TPS3813

TPS3813xxx ファミリ プロセッサ監視回路、ウィンドウ・ウォッチドッグ搭

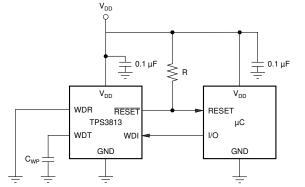
載

1 特長

- 遅延とウィンドウ比率をプログラム可能なウィンドウウォ
- 6ピン SOT-23 パッケージ
- 消費電流 9µA (標準値)
- 25ms の固定遅延時間を持つパワー オン リセット ジェ ネレータ
- 高精度の電源電圧モニタ (V_{IT}): 2.5V, 3V, 3.3V, 5V
- オープンドレインリセット出力
- 温度範囲: -40℃~85℃

2 アプリケーション

- アクティブ・アンテナ・システム (AAS) の mMIMO
- ストレージ・エリア・ネットワーク
- 電気メーター
- 安全が重要なシステム
- 点滴用ポンプ
- HVAC コントローラ



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代表的な動作回路

3 概要

TPS3813xxx ファミリの監視回路は、主に DSP およびプ ロセッサ ベースのシステムの回路の初期化とタイミングの 監視を行います。

電源投入時に電源電圧 (V_{DD}) が 1.1V を上回ると、 RESET がアサートされます。その後、監視回路は V_{DD} を 監視し、VDD がスレッショルド電圧 (VIT) よりも低く保たれ ている限り、RESET をアクティブに維持します。内蔵のタ イマは、システムを確実に正しくリセットさせるため、出力が 非アクティブ状態 (HIGH) に戻るのを遅らせます。この遅 延時間 (t_d = 25ms (標準値)) は、 V_{DD} がスレッショルド電 圧 (V_{IT})を上回ったときにカウントを開始します。

電源電圧がスレッショルド電圧 (V_{IT})を下回ると、出力は 再びアクティブ (Low) になります。外付け部品は不要で す。このファミリの全デバイスには、内蔵分圧器で設定され る固定検出スレッショルド電圧 (V_{IT}) があります。

安全が要求されるアプリケーション向けに、TPS3813xxx ファミリには、いわゆるウィンドウ ウォッチドッグが組み込ま れており、遅延とウィンドウ比率をプログラム可能です。ウ オッチドッグのタイムアウトの上限は、WDT ピンを GND ま たは V_{DD} に接続するか、外付けコンデンサを使用すること で設定できます。下限、すなわちウィンドウ比率は、WDR ピンを GND または V_{DD} に接続することで設定されます。 監視対象のプロセッサは、このウィンドウ内で TPS3813xxx をトリガして、リセットがアサートされないよう にする必要があります。

この製品スペクトラムは、2.5V、3V、3.3V、5V の電源電圧 用に設計されています。これらの回路は 6 ピンの SOT-23 パッケージで供給されます。

TPS3813xxx デバイスは、-40℃~85℃の温度範囲で動 作が規定されています。

製品情報

部品番号	パッケージ ⁽¹⁾	本体サイズ (公称)(2)
TPS3813xxx	SOT-23 (6)	2.90mm × 1.60mm

- (1) 利用可能なすべてのパッケージについては、データシートの末尾 にある注文情報を参照してください。
- パッケージ サイズ (長さ×幅) は公称値であり、該当する場合はピ ンも含まれます。



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Product Folder Links: TPS3813



4 Device Comparison Table

T _A ⁽¹⁾	DEVICE NAME	THRESHOLD VOLTAGE	MARKING
	TPS3813J25DBV	2.25V	PCDI
_40°C to +85°C	TPS3813L30DBV	2.64V	PEZI
_40 C to +85 C	TPS3813K33DBV	2.93V	PFAI
	TPS3813I50DBV	4.55V	PFBI

⁽¹⁾ For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the device product folder at www.ti.com.

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

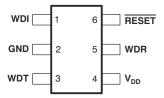


図 5-1. DBV Package 6-Pin SOT-23 Top View

表 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	"0	DESCRIPTION
1	WDI	ı	Watchdog timer input. This input must be driven at all times and not left floating.
2	GND	I	Ground
3	WDT	I	Programmable watchdog delay input
4	V_{DD}	ı	Supply voltage and supervising input
5	WDR	ı	Selectable watchdog window ratio input. This input must be tied to V _{DD} or GND and not left floating.
6	RESET	0	Open-drain reset output

English Data Sheet: SLVS331



English Data Sheet: SLVS331

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted). (1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾		6.5	V
V_{DD}	RESET	-0.3	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
	All other pins (2)	-0.3	6.5	V
I _{OL}	Maximum low output current		5	mA
I _{OH}	Maximum high output current		– 5	mA
I _{IK}	Input clamp current (V _I < 0 or V _I > V _{DD})		±20	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current (V _O < 0 or V _O > V _{DD})		±20	mA
	Continuous total power dissipation	See 七/	ラション 6.8	
	Soldering temperature		260	°C
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40	85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V.===	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	V
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	±750	

JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

At specified temperature range.

