

5-6K Interface Board

The 5-6K Interface Board provides a complete system development platform using evaluation modules from the Data Acquisition Products Group. This board passes signals from TMS320C5000™ and TMS320C6000™ DSK platforms featuring the 80-pin daughtercard connectors defined in the TMS320 Cross-Platform Daughtercard Interface (SPRA711), to a variety of analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog converters. When combined with sensor or amplifier boards, it can provide a complete data acquisition system for a variety of applications.

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1 Introduction

The 5-6K Interface Board provides data converter customers with flexibility for the evaluation of data acquisition products from Texas Instruments. The Interface Board maintains a compatible interface with the TMS320[™] DSP family according to the guidelines set forth in the TMS320 Cross-Platform Daughtercard Specification (SPRA711). Signal names and references to the multichannel buffered serial port (McBSP) found throughout this document are common to those found in the SPRA711 document.

The Interface Board consists of two signal conditioning sites, two serial EVM sites, and a parallel EVM site. Regardless of the interface type, all EVMs compatible with the 5-6K Interface Board have a standard analog interface and standard power connector. Three-position screw terminals J1 and J2 and two-position screw terminals J6, J8, J9, and J11 provide access to a common power bus routed to all sites.

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2 Power Connections to the Interface Card

The screw terminals along the bottom edge of the Interface Board give access to the common power bus. Three-port terminals J1 and J2 provide analog power. Two-port terminals J6, J8, J9, and J11 provide the digital voltages. Two jumpers, W2 and W3, located on the Interface Board give the user the option of using DSK +5 V and +3.3 V for the digital power. Analog power must be supplied from an external source. Table 1 shows the typical external power connections.

Screw Terminal Applied Voltage Typical Function Analog Voltage—provides analog power for signal conditioning, sensor J1 ±VA (±18 V Max) boards, amplifiers, etc. Analog Voltage—provides analog power for signal conditioning, sensor J2 ±5V (±5.5 V Max) boards, amplifiers, etc. +5 (5.5 V Max) Digital Voltage—power to digital logic - ADCs, DACs, etc. J8 +VD (undefined) Digital Voltage—Reserved for future use J9 +1.8 V (2.3 V Max) Digital Voltage—core logic voltage for Codecs etc. J11 +3. 3 V (3.7 V Max) Digital Voltage—power to digital logic - ADCs, DACs, etc.

Table 1. External Power Connections

2.1 Signal Conditioning Sites

The signal conditioning sites provide a 20-pin analog I/O header and a 6-pin header for the analog power supply connections.

2.1.1 Signal Conditioning Analog I/O Connection

The analog I/O connectors, J3 and J4, provide up to eight single-ended or four differential channels to/from the data converter. External reference voltages can also be applied to the data converter through the analog I/O connector. Because the reference requirements vary by converter type, no restrictions are placed on the input voltage levels. Be sure to check the documentation for the EVM before applying any input signals. Single- and dual-channel converters leave the unused pins open. Table 2 shows the standard analog connector pinout. See Section 3.3 for details on applying differential signals.

Signal	Pin Number		Signal
A0-	1	2	A0
A1-	3	4	A1
A2-	5	6	A2
А3-	7	8	A3
AGND	9	10	A4
AGND	11	12	A5
AGND	13	14	A6
VCOM	15	16	A7
AGND	17	18	REF-
AGND	19	20	REF+

Table 2. Signal Conditioning I/O Connections

The 20-pin headers located beside JP1 and JP2 provide stability for the signal conditioning boards—no signals are routed to or from these connectors. These connectors are labeled Analog 1 and Analog 2 in the assembly drawing found in Section 7.



www.ti.com Serial EVM Sites

2.2 Signal Conditioning Power Connector

The Interface Board provides a common power bus to both signal conditioning sites. The power connector used on the Interface Board is a 6-pin male header. Four power connectors JP1, JP2, JP3, and JP4 are provided—each with the same pinout. This allows an analog-to-digital (ADC) converter to use the same signal conditioning board as a digital-to-analog (DAC) converter, simply by rotating the signal conditioning board 180 degrees.

Table 3 shows the power connector voltages supplied to the signal conditioning module.

