SN74LV4T125

JAJSOT9C - FEBRUARY 2014 - REVISED JUNE 2022

# SN74LV4T125 単電源 4 バッファ・トランスレータ・ゲート、3 ステート出力 CMOS ロジック・レベル・シフタ付き

## 1 特長

- 5.0V, 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V  $V_{CC}$   $\mathcal{O}$ 単一電源電圧レベル・シフタ
- 動作範囲:1.8V~5.5V
- 昇圧変換
  - 1.8V V<sub>CC</sub> で 1.2V<sup>(1)</sup> から 1.8V
  - 2.5V V<sub>CC</sub> で 1.5V<sup>(1)</sup>から 2.5V
  - 3.3V V<sub>CC</sub> で 1.8V<sup>(1)</sup> から 3.3V
  - 5.0V V<sub>CC</sub> で 3.3V から 5.0V
- 降圧変換
  - 1.8V V<sub>CC</sub> で 3.3V から 1.8V
  - 2.5V V<sub>CC</sub> で 3.3V から 2.5V
  - 3.3V V<sub>CC</sub> で 5.0V から 3.3V
- ロジック出力は V<sub>CC</sub> を基準とする
- 3.3V V<sub>CC</sub> で最大 50MHz での動作が規定
- 入力ピンの許容電圧:5.5V
- 動作温度範囲:-40℃~125℃
- 提供している鉛フリー・パッケージ:SC-70 (RGY)  $-3.5 \times 3.5 \times 1 \text{ mm}$
- JESD 17 準拠で 250mA 超のラッチアップ性能
- 標準ロジック・ピン配置をサポート
- loff により部分的パワーダウン・モードでの動作をサポ **-** }
- CMOS 出力 B は AUP125 および LVC125 と互換性 あり。<sup>1</sup>

## 2 アプリケーション

- タブレット
- スマートフォン
- パーソナル・コンピュータ
- 産業用および車載用

## 3 概要

SN74LV4T125 は低電圧 CMOS バッファ・ゲートで、動 作電圧範囲が広く、ポータブル、テレコム、産業用、車載 の各アプリケーションに対応します。出力レベルは電源電 圧を基準としており、1.8V、2.5V、3.3V、5V の CMOS レ ベルをサポートします。

入力は、低スレッショルド回路を使用して  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3V で 1.8V 入力ロジックと一致するように設計されており、1.8V から 3.3V へのレベル・アップ変換に使用できます。また、 5V 許容の入力ピンにより、降圧変換 (例: Vcc = 2.5V で 3.3V 入力から 2.5V 出力) が可能です。Vcc の範囲が 1.8V~5.5V と広いため、目的の出力レベルを発生させて 外部のコントローラまたはプロセッサに接続できます。

SN74LV4T125 デバイスは、8mA の電流駆動能力を持 つように設計されており、高駆動出力によるラインの反射、 オーバーシュート、アンダーシュートを低減します。

#### 製品情報

部品番号 <sup>(1)</sup>	パッケージ	本体サイズ (公称)	
SN74LV4T125	PW (TSSOP) (14)	5.00mm × 4.40mm	
	RGY (VQFN, 14)	3.50mm×3.50mm	

利用可能なパッケージについては、このデータシートの末尾にあ る注文情報を参照してください。

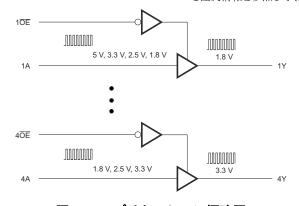


図 3-1. アプリケーション概略図

 $^1$  より低い  $V_{CC}$  条件については、 $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$  と出力駆動能力を参照してください。