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{DD}	Supply voltage	2	6	V
VI	Input voltage	0	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	0.7 × V _{DD}		V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0.3 × V _{DD}	V
Δt/ΔV	Input transition rise and fall rate		100	ns/V
t _w	Pulse width of WDI trigger pulse	50		ns
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40	85	°C

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All voltage values are with respect to GND. For reliable operation, the device must not be operated at 7V for more than t = 1000h continuously.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.4 Thermal Information

		TPS3813xxx	
	THERMAL METRIC (1)	DBV (SOT-23)	UNIT
		6 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	208.5	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	123.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	37.2	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	14.6	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	36.3	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
			V _{DD} = 2V to 6V, I _{OL} = 500μA			0.2		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage		$V_{DD} = 3.3V I_{OL} = 2mA$				V	
		V _{DD} = 6V, I _{OL} = mA	-		0.4			
V _{POR}	Power up reset voltage (1)		V _{DD} ≥ 1.1V, I _{OL} = 50μA			0.2	V	
		TPS3813J25		2.2	2.25	2.3		
.,	Negative-going input threshold	TPS3813L30	T - 40°C to 105°C	2.58	2.64	2.7	V	
V _{IT}	voltage ⁽²⁾	TPS3813K33	$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C	2.87	2.93	3		
		TPS3813I50		4.45	4.55	4.65		
		TPS3813J25			30			
.,	Ukustanasia	TPS3813L30			35		\	
V _{HYS}	Hysteresis	TPS3813K33			40		mV	
		TPS3813I50			60			
	High level input current	WDI, WDR	WDI = V _{DD} = 6V, WDR = V _{DD} = 6V	-25	,	25		
I _{IH}	High-level input current	WDT	WDT = V _{DD} = 6V, V _{DD} > V _{IT} , RESET = High	-100		100	nA	
	Lave lavelinavat avenant	WDI, WDR	WDI = 0V, WDR = 0V, V _{DD} = 6V	-25		25	ПА	
I _{IL}	Low-level input current	WDT	WDT = 0V, V _{DD} > V _{IT} , RESET = High	-100		100		
I _{OH}	High-level output current	·	$V_{DD} = V_{IT} + 0.2V$, $V_{OH} = V_{DD}$			25	nA	
ı	Cupply ourrent		V _{DD} = 2V output unconnected		9	13		
I _{DD}	Supply current		V _{DD} = 5V output unconnected		20	25	μA	
Ci	Input capacitance		V _I = 0V to V _{DD}		5		pF	

6.6 Timing Requirements

At $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 50pF$, and $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C.

		MIN	TYP N	IAX	UNIT
$t_{\text{GI_VIT}}$ Glitch immunity V_{IT} (Pulse width at V_{DD})	$V_{DD} = V_{IT} + 0.2V, V_{DD} = V_{IT} - 0.2V$	3			μs

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The lowest supply voltage at which \overline{RESET} becomes active. t_r , $V_{DD} \ge 15 \mu s/V$. To provide best stability of the threshold voltage, a bypass capacitor (ceramic, $0.1 \mu F$) must be placed near to the supply terminals.



6.7 Switching Characteristics

At R_L = 1M Ω , C_L = 50pF, and T_A = -40°C to +85°C.

	PARAMETE	R	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _d	Delay time		V _{DD} ≥ V _{IT} + 0.2V, See ⊠ 6-1	20	25	30	ms
			WDT = 0V	0.2	0.25	0.3	
t _{t(out)}	Watchdog time-out	Upper limit	WDT = V _{DD}	2	2.5	3	S
			WDT = programmable ⁽¹⁾		See (2)		ms
			WDR = 0V, WDT = 0V		1:31.8		
			WDR = 0V, WDT = V _{DD}		1:32		
	Watchdog window ratio		WDR = 0V, WDT = programmable		1:25.8		
	Waterlung wirldow ratio		WDR = V _{DD} , WDT = 0V		1:124.9		
			$WDR = V_{DD}, WDT = V_{DD}$		1:127.7		
			WDR = V _{DD} , WDT = programmable		1:64.5		
t _{PHL}	Propagation (delay) time, high-to-low-level output	V _{DD} to RESET delay	$V_{IL} = V_{IT} - 0.2V, V_{IH} = V_{IT} + 0.2V$		30	50	μs

6.8 Dissipation Ratings

PACKAGE	T _A < 25°C POWER	DERATING FACTOR	T _A = 70°C	T _A = 80°C
	RATING	ABOVE T _A = 25°C	POWER RATING	POWER RATING
DBV	437mW	3.5mW/°C	280mW	227mW

