Propagation Delay of High-to-Low (A to B) vs Load Capacitance  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{V}$

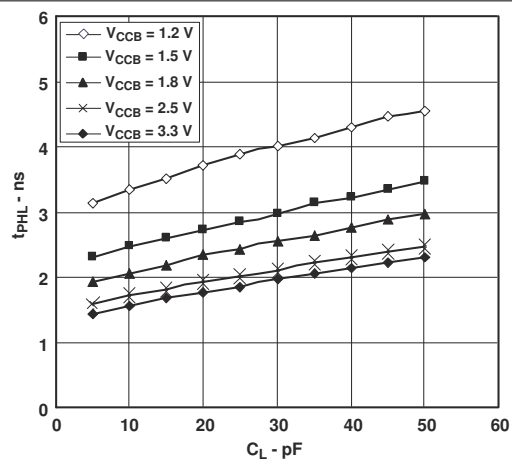


Figure 5-8. Typical Propagation Delay of Low-to-High (B to A) vs Load Capacitance  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{V}$

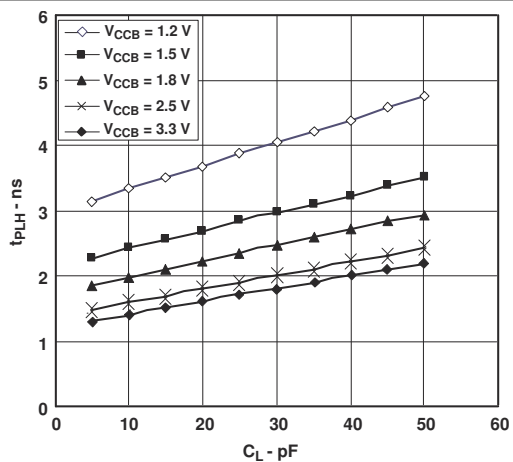


Figure 5-9. Typical Propagation Delay of High-to-Low (A to B) vs Load Capacitance  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{V}$

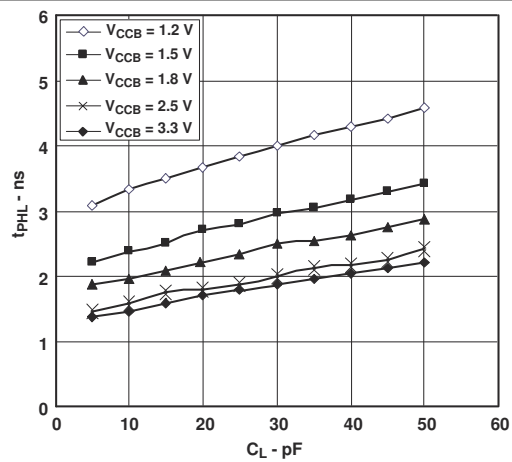
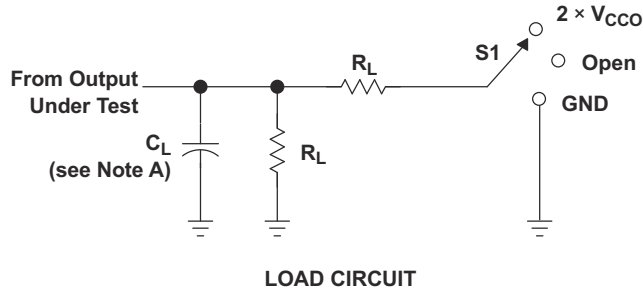
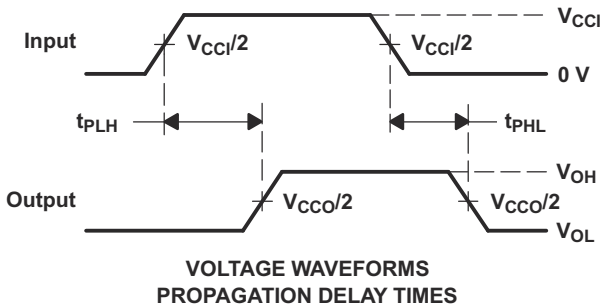


