

High Efficiency Portable Media Player (PMP) Docking Station

National Semiconductor
RD-167
Product Applications Design Center
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1.0 Design Specifications

| Inputs | Output #1 | Output #2 | Output #3 |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| VinMin=4.5V | Vout1=3.3V | Vout2=5V | Vout3=12V |
| VinMax=6V | Iout1=0.9A | Iout2=1.5A | Iout3=0.1A |

2.0 Design Description

The High Efficiency Portable Media Player (PMP) Docking Station reference design showcases National Semiconductor's PowerWise® power converters, battery charging circuitry, audio drivers and display interface. The reference design saves more power by initiating a power-saving mode when the PMP is unplugged from the wall power, automatically reducing the maximum brightness of the display as well as the output power of the audio drivers. See Figure 1 which shows the power management and audio segments of the reference design.

The LM3658SD-A dual source, USB/AC Li chemistry charger IC receives a wall wart or USB input and converts either input into a source voltage, using the LM20124 synchronous buck regulator, powers the docking station as well as providing the charging current to an external Lithium-Ion back-up battery pack.

The LM20124 provides the source voltage which biases both the audio and DS90UR241/124 serializer/deserializer (SERDES) segments of the video transport sections of the system. The LM4674 stereo Class D audio amplifier drives two 2W speakers. The LM2735Y Boost and SEPIC DC-DC Regulator boosts the 3.3V_{DC} output to 5V_{DC}, which supplies the bias voltage needed to charge the PMP device when

docked in the docking station connector. Additionally, the wall wart also feeds an LM3478 Low-Side N-Channel Controller which boosts the voltage to 12V_{DC} and provides power to the AVP-1280 video interface controller. The AVP-1280 converts the analog video output signal from the docking station into digital inputs for processing by the DS90UR241 serializer segment. Finally, the output of the DS90UR124 deserializer is taken and displayed by the Sharp LQ104S1DG21 TFT-LCD display, which is illuminated by an LED backlight with dimming capability.

3.0 Features

- 20W Wake-On-Load AC/DC Adapter provide source voltage to entire system.
- Wall wart adapter or USB charging capability to Lithium-Ion battery backup.
- Provides charging current for PMP device when docked in docking station connector.
- Detachable LCD Display can be removed at least 10 meters from base.
- Stereo Class D Audio Amplifier with logic selectable gain.
- Low profile, high efficiency power management design.
- Efficient LED Backlight Solution provides lighting to LCD Display.

4.0 Block Diagram

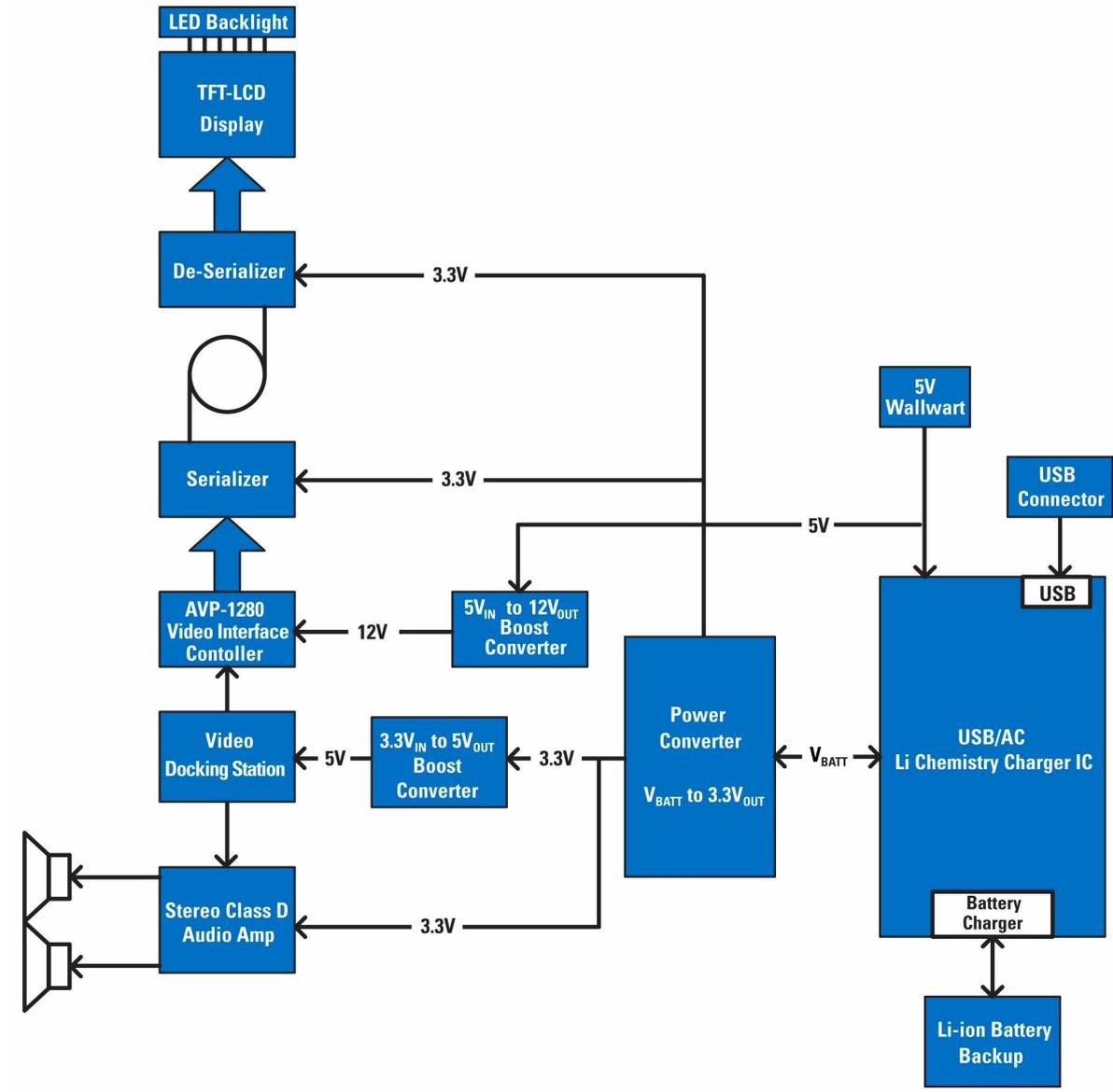
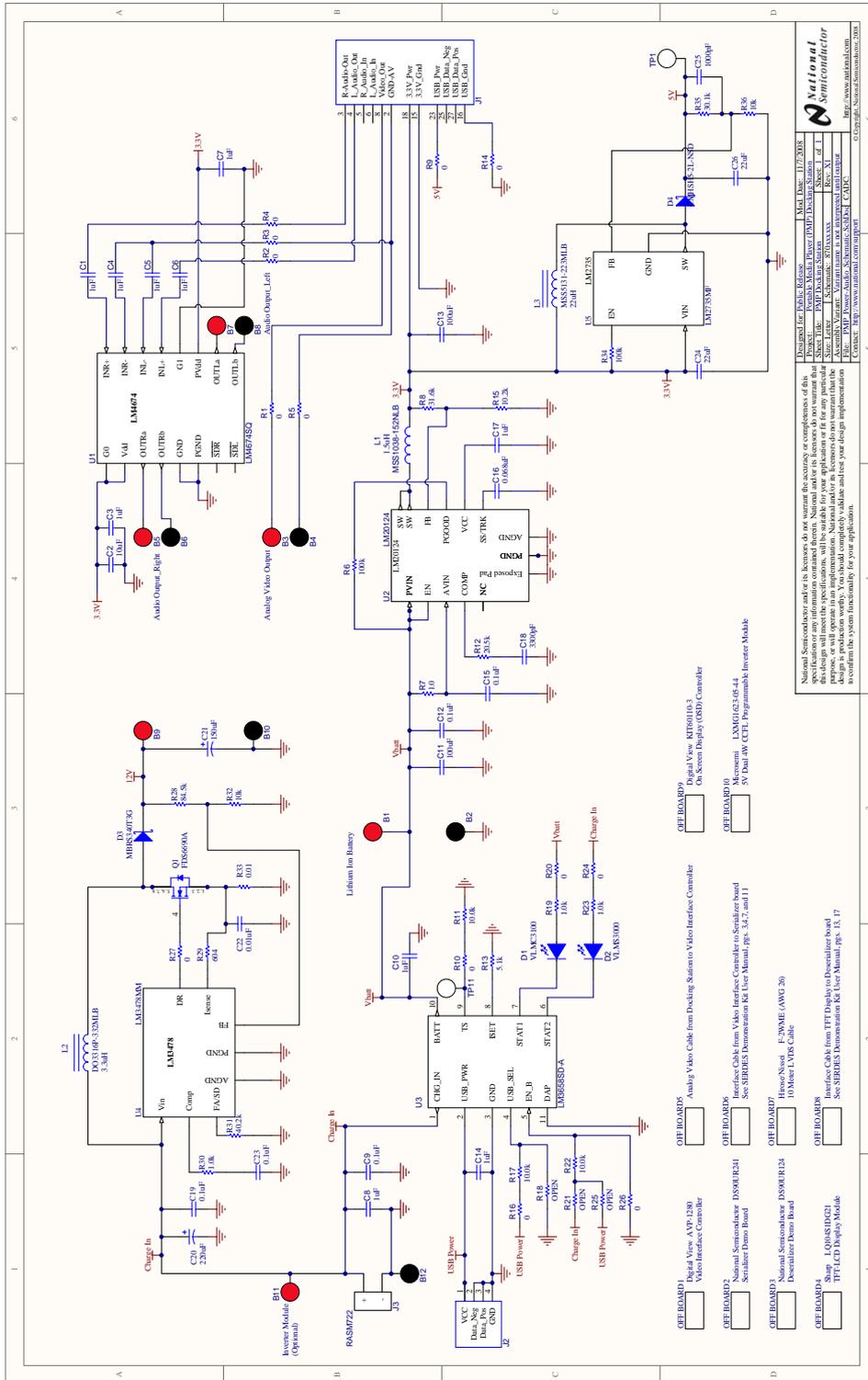


image1

FIGURE 1. Portable Media Player (PMP) System Block Diagram

5.0 Schematic



schematic21

FIGURE 2. Portable Media Player (PMP) Power Management and Audio Schematic

6.0 Bill of Materials

| Designator | Value | PackageReference | Characteristics | Manufacturer | PartNumber | RoHS |
|---|---------|----------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------|------|
| B1, B3, B5, B7, B9, B11 | Red | Female - Panel Mount | Banana Plug Red | Johnson Components | 108-0902-001 | Y |
| B2, B4, B6, B8, B10, B12 | Black | Female - Panel Mount | Banana Plug Black | Johnson Components | 108-0903-001 | Y |
| C1, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C10, C14 | 1uF | 0805 | Ceramic, X7R, 10V, 10% | TDK | C2012X7R1A105K | Y |
| C9, C12, C15, C19, C23 | 10uF | 1206 | Ceramic, X5R, 6.3V, 10% | TDK | C3216X5R0J106K | Y |
| | 0.1uF | 0805 | Ceramic, X7R, 25V, 10% | TDK | C2012X7R1E104K | Y |
| C11, C13 | 100uF | 1210 | Ceramic, X5R, 6.3V, 20% | TDK | C3225X5R0J107M | Y |
| C16 | 0.068uF | 0805 | Ceramic, X7R, 100V, 10% | AVX | 08055C683KAT2A | Y |
| C17 | 1uF | 0805 | Ceramic, X7R, 25V, 10% | TDK | C2012X5R1E105K | Y |
| C18 | 3300pF | 0805 | Ceramic, X7R, 100V, 10% | AVX | 08051C332KAT | Y |
| C20 | 220uF | D | TA, 10V, 10%, 0.13Ohm ESR | Vishay-Sprague | 595D227X9010R2 | Y |
| C21 | 150uF | D | TA, 16V, 20%, 0.14Ohm ESR | Vishay-Sprague | 595D157X0016D2T | Y |
| C22 | 0.01uF | 0805 | Ceramic, X7R, 50V, 10% | TDK | C2012X7R1H103K | Y |
| C24, C26 | 22uF | 0805 | Ceramic, X5R, 6.3V, 20% | TDK | C2012X5R0J226M | Y |
| C25 | 1000pF | 0805 | Ceramic, X7R, 50V, 10% | TDK | C2012X7R1H102K | Y |
| D1 | 4V | | Green SMT LED | Vishay | VLMC3100 | |
| D2 | 3V | | Red SMT LED | Vishay | VLMS3000 | |
| D3 | 0.525V | SMC | Vr = 40V, Io = 3A, Vf = 0.525V | ON Semiconductor | MBR340T3G | Y |
| D4 | 0.385V | SOD-123 | Vr = 20V, Io = 500mA, Vf = 0.385V | Central Semiconductor | GMHSH5-2L-NSD | Y |
| J1 | 1A | | 30 pin PMP Device Connector | Kineteka Systems | PODDOCK-C-M-1 | |
| J2 | 1x4 | Series 48037 | USB A Type Plug R/A Connector | Molex Incorporated | 0480371000 | Y |
| J3 | RASM | | Right Angle Miniature Power Jack | Switchcraft | RASM722 | Y |
| L1 | 1.5uH | MSS1038 | Shielded Drum Core, 8.3A, 0.0081 Ohm | Coilcraft Inc. | MSS1038-152NLB | Y |
| L2 | 3.3uH | DO3316 | Unshielded Drum Core, 5.4A, 0.015 Ohm | Coilcraft Inc. | DO3316P-332MLB | Y |
| L3 | 22uH | MSS5131 | Shielded Drum Core, 0.54A, 0.16 Ohm | Coilcraft Inc. | MSS5131-223MLB | Y |
| OFF BOARD1 | | | Video Interface (LCD) Controller | Digital View | AVP-1280 | Y |