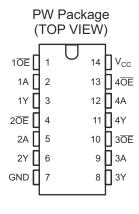
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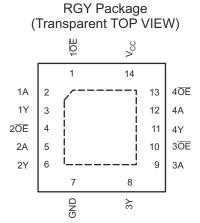
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С	hanges from Revision B (March 2014) to Revision C (June 2022)	ge
•	「特長」に「loff により部分的パワーダウン・モードでの動作をサポート」を追加。	
•	文書全体にわたって表、図、相互参照の採番方法を更新	1
•	「ESD 定格」表、「ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法」セクション、「サポート・リソース」セクションを追加。	1
C	hanges from Revision A (March 2014) to Revision B (September 2014) Page 1	— ge
•	「特長」を更新	1
•	Updated Pin Functions table.	3
•	Added ESD Ratings table, Thermal Information table, Typical Characteristics section, Pin Configuration and Functions section, Detailed Description section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section,	t
	Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates section, and Community Resources section	
•	Updated Detailed Design Procedure section.	13
С	hanges from Revision * (February 2014) to Revision A (March 2014)	ge
•	1 ページのプレビュー・ドキュメントをフル・バージョンに更新。	1



## **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**





#### **Pin Functions**

P	IN	TYPE (1)	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	I I PE (*)	DESCRIPTION
1	1 ŌĒ	I	Enable 1
2	1A	I	Input 1
3	1Y	0	Output 1
4	2 OE	I	Enable 2
5	2A	I	Input 2
6	2Y	0	Output 2
7	GND	_	Ground Pin
8	3Y	0	Output 3
9	3A	I	Input 3
10	3 OE	I	Enable 3
11	4Y	0	Output 4
12	4A	I	Input 4
13	4 ŌE	I	Enable 4
14	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Power Pin

<sup>(1)</sup> I = Input, O = Output, I/O = Input or Output, G = Ground, P = Power.



## **6 Specifications**

## **6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

	<u> </u>	7	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range		-0.5	7.0	V
VI	Input voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	put voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>			
\/	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state <sup>(2)</sup>			4.6	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state <sup>(2)</sup>			V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0		-20	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	$V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$		±50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			±35	mA
	Continuous current through	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			mA
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Machine Model (MM), per JEDEC specification	±200	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 (2)	±1000	]

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

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<sup>(2)</sup> The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

## **6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		1.6	5.5	V
VI	Input voltage		0	5.5	V
V	Output voltage	High or Low State	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Vo	Output voltage	H-Z	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		-3	
	High lovel output ourrent	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V		-5	mΛ
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		-8	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V		-16	
	Laureland autout armout	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		3	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V		5	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		8	ША
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V		16	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.6 V to 2.0 V		20	
A 4 / A > .	Input transition vice or fell rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		20	ns/V
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V or 3.6 V		20	IIS/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.0 V		20	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

## **6.4 Thermal Information**

		SN74L	SN74LV4T125		
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	PW	RGY	UNIT	
		14 PINS	14 PINS		
R <sub>0JA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	126.9	52.9		
R <sub>0JCtop</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	54.2	67.8		
R <sub>0JB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	68.6	29.0	°C/W	
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	7.5	2.6	- C/VV	
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	68.0	29.1		
R <sub>0JCbot</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	_	9.3		

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report (SPRA953).



#### **6.5 Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 12$		125°C	UNIT		
	TEO CONDITIONS		VCC	MIN TYP MAX		MIN MAX			
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.9 V	0.95		1			
/ <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.1		1.2		V	
IH			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	1.3		1.35		v	
			$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.0 V	2		2			
			$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.9 V		0.55		0.5		
'IL	Low-level input		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.77 V		0.7		0.6	V	
IL	voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V		0.85		0.75	V	
			$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		0.9		0.85		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –50 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.4		1.35		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -3 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	2.05		2.0		V	
	High-level output	I <sub>OH</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.7		2.6		V	
ОН	voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = –8 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.6		2.5		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –8 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.7		3.6		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -16 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 4.5 V	3.8		3.7		V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -16 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V	4.4		4.3		V	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		0.1		0.1	V	
		1 - 2 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		0.1		0.1	V	
	Low-level output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = 2 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		0.2		0.3	V	
		1 - 2 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		0.2		0.3	V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = 3 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V		0.25		0.3	V	
OL		I <sub>OH</sub> = 5 mA	V - 20V		0.35		0.4	V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = 8 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V		0.4		0.45	V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = 8 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		0.45		0.5	V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = 8 mA	V - 45V		0.50		0.55		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = 16 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		0.55		0.55	V	
		I <sub>OH</sub> = 16 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V		0.55		0.55	V	
	Input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> =0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V, 5.5 V		±0.1		±1	μA	
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V		2		20		
	Static supply	$V_I = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CC}$	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		2		20		
C	current	I <sub>O</sub> = 0; open on loading	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V		2		20	μA	
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		2		20		
	Additional static	One input at 0.3 V or 3.4 V Other inputs at 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> = 0	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V		1.25				
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	One input at 0.3 V or 1.1 V Other inputs at 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> = 0	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		1.35		1.5	μA	
Z	Off-state (High Impedance State) Output Current	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V		±0.25		±2.5	μА	
ff	Partial power down current	V <sub>O</sub> or V <sub>I</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V		0.5		5	μΑ	
i	Input capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		1.6	1.6		pF	
<b>,</b>	Output capacitance	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		4.8	4.8		pF	

