

# CC330xMOD SimpleLink™ Wi-Fi 6 and Bluetooth® Low Energy Companion Module

#### 1 Features

#### **Key Features**

- Wi-Fi 6 (802.11ax)
- Bluetooth® Low Energy 5.4 in CC33x1MOD
- Companion module to any processor or MCU host capable of running a TCP/IP stack
- Integrated 2.4GHz PA for a complete wireless system with up to +18.4dBm output power
- Operating temperature: -40°C to +85°C
- Application throughput up to 50Mbps
- **Regulatory Certification** 
  - FCC: Z64-CC33SBMOD
  - IC/ISED: 461I-CC33SBMOD
  - ETSI/CE
  - MIC (TELEC): 201-250389 (Test Grade: 01), 201-250390 (Test Grade: 00)
- Based on CC3301 QuickTrack Qualified chipset
- Bluetooth Controller Subsystem Qualified

#### **Extended Features**

- Wi-Fi 6
  - 2.4GHz, 20MHz, single spatial stream
  - MAC, baseband, and RF transceiver with support for IEEE 802.11 b/g/n/ax
  - Target wake time (TWT), OFDMA, MU-MIMO (downlink), Basic Service Set Coloring, and trigger-based transmission for improved efficiency
  - Hardware-based encryption and decryption supporting WPA2 and WPA3
  - Excellent interoperability
  - Support for 4-bit SDIO or SPI host interfaces
- Bluetooth Low Energy 5.4
  - LE Coded PHYs (long range), LE 2M PHY (high speed), and Advertising Extension
  - Host controller interface (HCI) transport with an option for UART or shared SDIO
  - Internal coexistence mechanism with Wi-Fi to share the same RF chains and antenna
- **Enhanced Security** 
  - Secured host interface
  - Firmware authentication
  - Anti-rollback protection
- Multirole support (for example, concurrent STA and AP) to connect with Wi-Fi devices on different RF channels (Wi-Fi networks)
- Optional antenna diversity or selection
- 3-wire or 1-wire PTA for external coexistence with additional 2.4GHz radios (for example, Thread or Zigbee)

- Clock sources
  - 40MHz XTAL fast clock (Integrated into the module)
  - Internal slow clock or external 32.768kHz slow clock
- Small package size
  - Easy to design with 65-pin, 11mm × 11mm LGA package, 0.65mm pitch

## 2 Applications

- · Grid infrastructure
  - Electricity meter
  - String inverter
  - Microinverter
  - Energy storage power conversion system (PCS)
  - EV charging infrastructure
- Building and home automation
  - HVAC controller
  - HVAC gateway
  - Thermostat
  - Building security gateway
  - Garage door system
  - IP network camera and video doorbell
  - Wireless security camera
- **Appliances** 
  - Refrigerator and freezer
  - Oven
  - Washer and dryer
  - Residential water heater and heating system
  - Air purifier and humidifier
  - Coffee machine
  - Air conditioner indoor unit
  - Vacuum robot
  - Robotic lawn mower
- Medical
  - Infusion pump
  - Electronic hospital bed and bed control
  - Multiparameter patient monitor
  - Blood pressure monitor
  - CPAP machine
  - Telehealth systems
  - Ultrasound scanner
  - Ultrasound smart probe
  - Electric toothbrush
- **Retail Automation and Payment**
- **Printers**



## 3 Description

The SimpleLink™ Wi-Fi CC33xx family of devices is where affordability meets reliability, enabling engineers to connect more applications with confidence. CC330xMOD devices are certified modules designed to simplify hardware design and reduce time-to-market.

- CC3300MOD: A 2.4GHz Wi-Fi 6 companion module
- CC3301MOD: A 2.4GHz Wi-Fi 6 and Bluetooth Low Energy 5.4 companion module

The CC330xMOD offers the latest standards from Wi-Fi and BLE while maintaining compatibility with Wi-Fi 4 (802.11 b/g/n). These CC330xMOD devices are based on the 10th-generation connectivity combo chip from Texas Instruments. As such, the CC330xMOD is based on proven technology. These modules are an excellent choice to use in cost-sensitive embedded applications with a Linux or RTOS host running TCP/IP. CC330xMOD brings the efficiency of Wi-Fi 6 to embedded device applications for the Internet of Things (IoT).

#### **Device Information**

PART NUMBER1	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz SISO	BLUETOOTH LOW ENERGY
CC3300MODENIAMOZR	✓	
CC3301MODENIAMOZR	✓	✓

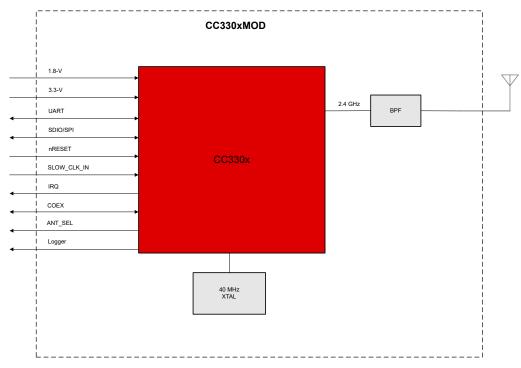
1. For more information, see the Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable addendum.

Submit Document Feedback



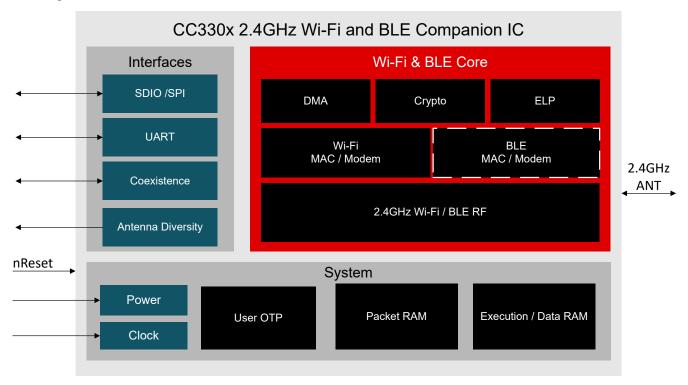
## **4 Functional Block Diagrams**

The diagram below shows the functional block diagram of the CC330xMOD module.



CC330xMODBlock Diagram

The diagram below shows a hardware overview of the CC330x IC used inside the CC330xMOD.