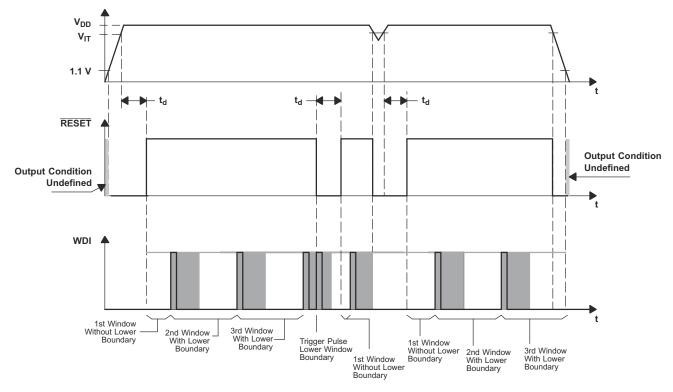


図 6-1. Timing Diagram

⁽¹⁾ $155pF < C_{(ext)} < 63nF$ (2) $(C_{(ext)} \div 15.55pF + 1) \times 6.25ms$



6.9 Typical Characteristics

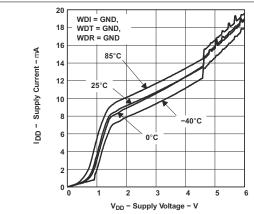
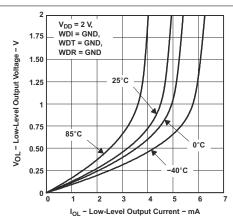


図 6-2. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage



☑ 6-3. Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

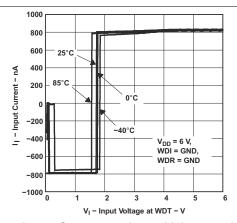


図 6-4. Input Current vs Input Voltage at WDT

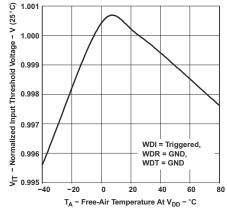
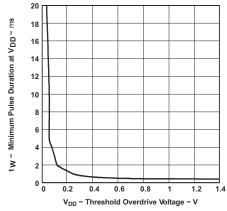


図 6-5. Normalized Input Threshold Voltage vs Free-Air Temperature at VDD



 ${\color{orange} oxed{\boxtimes}}$ 6-6. Minimum Pulse Duration at ${\color{orange} V_{DD}}$ vs ${\color{orange} V_{DD}}$ Threshold Overdrive Voltage

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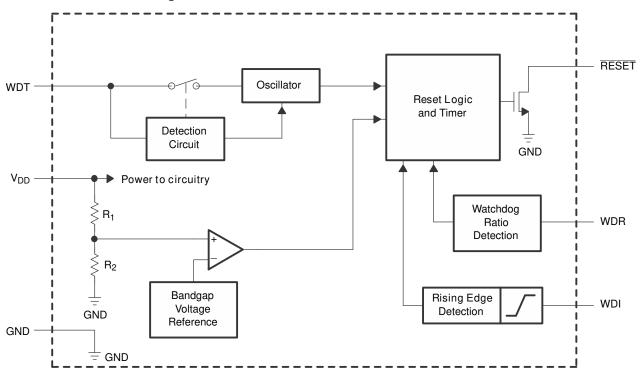
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS3813xxx family of supervisory circuits provide circuit initialization and timing supervision signals. During power on, \overline{RESET} is asserted (low) when the supply voltage (V_{DD}) increases above 1.1V. Thereafter, the supervisory circuit monitors V_{DD} and keeps \overline{RESET} low as long as V_{DD} remains below the threshold voltage (V_{IT}). Once V_{DD} increases above V_{IT} , an internal timer delays the deassertion of the output to allow for a proper system reset before \overline{RESET} transitions to a high state. The delay time (t_d) is 25ms typical and starts after V_{DD} rises above the V_{IT} . When the supply voltage drops below V_{IT} , the output transitions low again. All the devices of this family have a fixed threshold voltage set by an internal voltage divider.

The TPS3813xxx family incorporates a so-called window-watchdog timer, which has a programmable delay and window ratio. The supervised processor must trigger the WDI pin of the TPS3813xxx within the user-programmable window to keep $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ from asserting. The upper limit of the watchdog time-out can be set by either connecting WDT to GND, V_{DD} , or using an external capacitor. The lower limit and thus the window ratio is set by connecting WDR to GND or V_{DD} .

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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7.3 Feature Description

The TPS3813xxx family incorporates both a voltage supervisor and a window-watchdog timer into a single device. The device monitors the input voltage and the supervised processor must trigger the WDI pin of the TPS3813xxx within the user-programmable window to keep RESET from asserting.