bom3

FIGURE 3. Bill of Materials (BOM) - Page 1 of 3

| Designator | Value | PackageReference | Characteristics | Manufacturer | PartNumber | RoHS |
|--|---------|------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|------|
| OFF BOARD2 | | | 5-43MHz DC- Balanced 24-Bit LVDS Serializer | National Semiconductor | DS90UR241 | Y |
| OFF BOARD3 | | | 5-43MHz DC- Balanced 24-Bit LVDS Deserializer | National Semiconductor | DS90UR124 | Y |
| OFF BOARD4 | | | TFT-LCD Display Panel Module | Sharp | LQ104S1DG21 | Y |
| OFF BOARD5 | | | Analog Video Cable from Docking Station to Video Interface Controller | NSC Lab | Cable 0001 | |
| OFF BOARD6 | | | Interface Cable from Video Interface Controller to Serializer board | NSC Lab | Cable 0002 | |
| OFF BOARD7 | | | 10 Meter LVDS Cable | Hirose/Nissei | F-2VMME (AWG 26) | N/A |
| OFF BOARD8 | | | Interface Cable from TFT Display to Deserializer board | NSC Lab | Cable 0003 | |
| OFF BOARD9 | | | On Screen Display (OSD) Controller | Digital View | KIT60110-3 | Y |
| OFF BOARD10 | | | 5V Dual 4W Programmable Inverter Module | Microsemi | LXMG1623-05-44 | Y |
| Q1 | | SO8 | 30V N-Channel PowerTrench SyncFET | Fairchild | FDS6690A | Y |
| R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R9, R10, R14, R16, R18, R20, R21, R24, R25, R26, R27 | 0, OPEN | 0805 | 5%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW08050000Z0EA | Y |
| R6 | 100k | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW0805100kFKEA | Y |
| R7 | 1.0 | 0805 | 5%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW08051R00JNEA | Y |
| R8 | 31.6k | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW080531k6FKEA | Y |
| R11, R17, R22 | 10.0k | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW080510k0FKEA | Y |
| R12 | 20.5k | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW080520k5FKEA | Y |
| R13 | 5.1k | 0805 | 5%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW08055k10JNEA | Y |
| R15 | 10.2k | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW080510k2FKEA | Y |
| R19, R23, R30 | 1.0k | 0805 | 5%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW08051k00JNEA | Y |
| R28 | 84.5k | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW080584k5FKEA | Y |
| R29 | 604 | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW0805604RFFKEA | Y |
| R31 | 40.2k | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW080540k2FKEA | Y |
| R32, R36 | 10k | 0805 | 5%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW080510k0JNEA | Y |
| R33 | 0.01 | 2010 | 1%, 1W | Vishay-Dale | WSL2010R0100FEA18 | Y |
| R34 | 100k | 0805 | 5%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW0805100kJNEA | Y |

bom4

FIGURE 4. Bill of Materials (BOM) - Page 2 of 3

| Designator | Value | PackageReference | Characteristics | Manufacturer | PartNumber | RoHS |
|------------|-------|------------------|--|------------------------|------------------|------|
| R35 | 30.1k | 0805 | 1%, 0.125W | Vishay-Dale | CRCW080530K1FKEA | Y |
| U1 | | SQA16A | Filterless 2.5 Stereo Class D Audio Power Amplifier | National Semiconductor | LM4674SQ | Y |
| U2 | | MXA16A | 4A 1MHz Synchronous Buck Regulator | National Semiconductor | LM20124 | Y |
| U3 | | L155B | Dual Source USB/AC Li Chemistry Charger IC for Portable Applications | National Semiconductor | LM3658SD-A | Y |
| U4 | | MSOP-8 | Boost/Sepic Controller | National Semiconductor | LM3478MM | Y |
| U5 | | MF05A | 520kHz/1.6MHz - Space-Efficient Boost and SEPIC DC-DC Regulator | National Semiconductor | LM2735YMF | Y |

7.0 Other Operating Values

Operating Values

| Description | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|---|--------------|-------|------|
| Primary 3.3V Bus - Switching Frequency | Frequency | 1 | MHz |
| 3.3V Output Ripple Voltage | Peak-to-peak | 24.4 | mVpp |
| Primary 3.3V Bus - Start-up | Tstart-up | 8.68 | ms |
| Primary 3.3V Bus - Shut-down | Tshut-down | 548 | ms |
| Docking Station Power Supply - Switching Frequency | Frequency | 520 | kHz |
| 5V Output Ripple Voltage | Peak-to-peak | 23.6 | mVpp |
| Docking Station Power Supply - Start-up | Tstart-up | 7.84 | ms |
| Docking Station Power Supply - Shut-down | Tshut-down | 352 | ms |
| Video Interface Controller Power Supply - Switching Frequency | Frequency | 400 | kHz |
| 12V Output Ripple Voltage | Peak-to-peak | 120 | mVpp |
| Video Interface Controller Power Supply - Start-up | Tstart-up | 57.6 | ms |
| Video Interface Controller Power Supply - Shut-down | Tshut-down | 768 | ms |
| Total Output Power | Output Power | 11.45 | W |
| Total System Efficiency | Efficiency | 82 | % |

8.0 Quick Start

Recommended Equipment:

DC Power Supply or Wall Wart rated for 5V_{DC} @ 4A

Multimeter

Oscilloscope with High Impedance Differential Probes

Portable Media Player Device (with Audio and Video Output capability)

The following instructions show how to connect Portable Media Player (PMP) System. Please use the ESD protection (ground cable) to prevent any unwanted damaging ESD events.

Connecting the input power supply to the Lithium-Ion battery charger circuit.

1. Connect a power supply (4.5V_{DC} to 6.0V_{DC}) or 5V_{DC} wall wart to the "Charge In" and the GND pins. The input power supply's negative terminal should be connected to GND and the positive terminal to "Charge In." Alternatively, power supply can be connected to the "USB Power" pin and the GND pin.

2. Connect a Lithium-Ion battery pack to "Vbatt" and GND pins to the B1 and B2 banana jack receptacles, respectively. The battery pack's negative terminal should be connected to GND and positive terminal to "Vbatt."

3. Check to make sure that R₂₆ is populated with 0Ω resistor and that R₂₁ and R₂₅ are OPEN.

4. Check to make sure that R₁₃ is a 5.11kΩ resistor connected to the "ISET" pin which will program the full-rate charge current to 500 mA. Adjusting the value of this resistor will increase or decrease the full-rate charge current (see LM3658SD-A datasheet for more details).

5. Check to make sure that R₁₀ is populated with 0Ω resistor to connect R₁₁ from the TS pin to GND.

6. Turn on the power supply and the charge cycle will begin if battery is not fully charged.

7. With a DVR or voltage measuring device, check to make sure the 3.3V_{DC}, 5V_{DC}, and 12V_{DC} power rails are regulating at their correct voltage levels.

8. Disconnect the 5V_{DC} wall wart or turn off the input power supply.

Connecting Main Power Board to External Components

1. With power removed, perform the following:

- Connect the right and left speaker OUTRa/OUTRb and OUTLa/OUTLb, respectively.
- Connect the 12V_{DC} power rail to the PP1 or PP2/3 jack or Molex connector on the Digital View AVP-1280 Video Interface Controller Board.
- Connect the On Screen Display (OSD) Controller to the AVP-1280 using the OSD Interface Cable.
- Connect the Serializer Board (DS90UR241) to the AVP-1280 using the Serializer to AVP-1280 Interface Cable.
- Connect the Serializer Board (DS90UR241) to the Deserializer Board (DS90UR124) using the 10 meter LVDS Cable.
- Connect the Deserializer Board (DS90UR124) to the TFT-LCD Display Panel using the Deserializer to Display Interface Cable.
- If not using the LED Backlight for the LCD Display, connect the Microsemi LXMG1623-05-44 Inverter Module to the B₁₁ and B₁₂ banana jacks (V_{IN1}, and Enable connected to B₁₁; GND connected to B₁₂).
- Connect a PMP device with video capability (and pre-loaded video or audio file) to the docking station via docking station connector.

2. Turn on the power supply and recheck the 3.3V_{DC}, 5V_{DC}, and 12V_{DC} power rails. With all the rail regulating at the

expected voltage, the PMP device should be in charge mode and the LCD Display should be ON.

3. Press and hold the ON/OFF button on the OSD controller for 2-3 seconds and the D₆ LED on the AVP-1280 should turn on.

4. Queue the PMP device and then press the "PLAY" button to see and hear the video (displayed on the LCD Display) and the sound coming from the speakers.

9.0 Hardware Description

The following references may be useful for the reader's deeper understanding of the operation of the system's blocks:

1. LM3658: Dual Source USB/AC Li Chemistry Charger IC for Portable Applications datasheet – National Semiconductor (<http://www.national.com/ds/LM/LM3658.pdf>)
2. LM20124: 4A, 1MHz PowerWise® Synchronous Buck Regulator datasheet – National Semiconductor (<http://www.national.com/ds/LM/LM20124.pdf>)
3. LM4674: Boomer, Filterless 2.5W Stereo Class D Audio Power Amplifier datasheet – National Semiconductor (<http://www.national.com/ds/LM/LM4674.pdf>)
4. DS90UR241/DS90UR124: 5-43 MHz DC-Balanced 24-Bit LVDS Serializer and Deserializer datasheet – National Semiconductor (<http://www.national.com/ds/DS/DS90UR124.pdf>)
5. Various LVDS application notes found at <http://www.national.com/appinfo/lvds/> (http://www.national.com/appinfo/interface/files/national_SERDESUR-43USB_evalkit.pdf)
6. AVP-1280: Video Interface controller manual (Digital View) <http://www.digitalview.com/manuals/avp1280-manual.pdf>
7. LQ104S1DG21: TFT-LCD Module – Sharp (http://document.sharpsma.com/files/LQ104S1DG21_SP_092706.pdf)
8. LXMG1623-05-44: 5V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module – Microsemi (<http://www.microsemi.com/datasheets/lxmg1623-05-44.pdf>), Used for initial testing, replaced by LED Strips and LED Backlight Solution. See Appendix.

Figure 2 shows a block diagram of the entire Portable Media Player (PMP) Docking Station System. The following sections describe each circuit block in more detail and provides circuit design information regarding each section.

A. Input AC Power Adapter

This design utilizes a Wake-On-Load AC/DC adapter to drastically reduce the power losses when the docking station is unloaded. With the entire system power being sourced by the adapter input, the power supply must be able to provide at

least 20W (5V_{DC} @ 4A) in order to power the complete PMP system. See the LM5021 - Wake on Load AC/DC USB Power Adapter for more information.

B. Dual Source AC/USB Battery Charger and Power Sourcing Circuit

The LM3658 is capable of safely charging and maintaining a single cell Lithium-Ion battery from an AC wall adapter or a USB port. The input power source decision between the AC wall adapter and USB port is performed automatically within the IC. With both power sources present, the AC wall adapter power source has priority over the USB port. The charge current is programmed through an external resistor when operating from a wall AC adapter allowing charge currents from 50mA up to 1000mA. When the battery is charged using the USB power, charge currents are limited to 100mA or 500mA. The battery charge termination voltage (V_{TERM}) is controlled to within 4.2V_{DC} ± 0.35% (at 25°C and improves with increasing temperature). The LM3658 requires a few external components and utilizes thermally regulated, integrate Power MOSFETs to obtain the most efficient charging rate for a given ambient temperature, and reverse current protection, and current sensing to ensure maximum ratings are not exceeded. See Figure 18.

The LM3658 operates in five phases: pre-qualification mode, constant-current mode, constant-voltage mode, top-off mode and maintenance mode. The LM3658SD-B version charger IC operates as a linear regulator or as an "LDO mode" when the AC wall adapter is connected and no battery is present. Optimal battery management is obtained through the integration of thermal protection, battery temperature measurement and a multi-mode safety timer in this instance. However, since maximum battery life was desired for the reference design, the LM3658SD-B version charger IC was chosen because of its extended charge (T_{CHG}) and toptoff (T_{TOPOFF}) timer options. Additionally, the LM3658 provides two open-drain outputs for LED status indication.

C. 3.3V_{DC} Primary Bus Voltage

With an input voltage range of 2.95V_{DC} to 5.5V_{DC}, the LM20124 Synchronous Buck Regulator is used to create the primary bus voltage for the docking station boost converter, as well as to the audio and video interface components. This section of the reference design accepts the output of the LM3658SD-A battery charger circuit (approximately 3.9V_{DC}) and produces a regulated 3.3V_{DC} output that is capable of sourcing up to 4A of continuous output current. See Figure 19.

The 1MHz nominal switching frequency lends itself well to a design that can be balanced for optimal efficiency and space. In choosing components for this segment of the design, the maximum input RMS current was estimated to be 2A, so a 100 μF X5R ceramic capacitor was selected to provide bulk capacitance and a small 1 μF ceramic capacitor was added in parallel to filter high frequency noise pulses on the input rail. To ensure that switching noise from the main supply rail did not adversely impact the functionality of the internal analog circuitry, a 1Ω resistor and 1 μF capacitor were used in a low-pass filter configuration to attenuate any noise spikes at the switching frequency.

Since continuous conduction mode was desired, a 1.5 μH output inductor was selected to minimize peak-to-peak ripple

while meeting circuit size, efficiency, and peak current carrying capabilities. Because the 3.3V_{DC} rail sources power to a number of downstream circuits, a low ESR, high value output capacitor was needed to minimize the output voltage ripple. A 100 μF ceramic capacitor, with an inherently low ESR value, was chosen which provides excellent output ripple voltage (< 20mV) and contributes to good load transient performance.

The output voltage is established by $R_8 = 31.6k\Omega$ and $R_{15} = 10.2k\Omega$ with an internal error amplifier reference voltage, $V_{REF} = 0.8V_{DC}$. So that the 3.3V_{DC} source would have adequate static and dynamic stability, the compensation components $R_{12} = 20k\Omega$ and $C_{18} = 3.3nF$ were selected to provide sufficient bandwidth without compromising phase margin for excellent transient performance. Additionally, a 68nF was used as the soft-start capacitor for a monotonic start-up profile of approximately 10ms; and a 1 μF was used as the bypass capacitor for the internal regulator.

