

# **AMC1304x High-Precision, Reinforced Isolated Delta-Sigma Modulators with LDO**

## **1 Features**

- Pin-compatible family optimized for shunt-resistor-based current measurements:
  - $\pm 50\text{-mV}$  or  $\pm 250\text{-mV}$  input voltage ranges
  - CMOS or LVDS digital interface options
- Excellent DC performance supporting high-precision sensing on system level:
  - Offset error:  $\pm 50\text{ }\mu\text{V}$  or  $\pm 100\text{ }\mu\text{V}$  (max)
  - Offset drift:  $1.3\text{ }\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$  (max)
  - Gain error:  $\pm 0.2\%$  or  $\pm 0.3\%$  (max)
  - Gain drift:  $\pm 40\text{ ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$  (max)
- Safety-related certifications:
  - 7000- $V_{PK}$  reinforced isolation per DIN VDE V 0884-11: 2017-01
  - 5000- $V_{RMS}$  isolation for 1 minute per UL1577
  - CAN/CSA no. 5A-component acceptance service notice and IEC 62368-1 end equipment standard
- Transient immunity:  $15\text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$  (min)
- High electromagnetic field immunity (see application note [SLLA181A](#))
- External 5-MHz to 20-MHz clock input for easier system-level synchronization
- On-chip 18-V LDO regulator
- Fully specified over the extended industrial temperature range

## **2 Applications**

- Shunt-resistor-based current sensing in:
  - Industrial motor drives
  - Photovoltaic inverters
  - Uninterruptible power supplies
- Isolated voltage measurements

## **3 Description**

The AMC1304 is a precision, delta-sigma ( $\Delta\Sigma$ ) modulator with the output separated from the input circuitry by a capacitive double isolation barrier that is highly resistant to magnetic interference. This barrier is certified to provide reinforced isolation of up to 7000  $V_{PEAK}$  according to the DIN VDE V 0884-11, UL1577 and CSA standards. Used in conjunction with isolated power supplies, the device prevents noise currents on a high common-mode voltage line from entering the local system ground and interfering with or damaging low voltage circuitry.

The input of the AMC1304 is optimized for direct connection to shunt resistors or other low voltage-level signal sources. The unique low input voltage range of the  $\pm 50\text{-mV}$  device allows significant reduction of the power dissipation through the shunt while supporting excellent ac and dc performance. By using an appropriate digital filter (that is, as integrated on the [TMS320F2807x](#) or [TMS320F2837x](#) families) to decimate the bit stream, the device can achieve 16 bits of resolution with a dynamic range of 81 dB (13.2 ENOB) at a data rate of 78 kSPS.

On the high-side, the modulator is supplied by an integrated low-dropout (LDO) regulator that allows an unregulated input voltage between 4 V and 18 V (LDOIN). The isolated digital interface operates from a 3.3-V or 5-V power supply (DVDD).

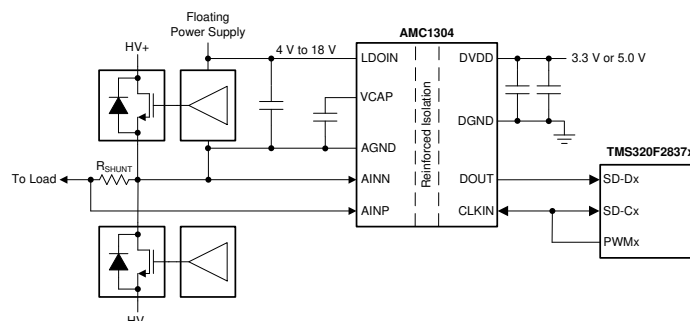
The AMC1304 is available in a wide-body SOIC-16 (DW) package and is specified from  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>**

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE   | BODY SIZE (NOM)    |
|-------------|-----------|--------------------|
| AMC1304x    | SOIC (16) | 10.30 mm × 7.50 mm |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

## **Simplified Schematic**



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## 4 Revision History

### Changes from Revision E (January 2017) to Revision F Page

|                                                                                                                                                                                |   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| • VDE standard revision from <i>DIN V VDE V 0884-10</i> to <i>DIN VDE V 0884-11</i> throughout document                                                                        | 1 |
| • Changed <i>IEC 60950-1</i> and <i>IEC 60065</i> to <i>IEC 62368-1</i> in <i>CAN/CSA no. 5A-component acceptance service notice</i> Features bullet                           | 1 |
| • Changed <i>VDE standard</i> revision from <i>DIN V VDE V 0884-10 (VDE V 0884-10): 2006-12</i> to <i>DIN VDE V 0884-11: 2017-01</i> in <i>Insulation Specifications</i> table | 7 |
| • Changed <i>VDE certificate</i> details in <i>Safety-Related Certifications</i> table                                                                                         | 8 |
| • Deleted last sentence from condition statement of <i>Safety Limiting Values</i> table                                                                                        | 8 |
| • Changed footnote in <i>Safety Limiting Values</i> table and deleted paragraph after this table                                                                               | 8 |

### Changes from Revision D (August 2016) to Revision E Page

|                                                                                               |    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| • Changed $V_{(ESD)}$ for Human-body model (HBM) from $\pm 2000$ V to $\pm 2500$ V            | 6  |
| • Changed 1G and 10G to 1M and 10M, respectively, in <i>Quantization Noise Shaping</i> figure | 23 |

### Changes from Revision C (September 2015) to Revision D Page

|                                                                                                                                                                                |   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| • Changed <i>Features</i> section: deleted <i>Certified Isolation Barrier</i> bullet, added <i>Safety-Related Certifications</i> and <i>Transient Immunity</i> bullets         | 1 |
| • Changed <i>Simplified Schematic</i>                                                                                                                                          | 1 |
| • Changed <i>Specifications</i> section to comply with ISO data sheet format                                                                                                   | 6 |
| • Changed <i>Maximum virtual junction</i> parameter to <i>Junction temperature</i> in <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i> table                                                    | 6 |
| • Moved <i>Power Rating</i> , <i>Insulation Specifications</i> , <i>Safety-Related Certifications</i> , and <i>Safety Limiting Values</i> tables, changed to current standards | 6 |
| • Changed <i>Insulation Specifications</i> table as per ISO standard                                                                                                           | 7 |

|                                                                                                      |    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| • Added <i>Safety and Insulation Characteristics</i> section .....                                   | 14 |
| • Changed <a href="#">Figure 54</a> ( <i>The AMC1304 in a Frequency Inverter Application</i> ) ..... | 27 |
| • Changed <a href="#">Figure 58</a> ( <i>Decoupling the AMC1304</i> ) .....                          | 31 |

| Changes from Revision B (July 2015) to Revision C                                                                                                                                      | Page |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| • Changed document status to full Production Data: released AMC1304Mx5 to production .....                                                                                             | 1    |
| • Changed status of AMC1304Mx5 rows to <i>Production</i> in <i>Device Comparison Table</i> .....                                                                                       | 5    |
| • Changed title of <i>AMC1304x05 Electrical Characteristics</i> table from AMC1304L05 to AMC1304x05 .....                                                                              | 9    |
| • Changed typical specification in second row of DC Accuracy, <i>PSRR</i> parameter of <i>AMC1304x05 Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....                                        | 9    |
| • Added CMOS Logic Family (AMC1304M05) section to <i>AMC1304x05 Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....                                                                             | 10   |
| • Added last two rows to the Power Supply, $I_{DVDD}$ and $P_{DVDD}$ parameters of <i>AMC1304x05 Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....                                            | 10   |
| • Changed title of <i>AMC1304x25 Electrical Characteristics</i> table from AMC1304L25 to AMC1304x25 .....                                                                              | 11   |
| • Changed typical specification in second row of DC Accuracy, <i>PSRR</i> parameter of <i>AMC1304x25 Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....                                        | 11   |
| • Added CMOS Logic Family (AMC1304M05) section to <i>AMC1304x25 Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....                                                                             | 12   |
| • Added footnote 4 to <i>AMC1304x25 Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....                                                                                                         | 12   |
| • Added last two rows to the Power Supply, $I_{DVDD}$ and $P_{DVDD}$ parameters of <i>AMC1304x25 Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....                                            | 12   |
| • Changed legends of <a href="#">Figure 6</a> and <a href="#">Figure 7</a> to include all devices, changed conditions of <a href="#">Figure 10</a> and <a href="#">Figure 11</a> ..... | 15   |
| • Changed conditions of <a href="#">Figure 12</a> , <a href="#">Figure 13</a> , and <a href="#">Figure 14</a> .....                                                                    | 16   |
| • Changed legends of <a href="#">Figure 19</a> to <a href="#">Figure 22</a> , changed conditions of <a href="#">Figure 23</a> .....                                                    | 17   |
| • Changed conditions of <a href="#">Figure 24</a> and <a href="#">Figure 29</a> .....                                                                                                  | 18   |
| • Changed conditions of <a href="#">Figure 30</a> and <a href="#">Figure 35</a> .....                                                                                                  | 19   |
| • Changed conditions of <a href="#">Figure 36</a> to <a href="#">Figure 40</a> .....                                                                                                   | 20   |
| • Added CMOS curve to <a href="#">Figure 44</a> to <a href="#">Figure 47</a> .....                                                                                                     | 21   |
| • Changed legend of <a href="#">Figure 57</a> .....                                                                                                                                    | 30   |

| Changes from Revision A (May 2015) to Revision B                                                                                                        | Page |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| • AMC1304L25 released to production .....                                                                                                               | 1    |
| • Changed <i>Offset Error</i> and <i>Gain Error</i> sub-bullets of second Features bullet to include AMC1304L25 specifications .....                    | 1    |
| • Changed status of second row to <i>Production</i> .....                                                                                               | 5    |
| • Changed table order in <i>Specifications</i> section to match correct SDS flow .....                                                                  | 9    |
| • Added <i>AMC1304L25 Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....                                                                                        | 11   |
| • Changed Typical Characteristics section: changed condition statement to reflect AINP difference between device, added AMC1304L25 related curves ..... | 15   |
| • Added AMC1304L25 plot to <a href="#">Figure 6</a> and <a href="#">Figure 7</a> .....                                                                  | 15   |
| • Changed <a href="#">Figure 10</a> .....                                                                                                               | 15   |
| • Added <a href="#">Figure 11</a> .....                                                                                                                 | 15   |
| • Added <a href="#">Figure 12</a> and condition to <a href="#">Figure 13</a> .....                                                                      | 16   |
| • Changed <a href="#">Figure 14</a> .....                                                                                                               | 16   |
| • Added AMC1304L25 plot to <a href="#">Figure 19</a> , <a href="#">Figure 20</a> , <a href="#">Figure 21</a> , and <a href="#">Figure 22</a> .....      | 17   |
| • Added <a href="#">Figure 23</a> .....                                                                                                                 | 17   |
| • Added <a href="#">Figure 29</a> and condition to <a href="#">Figure 24</a> .....                                                                      | 18   |
| • Added condition to <a href="#">Figure 30</a> .....                                                                                                    | 19   |
| • Added <a href="#">Figure 35</a> .....                                                                                                                 | 19   |

## AMC1304L05, AMC1304L25, AMC1304M05, AMC1304M25

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[www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com)

|                                                                                                    |    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| • Added condition to <a href="#">Figure 36</a> .....                                               | 20 |
| • Added device name to conditions of <a href="#">Figure 37</a> and <a href="#">Figure 38</a> ..... | 20 |
| • Added <a href="#">Figure 39</a> and <a href="#">Figure 40</a> .....                              | 20 |

### Changes from Original (September 2014) to Revision A

Page

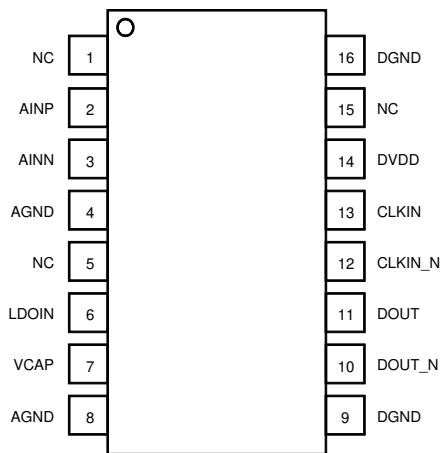
|                                                                                    |                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| • Made changes to product preview document; AMC1304L05 released to production..... | <a href="#">1</a> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|

## 5 Device Comparison Table

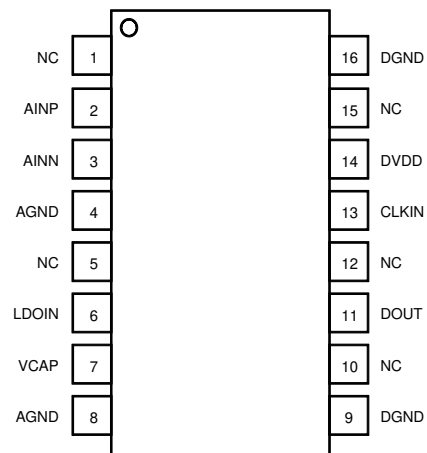
| DEVICE     | INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE | DIFFERENTIAL INPUT RESISTANCE | DIGITAL OUTPUT INTERFACE |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| AMC1304L05 | ±50 mV              | 5 kΩ                          | LVDS                     |
| AMC1304L25 | ±250 mV             | 25 kΩ                         | LVDS                     |
| AMC1304M05 | ±50 mV              | 5 kΩ                          | CMOS                     |
| AMC1304M25 | ±250 mV             | 25 kΩ                         | CMOS                     |

## 6 Pin Configuration and Functions

**DW Package: LVDS Interface Versions (AMC1304Lx)**  
16-Pin SOIC  
Top View



**DW Package: CMOS Interface Versions (AMC1304Mx)**  
16-Pin SOIC  
Top View



### Pin Functions

| NAME    | PIN NO.          |                  | I/O | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                |
|---------|------------------|------------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | AMC1304Lx (LVDS) | AMC1304Mx (CMOS) |     |                                                                                                                                            |
| AGND    | 4                | 4                | —   | This pin is internally connected to pin 8 and can be left unconnected or tied to high-side ground                                          |
|         | 8                | 8                | —   | High-side ground reference                                                                                                                 |
| AINN    | 3                | 3                | I   | Inverting analog input                                                                                                                     |
| AINP    | 2                | 2                | I   | Noninverting analog input                                                                                                                  |
| CLKIN   | 13               | 13               | I   | Modulator clock input, 5 MHz to 20.1 MHz                                                                                                   |
| CLKIN_N | 12               | —                | I   | Inverted modulator clock input                                                                                                             |
| DGND    | 9, 16            | 9, 16            | —   | Controller-side ground reference                                                                                                           |
| DOUT    | 11               | 11               | O   | Modulator data output                                                                                                                      |
| DOUT_N  | 10               | —                | O   | Inverted modulator data output                                                                                                             |
| DVDD    | 14               | 14               | —   | Controller-side power supply, 3.0 V to 5.5 V. See the <a href="#">Power Supply Recommendations</a> section for decoupling recommendations. |
| LDOIN   | 6                | 6                | —   | Low dropout regulator input, 4 V to 18 V                                                                                                   |
| NC      | 1                | 1                | —   | This pin can be connected to VCAP or left unconnected                                                                                      |
|         | 5                | 5                | —   | This pin can be left unconnected or tied to AGND only                                                                                      |
|         | —                | 10, 12           | —   | These pins have no internal connection                                                                                                     |
|         | 15               | 15               | —   | This pin can be left unconnected or tied to DVDD only                                                                                      |
| VCAP    | 7                | 7                | —   | LDO output. See the <a href="#">Power Supply Recommendations</a> section for decoupling recommendations.                                   |

## 7 Specifications

### 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over the operating ambient temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

|                                             |               | MIN        | MAX        | UNIT |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------|
| Supply voltage                              | DVDD to DGND  | −0.3       | 6.5        | V    |
| LDO input voltage                           | LDOIN to AGND | −0.3       | 26         | V    |
| Analog input voltage at AINP, AINN          |               | AGND − 6   | 3.7        | V    |
| Digital input voltage at CLKIN, CLKIN_N     |               | DGND − 0.3 | DVDD + 0.3 | V    |
| Input current to any pin except supply pins |               | −10        | 10         | mA   |
| Junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub>        |               |            | 150        | °C   |
| Storage temperature, T <sub>stg</sub>       |               | −65        | 150        | °C   |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 7.2 ESD Ratings

|                    |                         |                                                                                | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| V <sub>(ESD)</sub> | Electrostatic discharge | Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>              | ±2500 | V    |
|                    |                         | Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup> | ±1000 |      |

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.  
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                |                                                     | MIN | NOM  | MAX  | UNIT |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|
| LDOIN          | LDO input supply voltage (LDOIN pin)                | 4.0 | 15.0 | 18.0 | V    |
| DVDD           | Digital (controller-side) supply voltage (DVDD pin) | 3.0 | 3.3  | 5.5  | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub> | Operating ambient temperature range                 | −40 |      | 125  | °C   |

### 7.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |                                              | AMC1304x  | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|------|
|                               |                                              | DW (SOIC) |      |
|                               |                                              | 16 PINS   |      |
| R <sub>θJA</sub>              | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 80.2      | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>         | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 40.5      | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJB</sub>              | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 45.1      | °C/W |
| ψ <sub>JT</sub>               | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 11.9      | °C/W |
| ψ <sub>JB</sub>               | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 44.5      | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>         | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | n/a       | °C/W |

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

### 7.5 Power Ratings

|                 | PARAMETER                                    | TEST CONDITIONS                               | VALUE | UNIT |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| P <sub>D</sub>  | Maximum power dissipation (both sides)       | LDOIN = 18 V, DVDD = 5.5 V                    | 161   | mW   |
| P <sub>D1</sub> | Maximum power dissipation (high-side supply) | LDOIN = 18 V                                  | 117   | mW   |
| P <sub>D2</sub> | Maximum power dissipation (low-side supply)  | DVDD = 5.5 V, LVDS, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω | 44    | mW   |