Table 3. Signal Conditioning Power Connections—JP1, JP2, JP3, and JP4

Signal	Pin Number		Signal
+VA	1	2	-VA
+5VA	3	4	-5VA
AGND	5	6	AGND

3 Serial EVM Sites

The serial interface consists of two digital I/O connectors (J15 and J16), two power connectors (JP5 and JP6), and two analog I/O connectors (J10 and J12). The analog I/O connectors are configured as pass through connections from/to the signal conditioning sites. See Section 2.1 for more information.

3.1 Serial Digital I/O Connections

The serial site digital I/O connectors are 20-pin headers that provide access to the serial interface signals defined in the TMS320 Cross-Platform Daughtercard Specification (<u>SPRA711</u>). These signals are based on the multichannel buffered serial port (McBSP) interface found on most Texas Instruments DSPs. Table 4 shows the standard serial connector pinout.

Table 4. Digital I/O Connections—J15 and J16

Sig	Signal ⁽¹⁾		lumbar	Sig	nal ⁽¹⁾
Site 1 (J15)	Site 2 (J16)	Pin Number		Site 1 (J15)	Site 2 (J16)
DC_CNTLa	DC_CNTLb	1	2	TP Access	TP Access
DC_CLKXa	DC_CLKXb	3	4	DGND	DGND
DC_CLKRa	DC_CLKRb	5	6	TP Access	TP Access
DC_FSXa	DC_FSXb	7	8	TP Access	TP Access
DC_FSRa	DC_FSRb	9	10	DGND	DGND
DC_DXa	DC_DXb	11	12	TP Access	TP Access
DC_DRa	DC_DRb	13	14	TP Access	TP Access
EVM_INTa	EVM_INTb	15	16	TP Access	TP Access
DC_TOUTa	DC_TOUTb	17	18	DGND	DCND
TP Access	TP Access	19	20	TP Access	TP Access

⁽¹⁾ Revision B boards include 470-Ω pulldown resistors at all points listed as TP Access via 6-position slide switches SW1 and SW2.

3.2 Chip Select, Frame Sync and Interrupt Options

DC_CNTLa and DC_CNTLb are routed directly to pin 1 of the Digital I/O connectors (J15 and J16 respectively) on Revision A Interface Boards. Revision B interface boards include jumpers W12 and W13 which apply the DC_CNTLx signal (default) or digital ground (shunt pins 2-3) to pin 1 of the digital I/O connectors.



Serial EVM Sites www.ti.com

Revision B interface boards also include jumpers W10 and W11 which allow the user to apply the FSX signal (default) or DC_CNTLx signal (shunt pins 2-3) to pin 7 of the digital I/O connectors. W10 controls the application of DC_FSXa or DC_CNTLa on J15, while W11 controls the application of DC_FSXb or DC_CNTLb on J16.

Jumpers W8 and W9 allow the signals applied to EVM_INTa or EVM_INTb to be directly sourced from the data-converter EVM when the shunts are installed on pins 1-2 (default). Moving the shunt on W8 to pins 2-3 sends the EVM interrupt signal through a single-gate inverter (U5) before being sent to DC-INTa on the DSK. W9 controls the polarity of the signal applied to DC-INTc via U6.

3.3 EVM Power Connector

The Interface Board provides a common power bus to both serial sites. The power connector used on the Interface Board is a 10-pin male header. Two power connectors JP5 and JP6 are provided—each with the same pinout. JP5 services serial Site 2, while JP6 services serial Site 1. Table 5 shows the power-connector voltages supplied to the EVM.

Signal Pin Number Signal +VA 1 -VA 2 +5VA 3 4 -5VA **DGND** 5 6 **AGND** 7 VD1 +1.8VD 8 +3.3VD 9 10 +5VD

Table 5. EVM Power Connections—JP5 and JP6

3.4 EVM Analog I/O Connector

As mentioned previously, the analog I/O connectors act as pass-through connectors to the signal conditioning sites. Table 6 shows the analog I/O connections to the serial and parallel EVM sites.

Signal	Pin N	umber	Signal
A0-	1	2	A0
A1-	3	4	A1
A2-	5	6	A2
A3-	7	8	A3
AGND	9	10	A4
AGND	11	12	A5
AGND	13	14	A6
VCOM	15	16	A7
AGND	17	18	REF-
AGND	19	20	REF+

Table 6. EVM Analog I/O Connections—J10 and J12⁽¹⁾

When applying differential signals to a data converter EVM, the signal pairs may be applied between pin pairs 1-2, 3-4, 5-6, and 7-8, or pin pairs 2-4, 6-8, 10-12, and 14-16. The pin assignment for the signal pair is determined by the EVM being used. See the specific EVM user's guide for implementation details.