Figure 5-10. Typical Propagation Delay of Low-to-High (B to A) vs Load Capacitance  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{V}$

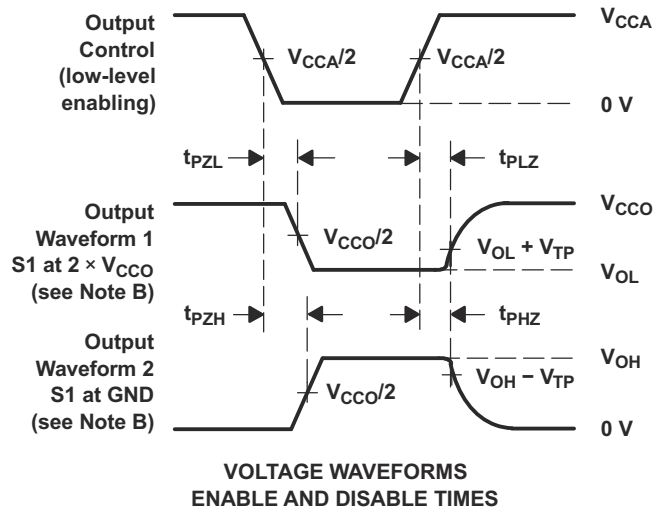
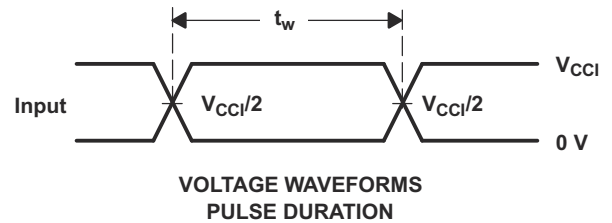
## 6 Parameter Measurement Information



$V_{CCO}$	$C_L$	$R_L$	$V_{TP}$
1.2 V	15 pF	2 kW	0.1 V
1.5 V $\pm$ 0.1 V	15 pF	2 kW	0.1 V
1.8 V $\pm$ 0.15 V	15 pF	2 kW	0.15 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	15 pF	2 kW	0.15 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	15 pF	2 kW	0.3 V



TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	$2 \times V_{CCO}$
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND



- NOTES:
- $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR = 10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $dv/dt \geq 1 \text{ V/ns}$ .
  - The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
  - $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.
  - $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port.

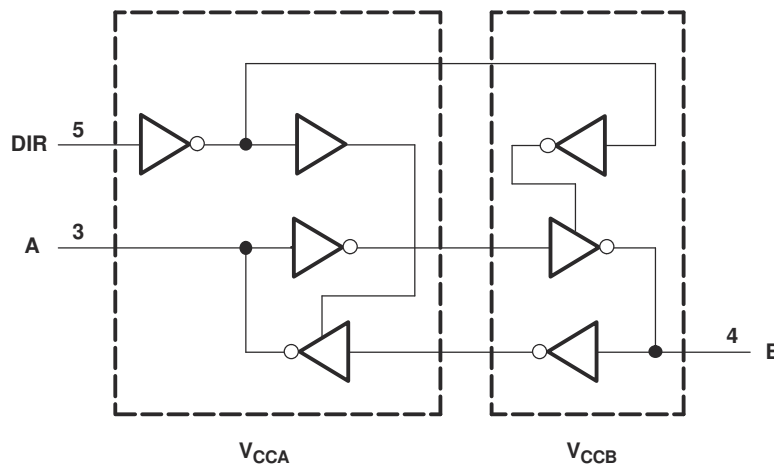
**Figure 6-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

## 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The SN74AVC1T45-Q1 is a single-bit, dual-supply, noninverting voltage level translation device.  $V_{CCA}$  supports pin A and the direction control pin, and  $V_{CCB}$  supports pin B. The A port can accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.08V to 3.6V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.08V to 3.6V. The high on DIR allows data transmission from A to B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from B to A.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Fully Configurable

The fully configurable dual-rail design allows each port to operate over the full 1.08V to 3.6V power-supply range. Both  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  can be supplied at any voltage between 1.08V and 3.6V making the device an excellent choice for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V).