**CC330x Hardware Overview** 



## **Table of Contents**

1 Features 1 2 Applications 1
3 Description
5 Pin Configuration and Functions5
5.1 Pin Diagram5
5.2 Pin Descriptions6
6 Specifications9
6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings9
6.2 ESD Ratings9
6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions9
6.4 Electrical Characteristics9
6.5 WLAN Performance: 2.4GHz Receiver
Characteristics9
6.6 WLAN Performance: 2.4GHz Transmitter Power10
6.7 BLE Performance: Receiver Characteristics10
6.8 BLE Performance: Transmitter Characteristics12
6.9 Current Consumption: WLAN Static Modes12
6.10 Current Consumption: 2.4GHz WLAN Use Cases13
6.11 Current Consumption: BLE Static Modes
6.12 Current Consumption: BLE Use Cases
6.13 Current Consumption: Device Modes
6.14 Timing and Switching Characteristics
6.15 Interface Timing Characteristics

7 Device Certification	20
7.1 FCC Certification and Statement	20
7.2 IC/ISED Certification and Statement	21
7.3 ETSI/CE	
7.4 MIC Certification	
7.5 Manual Information to the End User	21
7.6 Module Markings	22
8 Application Information	24
8.1 Typical Application—CC330xMOD Reference	
Design	24
8.2 Design Recommendations	24
9 Device and Documentation Support	27
9.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer	27
9.2 Device Nomenclature Boilerplate	
9.3 Tools and Software	27
9.4 Documentation Support	28
9.5 Support Resources	28
9.6 Trademarks	29
9.7 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	29
9.8 Glossary	29
10 Revision History	29
11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
Information	30



## **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**

## 5.1 Pin Diagram

Figure 5-1 shows pin assignments for the 65-pin LGA package.

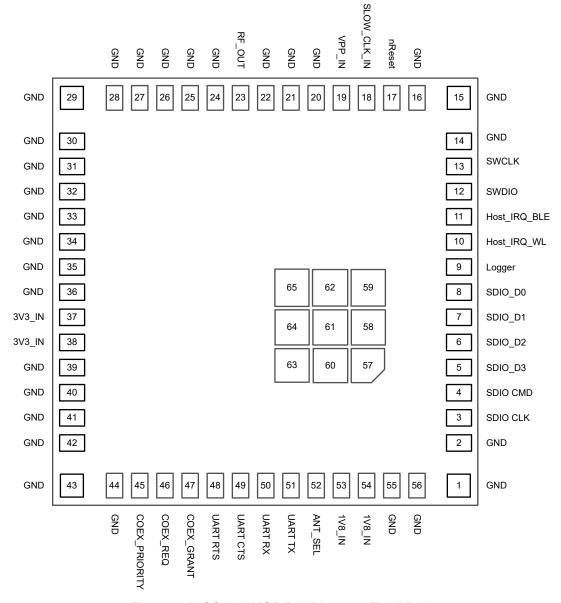


Figure 5-1. CC3301MOD Pin Diagram (Top View)



## **5.2 Pin Descriptions**

Table 5-1. Pin Descriptions

	Table 5-1. Pin Descriptions								
PIN	SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	DIR (I/O)	VOLTAGE LEVEL	SHUTDOWN STATE	STATE AFTER POWER-UP	DESCRIPTION		
1	GND	GND					GND		
2	GND	GND					GND		
3	SDIO CLK	Digital	I	1.8V	HiZ	HiZ	SDIO clock or SPI clock		
4	SDIO CMD	Digital	I/O	1.8V	HiZ	HiZ	SDIO command or SPI PICO		
5	SDIO_D3	Digital	I/O	1.8V	HiZ	PU	SDIO data D3 or SPI CS		
6	SDIO_D2	Digital	I/O	1.8V	HiZ	HiZ	SDIO data D2		
7	SDIO_D1	Digital	I/O	1.8V	HiZ	HiZ	SDIO data D1		
8	SDIO_D0	Digital	I/O	1.8V	HiZ	HiZ	SDIO data D0 or SPI POCI		
9	Logger <sup>3</sup>	Digital	0	1.8V	PU	PU	Tracer (UART TX debug logger)		
10	Host_IRQ_WL <sup>3</sup>	Digital	0	1.8V	PD	0	Interrupt request to host for WLAN		
11	Host_IRQ_BLE	Digital	0	1.8V	PD	PD	Reserved for future use		
12	SWDIO	Digital	I/O	1.8V	PU	PU	Serial wire debug I/O		
13	SWCLK	Digital	I	1.8V	PD	PD	Serial wire debug clock		
14	GND	GND					GND		
15	GND	GND					GND		
16	GND	GND					GND		
17	nReset	Digital	I	1.8V	PD	PD	Reset line for enabling or disabling device (active low)		
18	SLOW_CLK_IN	Digital	I	1.8V	PD	PD	32.768kHZ RTC clock input		
19	VPP_IN	POW					1.8V OTP programming input supply		
20	GND	GND					GND		
21	GND	GND					GND		
22	GND	GND					GND		
23	RF_OUT	RF	I/O				Bluetooth Low Energy and WLAN 2.4GHz RF port		
24	GND	GND					GND		
25	GND	GND					GND		
26	GND	GND					GND		
27	GND	GND					GND		
28	GND	GND					GND		
29	GND	GND					GND		
30	GND	GND					GND		
31	GND	GND					GND		
32	GND	GND					GND		
33	GND	GND					GND		



**Table 5-1. Pin Descriptions (continued)** 

Table 5-1. Pin Descriptions (continued)								
PIN	SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	DIR (I/O)	VOLTAGE LEVEL	SHUTDOWN STATE	STATE AFTER POWER-UP	DESCRIPTION	
34	GND	GND					GND	
35	GND	GND					GND	
36	GND	GND					GND	
37	3V3_IN	POW					VDD PA Voltage	
38	3V3_IN	POW					VDD PA Voltage	
39	GND	GND					GND	
40	GND	GND					GND	
41	GND	GND					GND	
42	GND	GND					GND	
43	GND	GND					GND	
44	GND	GND					GND	
45	COEX_PRIORITY <sup>2</sup>	Digital	I	1.8V	PU	PU	External coexistence interface: priority	
46	COEX_REQ <sup>2</sup>	Digital	ı	1.8V	PU	PU	External coexistence interface: request	
47	COEX_GRANT <sup>2</sup>	Digital	0	1.8V	PD	PD	External coexistence interface: grant	
48	UART RTS	Digital	0	1.8V	PU	PU	Device RTS signal: flow control for BLE HCI	
49	UART CTS	Digital	I	1.8V	PU	PU	Device CTS signal: flow control for BLE HCI	
50	UART RX	Digital	I	1.8V	PU	PU	UART RX for BLE HCI	
51	UART TX	Digital	0	1.8V	PU	PU	UART TX for BLE HCI	
52	ANT_SEL <sup>2</sup>	Digital	0	1.8V	PD	PD	Antenna select control line	
53	1V8_IN	POW					Main supply voltage for analog and digital—VDD_MAIN_IN, VDDA_IN1, VDDA_IN2, VIO	
54	1V8_IN	POW					Main supply voltage for analog and digital—VDD_MAIN_IN, VDDA_IN1, VDDA_IN2, VIO	
55	GND	GND					GND	
56	GND	GND					GND	
57	GND	GND					GND	
58	GND	GND					GND	
59	GND	GND					GND	
60	GND	GND					GND	
61	GND	GND					GND	
62	GND	GND					GND	
63	GND	GND					GND	
64	GND	GND					GND	



## **Table 5-1. Pin Descriptions (continued)**

PIN	SIGNAL NAME	TYPE	DIR (I/O)	VOLTAGE LEVEL	SHUTDOWN STATE	STATE AFTER POWER-UP	DESCRIPTION
65	GND	GND					GND

- 1. All digital I/Os (with the exception of SDIO signals) are Hi-Z when the device is in shutdown mode with internal PU/PD according to the "shutdown state" column.
- 2. See software release notes for support level.
- 3. Logger and Host\_IRQ\_WL pins are sensed by the device during boot, see CC33xx Hardware Integration.