⁽¹⁾ J10 and J12 are also used for the parallel EVM site.



www.ti.com Parallel EVM Site

4 Parallel EVM Site

The parallel interface consists of a 48-pin header (J17), which provides access to up to 24 parallel data bits and a 20-pin parallel control header (J18). The parallel control header provides four multiplexed address lines, configurable read and write strobes, configurable interrupts, and chip-select and clock signals. Analog I/O and power is also provided.

4.1 Parallel Analog I/O and Power Connections

The parallel site uses the same analog I/O and power connections described in the serial interface section of this manual. Typically, a parallel-ADC EVM uses the analog interface connector located at J10 and the power connector located at JP5. See Section 3 for pinout details. A parallel-DAC EVM typically uses the analog interface connector J12, presenting the opportunity to stack certain EVMs.

4.2 Parallel Control Connector—J18

The parallel control connector feeds chip-select, read, write, and address lines to the parallel EVMs. The address decoding for most parallel EVMs is done on the EVM card itself, allowing the possibility of stacking several cards together. Table Table 7 shows the typical signals found on parallel interface EVMs, designed to be used with the 5–6K Interface Board

Signal	Pin Number		Signal
DC_CSx	1	2	DGND
WR (R/W)	3	4	DGND
RD	5	6	DGND
EVM_A0	7	8	DGND
EVM_A1	9	10	DGND
EVM_A2	11	12	DGND
EVM_A3	13	14	DGND
GPIO (SPARE-NC)	15	16	DGND
TOUTa	17	18	DGND
INT	19	20	DGND

Table 7. Parallel Control Connections

DC_CSx is defined in the TMS320 Cross-Platform Daughtercard Specification. This signal is intended to act as a chip-select to the EVM, not necessarily the actual data converter being evaluated. Carefully read the documentation that came with your EVM for details on how this signal is used. Revision-B Interface boards include jumper W16 which applies DC CSa (default) or DC CSb (shunt pins 2-3) to J18 pin 1.

The write and read strobes can be controlled through jumpers W4 and W5 on the Interface Card. With W4 and W5 in their default positions (shunt on pins 2-3), WR and RD are defined as in the TMS320 Cross-Platform Daughtercard Specification. With the shunts on W4 and W5 in positions 1-2, combination logic located on the interface card can provide a simple strobing arrangement which may be useful with the TMS320C5402 DSK.

The EVM address lines EVM_A0 through EVM_A3 are fed from a four-bit 2:1 bus switch, U1. Typically, this provides access to DSP address lines A2..A5, or A14..A17. A shunt on W1 (default) applies the DSK address lines A2..A4 to the parallel control connector; removing the shunt from W1 applies address lines A14..A17. The actual address lines vary depending on the DSK used; see your DSK documentation for the exact address locations.



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The interface card provides four options for a clock source to the parallel EVM interface with use of a 2-mm shunt on J14.

Table 8. Parallel EVM Clocking Options via J14

Shunt on Pins	Clock Source
1–2	DC_TOUTa
3–4	DC_TOUTa
5–6	DC_CLKXa
7–8	DC_CLKXb

The interface card provides two options for an external interrupt source to the DSP with use of a 2-mm shunt on J15.

Table 9. External Interrupt Source via J13⁽¹⁾

Shunt on Pins	Connects To:		
	Rev A PWB	Rev B PWB	
1–2	DC_INTa	DC_INTb	
3–4	DC_INTb	DC_INTb	
5–6	DC_INTc	DC_INTd	
7–8	DC_INTd	DC_INTd	

⁽¹⁾ External interrupts shown in this table are based on the TMS320C6711 DSK.