D. Docking Station Power Supply

The primary 3.3V_{DC} bus voltage is fed into the LM2735Y and when attached to the docking station connector, the LM2735Y provides 5V_{DC} to the USB Power (pin 23) to ensure the device's battery gets charged while in a docked mode. The LM2735Y is a Boost DC-DC Regulator that provides very good performance in a SOT23-5 package. The charge current for a charged device battery used for this reference design is in the sub 50mA range, while for a discharged battery, the charge current is approximately a factor of 10 greater. This directly affects the selection of the input inductor since the peak operating current should not exceed the saturation current of the inductor. For this design, a PMP device with a charged battery was used in all the testing so component selection was based on a slightly lower charge current; however provisions are made in the design so that an inductor with the same size and lower value can be substituted. See Figure 20.

Again the higher switching frequency of the LM2735Y allows for a smaller, yet more efficient circuit to be realized. With a sub-maximum current of 200mA chosen as the battery charge current, a 39 μH inductor with adequate current rating and lower DCR was chosen to handle the peak inductor current. A 20V_R, 1A Schottky catch diode and 22 μF, X5R ceramic capacitor compose the remaining external power components, since the power MOSFET is integrate into the LM2735Y. The output voltage is established by $R_{35} = 30.1k\Omega$ and $R_{36} = 10k\Omega$ with an internal error amplifier reference voltage, $V_{REF} = 1.225V_{DC}$. Although the LM2735Y is internally compensated, a capacitor $C_{25} = 1nF$, is used to add a zero at a frequency slightly higher than the crossover frequency in order to boost the phase and provide adequate phase margin (> 50° Phase Margin).

E. Video Interface (LCD) Controller Power Supply

A video interface controller (Digital View, Model: AVP-1280) is used in order to convert the analog video output (Composite signal) of the PMP device into a digital format that is usable by the Sharp LQ104S1DG21 LCD display. The LCD display backlight is comprised of two (2) Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamps (CCFL) that are driven by a Dual 4W CCFL Inverter Module (Microsemi: LXMG1623-05-44) that requires a 5V_{DC} bias and less than 1.5A when it's in run mode. Additionally, the video interface controller has a host of other processing circuits that require biasing.

The inverter module was driven directly from the 5V_{DC} input power supply to avoid dissipating power unnecessarily through the lower power upstream converters. Driving the CCFL inverter module directly from the input wall wart meant the 12V_{DC}, 4A rated AC/DC power supply accompanying the controller was no longer needed and that it could be powered using the LM3478 Low-Side N-Channel Controller configured as a boost converter (5V_{DC} to 12V_{DC}). For CCM operation at 400kHz, the input inductor was selected to be 3.3 μH and subsequently, a 30V, 11A N-Channel device was chosen as the power MOSFET. The output voltage is established by $R_{28} = 84.5k\Omega$ and $R_{32} = 10k\Omega$ with an internal error amplifier reference voltage, $V_{REF} = 1.26V_{DC}$.

The LM3478 is a current mode control part, and since the duty cycle was greater than 50%, slope compensation and filtering were added using $R_{29} = 604\Omega$ and $C_{22} = 0.01 \mu F$ once the sense resistor, R_{32} had been determined to be 0.01Ω. See Figure 21.

F. Stereo Class D Audio Power Amplifier

The LM4674 Filterless 2.5W Stereo Class D Audio Power Amplifier was setup in a Differential Input configuration to receive the left and right audio output signals from the PMP device docking station and drives two 8Ω, 2W speakers from the 3.3V_{DC} input supply voltage. With this load, the efficiency at 1kHz is estimated to be greater than 85%.

The 12dB gain setting was chosen and it provided adequate power for driving both speakers. Additionally, 1 μF ceramic capacitors were used to AC couple the input audio signals, and block the DC voltage from the amplifier's input terminal. The 3.3V_{DC} rail was decoupled by 1 μF ceramic capacitors and bypassed by 10 μF ceramic capacitors. See Figure 22.

G. AVP-1280 Video Interface Controller (Digital View)

This video interface controller is designed for LCD monitors and other flat panel display applications. The AVP-1280 controller provides an easy to use interface controller for : TFT (active matrix) LCD panels of 1366x768, 1280x1024, 1280x768, 1024x768, 800x600 and 640x480 resolutions display with composite-video as in the case of the LQ104S1DG21 use in this reference design; and S-Video video input. The analog video output from the PMP docking station is inputted into this board where it is prepared to be serialized by the DS90UR241 Serializer board.

- S-Video, two composite video input support
- Video signals of NTSC, PAL and SECAM standard.
- Volume control of audio (optional add-on board required)
- Digital View IR remote control support
- Full RS-232 OSD control interface support
- Supports Genlock – Synchronizes the output display refresh rate to the V-Sync of the input signal.
- Power indicator light on board

See Figure 23 for an overview of a typical LCD based display system utilizing this controller. Figure 24 shows the panel functions and setting for the OSD controller. Figure 25 shows the various connectors, pinouts, and jumpers associated with the AVP-1280 board. See Appendix for the complete design documents.

H. DC Balanced 24-Bit LVDS Serializer and Deserializer

The LCD display for the PMP device docking station needed to be truly mobile. If the display were connected directly to the LCD controller, then it would have limited performance as the signal would need to be carried over a relatively long distance in order to have mobile display. Figure 26 shows the connection diagram for the SERDES components along with the video interface controller and LCD Display

The AVP-1280 outputs the processed video signal and the DS90UR241/124 chipset translates that 24-bit parallel bus output into a fully transparent data/control LVDS serial stream with embedded clock information. The Serializer/Deserializer (SERDES) accomplished this by sending 24 bits of parallel LVCMOS data over a serial LVDS link up to 1.03 Gbps. Serialization of the input data signal is performed using an on-board PLL at the Serializer which embeds a clock signal with the data into a single differential pair over frequency ranges of 5-43MHz. The true embedded clock consists of a unique architecture that embeds the clock in the serialized data stream and doesn't require an external oscillator at the receiver. See Figure 27 for a top side view of the DS90UR241 Serializer board.

This embedded clock solution saves board space, reduces cost, and eliminates the extra design effort needed to match transmitter and receiver oscillator frequencies especially beneficial in applications where the transmitter oscillator frequency may change dynamically. The Deserializer extracts the clock/control information from the incoming data stream and deserializes the data. The Deserializer monitors the incoming clock information to determine lock status and will indicate lock by asserting the LOCK output high. The output of the DS90UR124 is 24-bits of parallel LVCMOS data that feeds the LCD display with the deserialized video signal.

The DS90UR241 contains a pre-emphasis feature that boosts data signals over longer distances and will extend the transmission distance up to 10 meters. The programmable pre-emphasis is used to optimize signal integrity for different cable/connector setups. The DS90UR124 features @Speed BIST (Built-In Self Test), which is a self test that provides a simple means by which the integrity of the data link can be validated. See Figure 31 for a top side view of the DS90UR124 Deserializer board.

10.0 Waveforms

Additionally, 3.3V_{DC} from the LM20124 powers the DS90UR241 and that voltage is bussed through the serial LVDS interface to provide the bias voltage needed to power the DS90UR124.

Because the bandwidth is greater than 1 Gbps, EMI reduction is very important. The DS90UR241/124 chipset include EMI reduction features of: Frequency Spread PTO (progressive turn on), GTO (gradual turn-on) on the receiver outputs, SS-CG input capability at the transmitter, programmable pre-emphasis, and selectable drive strength for the transmitter and receiver outputs.

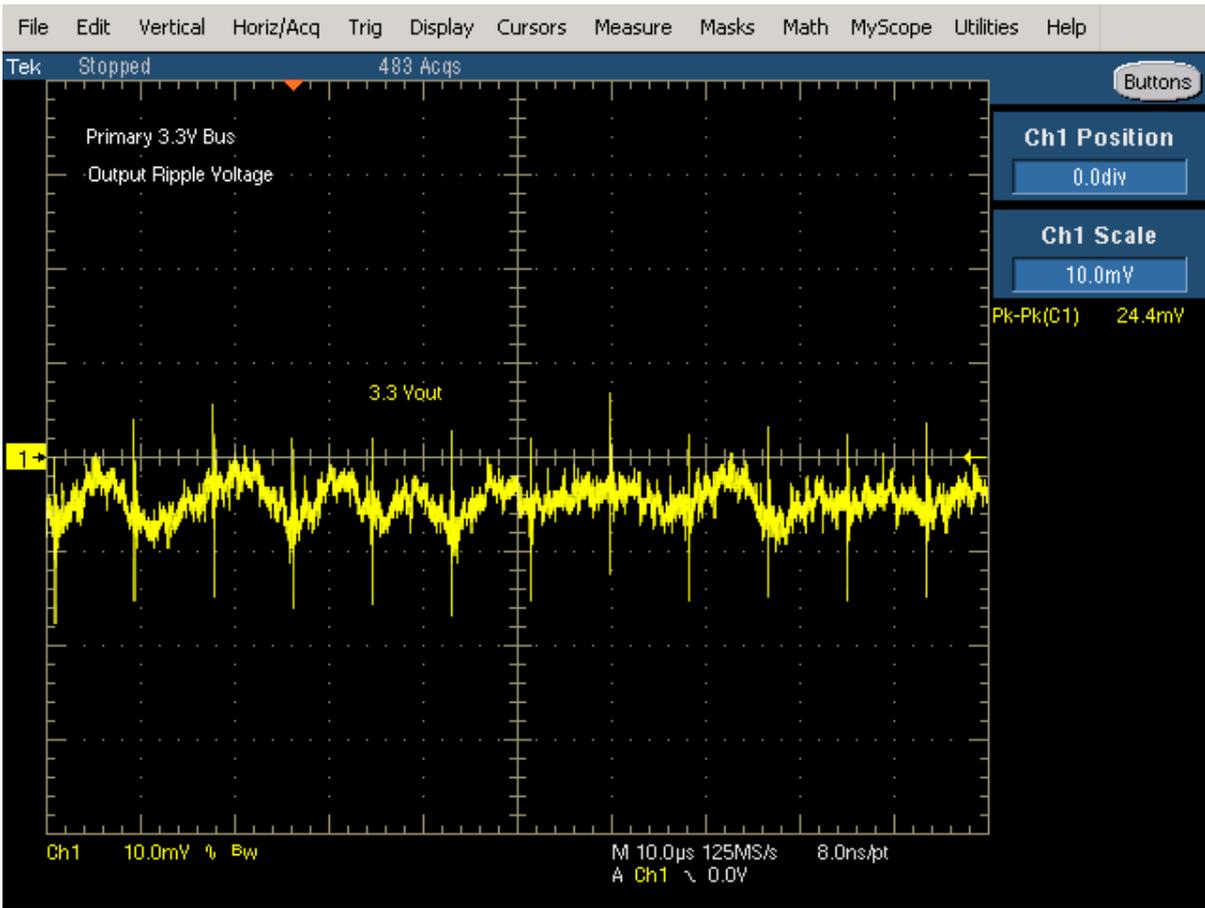
I. TFT-LCD Module (Sharp) and Backlighting

This module is a color active matrix LCD display incorporating amorphous silicon Thin Film Transistor (TFT) technology. It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, a controller circuit, power supply, and a dual backlight unit. Graphics and text can be displayed on an 800 x 3 x 600 dots panel with 262,144 colors by supplying an 18-bit data signal (6bit/color), four timing signals, 3.3V_{DC} or 5V_{DC} supply voltage for the TFT-LCD driving panel and supply voltage for the backlight.

The TFT-LCD panel used for this module is a low-reflection and higher color saturation type. Therefore, this module is suitable for multimedia use. Optimum viewing angle is at 6 o'clock.

NOTE: There is a trend to replace CCFL lamps with LEDs for LCD Display Backlighting. This greatly reduces the EMI and high voltage concerns when using CCFL Inverter Modules, without compromising the performance of the display panel. See the LM3431 Two Channel 60mA Backlight LED Driver for CCFL Replacement reference design for more information on an alternative backlight powering method.

