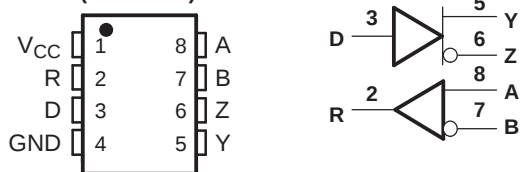


FEATURES

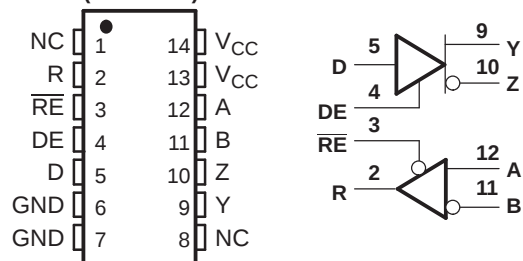
- Controlled Baseline
 - One Assembly/Test Site, One Fabrication Site
- Enhanced Diminishing Manufacturing Sources (DMS) Support
- Enhanced Product-Change Notification
- Qualification Pedigree ⁽¹⁾
- Meet or Exceed the Requirements of ANSI TIA/EIA-644-1995 Standard
- Signaling Rates up to 400 Mbps
- Bus-Terminal ESD Exceeds 12 kV
- Operates From a Single 3.3-V Supply
- Low-Voltage Differential Signaling With Typical Output Voltages of 350 mV and a 100-Ω Load
- Propagation Delay Times
 - Driver: 1.7 ns Typ
 - Receiver: 3.7 ns Typ
- Power Dissipation at 200 MHz
 - Driver: 25 mW Typical
 - Receiver: 60 mW Typical
- LVTTL Input Levels Are 5-V Tolerant
- Receiver Maintains High Input Impedance With $V_{CC} < 1.5$ V
- Receiver Has Open-Circuit Fail Safe

(1) Component qualification in accordance with JEDEC and industry standards to ensure reliable operation over an extended temperature range. This includes, but is not limited to, Highly Accelerated Stress Test (HAST) or biased 85/85, temperature cycle, autoclave or unbiased HAST, electromigration, bond intermetallic life, and mold compound life. Such qualification testing should not be viewed as justifying use of this component beyond specified performance and environmental limits.

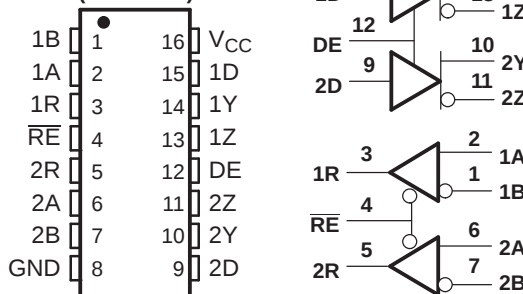
**SN65LVDS179
D OR DGK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



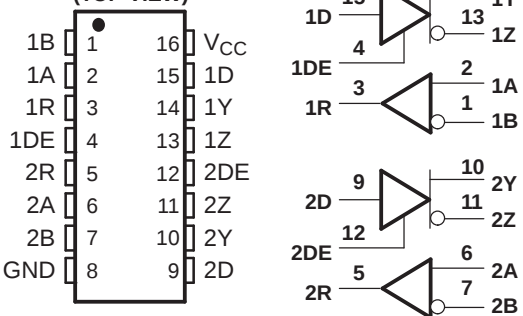
**SN65LVDS180
D OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



**SN65LVDS050
D OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



**SN65LVDS051
D OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The SN65LVDS179, SN65LVDS180, SN65LVDS050, and SN65LVDS051 are differential line drivers and receivers that use low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) to achieve signaling rates as high as 400 Mbps. The TIA/EIA-644 standard compliant electrical interface provides a minimum differential output voltage magnitude of 247 mV into a 100-Ω load, and receipt of 100-mV signals with up to 1 V of ground potential difference between a transmitter and receiver.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

**SN65LVDS179-EP, SN65LVDS180-EP
SN65LVDS050-EP, SN65LVDS051-EP
HIGH-SPEED DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVERS AND RECEIVERS**

SGLS203B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED JANUARY 2007

DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The intended application of this device and signaling technique is for point-to-point baseband data transmission over controlled impedance media of approximately 100-Ω characteristic impedance. The transmission media may be printed circuit board traces, backplanes, or cables. (Note: The ultimate rate and distance of data transfer is dependent upon the attenuation characteristics of the media, the noise coupling to the environment, and other application specific characteristics.)

The devices offer various driver, receiver, and enabling combinations in industry standard footprints. Since these devices are intended for use in simplex or distributed simplex bus structures, the driver enable function does not put the differential outputs into a high-impedance state, but rather disconnects the input and reduces the quiescent power used by the device. (For these functions with a high-impedance driver output, see the SN65LVDM series of devices.) All devices are characterized for operation from –55°C to 125°C.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS⁽¹⁾

T _A	PACKAGE		
	SMALL OUTLINE (D)	SMALL OUTLINE (DGK)	SMALL OUTLINE (PW)
-55°C TO 125°C	SN65LVDS050MDREP ⁽²⁾		SN65LVDS050MPWREP ⁽²⁾
	SN65LVDS051MDREP ⁽²⁾		SN65LVDS051MPWREP ⁽²⁾
	SN65LVDS179MDREP ⁽²⁾	SN65LVDS179MDGKREP	
	SN65LVDS180MDREP ⁽²⁾		SN65LVDS180MPWREP ⁽²⁾

(1) For the most current packaging and ordering information, see the Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

(2) Product Preview

FUNCTION TABLES

SN65LVDS179 Receiver⁽¹⁾

INPUTS	OUTPUT R
$V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$	
$V_{ID} \geq 100 \text{ mV}$	H
$-100 \text{ mV} < V_{ID} < 100 \text{ mV}$	?
$V_{ID} \leq -100 \text{ mV}$	L
Open	H

(1) H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate

SN65LVDS179 Driver⁽¹⁾

INPUT D	OUTPUTS	
	Y	Z
L	L	H
H	H	L
Open	L	H

(1) H = high level, L = low level

SN65LVDS180, SN65LVDS050, and SN65LVDS051 Receiver⁽¹⁾

INPUTS		OUTPUT R
$V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$	$\overline{RE}$	
$V_{ID} \geq 100 \text{ mV}$	L	H
$-100 \text{ mV} < V_{ID} < 100 \text{ mV}$	L	?
$V_{ID} \leq -100 \text{ mV}$	L	L
Open	L	H
X	H	Z