4.3 Inverted Interrupts

Jumper W7 on the 5–6K Interface Board revision B expands the interrupt capabilities of certain data-converter EVMs. W7 controls the signal applied to J13 via single-gate inverter U7. When a shunt is installed on W7-pins 1-2 (default), the interrupt signal is applied directly to J13. Installing the shunt on W7-pins 2-3 provides an interrupt inverted signal to J13 via U7.



www.ti.com Parallel EVM Site

4.4 Parallel Data Bus Connector—J17

The parallel data connector used on the Interface Card is a 48-pin male header. Typical parallel EVMs have a data bus that is a minimum of 16 bits wide and a maximum of 24 bits. Bus expansion is done in 4-bit increments. Data is aligned LSB to LSB.

Table 10 shows the parallel data bus connections.

Table 10. Parallel Control Connections

Signal	Pin N	umber	Signal
D0	1	2	DGND
D1	3	4	DGND
D2	5	6	DGND
D3	7	8	DGND
D4	9	10	DGND
D5	11	12	DGND
D6	13	14	DGND
D7	15	16	DGND
D8	17	18	DGND
D9	19	20	DGND
D10	21	22	DGND
D11	23	24	DGND
D12	25	26	DGND
D13	27	28	DGND
D14	29	30	DGND
D15	31	32	DGND
D16	33	34	DGND
D17	35	36	DGND
D18	37	38	DGND
D19	39	40	DGND
D20	41	42	DGND
D21	43	44	DGND
D22	45	46	DGND
D23	47	48	DGND

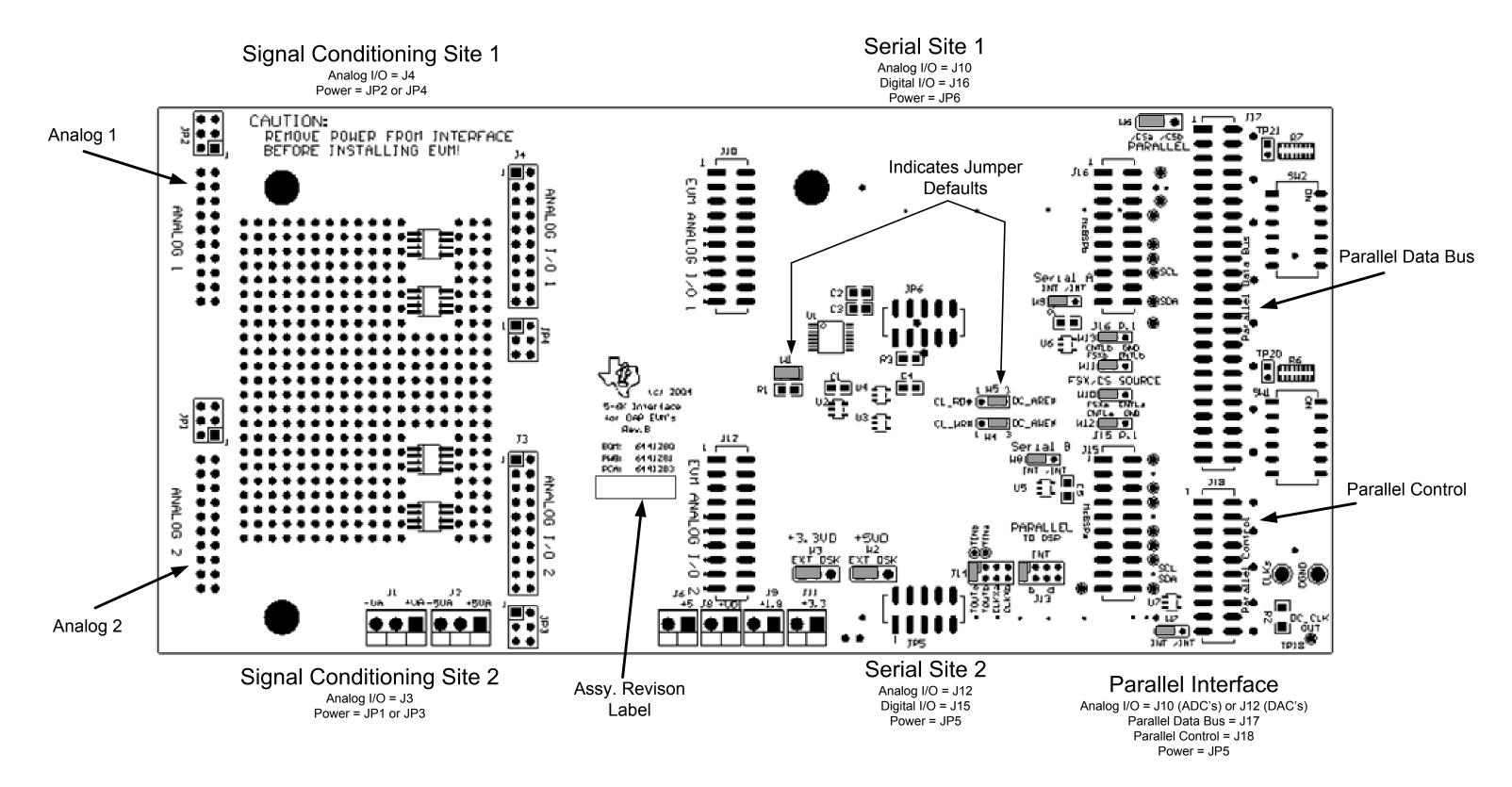
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5 5-6K Interface Bill of Material