Additionally, in Portable Media Player (PMP) devices, the LCD Display brightness may require a controlled adjustment depending on the ambient lighting conditions. See LM3423 Adaptive LED Driver with Automatic Ambient Light Brightness Compensation for more information on this automatic adaptive backlighting control feature.



waveform

FIGURE 6. Primary 3.3V Bus - Output Ripple Voltage

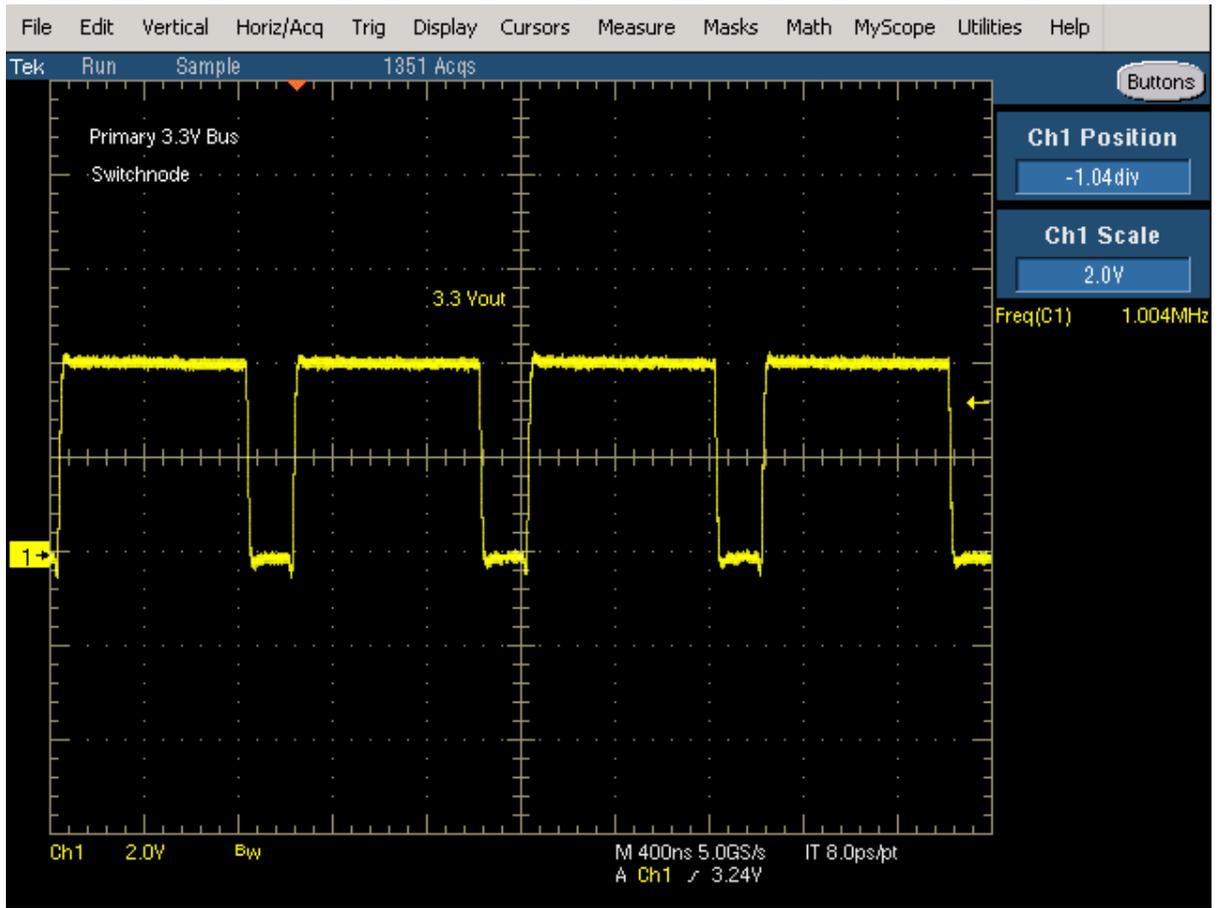
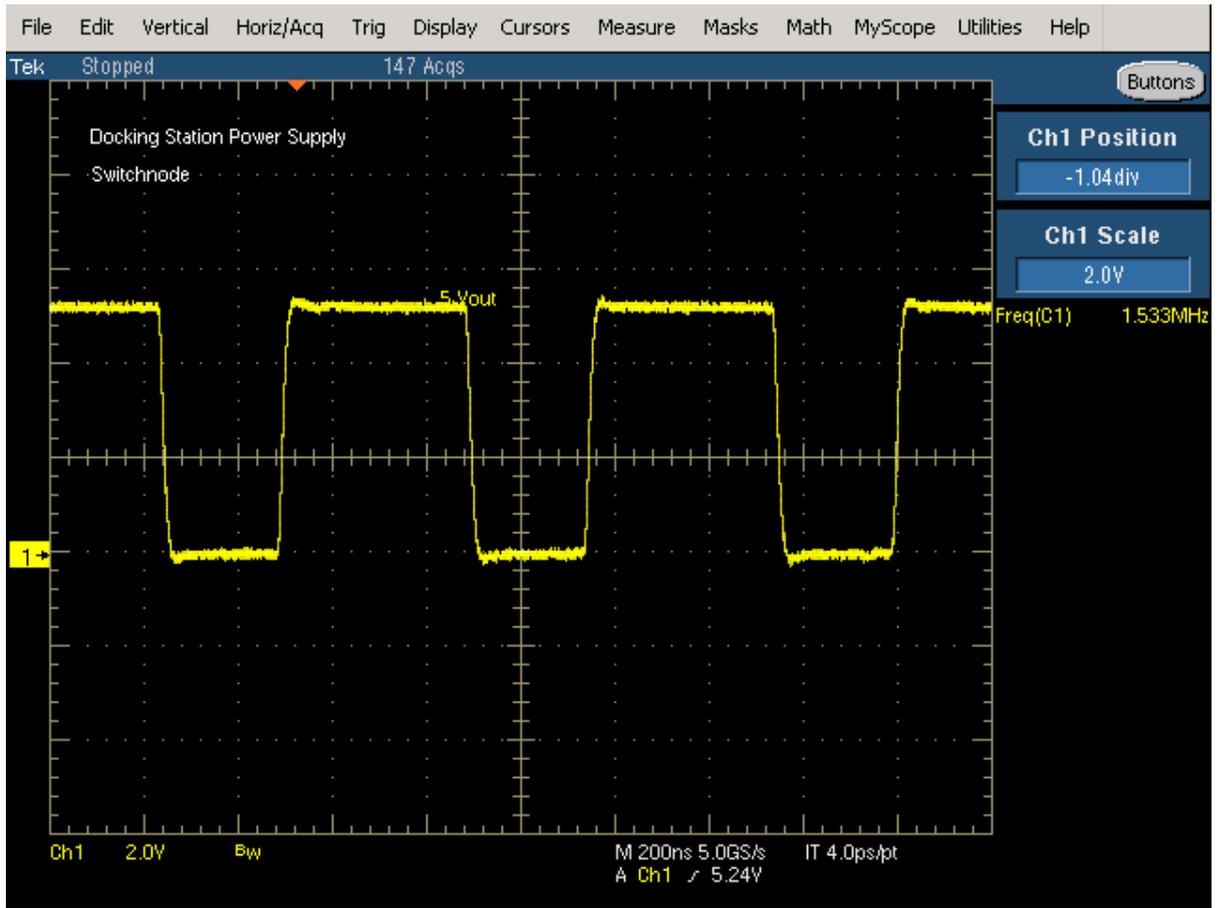