#### 7.3.2 Support High-Speed Translation

SN74AVC1T45-Q1 can support high data-rate application. The translated signal data rate can be up to 500Mbps when signal is translated from 1.08V to 3.3V.

#### 7.3.3 $I_{off}$ Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

$I_{off}$  will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when device is in partial-power-down mode.

### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 7-1. Function Table

INPUT DIR <sup>(1)</sup>	OPERATION
L	B data to A bus
H	A data to B bus

(1) Input circuits of the data I/Os always are active.



## 8 Application and Implementation

### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

The SN74AVC1T45-Q1 device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The maximum data rate can be up to 500Mbps when device translate signal from 1.08V to 3.3V.

#### 8.1.1 Enable Times

Calculate the enable times for the SN74AVC1T45-Q1 using the following formulas:

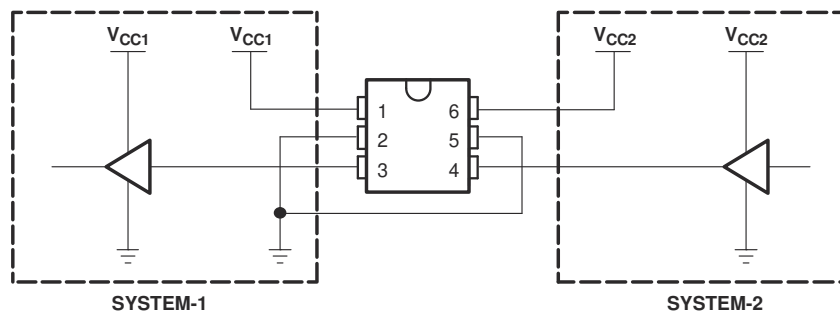
- $t_{PZH} \text{ (DIR to A)} = t_{PLZ} \text{ (DIR to B)} + t_{PLH} \text{ (B to A)}$
- $t_{PZL} \text{ (DIR to A)} = t_{PHZ} \text{ (DIR to B)} + t_{PHL} \text{ (B to A)}$
- $t_{PZH} \text{ (DIR to B)} = t_{PLZ} \text{ (DIR to A)} + t_{PLH} \text{ (A to B)}$
- $t_{PZL} \text{ (DIR to B)} = t_{PHZ} \text{ (DIR to A)} + t_{PHL} \text{ (A to B)}$

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the SN74AVC1T45-Q1 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched; the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

### 8.2 Typical Applications

#### 8.2.1 Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

Figure 8-1 shows an example of the SN74AVC1T45-Q1 being used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.



**Figure 8-1. Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
1	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CC1</sub>	SYSTEM-1 supply voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)
2	GND	GND	Device GND
3	A	OUT	Output level depends on V <sub>CC1</sub> voltage.
4	B	IN	Input threshold value depends on V <sub>CC2</sub> voltage.
5	DIR	DIR	GND (low level) determines B-port to A-port direction.
6	V <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CC2</sub>	SYSTEM-2 supply voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)