## 7.6 Insulation Specifications

| PARAMETER                                 |                                                       | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | VALUE             | UNIT             |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| GENERAL                                   |                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                   |                  |
| CLR                                       | Minimum air gap (clearance) <sup>(1)</sup>            | Shortest pin-to-pin distance through air                                                                                                                                                                                                  | ≥ 8               | mm               |
| CPG                                       | Minimum external tracking (creepage) <sup>(1)</sup>   | Shortest pin-to-pin distance across the package surface                                                                                                                                                                                   | ≥ 8               | mm               |
| DTI                                       | Distance through insulation                           | Minimum internal gap (internal clearance) of the double insulation (2 × 0.0135 mm)                                                                                                                                                        | 0.027             | mm               |
| CTI                                       | Comparative tracking index                            | DIN EN 60112 (VDE 0303-11); IEC 60112                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ≥ 600             | V                |
|                                           | Material group                                        | According to IEC 60664-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | I                 |                  |
|                                           | Overvoltage category per IEC 60664-1                  | Rated mains voltage ≤ 300 V <sub>RMS</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                | I-IV              |                  |
|                                           |                                                       | Rated mains voltage ≤ 600 V <sub>RMS</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                | I-III             |                  |
|                                           |                                                       | Rated mains voltage ≤ 1000 V <sub>RMS</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                               | I-II              |                  |
| DIN VDE V 0884-11: 2017-01 <sup>(2)</sup> |                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                   |                  |
| V <sub>IORM</sub>                         | Maximum repetitive peak isolation voltage             | At ac voltage (bipolar or unipolar)                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1414              | V <sub>PK</sub>  |
| V <sub>IOWM</sub>                         | Maximum-rated isolation working voltage               | At ac voltage (sine wave)                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1000              | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
|                                           |                                                       | At dc voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 1500              | V <sub>DC</sub>  |
| V <sub>IOTM</sub>                         | Maximum transient isolation voltage                   | V <sub>TEST</sub> = V <sub>IOTM</sub> , t = 60 s (qualification test)                                                                                                                                                                     | 7000              | V <sub>PK</sub>  |
|                                           |                                                       | V <sub>TEST</sub> = 1.2 × V <sub>IOTM</sub> , t = 1 s (100% production test)                                                                                                                                                              | 8400              |                  |
| V <sub>IOSM</sub>                         | Maximum surge isolation voltage <sup>(3)</sup>        | Test method per IEC 60065, 1.2/50-μs waveform, V <sub>TEST</sub> = 1.6 × V <sub>IOSM</sub> = 10000 V <sub>PK</sub> (qualification)                                                                                                        | 6250              | V <sub>PK</sub>  |
| q <sub>pd</sub>                           | Apparent charge <sup>(4)</sup>                        | Method a, after input/output safety test subgroup 2 / 3, V <sub>ini</sub> = V <sub>IOTM</sub> , t <sub>ini</sub> = 60 s, V <sub>pd(m)</sub> = 1.2 × V <sub>IORM</sub> = 1697 V <sub>PK</sub> , t <sub>m</sub> = 10 s                      | ≤ 5               | pC               |
|                                           |                                                       | Method a, after environmental tests subgroup 1, V <sub>ini</sub> = V <sub>IOTM</sub> , t <sub>ini</sub> = 60 s, V <sub>pd(m)</sub> = 1.6 × V <sub>IORM</sub> = 2263 V <sub>PK</sub> , t <sub>m</sub> = 10 s                               | ≤ 5               | pC               |
|                                           |                                                       | Method b1, at routine test (100% production) and preconditioning (type test), V <sub>ini</sub> = V <sub>IOTM</sub> , t <sub>ini</sub> = 1 s, V <sub>pd(m)</sub> = 1.875 × V <sub>IORM</sub> = 2652 V <sub>PK</sub> , t <sub>m</sub> = 1 s | ≤ 5               | pC               |
| C <sub>IO</sub>                           | Barrier capacitance, input to output <sup>(5)</sup>   | V <sub>IO</sub> = 0.5 V <sub>PP</sub> at 1 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1.2               | pF               |
| R <sub>IO</sub>                           | Insulation resistance, input to output <sup>(5)</sup> | V <sub>IO</sub> = 500 V at T <sub>S</sub> = 150°C                                                                                                                                                                                         | > 10 <sup>9</sup> | Ω                |
|                                           | Pollution degree                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 2                 |                  |
|                                           | Climatic category                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 40/125/21         |                  |
| UL1577                                    |                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                   |                  |
| V <sub>ISO</sub>                          | Withstand isolation voltage                           | V <sub>TEST</sub> = V <sub>ISO</sub> = 5000 V <sub>RMS</sub> or 7000 V <sub>DC</sub> , t = 60 s (qualification test), V <sub>TEST</sub> = 1.2 × V <sub>ISO</sub> = 6000 V <sub>RMS</sub> , t = 1 s (100% production test)                 | 5000              | V <sub>RMS</sub> |

- (1) Apply creepage and clearance requirements according to the specific equipment isolation standards of an application. Care must be taken to maintain the creepage and clearance distance of a board design to ensure that the mounting pads of the isolator on the printed circuit board (PCB) do not reduce this distance. Creepage and clearance on a PCB become equal in certain cases. Techniques such as inserting grooves or ribs on the PCB are used to help increase these specifications.
- (2) This coupler is suitable for *safe electrical insulation* only within the safety ratings. Compliance with the safety ratings shall be ensured by means of suitable protective circuits.
- (3) Testing is carried out in air or oil to determine the intrinsic surge immunity of the isolation barrier.
- (4) Apparent charge is electrical discharge caused by a partial discharge (pd).
- (5) All pins on each side of the barrier are tied together, creating a two-pin device.

## 7.7 Safety-Related Certifications

| VDE                                                                                                                 | UL                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Certified according to DIN VDE V 0884-11: 2017-01, DIN EN 62368-1: 2016-05, EN 62368-1: 2014, and IEC 62368-1: 2014 | Recognized under UL1577 component recognition and CSA component acceptance NO 5 programs |
| Reinforced insulation                                                                                               | Single protection                                                                        |
| Certificate number: 40040142                                                                                        | File number: E181974                                                                     |

## 7.8 Safety Limiting Values

Safety limiting intends to prevent potential damage to the isolation barrier upon failure of input or output circuitry.

| PARAMETER |                                         | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                   | MIN | TYP | MAX                 | UNIT               |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|---------------------|--------------------|
| $I_S$     | Safety input, output, or supply current | $R_{\theta JA} = 80.2^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ , $\text{LDOIN} = 18\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , see <a href="#">Figure 3</a> |     |     | 86.5                | mA                 |
| $P_S$     | Safety input, output, or total power    | $R_{\theta JA} = 80.2^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ , $T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , see <a href="#">Figure 4</a>                                |     |     | 1558 <sup>(1)</sup> | mW                 |
| $T_S$     | Maximum safety temperature              |                                                                                                                                                                   |     |     | 150                 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

- (1) The maximum safety temperature,  $T_S$ , has the same value as the maximum junction temperature,  $T_J$ , specified for the device. The  $I_S$  and  $P_S$  parameters represent the safety current and safety power, respectively. Do not exceed the maximum limits of  $I_S$  and  $P_S$ . These limits vary with the ambient temperature,  $T_A$ .

The junction-to-air thermal resistance,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , in the [Thermal Information](#) table is that of a device installed on a high-K test board for leaded surface-mount packages. Use these equations to calculate the value for each parameter:

$T_J = T_A + R_{\theta JA} \times P$ , where  $P$  is the power dissipated in the device.

$T_{J(\text{max})} = T_S = T_A + R_{\theta JA} \times P_S$ , where  $T_{J(\text{max})}$  is the maximum junction temperature.

$P_S = I_S \times \text{LDOIN}_{\text{max}} + I_S \times \text{DVDD}_{\text{max}}$ , where  $\text{LDOIN}_{\text{max}}$  is the maximum LDO input voltage and  $\text{DVDD}_{\text{max}}$  is the maximum controller-side supply voltage.



## 7.9 Electrical Characteristics: AMC1304x05

All minimum and maximum specifications are at  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $\text{LDOIN} = 4.0\text{ V}$  to  $18.0\text{ V}$ ,  $\text{DVDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $\text{AINP} = -50\text{ mV}$  to  $50\text{ mV}$ ,  $\text{AINN} = 0\text{ V}$ , and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with  $\text{OSR} = 256$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $\text{CLKIN} = 20\text{ MHz}$ ,  $\text{LDOIN} = 15.0\text{ V}$ , and  $\text{DVDD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ .

| PARAMETER              |                                                                                | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                       | MIN    | TYP    | MAX  | UNIT   |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|
| ANALOG INPUTS          |                                                                                |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| V <sub>Clipping</sub>  | Maximum differential voltage input range (A <sub>INP</sub> -A <sub>INN</sub> ) |                                                                                                       | ±62.5  |        |      | mV     |
| FSR                    | Specified linear full-scale range (A <sub>INP</sub> -A <sub>INN</sub> )        |                                                                                                       | −50    |        | 50   | mV     |
| V <sub>CM</sub>        | Operating common-mode input range                                              |                                                                                                       | −0.032 |        | 1.2  | V      |
| C <sub>ID</sub>        | Differential input capacitance                                                 |                                                                                                       |        | 2      |      | pF     |
| I <sub>IB</sub>        | Input bias current                                                             | Inputs shorted to AGND                                                                                | −97    | −72    | −57  | μA     |
| R <sub>ID</sub>        | Differential input resistance                                                  |                                                                                                       |        | 5      |      | kΩ     |
| I <sub>IO</sub>        | Input offset current                                                           |                                                                                                       |        | ±5     |      | nA     |
| CMTI                   | Common-mode transient immunity                                                 |                                                                                                       | 15     |        |      | kV/μs  |
| CMRR                   | Common-mode rejection ratio                                                    | f <sub>IN</sub> = 0 Hz,<br>V <sub>CM min</sub> ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>CM max</sub>                |        | −98    |      | dB     |
|                        |                                                                                | f <sub>IN</sub> from 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz,<br>V <sub>CM min</sub> ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>CM max</sub> |        | −85    |      |        |
| BW                     | Input bandwidth                                                                |                                                                                                       |        | 800    |      | kHz    |
| DC ACCURACY            |                                                                                |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| DNL                    | Differential nonlinearity                                                      | Resolution: 16 bits                                                                                   | −0.99  |        | 0.99 | LSB    |
| INL                    | Integral nonlinearity <sup>(1)</sup>                                           | Resolution: 16 bits                                                                                   | −4     | ±1.5   | 4    | LSB    |
| E <sub>O</sub>         | Offset error                                                                   | Initial, at 25°C                                                                                      | −50    | ±2.5   | 50   | μV     |
| TCE <sub>O</sub>       | Offset error thermal drift <sup>(2)</sup>                                      |                                                                                                       | −1.3   |        | 1.3  | μV/°C  |
| E <sub>G</sub>         | Gain error                                                                     | Initial, at 25°C                                                                                      | −0.3%  | −0.02% | 0.3% |        |
| TCE <sub>G</sub>       | Gain error thermal drift <sup>(3)</sup>                                        |                                                                                                       | −40    | ±20    | 40   | ppm/°C |
| PSRR                   | Power-supply rejection ratio                                                   | LDOIN from 4 V to 18 V, at dc                                                                         |        | −110   |      | dB     |
|                        |                                                                                | LDOIN from 4 V to 18 V, from 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz                                                         |        | −110   |      |        |
| AC ACCURACY            |                                                                                |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| SNR                    | Signal-to-noise ratio                                                          | f <sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz                                                                               | 76     | 81.5   |      | dB     |
| SINAD                  | Signal-to-noise + distortion                                                   | f <sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz                                                                               | 76     | 81     |      | dB     |
| THD                    | Total harmonic distortion                                                      | f <sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz                                                                               |        | −90    | −81  | dB     |
| SFDR                   | Spurious-free dynamic range                                                    | f <sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz                                                                               | 81     | 90     |      | dB     |
| DIGITAL INPUTS/OUTPUTS |                                                                                |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| External Clock         |                                                                                |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| f <sub>CLKIN</sub>     | Input clock frequency                                                          |                                                                                                       | 5      | 20     | 20.1 | MHz    |
| Duty <sub>CLKIN</sub>  | Duty cycle                                                                     | 5 MHz ≤ f <sub>CLKIN</sub> ≤ 20.1 MHz                                                                 | 40%    | 50%    | 60%  |        |

(1) Integral nonlinearity is defined as the maximum deviation from a straight line passing through the end-points of the ideal ADC transfer function expressed as a number of LSBs or as a percent of the specified linear full-scale range (FSR).

(2) Offset error drift is calculated using the box method, as described by the following equation:

$$\text{TCE}_{\text{O}} = \frac{\text{value}_{\text{MAX}} - \text{value}_{\text{MIN}}}{\text{TempRange}}$$

(3) Gain error drift is calculated using the box method, as described by the following equation:

$$\text{TCE}_{\text{G}}(\text{ppm}) = \left( \frac{\text{value}_{\text{MAX}} - \text{value}_{\text{MIN}}}{\text{value} \times \text{TempRange}} \right) \times 10^6$$

## Electrical Characteristics: AMC1304x05 (continued)

All minimum and maximum specifications are at  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ , LDOIN = 4.0 V to 18.0 V, DVDD = 3.0 V to 5.5 V, AINP = –50 mV to 50 mV, AINN = 0 V, and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with OSR = 256, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , CLKIN = 20 MHz, LDOIN = 15.0 V, and DVDD = 3.3 V.

| PARAMETER                                                 |                                | TEST CONDITIONS                                         | MIN        | TYP        | MAX   | UNIT |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------|------|
| CMOS Logic Family (AMC1304M05, CMOS with Schmitt Trigger) |                                |                                                         |            |            |       |      |
| I <sub>IN</sub>                                           | Input current                  | DGND ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ DVDD                           | –1         | 1          |       | μA   |
| C <sub>IN</sub>                                           | Input capacitance              |                                                         |            | 5          |       | pF   |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                                           | High-level input voltage       |                                                         | 0.7 × DVDD | DVDD + 0.3 |       | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                                           | Low-level input voltage        |                                                         | –0.3       | 0.3 × DVDD |       | V    |
| C <sub>LOAD</sub>                                         | Output load capacitance        | f <sub>CLKIN</sub> = 20 MHz                             |            | 30         |       | pF   |
| V <sub>OH</sub>                                           | High-level output voltage      | I <sub>OH</sub> = –20 μA                                | DVDD – 0.1 |            |       | V    |
|                                                           |                                | I <sub>OH</sub> = –4 mA                                 | DVDD – 0.4 |            |       |      |
| V <sub>OL</sub>                                           | Low-level output voltage       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA                                 | 0.1        |            |       | V    |
|                                                           |                                | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA                                  | 0.4        |            |       |      |
| LVDS Logic Family (AMC1304L05) <sup>(4)</sup>             |                                |                                                         |            |            |       |      |
| V <sub>T</sub>                                            | Differential output voltage    | R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                               | 250        | 350        | 450   | mV   |
| V <sub>OC</sub>                                           | Common-mode output voltage     |                                                         | 1.125      | 1.23       | 1.375 | V    |
| V <sub>ID</sub>                                           | Differential input voltage     |                                                         | 100        | 350        | 600   | mV   |
| V <sub>IC</sub>                                           | Common-mode input voltage      | V <sub>ID</sub> = 100 mV                                | 0.05       | 1.25       | 3.25  | V    |
| I <sub>I</sub>                                            | Receiver input current         | DGND ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 3.3 V                          | –24        | 0          | 20    | μA   |
| POWER SUPPLY                                              |                                |                                                         |            |            |       |      |
| LDOIN                                                     | LDOIN pin input voltage        |                                                         | 4.0        | 15.0       | 18.0  | V    |
| VCAP                                                      | VCAP pin voltage               |                                                         |            | 3.45       |       | V    |
| I <sub>LDOIN</sub>                                        | LDOIN pin input current        |                                                         |            | 5.3        | 6.5   | mA   |
| DVDD                                                      | Controller-side supply voltage |                                                         | 3.0        | 3.3        | 5.5   | V    |
| I <sub>DVDD</sub>                                         | Controller-side supply current | LVDS, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                         |            | 6.1        | 8     | mA   |
|                                                           |                                | CMOS, 3.0 V ≤ DVDD ≤ 3.6 V,<br>C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 5 pF |            | 2.7        | 4.0   |      |
|                                                           |                                | CMOS, 4.5 V ≤ DVDD ≤ 5.5 V,<br>C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 5 pF |            | 3.2        | 5.5   |      |

(4) For further information on electrical characteristics of LVDS interface circuits, see the TIA-644-A standard and design note [Interface Circuits for TIA/EIA-644 \(LVDS\)](#).

## 7.10 Electrical Characteristics: AMC1304x25

All minimum and maximum specifications are at  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $\text{LDOIN} = 4.0\text{ V}$  to  $18.0\text{ V}$ ,  $\text{DVDD} = 3.0\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $\text{AINP} = -250\text{ mV}$  to  $250\text{ mV}$ ,  $\text{AINN} = 0\text{ V}$ , and  $\text{sinc}^3$  filter with  $\text{OSR} = 256$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $\text{CLKIN} = 20\text{ MHz}$ ,  $\text{LDOIN} = 15.0\text{ V}$ , and  $\text{DVDD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ .

| PARAMETER              |                                                      | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                       | MIN    | TYP    | MAX  | UNIT   |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|
| ANALOG INPUTS          |                                                      |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| V <sub>Clipping</sub>  | Maximum differential voltage input range (AINP-AINN) |                                                                                                       | ±312.5 |        |      | mV     |
| FSR                    | Specified linear full-scale range (AINP-AINN)        |                                                                                                       | −250   |        | 250  | mV     |
| V <sub>CM</sub>        | Operating common-mode input range                    |                                                                                                       | −0.16  |        | 1.2  | V      |
| C <sub>ID</sub>        | Differential input capacitance                       |                                                                                                       |        | 1      |      | pF     |
| I <sub>IB</sub>        | Input bias current                                   | Inputs shorted to AGND                                                                                | −82    | −60    | −48  | μA     |
| R <sub>ID</sub>        | Differential input resistance                        |                                                                                                       |        | 25     |      | kΩ     |
| I <sub>IO</sub>        | Input offset current                                 |                                                                                                       |        | ±5     |      | nA     |
| CMTI                   | Common-mode transient immunity                       |                                                                                                       | 15     |        |      | kV/μs  |
| CMRR                   | Common-mode rejection ratio                          | f <sub>IN</sub> = 0 Hz,<br>V <sub>CM min</sub> ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>CM max</sub>                |        | −98    |      | dB     |
|                        |                                                      | f <sub>IN</sub> from 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz,<br>V <sub>CM min</sub> ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>CM max</sub> |        | −98    |      |        |
| BW                     | Input bandwidth                                      |                                                                                                       |        | 1000   |      | kHz    |
| DC ACCURACY            |                                                      |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| DNL                    | Differential nonlinearity                            | Resolution: 16 bits                                                                                   | −0.99  |        | 0.99 | LSB    |
| INL                    | Integral nonlinearity <sup>(1)</sup>                 | Resolution: 16 bits                                                                                   | −4     | ±1.5   | 4    | LSB    |
| E <sub>O</sub>         | Offset error                                         | Initial, at 25°C                                                                                      | −100   | ±25    | 100  | μV     |
| TCE <sub>O</sub>       | Offset error thermal drift <sup>(2)</sup>            |                                                                                                       | −1.3   |        | 1.3  | μV/°C  |
| E <sub>G</sub>         | Gain error                                           | Initial, at 25°C                                                                                      | −0.2%  | −0.05% | 0.2% |        |
| TCE <sub>G</sub>       | Gain error thermal drift <sup>(3)</sup>              |                                                                                                       | −40    | ±20    | 40   | ppm/°C |
| PSRR                   | Power-supply rejection ratio                         | LDOIN from 4 V to 18 V, at dc                                                                         |        | −110   |      | dB     |
|                        |                                                      | LDOIN from 4 V to 18 V,<br>from 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz                                                      |        | −110   |      |        |
| AC ACCURACY            |                                                      |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| SNR                    | Signal-to-noise ratio                                | f <sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz                                                                               | 82     | 85     |      | dB     |
| SINAD                  | Signal-to-noise + distortion                         | f <sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz                                                                               | 80     | 84     |      | dB     |
| THD                    | Total harmonic distortion                            | f <sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz                                                                               |        | −90    | −81  | dB     |
| SFDR                   | Spurious-free dynamic range                          | f <sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz                                                                               | 81     | 90     |      | dB     |
| DIGITAL INPUTS/OUTPUTS |                                                      |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| External Clock         |                                                      |                                                                                                       |        |        |      |        |
| f <sub>CLKIN</sub>     | Input clock frequency                                |                                                                                                       | 5      | 20     | 20.1 | MHz    |
| Duty <sub>CLKIN</sub>  | Duty cycle                                           | 5 MHz ≤ f <sub>CLKIN</sub> ≤ 20.1 MHz                                                                 | 40%    | 50%    | 60%  |        |

(1) Integral nonlinearity is defined as the maximum deviation from a straight line passing through the end-points of the ideal ADC transfer function expressed as number of LSBs or as a percent of the specified linear full-scale range FSR.