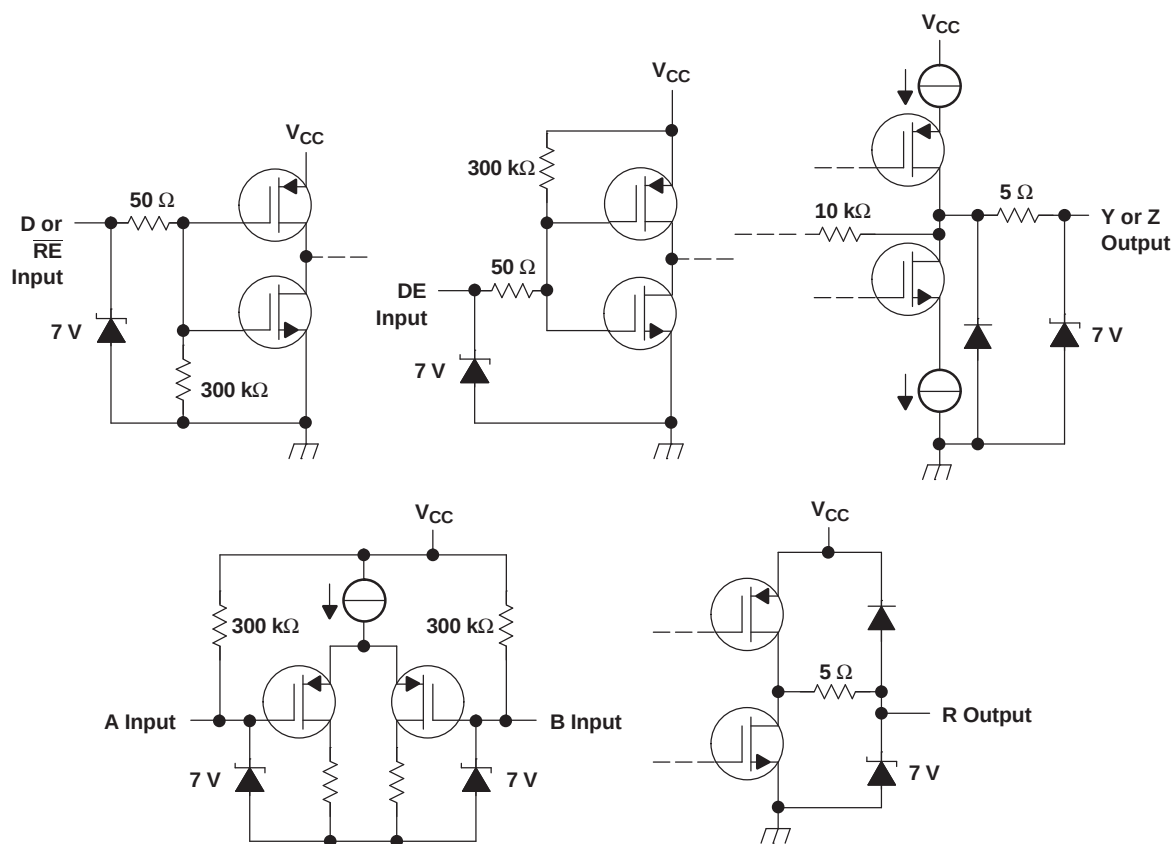
(1) H = high level, L = low level, Z = high impedance, X = don't care

SN65LVDS180, SN65LVDS050, and SN65LVDS051 Driver⁽¹⁾

INPUTS		OUTPUTS	
D	DE	Y	Z
L	H	L	H
H	H	H	L
Open	H	L	H
X	L	OFF	OFF

(1) H = high level, L = low level, OFF = No Output, X = don't care

EQUIVALENT INPUT AND OUTPUT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range ⁽²⁾		−0.5	4	V
Voltage range	D, R, DE, and $\overline{RE}$		−0.5	6	V
	Y, Z, A, and B		−0.5	4	
Electrostatic discharge	Y, Z, A, B, and GND ⁽³⁾		Class 3, A: 12 kV, B: 600 V		
	All		Class 3, A: 7 kV, B: 500 V		
Continuous power dissipation			See Dissipation Rating Table		
Storage temperature range			− 65	150	°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 in) from case for 10 s				250	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages are with respect to network ground terminal.
- (3) Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C Method 3015.7

Dissipation Ratings Table

PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C ⁽¹⁾	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING	T _A = 125°C POWER RATING
DGK	424 mW	3.4 mW/°C	220 mW	84mW
PW(14)	736mw	5.9 mW/°C	383 mW	146mW
PW(16)	839mw	6.7 mW/°C	437 mW	169mW
D(8)	635mw	5.1 mW/°C	330 mW	125mW
D(14)	987mw	7.9 mW/°C	513 mW	197mW
D(16)	1110mw	8.9 mW/°C	577 mW	220mW

- (1) This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board mounted and with no air flow.

Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	3	3.3	3.6	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	2			V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			0.8	V
V _{ID}	Magnitude of differential input voltage	0.1		0.6	V
V _{OD(dis)}	Magnitude of differential output voltage with disabled driver			520	mV
V _{OY} or V _{OZ}	Driver output voltage	0		2.4	V
V _{IC}	Common-mode input voltage (see Figure 5)	$\frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$	2.4 – $\frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$		V
			V _{CC} – 0.8		
T _A	Operating free-air temperature ⁽¹⁾	–55		125	°C

- (1) Long term high-temperature storage and/or extended use at maximum recommended operating conditions may result in a reduction of overall device life. See http://www.ti.com/ep_quality for additional information on enhanced plastic packaging

SN65LVDS179-EP, SN65LVDS180-EP SN65LVDS050-EP, SN65LVDS051-EP HIGH-SPEED DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVERS AND RECEIVERS

SGLS203B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED JANUARY 2007

Device Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
I _{CC} Supply current	SN65LVDS179	No receiver load, Driver R _L = 100 Ω		9	12	mA
	SN65LVDS180	Driver and receiver enabled, No receiver load, Driver R _L = 100 Ω		9	12	mA
		Driver enabled, Receiver disabled, R _L = 100 Ω		5	7	
		Driver disabled, Receiver enabled, No load		1.5	2	
		Disabled		0.5	1	
	SN65LVDS050	Drivers and receivers enabled, No receiver loads, Driver R _L = 100 Ω		12	20	mA
		Drivers enabled, Receivers disabled, R _L = 100 Ω		10	16	
		Drivers disabled, Receivers enabled, No loads		3	6	
		Disabled		0.5	1	
	SN65LVDS051	Drivers enabled, No receiver loads, Driver R _L = 100 Ω		12	20	mA
		Drivers disabled, No loads		3	6	

(1) All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

Driver Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage magnitude	R _L = 100 Ω, See Figure 1 and Figure 2	247	340	454	mV
Δ V _{OD}	Change in differential output voltage magnitude between logic states		–50		50	
V _{OC(SS)}	Steady-state common-mode output voltage	See Figure 3	1.125	1.2	1.375	V
ΔV _{OC(SS)}	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage between logic states		–50		50	mV
V _{OC(PP)}	Peak-to-peak common-mode output voltage			50	150	mV
I _{IH}	High-level input current	DE	V _{IH} = 5 V	–0.5	–20	μA
		D		2	20	
I _{IL}	Low-level input current	DE	V _{IL} = 0.8 V	–0.5	–10	μA
		D		2	10	
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current	V _{OY} or V _{OZ} = 0 V		3	10	mA
		V _{OD} = 0 V		3	10	
I _{O(OFF)}	Off-state output current	DE = 0 V, V _{OY} = V _{OZ} = 0 V	–1		1	μA
		DE = V _{CC} , V _{OY} = V _{OZ} = 0 V, V _{CC} < 1.5 V				
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			3		pF