## **6.6 Switching Characteristics**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see 図 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	FREQUENCY	\ \ \			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		T <sub>A</sub> = -	65°C to 12	5°C	UNIT						
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	(TYP)	V <sub>CC</sub>	CL	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII						
				5.0 V	15 pF		2.8	3.2		3	3.5							
			DC to 50 MHz	3.0 V	30 pF		3	3.5		3	4.5	no						
			DC to 50 MHz	3.3 V	15 pF		4	4.5		5	5.5	ns						
٠.	Any In	Y		3.3 V	30 pF		5	5.5		5.5	6.5							
t <sub>pd</sub>	Any III	DC to 50 MHz 2.5 V 15 pF 5.5	Ť	5.5	6.5		7	7.5	ns									
			DC 10 30 WI 12	2.5 V	30 pF		6.5	7		7.5	8.5	115						
			DC to 30 MHz	1.8 V	15 pF		10	11		11	12							
			DC 10 30 WI 12	1.0 V	30 pF		11	12		12.5	13	ns						
				5.0 V	15 pF		3.5	4		3.5	4							
			DC to 50 MHz	3.0 V	30 pF		3.8	4.2		4	4.5	ns						
			DC 10 30 WI 12	3.3 V	15 pF		5	5.8		5.8	6.1	115						
<del>-</del>	ŌĒ	Y		3.5 V	30 pF		5.5	6		5.7	6.5							
PZH	OL	'	DC to 50 MHz	2.5 V	15 pF		7.5	8		8.5	9	ns						
			DC 10 30 WI 12	2.5 V	30 pF		8	8.5		9	9.5	115						
			DC to 30 MHz	1.8 V	15 pF		14.5	15		15.5	16.5	ne						
			DC to 30 WHZ	1.0 V	30 pF		15.5	16		16	17	ns						
					5.0 V	15 pF		3	3.5		3.5	4						
	ŌĒ	Y	DC to 50 MHz	3.0 V	30 pF		3.5	4		4	4.5	ns						
<b>+</b>			DC 10 30 WH12	3.3 V	15 pF		5.3	5.6		6	6.2							
				3.5 V	30 pF		5.8	6.2		7	7.5							
t <sub>PZL</sub>			DC to 50 MHz	DC to 50 MHz	DC to 50 MHz	DC to 50 MHz	DC to 50 MHz	2.5 V	15 pF		8	8.5		9	9.5	ns		
				2.0 V	30 pF		9	9.5		10.5	11	113						
									DC to 30 MHz	1.8 V	15 pF		17	17.5		18	18.5	ns
					DC to 30 WHZ	1.0 V	30 pF		18	18.5		19	20	113				
									5.0 V	15 pF		3	3.5		3.5	4		
			DC to 50 MHz	3.0 V	30 pF		3.5	4		4	4.5	ns						
					3.3 V	15 pF		3.5	4		4.5	5	lis					
<b>L</b>	ŌĒ	Y		3.5 V	30 pF		5	6		6.5	7							
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OL	'	DC to 50 MHz	2.5 V	15 pF		5.5	6		6	6.5	ns						
			DC 10 30 WI 12	2.5 V	30 pF		7.5	8		8	9	115						
			DC to 30 MHz	1.8 V	15 pF		7.5	8		8	8.5	ns						
			DC to 30 WH IZ	1.0 V	30 pF		11	12		12	13	115						
				5.0 V	15 pF		2	2.5		2	2.7							
			DC to 50 MHz	3.0 V	30 pF		2	3		2	3.2	ns						
			DC 10 30 WI 12	3.3 V	15 pF		2.3	2.8		2.5	3.2	115						
·	ŌĒ	Y		3.5 V	30 pF		2.8	3.2		3.3	4							
PLZ	J DE	ī	DC to 50 MHz	2.5 V	15 pF		3.3	3.8		3.8	4.2	ns						
			DO 10 30 IVITIZ	2.5 V	30 pF		4	4.3		4.2	5	115						
			DC to 20 MU-	101/	15 pF		5	5.5		5	5.7	no						
			DC to 30 MHz	1.8 V	30 pF		6.5	7		7	8.5	ns						
t <sub>sk</sub>	Any In	Y	DC to 50 MHz	5.0 V to 2.5 V	15 pF				1		1	ns						
	-SK	1		•	•	DC to 30 MHz	1.8 V	15 pF										