(2) Offset error drift is calculated using the box method as described by the following equation:

$$\text{TCE}_{\text{O}} = \frac{\text{value}_{\text{MAX}} - \text{value}_{\text{MIN}}}{\text{TempRange}}$$

(3) Gain error drift is calculated using the box method as described by the following equation:

$$\text{TCE}_{\text{G}}(\text{ppm}) = \left( \frac{\text{value}_{\text{MAX}} - \text{value}_{\text{MIN}}}{\text{value} \times \text{TempRange}} \right) \times 10^6$$

## Electrical Characteristics: AMC1304x25 (continued)

All minimum and maximum specifications are at  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ , LDOIN = 4.0 V to 18.0 V, DVDD = 3.0 V to 5.5 V, AINP = –250 mV to 250 mV, AINN = 0 V, and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with OSR = 256, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , CLKIN = 20 MHz, LDOIN = 15.0 V, and DVDD = 3.3 V.

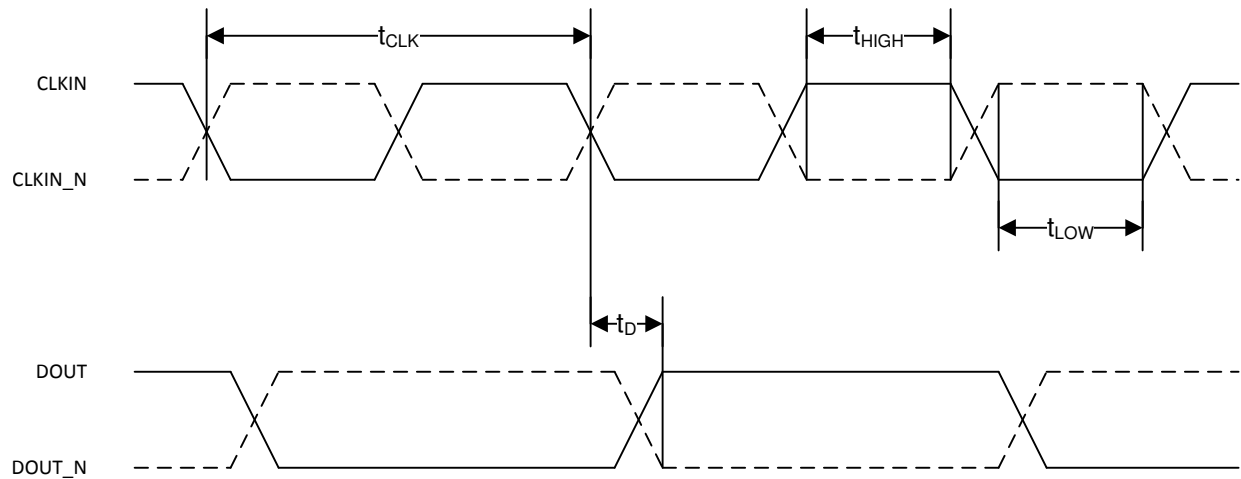
| PARAMETER                                                 |                                | TEST CONDITIONS                                      | MIN        | TYP  | MAX        | UNIT |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|------------|------|
| CMOS Logic Family (AMC1304M25, CMOS with Schmitt Trigger) |                                |                                                      |            |      |            |      |
| I <sub>IN</sub>                                           | Input current                  | DGND ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ DVDD                        | –1         |      | 1          | μA   |
| C <sub>IN</sub>                                           | Input capacitance              |                                                      |            | 5    |            | pF   |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                                           | High-level input voltage       |                                                      | 0.7 × DVDD |      | DVDD + 0.3 | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                                           | Low-level input voltage        |                                                      | –0.3       |      | 0.3 × DVDD | V    |
| C <sub>LOAD</sub>                                         | Output load capacitance        | f <sub>CLKIN</sub> = 20 MHz                          |            | 30   |            | pF   |
| V <sub>OH</sub>                                           | High-level output voltage      | I <sub>OH</sub> = –20 μA                             | DVDD – 0.1 |      |            | V    |
|                                                           |                                | I <sub>OH</sub> = –4 mA                              | DVDD – 0.4 |      |            | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>                                           | Low-level output voltage       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA                              |            |      | 0.1        | V    |
|                                                           |                                | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA                               |            |      | 0.4        | V    |
| LVDS Logic Family (AMC1304L25) <sup>(4)</sup>             |                                |                                                      |            |      |            |      |
| V <sub>T</sub>                                            | Differential output voltage    | R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                            | 250        | 350  | 450        | mV   |
| V <sub>OC</sub>                                           | Common-mode output voltage     |                                                      | 1.125      | 1.23 | 1.375      | V    |
| V <sub>ID</sub>                                           | Differential input voltage     |                                                      | 100        | 350  | 600        | mV   |
| V <sub>IC</sub>                                           | Common-mode input voltage      | V <sub>ID</sub> = 100 mV                             | 0.05       | 1.25 | 3.25       | V    |
| I <sub>I</sub>                                            | Receiver input current         | DGND ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 3.3 V                       | –24        | 0    | 20         | μA   |
| POWER SUPPLY                                              |                                |                                                      |            |      |            |      |
| LDOIN                                                     | LDOIN pin input voltage        |                                                      | 4.0        | 15.0 | 18.0       | V    |
| VCAP                                                      | VCAP pin voltage               |                                                      |            | 3.45 |            | V    |
| I <sub>LDOIN</sub>                                        | LDOIN pin input current        |                                                      |            | 5.3  | 6.5        | mA   |
| DVDD                                                      | Controller-side supply voltage |                                                      | 3.0        | 3.3  | 5.5        | V    |
| I <sub>DVDD</sub>                                         | Controller-side supply current | LVDS, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                      |            | 6.1  | 8.0        | mA   |
|                                                           |                                | CMOS, 3.0 V ≤ DVDD ≤ 3.6 V, C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 5 pF |            | 2.7  | 4.0        |      |
|                                                           |                                | CMOS, 4.5 V ≤ DVDD ≤ 5.5 V, C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 5 pF |            | 3.2  | 5.5        |      |

(4) For further information on electrical characteristics of LVDS interface circuits, see the TIA-644-A standard and design note [Interface Circuits for TIA/EIA-644 \(LVDS\)](#).

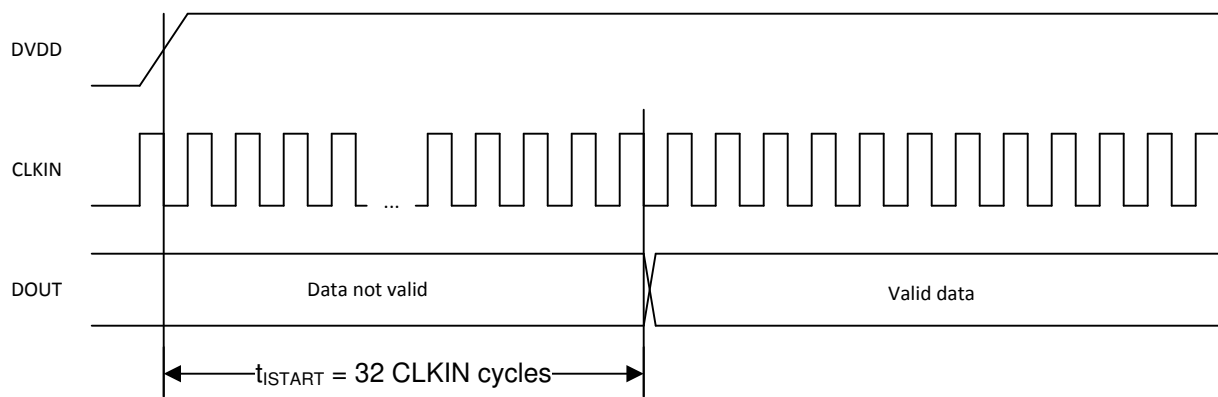
## 7.11 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER    | TEST CONDITIONS                                            | MIN                                                              | TYP | MAX | UNIT         |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|
| $t_{CLK}$    | CLKIN, CLKIN_N clock period                                | 49.75                                                            | 50  | 200 | ns           |
| $t_{HIGH}$   | CLKIN, CLKIN_N clock high time                             | 19.9                                                             | 25  | 120 | ns           |
| $t_{LOW}$    | CLKIN, CLKIN_N clock low time                              | 19.9                                                             | 25  | 120 | ns           |
| $t_D$        | Falling edge of CLKIN, CLKIN_N to DOUT, DOUT_N valid delay | 0                                                                |     | 15  | ns           |
| $t_{START}$  | Interface startup time                                     | DVDD at 3.0 V (min) to DOUT, DOUT_N valid with LDO_IN > 4 V      |     | 32  | CLKIN cycles |
| $t_{ASTART}$ | Analog startup time                                        | LDOIN step to 4 V with DVDD ≥ 3.0 V, and 0.1 $\mu$ F at VCAP pin |     | 1   | ms           |



**Figure 1. Digital Interface Timing**



**Figure 2. Digital Interface Startup Timing**

## 7.12 Insulation Characteristics Curves

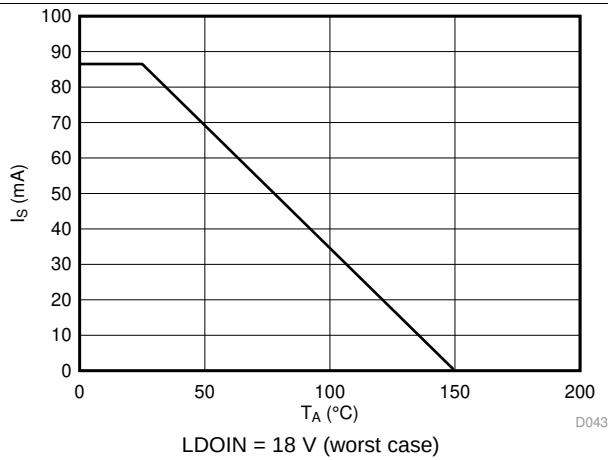


Figure 3. Thermal Derating Curve for Safety Limiting Current per VDE

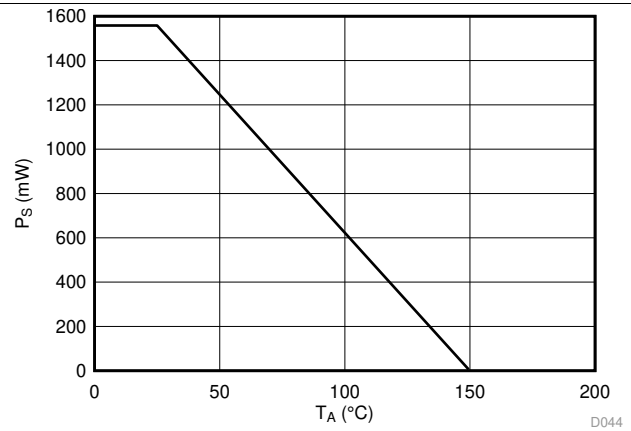


Figure 4. Thermal Derating Curve for Safety Limiting Power per VDE

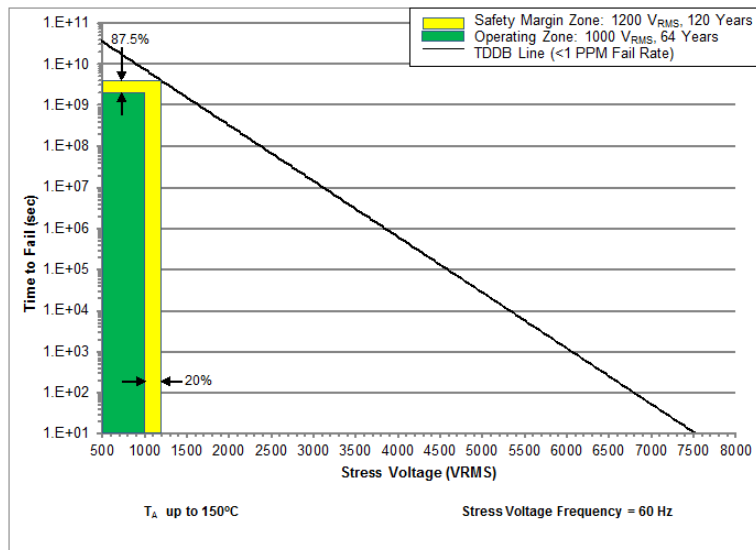


Figure 5. Reinforced Isolation Capacitor Lifetime Projection

## 7.13 Typical Characteristics

At  $V_{LDOIN} = 15.0\text{ V}$ ,  $DVDD = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $A_{INP} = -50\text{ mV}$  to  $50\text{ mV}$  (AMC1304x05) or  $-250\text{ mV}$  to  $250\text{ mV}$  (AMC1304x25),  $A_{INN} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $f_{CLKIN} = 20\text{ MHz}$ , and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with  $OSR = 256$ , unless otherwise noted.

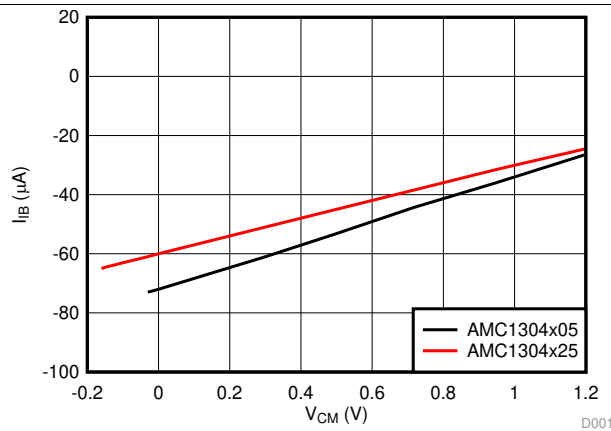


Figure 6. Input Current vs Input Common-Mode Voltage

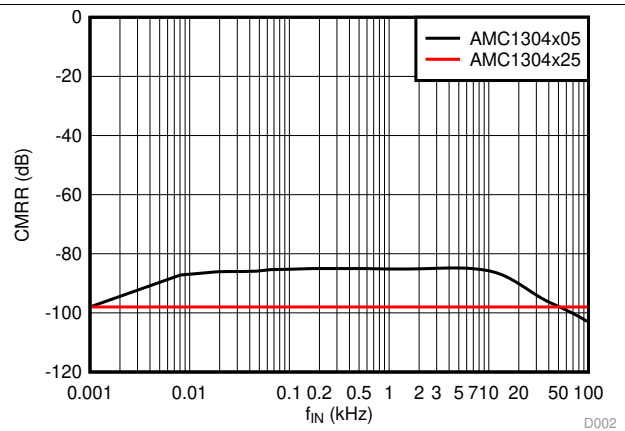


Figure 7. Common-Mode Rejection Ratio vs Input Signal Frequency

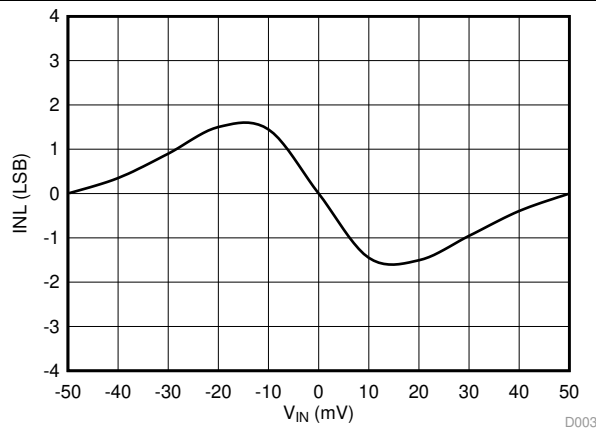


Figure 8. Integral Nonlinearity vs Input Signal Amplitude

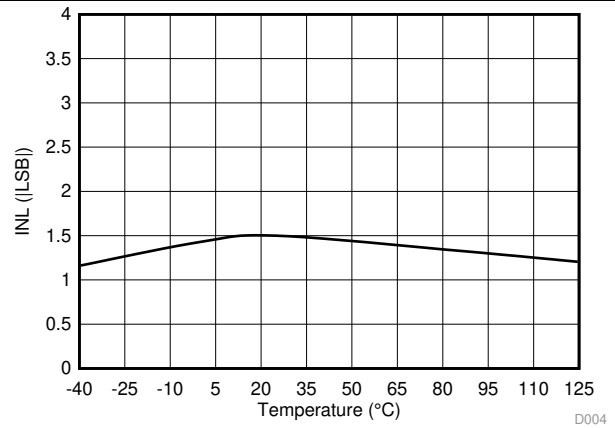


Figure 9. Integral Nonlinearity vs Temperature

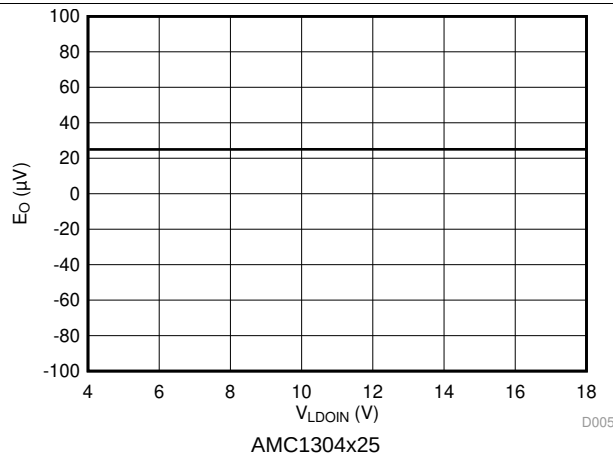


Figure 10. Offset Error vs LDO Input Supply Voltage

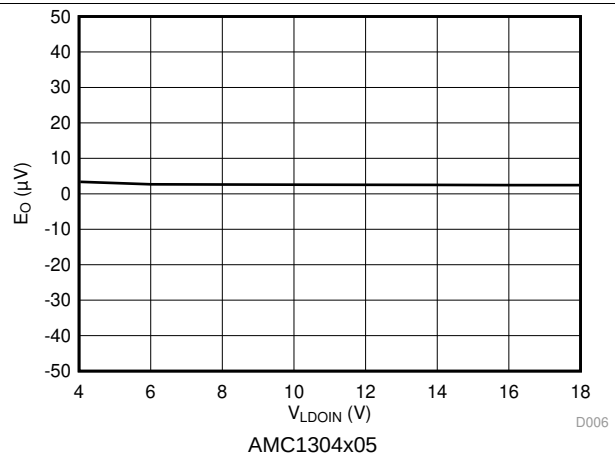


Figure 11. Offset Error vs LDO Input Supply Voltage

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

At LDOIN = 15.0 V, DVDD = 3.3 V, AINP = –50 mV to 50 mV (AMC1304x05) or –250 mV to 250 mV (AMC1304x25), AINN = 0 V,  $f_{CLKIN}$  = 20 MHz, and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with OSR = 256, unless otherwise noted.

