









SN74AHCT157-Q1 SCAS979 - MARCH 2024

SN74AHCT157-Q1 Automotive Quadruple 2-Line to 1-Line Data Selectors Multiplexers

1 Features

- AEC-Q100 qualified for automotive applications:
 - Device temperature grade 1: -40°C to +125°C
 - Device HBM ESD classification level 2
 - Device CDM ESD classification level C4B
- Available in wettable flank QFN package
- Operating range 4.5V to 5.5V V_{CC}
- TTL-Compatible inputs
- Low delay, 6ns typ (25°C, 5V)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 250mA per JESD 17

2 Applications

3 Description

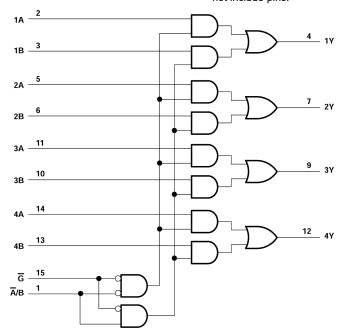
These quadruple 2-line to 1-line data selectors/ multiplexers are designed for 4.5V to 5.5V V_{CC} operation.

The SN74AHCT157-Q1 devices feature a common strobe (\overline{G}) input. When the strobe is high, all outputs are low. When the strobe is low, a 4-bit word is selected from one of two sources and is routed to the four outputs. The devices provide true data.

Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGE SIZE ⁽²⁾	BODY SIZE (NOM)
0117411107457.04	BQB (WQFN, 16)	3.5mm × 2.5mm	3.5mm × 2.5mm
SN74AHCT157-Q1	PW (TSSOP, 16)	5mm × 6.4mm	5mm × 4.4mm

- (1) For more information, see Section 11
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and (2) includes pins, where applicable.
- The body size (length × width) is a nominal value and does not include pins.



Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)



Table of Contents

1 Features	1	7.3 Feature Description	8
2 Applications	1	7.4 Device Functional Modes	
3 Description		8 Application and Implementation	11
4 Pin Configuration and Functions	3	8.1 Application Information	11
5 Specifications	4	8.2 Typical Application	
5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	4	8.3 Power Supply Recommendations	13
5.2 ESD Ratings		8.4 Layout	13
5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions	4	9 Device and Documentation Support	15
5.4 Thermal Information	4	9.1 Documentation Support	15
5.5 Electrical Characteristics	<mark>5</mark>	9.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates.	15
5.6 Switching Characteristics	5	9.3 Support Resources	15
5.7 Noise Characteristics		9.4 Trademarks	15
5.8 Typical Characteristics	6	9.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	15
6 Parameter Measurement Information	7	9.6 Glossary	15
7 Detailed Description	8	10 Revision History	15
7.1 Overview		11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
7.2 Functional Block Diagram	8	Information	15
-			

4 Pin Configuration and Functions

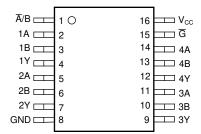


Figure 4-1. PW Package, 16-Pin TSSOP (Top View)

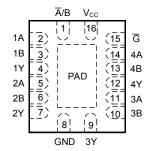


Figure 4-2. WBQB Package, 16-Pin WQFN (Transparent Top View)

Table 4-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	ITPE\''	DESCRIPTION
Ā/B	1	1	Address select
1A	2	I	Channel 1, data input A
1B	3	1	Channel 1, data input B
1Y	4	0	Channel 1, data output
2A	5	1	Channel 2, data input A
2B	6	1	Channel 2, data input B
2Y	7	0	Channel 2, data output
GND	8	G	Ground
3Y	9	0	Channel 3, data output
3B	10	1	Channel 3, data input B
3A	11	1	Channel 3, data input A
4Y	12	0	Channel 4, data output
4B	13	1	Channel 4, data input B
4A	14	1	Channel 4, data input A
G	15	1	Output strobe, active low
V _{CC}	16	Р	Positive supply
Thermal pad ⁽²⁾		_	The thermal pad can be connected to GND or left floating. Do not connect to any other signal or supply.