Submit Document Feedback



## **6 Specifications**

All specifications are given at the module pins. Typical values are measured with nominal device at 25°C.

## 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

	PARAMETER	PINS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
1V8_IN	1.8-V Supply	53,54	-0.5	2.1	V
3V3_IN	3.3-V Supply	37,38	-0.5	4.2	V
	Input Voltage to all digital pins		-0.5	1V8_IN + 0.5	V
V <sub>PP</sub>	VPP OTP Voltage	19	-0.5	2.1	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature		-40	85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		- 40	105	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

				VALUE	UNIT
	Human body model (HBM), per	RF pins	±1000		
	Electrostatic discharge	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>	Other pins	±2000	V
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>		Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 <sup>(2)</sup> (3)	RF pins	±250	V
			Other pins	±500	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (3) ESD Rating is based on CC3301 IC Chipset.

## **6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

PARAMETER		PINS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
1V8_IN	1.8-V Supply	53,54	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
3V3_IN	3.3-V Supply	37,38	2.97	3.3	3.63	V
V <sub>PP</sub>	DC supply rail for OTP memory	19	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating ambient temperature		-40		85	°C
	Maximum power dissipation				2	W

#### 6.4 Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Voltage		0.65 × V <sub>IO</sub>	$V_{IO}$	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Level Input Voltage		0	0.35 × V <sub>IO</sub>	\ \/
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Voltage	at 4mA	V <sub>IO</sub> – 0.45	$V_{IO}$	\ \ \
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Voltage	at 4mA	0	0.45	

#### 6.5 WLAN Performance: 2.4GHz Receiver Characteristics

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
Operational Frequency Range		2412	2472	MHz



## 6.5 WLAN Performance: 2.4GHz Receiver Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP MAX	UNIT		
	1Mbps DSSS	-96.4			
	2Mbps DSSS	-93.9			
	11Mbps CCK	-88.4			
	6Mbps OFDM	-91.6			
Sensitivity: 8% PER for 11b rates, 10% PER for 11g/n/ax rates	54Mbps OFDM	-73.8	dBm		
Livior rightwax rates	HT MCS0 MM 4K	-91.3			
	HT MCS7 MM 4K	-71.2			
	HE MCS0 4K	-91.3			
	HE MCS7 4K	-72.2			
	1 DSSS	0			
Maximum input level: 8% PER for 11b rates, 10% PER for 11g/n/ax rates	OFDM6, HT MCS0, HE MCS0	0	dBm		
lates, 1070 Lates Highlight and lates	OFDM54, HT MCS7, HE MCS7	-9			
	1Mbps DSSS	45			
	11Mbps CCK	39			
	6Mbps OFDM	20			
Adjacent Channel Dejection	54Mbps OFDM	3	dB		
Adjacent Channel Rejection	HT MCS0	20	ub		
	HT MCS7	3			
	HE MCS0	16	1		
	HE MCS7	HE MCS7 -1			
RSSI Accuracy	-90dBm to -30dBm	-3 3	dB		

## 6.6 WLAN Performance: 2.4GHz Transmitter Power

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operational Frequency Range <sup>(1)</sup>		2412		2472	MHz
	1Mbps DSSS		18.4		
	6Mbps OFDM		18		
	54Mbps OFDM		15.5		
Maximum output power at 3V3_IN > 3.0V <sup>(2)</sup>	HT MCS0 MM		18		dBm
0.07	HT MCS7 MM		15.5		
	HE MCS0		18		
	HE MCS7		15.5		
Transmit center frequency accuracy		-25		25	ppm

- (1) Channels 1 (2142 MHz) through 11 (2462 MHz) are supported for FCC.
  - Channels 1 (2142 MHz) through 13 (2472MHz) are supported for Europe and Japan. Note that channel 14 is not supported for Japan.
- (2) The 11g/n/ax low rates on edge channels (2412 and 2462 MHz) have reduced TX power to meet FCC emission limits.
  - Power of 802.11b rates are reduced to meet ETSI requirements in Europe.

## 6.7 BLE Performance: Receiver Characteristics

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
BLE 125Kbps (LE Coded) Receiver Characteristics						
Receiver sensitivity <sup>(2)</sup>	PER <30.2%		-102.4		dBm	

Submit Document Feedback

## **6.7 BLE Performance: Receiver Characteristics (continued)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN TYP MAX	UNIT
Receiver saturation	PER <30.2%	2	dBm
Co-channel rejection <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –79dBm, modulated interferer in channel	10	dB
Selectivity, ±1MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –79dBm, modulated interferer at ±1MHz.	0 / 0	dB
Selectivity, ±2MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –79dBm, modulated interferer at ±2MHz.	-37 / -30	dB
Selectivity, ±3MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –79dBm, modulated interferer at ±3MHz.	-39 / -36	dB
Selectivity, ±4MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –79dBm, modulated interferer at ±4MHz.	-45 / <del>-</del> 41	dB
RSSI Accuracy	Dynamic range of –90 to –20dBm	-4	4 dB
BLE 500Kbps (LE Coded) Receive	r Characteristics		1
Receiver sensitivity	PER <30.2%	-99.6	dBm
Receiver saturation	PER <30.2%	2	dBm
Co-channel rejection <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –72dBm, modulated interferer in channel.	10	dB
Selectivity, ±1MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –72dBm, modulated interferer at ±1MHz.	0/0	dB
Selectivity, ±2MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –72dBm, modulated interferer at ±2MHz.	-35 / -25	dB
Selectivity, ±3MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –72dBm, modulated interferer at ±3MHz.	-40 / -37	dB
Selectivity, ±4MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –72dBm, modulated interferer at ±4MHz.	-45 / -40	dB
RSSI Accuracy	Dynamic range of –90 to –20dBm	-4	4 dB
BLE 1Mbps (LE 1M) Receiver Cha	racteristics		
Receiver sensitivity <sup>(3)</sup>	PER <30.2%, 37 byte packets	- 98.2	dBm
Receiver sensitivity <sup>(3)</sup>	PER <30.2%, 255 byte packets	<b>- 97</b>	dBm
Receiver saturation	PER <30.2%	2	dBm
Co-channel rejection <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer in channel	10	dB
Selectivity, ±1MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer at ±1MHz	0 / 0	dB
Selectivity, ±2MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer at ±2MHz.	-35 / -28	dB
Selectivity, ±3MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer at ±3MHz	-38 / -32	dB
Selectivity, ±4MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer at ±4MHz	-45 / -40	dB
Out-of-band blocking	30MHz to 2000MHz, Wanted signal at –67dBm	-23	dBm
Out-of-band blocking	2003MHz to 2399MHz, Wanted signal at –67dBm	-30	dBm
Out-of-band blocking	2484 MHz to 2997 MHz, Wanted signal at – 67dBm	-30	dBm
Out-of-band blocking	3000MHz to 6GHz, Wanted signal at –67dBm	-21	dBm
Intermodulation	Wanted signal at 2402MHz, –64dBm. Two interferers at 2405 and 2408MHz respectively, at the given power level	-40	dBm
RSSI accuracy	Dynamic range of –90 to –20dBm	-4	4 dB