FIGURE 7. Primary 3.3V Bus - Switchnode Voltage



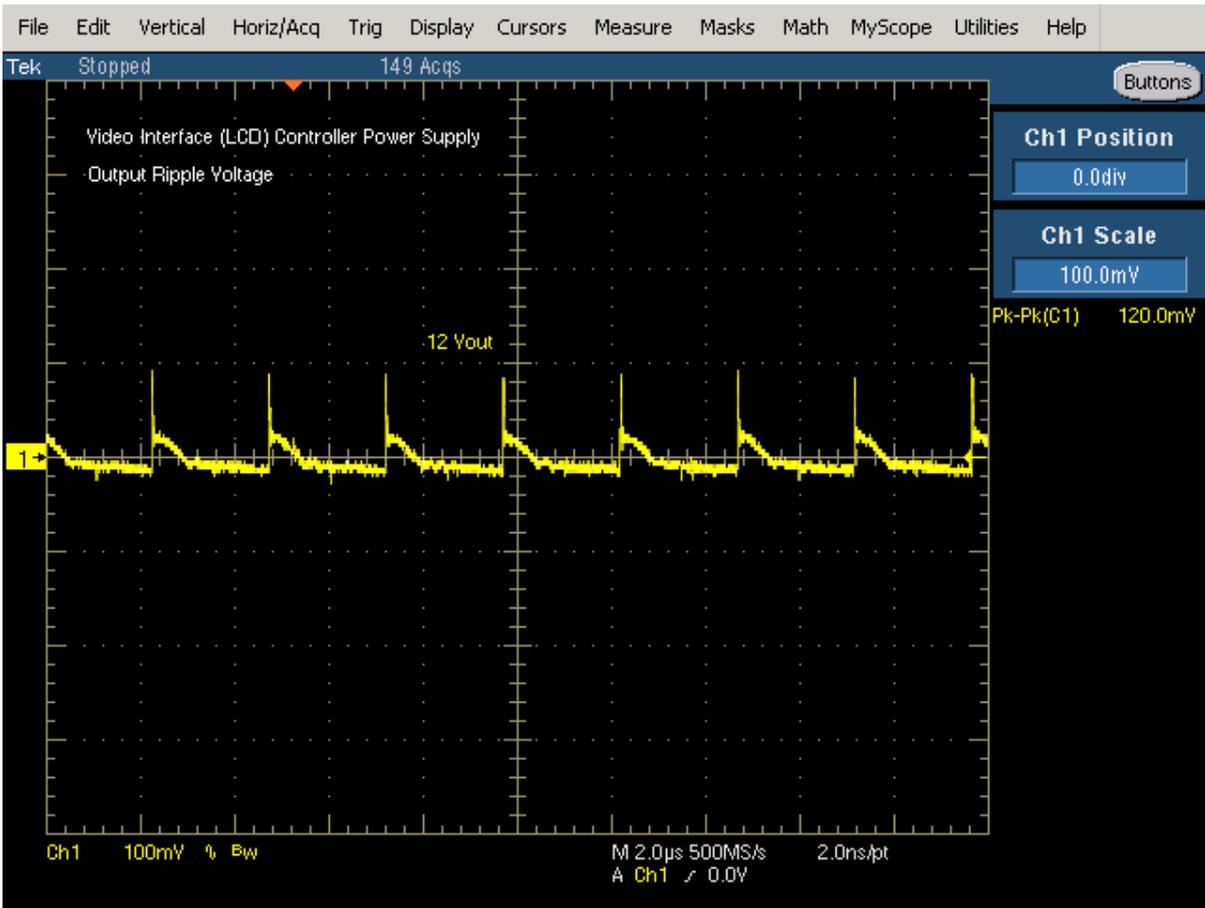
waveform2

FIGURE 8. Docking Station Power Supply - Output Ripple Voltage



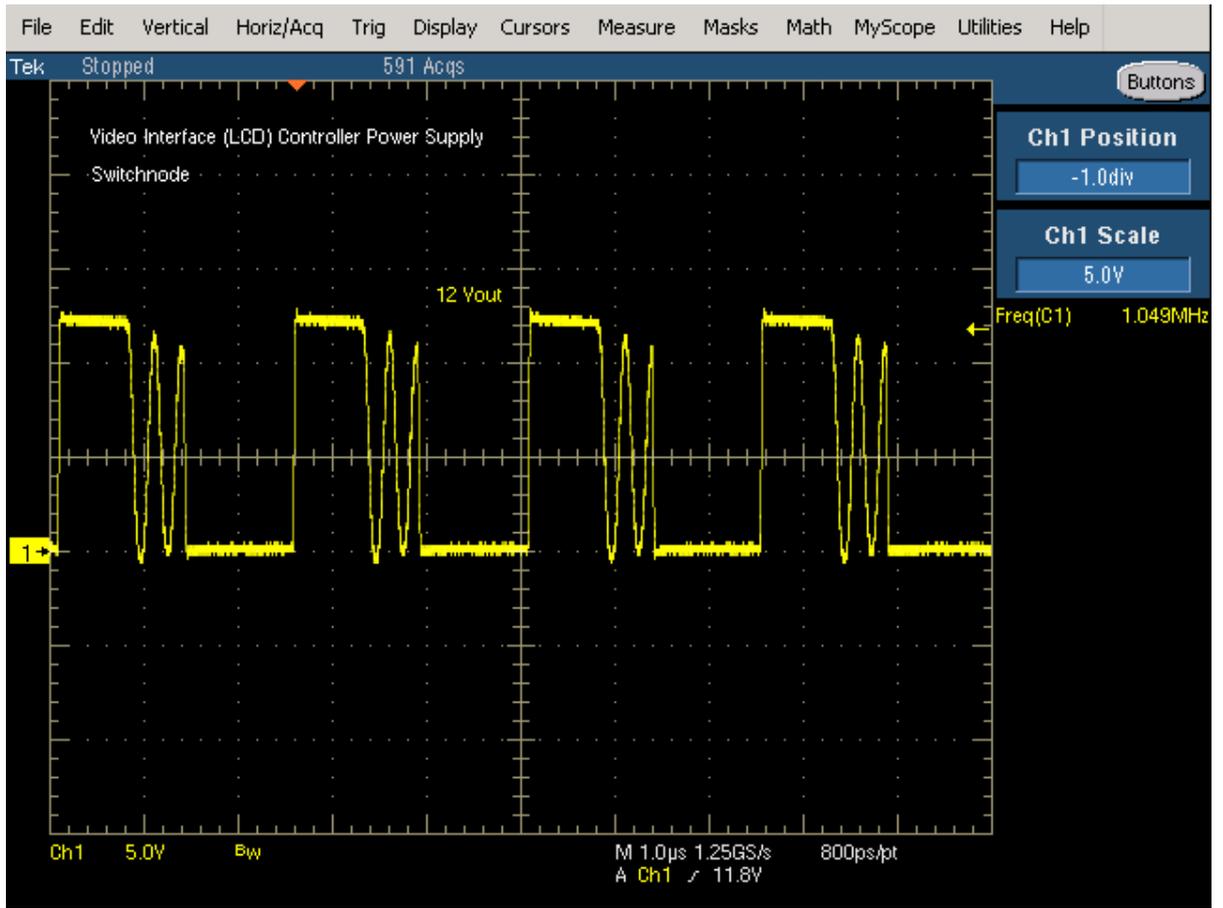
waveform3

FIGURE 9. Docking Station Power Supply - Switchnode Voltage



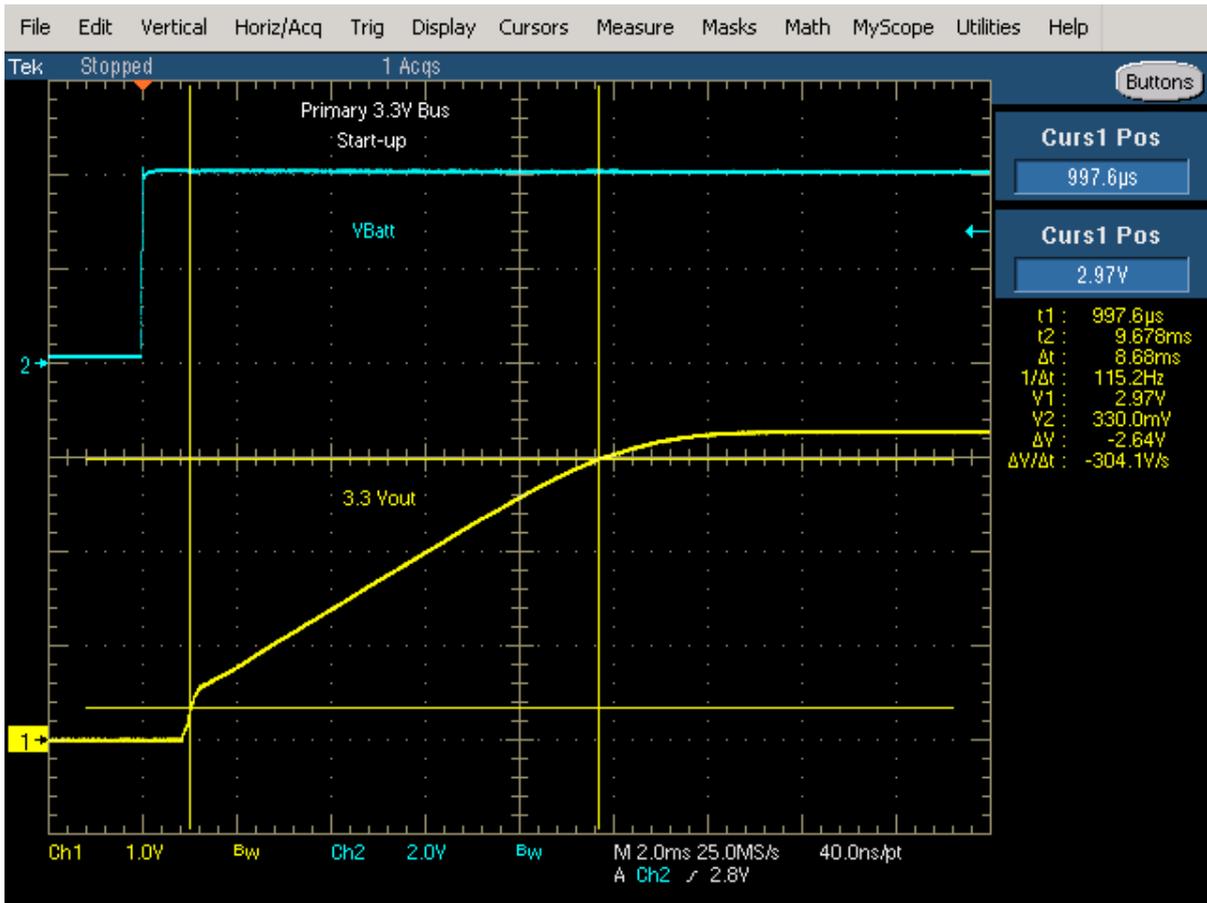
other7

FIGURE 10. Video Interface Controller Power Supply - Output Ripple Voltage



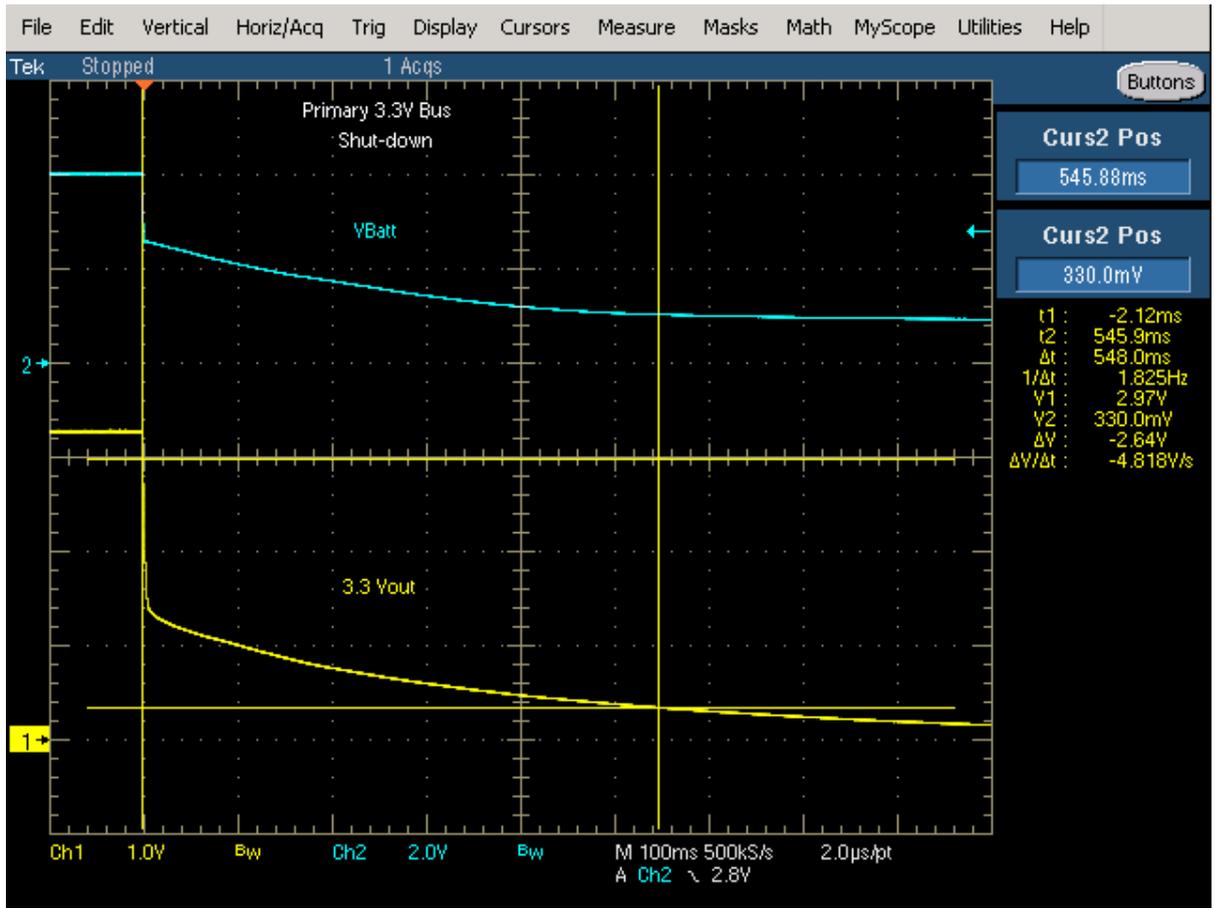
other8

FIGURE 11. Video Interface Controller Power Supply - Switchnode Voltage



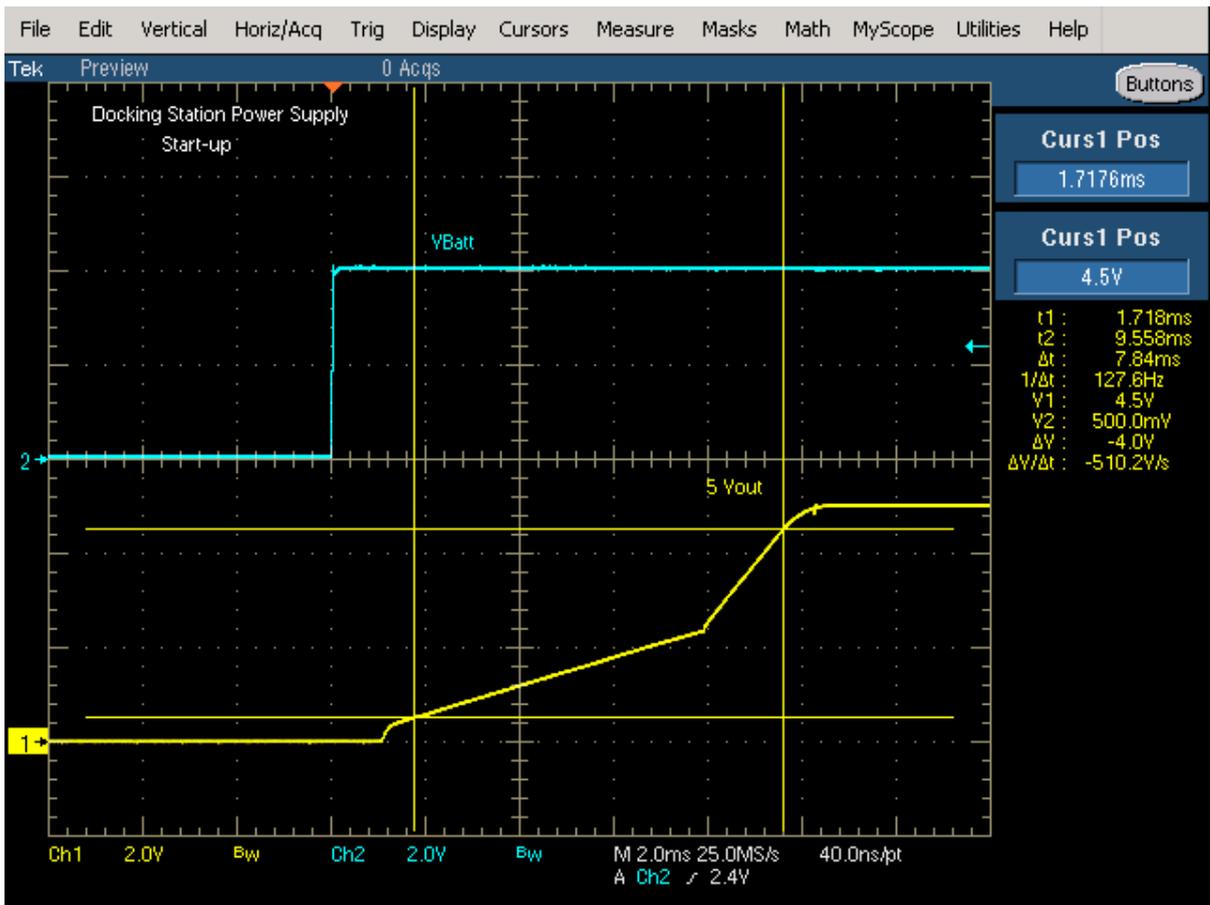
waveform4

FIGURE 12. Primary 3.3V Bus - Start-up Waveform



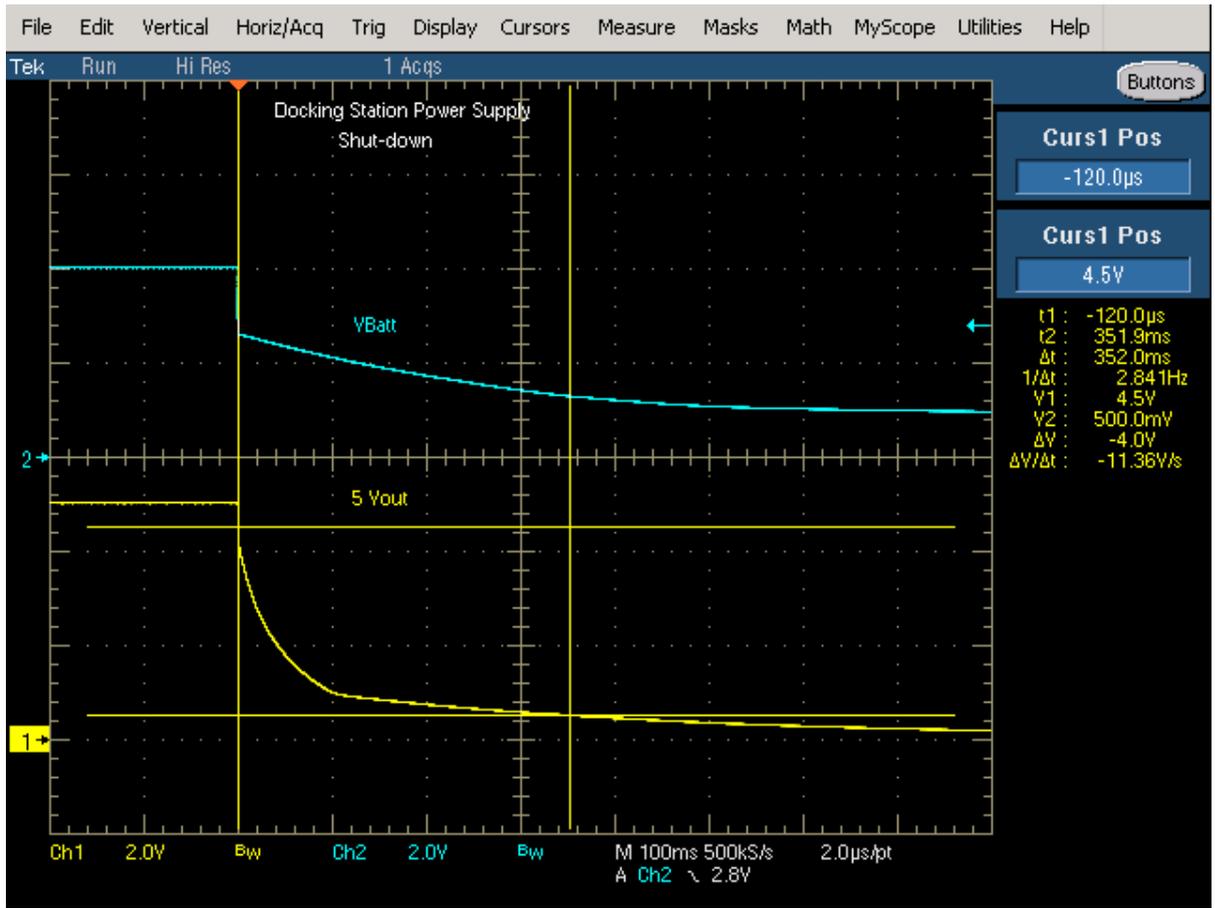