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7.3.1 Input Voltage (VDD)

VDD pin is monitored by the internal comparator with integrated reference to indicate when VDD falls below the fixed threshold voltage. VDD also functions as the supply for the following:

- Internal bandgap (reference voltage)
- Internal regulator
- · State machine
- Buffers
- · Other control logic blocks

Good design practice involves placing a $0.1\mu F$ to $1\mu F$ bypass capacitor at VDD input for noisy applications and to make sure enough charge is available for the device to power up correctly. The reset output is undefined when VDD is below V_{POR} .

7.3.1.1 VDD Hysteresis

The internal comparator has built-in hysteresis to avoid erroneous output reset release. If the voltage at the VDD pin falls below the falling voltage threshold V_{IT} , the output reset is asserted. When the voltage at the VDD pin rises above the rising voltage threshold ($V_{IT+} = V_{IT} + V_{HYS}$), the output reset is deasserted after t_D reset time delay.

7.3.1.2 VDD Glitch Immunity

These devices are immune to quick voltage transient or excursion on VDD. Sensitivity to transients depends on both pulse duration (t_{GI_VIT}) found in $\not\sim \not\sim \not\sim 0.6$ and transient overdrive. Overdrive is defined by how much VDD exceeds the specified threshold. Threshold overdrive is calculated as a percent of the threshold in question, as shown in $\vec{\times}$ 1.

Overdrive =
$$|((VDD/V_{IT}) - 1) \times 100\%|$$
 (1)

where

- V_{IT} = V_{IT} is the threshold voltage
- V_{IT+} = V_{IT} + V_{HYS} is the rising threshold voltage
- VDD is the input voltage crossing V_{IT}

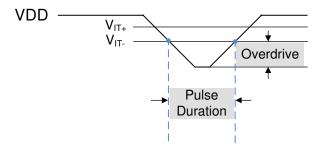


図 7-1. Overdrive Versus Pulse Duration

7.3.2 User-Programmable Watchdog Timer (WDI)

The TPS3813xxx family of devices have a watchdog timer that must be periodically triggered by either a positive or negative transition at the WDI pin to avoid a reset signal being issued. When the supervising system fails to retrigger the watchdog circuit within the time-out interval, $t_{t(out)}$, \overline{RESET} becomes asserts for the time period t_d . This event also reinitializes the watchdog timer. After the reset of the supervisor is released, the lower boundary of the first WDI window is disabled. After the first WDI low-to-high transition is detected, the lower boundary function of the window is enabled. All further WDI pulses must fit into the configured window frame.

Both the upper and lower boundary of the window can be adjusted by the user. See セクション 7.5 for more details on how to set the upper and lower boundaries of the window.

7.3.3 RESET Output

RESET remains high (deasserted) as long as V_{DD} is above the threshold voltage (V_{IT}) and the user-programable watchdog timer criteria are met. If V_{DD} falls below the V_{IT} or if WDI is not triggered within the appropriate window, then RESET is asserted, driving the RESET pin to a low impedance.

When V_{DD} is once again above V_{IT} , a delay circuit is enabled that holds \overline{RESET} low for a specified reset delay period (t_d) which is 25ms typical. When the reset delay has elapsed, the \overline{RESET} pin goes to a high-impedance state and uses a pullup resistor to hold \overline{RESET} high. Connect the pullup resistor to the proper voltage rail to enable the outputs to be connected to other devices at the correct interface voltage level. \overline{RESET} can be pulled up to any voltage up to 6V, independent of the device supply voltage. To ensure proper voltage levels, give some consideration when choosing the pullup resistor value and consider the required low-level output voltage (V_{OL}), the output capacitive loading, and the output leakage current.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

表 7-1 summarizes the various functional modes of the device.

V _{DD}	WDI	RESET								
V _{DD} < V _{POR}	_	Undefined								
$V_{POR} < V_{DD} < V_{IT}$	_	L								
V _{DD} > V _{IT}	Outside window	L								
V _{DD} > V _{IT}	Inside window	Н								

表 7-1. TPS3813xxx Function/Truth Table

7.4.1 Normal Operation ($V_{DD} > V_{IT}$)

When V_{DD} is greater than V_{IT} , the \overline{RESET} signal is determined by the last WDI pulse.

- WDI pulse inside window: as long as pulses occur within the user-programmable window, the RESET signal remains high.
- WDI pulse outside window: if a pulse occurs outside the user-programmable window or not at all, the RESET signal goes low.

7.4.2 Above Power-On Reset But Less Than Threshold ($V_{POR} < V_{DD} < V_{IT}$)

When the voltage on V_{DD} is less than the V_{IT} voltage, and greater than the power-on reset voltage (V_{POR}), the RESET signal is asserted regardless of the WDI signal.

7.4.3 Below Power-On Reset ($V_{DD} < V_{POR}$)

When the voltage on V_{DD} is lower than V_{POR} , the device does not have enough voltage to internally pull the asserted output low, and \overline{RESET} is undefined and must not be relied upon for proper device function.