## 6.7 BLE Performance: Receiver Characteristics (continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
BLE 2Mbps (LE 2M) Receiver C	haracteristics			
Receiver sensitivity <sup>(4)</sup>	PER <30.2%	- 94.1		dBm
Receiver saturation	PER <30.2%	2		dBm
Co-channel rejection <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer in channel	10		dB
Selectivity, ±2MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer at ±2MHz.	0 / 0		dB
Selectivity, ±4MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer at ±4MHz	-35 / -28		dB
Selectivity, ±6MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer at ±6MHz	-35 / -28		dB
Alternate channel rejection, ±8MHz <sup>(1)</sup>	Wanted signal at –67dBm, modulated interferer at ±8MHz	-37 / -32		dB
Out-of-band blocking	30MHz to 2000MHz, Wanted signal at –67dBm	-23		dBm
Out-of-band blocking	2003MHz to 2399MHz, Wanted signal at –67dBm	-30		dBm
Out-of-band blocking	2484MHz to 2997MHz, Wanted signal at –67dBm	-30		dBm
Out-of-band blocking	3000MHz to 6GHz, Wanted signal at –67dBm	-21		dBm
Intermodulation	Wanted signal at 2402MHz, –64dBm. Two interferers at 2405 and 2408MHz respectively, at the given power level	-44		dBm
RSSI Accuracy	Dynamic range of –90 to –20dBm	-4	4	dB

- (1) Numbers given as C/I dB
- BLE Coded PHY sensitivity on channels 17 may degrade by up to 3dB. (2)
- (3) BLE 1M PHY sensitivity on channels 17 and 39 may degrade by up to 2.5dB.
- (4) BLE 2M PHY sensitivity on channel 17 may degrade by up to 1.5dB.

## **6.8 BLE Performance: Transmitter Characteristics**

The CC33X1 devices support BLE TX setting 0,5,10, or 20dBm

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output Power, highest setting			17.8		dBm

## 6.9 Current Consumption: WLAN Static Modes

All results are based on measurements taken using the RadioTool evaluation application (typ values are taken with nominal devices at room temp).

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		1V8_IN		3V3_IN		UNIT	
PARAMETER	IEST G	ONDITIONS	TYP MAX		TYP	MAX		
Continuous TX <sup>(1)</sup>	1 DSSS	TX Power = 18.4dBm	92		250	290 <sup>(1)</sup>		
	6 OFDM	TX Power = 18dBm	105	170 <sup>(1)</sup>	250	290(1)		
	54 OFDM	TX Power = 15.5dBm	111		180			
	HT MCS0	TX Power = 18dBm	105		245		mA	
	HT MCS7	TX Power = 15.5dBm	110		180			
	HE MCS0	TX Power = 18dBm	105		240			
	HE MCS7	TX Power = 15.5dBm	110		180			
Continuous RX			62		0			
Continuous Listen (For Beacon)			55.5		0		mA	

Product Folder Links: CC3300MOD CC3301MOD

Peak current 3V3 IN can hit 340mA during device calibration.

12 Submit Document Feedback



Peak current 1V8 IN of 185mA including peripherals and internal CPU

#### 6.10 Current Consumption: 2.4GHz WLAN Use Cases

MODE	DESCRIPTION	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT		
System with 3.3V to Ext. DC/DC at 85% Efficiency					
DTIM = 1	WLAN beacon reception every DTIM=1 (~102ms)	588			
DTIM = 3	WLAN beacon reception every DTIM=3 (~306ms)	365	μΑ		
DTIM = 5	WLAN beacon reception every DTIM=5 (~510ms)	311			
System with 1.8V					
DTIM = 1	WLAN beacon reception every DTIM=1 (~102ms)	904			
DTIM = 3	WLAN beacon reception every DTIM=3 (~306ms)	562	μΑ		
DTIM = 5	WLAN beacon reception every DTIM=5 (~510ms)	479			

<sup>(1)</sup> Current measured on 1V8\_IN supply

### 6.11 Current Consumption: BLE Static Modes

All results are based on measurements taken using the RadioTool evaluation application (typ values are taken with nominal devices at room temp).

	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS		1V8_IN		3V3_IN		UNIT
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	UNII
TX	TX Power = 0dBm	102		42			
	TX Power = 10dBm	102		104		mA	
		TX Power = 17.8dBm	105		250		
RX			62		0		mA

#### 6.12 Current Consumption: BLE Use Cases

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

MODE	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
BLE Advertise 100ms	646	μΑ
BLE Connection, 1s	3106	μΑ

<sup>(1)</sup> Current measured on 1V8\_IN supply

#### **6.13 Current Consumption: Device Modes**

Nominal device at room temperature

MODE	DESCRIPTION	1V8_IN		3V3_IN		UNIT
MODE	DESCRIPTION	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Shutdown	External supplies are available, device held in reset (nReset is low)	10		2		μΑ
Sleep	Low power mode - RAM in retention	330		2		

## 6.14 Timing and Switching Characteristics

#### 6.14.1 Power Supply Sequencing

For proper operation of the CC330xMOD module, perform the recommended power-up sequencing as follows:

- 1. All supplies (1V8 IN, 3V3 IN, VPP) must be available before nReset is released.
- 2. For an external slow clock, confirm that the clock is stable before nReset is deasserted (high).



3. The nReset pin must be held low for at least 10µs after the stabilization of the external power supplies.

#### 6.14.2 Clocking Specifications

The CC330x device uses two clocks for operation:

- A fast clock running at 40MHz for WLAN/BLE functions
- A slow clock running at 32.768kHz for low power modes

The fast clock is integrated inside the CC330xMOD and does not need to be supplied externally. The slow clock can be generated internally from the CC330x device or can be supplied externally to the CC330xMOD.

#### 6.14.2.1 Slow Clock Generated Internally

To minimize external components, the slow clock can be generated by an internal oscillator. However, this clock is less accurate and consumes more power than sourcing the slow clock externally. For this scenario the SLOW\_CLK\_IN pin must be left not connected.

#### 6.14.2.2 Slow Clock Using an External Oscillator

For excellent power consumption, the slow clock can be generated externally by an oscillator or sourced from elsewhere in the system. The external source must meet the requirements shown below. This clock can be fed into the CC330xMOD pin SLOW\_CLK\_IN and must be stable before nReset is deasserted and the device is enabled.