waveform5

FIGURE 13. Primary 3.3V Bus - Shut-down Waveform



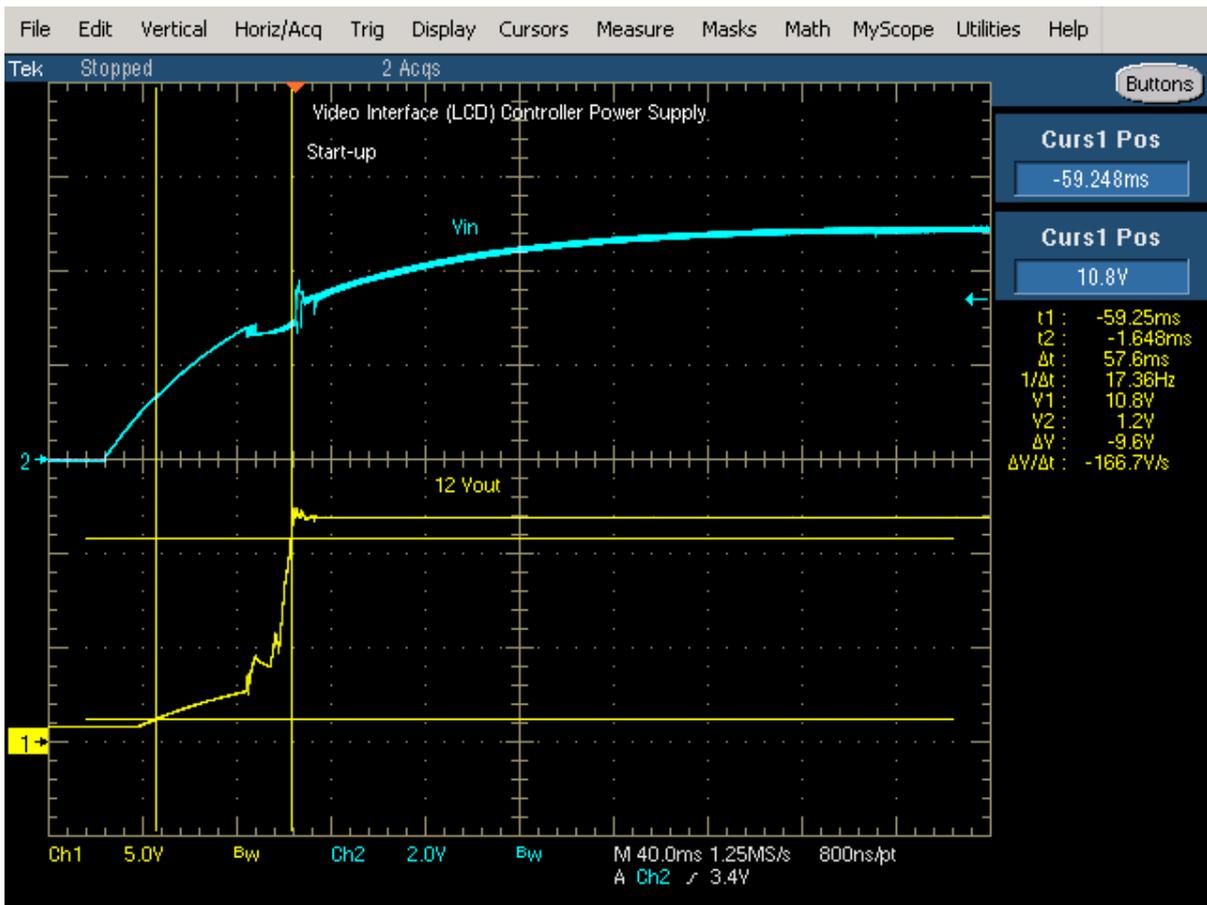
waveform6

FIGURE 14. Docking Station Power Supply - Start-up Waveform



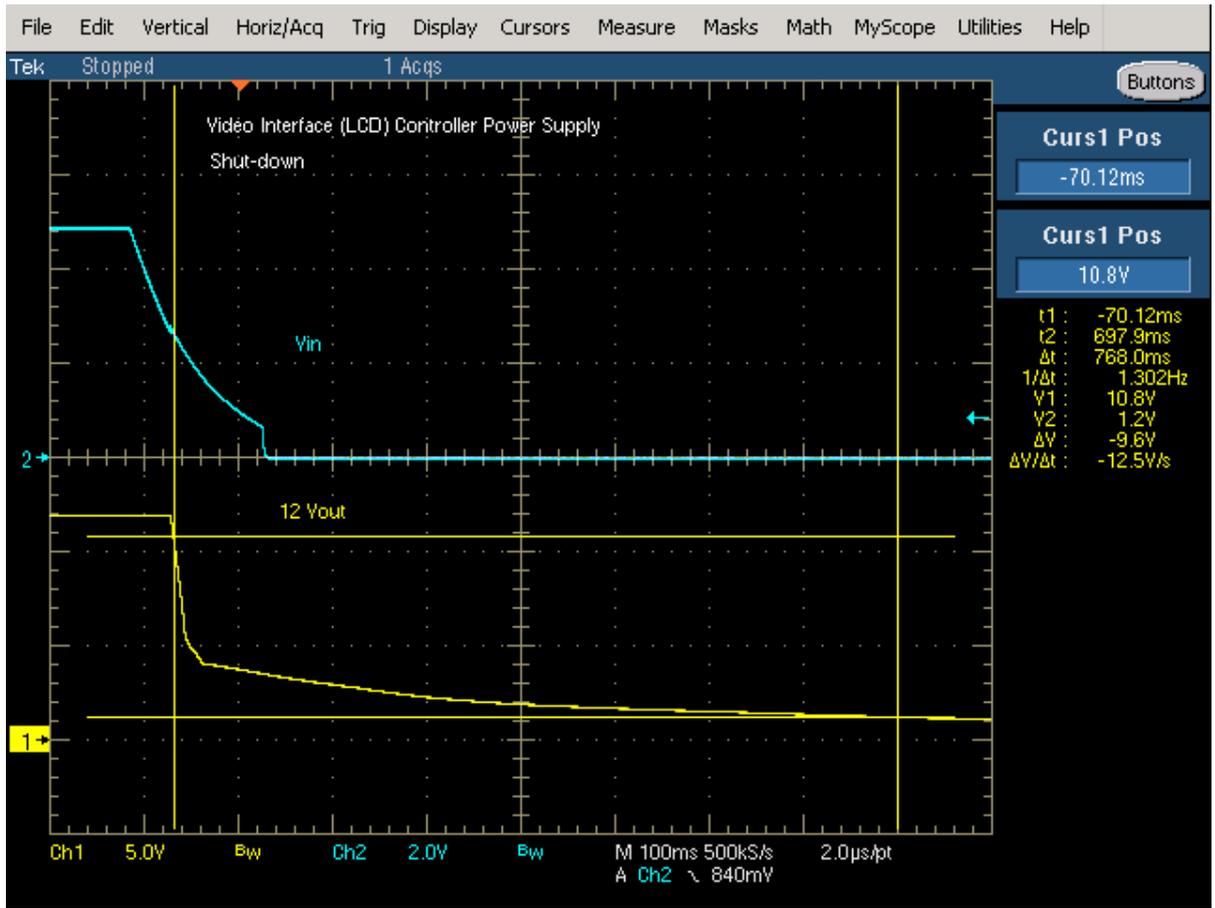
waveform7

FIGURE 15. Docking Station Power Supply - Shut-down Waveform



waveform8

FIGURE 16. Video Interface Controller Power Supply - Start-up Waveform



other9

FIGURE 17. Video Interface Controller Power Supply - Shut-down Waveform

11.0 Appendix

Section 1

Power Management and Audio Segments

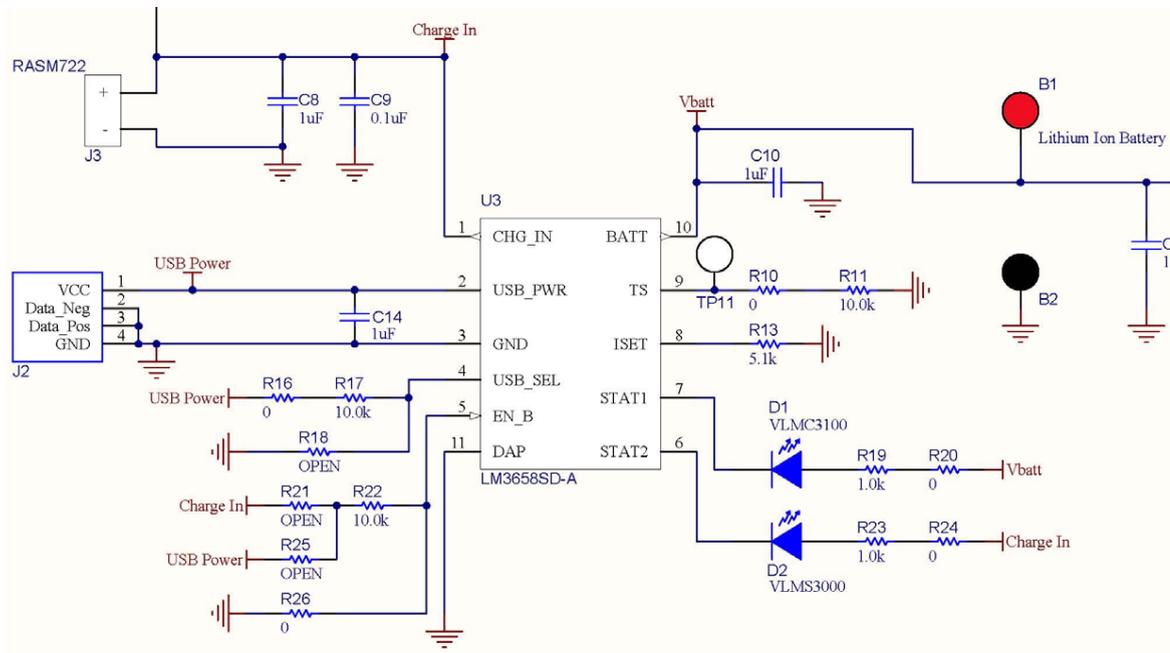


image8

FIGURE 18. Dual Source AC/USB Battery Charger and Power Sourcing Circuit Schematic

