



Support & training



SN74AUP2G07 SCES748E - SEPTEMBER 2009 - REVISED OCTOBER 2021

# SN74AUP2G07 Low-Power Dual Buffer/Driver With Open-Drain Outputs

### 1 Features

- Low static-power consumption  $(I_{CC} = 0.9 \ \mu A \ maximum)$
- Low dynamic-power consumption  $(C_{pd} = 1 \text{ pF typical at 3.3 V})$
- Low input capacitance ( $C_i = 1.5 \text{ pF typical}$ )
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot • <10% of V<sub>CC</sub>
- loff supports live insertion, partial-power-down mode, and back-drive protection
- Input hysteresis allows slow input transition and better switching noise immunity at the input  $(V_{hvs} = 250 \text{ mV typical at } 3.3 \text{ V})$
- Wide operating V<sub>CC</sub> range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- Optimized for 3.3 V operation
- 3.6-V I/O tolerant to support mixed-mode signal ٠ operation
- $t_{pd}$  = 3.3 ns maximum at 3.3 V
- Suitable for point-to-point applications
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD performance tested per JESD 22
  - 4500-V human-body model
  - 1500-V charged-device model

### 2 Applications

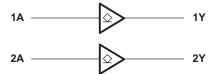
- Active noise cancellation (ANC)
- **Barcode scanners**
- Blood pressure monitors
- **CPAP** machines
- Cable solutions
- DLP 3D machine vision, hyperspectral imaging, optical networking, and spectroscopy
- E-books and smartphones
- Embedded PCs
- Field transmitters: temperature or pressure sensor
- **Fingerprint biometrics**
- HVAC: heating, ventilating, and air conditioning
- Network-attached storage (NAS)
- Server motherboards and PSUs
- Software defined radios (SDR)
- TVs: high-definition (HDTV), LCD, and digital
- Video communication systems
- Wireless data access cards, headsets, keyboards, mice, and LAN cards
- X-ray: baggage scanners, medical, and dental

#### **3 Description**

The SN74AUP2G07 device is a dual buffer gate with open drain output that operates from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

Device Information								
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE (1)	BODY SIZE (NOM)						
	SC70 (6)	3.00 mm × 1.25 mm						
SN74AUP2G07	SON (6)	1.45 mm × 1.00 mm						
SN/4AUF2GU/	SON (6)	1.00 mm × 1.00 mm						
	DSBGA (6)	1.16 mm × 0.76 mm						

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at (1)the end of the data sheet.



#### Simplified Block Diagram





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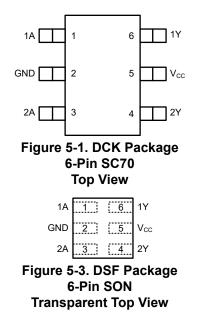
### **4 Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

С	nanges from Revision D (February 2016) to Revision E (October 2021) Page
•	Changed pinout images style and formatting, removed overlapping letters in YZP package drawing, corrected BGA pin numbers in the <i>Pin Functions</i> table, changed V <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin Functions</i> table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin TYPE From: "—" To: "P" in the <i>Pin</i> functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and GND pin type functions table, changed v <sub>CC</sub> and go pin type functions table, changed
•	<i>Functions</i> table and added footnote to the <i>Pin Functions</i> table to define pin types
•	Changed the V <sub>O</sub> Output voltage in the Section 6.3 table from $V_{CC}$ to '3.6'
•	Updated $R_{\theta,JA}$ values to more accurately reflect device characteristics: YFP 132 to 125.4, DCK 252 to 302.4,
	DRY 234 to 338, DSF 300 to 372.5, added standard thermal characteristics for all packages (R <sub>0JC(top)</sub> , R <sub>0JB</sub> ,
	$\Psi_{JT}, \Psi_{JB}, R_{\theta JC(bot)})$
С	nanges from Revision C (November 2014) to Revision D (February 2016) Page
•	Changed the V <sub>CC</sub> pin TYPE From: "I" To: "—" in the <i>Pin Functions</i> table
•	Added "Junction temperature" to the Section 6.1 table
•	Deleted the I <sub>OH</sub> High-level output current from the Section 6.3 table
•	Deleted V <sub>OH</sub> PARAMETER from the Section 6.5 table, these specifications do not pertain to open drain
	devices
С	nanges from Revision B (September 2009) to Revision C (November 2014) Page
•	Removed Ordering Information table1
•	Added Applications, Device Information table, Pin Functions table, Handling Ratings table, Thermal Information table, Typical Characteristics, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section



### **5** Pin Configuration and Functions



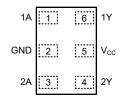


Figure 5-2. DRY Package 6-Pin SON Transparent Top View

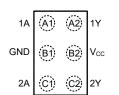


Figure 5-4. YFP Package 6-Pin DSBGA Transparent Top View

See the mechanical drawings for dimensions.