**Table 6-1. External Slow Clock Requirements** 

Table 6-1. External Glow Glock Requirements							
	Parameter	Description	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	
	Input slow clock frequency	Square wave		32768		Hz	
	Frequency accuracy	Inital + temperature + aging			±250	ppm	
	Input Duty cycle		30%	50%	70%		
T <sub>r</sub> /T <sub>f</sub>	Rise and fall time	10% to 90% (rise) and 90% to 10% (fall) of digital signal level			100	ns	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low level		0		0.35 × V <sub>IO</sub>	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high level		0.65 × V <sub>IO</sub>		1.95	V	
	Input impedence		1			ΜΩ	
	Input capacitance				5	pF	

Product Folder Links: CC3300MOD CC3301MOD



## **6.15 Interface Timing Characteristics**

## 6.15.1 SDIO Timing Specifications

SDIO is the main host interface for WLAN, and it supports a maximum clock rate of 52MHz. The CC330x device also supports a shared SDIO interface for both BLE and WLAN.

#### 6.15.1.1 SDIO Timing Diagram: Default Speed

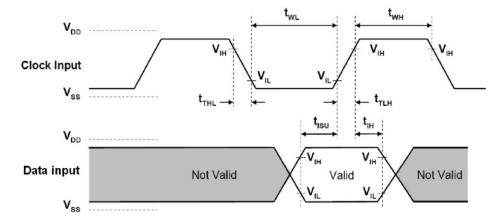


Figure 6-1. SDIO Default Input Timing

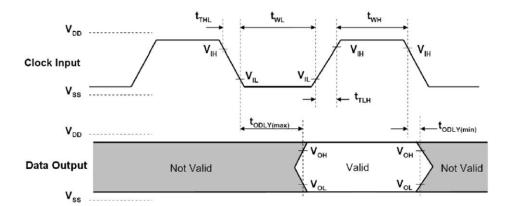


Figure 6-2. SDIO Default Output Timing



Table 6-2. SDIO Timing Parameters: Default Speed

Parameter	Description	MIN	MAX	Unit
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency, CLK		26	MHz
t <sub>High</sub>	High Period	10		
t <sub>Low</sub>	Low Period	10		
t <sub>TLH</sub>	Rise time, CLK		10	
t <sub>THL</sub>	Fall time, CLK		10	ns
t <sub>ISU</sub>	Setup time, input valid before CLK ↑	5		
t <sub>IH</sub>	Hold time, input valid after CLK ↑	5		
t <sub>ODLY</sub>	Delay time, CLK ↓ to output valid	2	14	
C <sub>L</sub>	Capacitive load on outputs	15	40	pF

## 6.15.1.2 SDIO Timing Diagram: High Speed

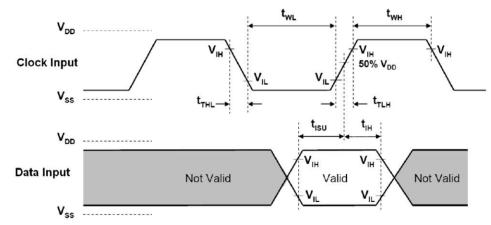


Figure 6-3. SDIO HS Input Timing

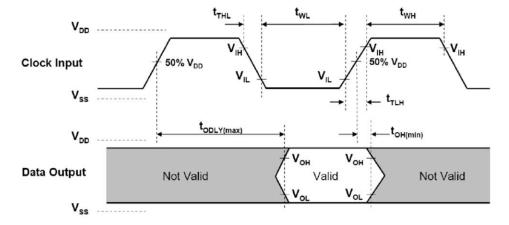


Figure 6-4. SDIO HS Output Timing



Table 6-3. SDIO Timing Parameters: High Speed

Parameter	Description	MIN	MAX	Unit
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency, CLK		52	MHz
t <sub>High</sub>	High Period	7		
t <sub>Low</sub>	Low Period	7		
t <sub>TLH</sub>	Rise time, CLK		3	
t <sub>THL</sub>	Fall time, CLK		3	ns
t <sub>ISU</sub>	Setup time, input valid before CLK ↑	6		
t <sub>IH</sub>	Hold time, input valid after CLK ↑	2		
t <sub>ODLY</sub>	Delay time, CLK ↑ to output valid	2	14	
C <sub>L</sub>	Capacitive load on outputs	15	40	pF



## 6.15.2 SPI Timing Specifications

SPI is another host interface for WLAN. The CC330x device also supports shared SPI interface for both BLE and WLAN.

## 6.15.2.1 SPI Timing Diagram

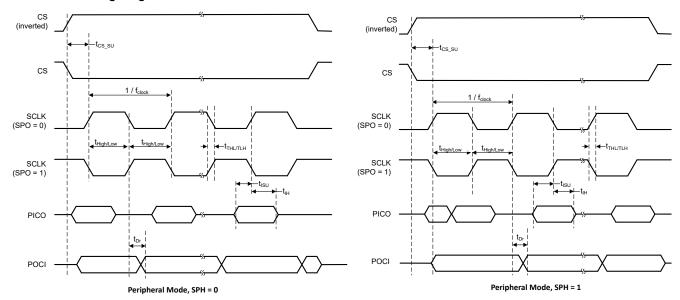


Figure 6-5. SPI Timing

#### 6.15.2.2 SPI Timing Parameters

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency, CLK		26	MHz
t <sub>High</sub>	High Period	10		
t <sub>Low</sub>	Low Period	10		
t <sub>TLH</sub>	Rise time, CLK		3	
t <sub>THL</sub>	Fall time, CLK		3	
t <sub>CSsu</sub>	CS Setup time, CS valid before CLK ↑	3		ns
t <sub>ISU</sub>	PICO, input valid before CLK ↑	3		
t <sub>IH</sub>	PICO Hold time, input valid after CLK ↑	3		
t <sub>Dr</sub> , t <sub>Df</sub> - Active	Delay time, CLK ↑/↓ to output valid	2	10	
t <sub>Dr</sub> , t <sub>Df</sub> - Sleep	Delay time, CLK ↑/↓ to output valid		12	
C <sub>L</sub>	Capacitive load on outputs	15	40	pF

Submit Document Feedback



## 6.15.3 UART 4-Wire Interface

UART is the main host interface for BLE, which supports the host controller interface (HCI) transport layer.