### 8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in [Table 8-1](#).

**Table 8-1. Design Parameters**

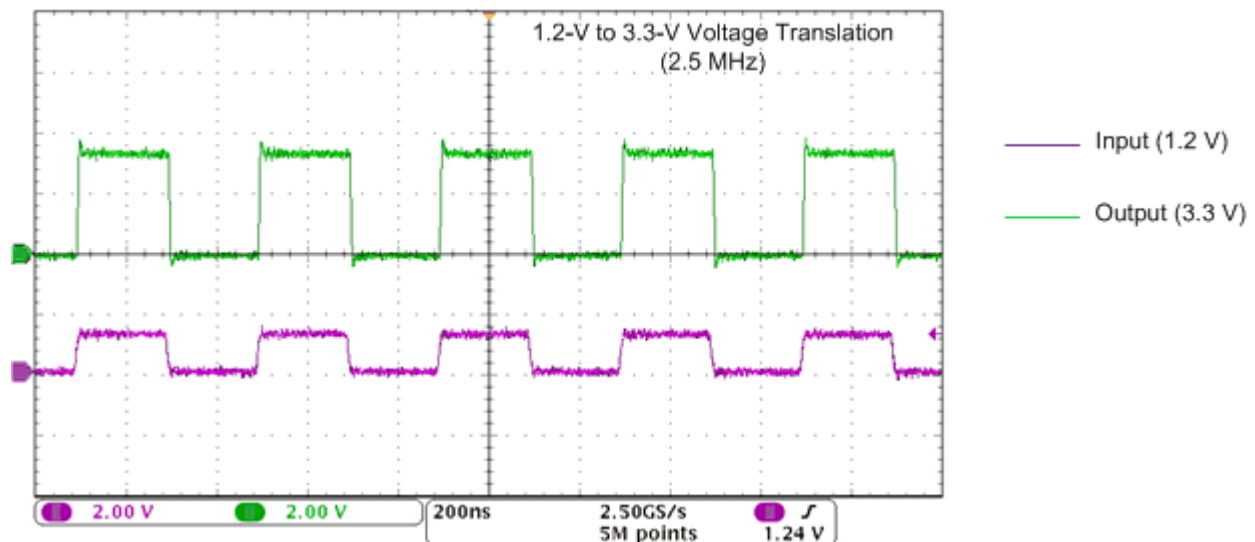
DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUES
Input voltage range	1.2V to 3.6V
Output voltage range	1.2V to 3.6V

### 8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
  - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74AVC1T45-Q1 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic-high, the value must exceed the  $V_{IH}$  of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the  $V_{IL}$  of the input port.
- Output voltage range
  - Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74AVC1T45-Q1 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

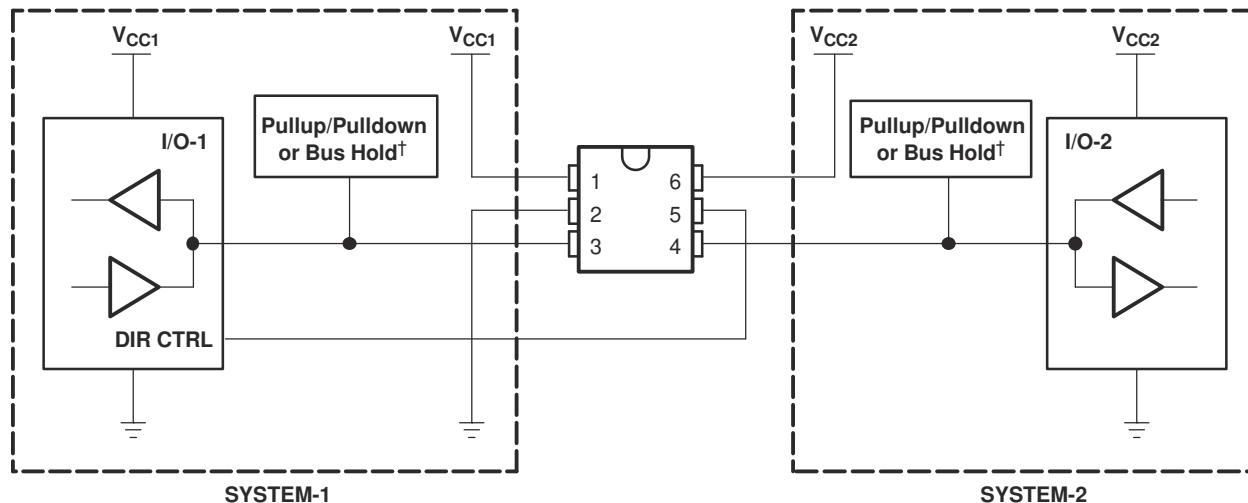
### 8.2.1.3 Application Curve



**Figure 8-2. Translation Up (1.2V to 3.3V) at 2.5MHz**

## 8.2.2 Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

Figure 8-3 shows the SN74AVC1T45-Q1 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Because the SN74AVC1T45-Q1 does not have an output-enable (OE) pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 when changing directions.