#### **6.7 Noise Characteristics**

 $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}^{(1)}$ 

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OL(P)</sub>	Quiet output, maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>		0.4	0.8	V
V <sub>OL(V)</sub>	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>		-0.3	-0.8	V
V <sub>OH(V)</sub>	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>		3		V
V <sub>IH(D)</sub>	High-level dynamic input voltage	2.31			V
V <sub>IL(D)</sub>	Low-level dynamic input voltage			0.99	V

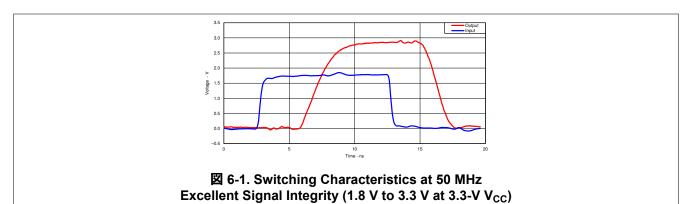
<sup>(1)</sup> Characteristics are for surface-mount packages only.

## **6.8 Operating Characteristics**

 $V_{CC}$  = 5 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C

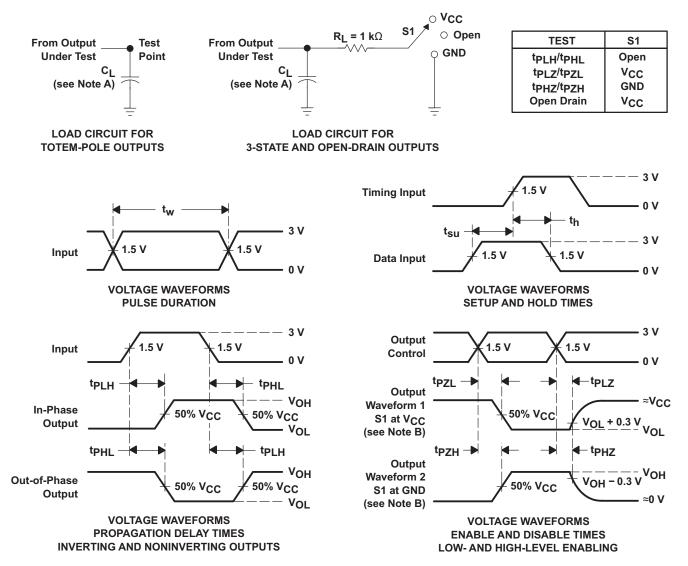
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, f = 10 MHz	16	pF

## **6.9 Typical Characteristics**



## 7 Parameter Measurement Information

#### 7.1



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz,  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  3 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one input transition per measurement.
- E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

図 7-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

## 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The SN74LVxTxx family was created to allow up- or down-voltage translation with only one power rail. The family has over-voltage tolerant inputs that allow down translation from up to 5.5 V to the  $V_{CC}$  level that can be as low as 1.8 V. The family SN74LVxTxx also has a lowered switching threshold that allows it to translate up to the  $V_{CC}$  level that can be as high as 5.5 V.