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

	PIN							
NAME	DCK, DSF, DRY, YFP	(BGA) YFP	TYPE <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION				
1A	1	A1	I	Input 1				
1Y	6	A2	0	Output 1				
2A	3	C1	I	Input 2				
2Y	4	C2	0	Output 2				
GND	2	B1	Р	Ground				
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	B2	Р	Power Pin				

(1) I = Input, O = Output, P = Power

### 6 Specifications 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>cc</sub>	Supply voltage range		-0.5	4.6	V
VI	Input voltage range <sup>(1)</sup>		-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	/oltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state <sup>(1)</sup>		-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	Output voltage range in the low state <sup>(1)</sup>		-0.5	4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>ОК</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
lo	Continuous output current			±20	mA
	Continuous current through $V_{CC}$ or GND			±50	mA
TJ	Junction temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

(1) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±4500	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 500-V HBM is possible with the necessary precautions.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 250-V CDM is possible with the necessary precautions.



#### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub>		
V	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>		V
VIH	riigh-ievel input voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6		v
		$V_{CC}$ = 3 V to 3.6 V	2		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		0	
V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V		0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IH</sub> V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>0</sub> I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V		0.9	
VI	Input voltage		0	3.6	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	3.6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		20	μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V		1.1	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V		1.7	
V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>O</sub> I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		1.9	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		3.1	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		4	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	$V_{CC} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$		200	ns/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C

(1) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

#### **6.4 Thermal Information**

	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	YFP	DCK	DRY	DSF	UNIT
		6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	
R <sub>0JA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	125.4	302.4	338.0	372.5	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	1.9	219.5	228.9	179.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	37.2	106.7	203.5	231.2	°C/W
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.5	84.2	62.4	28.6	°C/W
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	37.5	106.0	203.6	230.9	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.



#### **6.5 Electrical Characteristics**

DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS	N	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C	UNIT		
PARAMETER		V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN TYP MAX	MIN MAX	UNIT		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA	0.8 V to 3.6 V	0.1	0.1			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.1 mA	1.1 V	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.7 mA	1.4 V	0.31	0.37			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.9 mA	1.65 V	0.31	0.35	V		
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.3 mA	2.3 V	0.31	0.33	V		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 3.1 mA	2.3 V	0.44	0.45			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.7 mA	3 V	0.31	0.33			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	3 V	0.44	0.45			
II A or B input	$V_{I} = GND$ to 3.6 V	0 V to 3.6 V	0.1	0.5	μA		
l <sub>off</sub>	$V_{\rm I}$ or $V_{\rm O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	0 V	0.2	0.6	μA		
Δl <sub>off</sub>	$V_{\rm I}$ or $V_{\rm O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	0 V to 0.2 V	0.2	0.6	μA		
I <sub>CC</sub>	$V_I = GND \text{ or } (V_{CC} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}),$ $I_O = 0$	0.8 V to 3.6 V	0.5	0.9	μA		
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	$V_{\rm I} = V_{\rm CC} - 0.6 \ V^{(1)}, \ I_{\rm O} = 0$	3.3 V	40	50	μA		
C <sub>i</sub>	$V_1 = V_{CC}$ or GND	0 V	1.5		pF		
		3.6 V	1.5		μr		
Co	V <sub>O</sub> = GND	0 V	3		pF		

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

(1) One input at  $V_{CC}$  – 0.6 V, other input at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.