**Figure 8-3. Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application**

The following table provides data transmission from SYSTEM-1 to SYSTEM-2 and then from SYSTEM-2 to SYSTEM-1.

**Table 8-2. Data Transmission: SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2**

STATE	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	DESCRIPTION
1	H	Out	In	SYSTEM-1 data to SYSTEM-2
2	H	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	SYSTEM-2 is getting ready to send data to SYSTEM-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on pullup or pulldown. <sup>(1)</sup>
3	L	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	DIR bit is flipped. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on pullup or pulldown. <sup>(1)</sup>
4	L	In	Out	SYSTEM-2 data to SYSTEM-1

(1) SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 must use the same conditions (for example, both pullup or both pulldown).

### 8.2.2.1 Design Requirements

Refer to [Section 8.2.1.1](#).

### 8.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Refer to [Section 8.2.1.2](#).

### 8.2.2.3 Application Curve

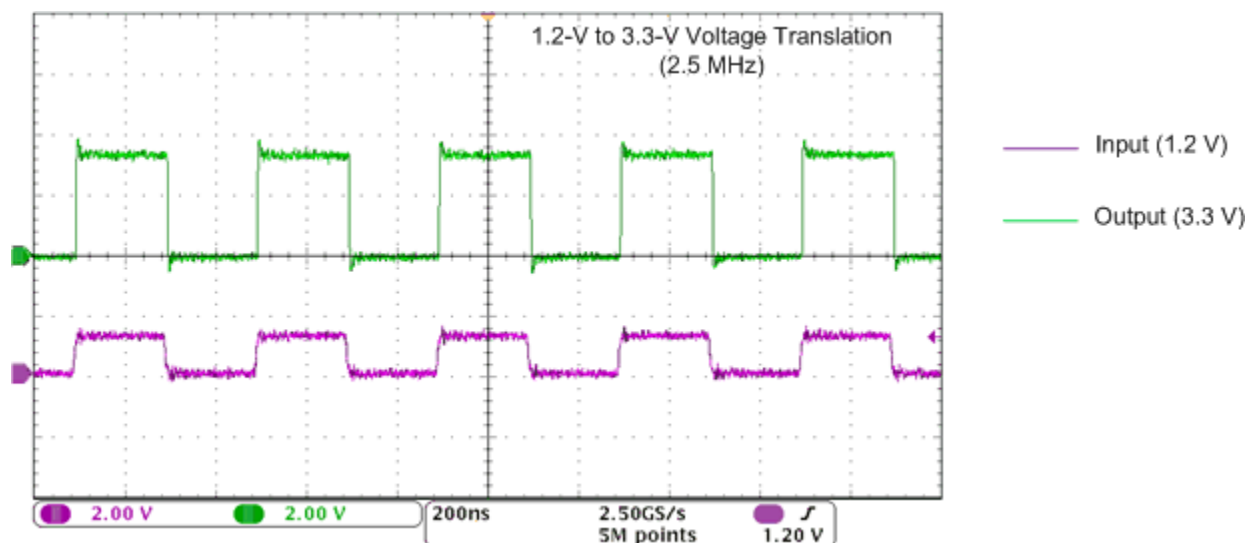


Figure 8-4. Translation Up (1.2V to 3.3V) at 2.5MHz

## 8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The SN74AVC1T45-Q1 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails,  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$ .  $V_{CCA}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.08V to 3.6V, and  $V_{CCB}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.08V to 3.6V. The A port and B port are designed to track  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  respectively allowing for low-voltage, bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5 V, 1.8V, and 3.3V voltage nodes.

