





SN74LVC3G98

JAJSTR0A - MARCH 2024 - REVISED MAY 2024

SN74LVC3G98 構成可能なマルチファンクション ゲート、 シュミット トリガ入力

1 特長

- 1.1V~3.6V の動作範囲
- 5.5V 耐圧入力ピン
- 標準ピン配置をサポート
- JESD 17 準拠で 250mA 超のラッチアップ性能
- JESD 22 を上回る ESD 保護
 - 2000V、人体モデル (A114-A)
 - 1000V、デバイス帯電モデル (C101)

2 アプリケーション

- パワー・グッド信号の結合
- デジタル信号のイネーブル

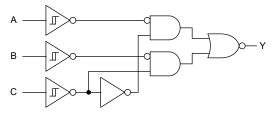
3 概要

SN74LVC3G98 デバイスは、シュミット トリガ入力を搭載し た構成可能な複数の機能を備えています。3 ビット入力の 8 つのパターンによって、出力の状態が決まります。ユー ザーはロジック機能として、MUX、AND、OR、NAND、 NOR、インバータ、ノンインバータを選択できます。

パッケージ情報

部品番号	パッケージ (1)	パッケージ サイズ ⁽²⁾	本体サイズ (公称)(3)					
SN74LVC3G98	BQA (WQFN, 14)	3mm × 2.5mm	3mm × 2.5mm					
311742103030	PW (TSSOP, 14)	5mm × 6.4mm	5mm × 4.4mm					

- (1) 詳細については、セクション 11 を参照してください。
- パッケージ サイズ (長さ×幅) は公称値であり、該当する場合はピ ンも含まれます
- 本体サイズ (長さ×幅) は公称値であり、ピンは含まれません。



機能図

English Data Sheet: SCLSA08

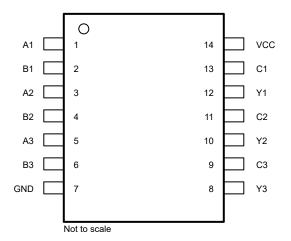


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4 Pin Configuration and Functions



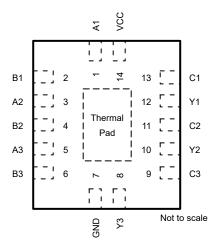


図 4-1. SN74LVC3G98 PW Package (Preview), 14-Pin TSSOP (Top View)

図 4-2. SN74LVC3G98 BQA Package, 14-Pin WQFN (Top View)

表 4-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE(1)	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	ITPE\''	DESCRIPTION
A1	1	I	Channel 1, Input A
B1	2	I	Channel 1, Input B
A2	3	I	Channel 2, Input A
B2	4	I	Channel 2, Input B
A3	5	I	Channel 3, Input A
В3	6	I	Channel 3, Input B
GND	7	G	Ground
Y3	8	0	Channel 3, output Y
C3	9	I	Channel 3, Input C
Y2	10	0	Channel 2, Output Y
C2	11	I	Channel 2, Input C
Y1	12	0	Channel 1, Output Y
C1	13	I	Channel 1, Input C
V _{CC}	14	Р	Positive supply
Thermal Pad	2)	_	The thermal pad can be connected to GND or left floating. Do not connect to any other signal or supply

⁽¹⁾ I = input, O = output, I/O = input or output, G = ground, P = power.

⁽²⁾ BQA package only.

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

	<u> </u>			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range			-0.5	6.5	V
VI	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾			-0.5	6.5	V
Vo	Output voltage range ⁽²⁾			-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I	< 0V		-50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	Vo) < 0V		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current	'			±50	mA
Io	Continuous output current through V _{CC} or GND			±100	mA	
TJ	Junction temperature		-65	150	°C	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute maximum ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If briefly operating outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not sustain damage, but it may not be fully functional. Operating the device in this manner may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V
discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 ⁽²⁾	±1000	٧	

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Specifications	Description	Condition	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	·	1.1	3.6	V
VI	Input voltage			5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage	(High or low state)		V _{CC}	V
		V _{CC} = 1.8V		-4	
	Lligh lovel output ourrent	V _{CC} = 2.3V		-8	A
I _{OH}	High-level output current	V _{CC} = 2.7V		-12	mA
		V _{CC} = 3V		-24	
		V _{CC} = 1.8V		4	
	Low level output current	V _{CC} = 2.3V		8	A
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	V _{CC} = 2.7V		12	mA
		V _{CC} = 3V		24	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate			10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