Receiver Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IT+} Positive-going differential input voltage threshold	See Figure 5 and Table 1			100	mV
V _{IT–} Negative-going differential input voltage threshold		–100			
V _{OH} High-level output voltage	I _{OH} = –8 mA		2.4		V
	I _{OH} = –4 mA		2.8		
V _{OL} Low-level output voltage	I _{OL} = 8 mA			0.4	V
I _I Input current (A or B inputs)	V _I = 0	–2	–11	–20	μA
	V _I = 2.4 V	–1.2	–3		
I _{I(OFF)} Power-off input current (A or B inputs)	V _{CC} = 0 V			±20	μA
I _{IH} High-level input current (enables)	V _{IH} = 5 V			±10	μA
I _{IL} Low-level input current (enables)	V _{IL} = 0.8 V			±10	μA
I _{OZ} High-impedance output current	V _O = 0 or 5 V			±10	μA
C _I Input capacitance			5		pF

Driver Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{PLH} Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	R _L = 100 Ω, C _L = 10 pF, See Figure 2		1.7	4.5	ns
t _{PHL} Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output			1.7	4.5	ns
t _r Differential output signal rise time			0.8	1.2	ns
t _f Differential output signal fall time			0.8	1.2	ns
t _{sk(p)} Pulse skew (t _{PHL} – t _{PLH}) ⁽²⁾			300		ps
t _{sk(o)} Channel-to-channel output skew ⁽³⁾			150		ps
t _{en} Enable time	See Figure 4		4.3	10	ns
t _{dis} Disable time			3.1	10	ns

(1) All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

(2) t_{sk(p)} is the magnitude of the time difference between the high-to-low and low-to-high propagation delay times at an output.

(3) t_{sk(o)} is the magnitude of the time difference between the outputs of a single device with all of their inputs connected together.

Receiver Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{PLH} Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	C _L = 10 pF, See Figure 6		3.7	4.5	ns
t _{PHL} Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output			3.7	4.5	ns
t _{sk(p)} Pulse skew (t _{PHL} – t _{PLH}) ⁽²⁾			0.3		ns
t _r Output signal rise time			0.7	1.5	ns
t _f Output signal fall time	See Figure 7		0.9	1.5	ns
t _{PZH} Propagation delay time, high-impedance to high-level output			2.5		ns
t _{PZL} Propagation delay time, high-impedance to low-level output			2.5		ns
t _{PHZ} Propagation delay time, high-level to high-impedance output			7		ns
t _{PLZ} Propagation delay time, low-level to high-impedance output			4		ns

(1) All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3-V supply.

(2) t_{sk(p)} is the magnitude of the time difference between the high-to-low and low-to-high propagation delay times at an output.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Driver

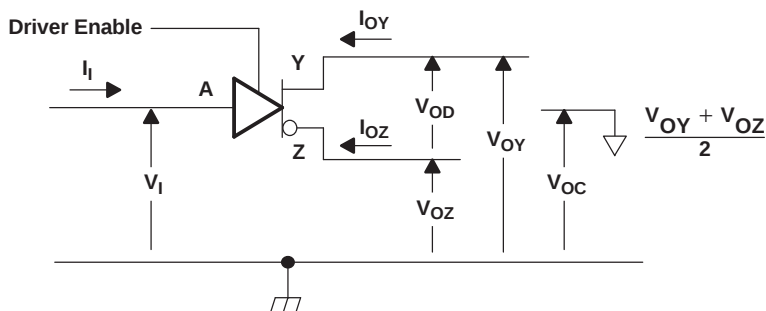
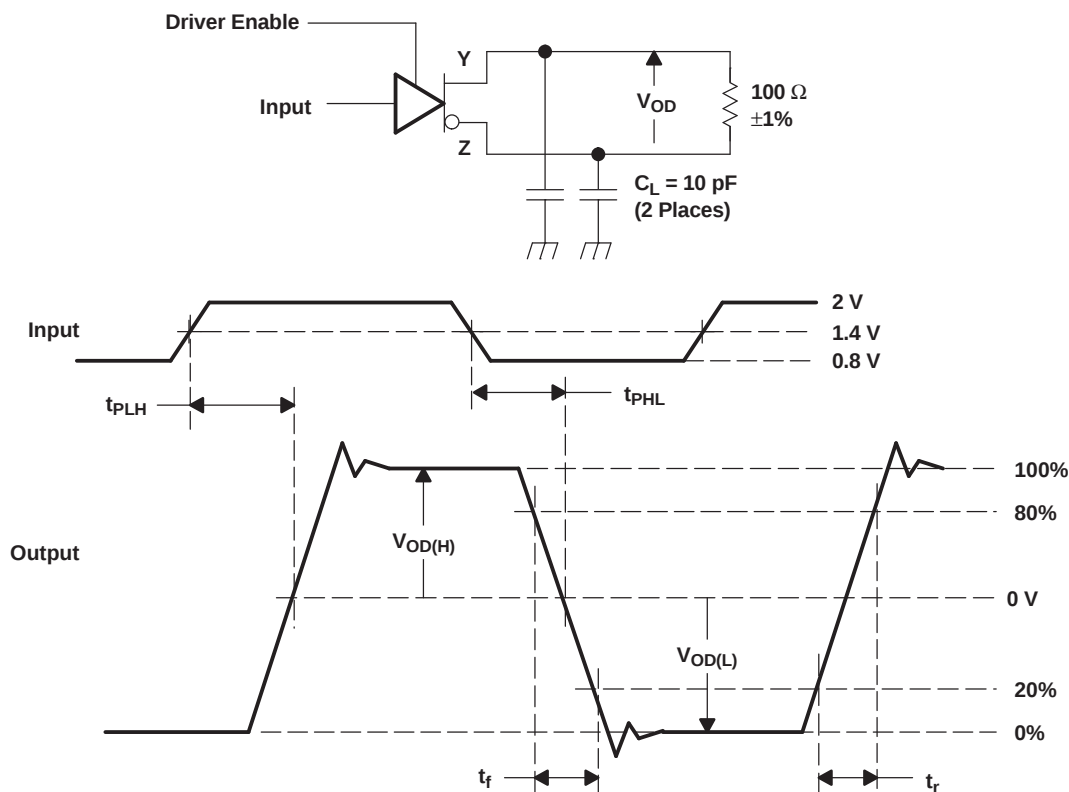


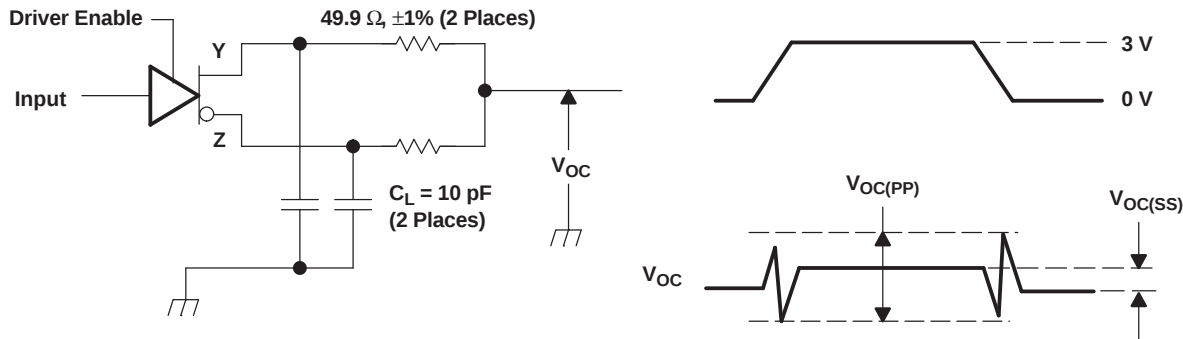
Figure 1. Driver Voltage and Current Definitions