#### 8.1.1 Translating Down

Using these parts to translate down is very simple. Because the inputs are tolerant to 5.5 V at any valid  $V_{CC}$ , they can be used to down translate. The input can be any level above  $V_{CC}$  up to 5.5 V and the output will equal the  $V_{CC}$  level, which can be as low as 1.8 V. One important advantage to down translating using this part is that the  $I_{CC}$  current will remain less than or equal to the specified value.

Down translation possibilities with SN74LVxTxx:

- With 1.8-V V<sub>CC</sub> from 2.5 V, 3.3 V, or 5 V down to 1.8 V.
- With 2.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> from 3.3 V or 5 V down to 2.5 V.
- With 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub> from 5 V down to 3.3 V.

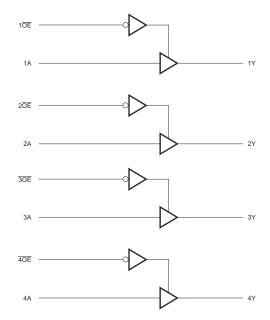
#### 8.1.2 Translating Up

Using the SN74LVxTxx family to translate up is very simple. The input switching threshold is lowered so the high level of the input voltage can be much lower than a typical CMOS  $V_{IH}$ . For instance, If the  $V_{CC}$  is 3.3 V then the typical CMOS switching threshold would be  $V_{CC}$  / 2 or 1.65 V. This means the input high level must be at least  $V_{CC} \times 0.7$  or 2.31 V. On the LVxT devices the input threshold for 3.3-V  $V_{CC}$  is approximately 1 V. This allows a signal with a 1.8-V  $V_{IH}$  to be translated up to the  $V_{CC}$  level of 3.3 V.

Up translation possibilities with SN74LVxTxx:

- With 2.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> from 1.8 V to 2.5 V.
- With 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub> from 1.8 V or 2.5 V to 3.3 V.
- With 5-V V<sub>CC</sub> From 2.5 V or 3.3 V to 5 V.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 8.3 Feature Description

This part is a single supply buffer that is capable up or down translation. The output will equal  $V_{CC}$  while the input can vary from 1.2 V to 5.5 V.

#### Up Translation Mode:

- 1.2 V to 1.8 V at 1.8-V V<sub>CC</sub>
- 1.5 V to 2.5 V at 2.5-V V<sub>CC</sub>
- 1.8 V to 3.3 V at 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>
- 3.3 V to 5.0 V at 5.0-V V<sub>CC</sub>

#### Down Translation Mode:

- 3.3 V to 1.8 V at 1.8-V V<sub>CC</sub>
- 3.3 V to 2.5 V at 2.5-V V<sub>CC</sub>
- 5.0 V to 3.3 V at 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

This device performs the function of a buffer where input logic level equals the output logic level, while providing buffering and drive to the output. The SN74LV4T125 device will also translate voltages up or down while performing this function.

表 8-1. Function Table (Each Buffer)

INPU	OUTPUT (2)	
ŌĒ	Α	Y
L	Н	Н
L	L	L
Н	Х	Z

表 8-2. Supply V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V

INPI (Lower Le	OUTPUT (V <sub>CC</sub> CMOS)			
Α	A B			
V <sub>IH</sub> (min)	V <sub>OH</sub> (min) = 2.9 V			
V <sub>IL</sub> (max	V <sub>OL</sub> (max) = 0.2 V			

- (1) H = High Voltage Level, L = Low Voltage Level, X = Do not Care, Z = High Impedance
- (2) H = Driving High, L = Driving Low, Z = High Impedance State



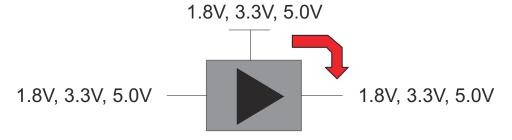
## 9 Applications and Implementation

#### Note

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#### 9.1 Application Information

Based upon the lower-threshold circuit design of the LVxT family, the LVxT family also supports level translation. For level translation up and down, the LVxT family requires only a single power supply.