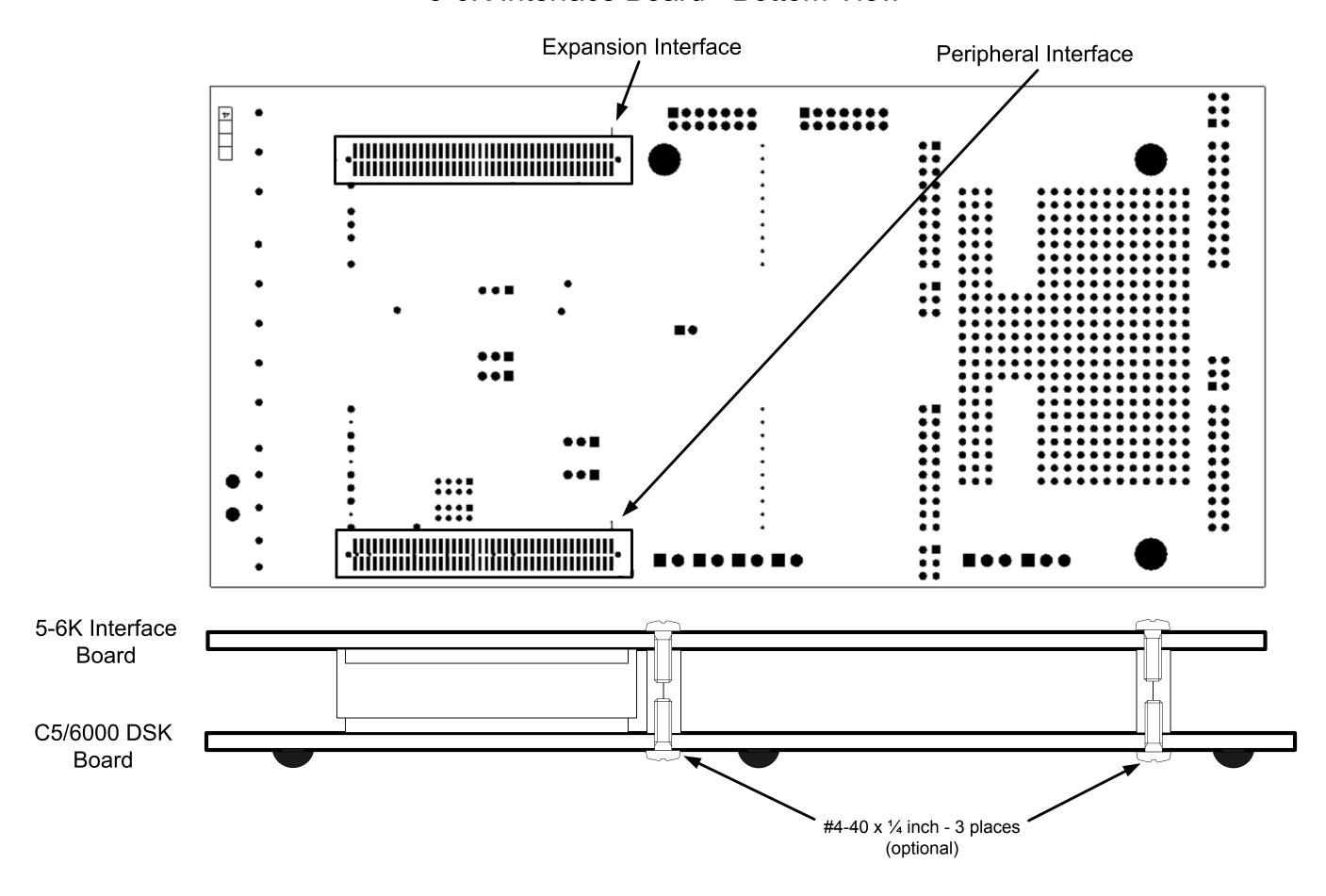
Table 11. Bill of Material

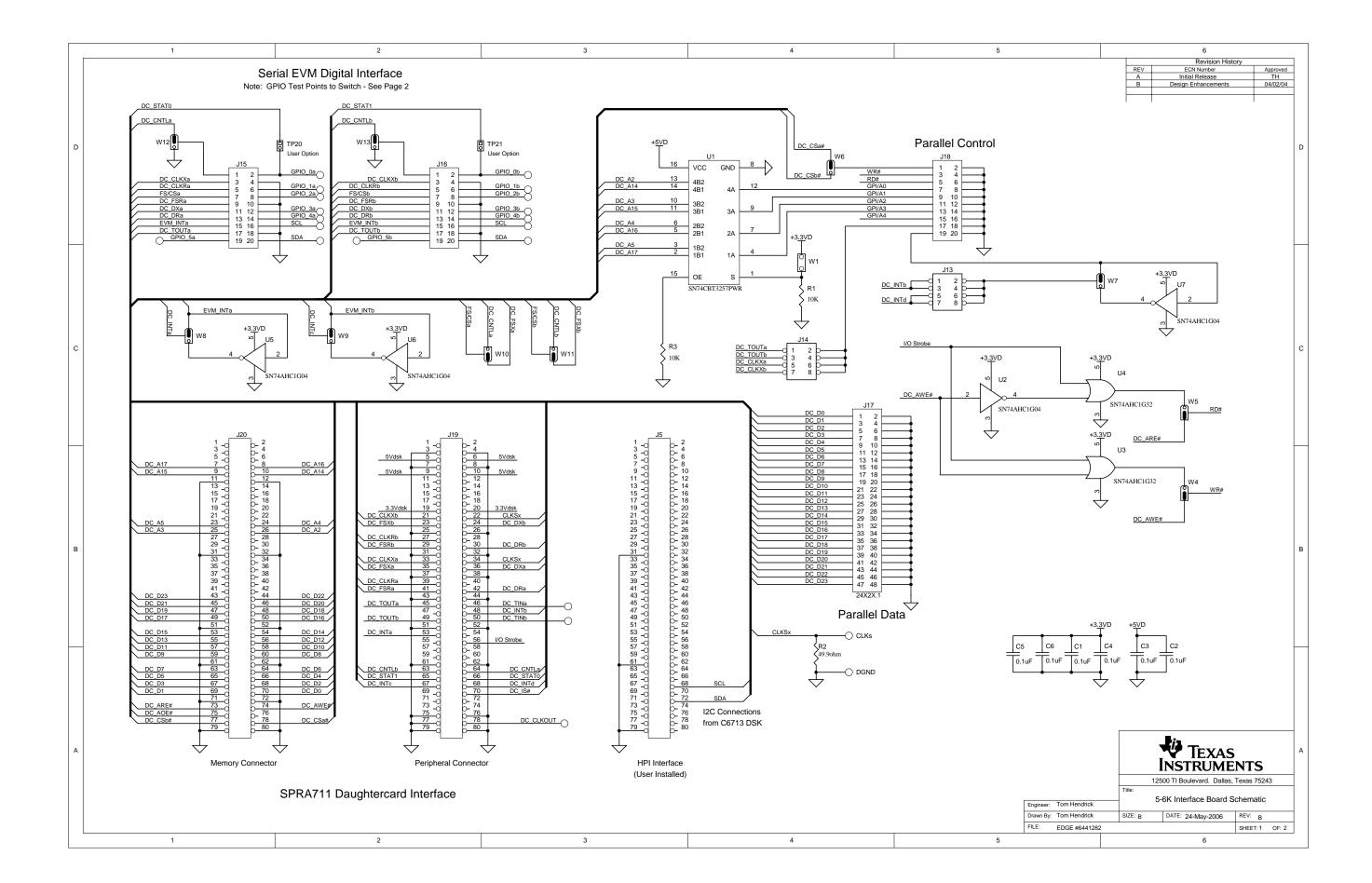
Item	Qty	Designators	Description	Manufacturer	Mfg. Part Number
1	1	N/A	Printed Wiring Board	Texas Instruments	
2	6	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6	0.1uF, 0805, Ceramic, X7R, 50V, 10%	Panasonic	ECJ-2YB1H104K
3	2	J1 J2	3 Terminal Screw Connector	OST	ED1515
4	4	J3 J4 ANALOG 1&2	10 Pin, Dual Row, TH Header (20 Pos.)	Samtec	TSW-110-07-L-D
5	4	J6 J8 J9 J11	2 Terminal Screw Connector	OST	ED1514
6	5	J10 J12 J15 J16 J18	10 Pin, Dual Row, SMT Header (20 Pos.)	Samtec	TSM-110-01-T-DV-P
7	2	J13 J14	4 Pin, Dual Row, 2mm Header (8 Pos.)	Samtec	TMM-104-03-T-D
8	1	J17	24 Pin, Dual Row, SMT Header (48 Pos.)	Samtec	TSM-124-01-T-DV-P
9	2	J19 J20	80 Pin SMT connector	Samtec	TFM-140-32-S-D-LC