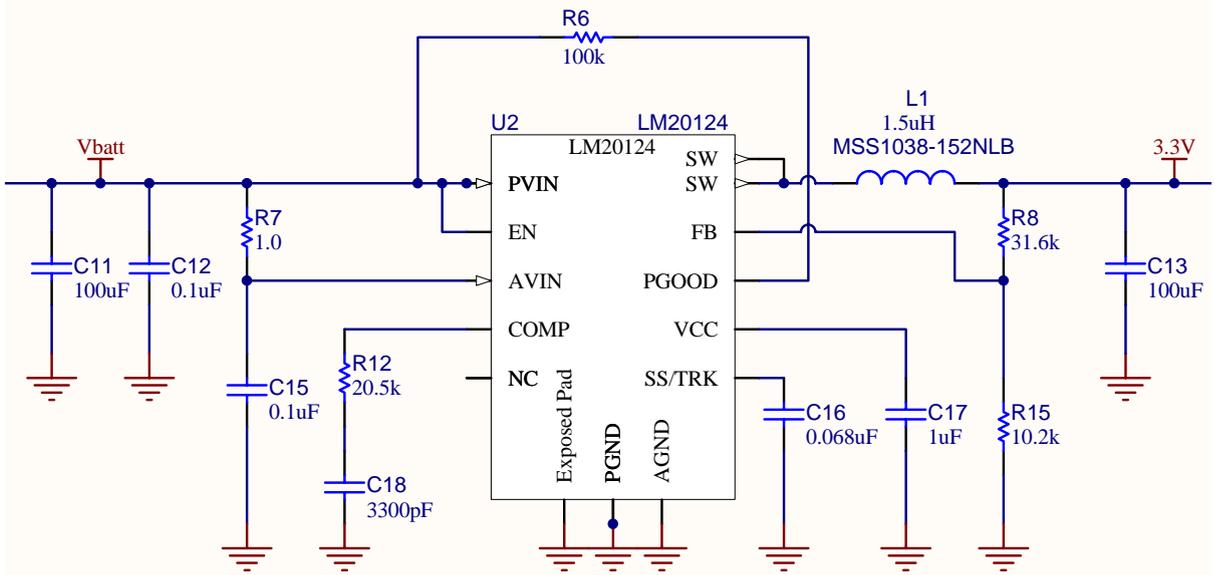


image9

FIGURE 19. Primary 3.3V Power Supply Schematic

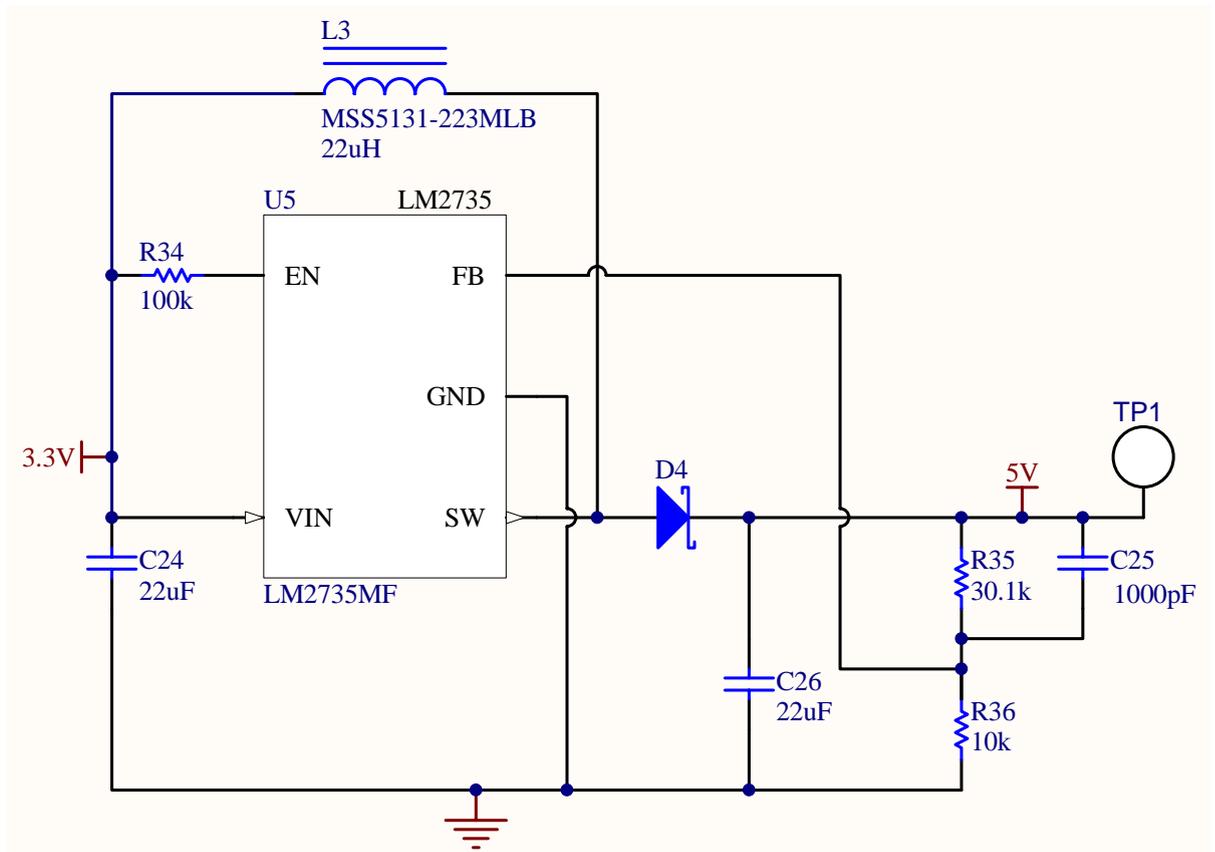


image10

FIGURE 20. Docking Station Power Supply Schematic

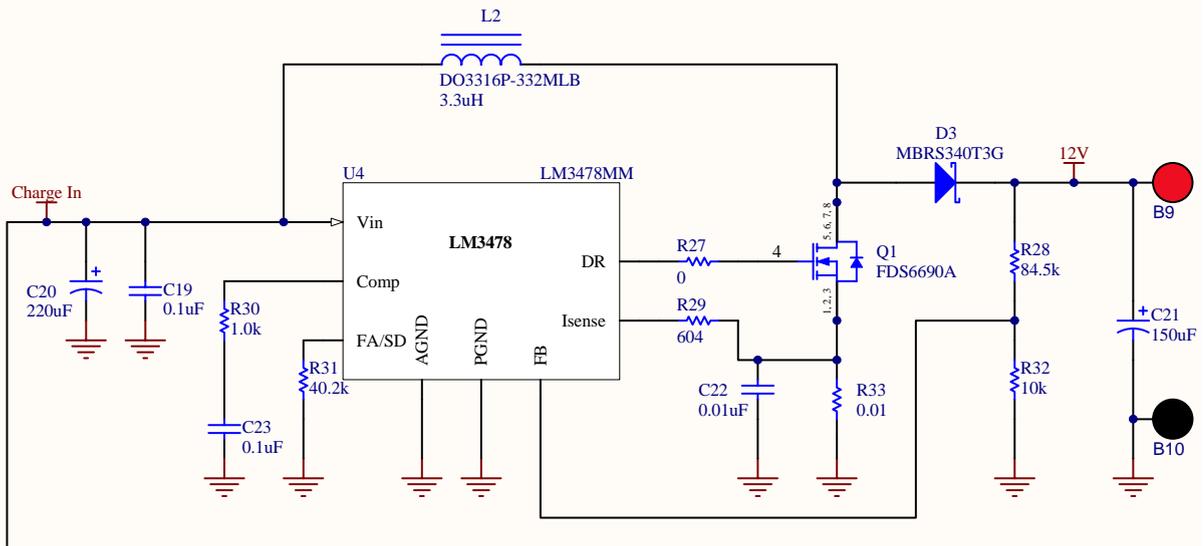


image11

FIGURE 21. Video Interface (LCD) Controller Power Supply Schematic

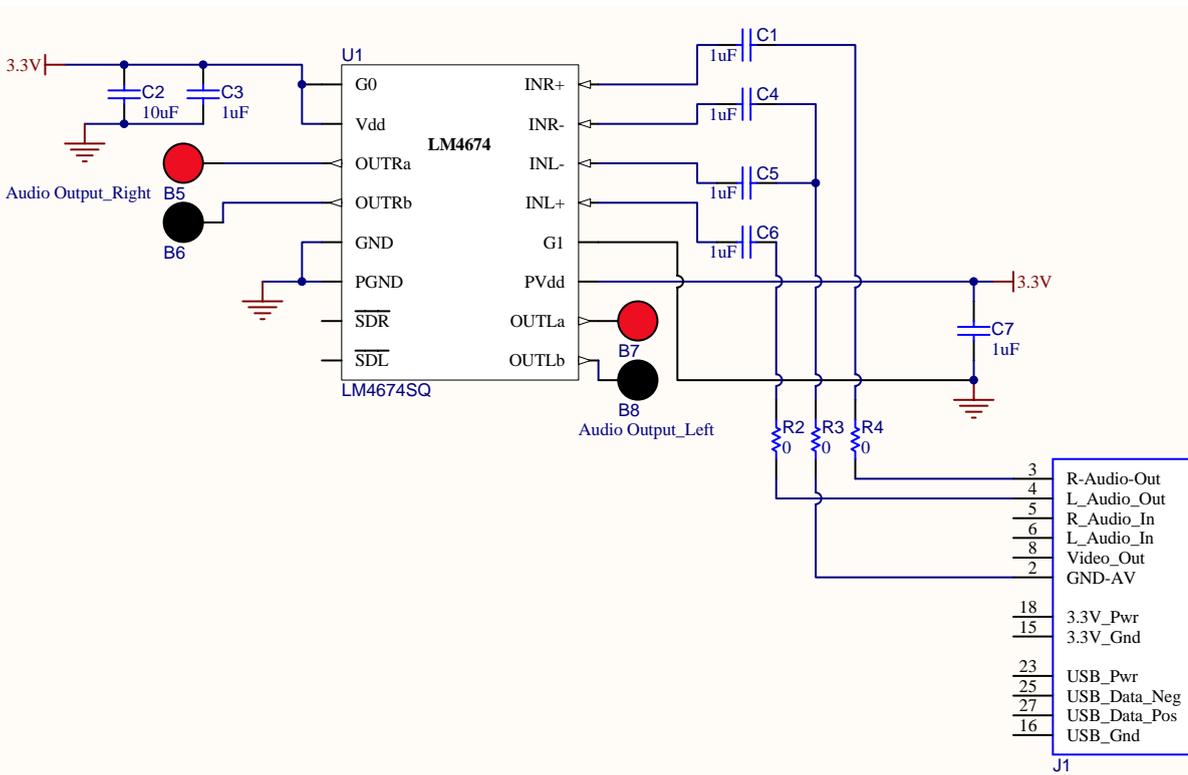
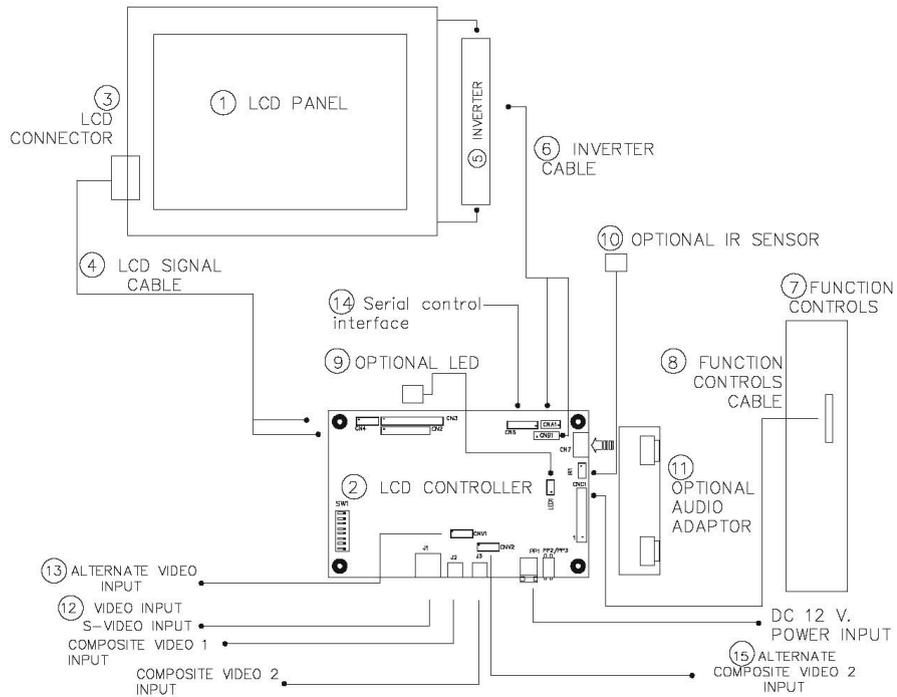


image12

FIGURE 22. Stereo Class D Audio Amplifier Schematic

Section 2

Video Interface (LCD) Controller



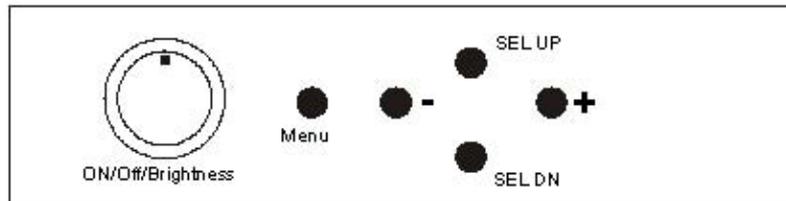
Summary:

1. LCD panel
 2. LCD controller card, AVP-1280
 3. LCD panel connector board for LCD signal cable (if necessary)
 4. LCD signal cables
 5. Inverter for backlight (if not built into LCD)
 6. Inverter cable
 7. Function controls
 8. Function controls cable
 9. Status LED (optional)
 10. IR sensor (optional)
 11. Audio add-on board (optional)
 12. AV cables (J1: S-video, J2: Composite video 1, J3: Composite video 2)
 13. Alternate S-video or Composite video 1 input
 14. Serial control interface
 15. Alternate Composite video 2 input
- Power supply
 - Enclosure or Mounting (not shown)

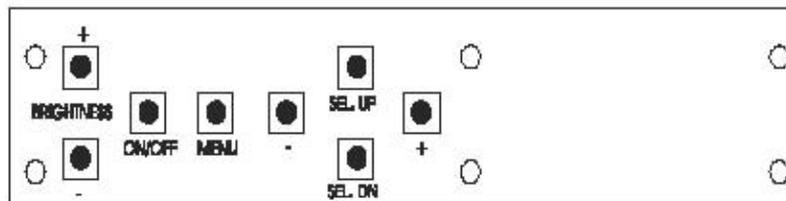
other6

FIGURE 23. Typical LCD Based Display System Diagram

| Controls | Analog VR type | Digital type |
|--|------------------|------------------------|
| On/Off – turns controller board power on | VR toggle switch | On/Off button |
| Brightness – controls backlight brightness | Rotary VR | Brightness +/- buttons |
| Menu – turns OSD menu On or Off (it will auto time off) | Menu button | Menu button |
| Select down – moves the selector to the next function (down) | SEL DN | SEL DN |
| Select up – moves the selector to the previous function (up) | SEL UP | SEL UP |
| + – increase the setting/confirm the select | + | + |
| - – decrease setting | - | - |