### 8.3.1 Power-Up Considerations

A proper power-up sequence always should be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies. To guard against such power-up problems, take the following precautions:

1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
2. Power up  $V_{CCA}$ .
3.  $V_{CCB}$  can be ramped up along with or after  $V_{CCA}$ .

Table 8-3. Typical Total Static Power Consumption ( $I_{CCA} + I_{CCB}$ )

$V_{CCB}$	$V_{CCA}$						UNIT
	0V	1.2V	1.5V	1.8V	2.5V	3.3V	
0V	0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	$\mu A$
1.2V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	
1.5V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	
1.8V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
2.5V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
3.3V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	

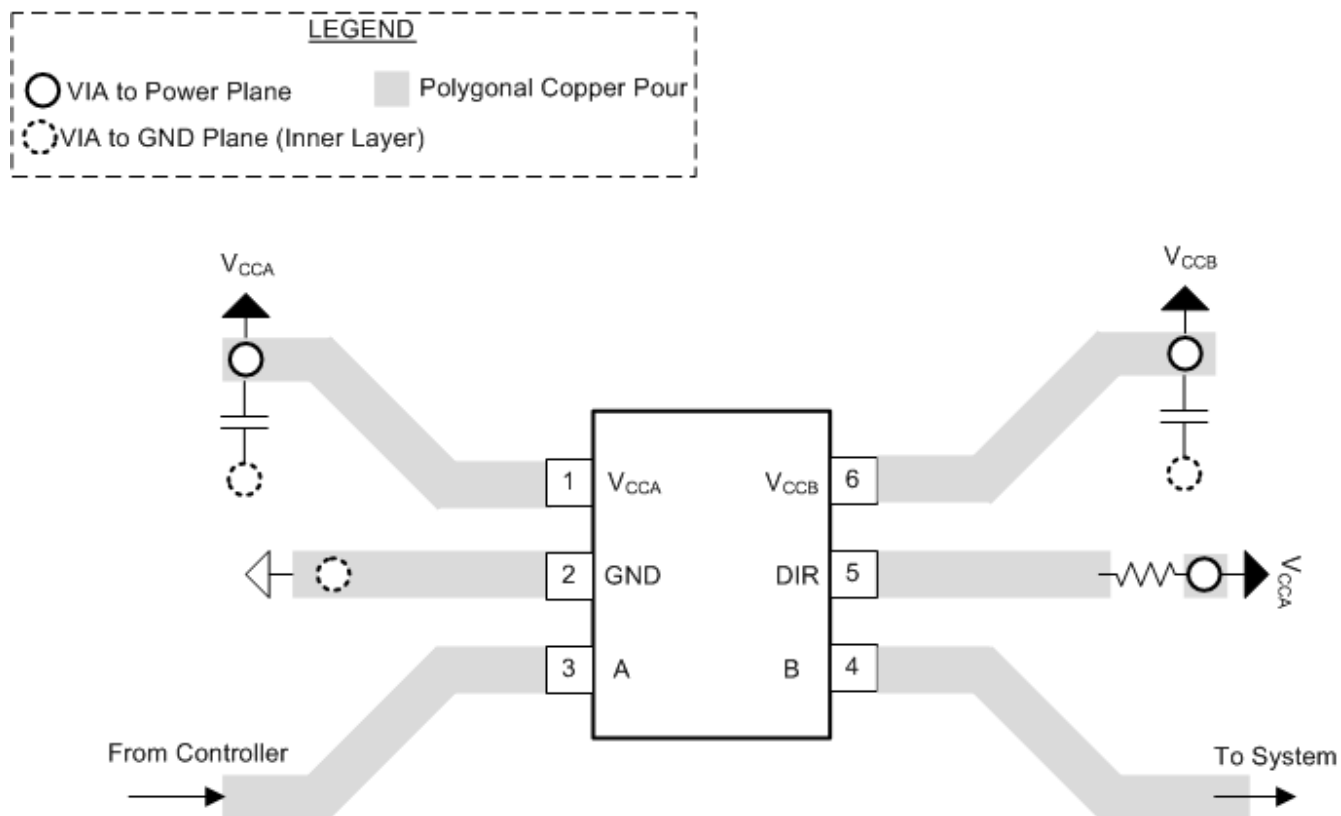
## 8.4 Layout

### 8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

For device reliability, it is recommended to follow common printed-circuit board layout guidelines such as follows:

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- Placing pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on the system requirements.