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English Data Sheet: SCLSA08

⁽²⁾ The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



5.4 Thermal Information

		Package		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	PW (TSSOP)	BQA (WQFN)	UNIT
		14 PINS	14 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	150.8	102.3	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	78.3	96.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	93.8	70.9	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	24.7	16.6	°C/W
Y_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	93.2	70.9	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	-	50.1	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{cc}	-40°C to	-40°C to 125°C		
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	1.1V	0.5	0.8	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	1.5V	0.7	1.11	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	1.65V	0.4	1.3	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	1.95V	0.6	1.5	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	2.3V	0.8	1.7	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	2.5V	0.8	1.7	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	2.7V	0.8	2	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	3V	0.9	2	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	3.6V	1.1	2	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1.1V	0.2	0.6	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1.5V	0.34	0.75	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1.65V	0.2	0.9	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1.95V	0.3	1	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	2.3V	0.4	1.2	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	2.5V	0.4	1.2	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	2.7V	0.4	1.4	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	3V	0.6	1.5	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	3.6V	0.8	1.7	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	1.1V	0.07	0.53	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	1.5V	0.18	0.60	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	1.65V	0.1	1.2	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	1.95V	0.2	1.3	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	2.3V	0.3	1.3	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	2.5V	0.3	1.3	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	2.7V	0.3	1.1	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	3V	0.3	1.2	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	3.6V	0.3	1.2	V	
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -100μA	1.1V to 3.6V	V _{CC} - 0.2		V	
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -4mA	1.65V	1.2		V	

5.5 Electrical Characteristics (続き)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS	V	-40°C to	-40°C to 125°C		
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	ONS V _{CC}		TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -8mA	2.3V	1.75			V
V _{OH}	I = 12mA	2.7V	2.2			V
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = −12mA	3V	2.4			V
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = –24mA	3V	2.2			V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 100μA	1.1V to 3.6V			0.15	V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 4mA	1.65V			0.45	V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 8mA	2.3V			0.7	V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 12mA	2.7V			0.4	V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 24mA	3V			0.55	V
I _I	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	3.6V			±5	μΑ
I _{off}	V _I or V _O = V _{CC}	0V			±10	μΑ
I _{CC}	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	3.6V			40	μΑ
ΔI _{CC}	One input at V_{CC} - 0.6V, other inputs at V_{CC} or GND	2.7V to 3.6V			500	μΑ
C _I	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	3.3V		4.9		pF
Co	V _O = V _{CC} or GND	3.3V		6.3		pF
C _{PD}	f = 10MHz	1.8V		31		pF
C _{PD}	f = 10MHz	2.5V		31		pF
C _{PD}	f = 10MHz	3.3V		32		pF

5.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted). See *Parameter Measurement Information*

PARAMETER	FROM	ROM TO (OUTBUT)	LOAD CAPACITANCE Voc		°C	UNIT		
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	LOAD CAPACITANCE	V _{cc}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 15pF	1.2V ± 0.1V		12	44	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 15pF	1.5V ± 0.12V		9	15	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 30pF	1.8V ± 0.15V			10.2	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 30pF	2.5V ± 0.2V			6.9	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 50pF	2.7V			6.4	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 50pF	3.3V ± 0.3V			5.6	ns
t _{sk(o)}				3.3V ± 0.3V			1.5	ns