### 6.6 Switching Characteristics, C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF

over recommended	l operating free-ai	r temperature	e range (unless	otherwise noted)	(see Figure 7	-1 and Figure 7-2)
	i oporading noo ai	i tomporataro	range (aniece			

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C		UNIT
	(INPUT)		-	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	0.8 V		12.2						
	A	Y	1.2 V ± 0.1 V	3.4	5.1	7.5	1.5	14.7	ns
+			1.5 V ± 0.1 V	2.3	3.6	5.1	1.3	8.3	
t <sub>pd</sub>			1.8 V ± 0.15 V	2.4	3.1	4	1	6.3	
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.5	2.1	2.9	0.9	4.1	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.8	2.2	2.8	1.1	3.3	

# 6.7 Switching Characteristics, $C_L$ = 10 pF

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1 and Figure 7-2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	то (ОИТРИТ)	V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C		UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
		Y	0.8 V 15						
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4	6.2	9	2.4	16.2	ns
	•		1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.1	4.4	6.1	2	9.4	
Lpd	t <sub>pd</sub> A		1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.3	3.9	4.8	1.6	7.1	
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2.1	2.8	3.5	1.3	4.8	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.3	3	4	1.4	4.5	

### 6.8 Switching Characteristics, C<sub>L</sub> = 15 pF

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1 and Figure 7-2)

PARAMETER	FROM	то (оитрит)	V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C		UNIT
	(INPUT)			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
		Y	0.8 V		18.2				ns
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4.9	7.3	10.4	3.2	17.6	
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.8	5.2	6.8	2.6	10.2	
t <sub>pd</sub>	A		1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.4	4.8	6.7	2.2	7.9	
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2.4	3.4	4.5	1.9	5.3	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.2	3.7	5.4	1.8	6.1	

#### 6.9 Switching Characteristics, C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 7-1 and Figure 7-2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	то (оитрит)	Vaa		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			40°C 5°C	UNIT	
	(INPOT)			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	X I	
		$Y \qquad \begin{array}{c cccc} 0.8 \ V & 26.5 \\ \hline 1.2 \ V \pm 0.1 \ V & 8.1 & 10.7 \\ \hline 1.5 \ V \pm 0.1 \ V & 6.5 & 7.7 \\ \hline 1.8 \ V \pm 0.15 \ V & 5.8 & 7.5 \\ \hline 2.5 \ V \pm 0.2 \ V & 4.5 & 5.4 \\ \hline 3.3 \ V \pm 0.3 \ V & 3.9 & 6.3 \end{array}$	0.8 V		26.5					
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V	8.1	10.7	14.4	4.5	21.9	- 1	
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V	6.5	7.7	9.4	3.8	13		
t <sub>pd</sub>	A		1.8 V ± 0.15 V	5.8	7.5	9.7	3.2	11		
			6.7	3	7.1					
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3.9	6.3	9.7	2.8	10.4	).4	

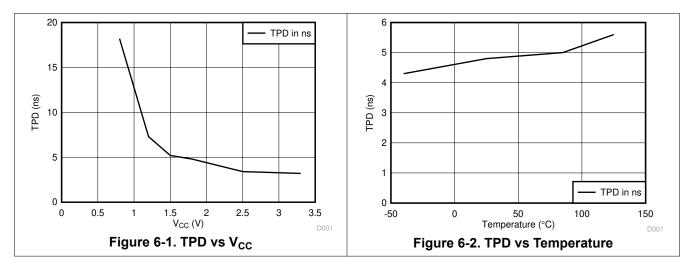


### 6.10 Operating Characteristics

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	TYP	UNIT	
			0.8 V	4		
		1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4			
C	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	1.5 V ± 0.1 V	4	pF	
C <sub>pd</sub> Power dissipati	Power dissipation capacitance		1.8 V ± 0.15 V	4		
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	4.1		
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	4.3		

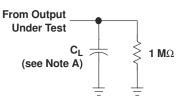
### 6.11 Typical Characteristics





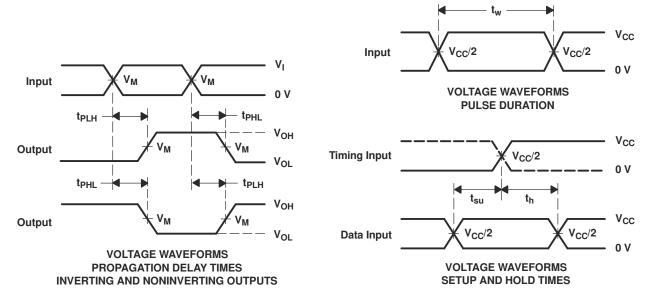
### **7 Parameter Measurement Information**

#### 7.1 Propagation Delays, Setup and Hold Times, and Pulse Duration



#### LOAD CIRCUIT

	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V
CL	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF
V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
VI	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>



NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>t</sub>/t<sub>f</sub> = 3 ns.