10	4	JP1 JP2 JP3 JP4	3 Pin, Dual Row, TH Header (6 Pos.)	Samtec	TSW-103-07-L-D
11	2	JP5 JP6	5 Pin, Dual Row, SMT Header (10 Pos.)	Samtec	TSM-105-01-T-DV-P
12	2	R1 R3	10K ohm, 0805, .1W Resistor	Yageo America	9C08052A1002JLHFT
13	1	R2	49.9 ohm, 0805, 1%, .1W Resistor	Yageo America	9C08052A49R9FKHFT
14	2	R5 R7	470 ohm, 8 Element Array	CTS	742C163471JTR
15	2	SW1 SW2	CTS 219 Series SMT SPST Switch	CTS	219-6LPST
16	4	TP1 TP2 CLKs DGND	Red Test Point Loop	Keystone	5000
17	1	U1	SN74CBT3257	TI	SN74CBT3257PWR
18	4	U2 U5 U6 U7	1G04	TI	SN74AHC1G04DBVR
19	2	U3 U4	1G32	TI	SN74AHC1G32DBVR
20	1	W1	2 Pin Header1"centers	Samtec	TSW-102-07-L-S
21	3	W2 W3 W6	3 Pin Header1" centers	Samtec	TSW-103-07-L-S
22	9	W4 W5 W7 W8 W9 W10 W11 W12 W13	3 Pin 2mm Header	Samtec	TMM-103-03-T-S

