

# CD74HC4538-Q1 Automotive High-Speed CMOS Logic Dual Retriggerable Precision Monostable Multivibrator

## 1 Features

- Qualified for automotive applications
- Qualified for automotive applications retriggerable/resettable capability
- Trigger and reset propagation delays independent of  $R_X$ ,  $C_X$
- Triggering from the leading or trailing edge
- Q and  $\bar{Q}$  buffered outputs available
- Separate resets
- Wide range of output pulse widths
- Schmitt-Trigger input on A and  $\bar{B}$  inputs
- Retrigger time is independent of  $C_X$
- Fanout (over temperature range)
  - Standard outputs 10 LSTTL loads
  - Bus driver outputs 15 LSTTL loads

- Balanced propagation delay and transition times
- Significant power reduction compared to LSTTL logic ICs
- $V_{CC}$  voltage = 2V to 6V
- High noise immunity  $N_{IL}$  or  $N_{IH}$  = 30% of  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{CC}$  = 5V

## 2 Description

The CD74HC4538 is a dual retriggerable/resettable precision monostable multivibrator for fixed-voltage timing applications.

### Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	PACKAGE SIZE <sup>(2)</sup>	BODY SIZE
CD74HC4538-Q1	D (SOIC, 16)	9.9mm × 6mm	9.9mm × 3.90mm
	PW (TSSOP, 16)	5mm × 6.4mm	5.00mm × 4.40mm

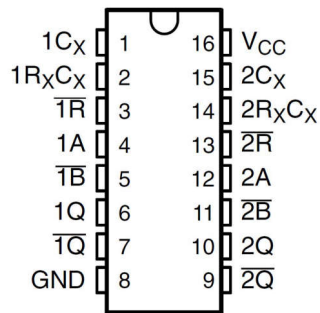
- (1) For more information, see [Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information](#).
- (2) The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.
- (3) The body size (length × width) is a nominal value and does not include pins.



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### 3 Pin Configuration and Functions



**Figure 3-1. D or PW Package; 16-Pin SOIC or TSSOP (Top View)**

**Table 3-1. Pin Functions**

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
1C <sub>x</sub>	1	—	Connects to external capacitor
1R <sub>x</sub> C <sub>x</sub>	2	—	Connects to external capacitor and resistor
1 $\overline{R}$	3	—	Connects to external resistor
1A	4	I	Ch1 Rising edge input
1B	5	I	Ch1 Falling edge input
1Q	6	O	Ch1 Output
$\overline{1Q}$	7	O	Ch1 Inverted Output
GND	8	—	Ground
$\overline{2Q}$	9	O	Ch2 Inverted Output
2Q	10	O	Ch2 Output
2B	11	I	Ch2 Falling edge input
2A	12	I	Ch2 Rising edge input
2R	13	—	Connects to external resistor
2R <sub>x</sub> C <sub>x</sub>	14	—	Connects to external capacitor and resistor
2C <sub>x</sub>	15	—	Connects to external capacitor
V <sub>CC</sub>	16	—	Power Pin

## 4 Specifications

### 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	-0.5	7	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	(V <sub>I</sub> < -0.5V or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V)	±20	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	(V <sub>O</sub> < -0.5V or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V)	±20	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Switch current per output pin	(V <sub>O</sub> > -0.5V or V <sub>O</sub> < V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V)	±25	mA
Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			±50	mA
T <sub>J</sub>	Maximum junction temperature		150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltages are referenced to GND, unless otherwise specified.

### 4.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup>	±1500	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±250	

(1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing must be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

### 4.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	2	6	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2V	1.5	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V	3.15		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6V	4.2		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2V	0.5	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V	1.35		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6V	1.8		
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
t <sub>t</sub>	Reset input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2V	0	1000	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V	0	500	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6V	0	400	
	Trigger inputs A or B	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2V	0	Unlimited	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V	0	Unlimited	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6V	0	Unlimited	
R <sub>X</sub>	External timing resistor <sup>(1)</sup>	5		kΩ	
C <sub>X</sub>	External timing capacitor <sup>(1)</sup>	0		F	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	-40	125	°C	

(1) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

## 4.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		CD74HC4538-Q1		UNIT
		D	PW	
		16 PINS		
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	73	108	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report ([SPRA953](#)).