⁽¹⁾ Signal Types: I = Input, O = Output, I/O = Input or Output, P = Power, G = Ground.

⁽²⁾ WBQB package only.



5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range	Supply voltage range		7	V
VI	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾	nput voltage range ⁽²⁾		7	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to any outp	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾			V
Vo	Output voltage range ⁽²⁾		-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < -0.5V		-20	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V_{O} < -0.5V or V_{O} > V_{CC} + 0.5V		±20	mA
Io	Continuous output current	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}		±25	mA
	Continuous output current through	n V _{CC} or GND		±75	mA
TJ	Junction temperature			150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Operation outside the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent device damage. Absolute maximum ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. If briefly operating outside the *Recommended Operating Conditions* but within the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, the device may not sustain damage, but it may not be fully functional. Operating the device in this manner may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

(2) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
	Electrostatic	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 HBM ESD Classification Level 2 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	
V _(ESD)	discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011 CDM ESD Classification Level C4B	±1000	V

⁽¹⁾ AEC Q100-002 indicate that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Specification	Description	Condition	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5.5	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 5V	2		V
V _{IL}	Low-Level input voltage	V _{CC} = 5V		0.8	V
VI	Input Voltage		0	5.5	V
Vo	Output Voltage		0	V _{CC}	V
Гон	High-level output current	V _{CC} = 5V ± 0.5V		-8	mA
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	V _{CC} = 5V ± 0.5V		8	mA
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	V _{CC} = 5V ± 0.5V		20	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

5.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	WBQB (WQFN)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT
	THERMAL METRIC	16 PINS	16 PINS	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	105.6	135.9	°C/W
R ₀ JC(top)	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	96.6	70.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	75.4	81.3	°C/W

Product Folder Links: SN74AHCT157-Q1

5.4 Thermal Information (continued)

	THERMAL METRIC(1)	WBQB (WQFN)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT
	THERMAL METRIC	16 PINS	16 PINS	UNII
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	19.1	22.5	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	75.4	80.8	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	56.1	N/A	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V	TA	T _A = 25°C			to 125°	С	UNIT
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V	I _{OH} = -50μA	4.5V	4.4	4.5		4.4			V
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -8mA	4.5V	3.94			3.8			v
V	I _{OL} = 50μA	4.5V			0.1			0.1	V
V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 8mA	4.5V			0.36			0.44	V
I _I	V_I = 5.5V or GND and V_{CC} = 0V to 5.5V	0V to 5.5V			±0.1			±1	μA
Icc	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$, and $V_{CC} = 5.5V$	5.5V			4			40	μA
ΔI _{CC}	One input at 3.4V, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND	5V			1.35			1.5	mA
C _I	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5V		4	10			10	pF
Co	V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5V		5					pF
C _{PD}	No load, F = 1MHz	5V		90					pF

5.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range(unless otherwise noted). See Parameter Measurement Information

PARAMETER	FROM	то	LOAD	V	TA	= 25°0	3	-40°C	C to 125	5°C	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT) CAPACITANCE	V _{cc}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII	
t _{PHL}	A or B	Any Y	C _L = 15pF	5V ± 0.5V		3.7	6.4	1		9	ns
t _{PLH}	A or B	Any Y	C _L = 15pF	5V ± 0.5V		3.7	6.4	1		9	ns
t _{PHL}	G	Any Y	C _L = 15pF	5V ± 0.5V		5.6	8.6	1		12	ns
t _{PLH}	G	Any Y	C _L = 15pF	5V ± 0.5V		5.6	8.6	1		12	ns
t _{PHL}	Ā/B	Any Y	C _L = 15pF	5V ± 0.5V		5.1	8.1	1		11.5	ns
t _{PLH}	Ā/B	Any Y	C _L = 15pF	5V ± 0.5V		5.1	8.1	1		11.5	ns
t _{PHL}	A or B	Any Y	C _L = 50pF	5V ± 0.5V		4.9	8.5	1		11	ns
t _{PLH}	A or B	Any Y	C _L = 50pF	5V ± 0.5V		4.9	8.5	1		11	ns
t _{PHL}	G	Any Y	C _L = 50pF	5V ± 0.5V		7.1	11	1		14	ns
t _{PLH}	G	Any Y	C _L = 50pF	5V ± 0.5V		7.1	11	1		14	ns
t _{PHL}	Ā/B	Any Y	C _L = 50pF	5V ± 0.5V		6.4	10.4	1		13.5	ns
t _{PLH}	Ā/B	Any Y	C _L = 50pF	5V ± 0.5V		6.4	10.4	1		13.5	ns