5.7 Noise Characteristics

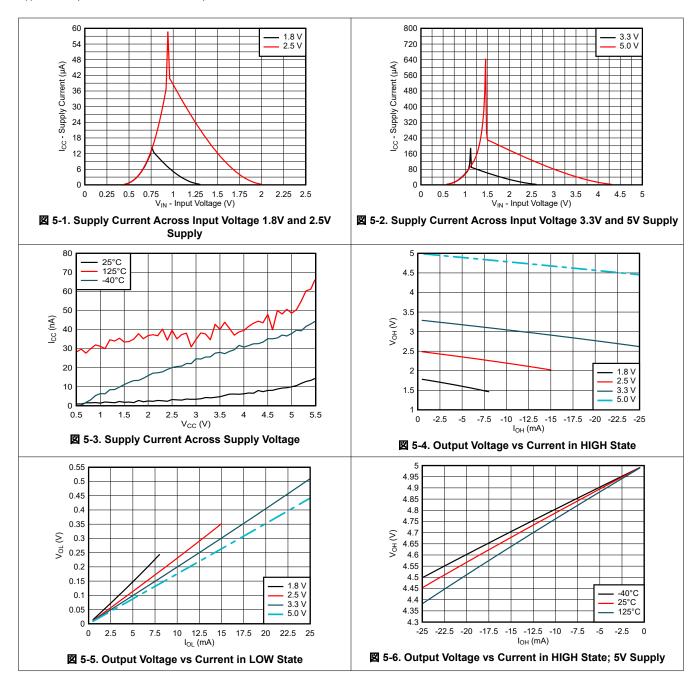
VCC = 3.3V, CL = 50pF, TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OL(P)}	Quiet output, maximum dynamic V _{OL}			0.8	V
V _{OL(V)}	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OL}	-0.8	-0.3		V
V _{OH(V)}	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OH}	2.2	3.3		V
V _{IH(D)}	High-level dynamic input voltage	2.0			V
$V_{IL(D)}$	Low-level dynamic input voltage			0.8	V



5.8 Typical Characteristics

T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

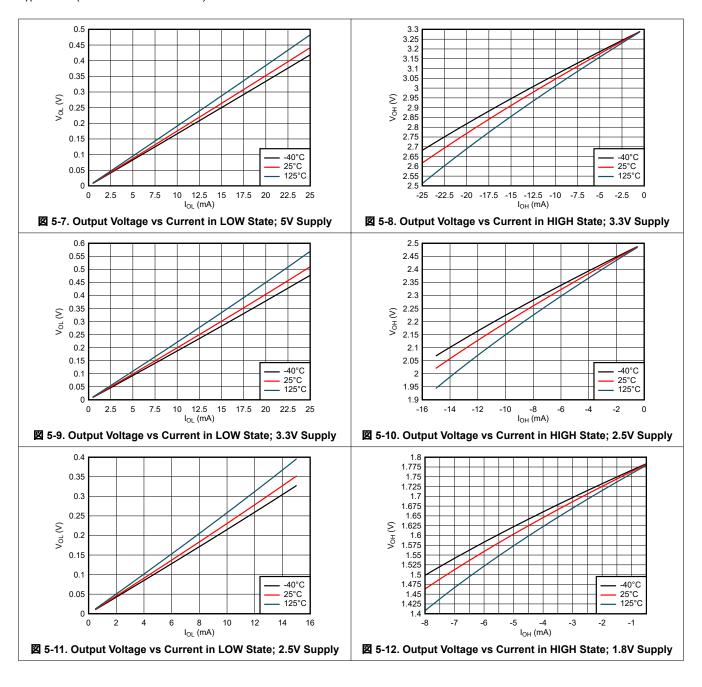


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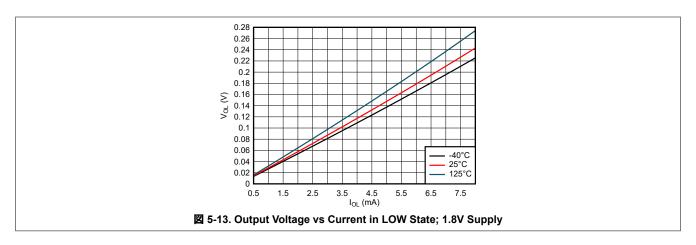
5.8 Typical Characteristics (continued)

T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)



5.8 Typical Characteristics (continued)

T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)



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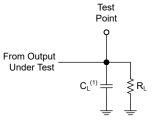


6 Parameter Measurement Information

Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily for the examples listed in the following table. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1MHz, $Z_O = 50\Omega$, $t_t \leq$ 2.5ns.

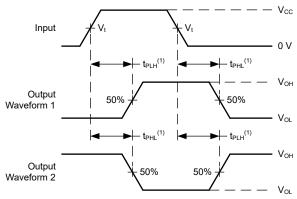
The outputs are measured individually with one input transition per measurement.