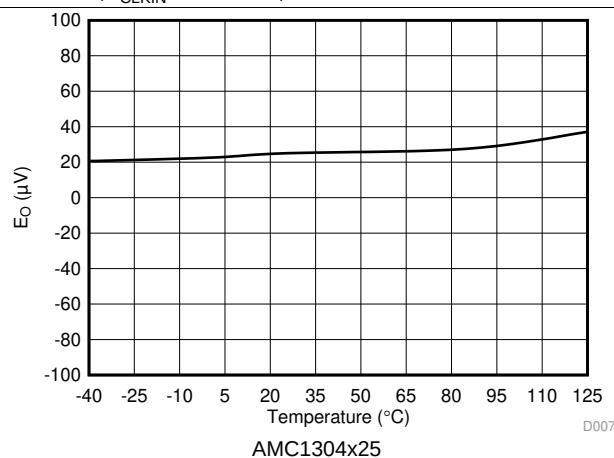


Figure 12. Offset Error vs Temperature

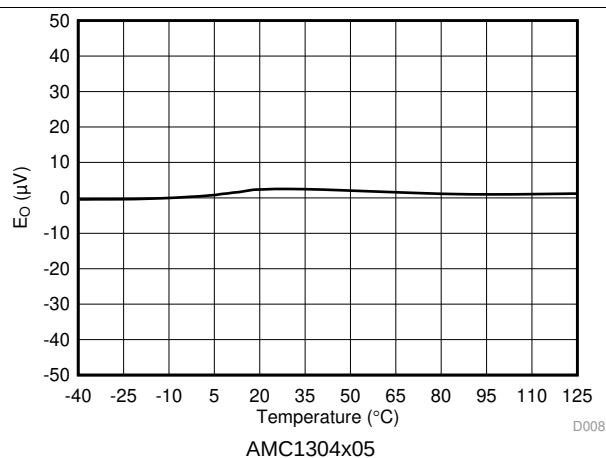


Figure 13. Offset Error vs Temperature

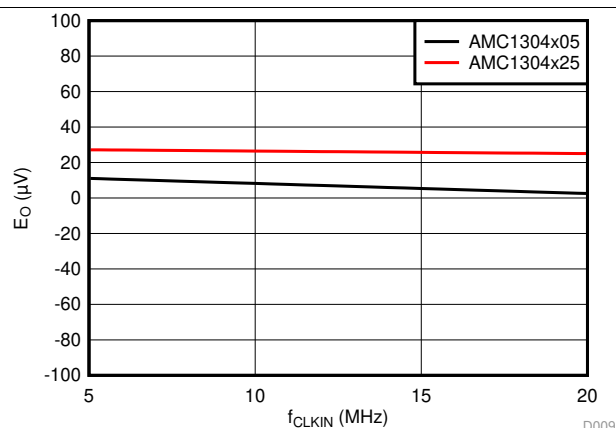


Figure 14. Offset Error vs Clock Frequency

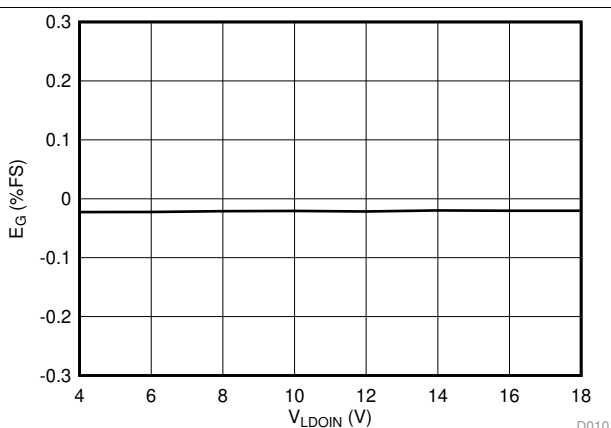


Figure 15. Gain Error vs LDO Input Supply Voltage

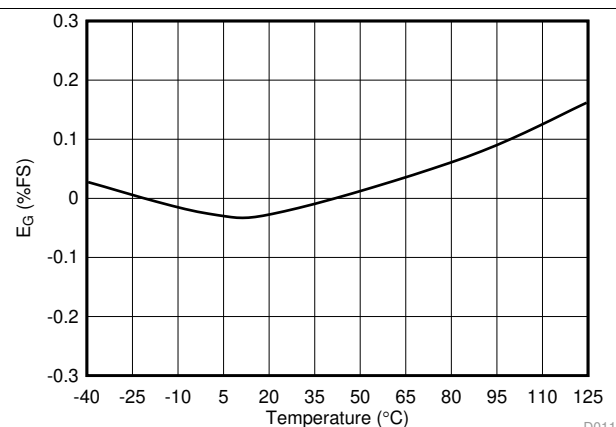


Figure 16. Gain Error vs Temperature

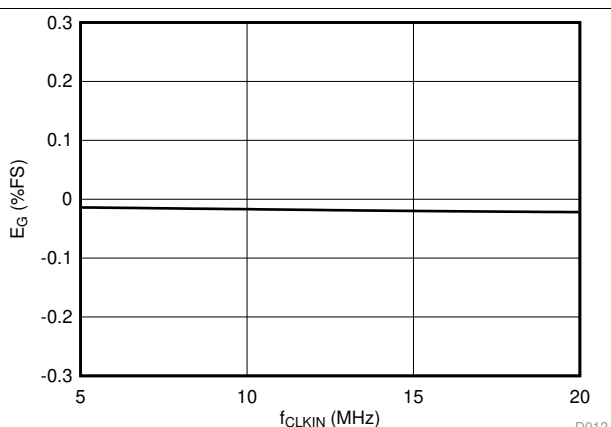
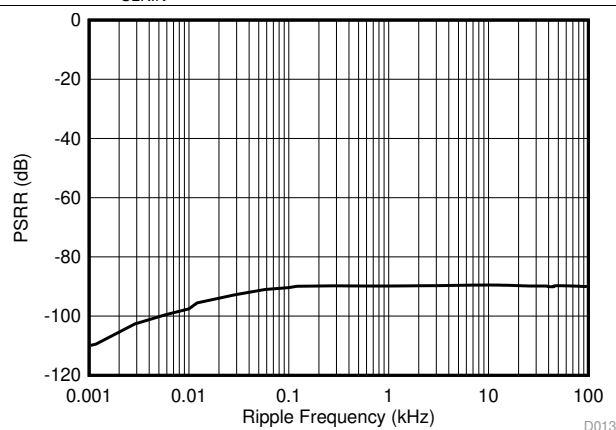


Figure 17. Gain Error vs Clock Frequency

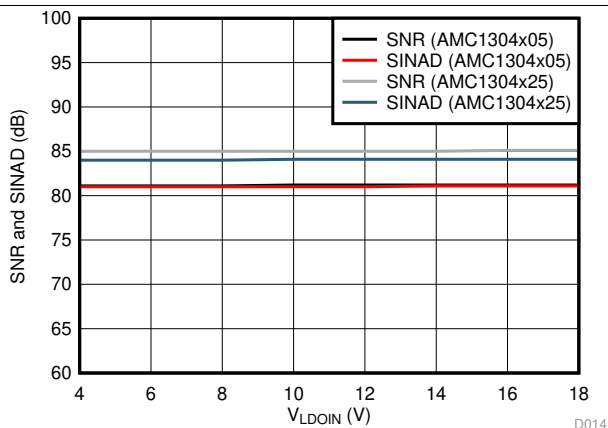


## Typical Characteristics (continued)

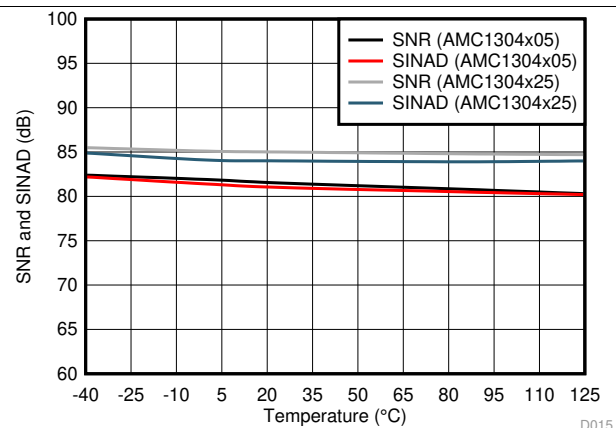
At LDOIN = 15.0 V, DVDD = 3.3 V, AINP = –50 mV to 50 mV (AMC1304x05) or –250 mV to 250 mV (AMC1304x25), AINN = 0 V,  $f_{CLKIN}$  = 20 MHz, and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with OSR = 256, unless otherwise noted.



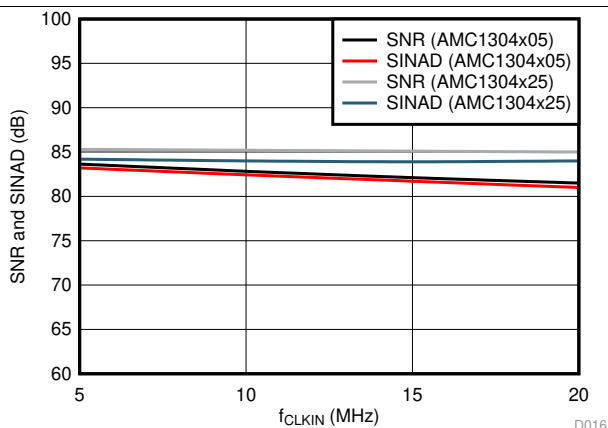
**Figure 18. Power-Supply Rejection Ratio vs Ripple Frequency**



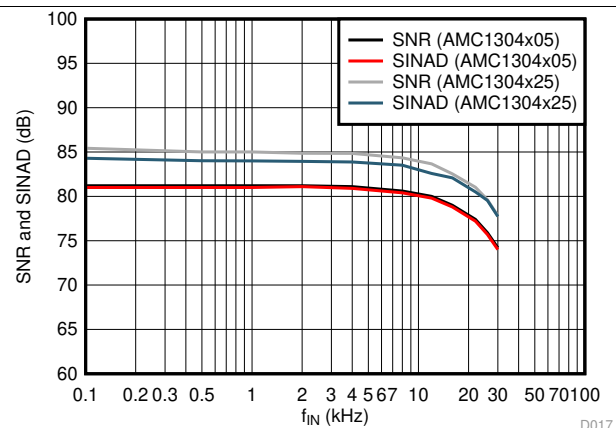
**Figure 19. Signal-to-Noise Ratio and Signal-to-Noise + Distortion vs LDO Input Supply Voltage**



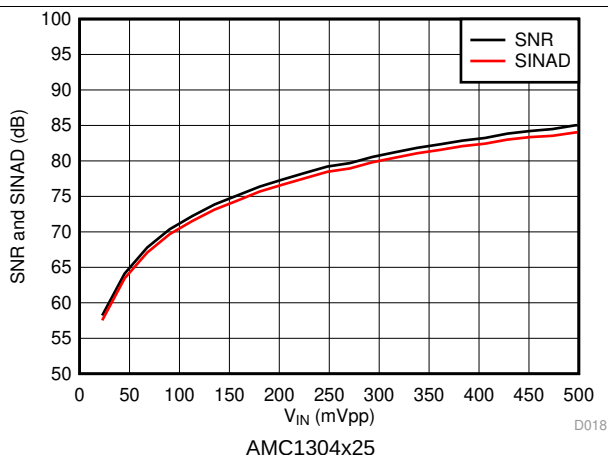
**Figure 20. Signal-to-Noise Ratio and Signal-to-Noise + Distortion vs Temperature**



**Figure 21. Signal-to-Noise Ratio and Signal-to-Noise + Distortion vs Clock Frequency**



**Figure 22. Signal-to-Noise Ratio and Signal-to-Noise + Distortion vs Input Signal Frequency**



**Figure 23. SNR and SINAD vs Input Signal Amplitude**

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

At LDOIN = 15.0 V, DVDD = 3.3 V, AINP = –50 mV to 50 mV (AMC1304x05) or –250 mV to 250 mV (AMC1304x25), AINN = 0 V,  $f_{CLKIN}$  = 20 MHz, and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with OSR = 256, unless otherwise noted.

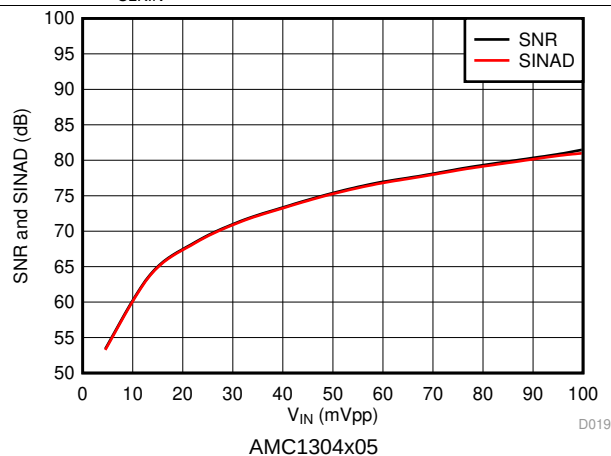


Figure 24. Signal-to-Noise Ratio and Signal-to-Noise + Distortion vs Input Signal Amplitude

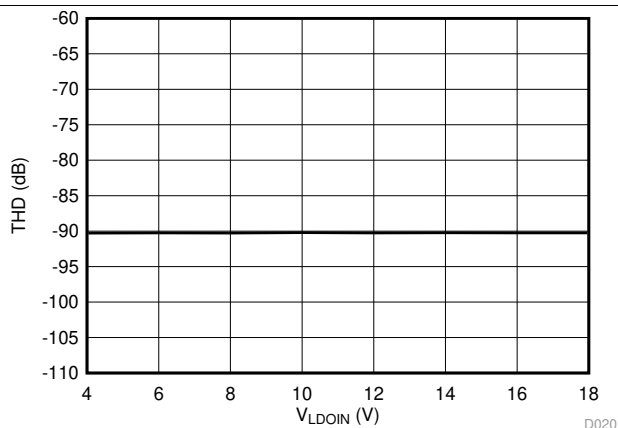


Figure 25. Total Harmonic Distortion vs LDO Input Supply Voltage

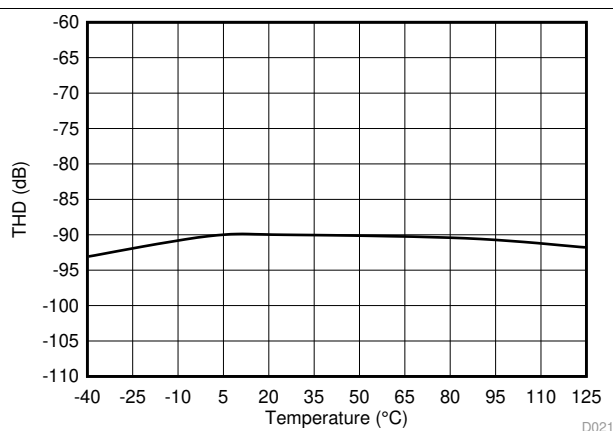


Figure 26. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Temperature

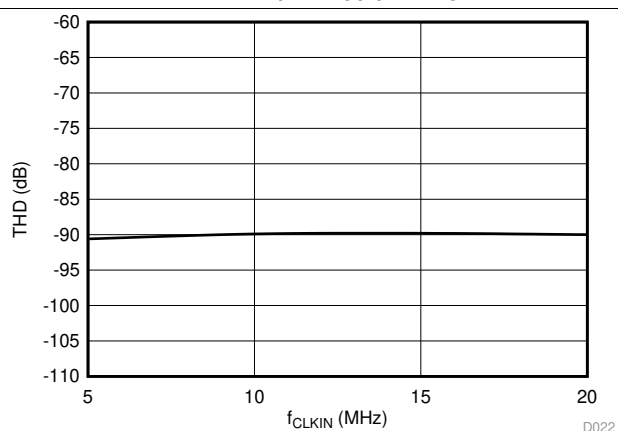


Figure 27. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Clock Frequency

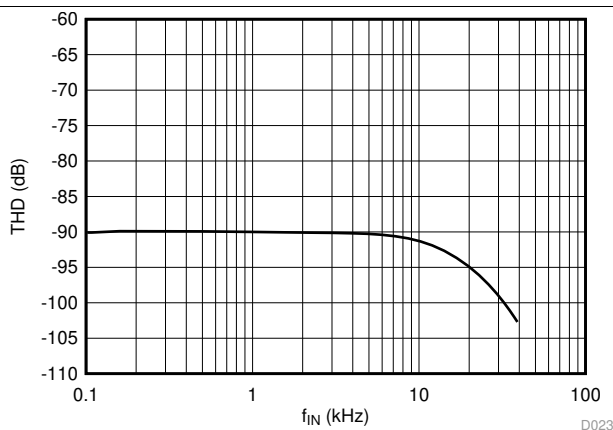


Figure 28. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Input Signal Frequency

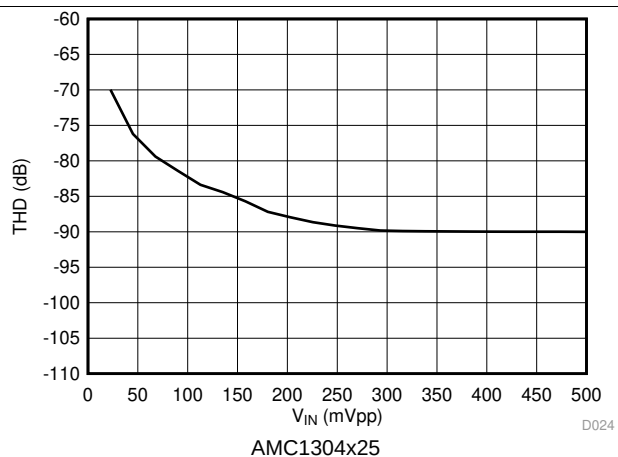
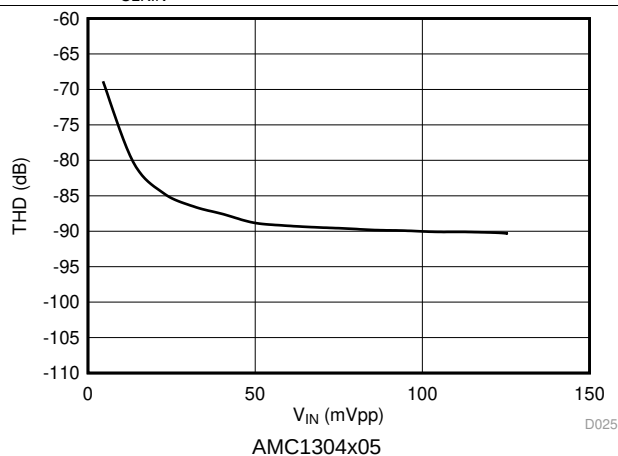


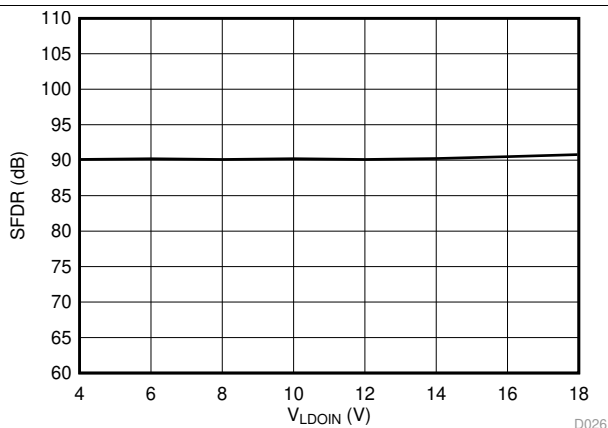
Figure 29. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Input Signal Amplitude

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

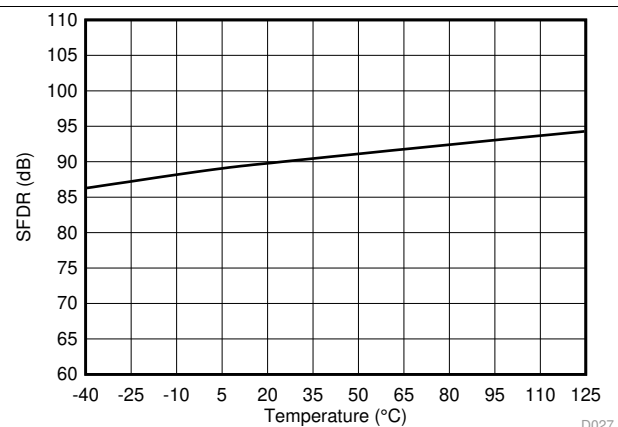
At LDOIN = 15.0 V, DVDD = 3.3 V, AINP = –50 mV to 50 mV (AMC1304x05) or –250 mV to 250 mV (AMC1304x25), AINN = 0 V,  $f_{CLKIN}$  = 20 MHz, and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with OSR = 256, unless otherwise noted.