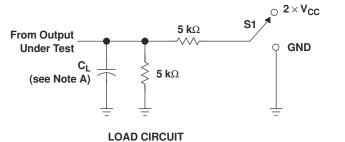
C. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

- D.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ . E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

#### Figure 7-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

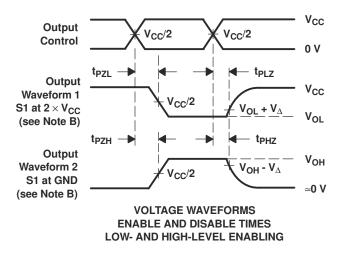


#### 7.2 Enable and Disable Times



TEST	S1	
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	$2 \times V_{CC}$	
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND	

	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V
С <sub>L</sub>	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF
V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
V <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>
V <sub>Δ</sub>	0.1 V	0.1 V	0.1 V	0.15 V	0.15 V	0.3 V



- NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>r</sub>/t<sub>f</sub> = 3 ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

#### Figure 7-2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



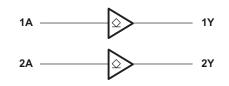
### 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The SN74AUP2G07 device is a dual buffer gate with open-drain outputs that operate from 0.8 V to 3.6 V. The output of this dual buffer/driver is open-drain, and can be connected to other open-drain outputs to implement active-low wired-OR or active-high wired-AND functions.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. The  $I_{off}$  feature also allows for live insertion.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 8.3 Feature Description

- Wide operating  $V_{CC}$  range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- 3.6-V I/O tolerant to support down translation
- · Input hysteresis allows slow input transition and better switching noise immunity at the input
- I<sub>off</sub> feature allows voltages on the inputs and outputs when V<sub>CC</sub> is 0 V
- Low noise due to slower edge rates

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 8-1 is the function table for SN74AUP2G07.

	fiction table
INPUT <sup>(1)</sup>	OUTPUT <sup>(2)</sup>
Α	Y
Н	Z
L	L

#### Table 8-1. Function Table

(1) L = Input low, H = Input high

(2) L = Output low, Z = High

impedance



#### 9 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 9.1 Application Information

The AUP family is TI's premier solution to the industry's low-power needs in battery-powered portable applications. This family ensures very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V, resulting in increased battery life. This product also maintains excellent signal integrity. It has a small amount of hysteresis built in, allowing for slower or noisy input signals. The lowered drive produces slower edges and prevents overshoot and undershoot on the outputs.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

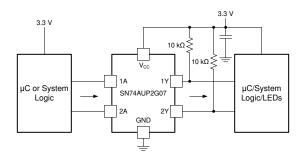


Figure 9-1. Typical Application Schematic

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

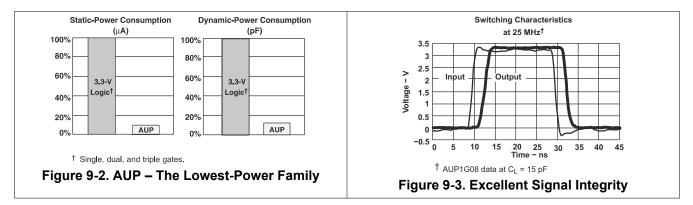
This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Care should be taken to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Recommended Input Conditions:
  - For rise time and fall time specifications, see  $\Delta t/\Delta V$  in the Section 6.3 table.
  - For specified high and low levels. See V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub> in the Section 6.3 table.
  - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 3.6 V at any valid V<sub>CC</sub>.
- 2. Recommend Output Conditions:
  - · Load currents should not exceed 20 mA on the output and 50 mA total for the part.



#### 9.2.3 Application Curves



The AUP family of single gate logic makes excellent translators for the new lower voltage microprocessors that typically are powered from 0.8 V to 1.2 V. They can drop the voltage of peripheral drivers and accessories that are still powered by 3.3 V to the new uC power levels.

#### **10 Power Supply Recommendations**

The power supply can be any voltage between the Min and Max supply voltage rating located in the *Section 6.3* table.

Each V<sub>CC</sub> pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1  $\mu$ F is recommended; if there are multiple V<sub>CC</sub> pins, then 0.01  $\mu$ F or 0.022  $\mu$ F is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1  $\mu$ F and a 1  $\mu$ F are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

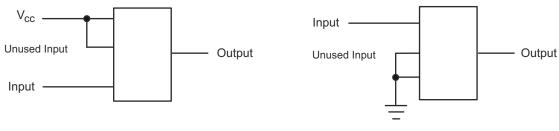
#### 11 Layout

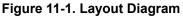
#### **11.1 Layout Guidelines**

In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used.

Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. Figure 11-1 specifies the rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is acceptable to float outputs, unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin, it will disable the output section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the I/Os, so they cannot float when disabled.

#### 11.2 Layout Example







### 12 Device and Documentation Support

#### **12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates**

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### **12.2 Support Resources**

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 12.3 Trademarks

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#### 12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 12.5 Glossary

TI Glossary This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/	MSL rating/	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
	(1)	(2)			(3)	Ball material	Peak reflow		(6)
						(4)	(5)		
SN74AUP2G07DCKR	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN   NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(H55, H5F)
SN74AUP2G07DCKR.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(H55, H5F)
SN74AUP2G07DRYR	Active	Production	SON (DRY)   6	5000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H5
SN74AUP2G07DRYR.B	Active	Production	SON (DRY)   6	5000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H5
SN74AUP2G07DSFR	Active	Production	SON (DSF)   6	5000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   NIPDAUAG   NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H5
SN74AUP2G07DSFR.B	Active	Production	SON (DSF)   6	5000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H5
SN74AUP2G07DSFRG4	Active	Production	SON (DSF)   6	5000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H5
SN74AUP2G07DSFRG4.B	Active	Production	SON (DSF)   6	5000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H5
SN74AUP2G07YFPR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVN
SN74AUP2G07YFPR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVN

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.



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### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

17-Jun-2025

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STRUMENTS

#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AUP2G07DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.3	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP2G07DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	8.4	1.25	1.6	0.7	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74AUP2G07DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.15	1.6	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74AUP2G07DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.16	1.16	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q2
SN74AUP2G07DSFRG4	SON	DSF	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.16	1.16	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q2
SN74AUP2G07YFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	0.89	1.29	0.62	4.0	8.0	Q1



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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

18-Jun-2025



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AUP2G07DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
SN74AUP2G07DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AUP2G07DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP2G07DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP2G07DSFRG4	SON	DSF	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP2G07YFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

# **YFP0006**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

### DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



# YFP0006

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

### DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



# YFP0006

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

### DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



# **DCK0006A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

### SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing an integration of a constraint of the minimeters. Any dimensions in parentnesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and to per ASME Y14.5M.
   This drawing is subject to change without notice.
   Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
   Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



# **DCK0006A**

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

### SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

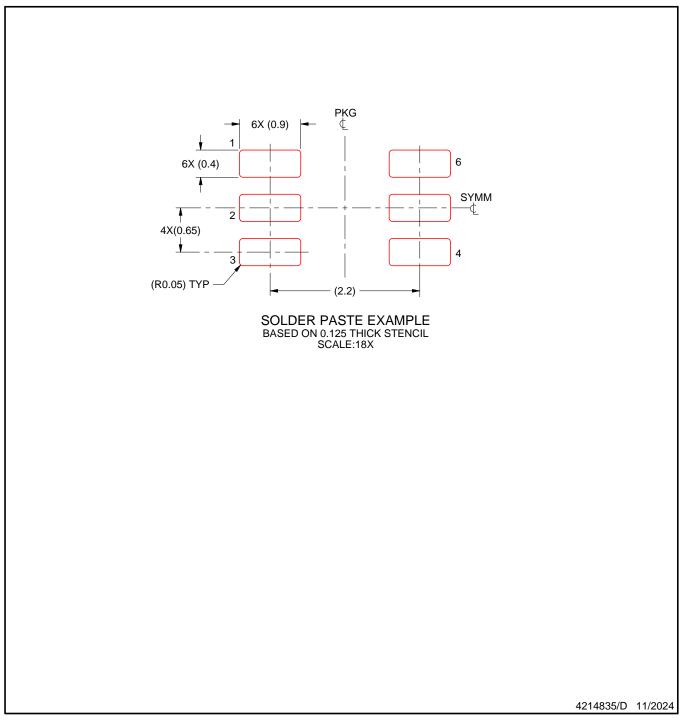


# **DCK0006A**

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

### SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



<sup>7.</sup> Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

### **GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW**

# USON - 0.6 mm max height PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4207181/G

# **DRY0006A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

### USON - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



# DRY0006A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

### USON - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see QFN/SON PCB application report in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



# DRY0006A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

### USON - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



# **DSF0006A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

### X2SON - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing Per ASME Y14.5M.
   This drawing is subject to change without notice.
   Reference JEDEC registration MO-287, variation X2AAF.



# **DSF0006A**

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

### X2SON - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

4. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



# **DSF0006A**

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

### X2SON - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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