V _{CC}	V _t	R _L	CL	ΔV
1.2V ± 0.1V	V _{CC} /2	2kΩ	15pF	0.1V
1.5V ± 0.12V	V _{CC} /2	2kΩ	15pF	0.1V
1.8V ± 0.15V	V _{CC} /2	1kΩ	30pF	0.15V
2.5V ± 0.2V	V _{CC} /2	500Ω	30pF	0.15V
2.7V	1.5V	500Ω	50pF	0.3V
3.3V ± 0.3V	1.5V	500Ω	50pF	0.3V



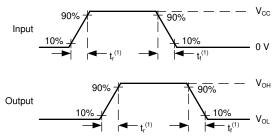
(1) C_L includes probe and test-fixture capacitance.

図 6-1. Load Circuit for Push-Pull Outputs



(1) The greater between t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} is the same as t_{pd} .

図 6-2. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delays



(1) The greater between t_{r} and t_{f} is the same as t_{t} .

図 6-3. Voltage Waveforms, Input and Output Transition Times

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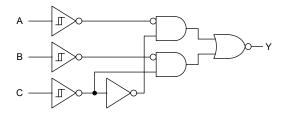
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7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The SN74LVC3G98 device features configurable multiple functions with Schmitt-trigger inputs. Eight patterns of a 3-bit input determines the output state. The user can choose the logic functions MUX, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, inverter, and non-inverter.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Inputs

This device includes inputs with the Schmitt-trigger architecture. These inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the *Electrical Characteristics* table from the input to ground. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the *Electrical Characteristics* table, using Ohm's law $(R = V \div I)$.

The Schmitt-trigger input architecture provides hysteresis as defined by ΔV_T in the *Electrical Characteristics* table, which makes this device extremely tolerant to slow or noisy inputs. While the inputs can be driven much slower than standard CMOS inputs, it is still recommended to properly terminate unused inputs. Driving the inputs with slow transitioning signals will increase dynamic current consumption of the device. For additional information regarding Schmitt-trigger inputs, please see *Understanding Schmitt Triggers*.

7.3.2 Balanced CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the output power of the device to be limited to avoid damage due to overcurrent. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

The device can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to the maximum load listed in the *Switching Characteristics* - 74 connected to a high-impedance CMOS input while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied, however it is not recommended to exceed the provided load value. If larger capacitive loads are required, it is recommended to add a series resistor between the output and the capacitor to limit output current to the values given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

7.3.3 Clamp Diode Structure

☑ 7-1 shows the inputs and outputs to this device have negative clamping diodes only.

注意

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC3G98

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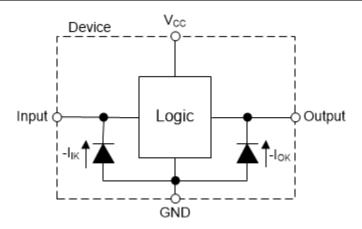


図 7-1. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

7.4 Device Functional Modes

表 7-1. Function Table

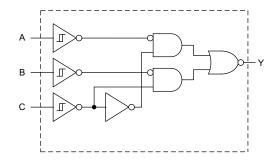
	OUTPUTS		
Α	В	С	Y
L	L	L	Н
L	L	Н	Н
L	Н	L	L
L	Н	Н	Н
Н	L	L	Н
Н	L	Н	L
Н	Н	L	L
Н	Н	Н	L

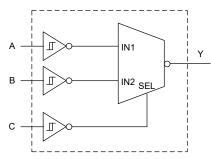
(1) H = high voltage level, L = low voltage level

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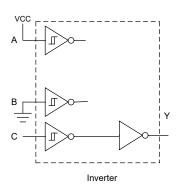


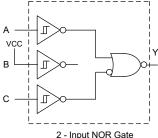
7.4.1 Logic Configurations



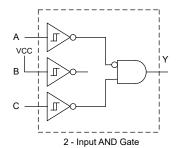


2 to 1 Data Selector with inverted output $Y = \overline{\underline{A}} \text{ when C is H}$ $Y = \overline{B} \text{ when C is L}$

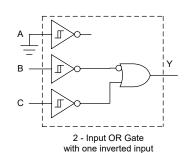


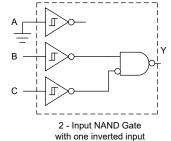


2 - Input NOR Gate with one inverted input



with one inverted input





VCC A B Y

2 - Input NOR Gate

A B C C - Input NAND Gate

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8 Application and Implementation

注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC3G98 device offers flexible configuration for many design applications. This example describes basic power sequencing using the NAND gate configuration. Power sequencing is often used in applications that require a processor or other delicate device with specific voltage timing requirements to protect the device from malfunctioning.