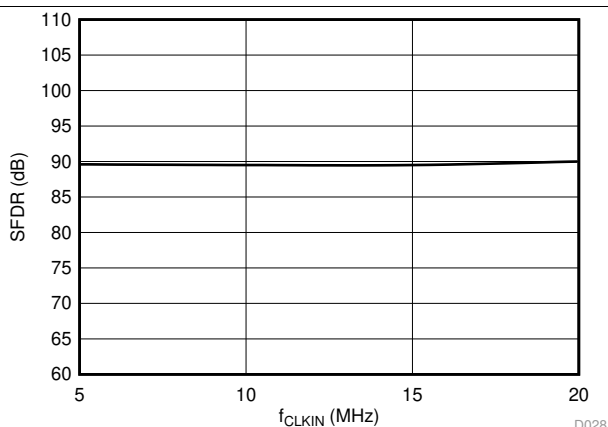
**Figure 30. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Input Signal Amplitude**



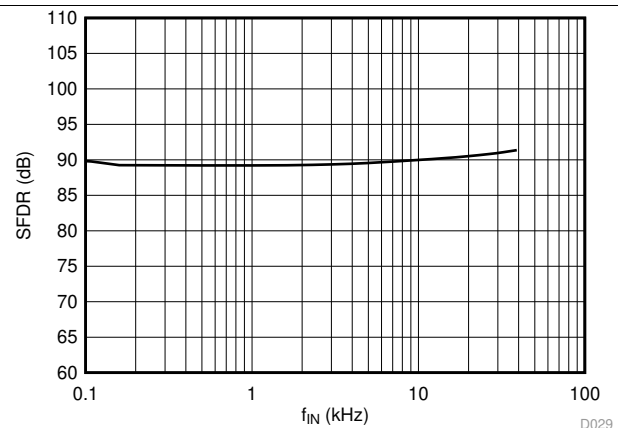
**Figure 31. Spurious-Free Dynamic Range vs LDO Input Supply Voltage**



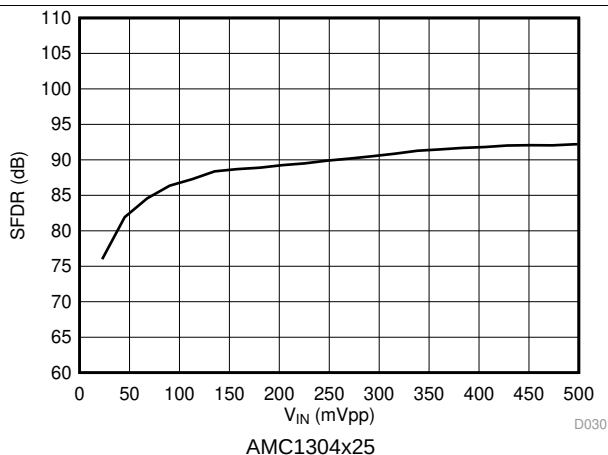
**Figure 32. Spurious-Free Dynamic Range vs Temperature**



**Figure 33. Spurious-Free Dynamic Range vs Clock Frequency**



**Figure 34. Spurious-Free Dynamic Range vs Input Signal Frequency**



**Figure 35. Spurious-Free Dynamic Range vs Input Signal Amplitude**

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

At LDOIN = 15.0 V, DVDD = 3.3 V, AINP = –50 mV to 50 mV (AMC1304x05) or –250 mV to 250 mV (AMC1304x25), AINN = 0 V,  $f_{CLKIN}$  = 20 MHz, and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with OSR = 256, unless otherwise noted.

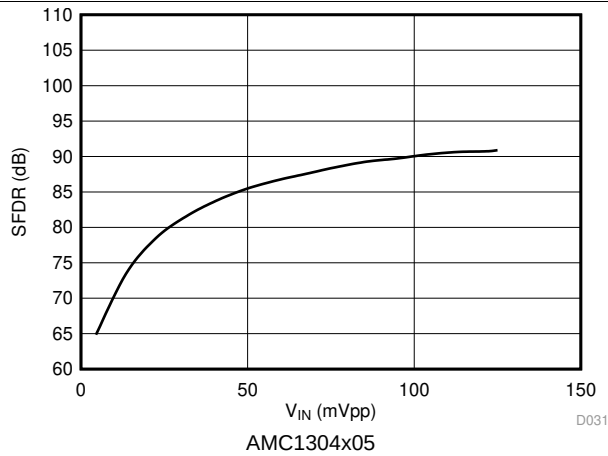


Figure 36. Spurious-Free Dynamic Range vs Input Signal Amplitude

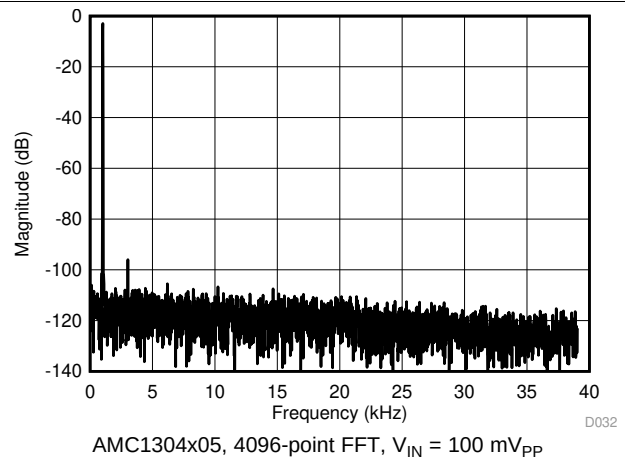


Figure 37. Frequency Spectrum with 1-kHz Input Signal

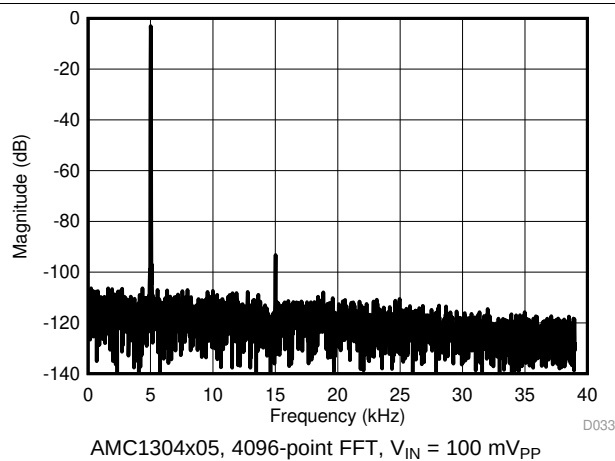


Figure 38. Frequency Spectrum with 5-kHz Input Signal

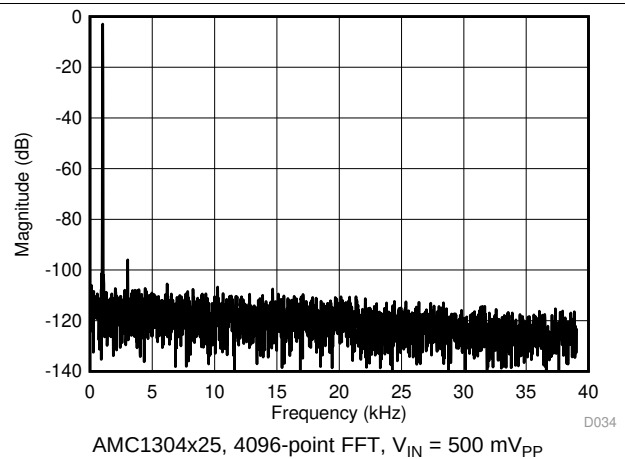


Figure 39. Frequency Spectrum with 1-kHz Input Signal

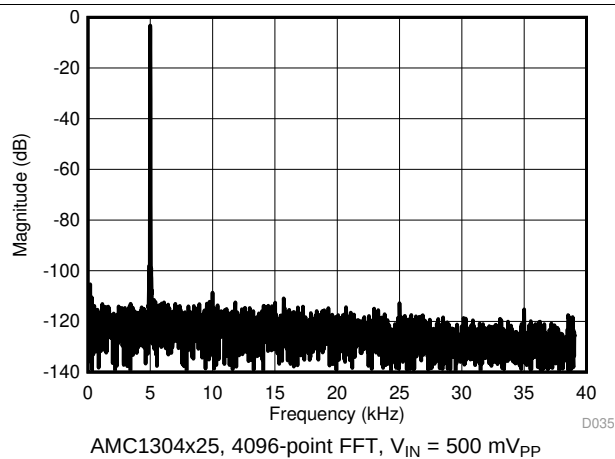


Figure 40. Frequency Spectrum with 5-kHz Input Signal

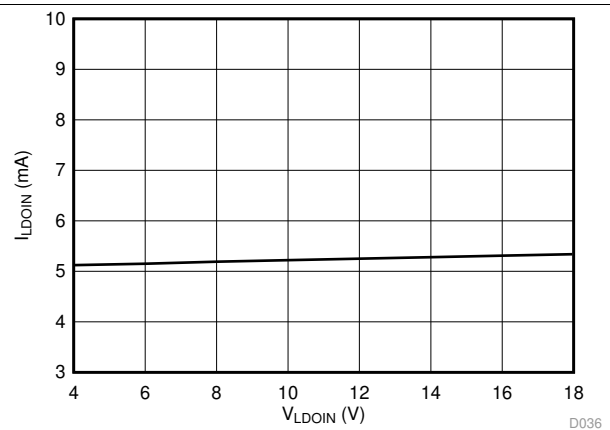
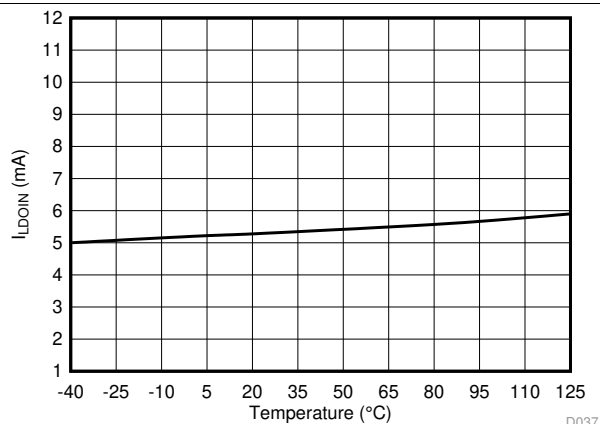


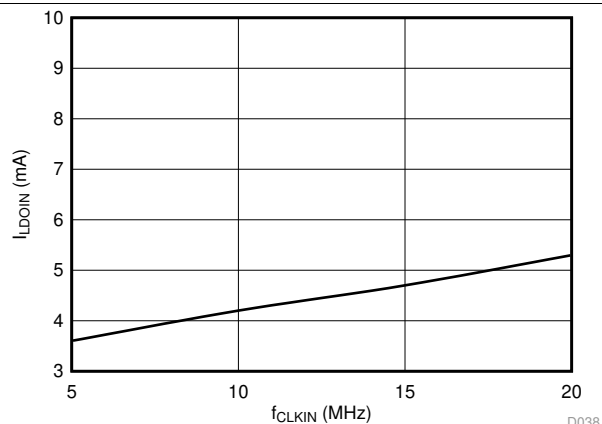
Figure 41. LDO Input Supply Current vs LDO Input Supply Voltage

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

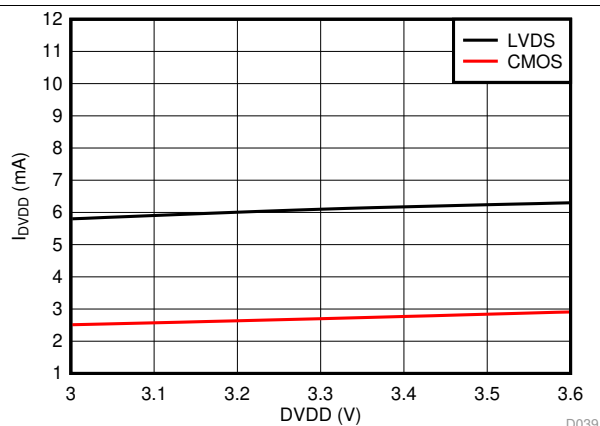
At LDOIN = 15.0 V, DVDD = 3.3 V, AINP = –50 mV to 50 mV (AMC1304x05) or –250 mV to 250 mV (AMC1304x25), AINN = 0 V,  $f_{CLKIN}$  = 20 MHz, and sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with OSR = 256, unless otherwise noted.



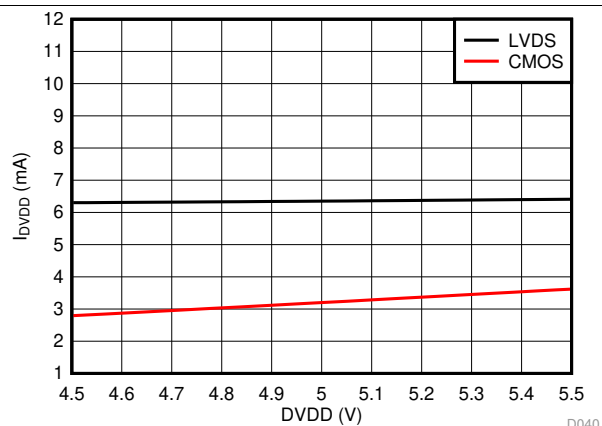
**Figure 42. LDO Input Supply Current vs Temperature**



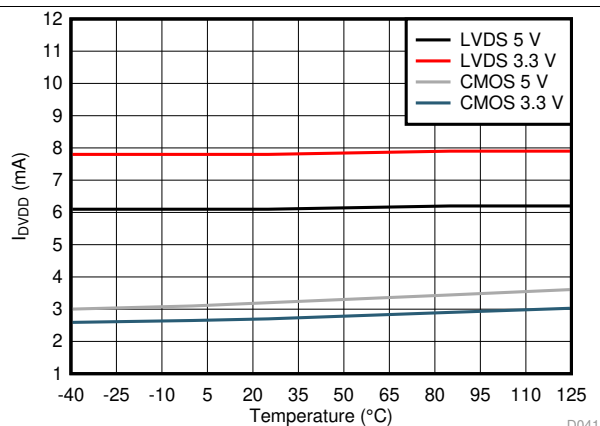
**Figure 43. LDO Input Supply Current vs Clock Frequency**



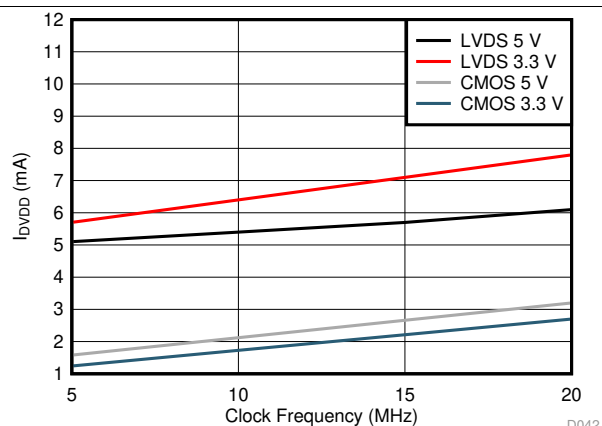
**Figure 44. Controller-Side Supply Current vs Controller-Side Supply Voltage (3.3 V, min)**



**Figure 45. Controller-Side Supply Current vs Controller-Side Supply Voltage (5 V, min)**



**Figure 46. Controller-Side Supply Current vs Temperature**



**Figure 47. Controller-Side Supply Current vs Clock Frequency**

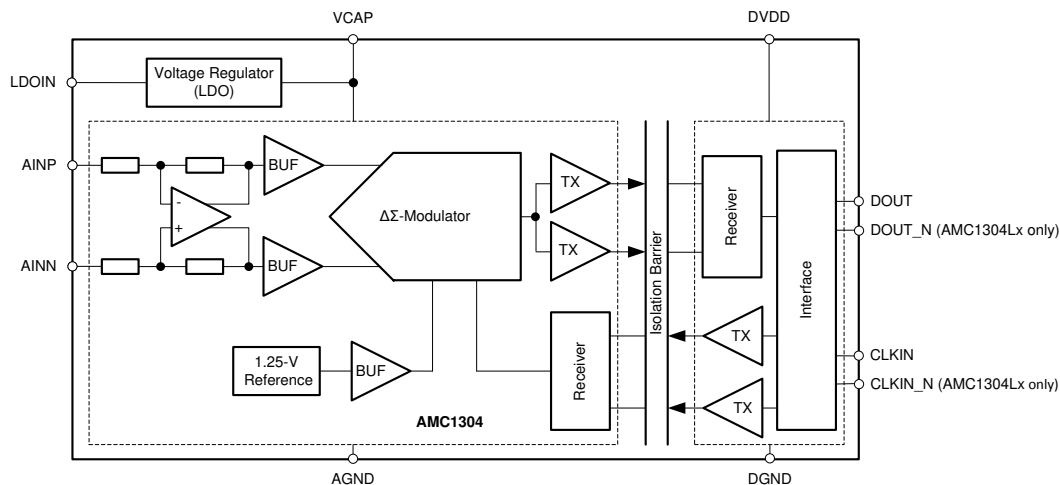
## 8 Detailed Description

### 8.1 Overview

The differential analog input (AINP and AINN) of the AMC1304 is a fully-differential amplifier feeding the switched-capacitor input of a second-order, delta-sigma ( $\Delta\Sigma$ ) modulator stage that digitizes the input signal into a 1-bit output stream. The isolated data output (DOUT and DOUT\_N) of the converter provides a stream of digital ones and zeros that is synchronous to the externally-provided clock source at the CLKIN pin with a frequency in the range of 5 MHz to 20.1 MHz. The time average of this serial bit-stream output is proportional to the analog input voltage.

The [Functional Block Diagram](#) section shows a detailed block diagram of the AMC1304. The analog input range is tailored to directly accommodate a voltage drop across a shunt resistor used for current sensing. The SiO<sub>2</sub>-based capacitive isolation barrier supports a high level of magnetic field immunity as described in the [ISO72x Digital Isolator Magnetic-Field Immunity application report](#) (SLLA181A), available for download at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com). The external clock input simplifies the synchronization of multiple current-sensing channels on the system level. The extended frequency range of up to 20 MHz supports higher performance levels compared to the other solutions available on the market.

### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 Analog Input

The AMC1304 incorporates a front-end circuitry that contains a differential amplifier and sampling stage, followed by a  $\Delta\Sigma$  modulator. The gain of the differential amplifier is set by internal precision resistors to a factor of 4 for devices with a specified input voltage range of  $\pm 250$  mV (this value is for the AMC1304x25), or to a factor of 20 in devices with a  $\pm 50$ -mV input voltage range (for the AMC1304x05), resulting in a differential input impedance of 5 k $\Omega$  (for the AMC1304x05) or 25 k $\Omega$  (for the AMC1304x25).

Consider the input impedance of the AMC1304 in designs with high-impedance signal sources that can cause degradation of gain and offset specifications. The importance of this effect, however, depends on the desired system performance. Additionally, the input bias current caused by the internal common-mode voltage at the output of the differential amplifier causes an offset that is dependent on the actual amplitude of the input signal. See the [Isolated Voltage Sensing](#) section for more details on reducing these effects.

There are two restrictions on the analog input signals (AINP and AINN). First, if the input voltage exceeds the range AGND – 6 V to 3.7 V, the input current must be limited to 10 mA because the device input electrostatic discharge (ESD) diodes turn on. In addition, the linearity and noise performance of the device are ensured only when the differential analog input voltage remains within the specified linear full-scale range (FSR), that is  $\pm 250$  mV (for the AMC1304x25) or  $\pm 50$  mV (for the AMC1304x05), and within the specified input common-mode range.