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7.5 Programming

7.5.1 Implementing Window-Watchdog Settings

There are two ways to configure the watchdog timer window the most flexible is to connect a capacitor to WDT to set the upper boundary of the window watchdog while connecting WDR to either V_{DD} or GND, thus setting the lower boundary. The other way to configure the timing is by wiring the WDT and WDR pin to either V_{DD} or GND. By hard-wiring the pins to either V_{DD} or GND there are four different timings available; these settings are listed in $\frac{1}{2}$ 7-2.

表 7-2. Cap-Free Timer Settings

SELECTED O	PERATION MODE	WINDOW FRAME	LOWER WINDOW FRAME		
		Max = 0.3s	Max = 9.46ms		
	WDR = 0V	Typ = 0.25s	Typ = 7.86ms		
WDT = 0V		Min = 0.2s	Min = 6.27ms		
VVD1 – 0V		Max = 0.3s	Max = 2.43ms		
	WDR = V _{DD}	Typ = 0.25s	Typ = 2ms		
		Min = 0.2s	Min = 1.58ms		
		Max = 3s	Max = 93.8ms		
	WDR = 0V	Typ = 2.5s	Typ = 78.2ms		
WDT = V _{DD}		Min = 2s	Min = 62.5ms		
		Max = 3s	Max = 23.5ms		
	WDR = V _{DD}	Typ = 2.5s	Typ = 19.6ms		
		Min = 2s	Min = 15.6ms		

To visualize the values named in the table, a timing diagram was prepared. It is used to describe the upper and lower boundary settings. For an application, the important boundaries are the $t_{boundary,max}$ and $t_{window,min}$. Within these values, the watchdog timer must be retriggered to avoid a time-out condition or a boundary violation in the event of a trigger pulse in the lower boundary. The values in the table above are typical and worst-case conditions and are valid over the whole temperature range of -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

The shaded areas shown in \boxtimes 7-2 are cases where undefined operation can happen. This device can not detect a violation if a WDI pulse occurs within these three shaded areas. The first shaded area addresses the situation of two consecutive rising edges occur within a quick amount of time. The typical time between rising edges must be more than 500 μ s. The second and third shaded areas are defined by the min and max variance of the lower boundary ($t_{boundary}$) and upper boundary (t_{window}). Set the WDI rising edge within the $t_{boundary,max}$ and $t_{window,min}$ for correct operation.

11

Product Folder Links: TPS3813



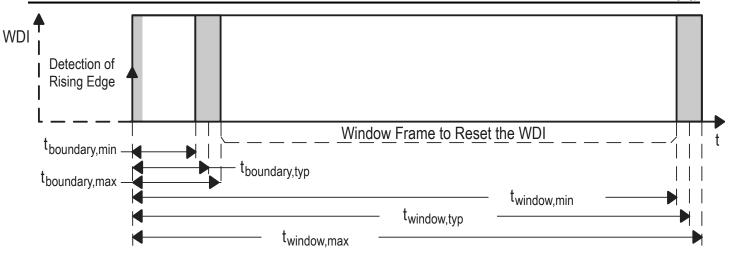


図 7-2. Upper and Lower Boundary Visualization

7.5.2 Programmable Window-Watchdog by Using an External Capacitor

The upper boundary of the watchdog timer can be set by an external capacitor connected between the WDT pin and GND. Common consumer electronic capacitors can be used to implement this feature. They must have low ESR, low leakage (< 5nA) and low tolerances because the tolerances have to be considered if the calculations are performed. The first formula is used to calculate the upper window frame. After calculating the upper window frame, the lower boundary can be calculated. As in the last example, the most important values are the $t_{\text{boundary},\text{max}}$ and $t_{\text{window},\text{min}}$. The trigger pulse has to fit into this window frame.

The external capacitor must have a value between a minimum of 155pF and a maximum of 63nF.

表 7-3. Setting Upper Window Using External Capacitor

processing appearance and account appearance						
SELECTED OPERA	ATION MODE	WINDOW FRAME				
WDT = external canacitar C	WDR = 0V and WDR = V _{DD}	$t_{window,max} = 1.25 \times t_{window,typ}$				
WDT = external capacitor $C_{(ext)}$		$t_{window,min} = 0.75 \times t_{window,typ}$				

$$t_{\text{window,typ}} = \left(\frac{C_{\text{(ext)}}}{15.55 \text{ pF}} + 1\right) \times 6.25 \text{ ms}$$
(2)

7.5.3 Lower Boundary Calculation

The lower boundary can be calculated based on the values given in セクション 6.7. Additionally, facts must be considered to verify that the lower boundary is where it is expected. Because the internal oscillator of the window watchdog is running free, any rising edge at the WDI pin is considered at the next internal clock cycle. This happens regardless of the external source. Because the shift between internal and external clock is not known, it is best to consider the worst-case condition for calculating this value.