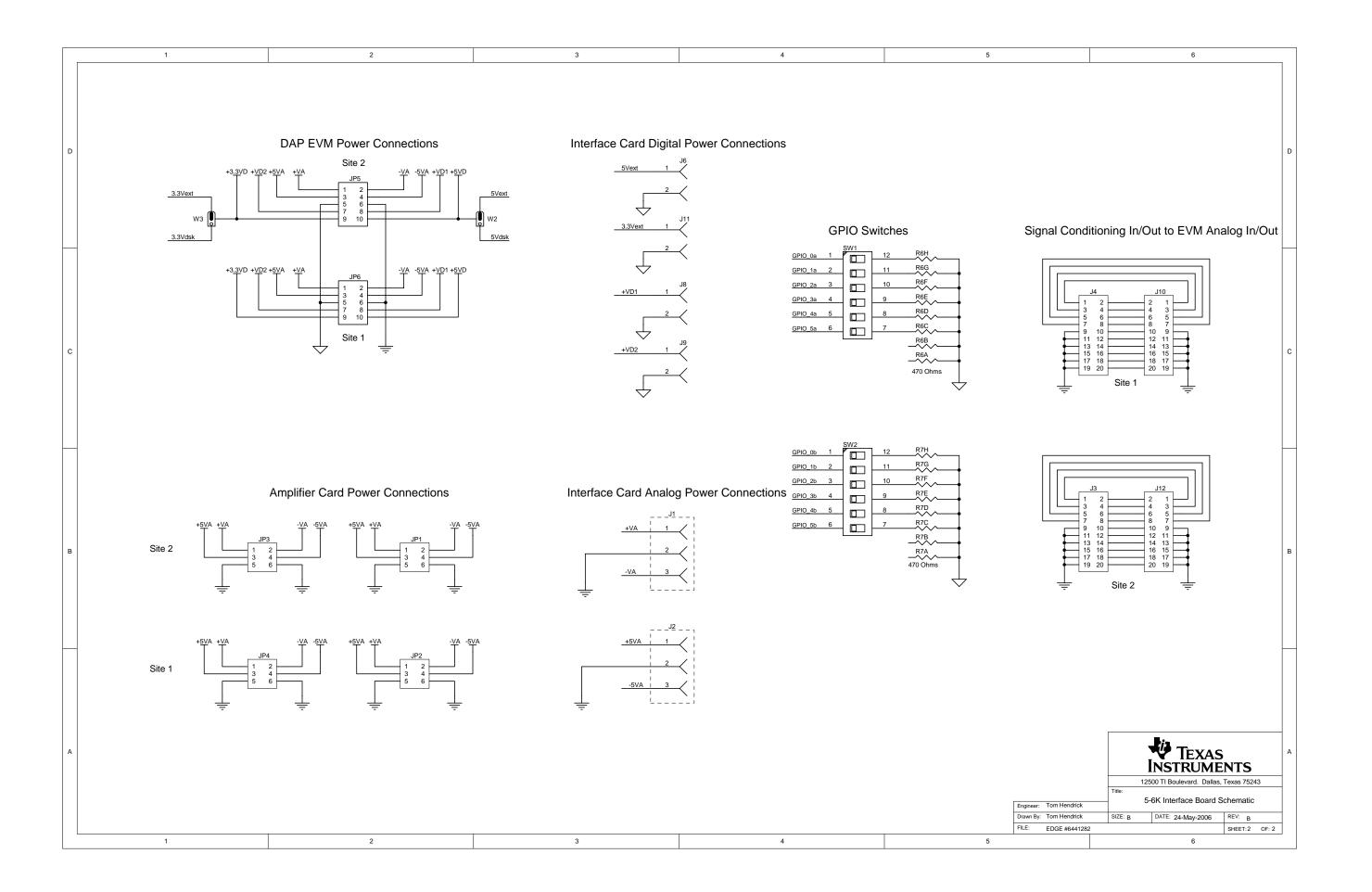
5-6K Interface Board (Rev. B) - Top View