## Feature Description (continued)

### 8.3.2 Modulator

The modulator implemented in the AMC1304 is a second-order, switched-capacitor, feed-forward  $\Delta\Sigma$  modulator, such as the one conceptualized in Figure 48. The analog input voltage  $V_{IN}$  and the output  $V_5$  of the 1-bit digital-to-analog converter (DAC) are differentiated, providing an analog voltage  $V_1$  at the input of the first integrator stage. The output of the first integrator feeds the input of the second integrator stage, resulting in output voltage  $V_3$  that is differentiated with the input signal  $V_{IN}$  and the output of the first integrator  $V_2$ . Depending on the polarity of the resulting voltage  $V_4$ , the output of the comparator is changed. In this case, the 1-bit DAC responds on the next clock pulse by changing its analog output voltage  $V_5$ , causing the integrators to progress in the opposite direction and forcing the value of the integrator output to track the average value of the input.

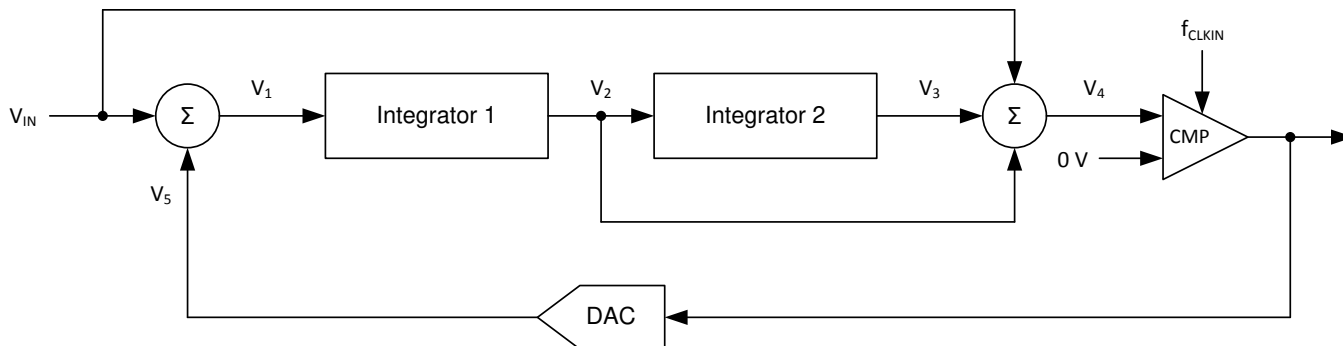


Figure 48. Block Diagram of a Second-Order Modulator

The modulator shifts the quantization noise to high frequencies, as shown in Figure 49. Therefore, use a low-pass digital filter at the output of the device to increase the overall performance. This filter is also used to convert from the 1-bit data stream at a high sampling rate into a higher-bit data word at a lower rate (decimation). TI's microcontroller families TMS320F2807x and TMS320F2837x offer a suitable programmable, hardwired filter structure termed a *sigma-delta filter module* (SDFM) optimized for usage with the AMC1304 family. Also, SD24\_B converters on the MSP430F677x microcontrollers offer a path to directly access the integrated sinc-filters, thus offering a system-level solution for multichannel, isolated current sensing. An additional option is to use a suitable application-specific device, such as the AMC1210 (a four-channel digital sinc-filter). Alternatively, a field-programmable gate array (FPGA) can be used to implement the digital filter.

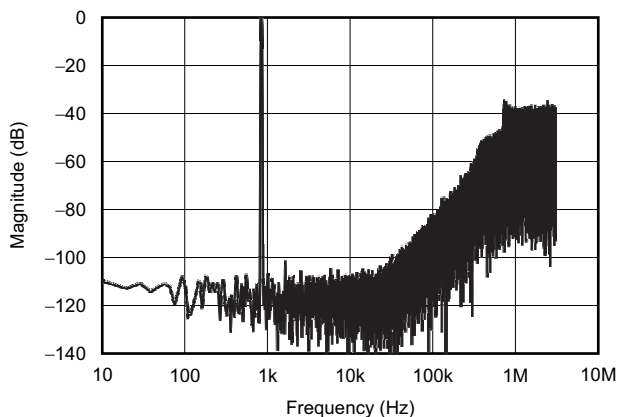


Figure 49. Quantization Noise Shaping

## Feature Description (continued)

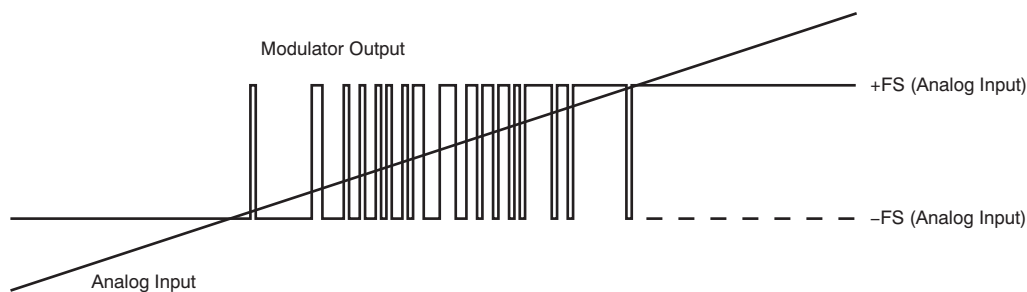
### 8.3.3 Digital Output

A differential input signal of 0 V ideally produces a stream of ones and zeros that are high 50% of the time. A differential input of 250 mV (for the AMC1304x25) or 50 mV (for the AMC1304x05) produces a stream of ones and zeros that are high 90% of the time. A differential input of –250 mV (–50 mV for the AMC1304x05) produces a stream of ones and zeros that are high 10% of the time. These input voltages are also the specified linear ranges of the different AMC1304 versions with performance as specified in this data sheet. If the input voltage value exceeds these ranges, the output of the modulator shows non-linear behavior when the quantization noise increases. The output of the modulator clips with a stream of only zeros with an input less than or equal to –312.5 mV (–62.5 mV for the AMC1304x05) or with a stream of only ones with an input greater than or equal to 312.5 mV (62.5 mV for the AMC1304x05). In this case, however, the AMC1304 generates a single 1 (if the input is at negative full-scale) or 0 every 128 clock cycles to indicate proper device function (see the [Fail-Safe Output](#) section for more details). The input voltage versus the output modulator signal is shown in [Figure 50](#).

The density of ones in the output bit-stream for any input voltage value (with the exception of a full-scale input signal, as described in the [Output Behavior in Case of a Full-Scale Input](#) section) can be calculated using [Equation 1](#):

$$\frac{V_{IN} + V_{Clipping}}{2 * V_{Clipping}} \quad (1)$$

The AMC1304 system clock is typically 20 MHz and is provided externally at the CLKIN pin. Data are synchronously provided at 20 MHz at the DOUT pin. Data change at the CLKIN falling edge. For more details, see the [Switching Characteristics](#) table.



**Figure 50. Analog Input versus AMC1304 Modulator Output**



## 8.4 Device Functional Modes

### 8.4.1 Fail-Safe Output

In the case of a missing high-side supply voltage (LDOIN), the output of a  $\Delta\Sigma$  modulator is not defined and can cause a system malfunction. In systems with high safety requirements, this behavior is not acceptable. Therefore, the AMC1304 implements a fail-safe output function that ensures the device maintains its output level in case of a missing LDOIN, as shown in Figure 51.

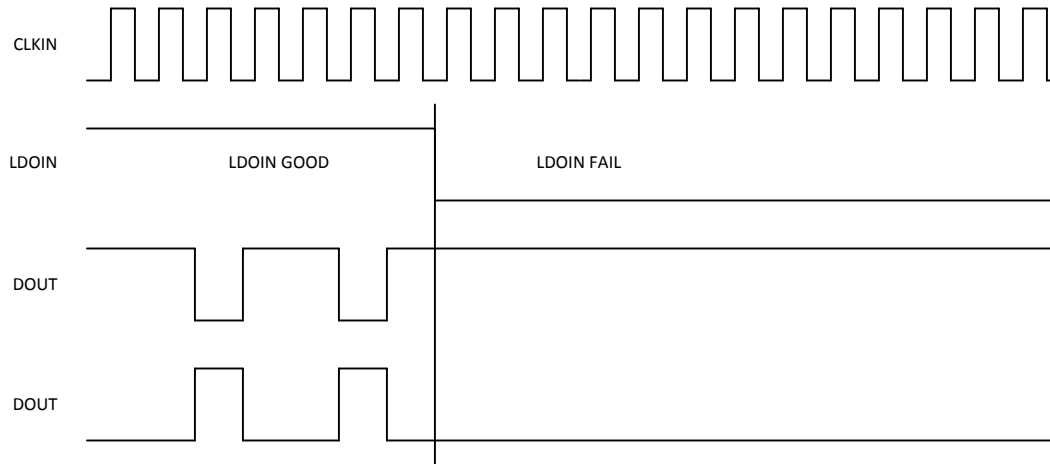


Figure 51. Fail-Safe Output of the AMC1304

### 8.4.2 Output Behavior in Case of a Full-Scale Input

If a full-scale input signal is applied to the AMC1304 (that is,  $V_{IN} \geq V_{Clipping}$ ), the device generates a single one or zero every 128 bits at DOUT, depending on the actual polarity of the signal being sensed, as shown in Figure 52. In this way, differentiating between a missing LDOIN and a full-scale input signal is possible on the system level.

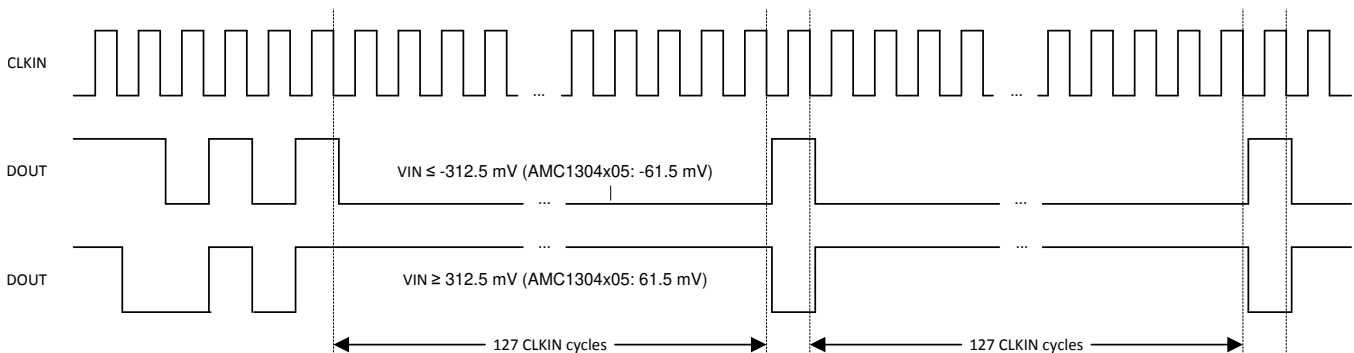


Figure 52. Overrange Output of the AMC1304

## 9 Application and Implementation

### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 9.1 Application Information

#### 9.1.1 Digital Filter Usage

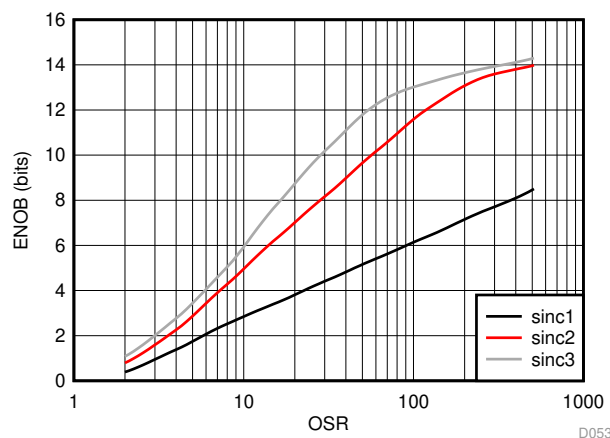
The modulator generates a bit stream that is processed by a digital filter to obtain a digital word similar to a conversion result of a conventional analog-to-digital converter (ADC). A very simple filter, built with minimal effort and hardware, is a sinc<sup>3</sup>-type filter, as shown in Equation 2:

$$H(z) = \left( \frac{1 - z^{-OSR}}{1 - z^{-1}} \right)^3 \quad (2)$$

This filter provides the best output performance at the lowest hardware size (count of digital gates) for a second-order modulator. All the characterization in this document is also done with a sinc<sup>3</sup> filter with an oversampling ratio (OSR) of 256 and an output word duration of 16 bits.

The effective number of bits (ENOB) is often used to compare the performance of ADCs and  $\Delta\Sigma$  modulators. Figure 53 shows the ENOB of the AMC1304 with different oversampling ratios. In this document, this number is calculated from the SNR by using Equation 3:

$$SNR = 1.76dB + 6.02dB * ENOB \quad (3)$$



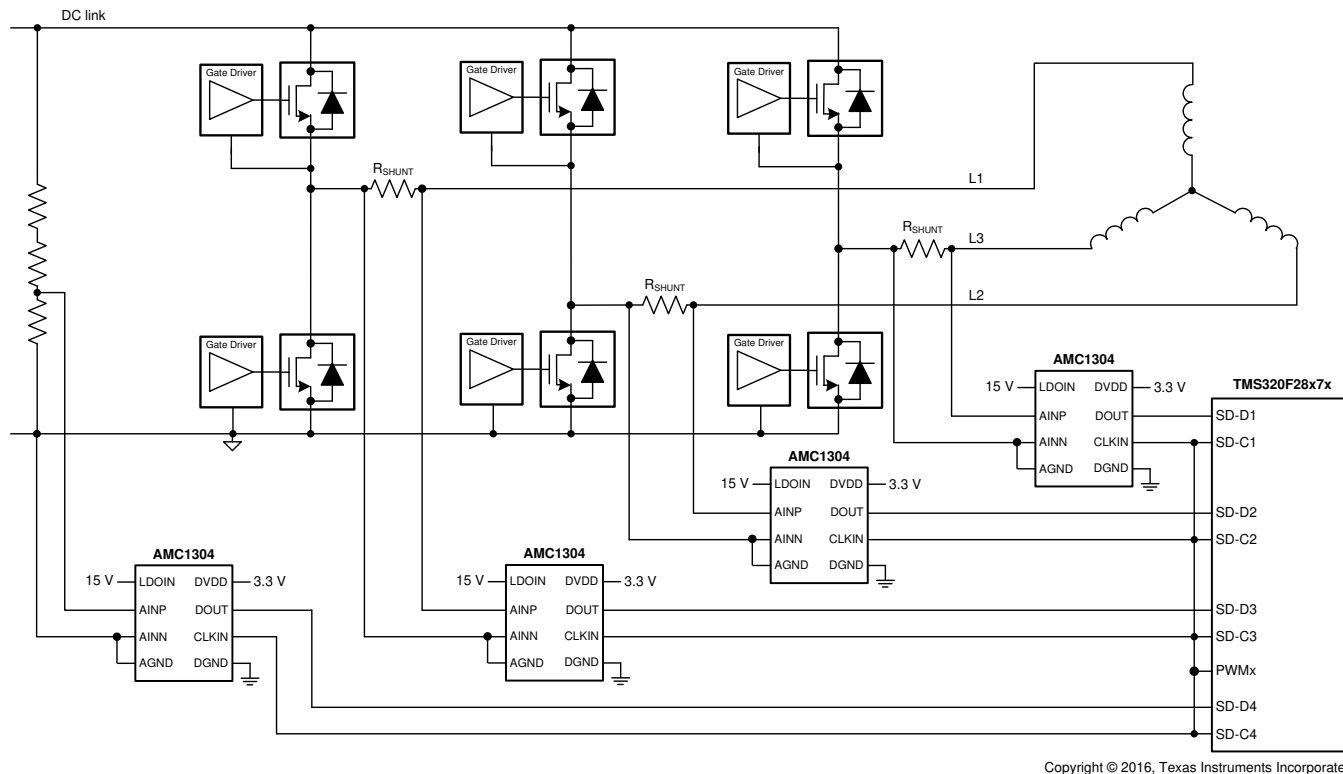
**Figure 53. Measured Effective Number of Bits versus Oversampling Ratio**

An example code for implementing a sinc<sup>3</sup> filter in an FPGA is discussed in the [Combining ADS1202 with FPGA Digital Filter for Current Measurement in Motor Control Applications](#) application note (SBAA094), available for download at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

## 9.2 Typical Applications

### 9.2.1 Frequency Inverter Application

Isolated  $\Delta\Sigma$  modulators are being widely used in new-generation frequency inverter designs because of their high ac and dc performance. Frequency inverters are critical parts of industrial motor drives, photovoltaic inverters (string and central inverters), uninterruptible power supplies (UPS), electrical and hybrid electrical vehicles, and other industrial applications. The input structure of the AMC1304 is optimized for use with low-impedance shunt resistors and is therefore tailored for isolated current sensing using shunts.



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Figure 54. The AMC1304 in a Frequency Inverter Application

#### 9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

A typical operation of the device in a frequency inverter application is shown in Figure 54. When the inverter stage is part of a motor drive system, measurement of the motor phase current is done via the shunt resistors ( $R_{SHUNT}$ ). Depending on the system design, either all three or only two phase currents are sensed.

In this example, an additional fourth AMC1304 is used to support isolated voltage sensing of the dc link. This high voltage is reduced using a high-impedance resistive divider before being sensed by the device across a smaller resistor. The value of this resistor can degrade the performance of the measurement, as described in the [Isolated Voltage Sensing](#) section.

#### 9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The typically recommended RC filter in front of a  $\Delta\Sigma$  modulator to improve signal-to-noise performance of the signal path is not required for the AMC1304. By design, the input bandwidth of the analog front-end of the device is limited to 1 MHz.

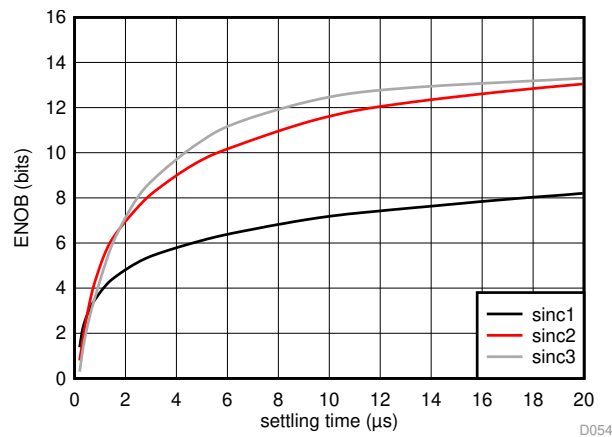
For modulator output bit-stream filtering, a device from TI's [TMS320F2807x](#) family of low-cost microcontrollers (MCUs) or [TMS320F2837x](#) family of dual-core MCUs is recommended. These families support up to eight channels of dedicated hardwired filter structures that significantly simplify system level design by offering two filtering paths per channel: one providing high accuracy results for the control loop and one fast response path for overcurrent detection.

## Typical Applications (continued)

### 9.2.1.3 Application Curve

In motor control applications, a very fast response time for overcurrent detection is required. The time for fully settling the filter in case of a step-signal at the input of the modulator depends on its order; that is, a  $\text{sinc}^3$  filter requires three data updates for full settling (with  $f_{\text{DATA}} = f_{\text{CLK}} / \text{OSR}$ ). Therefore, for overcurrent protection, filter types other than  $\text{sinc}^3$  can be a better choice; an alternative is the  $\text{sinc}^2$  filter. Figure 55 compares the settling times of different filter orders.

The delay time of the sinc filter with a continuous signal is half of its settling time.