## 4.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	I <sub>o</sub> mA	V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C TO 85°C		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C TO 125°C		UNIT
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	CMOS loads	2 V	1.9	1.9	1.9	V			
			4.5 V	4.4	4.4					
			6 V	5.9	5.9					
		TTL loads	-4	4.5 V	3.98	3.84	3.7			
-5.2	6 V		5.48	5.34	5.2					
V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	CMOS loads	2 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	V			
			4.5 V	0.1	0.1					
			6 V	0.1	0.1					
		TTL loads	4	4.5 V	0.26	0.33	0.4			
5.2	6 V		0.26	0.33	0.4					
I <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	A, $\bar{B}$ , R	6 V	±1	±1	±1	μA			
		R <sub>X</sub> C <sub>X</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	6 V	±0.05	±0.05	±0.05				
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Quiescent	0	6 V	8	80	160	μA		
		Active, Q = high, Pins 2 and 14 at V <sub>CC</sub> /4	0	6 V	0.6	0.8	1	mA		
C <sub>IN</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF			10	10	10	pF			

(1) When testing I<sub>IL</sub>, the Q output must be high. If Q is low (device not triggered), the pullup P device is ON and the low-resistance path from V<sub>DD</sub> to the test pin causes a current far exceeding the specification.

## 4.6 Timing Requirements

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see [Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms](#))

PARAMETER	V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C TO 85°C		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C TO 125°C		UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>w</sub> Input pulse width	2 V	80			100		120	ns	
	4.5 V	16			20		24		
	6 V	14			17		20		
t <sub>su</sub> Reset setup time	2 V	5			5		5	ns	
	4.5 V	5			5		5		
	6 V	5			5		5		
t <sub>rr</sub> Retrigger time	5 V		175					ns	
Output pulse-width match, same package			± 1					%	

### 4.7 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$  (unless otherwise noted) (see [Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms](#))

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	LOAD CAPACITANCE	$V_{CC}$	$T_A = 25^\circ C$			$T_A = -40^\circ C \text{ TO } 85^\circ C$		$T_A = -40^\circ C \text{ TO } 125^\circ C$		UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_{pd}$	A, $\bar{B}$	Q or $\bar{Q}$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	2 V		250		315		375	ns	
				4.5 V		50		63		75		
				6 V		43		54		64		
	R	Q or $\bar{Q}$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	5 V		21						
				2 V		250		315		375		
				4.5 V		50		63		75		
$t_t$			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	2 V		75		95		110	ns	
				4.5 V		15		19		22		
				6 V		13		16		19		
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	3 V	0.64	0.78	0.612	0.812	0.605	0.819		
				5 V	0.63	0.77	0.602	0.798	0.595	0.805		

(1) Output pulse width with  $R_X = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$  and  $C_X = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$

### 4.8 Operating Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , input  $t_r, t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$ ,  $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$

PARAMETER		TYP	UNIT
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation capacitance	136	pF

#### Note

- $C_{pd}$  is used to determine the dynamic power consumption, per one shot.
- $P_D = (C_{pd} + C_X) V_{CC} 2 f_i \Sigma(C_L V_{CC} 2 f_o)$
- $f_i$  = input frequency
- $f_o$  = output frequency
- $C_L$  = output load capacitance
- $C_X$  = external capacitance
- $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage, assuming  $f_i \ll 1/\tau$