## 6.15.3.1 UART Timing Parameters

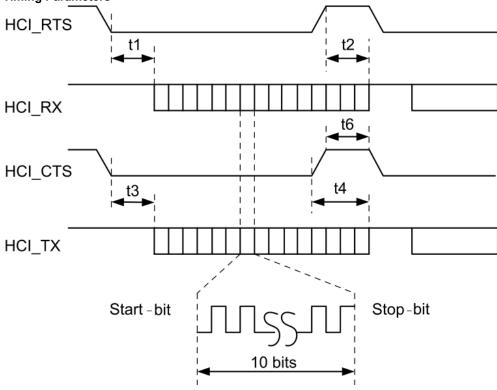
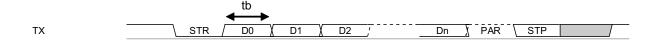


Figure 6-6. UART Timing Diagram

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Baud rate			37.5		4364	Kbps
Baud rate accuracy per byte	Receive/Transmit		-2.5		1.5	%
Baud rate accuracy per bit	Receive/Transmit		-12.5		12.5	%
CTS low to TX_DATA on		t3	0	2		μs
CTS high to TX_DATA off	Hardware flow control	t4			1	Byte
CTS High Pulse Width		t6	1			bit
RTS low to RX_DATA on		t1	0	2		μs
RTS high to RX_DATA off	Interrupt set to 1/4 FIFO	t2			16	Bytes



STR - Start bit

D0..Dn - Data bits (LSB first)
PAR - Parity bit (if used)

STP - Stop bit

### 7 Device Certification

The CC3300MOD and CC3301MOD modules from TI are certified for FCC, IC, ETSI/CE, and Japan MIC. The module is also Wi-Fi CERTIFIED™ with the ability to request a certificate transfer for Wi-Fi Alliance® members. TI customers who build products based on the CC330xMOD device from TI can save on testing costs and time per product family. Table 7-1 shows the certification list for the CC3301MOD module.

#### Note

The FCC and IC IDs must be located in both the user manual and on the packaging. Due to the small size of the module (11 mm x 11 mm), placing the IDs and markings in a type size large enough to be legible without the aid of magnification is impractical.

**Table 7-1. Device Certification** 

REGULATORY BODY	SPECIFICATION	ID (IF APPLICABLE)
FCC (USA)	FCC (USA) Part 15C + MPE FCC RF exposure	
IC/ISED (Canada)	RSS-102 (MPE) and RSS-247 (Wi-Fi, Bluetooth)	451I-CC33SBMOD
	EN300328 v2.2.2 (2.4GHz Wi-Fi, Bluetooth)	_
	EN62311:2020 (MPE)	_
ETSI/CE (Europe)	EN301489-1 v2.2.3 (general EMC)	_
	EN301489-17 v3.3.1 (EMC)	_
	EN62368-1	_
MIC (Japan)	Article 49-20 of ORRE	201-250389 (Test Grade: 01)
wiio (Japan)	Atticle 45-20 of ORNE	201-250390 (Test Grade: 00)

#### 7.1 FCC Certification and Statement

The CC330xMOD modules from TI are certified for the FCC as a single-modular transmitter. The modules are FCC-certified radio modules that carry a modular grant. Users are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the authority of the user to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

### **CAUTION**

### **FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement**

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. End users must follow the specific operating instructions to satisfy RF exposure limits. This transmitter must not be colocated or operate with any other antenna or transmitter.

Submit Document Feedback

#### 7.2 IC/ISED Certification and Statement

#### **CAUTION**

#### **IC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:**

To comply with IC RF exposure requirements, this device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Pour se conformer aux exigences de conformité RF canadienne l'exposition, cet appareil et son antenne ne doivent pas être co-localisés ou fonctionnant en conjonction avec une autre antenne ou transmetteur.

The CC330xMOD modules from TI are certified for IC as a single-modular transmitter. The CC330xMOD modules from TI meet IC modular approval and labeling requirements. The IC follows the same testing and rules as the FCC regarding certified modules in authorized equipment.

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standards.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- · This device may not cause interference.
- This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence.

L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

- · L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage
- L'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

#### 7.3 ETSI/CE

The CC330xMOD modules conform to the EU Radio Equipment Directive. For further details, see the full text of the EU Declaration of Conformity for the CC3301MOD devices.

#### 7.4 MIC Certification

The CC330xMOD modules from TI are MIC-certified against articles 49–20 and the relevant articles of the Ordinance Regulating Radio Equipment. Operation is subject to the following condition:

· The host system does not contain a wireless wide area network (WWAN) device.

#### 7.5 Manual Information to the End User

The OEM integrator must be aware of not providing information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product that integrates this module. The end user's manual must include all required regulatory information and warnings as shown in this manual.



### 7.6 Module Markings

The figure below shows the markings for the CC330xMOD module.

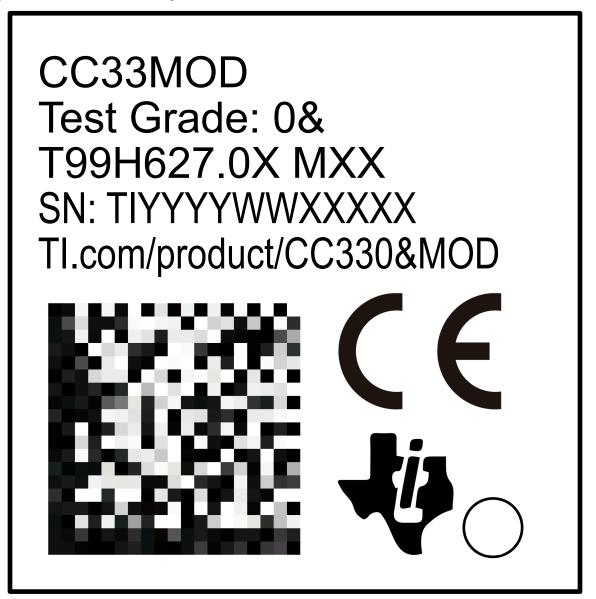


Figure 7-1. CC330xMOD Module Markings

The table below describes the CC330xMOD markings.

Table 7-2. Description of CC330xMOD Markings

MARKING	DESCRIPTION		
CC33MOD	TI Model P/N		
0&	Test grade (For more information see the Test Grades section)		
T99H627.0X	Internal Part Identifier		
MXX	Internal Part Identifier		
SN(Serial Number): TIYYYYWWXXXXX	SN: Reserved for TI Use		
TI.com/product/CC330&MOD	Link to module product page		

Submit Document Feedback

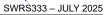




Table 7-2. Description of CC330xMOD Markings (continued)

MARKING	DESCRIPTION
0	Pin 1 Indicator
CE logo	CE Compliance Mark
QR Code	Internal Use

## 7.6.1 Test Grades

See the table below for more information about test grades for CC330xMOD.

Table 7-3. Test Grade Markings for CC330xMOD

TEST GRADE	PART NUMBER	WLAN 2.4GHz	BLUETOOTH LOW ENERGY
00	CC3300MODENIAMOZR	Tested	_
01	CC3301MODENIAMOZR	Tested	Tested

## **8 Application Information**

## 8.1 Typical Application—CC330xMOD Reference Design

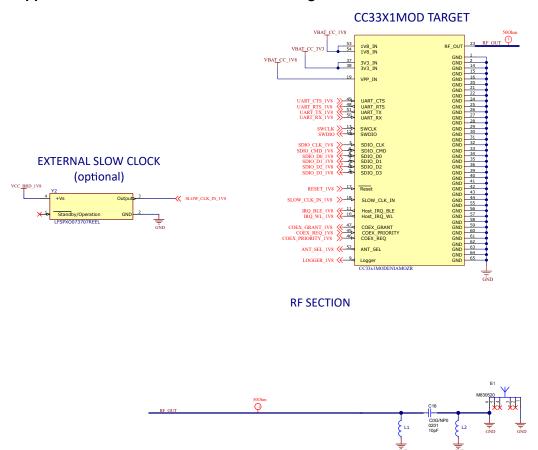


Figure 8-1. CC330xMOD Reference Schematics

## 8.2 Design Recommendations

This section describes the layout recommendations for the CC330xMOD module, RF trace, and antenna.