8.2 Typical Application

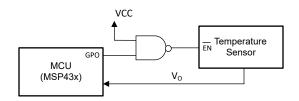


図 8-1. Typical Application Schematic

8.2.1 Design Requirements

8.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the electrical characteristics of the device as described in the *Electrical Characteristics* section.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the total current to be sourced by all outputs of the SN74LVC3G98 plus the maximum static supply current, I_{CC} , listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only source as much current that is provided by the positive supply source. Ensure the maximum total current through V_{CC} listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not exceeded.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SN74LVC3G98 plus the maximum supply current, I_{CC}, listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current that can be sunk into its ground connection. Ensure the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not exceeded.

The SN74LVC3G98 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50pF while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied; however, it is not recommended to exceed 50pF.

The SN74LVC3G98 can drive a load with total resistance described by $R_L \ge V_O / I_O$, with the output voltage and current defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table with V_{OH} and V_{OL} . When outputting in the HIGH state, the output voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the V_{CC} pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in the *CMOS Power Consumption* and *Cpd Calculation* application note.

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC3G98

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Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in the *Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices* application note.

注意

The maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(max)}$ listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

8.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross $V_{t-(min)}$ to be considered a logic LOW, and $V_{t+(max)}$ to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either V_{CC} or ground. The unused inputs can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pullup or pulldown resistor if the input will be used sometimes, but not always. A pullup resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pulldown resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74LVC3G98 (as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*), and the desired input transition rate limits the resistor size. A 10-k Ω resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The SN74LVC3G98 has no input signal transition rate requirements because it has Schmitt-trigger inputs.

Another benefit to having Schmitt-trigger inputs is the ability to reject noise. Noise with a large enough amplitude can still cause issues. To know how much noise is too much, please refer to the $\Delta V_{T(min)}$ in the *Electrical Characteristics*. This hysteresis value will provide the peak-to-peak limit.

Unlike what happens with standard CMOS inputs, Schmitt-trigger inputs can be held at any valid value without causing huge increases in power consumption. The typical additional current caused by holding an input at a value other than V_{CC} or ground is plotted in the *Typical Characteristics*.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

8.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The positive supply voltage is used to produce the output HIGH voltage. Drawing current from the output will decrease the output voltage as specified by the V_{OH} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the V_{OL} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Push-pull outputs that could be in opposite states, even for a very short time period, should never be connected directly together. This can cause excessive current and damage to the device.

Two channels within the same device with the same input signals can be connected in parallel for additional output drive strength.

Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to V_{CC} or ground.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Add a decoupling capacitor from V_{CC} to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the V_{CC} and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the *Layout Example* section.
- 2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is ≤ 70pF. This is not a hard limit; by design, however, it will optimize performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the SN74LVC3G98 to the receiving device.
- 3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than $(V_{CC} / I_O(max)) \Omega$. Doing so prevents the maximum output current in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* from being violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in mega ohms; much larger than the minimum calculated previously.

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4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates, however the power consumption and thermal increase can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation

8.2.3 Application Curves

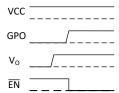


図 8-2. Typical Application Timing Diagram

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each V_{CC} terminal should have a bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A $0.1\mu F$ capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. The $0.1\mu F$ and $1\mu F$ capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results, as shown in \boxtimes 8-3.

8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices inputs must never be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused; for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used. Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or V_{CC}, whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.