### 4.9 Typical Characteristics

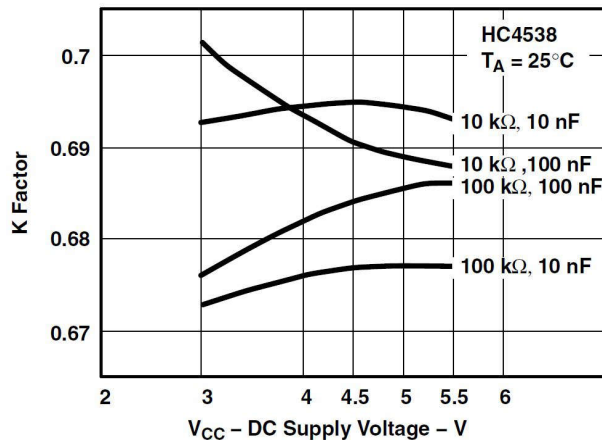


Figure 4-1. K Factor vs DC Supply Voltage

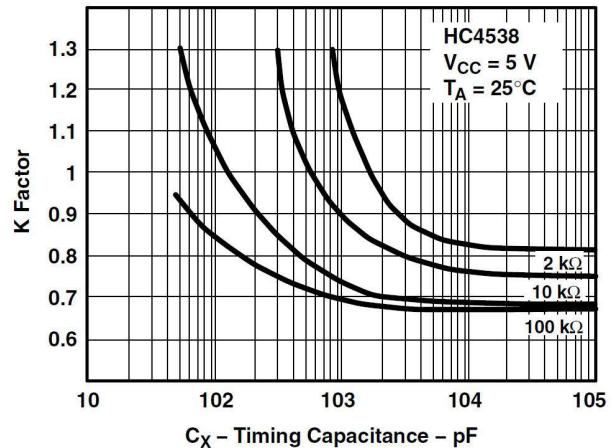


Figure 4-2. K Factor vs  $C_X$

### 4.9 Typical Characteristics (continued)

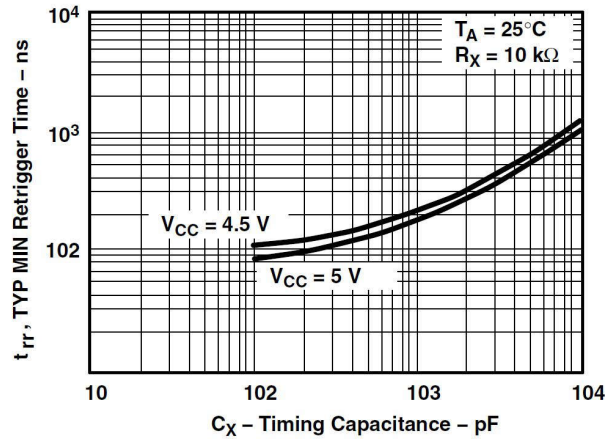
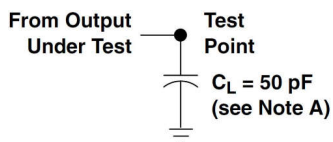


Figure 4-3. Minimum Retrigger Time vs Timing Capacitance

## 5 Parameter Measurement Information

### Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



LOAD CIRCUIT  
 Figure 5-1. Load Circuit

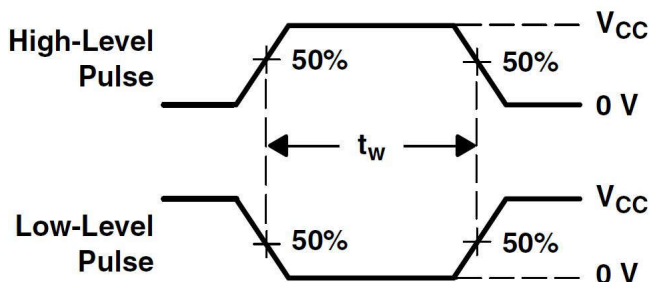


Figure 5-2. Voltage Waveforms Pulse Durations

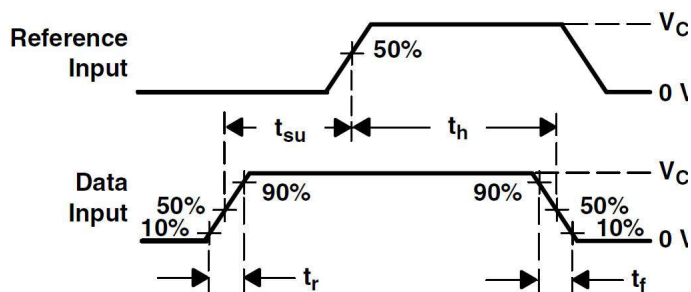


Figure 5-3. Voltage Waveforms Setup and Hold and Input Rise and Fall Times

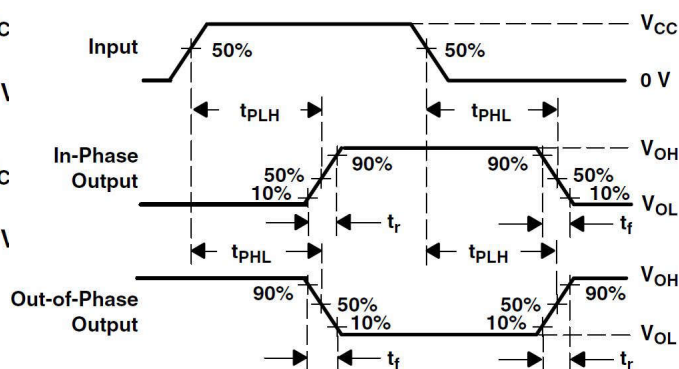


Figure 5-4. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delay and Output Transition Times

#### Note

- $C_L$  includes probe and test-fixture capacitance.
- Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r = 6 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$ .
- For clock inputs,  $f_{max}$  is measured when the input duty cycle is 50%.
- The outputs are measured one at a time, with one input transition per measurement.
- $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .



## 6 Detailed Description

### 6.1 Overview

An external resistor ( $R_X$ ) and external capacitor ( $C_X$ ) control the timing and accuracy for the circuit. Adjustment of  $R_X$  and  $C_X$  provides a wide range of output pulse widths from the Q and  $\bar{Q}$  terminals. The propagation delay from trigger input-to-output transition and the propagation delay from reset input-to-output transition are independent of  $R_X$  and  $C_X$ .

Leading-edge triggering (A) and trailing-edge triggering ( $\bar{B}$ ) inputs are provided for triggering from either edge of the input pulse. An unused A input should be tied to GND and an unused  $\bar{B}$  input should be tied to  $V_{CC}$ . On power up, the IC is reset. Unused resets and sections must be terminated. In normal operation, the circuit retriggers on the application of each new trigger pulse. To operate in the nontriggerable mode,  $\bar{Q}$  is connected to  $\bar{B}$  when leading-edge triggering (A) is used, or Q is connected to A when trailing-edge triggering ( $\bar{B}$ ) is used. The period ( $\tau$ ) can be calculated from  $\tau = (0.7) R_X C_X$ ;  $R_{MIN}$  is 5 k $\Omega$ .  $C_{MIN}$  is 0 pF.

### 6.2 Functional Block Diagram

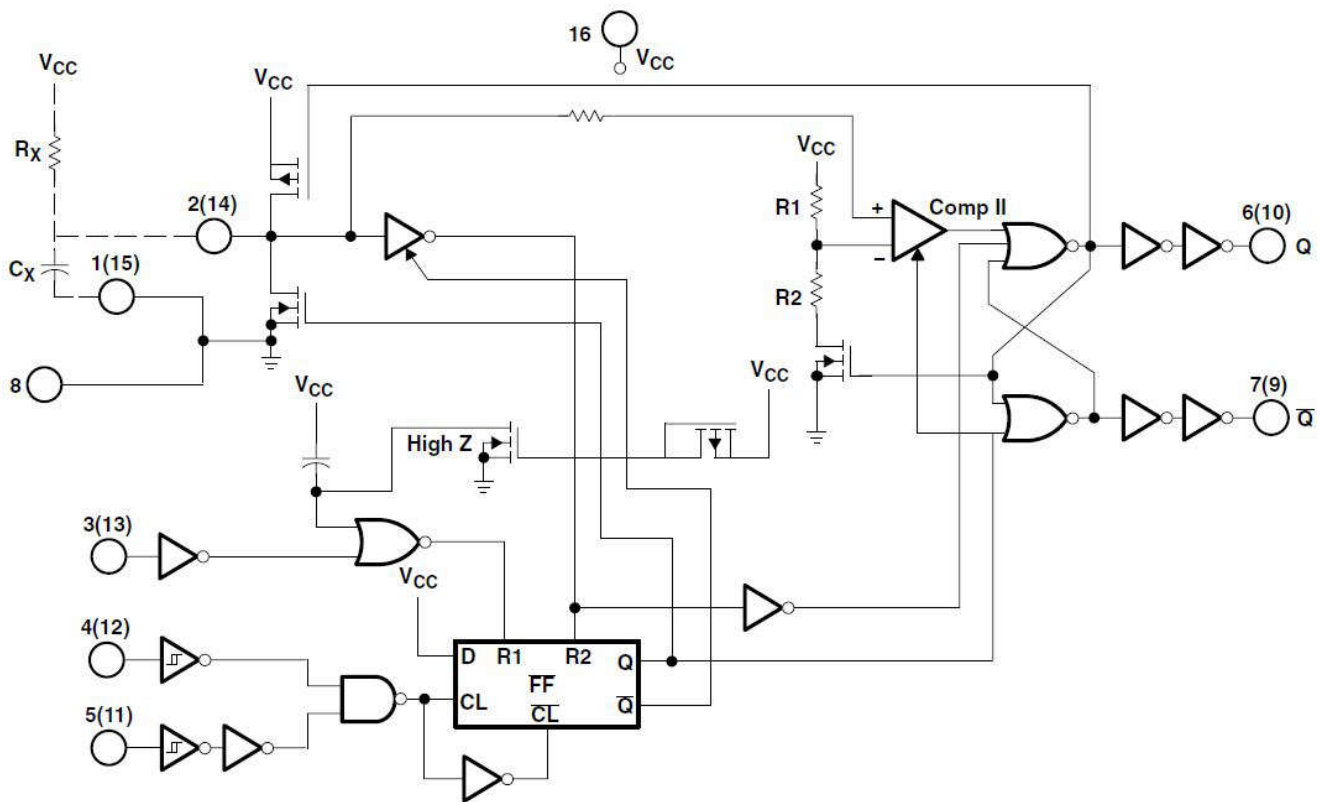






Figure 6-1. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

### 6.3 Device Functional Modes

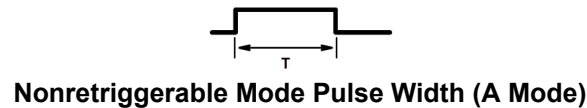
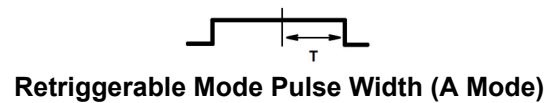
**Table 6-1. Function Table**

INPUTS			OUTPUTS	
$\bar{R}$	A	$\bar{B}$	Q	$\bar{Q}$
L	X	X	L	H
X	H	X	L	H
X	X	L	L	H
H	L	↓		
H	↑	H		

**Table 6-2. Functional Terminal Connections**

FUNCTION	V <sub>CC</sub> TO TERMINAL NUMBER		GND TO TERMINAL NUMBER		INPUT PULSE TO TERMINAL NUMBER		OTHER CONNECTIONS	