Table 8-1 summarizes the layout recommendations.

**Table 8-1. Layout Recommendations Summary** 

ITEM	DESCRIPTION						
Therm	al						
1	The proximity of ground vias must be close to the pad.						
2	Signal traces must not be run underneath the module on the layer where the module is mounted.						
3	Have a complete ground pour in layer 2 for thermal dissipation.						
4	Have a solid ground plane and ground vias under the module for a stable system and thermal dissipation.						
5	Increase the ground pour in the first layer and have all of the traces from the first layer on the inner layers, if possible.						
6	Signal traces can be run on a third layer under the solid ground layer, which is below the module mounting layer.						
RF Tra	ce and Antenna Routing						
7	The RF trace antenna feed must be as short as possible beyond the ground reference. At this point, the trace starts to radiate.						
8	The RF trace bends must be gradual, with an approximate maximum bend of 45° with trace mitered. RF traces must not have sharp corners.						
9	RF traces must have via stitching on the ground plane beside the RF trace on both sides.						
10	RF traces must have constant impedance (microstrip transmission line).						

Submit Document Feedback

Table 8-1. Layout Recommendations Summary (continued)

ITEM	DESCRIPTION
11	For best results, the RF trace ground layer should be the ground layer immediately below the RF trace. The ground layer should be solid.
12	There must be no traces or ground under the antenna section.
13	RF traces must be as short as possible. The antenna, RF traces, and modules must be on the edge of the PCB product. The proximity of the antenna to the enclosure and the enclosure material must also be considered.

#### 8.2.1 General Layout Recommendations

Ensure that the following general layout recommendations are followed:

- Have a solid ground plane and ground vias under the module for stable system and thermal dissipation.
- Do not place signal traces underneath the module on a layer where the module is mounted.

### 8.2.2 CC330xMOD RF Layout Recommendations

The RF section of this wireless module gets top priority in terms of layout. It is very important for the RF section to be laid out correctly to ensure optimum performance from the module. A poor layout can cause low-output power, EVM degradation, sensitivity degradation, and mask violations.

The image below shows the RF placement and routing of the CC3301MOD module with an external antenna.

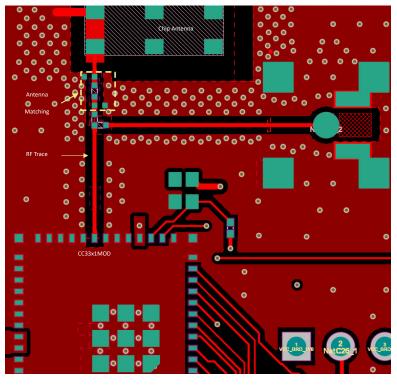


Figure 8-2. RF Section Layout

Follow these RF layout recommendations for the CC330xMOD device:

- RF traces must have 50Ω impedance and should be no shorter than 9.24mm.
- RF trace bends must be made with gradual curves, and 90° bends must be avoided.
- · RF traces must not have sharp corners.
- There must be no traces or ground under the antenna section.
- RF traces must have via stitching on the ground plane beside the RF trace on both sides.
- RF traces must be as short as possible. The antenna, RF traces, and the module must be on the edge of the PCB product in consideration of the product enclosure material and proximity.



#### 8.2.3 Thermal Board Recommendations

The TI module uses  $\mu$ vias for layers 1 through 4 with full copper filling, providing heat flow all the way to the module ground pads.

TI recommends using one big ground pad under the module with vias all the way to connect the pad to all ground layers (see Block of Ground Pads on the Bottom Side of Package).

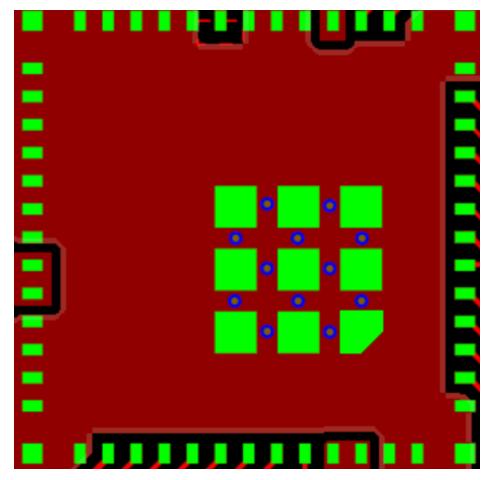


Figure 8-3. Block of Ground Pads on the Bottom Side of Package

For more general layout recommendations, refer to the CC33xx Hardware Integration document. This document describes how to integrate the CC330xMOD into any system, and the hardware requirements for this device. Layout and schematic considerations are listed here as well, which TI highly recommends following to achieve the device performance listed in this data sheet.

Submit Document Feedback



## 9 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop systems are listed below.

### 9.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer

TI'S PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION REGARDING THIRD-PARTY PRODUCTS OR SERVICES DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN ENDORSEMENT REGARDING THE SUITABILITY OF SUCH PRODUCTS OR SERVICES OR A WARRANTY, REPRESENTATION OR ENDORSEMENT OF SUCH PRODUCTS OR SERVICES, EITHER ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH ANY TI PRODUCT OR SERVICE.

### 9.2 Device Nomenclature Boilerplate

Device development evolutionary flow:

- **X** Experimental device that is not necessarily representative of the final device's electrical specifications and may not use production assembly flow.
- **P** Prototype device that is not necessarily the final silicon die and may not necessarily meet final electrical specifications.

**null** Production version of the silicon die that is fully qualified.

Support tool development evolutionary flow:

**TMDX** Development-support product that has not yet completed Texas Instruments internal qualification testing.

**TMDS** Fully-qualified development-support product.

X and P devices and TMDX development-support tools are shipped against the following disclaimer:

Device development evolutionary flow:

- **TMX** Experimental device that is not necessarily representative of the final device's electrical specifications and may not use production assembly flow.
- **TMP** Prototype device that is not necessarily the final silicon die and may not necessarily meet final electrical specifications.

**TMS** Production version of the silicon die that is fully qualified.

Support tool development evolutionary flow:

**TMDX** Development-support product that has not yet completed Texas Instruments internal qualification testing.

**TMDS** Fully-qualified development-support product.

TMX and TMP devices and TMDX development-support tools are shipped against the following disclaimer:

"Developmental product is intended for internal evaluation purposes."