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 50 Mpps, pulse width = 10 ± 0.2 ns. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

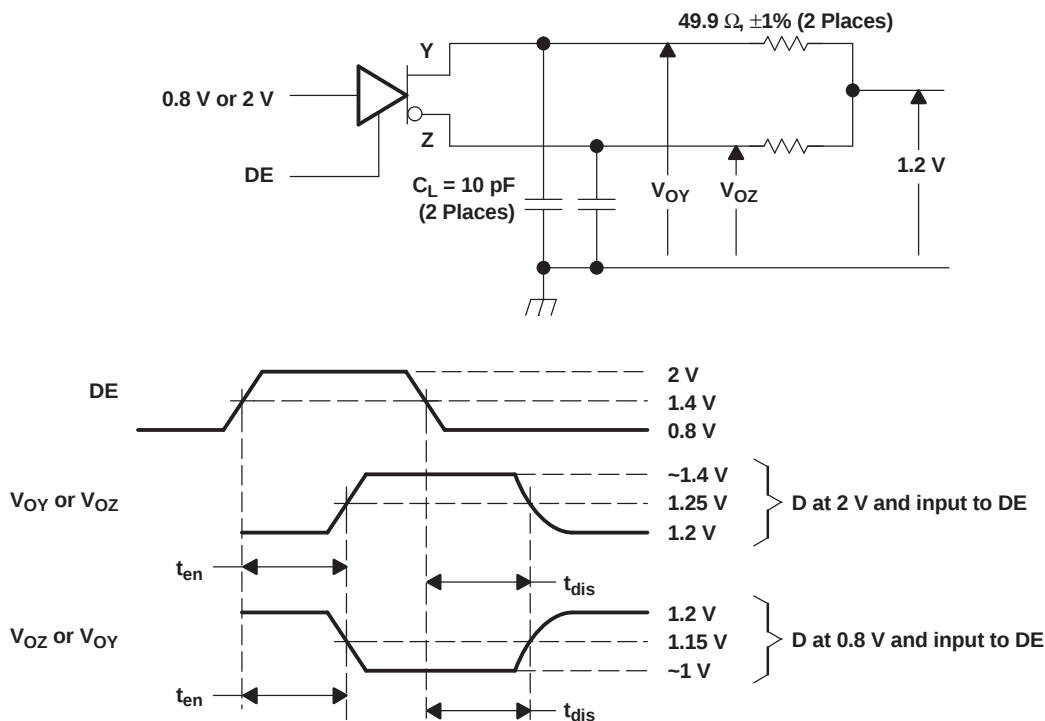
Figure 2. Test Circuit, Timing, and Voltage Definitions for the Differential Output Signal

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 50 Mpps, pulse width = 10 ± 0.2 ns. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T. The measurement of $V_{OC(PP)}$ is made on test equipment with a -3 -dB bandwidth of at least 300 MHz.

Figure 3. Test Circuit and Definitions for the Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 0.5 Mpps, pulse width = 500 ± 10 ns. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

Figure 4. Enable and Disable Time Circuit and Definitions

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Receiver

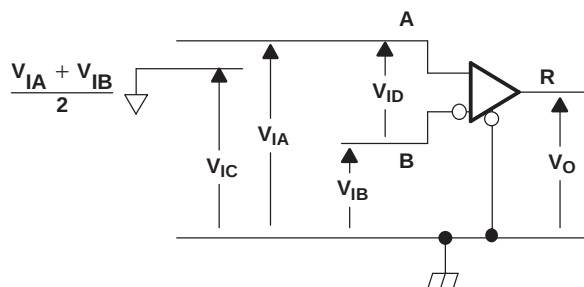
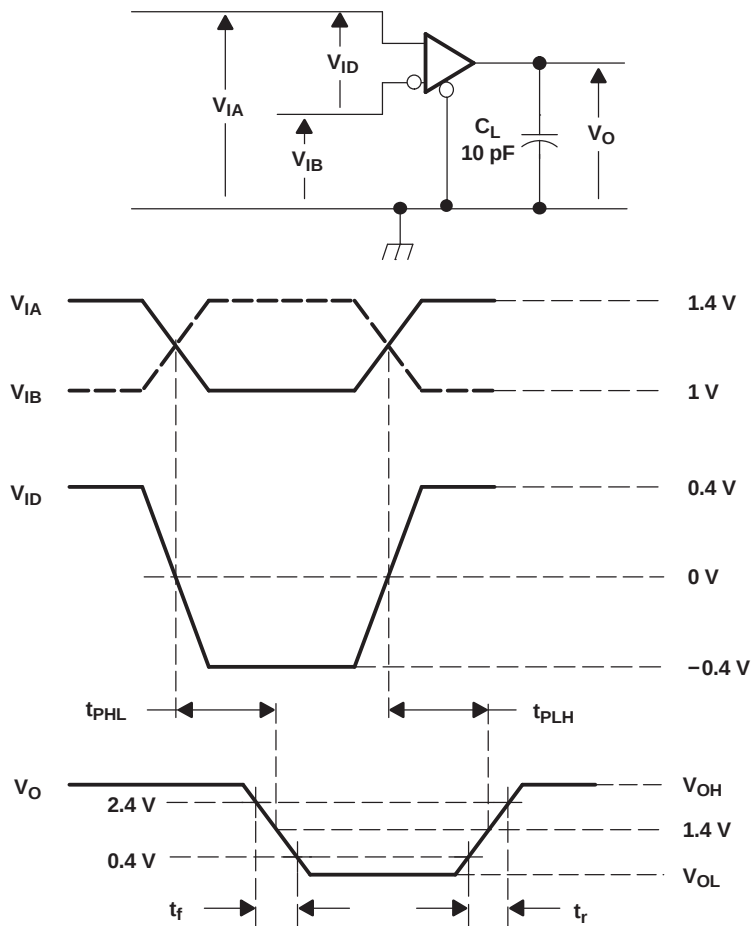


Figure 5. Receiver Voltage Definitions

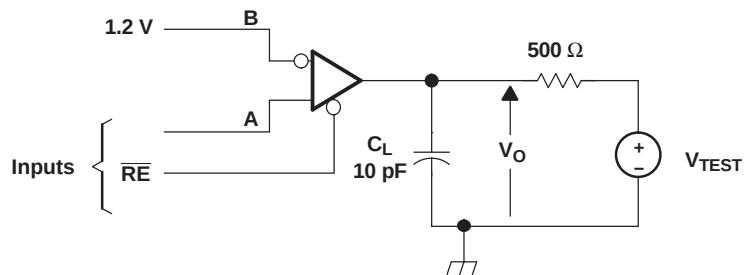
Table 1. Receiver Minimum and Maximum Input Threshold Test Voltages

APPLIED VOLTAGES (V)		RESULTING DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE (mV)	RESULTING COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE (V)
V_{IA}	V_{IB}	V_{ID}	V_{IC}
1.25	1.15	100	1.2
1.15	1.25	-100	1.2
2.4	2.3	100	2.35
2.3	2.4	-100	2.35
0.1	0	100	0.05
0	0.1	-100	0.05
1.5	0.9	600	1.2
0.9	1.5	-600	1.2
2.4	1.8	600	2.1
1.8	2.4	-600	2.1
0.6	0	600	0.3
0	0.6	-600	0.3



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1 \text{ ns}$, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 50 Mpps, pulse width = $10 \pm 0.2 \text{ ns}$. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0.06 mm of the D.U.T.