	MONO <sup>(1)</sup>	MONO <sup>(2)</sup>	MONO <sup>(1)</sup>	MONO <sup>(2)</sup>	MONO <sup>(1)</sup>	MONO <sup>(2)</sup>	MONO <sup>(1)</sup>	MONO <sup>(2)</sup>
Leading-edge trigger/retriggerable	3, 5	11, 13			4	12		
Leading-edge trigger/nonretriggerable	3	13			4	12	5-7	11-9
Trailing-edge trigger/retriggerable	3	13	4	12	5	11		
Trailing-edge trigger/nonretriggerable	3	13			5	11	4-6	12-10

- (1) A retriggerable one-shot multivibrator has an output pulse width that is extended one full time period (T) after application of the last trigger pulse.
- (2) A nonretriggerable one-shot multivibrator has a time period (T) referenced from the application of the first trigger pulse.



## 7 Application and Implementation

### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 7.1 Typical Application

#### Power-Down Mode

During a rapid power-down condition (as would occur with a power-supply short circuit with a poorly filtered power supply), the energy stored in  $C_X$  could discharge into pin 2 or pin 14. To avoid possible device damage in this mode when  $C_X$  is  $\geq 0.5 \mu\text{F}$ , a protection diode with a 1-A rating or higher (1N5395 or equivalent) and a separate ground return for  $C_X$  should be provided. [Rapid-Power-Down Protection Circuit](#)

An alternate protection method is shown in [Alternative Rapid-Power-Down Protection Circuit](#), where a 51- $\Omega$  current-limiting resistor is inserted in series with  $C_X$ . Note that a small pulse-duration decrease occurs, however, and  $R_X$  must be increased appropriately to obtain the originally desired pulse duration.