Standard Logic Mode 1.8V, 3.3V

## 9.2 Typical Application

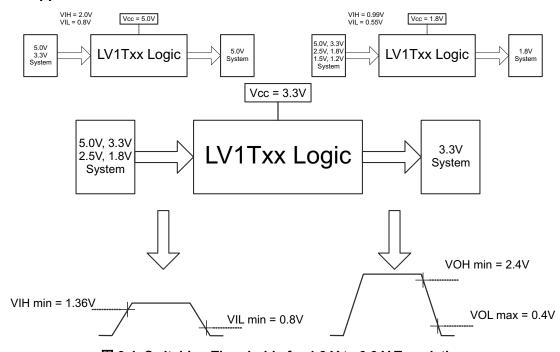


図 9-1. Switching Thresholds for 1.8 V to 3.3 V Translation

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. The input threshold levels are lowered to allow for up translation. At 5 V the device has equivalent TTL input levels.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Recommended input conditions:
  - Rise time and fall time specifications. See (Δt/ΔV) in Recommended Operating Conditions table.
  - Specified high and low levels. See (V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>II</sub> ) in *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
  - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V<sub>CC</sub>.
- 2. Recommend output conditions:
  - Load currents should not exceed 35 mA per output and 70 mA total for the part.
  - Outputs should not be pulled above V<sub>CC</sub>.

#### 9.2.3 Application Curves

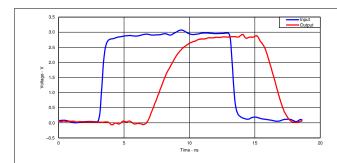


図 9-2. Switching Characteristics at 50 MHz Excellent Signal Integrity (3.3 V to 3.3 V at 3.3-V  $V_{\rm CC}$ )

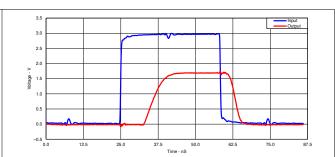


図 9-3. Switching Characteristics at 15 MHz Excellent Signal Integrity (3.3 V to 1.8 V at 1.8-V  $V_{\rm CC}$ )

## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the Min and Max supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

Each  $V_{CC}$  pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1  $\mu$ F is recommended. If there are multiple  $V_{CC}$  pins, then 0.01  $\mu$ F or 0.022  $\mu$ F is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1  $\mu$ F and 1  $\mu$ F are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.



#### 11 Layout

## 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices inputs should not ever float.

In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. Specified in  $\boxtimes$  11-1 are the rules that must be observed under all circumstances.

All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$  whichever make more sense or is more convenient.

It is generally acceptable to float outputs unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin it will disable the outputs section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the IOs so they also cannot float when disabled.

#### 11.2 Layout Example



図 11-1. Layout Diagram

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## 12 Device and Documentation Support

## 12.1 Documentation Support

#### 12.1.1 Additional Product Selection

DEVICE	PACKAGE	DESCRIPTION
SN74LV1T00	DCK, DBV	2-Input Positive-NAND Gate
SN74LV1T02	DCK, DBV	2-Input Positive-NOR Gate
SN74LV1T04	DCK, DBV	Inverter Gate
SN74LV1T08	DCK, DBV	2-Input Positive-AND Gate
SN74LV1T34	DCK, DBV, DRL	Single Buffer Gate
SN74LV1T14	DCK, DBV	Single Schmitt-Trigger Inverter Gate
SN74LV1T32	DCK, DBV	2-Input Positive-OR Gate
SN74LV1T86	DCK, DBV	Single 2-Input Exclusive-Or Gate
SN74LV1T125	DCK, DBV, DRL	Single Buffer Gate with 3-state Output
SN74LV1T126	DCK, DBV, DRL	Single Buffer Gate with 3-state Output
SN74LV4T125	RGY, PW	Quadruple Bus Buffer Gate With 3-State Outputs

#### 12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 12.3 サポート・リソース

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#### 12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 12.6 Glossary