Figure 6. Timing Test Circuit and Waveforms



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 0.5 Mpps, pulse width = 500 ± 10 ns. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 mm of the D.U.T.

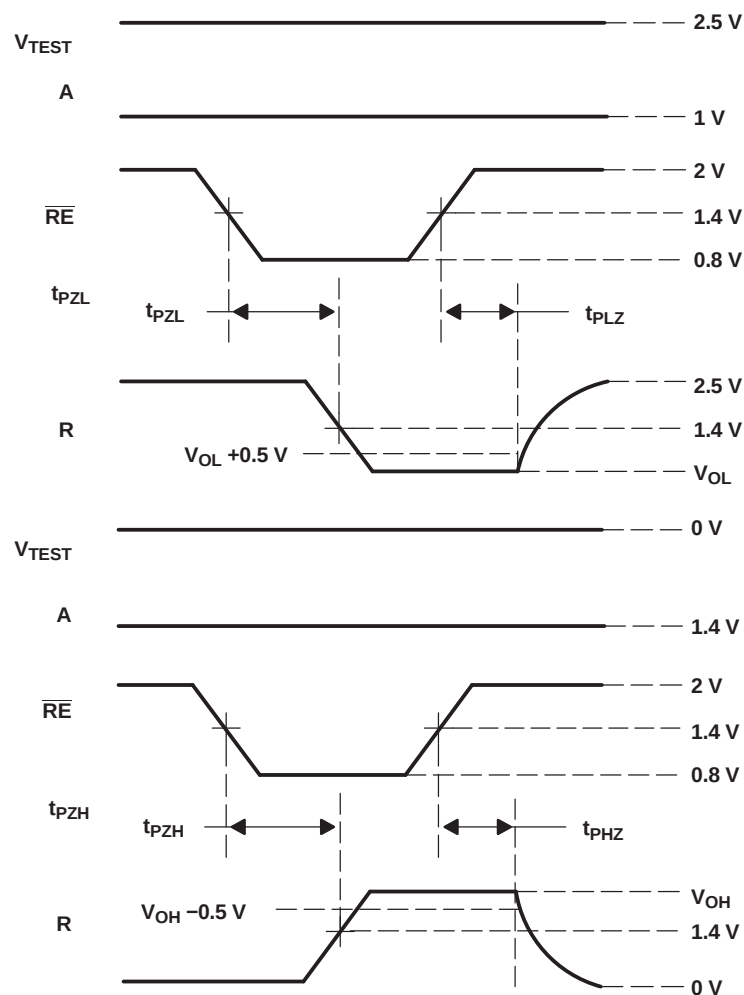


Figure 7. Enable/Disable Time Test Circuit and Waveforms

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

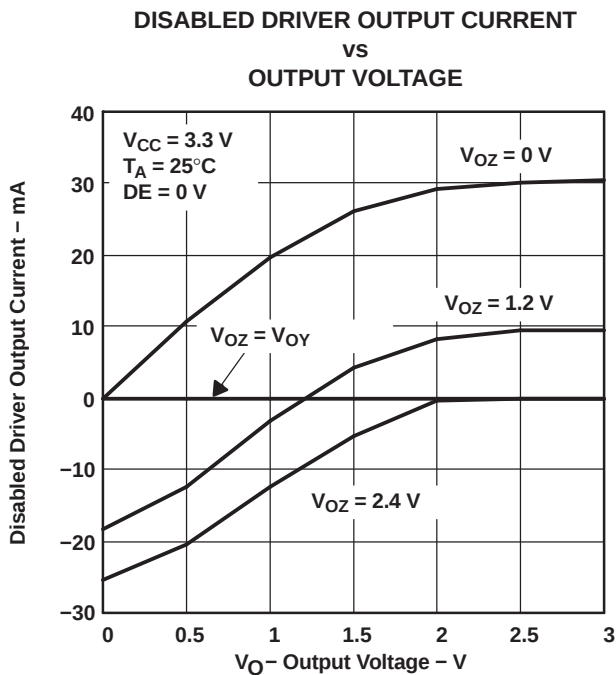


Figure 8.

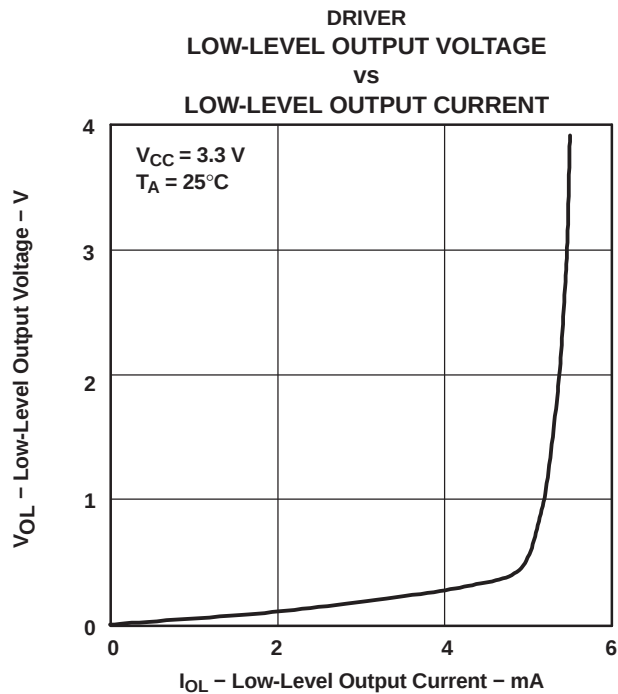


Figure 9.