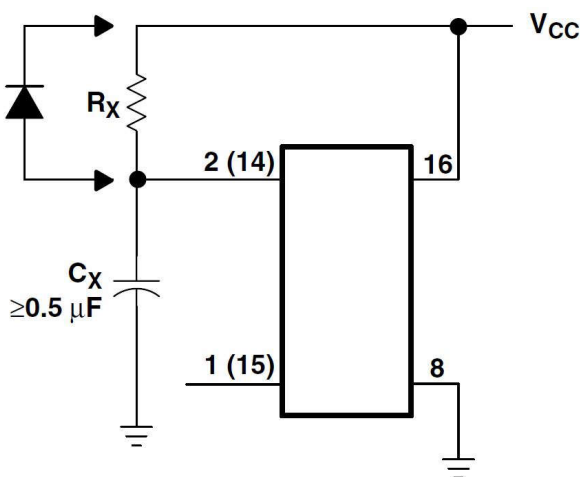


Figure 7-1. Rapid-Power-Down Protection Circuit

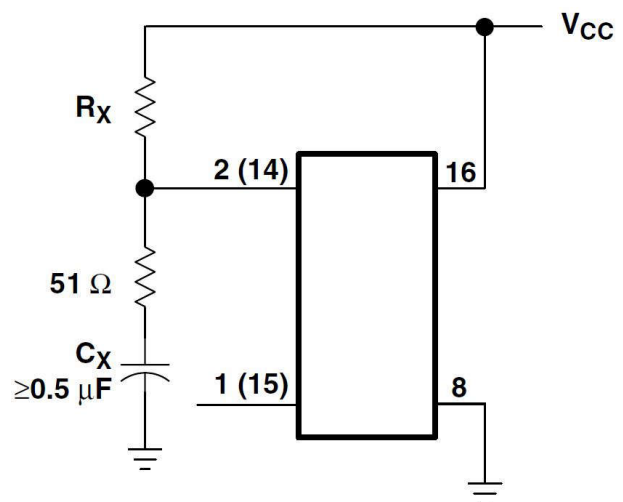


Figure 7-2. Alternative Rapid-Power-Down Protection Circuit

### 7.2 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each  $V_{CC}$  terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  and 1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results, as shown in the following layout example.

### 7.3 Layout

#### 7.3.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs should not float. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used,

or when only 3 of the 4-buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states.

Specified are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is acceptable to float outputs unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin, it will disable the outputs section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the I/Os so they also cannot float when disabled.

## 8 Device and Documentation Support

### 8.1 Documentation Support (Analog)

#### 8.1.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

**Table 8-1. Related Links**

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
CD74HC4538-Q1	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>

### 8.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on [ti.com](http://ti.com). Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 8.3 Support Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

### 8.4 Trademarks

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.  
All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 8.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 8.6 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 9 Revision History

<b>Changes from Revision A (April 2008) to Revision B (August 2024)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• Added <i>Package Information</i> table, <i>Pin Functions</i> table, <i>ESD Ratings</i> table, <i>Thermal Information</i> table, <i>Device Functional Modes</i> , Application and Implementation section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section .....	1

## 10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
<a href="#">CD74HC4538QM96G4Q1</a>	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   16	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HC4538M
CD74HC4538QM96G4Q1.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   16	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HC4538M
<a href="#">CD74HC4538QPWRG4Q1</a>	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   16	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HC4538M
CD74HC4538QPWRG4Q1.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   16	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HC4538M
<a href="#">CD74HC4538QPWRQ1</a>	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   16	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HC4538M
CD74HC4538QPWRQ1.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   16	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HC4538M

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF CD74HC4538-Q1 :**

- Catalog : [CD74HC4538](#)
- Military : [CD54HC4538](#)

## NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CD74HC4538QPWRG4Q1	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
CD74HC4538QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1