表 7-4. Setting Lower Boundary Using External Cap

SELECTED OPERATION	LOWER BOUNDARY OF FRAME	
		$t_{boundary,max} = t_{window,max} / 23.5$
		$t_{boundary,typ} = t_{window,typ} / 25.8$
WDT = external capacitor C _(ext)		$t_{\text{boundary,min}} = t_{\text{window,min}} / 28.7$
VVD1 - external capacitor C _(ext)		$t_{boundary,max} = t_{window,max} / 51.6$
	WDR = V _{DD}	$t_{boundary,typ} = t_{window,typ} / 64.5$
		$t_{boundary,min} = t_{window,min} / 92.7$

7.5.4 Watchdog Software Considerations

To benefit from the window watchdog feature and help the watchdog timer monitor the software execution more closely. TI recommends that the watchdog be set and reset at different points in the program rather than pulsing the watchdog input periodically by using the prescaler of a microcontroller or DSP. Furthermore, the watchdog trigger pulses must be set to different timings inside the window frame to release a defined reset, if the program must hang in any subroutine. This allows the window watchdog to detect time-outs of the trigger pulse, as well as pulses that distort the lower boundary.

7.5.5 Power-Up Considerations

Many microcontrollers use general-purpose input and output (GPIO) pins that can be programmed to be either inputs or outputs. During power-up, these I/O pins are typically configured as inputs. If a GPIO pin is used to drive the WDI input pin of the TPS3813xxx, then a pulldown resistor (shown as R2 in 🗵 8-1) must be added to keep the WDI pin from floating during power up.

Product Folder Links: TPS3813

English Data Sheet: SLVS331

8 Application and Implementation

注

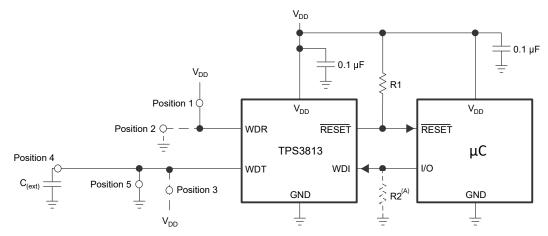
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8.1 Application Information

The TPS3813xxx is a voltage supervisor that incorporates a window-watchdog timer, allowing for comprehensive supervision of microcontrollers and other similar devices. The TPS3813xxx can be operated from a VDD rail of 2V to 6V with a user-programmable watchdog time-out from 0.25s to 2.5s. The following sections describe how to properly use this device, depending on the requirements of the final application.

8.2 Typical Application

A typical application example (see 🗵 8-1) is used to describe the function of the watchdog in more detail. To configure the window watchdog function, two pins are provided by the TPS3813xxx. These pins set the window time-out and ratio. The window watchdog ratio is a fixed ratio, which determines the lower boundary of the window frame. It can be configured in two different frame sizes.



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A. Use this pulldown resistor if a GPIO pin is used to drive the WDI input pin of the TPS3813xxx to keep the WDI pin from floating during power up.

図 8-1. Application Example

8.2.1 Design Requirements

The TPS3813xxx $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output can be used to drive the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin of a microcontroller to initiate a reset event. The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin of the TPS3813xxx can be pulled high with a 1M Ω resistor; the watchdog window timing is controlled by the WDT and WDR pins, and is set depending on the reset requirement times of the microprocessor.

Product Folder Links: TPS3813

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8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

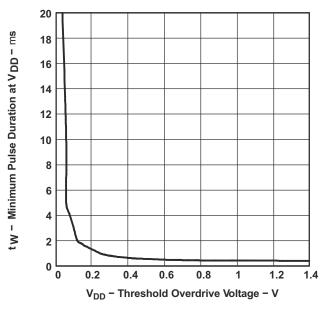
If the window watchdog ratio pin (WDR) is set to V_{DD} , Position 1 in \boxtimes 8-1, then the lower window frame is a value based on a ratio calculation of the overall window time-out size: For the watchdog time-out pin (WDT) connected to GND, it is a ratio of 1:124.9, for WDT connected to V_{DD} , it is a ratio of 1:127.7, and for an external capacitor connected to WDT, it is a ratio of 1:64.5.

If the window watchdog ratio pin (WDR) is set to GND, Position 2, the lower window frame is a value based on a ratio calculation of the overall window time-out size: For the watchdog time-out pin (WDT) connected to GND, it is a ratio of 1:31.8, for WDT connected to V_{DD} it is 1:32, and for an external capacitor connected to WDT it is 1:25.8.

The watchdog time-out can be set in two fixed timings of 0.25 seconds and 2.5 seconds for the window or can by programmed by connecting a external capacitor with a low leakage current at WDT.