5-6K Interface Board - Bottom View









6 Related Documentation from Texas Instruments

To obtain a copy of any of the following TI documents, call the Texas Instruments Literature Response Center at (800) 477-8924 or the Product Information Center (PIC) at (972) 644-5580. When ordering, please identify this booklet by its title and literature number. Updated documents can also be obtained through our website at www.ti.com.

Data Sheets:	Literature Number:
TMS320 Cross-Platform Daughtercard Specification	<u>SPRA711</u>
SN74CBT3257, 4-Bit 1-Of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer	SCDS017
SN74AHC1G04, Single Inverter Gate	SCLS318
SN74AHC1G32, Single 2-Input Positive-OR Gate	SCLS317
Designing Modular EVMs for Data Acquisition Products	SLAA185

7 5-6K Interface Board Assembly and Schematics

The board assembly and schematics are attached on the following pages.

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EVM WARNINGS AND RESTRICTIONS

It is important to operate this EVM within the input voltage range of -15 V to +15 V and the output voltage range of -15 V to +15 V.

Exceeding the specified input range may cause unexpected operation and/or irreversible damage to the EVM. If there are questions concerning the input range, please contact a TI field representative prior to connecting the input power.

Applying loads outside of the specified output range may result in unintended operation and/or possible permanent damage to the EVM. Please consult the EVM User's Guide prior to connecting any load to the EVM output. If there is uncertainty as to the load specification, please contact a TI field representative.

During normal operation, some circuit components may have case temperatures greater than 23°C. The EVM is designed to operate properly with certain components above 40°C as long as the input and output ranges are maintained. These components include but are not limited to linear regulators, switching transistors, pass transistors, and current sense resistors. These types of devices can be identified using the EVM schematic located in the EVM User's Guide. When placing measurement probes near these devices during operation, please be aware that these devices may be very warm to the touch.

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