8.4.2 Layout Example

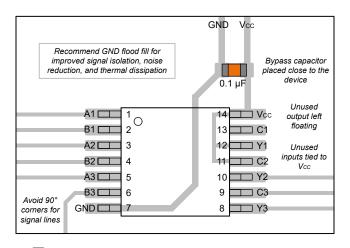


図 8-3. Example Layout for the SN74LVC3G98

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9 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

9.1 Documentation Support

9.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation application note
- Texas Instruments, *Designing With Logic* application note
- Texas Instruments, Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices application note
- Texas Instruments, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs application note

9.2 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

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9.6 用語集

テキサス・インスツルメンツ用語集 この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

10 Revision History

Changes from Revision * (March 2024) to Revision A (May 2024)

Page

• 「製品情報」表からプレビュー パッケージの注を削除.......1

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
						(4)	(5)		
SN74LVC3G58PWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LVC3G58, LVC3G58A)
SN74LVC3G58PWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LVC3G58, LVC3G58A)
SN74LVC3G98BQAR	Active	Production	WQFN (BQA) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SELECTIVE AG (TOP SIDE)	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC398A
SN74LVC3G98BQAR.A	Active	Production	WQFN (BQA) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SELECTIVE AG (TOP SIDE)	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC398A
SN74LVC3G98PWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LVC3G98, LVC3G98A)
SN74LVC3G98PWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 14	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LVC3G98, LVC3G98A)

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC3G98:

Automotive: SN74LVC3G98-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

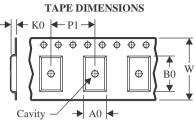
Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

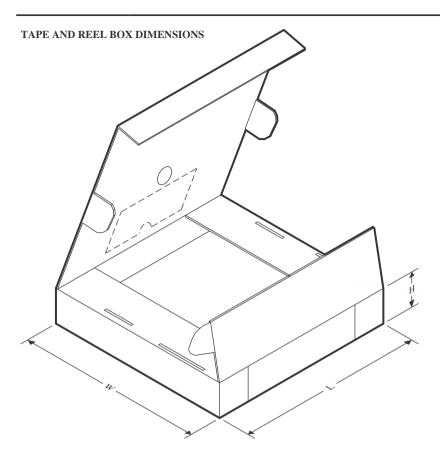
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC3G58PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	3000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LVC3G98BQAR	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	180.0	12.4	2.8	3.3	1.1	4.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LVC3G98PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	3000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

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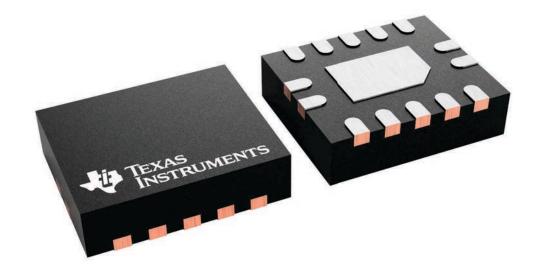
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVC3G58PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	3000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74LVC3G98BQAR	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
SN74LVC3G98PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	3000	353.0	353.0	32.0

2.5 x 3, 0.5 mm pitch

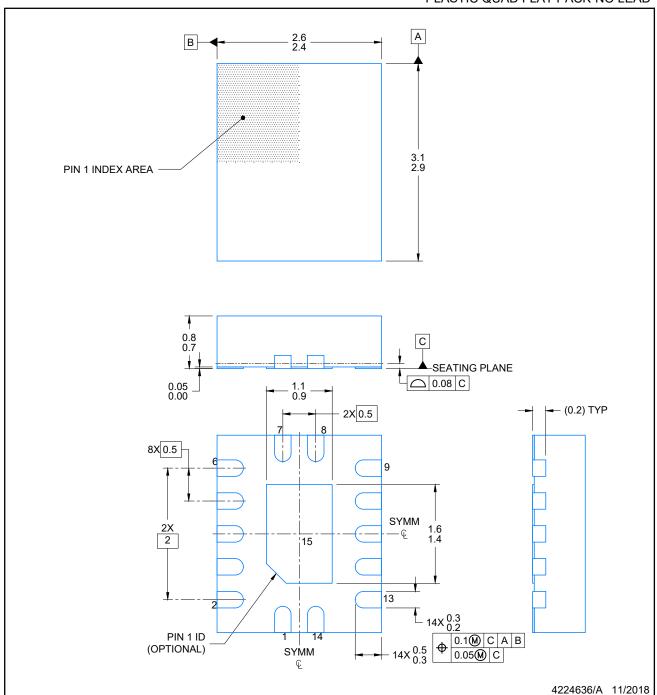
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