**Figure 55. Measured Effective Number of Bits versus Settling Time**

## Typical Applications (continued)

### 9.2.2 Isolated Voltage Sensing

The AMC1304 is optimized for usage in current-sensing applications using low-impedance shunts. However, the device can also be used in isolated voltage-sensing applications if the affect of the (usually higher) impedance of the resistor used in this case is considered.

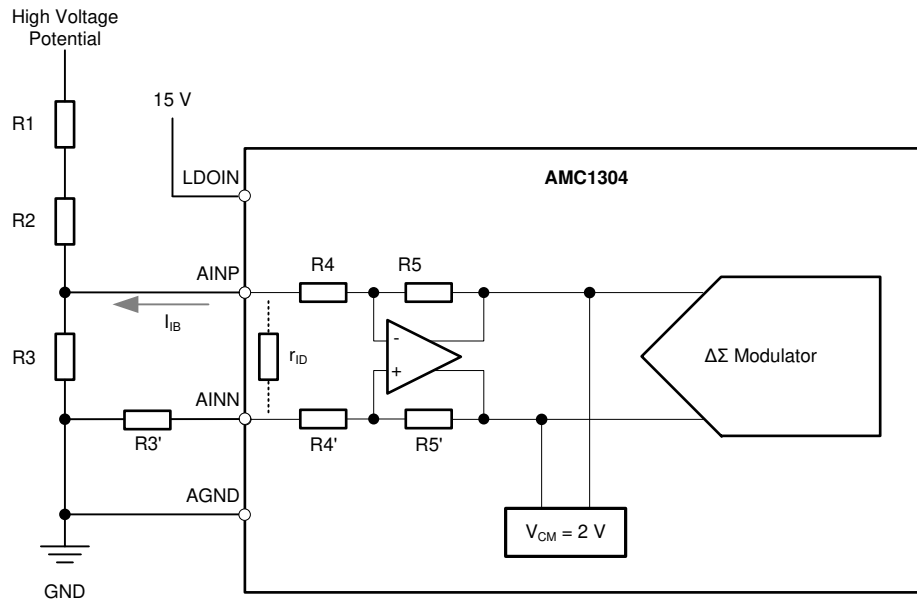


Figure 56. Using the AMC1304 for Isolated Voltage Sensing

#### 9.2.2.1 Design Requirements

Figure 56 shows a simplified circuit typically used in high-voltage-sensing applications. The high impedance resistors (R1 and R2) are used as voltage dividers and dominate the current value definition. The resistance of the sensing resistor R3 is chosen to meet the input voltage range of the AMC1304. This resistor and the differential input impedance of the device (the AMC1304x25 is 25 kΩ, the AMC1304x05 is 5 kΩ) also create a voltage divider that results in an additional gain error. With the assumption of R1, R2, and R<sub>IN</sub> having a considerably higher value than R3, the resulting total gain error can be estimated using Equation 4, with E<sub>G</sub> being the gain error of the AMC1304.

$$|E_{\text{Gtot}}| = |E_G| + \frac{R_3}{R_{\text{IN}}} \quad (4)$$

This gain error can be easily minimized during the initial system-level gain calibration procedure.

#### 9.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

As indicated in Figure 56, the output of the integrated differential amplifier is internally biased to a common-mode voltage of 2 V. This voltage results in a bias current I<sub>B</sub> through the resistive network R4 and R5 (or R4' and R5') used for setting the gain of the amplifier. The value range of this current is specified in the [Electrical Characteristics](#) table. This bias current generates additional offset error that depends on the value of the resistor R3. Because the value of this bias current depends on the actual common-mode amplitude of the input signal (as illustrated in Figure 57), the initial system offset calibration does not minimize its effect. Therefore, in systems with high accuracy requirements, TI recommends using a series resistor at the negative input (AINN) of the AMC1304 with a value equal to the shunt resistor R3 (that is, R3' = R3 in Figure 56) to eliminate the affect of the bias current.

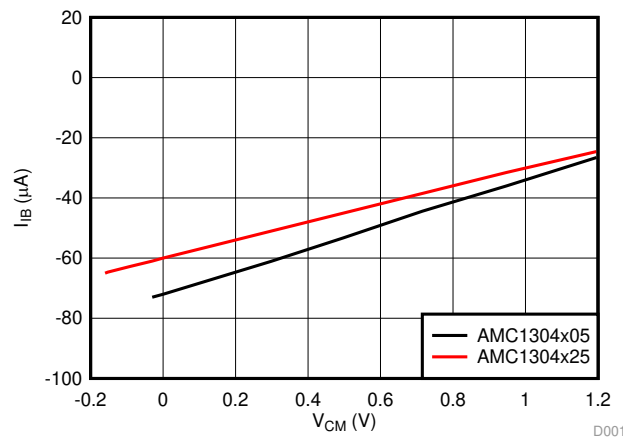
## Typical Applications (continued)

This additional series resistor (R3') influences the gain error of the circuit. The effect can be calculated using Equation 5 with R5 = R5' = 50 kΩ and R4 = R4' = 2.5 kΩ (for the AMC1304x05) or 12.5 kΩ (for the AMC1304x25).

$$E_G(\%) = \left( 1 - \frac{R4}{R4' + R3'} \right) * 100\% \quad (5)$$

### 9.2.2.3 Application Curve

Figure 57 shows the dependency of the input bias current on the common-mode voltage at the input of the AMC1304.



**Figure 57. Input Current vs Input Common-Mode Voltage**

### 9.2.3 What To Do and What Not To Do

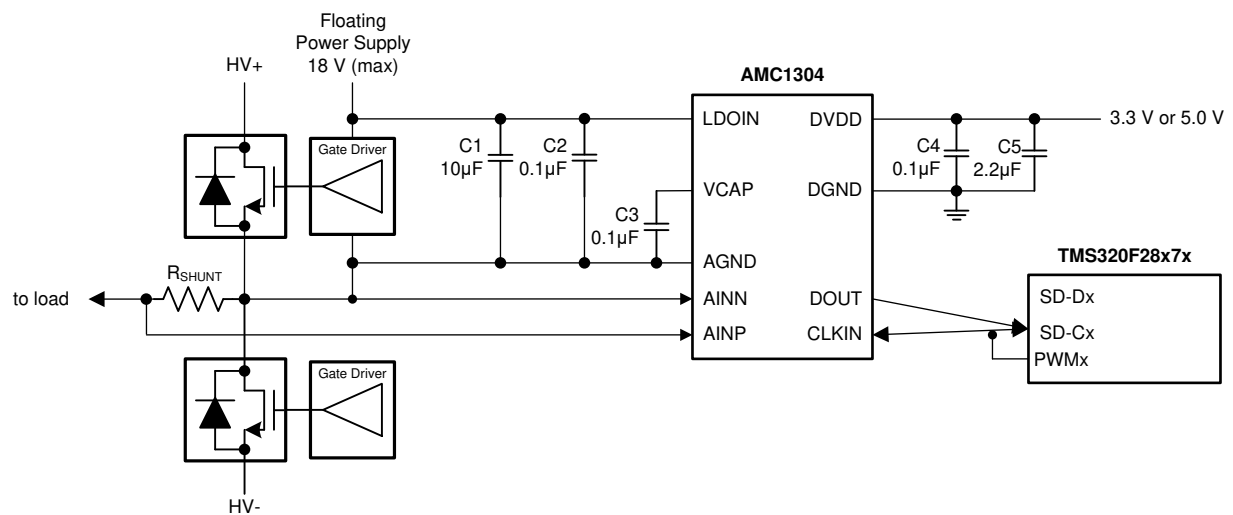
Do not leave the inputs of the AMC1304 unconnected (floating) when the device is powered up. If both modulator inputs are left floating, the input bias current drives them to the output common-mode of the analog front end of approximately 2 V that is above the specified input common-mode range. As a result, the front gain diminishes and the modulator outputs a bitstream resembling a zero input differential voltage.

## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

In a typical frequency-inverter application, the high-side power supply (LDOIN) for the device is directly derived from the floating power supply of the upper gate driver. A low-ESR decoupling capacitor of 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  is recommended for filtering this power-supply path. Place this capacitor (C2 in Figure 58) as close as possible to the LDOIN pin of the AMC1304 for best performance. If better filtering is required, an additional 10- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor can be used. The output of the internal LDO requires a decoupling capacitor of 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  to be connected between the VCAP pin and AGND as close as possible to the device.

The floating ground reference (AGND) is derived from the end of the shunt resistor, which is connected to the negative input (AINN) of the device. If a four-pin shunt is used, the device inputs are connected to the inner leads and AGND is connected to one of the outer leads of the shunt.

For decoupling of the digital power supply on the controller side, TI recommends using a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor assembled as close to the DVDD pin of the AMC1304 as possible, followed by an additional capacitor in the range of 1  $\mu\text{F}$  to 10  $\mu\text{F}$ .



**Figure 58. Decoupling the AMC1304**

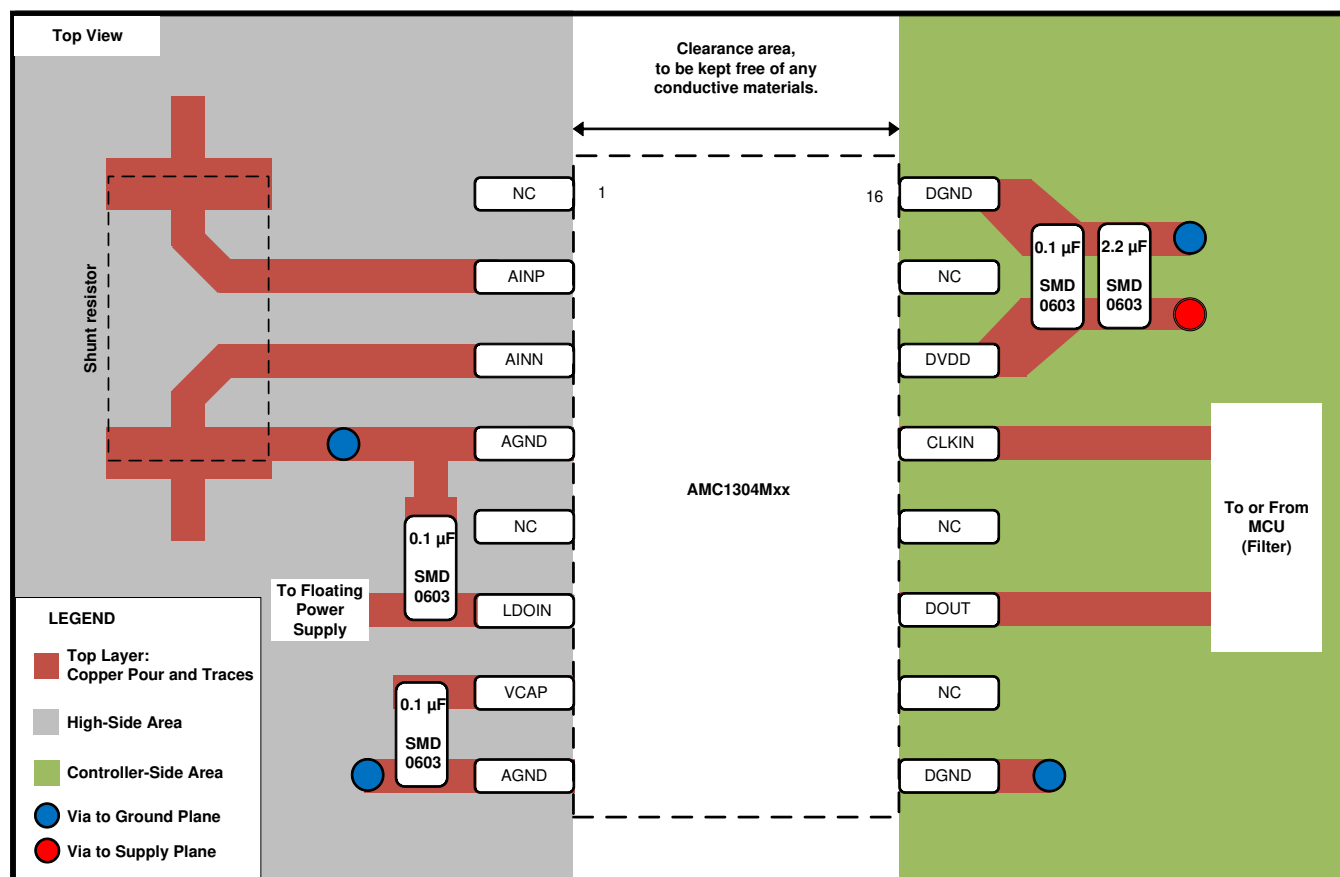
## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

A layout recommendation showing the critical placement of the decoupling capacitors (as close as possible to the AMC1304) and placement of the other components required by the device is shown in Figure 59. For best performance, place the shunt resistor close to the VINP and VINN inputs of the AMC1304 and keep the layout of both connections symmetrical.

For the AMC1304Lx version, place the 100-Ω termination resistor as close as possible to the CLKIN, CLKIN\_N inputs of the device to achieve highest signal integrity. If not integrated, an additional termination resistor is required as close as possible to the LVDS data inputs of the MCU or filter device; see Figure 60.

### 11.2 Layout Examples



**Figure 59. Recommended Layout of the AMC1304Mx**



## Layout Examples (continued)

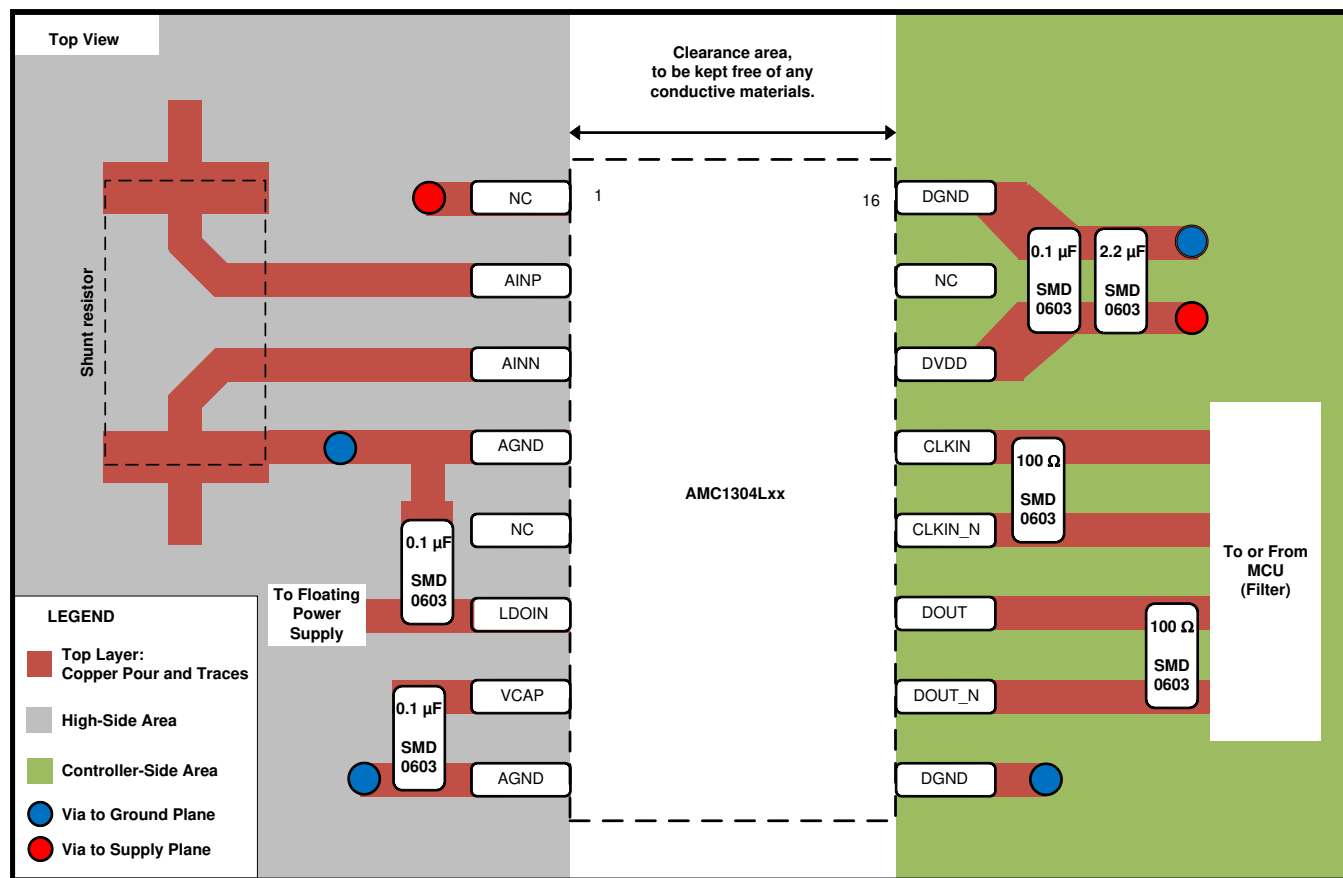


Figure 60. Recommended Layout of the AMC1304Lx

## 12 Device and Documentation Support

### 12.1 Device Support

#### 12.1.1 Device Nomenclature

Texas Instruments, [Isolation Glossary](#)

### 12.2 Documentation Support

#### 12.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, [AMC1210 Quad Digital Filter for 2nd-Order Delta-Sigma Modulator data sheet](#)
- Texas Instruments, [MSP430F677x Polyphase Metering SoCs data sheet](#)
- Texas Instruments, [TMS320F2807x Piccolo™ Microcontrollers data manual](#)
- Texas Instruments, [TMS320F2837xD Dual-Core Delfino™ Microcontrollers data manual](#)
- Texas Instruments, [ISO72x Digital Isolator Magnetic-Field Immunity application report](#)
- Texas Instruments, [Combining ADS1202 with FPGA Digital Filter for Current Measurement in Motor Control Applications application report](#)

### 12.3 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to order now.

**Table 1. Related Links**

| PARTS      | PRODUCT FOLDER             | ORDER NOW                  | TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS        | TOOLS & SOFTWARE           | SUPPORT & COMMUNITY        |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| AMC1304L05 | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |
| AMC1304L25 | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |
| AMC1304M05 | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |
| AMC1304M25 | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |

### 12.4 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 12.5 Community Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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### 12.6 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 12.7 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## 12.8 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable part number         | Status<br>(1) | Material type<br>(2) | Package   Pins | Package qty   Carrier | RoHS<br>(3) | Lead finish/<br>Ball material<br>(4) | MSL rating/<br>Peak reflow<br>(5) | Op temp (°C) | Part marking<br>(6) |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| <a href="#">AMC1304L05DW</a>  | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L05          |
| AMC1304L05DW.Z                | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L05          |
| AMC1304L05DWG4.Z              | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L05          |
| <a href="#">AMC1304L05DWR</a> | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L05          |
| AMC1304L05DWR.Z               | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L05          |
| <a href="#">AMC1304L25DW</a>  | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L25          |
| AMC1304L25DW.Z                | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L25          |
| <a href="#">AMC1304L25DWR</a> | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L25          |
| AMC1304L25DWR.Z               | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304L25          |
| <a href="#">AMC1304M05DW</a>  | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M05          |
| AMC1304M05DW.Z                | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M05          |
| <a href="#">AMC1304M05DWR</a> | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M05          |
| AMC1304M05DWR.Z               | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M05          |
| AMC1304M05DWRG4.Z             | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M05          |
| <a href="#">AMC1304M25DW</a>  | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M25          |
| AMC1304M25DW.Z                | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 40   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M25          |
| <a href="#">AMC1304M25DWR</a> | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M25          |
| AMC1304M25DWR.Z               | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M25          |
| AMC1304M25DWRG4.Z             | Active        | Production           | SOIC (DW)   16 | 2000   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 125   | AMC1304M25          |