Production devices and TMDS development-support tools have been characterized fully, and the quality and reliability of the device have been demonstrated fully. Tl's standard warranty applies.

Predictions show that prototype devices (X or P) have a greater failure rate than the standard production devices. Texas Instruments recommends that these devices not be used in any production system because their expected end-use failure rate still is undefined. Only qualified production devices are to be used.

#### 9.3 Tools and Software

#### **Design Kits and Evaluation Modules**

CC3301MOD BoosterPack plug-in module The CC3301MOD BoosterPack™ plug-in module (BP-CC3301MOD) is a test and development board that can be easily connected to TI LaunchPad™ development kits or processor boards; thus enabling rapid software development.

#### **Software**

SimpleLink Wi-Fi Toolbox

SimpleLink Wi-Fi Toolbox is a collection of tools to help development and testing of the CC33xx. The Wi-Fi toolbox package provides all the capabilities required to debug and monitor WLAN/Bluetooth® Low Energy firmware with a host, perform RF validation tests, run pretest for regulatory certification testing, and debug hardware and software platform integration issues.

CC33xx device drivers

The CC33XX are single-chip Wi-Fi 6 and Bluetooth Low Energy 5.4 companion devices for both Linux- and RTOS-based systems. CC33XX-SOFTWARE is a collection of software development sources aimed to facilitate quick setup, out-of-box experience, and accelerate development in Linux or RTOS environments.

## 9.4 Documentation Support

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on Notifications to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### **Application Reports**

CC33xx Production Line Guide

Texas Instruments™ provides many resources to assist users in quickly examining the functionality and performance of the TI devices. This document provides the necessary information to guide the user in production line testing for CC33xx. The devices' functions can be checked using tools and software provided by Texas Instruments. Performance testing is more involved as external equipment is required for a thorough examination.

SimpleLink CC33xx **Security Features** 

This document describes the CC33xx security-related features, which are made available to vendors through an ecosystem that incorporates simple and concise APIs, tools, and documentation

SimpleLink CC33xx **Host Interfaces** 

This document describes the host interface between the host processor and CC33xx companion IC and provides the system designer with all the required technical information for easy integration

#### **User's Guides**

CC33xx WLAN Features User's Guide

This document provides information about CC330xMOD family of devices and Wi-Fi® features, as well as TI proprietary enhancements. The document does not provide the complete application programming interface (API) set, but a high-level overview of the features.

CC33xx Hardware Integration

This document describes how to integrate the CC330xMOD into any system, and the hardware requirements for this device. Layout and schematic considerations are listed here as well, which TI highly recommends following to achieve the device performance listed in this data sheet.

WFA QuickTrack

This document provides information about using the QuickTrack Control App to certify Control Application with CC33xx devices according to Wi-Fi® standards. The document provides a high-level CC33xx User's Guide overview of the certification process.

#### 9.5 Support Resources

TI E2E™ support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.



#### 9.6 Trademarks

SimpleLink<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of TI.

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

Bluetooth® is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 9.7 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## 9.8 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## **10 Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
July 2025	*	Advance Information to Production Data



## 11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Submit Document Feedback



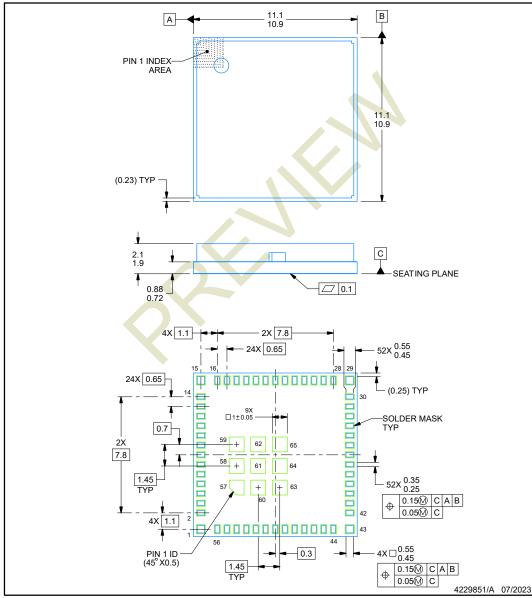
## **MOZ0065A**



## **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

## QFM - 2.1 mm max height

QUAD FLAT MODULE



## NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
   This drawing is subject to change without notice.

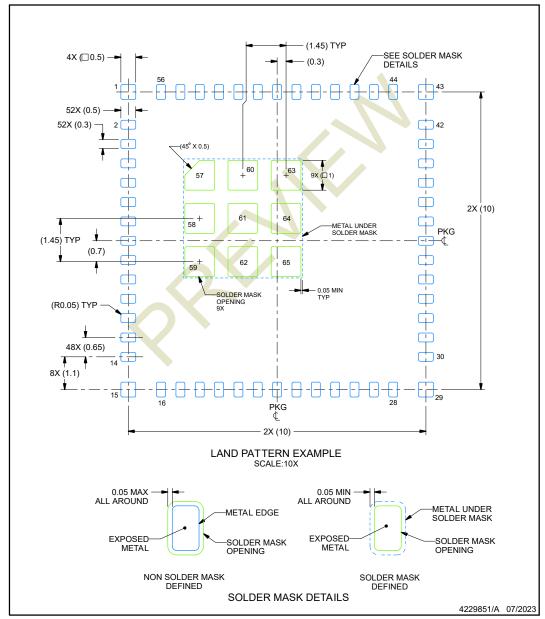


#### **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## **MOZ0065A**

### QFM - 2.1 mm max height

QUAD FLAT MODULE



NOTES: (continued)

3. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



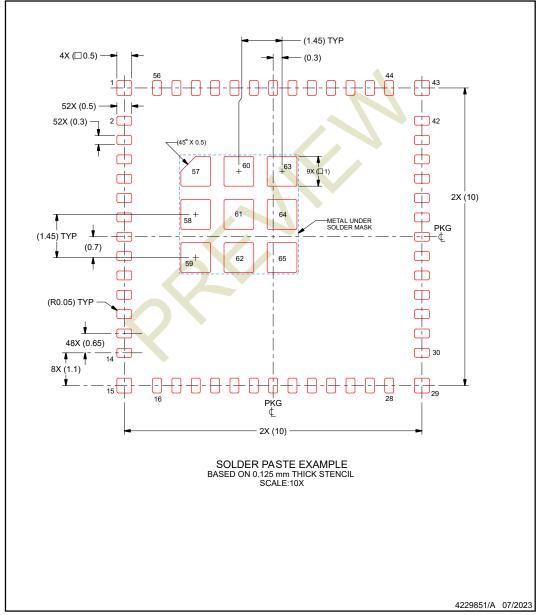


## **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## **MOZ0065A**

## QFM - 2.1 mm max height

QUAD FLAT MODULE



NOTES: (continued)

<sup>4.</sup> Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





www.ti.com 17-Oct-2024

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
							(6)				
XCC3301MODENIAMOZR	ACTIVE	QFM	MOZ	65	1500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2025. Texas Instruments Incorporated