TI Glossary This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical packaging and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/	MSL rating/	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
	(1)	(2)			(3)	Ball material	Peak reflow		(6)
						(4)	(5)		
SN74LV4T125PWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV4T125
SN74LV4T125PWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV4T125
SN74LV4T125PWR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW)   14	2000   LARGE T&R	-	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LV4T125
SN74LV4T125RGYR	Active	Production	VQFN (RGY)   14	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVT125
SN74LV4T125RGYR.A	Active	Production	VQFN (RGY)   14	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVT125
SN74LV4T125RGYRG4	Active	Production	VQFN (RGY)   14	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVT125
SN74LV4T125RGYRG4.A	Active	Production	VQFN (RGY)   14	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVT125

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LV4T125:

Automotive: SN74LV4T125-Q1

● Enhanced Product : SN74LV4T125-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

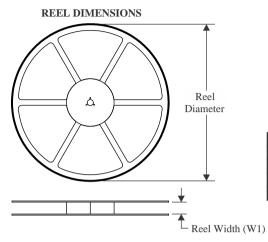
• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

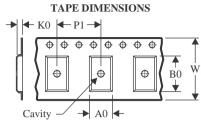
• Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

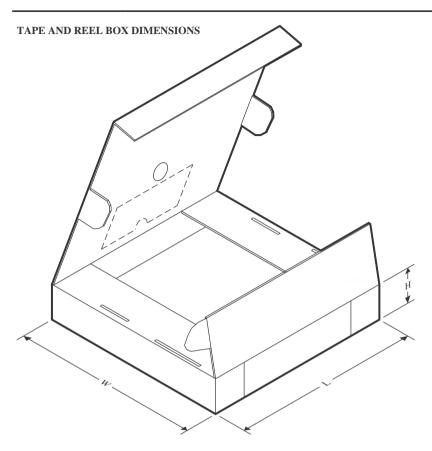
#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LV4T125PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LV4T125PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LV4T125RGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LV4T125RGYRG4	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1

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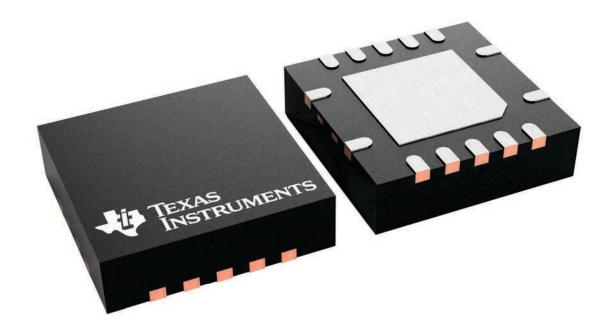
#### \*All dimensions are nominal

7 111 41111011010110 410 11011111141							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LV4T125PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74LV4T125PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LV4T125RGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	360.0	360.0	36.0
SN74LV4T125RGYRG4	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	360.0	360.0	36.0

3.5 x 3.5, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

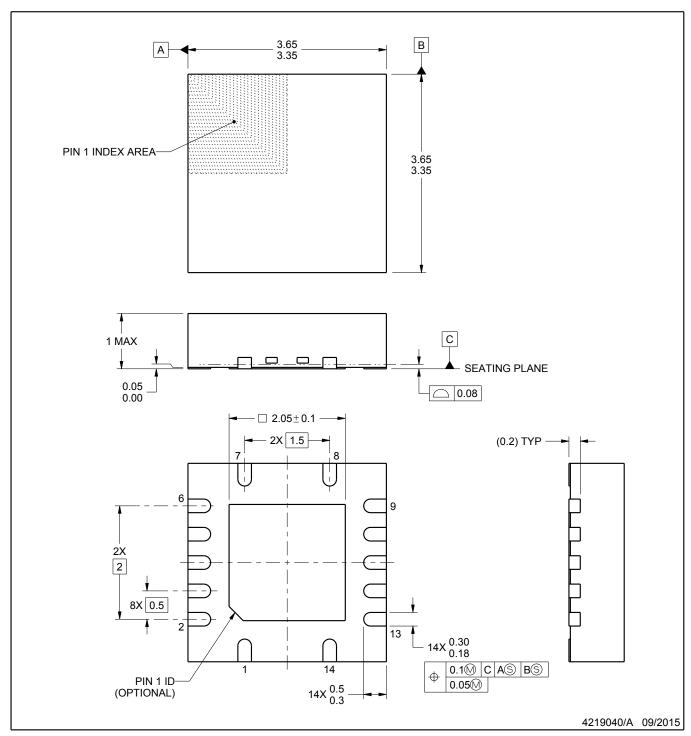
This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