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

<sup>(2)</sup> **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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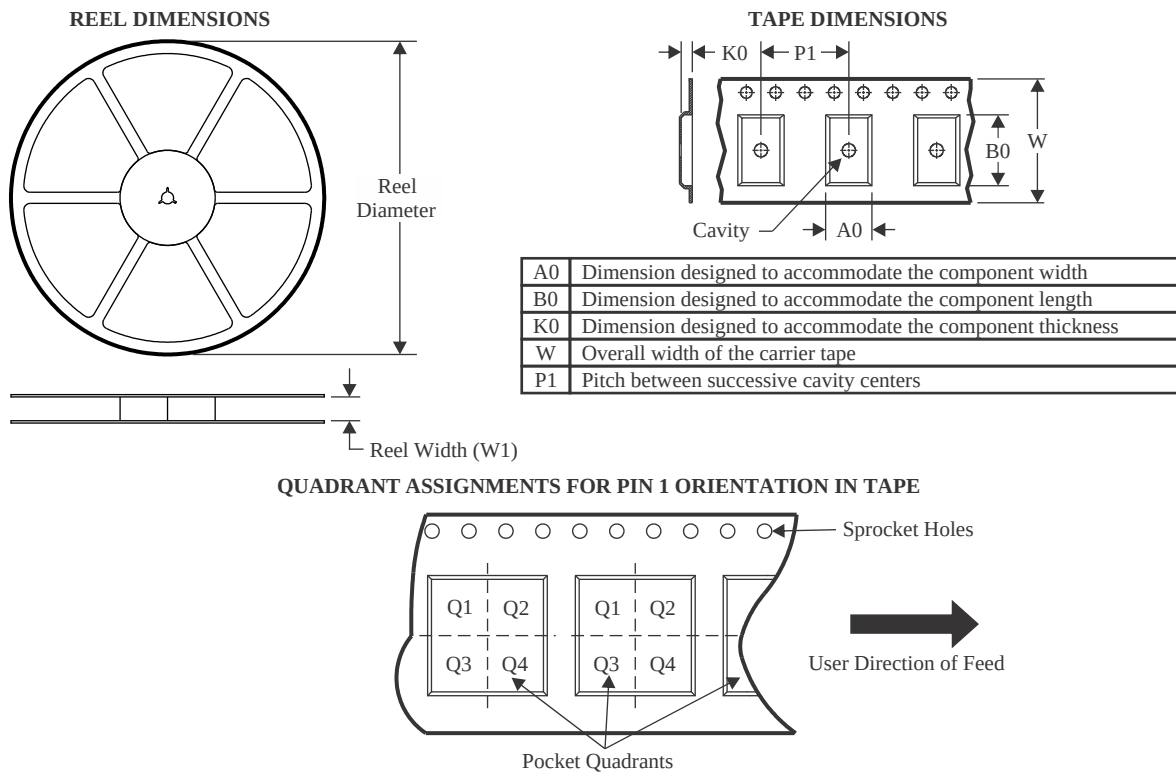
**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF AMC1304L05, AMC1304L25, AMC1304M05, AMC1304M25 :**

- Automotive : [AMC1304L05-Q1](#), [AMC1304L25-Q1](#), [AMC1304M05-Q1](#), [AMC1304M25-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

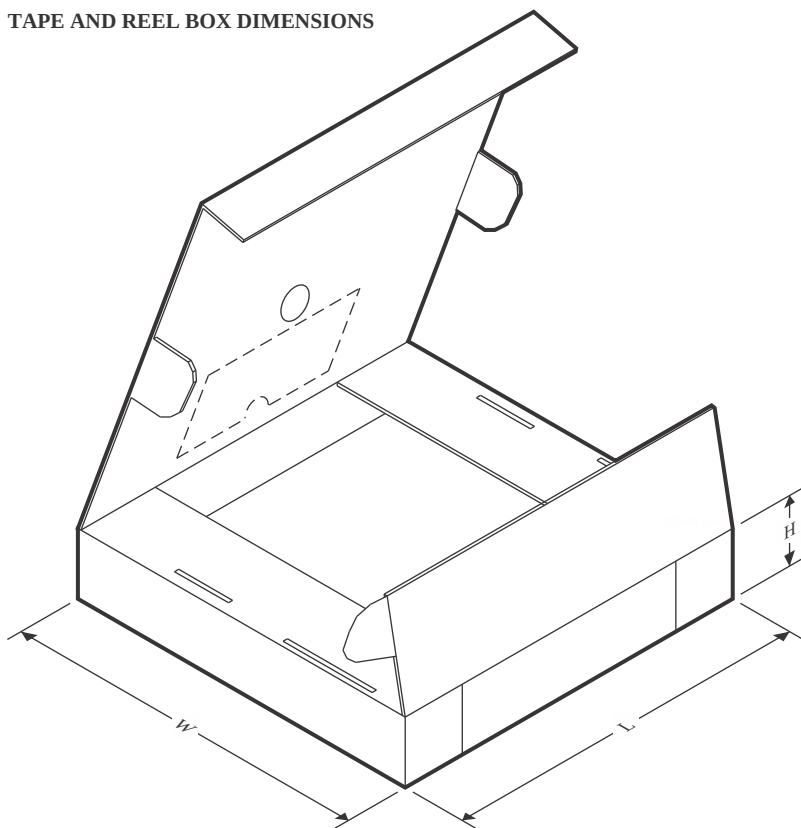
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| AMC1304L05DWR | SOIC         | DW              | 16   | 2000 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 10.75   | 10.7    | 2.7     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q1            |
| AMC1304L25DWR | SOIC         | DW              | 16   | 2000 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 10.75   | 10.7    | 2.7     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q1            |
| AMC1304M05DWR | SOIC         | DW              | 16   | 2000 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 10.75   | 10.7    | 2.7     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q1            |
| AMC1304M25DWR | SOIC         | DW              | 16   | 2000 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 10.75   | 10.7    | 2.7     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q1            |

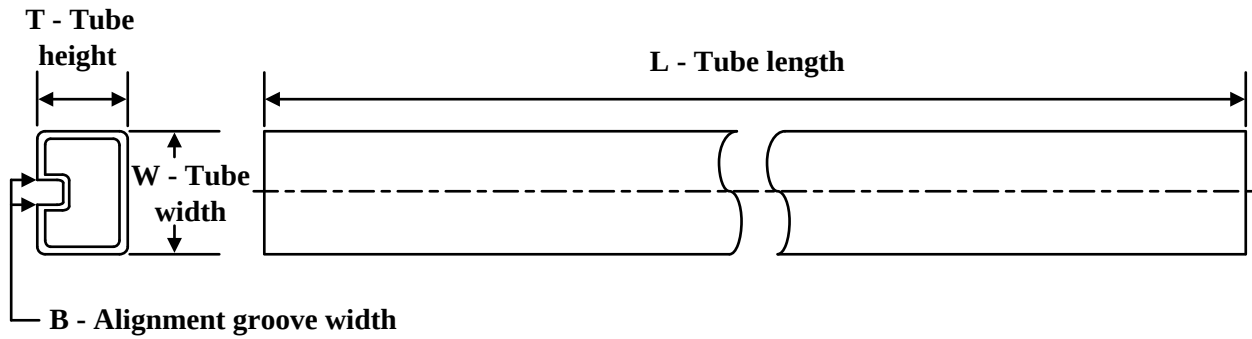
## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| AMC1304L05DWR | SOIC         | DW              | 16   | 2000 | 350.0       | 350.0      | 43.0        |
| AMC1304L25DWR | SOIC         | DW              | 16   | 2000 | 350.0       | 350.0      | 43.0        |
| AMC1304M05DWR | SOIC         | DW              | 16   | 2000 | 350.0       | 350.0      | 43.0        |
| AMC1304M25DWR | SOIC         | DW              | 16   | 2000 | 350.0       | 350.0      | 43.0        |

## TUBE



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device           | Package Name | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | L (mm) | W (mm) | T (μm) | B (mm) |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| AMC1304L05DW     | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |
| AMC1304L05DW.Z   | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |
| AMC1304L05DWG4.Z | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |
| AMC1304L25DW     | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |
| AMC1304L25DW.Z   | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |
| AMC1304M05DW     | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |
| AMC1304M05DW.Z   | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |
| AMC1304M25DW     | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |
| AMC1304M25DW.Z   | DW           | SOIC         | 16   | 40  | 506.98 | 12.7   | 4826   | 6.6    |



## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

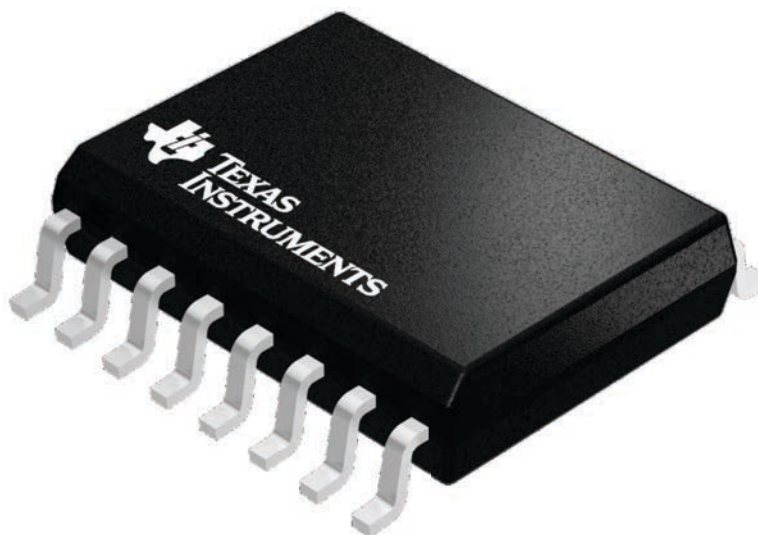
**DW 16**

**SOIC - 2.65 mm max height**

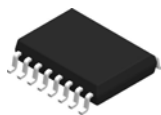
7.5 x 10.3, 1.27 mm pitch

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4224780/A

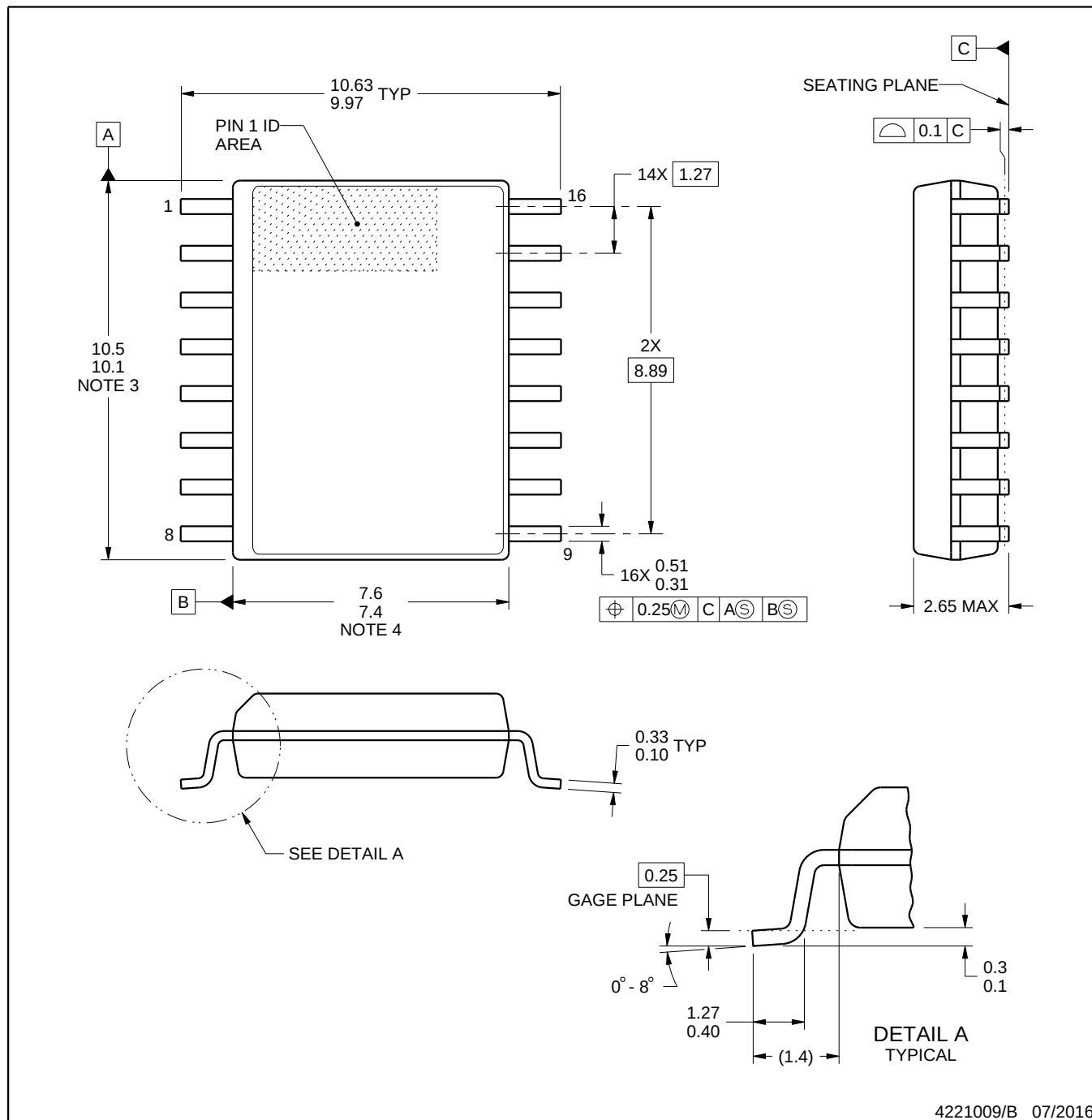


DW0016B

# PACKAGE OUTLINE

## SOIC - 2.65 mm max height

SOIC



4221009/B 07/2016

### NOTES:

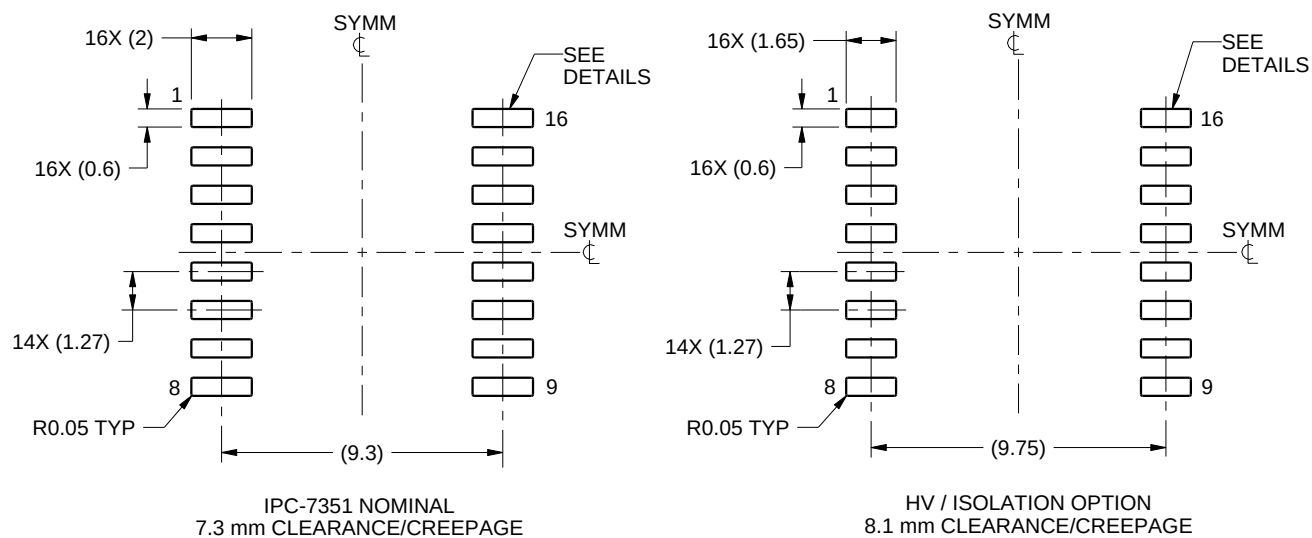
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm, per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-013.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

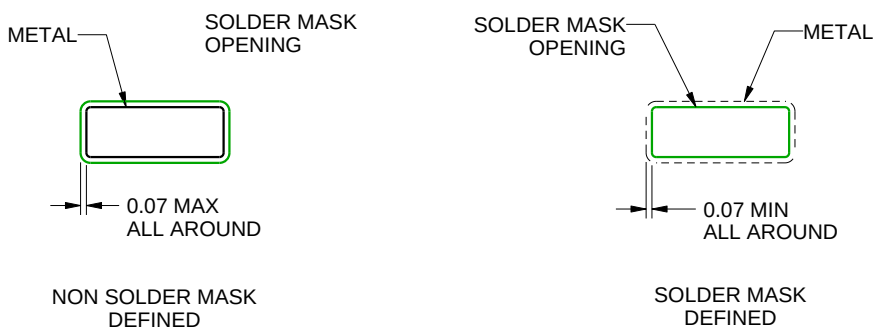
DW0016B

SOIC - 2.65 mm max height

SOIC



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
SCALE:4X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4221009/B 07/2016

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

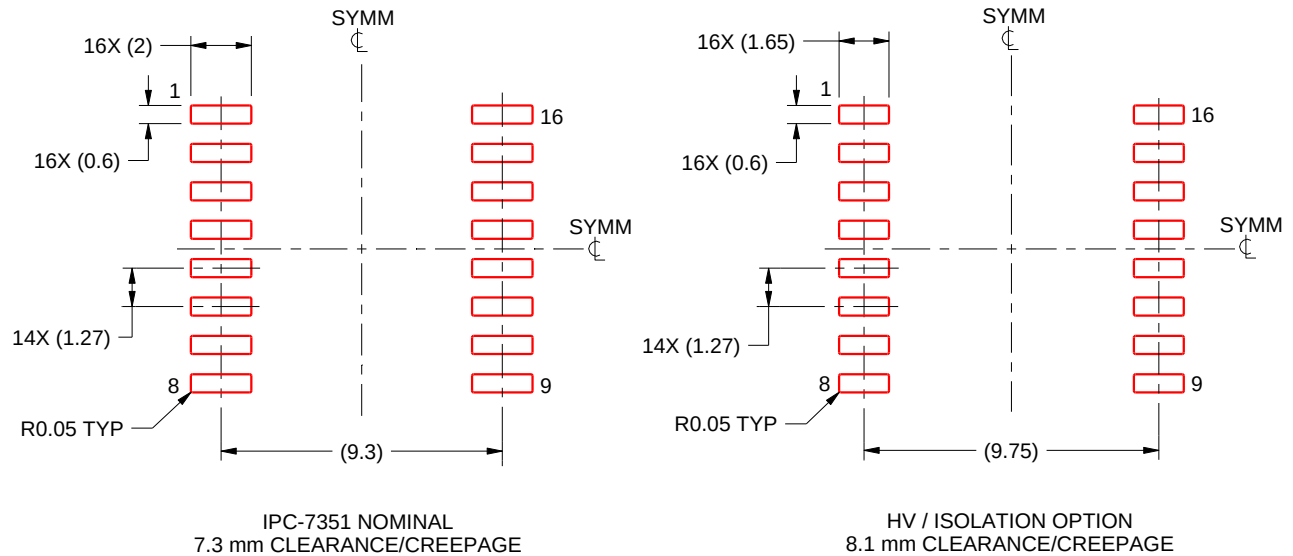
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DW0016B

SOIC - 2.65 mm max height

SOIC



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:4X

4221009/B 07/2016

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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