Example: If the watchdog time-out pin (WDT) is connected to V_{DD} , the time-out is 2.5 seconds. If the window watchdog ratio pin (WDR) is set in this configuration to a ratio of 1:127.7 by connecting the pin to V_{DD} , the lower boundary is 19.6ms.

8.2.3 Application Curve



☑ 8-2. Minimum Pulse Duration at V_{DD} vs V_{DD} Threshold Overdrive Voltage

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

These devices are designed to operate from an input supply with a voltage range from 2V to 6V. An input supply capacitor is not required for this device; however, if the input supply is noisy, then good analog practice is to place a 0.1µF capacitor between the VDD pin and the GND pin. This device has a 7V absolute maximum rating on the VDD pin. If the voltage supply providing power to VDD is susceptible to any large voltage transient that can exceed 7V, additional precautions must be taken.

In applications where the WDI input can experience a negative voltage while V_{DD} is ramping from 0V to 0.8V, the V_{DD} slew rate in this range must be greater than 10V/s. A negative voltage on the WDI input along with a slew rate less than 10V/s can result in a greatly reduced watchdog window time and reset output delay time.

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8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

Make sure that the connection to the VDD pin is low impedance. Good analog design practice is to place a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic bypass capacitor near the VDD pin.

8.4.2 Layout Example

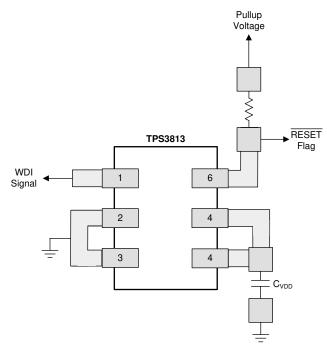


図 8-3. TPS3813xxx Layout Example

English Data Sheet: SLVS331

9 Device and Documentation Support

9.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

表 9-1. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TPS3813J25	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS3813L30	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS3813K33	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS3813I50	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

9.2 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、www.tij.co.jp のデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。[通知] をクリックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取ることができます。変更の詳細については、改訂されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

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9.6 用語集

テキサス・インスツルメンツ用語集 この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

10 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

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C	hanges from Revision H (February 2016) to Revision I (October 2021)	Page
•	Changed t _w parameter name to t _{GI_VIT} in 7.6 Timing Requirements section and added Glitch immunity to parameter definition.	
•	Added Input Voltage (VDD), VDD Hysteresis, and VDD Glitch Immunity sections into datasheet	

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Product Folder Links: TPS3813

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
	('')	(2)			(0)	(4)	(5)		(0)
TPS3813I50DBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFBI
TPS3813I50DBVR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFBI
TPS3813I50DBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFBI
TPS3813I50DBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFBI
TPS3813I50DBVT.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFBI
TPS3813J25DBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCDI
TPS3813J25DBVR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCDI
TPS3813J25DBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCDI
TPS3813J25DBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCDI
TPS3813J25DBVT.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCDI
TPS3813K33DBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFAI
TPS3813K33DBVR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFAI
TPS3813K33DBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFAI
TPS3813K33DBVRG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	
TPS3813K33DBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFAI
TPS3813K33DBVT.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFAI
TPS3813K33DBVT.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PFAI
TPS3813L30DBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PEZI
TPS3813L30DBVR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PEZI
TPS3813L30DBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PEZI
TPS3813L30DBVT.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PEZI

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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(4) Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS3813:

Automotive: TPS3813-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects



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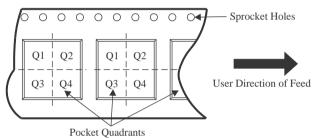
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

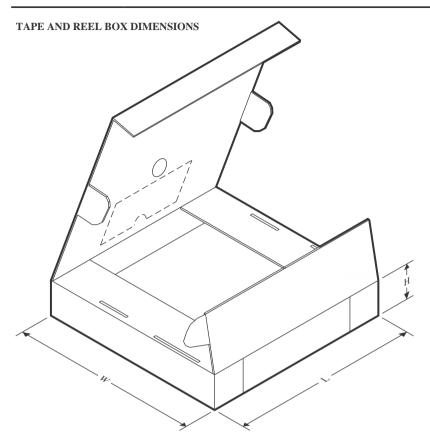


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS3813I50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813I50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813I50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813I50DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813J25DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813J25DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813J25DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813J25DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813J25DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813K33DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813K33DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813K33DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813L30DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS3813L30DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3