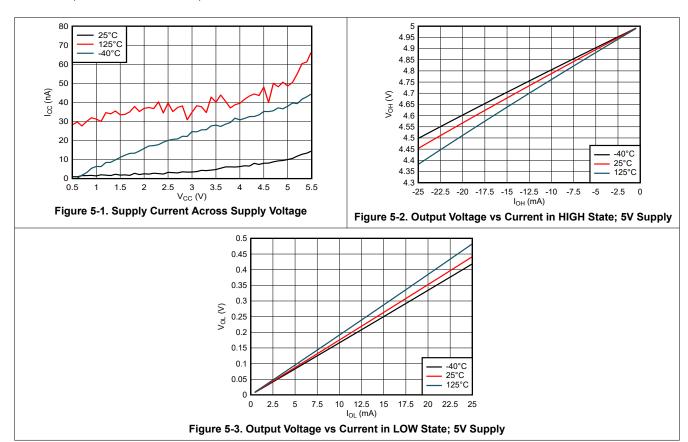
5.7 Noise Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OL(P)}	Quiet output, maximum dynamic V _{OL}		0.2	0.8	V
V _{OL(V)}	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OL}	-0.9	-0.2		V
V _{OH(V)}	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OH}	4.4	4.7		V
V _{IH(D)}	High-level dynamic input voltage	2			V
$V_{IL(D)}$	Low-level dynamic input voltage			0.8	V

5.8 Typical Characteristics

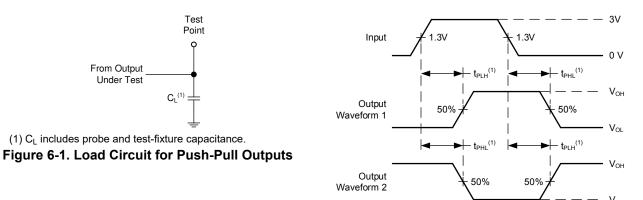
T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)



6 Parameter Measurement Information

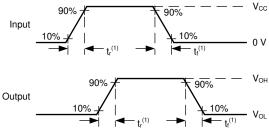
Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily for the examples listed in the following table. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1MHz, $Z_O = 50\Omega$, $t_t < 2.5$ ns.

The outputs are measured individually with one input transition per measurement.



(1) The greater between t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} is the same as $t_{\text{pd}}.$

Figure 6-2. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delays



(1) The greater between t_r and t_f is the same as t_t .

Figure 6-3. Voltage Waveforms, Input and Output Transition Times



7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The SN74AHCT157-Q1 is a high speed silicon gate CMOS multiplexer an excellent choice for multiplexing and data routing applications. It contains four 2:1 multiplexers.

The SN74AHCT157-Q1 operates asynchronously, with each Y output being equal to the input selected by the address input (\overline{A}/B) . All four channels are controlled by the same address input.

The strobe (\overline{G}) input forces all Y outputs low, regardless of the state of other inputs.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram

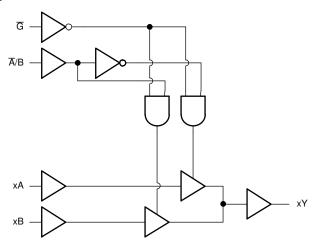


Figure 7-1. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic) for SN74AHCT157-Q1

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Balanced CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

This device includes balanced CMOS push-pull outputs. The term *balanced* indicates that the device can sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important to limit the output power of the device to avoid damage due to overcurrent. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

Unused push-pull CMOS outputs must be left disconnected.

7.3.2 TTL-Compatible CMOS Inputs

This device includes TTL-compatible CMOS inputs. These inputs are specifically designed to interface with TTL logic devices by having a reduced input voltage threshold.