### 8.4.2 Layout Example



**Figure 8-5. PCB Layout Example**

## 9 Device and Documentation Support

### 9.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on [ti.com](https://www.ti.com). Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 9.2 Support Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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### 9.3 Trademarks

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### 9.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 9.5 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 10 Revision History

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
May 2024	*	Initial Release

## 11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
<a href="#">CAVC1T45QDCKRQ1</a>	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1SO
CAVC1T45QDCKRQ1.A	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1SO
<a href="#">CAVC1T45QDRYRQ1</a>	Active	Production	SON (DRY)   6	5000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PZ

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

<sup>(2)</sup> **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

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### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74AVC1T45-Q1 :

- Catalog : [SN74AVC1T45](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product



## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CAVC1T45QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCR	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.3	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
CAVC1T45QDRYRQ1	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	8.4	1.2	1.65	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



\*All dimensions are nominal

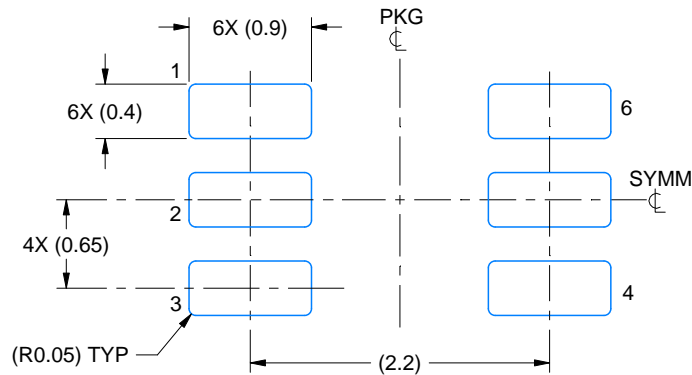
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CAVC1T45QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
CAVC1T45QDRYRQ1	SON	DRY	6	5000	210.0	185.0	35.0



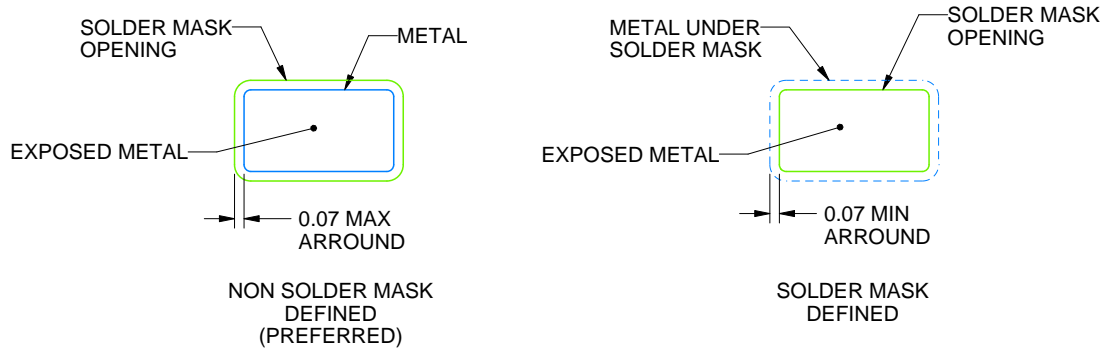
**DCK0006A**

### SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:18X



## SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214835/D 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.  
6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
 BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL  
 SCALE:18X

4214835/D 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

**DRY 6**

**USON - 0.6 mm max height**

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4207181/G

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