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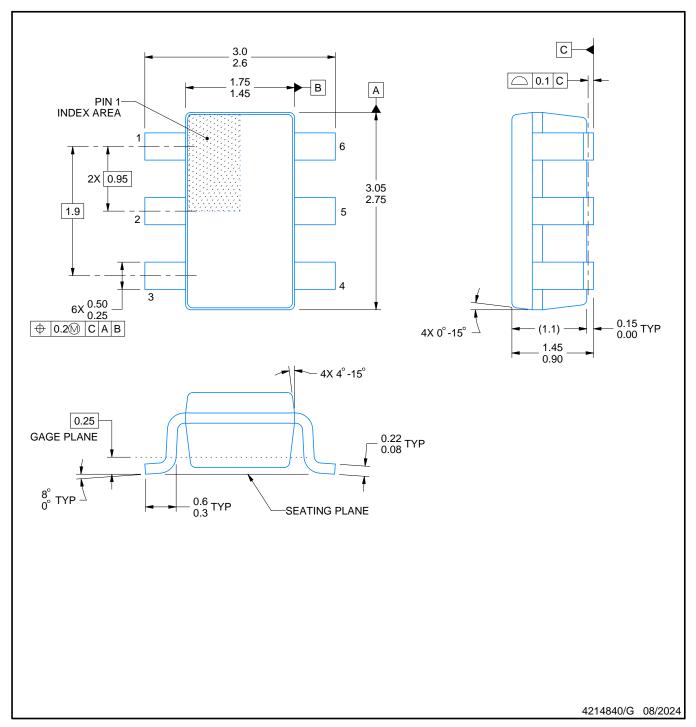


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS3813I50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TPS3813I50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813I50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813I50DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813J25DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813J25DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TPS3813J25DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813J25DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813J25DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
TPS3813K33DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813K33DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TPS3813K33DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813L30DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3813L30DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

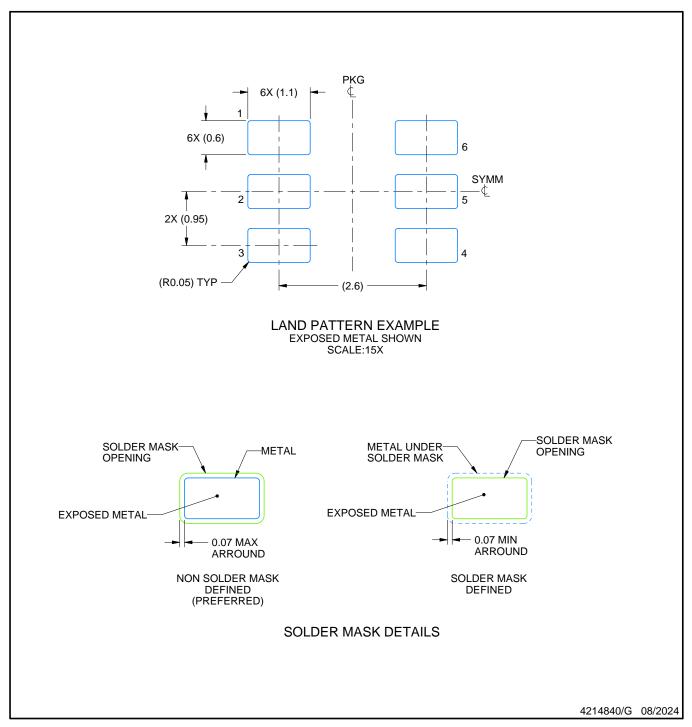
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 per side.

- 4. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- 5. Refernce JEDEC MO-178.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



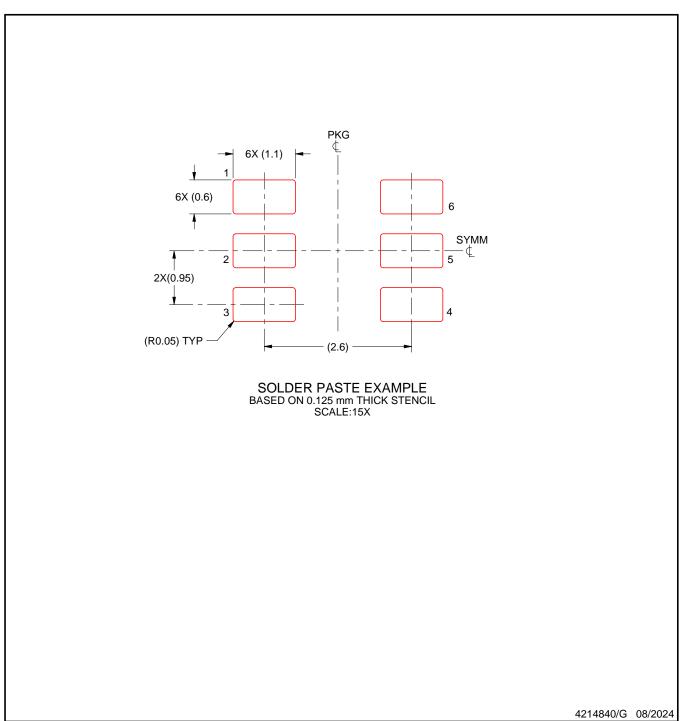
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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