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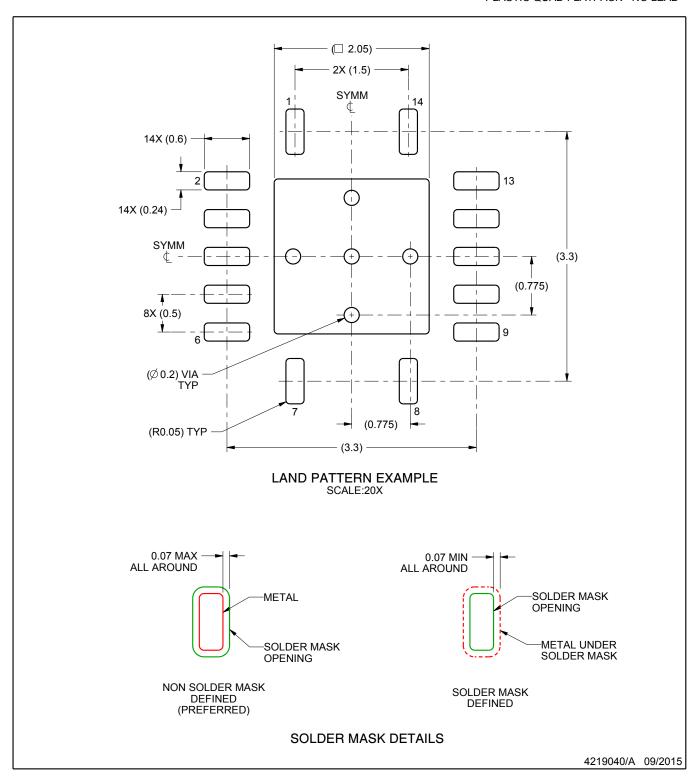


#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
   The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

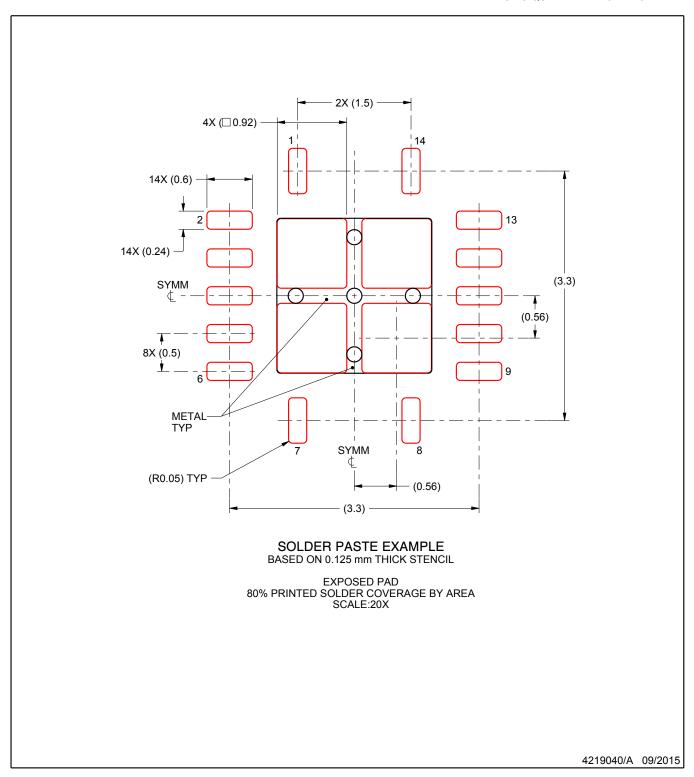


NOTES: (continued)

4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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