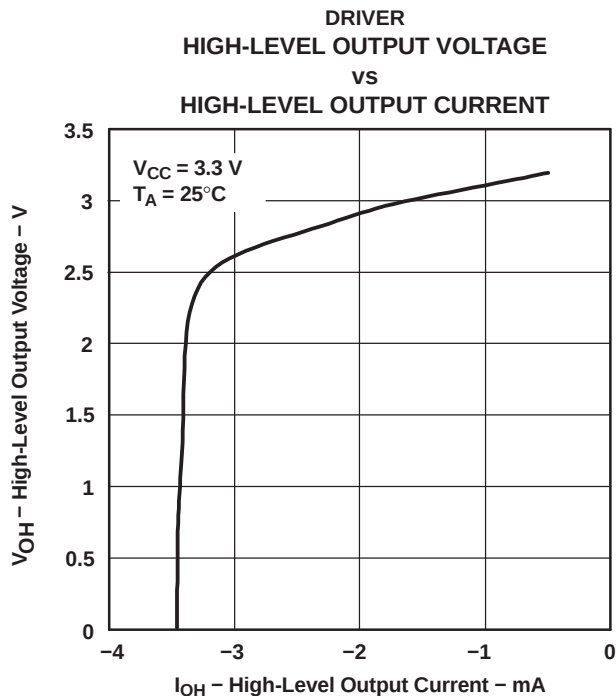


Figure 10.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

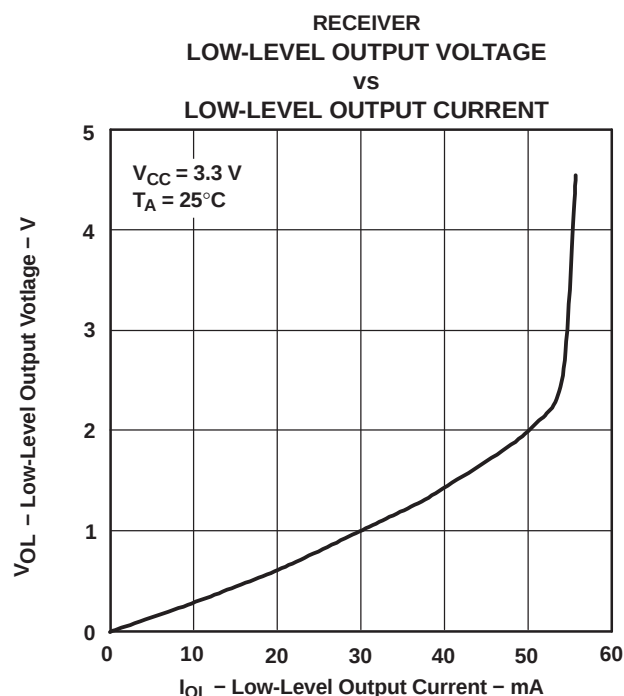


Figure 11.

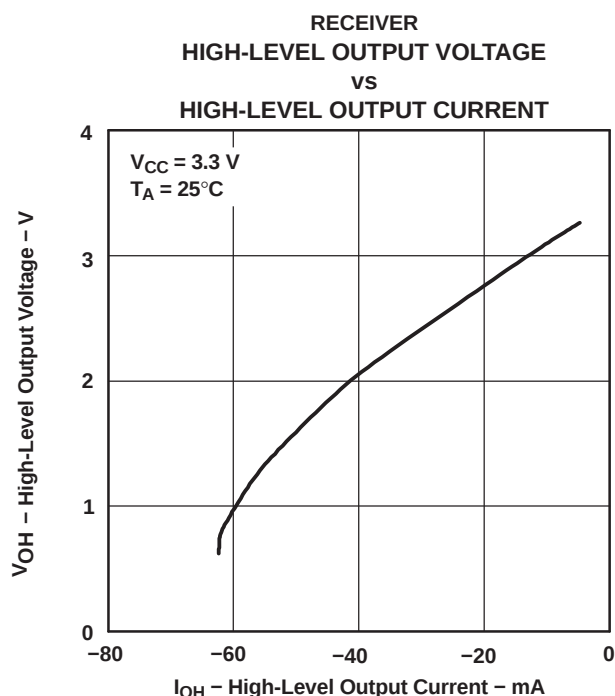


Figure 12.

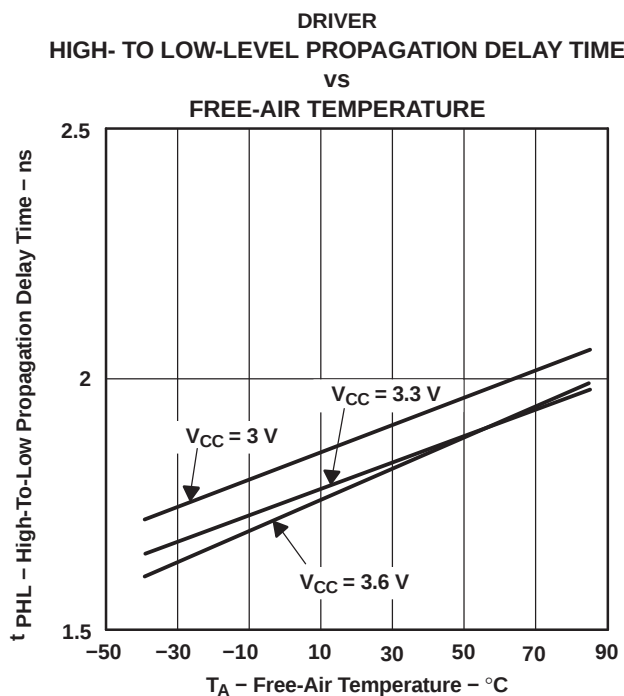


Figure 13.

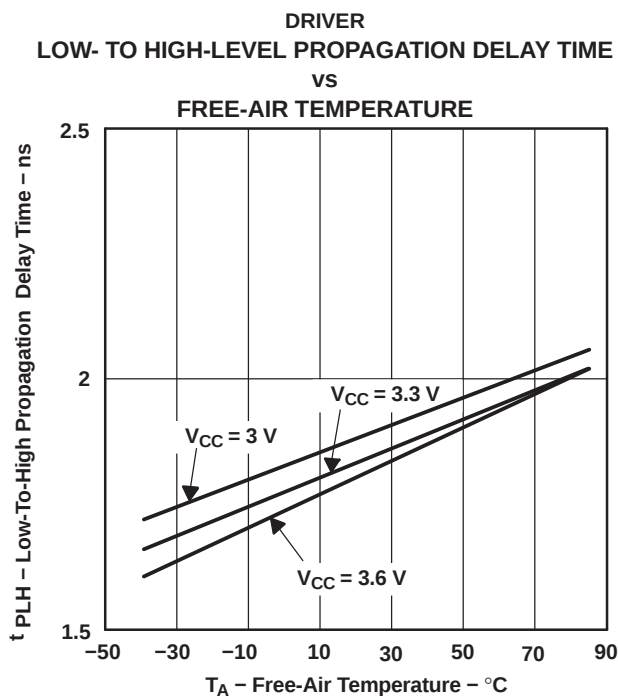


Figure 14.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

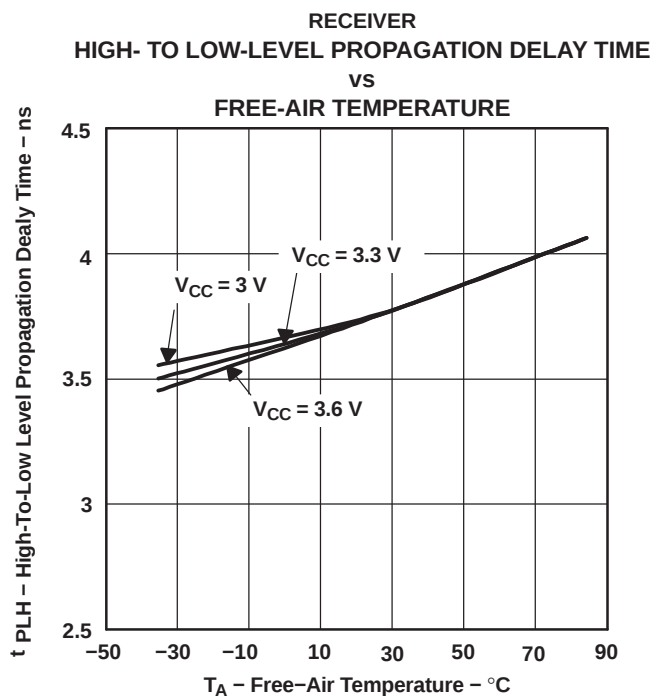


Figure 15.