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PLASTIC QUAD FLAT PACK-NO LEAD

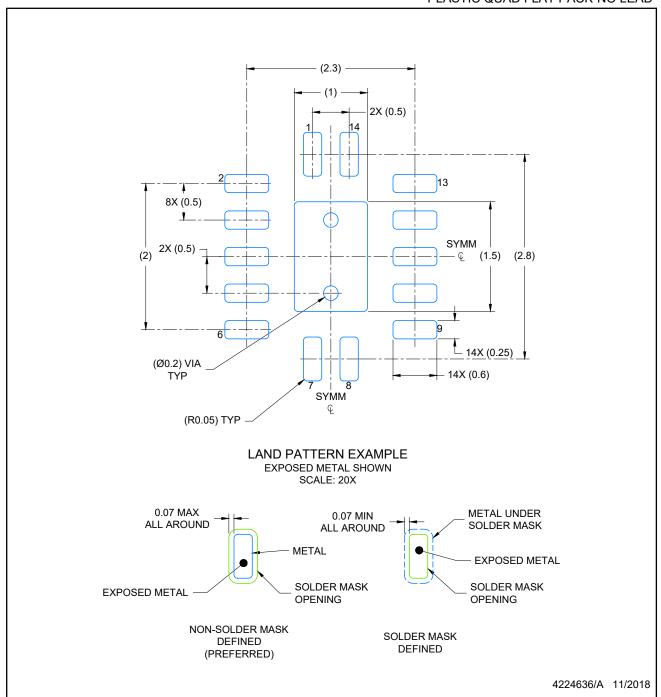


NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for optimal thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC QUAD FLAT PACK-NO LEAD