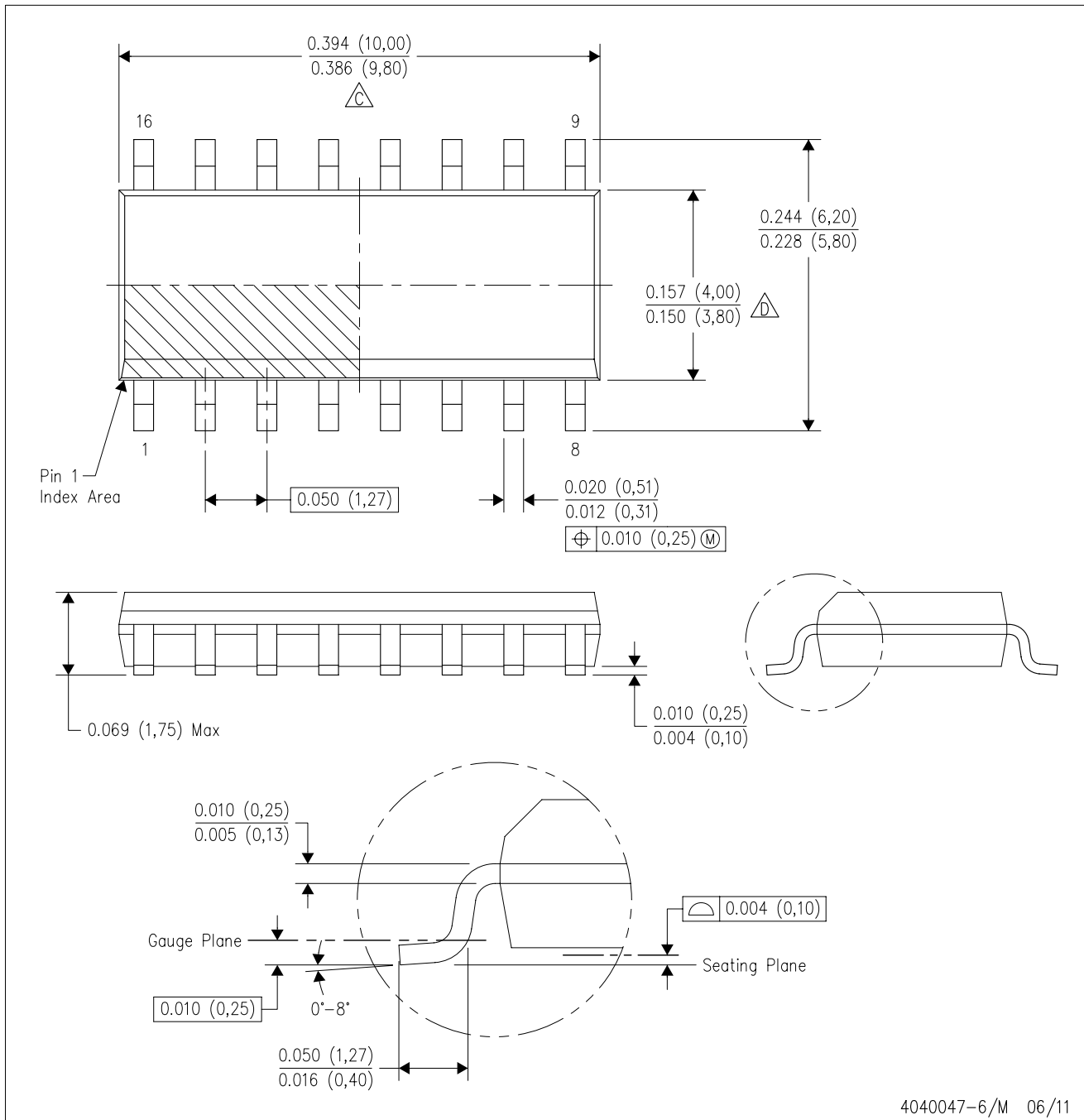
**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CD74HC4538QPWRG4Q1	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
CD74HC4538QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0

D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4040047-6/M 06/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  -  Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
  -  Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
  - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



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NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

PW0016A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 10X



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NOTES: (continued)

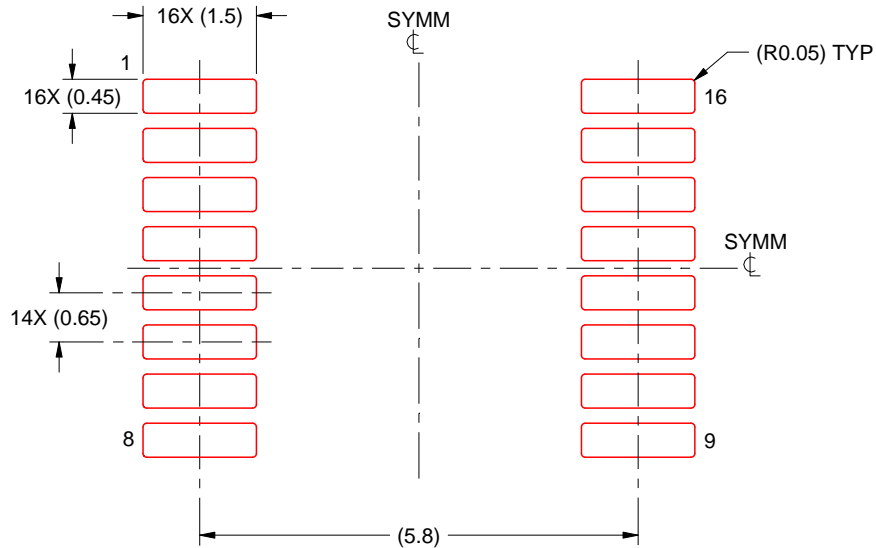
- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

PW0016A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE: 10X

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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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