TTL-compatible CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the *Electrical Characteristics*, using Ohm's law ($R = V \div I$).

TTL-compatible CMOS inputs require that input signals transition between valid logic states quickly, as defined by the input transition time or rate in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table. Failing to meet this specification will result in excessive power consumption and could cause oscillations. More details can be found in the *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs* application report.

Do not leave TTL-compatible CMOS inputs floating at any time during operation. Unused inputs must be terminated at V_{CC} or GND. If a system will not be actively driving an input at all times, a pull-up or pull-down

Product Folder Links: SN74AHCT157-Q1

resistor can be added to provide a valid input voltage during these times. The resistor value will depend on multiple factors; however, a $10k\Omega$ resistor is recommended and typically will meet all requirements.

7.3.3 Wettable Flanks

This device includes wettable flanks for at least one package. See the *Features* section on the front page of the data sheet where packages include this feature.

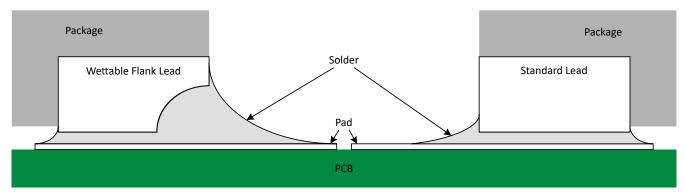


Figure 7-2. Simplified Cutaway View of Wettable-Flank QFN Package and Standard QFN Package After Soldering

Wettable flanks help improve side wetting after soldering, which makes QFN packages easier to inspect with automatic optical inspection (AOI). As shown in Figure 7-2, a wettable flank can be dimpled or step-cut to provide additional surface area for solder adhesion which assists in reliably creating a side fillet. See the mechanical drawing for additional details.

7.3.4 Clamp Diode Structure

As Figure 7-3 shows, the outputs to this device have both positive and negative clamping diodes, and the inputs to this device have negative clamping diodes only.

CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

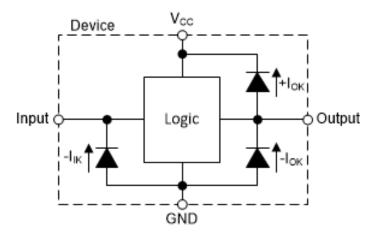


Figure 7-3. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output



7.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 7-1. Function Table

	INPUTS							
G	Ā/B	Α	В	Y				
Н	X	X	Х	L				
L	L	L	X	L				
L	L	Н	X	Н				
L	Н	X	L	L				
L	Н	X	Н	Н				

8 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The SN74AHCT157-Q1 is a quadruple 2-to-1 data selector/multiplexer. The following application shows an example of using the device with all required connections to switch a 4-bit data bus between two source devices.

8.2 Typical Application

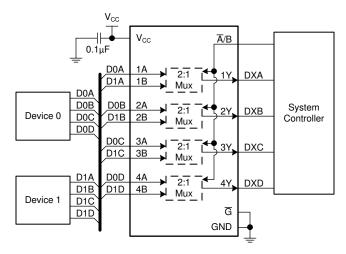


Figure 8-1. Typical Application Block Diagram

8.2.1 Design Requirements

8.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the device's electrical characteristics of the device as described in the *Electrical Characteristics* section.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the total current to be sourced by all outputs of the SN74AHCT157-Q1 plus the maximum static supply current, I_{CC} , listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only source as much current that is provided by the positive supply source. Ensure the maximum total current through V_{CC} listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not exceeded.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SN74AHCT157-Q1 plus the maximum supply current, I_{CC}, listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current that can be sunk into its ground connection. Ensure the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not exceeded.

The SN74AHCT157-Q1 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50pF while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied; however, it is not recommended to exceed 50pF.

The SN74AHCT157-Q1 can drive a load with total resistance described by $R_L \ge V_O / I_O$, with the output voltage and current defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table with V_{OH} and V_{OL} . When outputting in the HIGH state,



the output voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the V_{CC} pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in *CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation*.

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in *Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear* and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices.