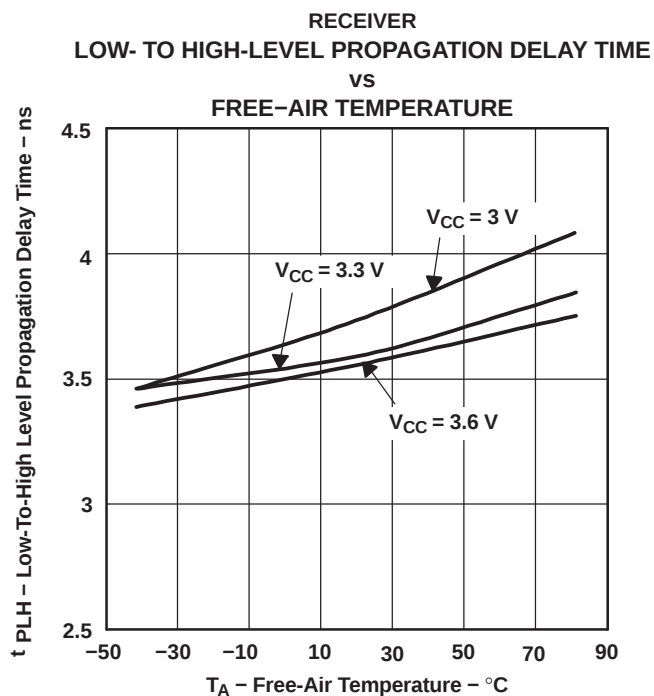


Figure 16.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The devices are generally used as building blocks for high-speed point-to-point data transmission. Ground differences are less than 1 V with a low common-mode output and balanced interface for very low noise emissions. Devices can interoperate with RS-422, PECL, and IEEE-P1596. Drivers/receivers maintain ECL speeds without the power and dual supply requirements.

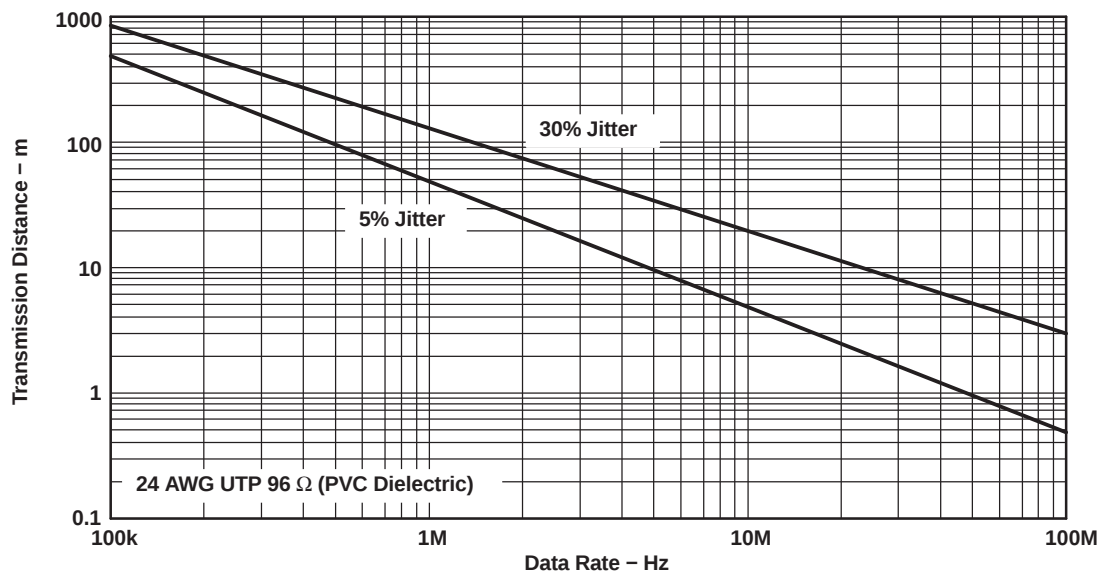


Figure 17. Data Transmission Distance Versus Rate

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

Fail Safe

One of the most common problems with differential signaling applications is how the system responds when no differential voltage is present on the signal pair. The LVDS receiver is like most differential line receivers, in that its output logic state can be indeterminate when the differential input voltage is between -100 mV and 100 mV and within its recommended input common-mode voltage range. However, TI's LVDS receiver is different in how it handles the open-input circuit situation.

Open-circuit means that there is little or no input current to the receiver from the data line itself. This could be when the driver is in a high-impedance state or the cable is disconnected. When this occurs, the LVDS receiver pulls each line of the signal pair to near V_{CC} through $300\text{-k}\Omega$ resistors as shown in Figure 18. The fail-safe feature uses an AND gate with input voltage thresholds at about 2.3 V to detect this condition and force the output to a high-level, regardless of the differential input voltage.

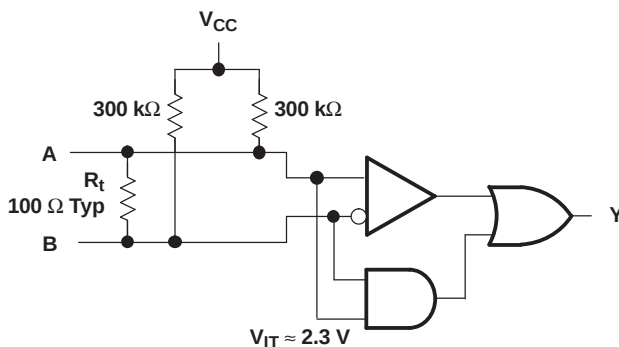


Figure 18. Open-Circuit Fail Safe of the LVDS Receiver

It is only under these conditions that the output of the receiver is valid with less than a 100-mV differential input voltage magnitude. The presence of the termination resistor, R_t , does not affect the fail-safe function as long as it is connected as shown in the figure. Other termination circuits may allow a dc current to ground that could defeat the pullup currents from the receiver and the fail-safe feature.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
SN65LVDS179MDGKREP	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	BZO
V62/07612-03NE	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	BZO

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN65LVDS179-EP :

- Catalog : [SN65LVDS179](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

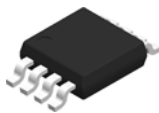
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65LVDS179MDGKREP	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