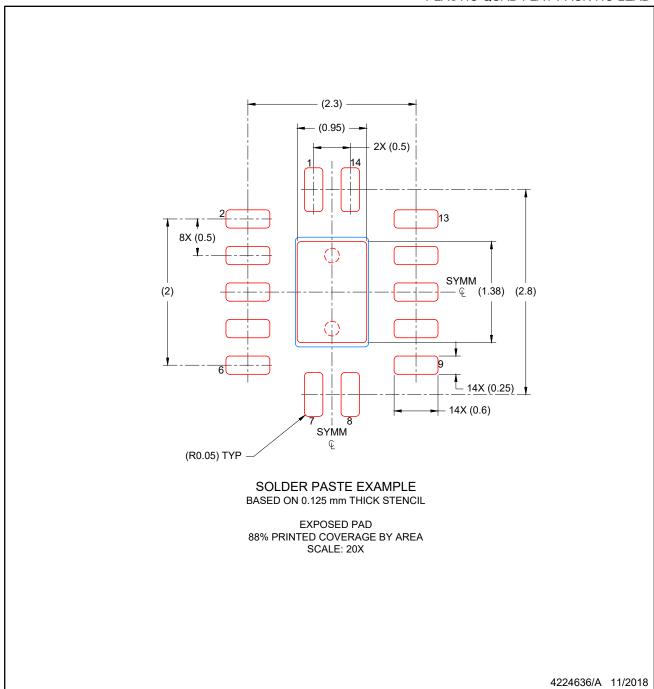


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC QUAD FLAT PACK-NO LEAD



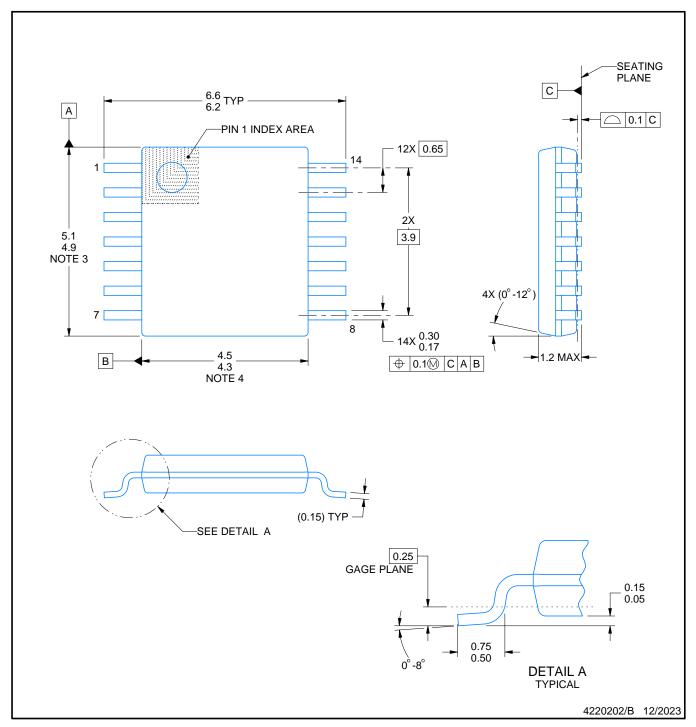
NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

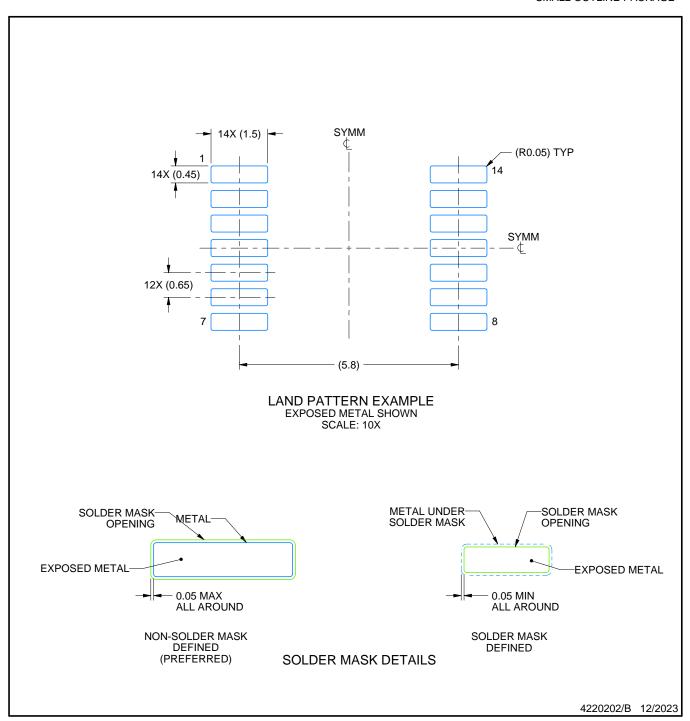
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



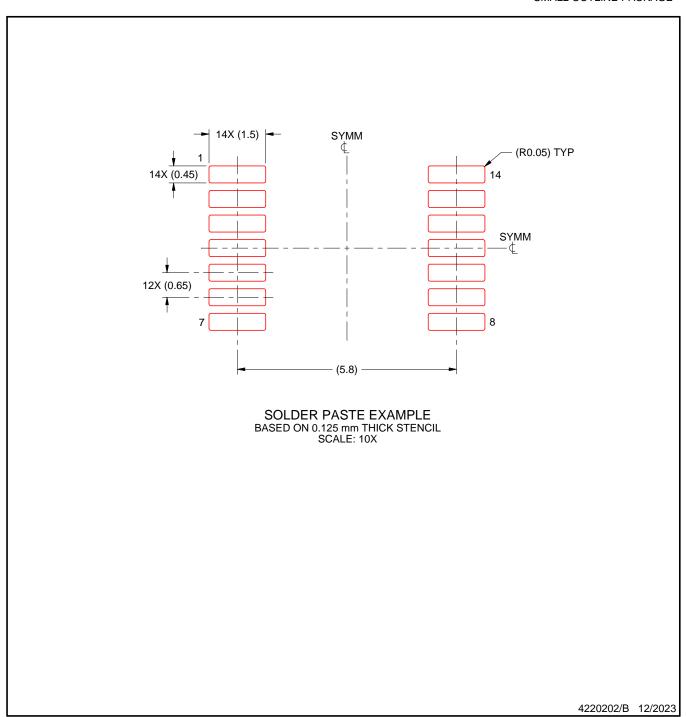
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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