CAUTION

The maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(max)}$ listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

8.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross $V_{IL(max)}$ to be considered a logic LOW, and $V_{IH(min)}$ to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either V_{CC} or ground. The unused inputs can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input will be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74AHCT157-Q1 (as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*), and the desired input transition rate limits the resistor size. A $10k\Omega$ resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The SN74AHCT157-Q1 has CMOS inputs and thus requires fast input transitions to operate correctly, as defined in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table. Slow input transitions can cause oscillations, additional power consumption, and reduction in device reliability.

Refer to the *Feature Description* section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

8.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The positive supply voltage is used to produce the output HIGH voltage. Drawing current from the output will decrease the output voltage as specified by the V_{OH} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the V_{OL} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Push-pull outputs that could be in opposite states, even for a very short time period, should never be connected directly together. This can cause excessive current and damage to the device.

Two channels within the same device with the same input signals can be connected in parallel for additional output drive strength.

Product Folder Links: SN74AHCT157-Q1

Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to V_{CC} or ground.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

omit Document Feedback

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Add a decoupling capacitor from V_{CC} to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the V_{CC} and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the *Layout* section.
- Ensure the capacitive load at the output is ≤ 50pF. This is not a hard limit; by design, however, it will
 optimize performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the
 SN74AHCT157-Q1 to one or more of the receiving devices.
- 3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than $(V_{CC} / I_{O(max)})\Omega$. Doing this will prevent the maximum output current from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* from being violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in M Ω ; much larger than the minimum calculated previously.
- 4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates; the power consumption and thermal increase, however, can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, *CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation*.

8.2.3 Application Curve

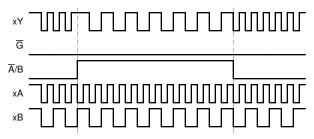


Figure 8-2. Application Timing Diagram

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each V_{CC} terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A $0.1\mu F$ capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. The $0.1\mu F$ and $1\mu F$ capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices, inputs must never be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused; for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or $V_{\rm CC}$, whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.



8.4.2 Layout Example

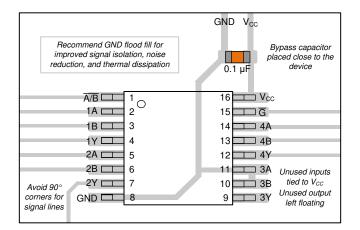


Figure 8-3. Example Layout for the SN74AHCT157-Q1

9 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

9.1 Documentation Support

9.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation
- Texas Instruments, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs
- · Texas Instruments, Understanding Schmitt Triggers

9.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

9.3 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

9.4 Trademarks

TI E2E[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

9.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

9.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

10 Revision History

DATE	REVISION	NOTES				
March 2024	*	Initial Release				

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

www.ti.com 8-Nov-2025

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
SN74AHCT157QPWRQ1	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AHT157Q
SN74AHCT157QPWRQ1.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AHT157Q

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74AHCT157-Q1:

Catalog: SN74AHCT157

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 8-Nov-2025

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

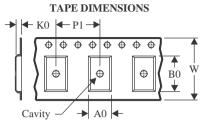
 $_{\bullet}$ Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 23-Jul-2025

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

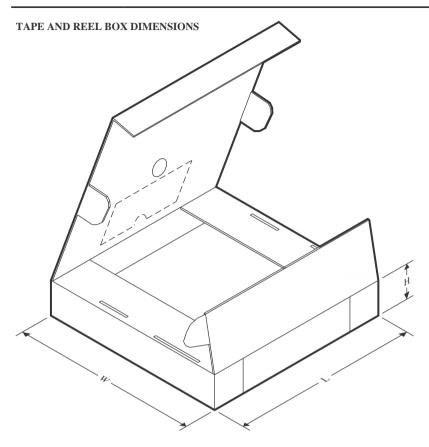


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	_	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AHCT157QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	16	3000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 23-Jul-2025



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AHCT157QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	16	3000	353.0	353.0	32.0



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale, TI's General Quality Guidelines, or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products. Unless TI explicitly designates a product as custom or customer-specified, TI products are standard, catalog, general purpose devices.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may propose.

Copyright © 2025, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Last updated 10/2025