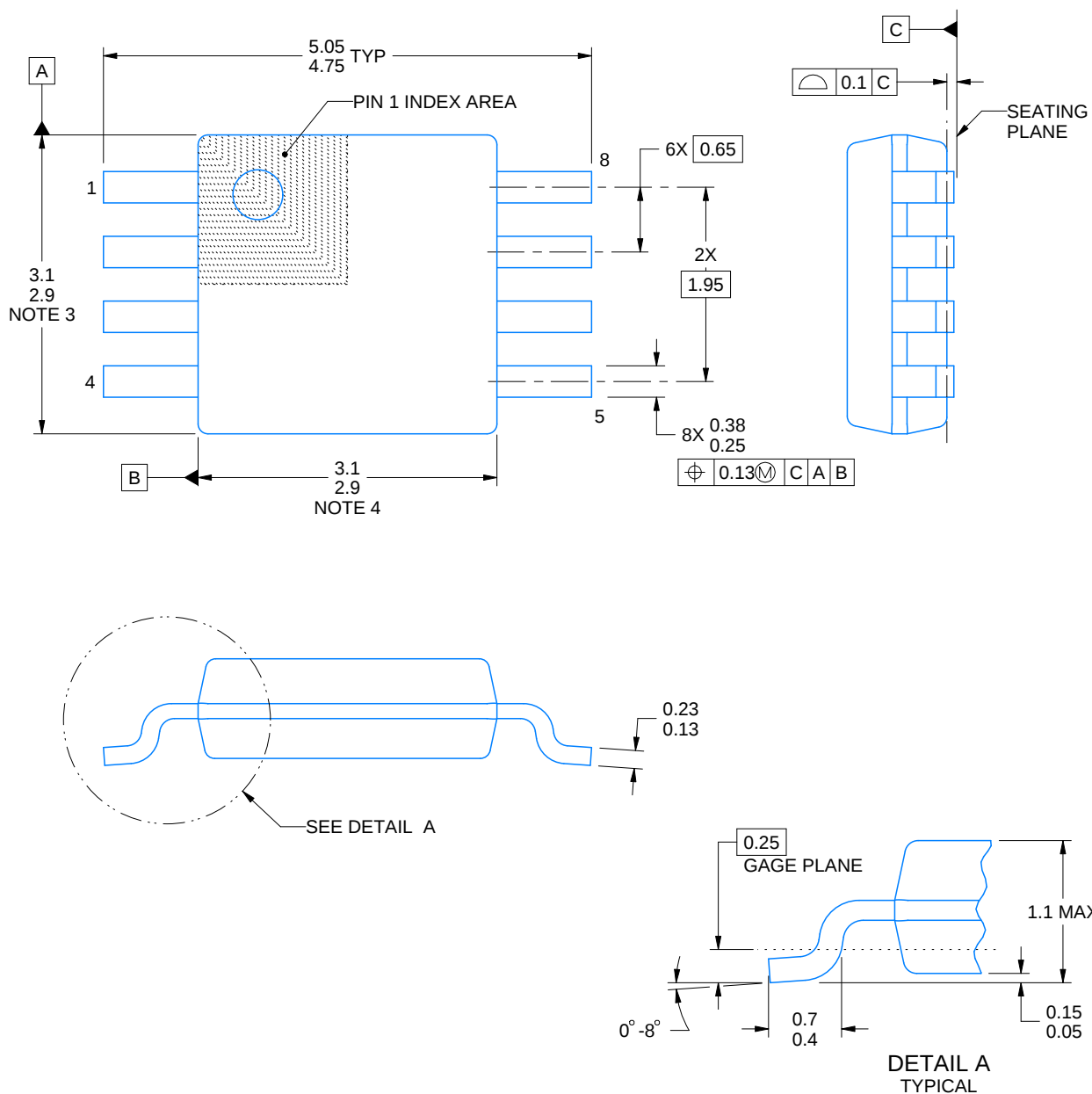
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65LVDS179MDGKREP	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0

DGK0008A

PACKAGE OUTLINE

VSSOP - 1.1 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



4214862/A 04/2023

NOTES:

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

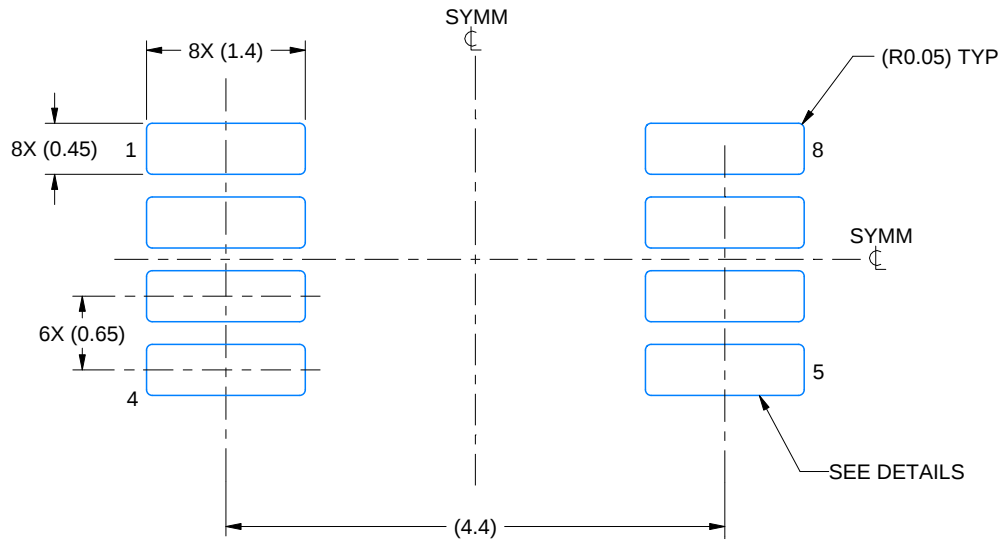
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

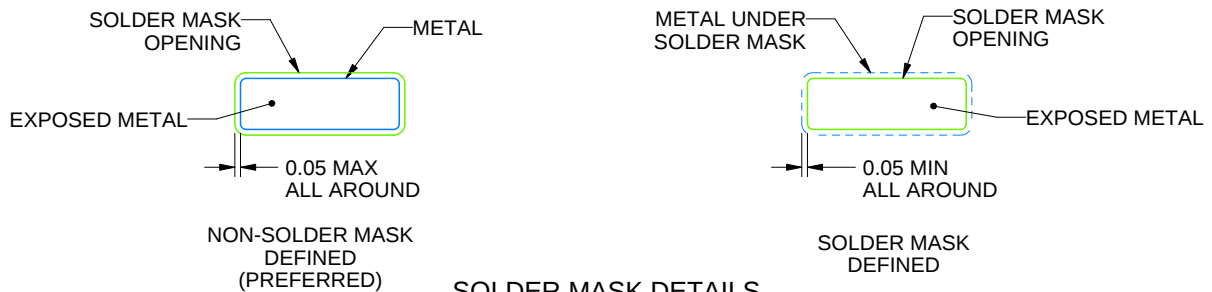
DGK0008A

TM VSSOP - 1.1 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214862/A 04/2023

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DGK0008A

TM VSSOP - 1.1 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
SCALE: 15X

4214862/A 04/2023

NOTES: (continued)

11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to [TI's Terms of Sale](#) or other applicable terms available either on [ti.com](https://www.ti.com) or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265
Copyright © 2025, Texas Instruments Incorporated