Analog VR type

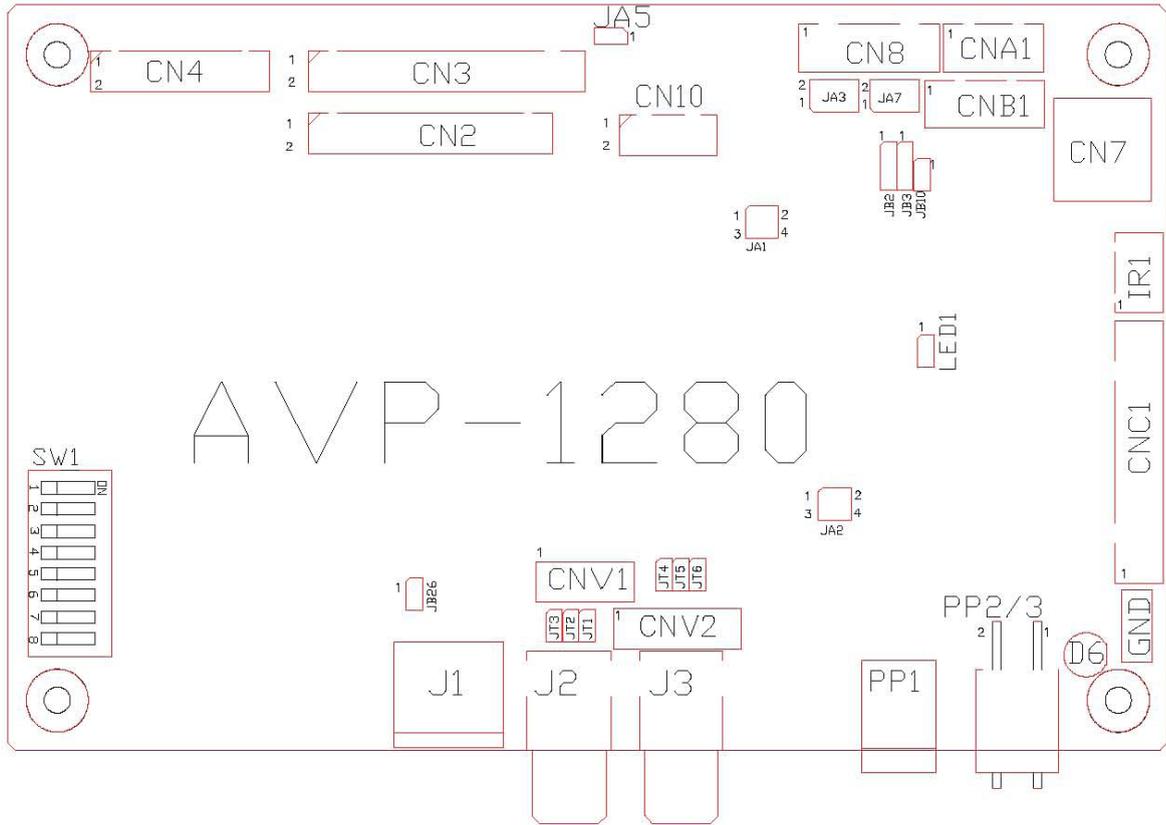


Digital type

To turn on the OSD menu: Press the MENU button
 Move to next icon: Press the MENU button
 Select options within icon menu: Use SEL UP/SEL DN buttons, the selected option is in yellow.
 Increase/decrease setting: Use +/- buttons
 Move selection left/right: Use +/- buttons, the selected option is in green
 To confirm the selection: Use + button

diagram1

FIGURE 24. On Screen Display (OSD) Controller Diagram



Summary: Connectors

| Ref | Purpose | Description |
|-------|------------------------------|--|
| CN2 | Panel signal | Hirose 28-pin, DF11-28DP-2DSA (Matching type : DF11-28DS-2C) |
| CN3 | Panel signal | Hirose 32-pin, DF11-32DP-2DSA (Matching type : DF11-32DS-2C) |
| CN4 | Panel signal | Hirose 20-pin, DF11-20DP-2DSA (Matching type : DF11-20DS-2C) |
| CN7 | Audio board connector | DIL socket header 5x2 right angle |
| CN8 | RS-232 serial control | JST 6-way, B6B-XH-A (Matching type : XHP-6) |
| CN10 | Panel signal | Hirose 10-pin, DF11-10DP-2DSA (Matching type : DF11-10DS-2C) |
| CNA1 | Auxiliary power output | JST 4-way, B4B-XH-A (Matching type : XHP-4) |
| CNB1 | Backlight inverter | JST 5-way, B5B-XH-A (Matching type : XHP-5) |
| CNC1 | OSD controls | JST 12-way, B12B-XH-A (Matching type : XHP-12) |
| CNV1 | Alternate video in | JST 5-way, B5B-PH-K (Matching type : PHR-5) |
| CNV2 | Alternate composite video in | JST 6-way, B6B-PH-K (Matching type : PHR-6) |
| J1 | S-video in | Mini din 4-way |
| J2 | Composite video 1 in | RCA jack (yellow) |
| J3 | Composite video 2 in | RCA jack (yellow) |
| IR1 | Infra-Red sensor connector | JST 3-way, B3B-XH-A (Matching type : XHP-3) |
| LED1 | Dual color LED connector | Header pin 3x1 |
| PP1 | Main power input | DC power jack, 2.5mm contact pin diameter |
| PP2/3 | Power input (alternative) | DC power Molex 2 pin 0.156" pitch |
| SW1 | Panel selection | 8-positions DIP Switch |

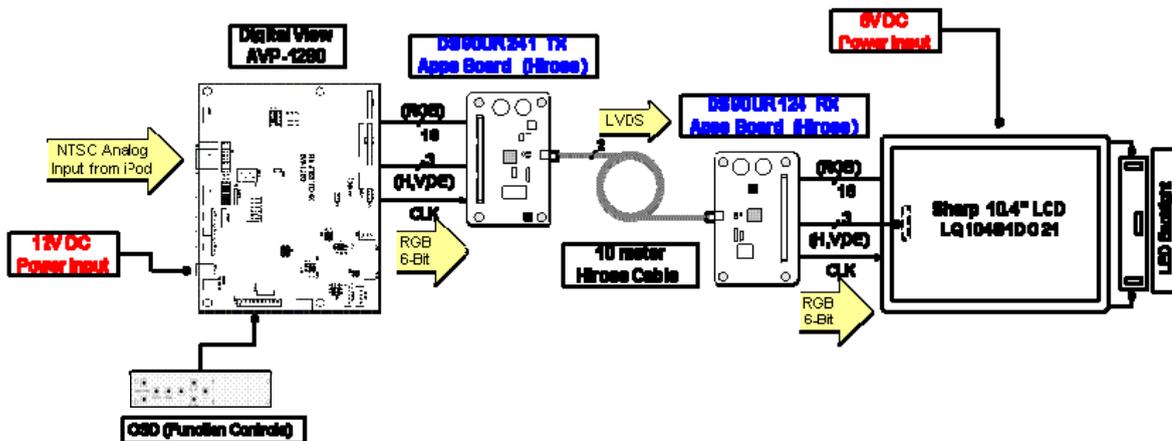
image2

FIGURE 25. Video Interface Controller connectors, pinouts, and jumpers

Section 3

SERDES

Serializer/Deserializer



other7

FIGURE 26. SERDES System Block Diagram with Video Interface Controller and LCD Display

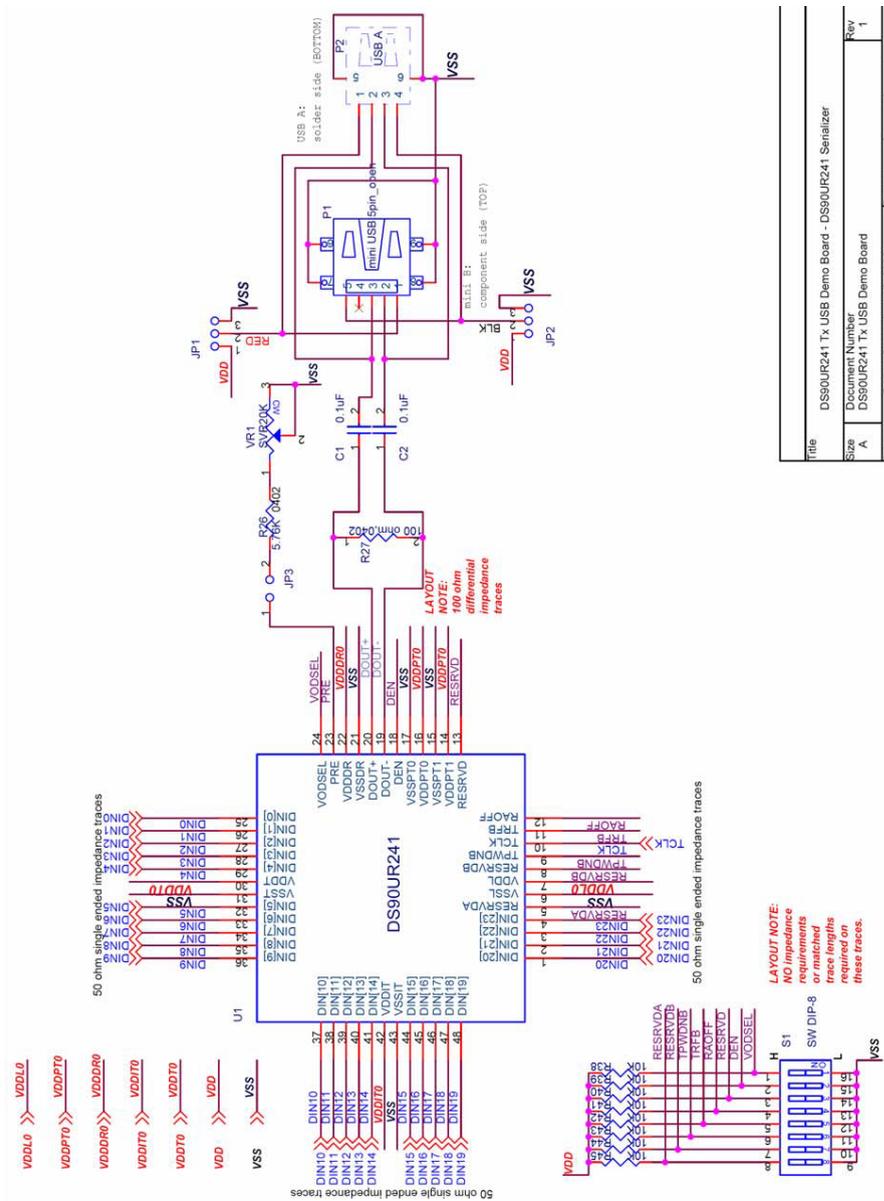


FIGURE 28. DS90UR241 Serializer

| Title | | DS90UR241 Tx USB Demo Board - DS90UR241 Serializer | |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|-----|
| Size | Document Number | Sheet | Rev |
| A | DS90UR241 Tx USB Demo Board | 2 | 1 |
| Date | Fri, 15 September 2006 | of | 4 |

image32

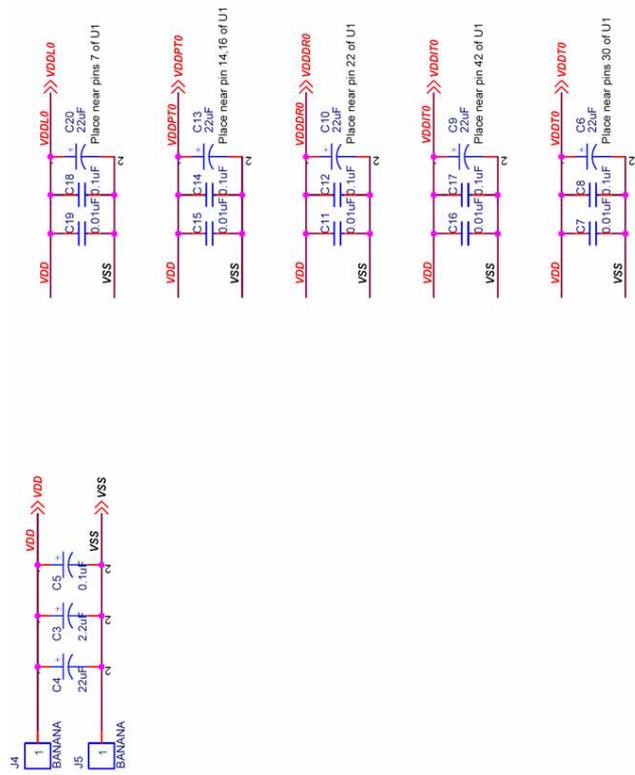
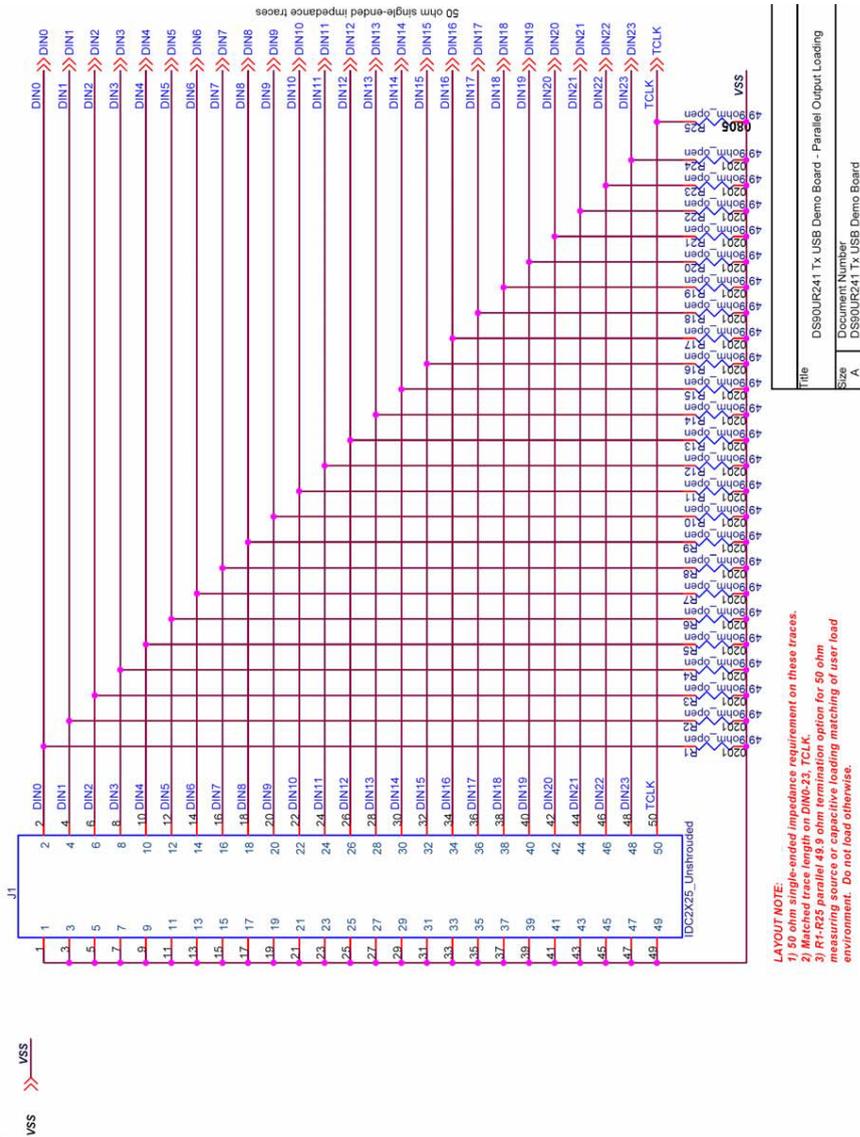


FIGURE 29. DS90UR241 Power and Decoupling

image33



LAYOUT NOTE:
 1) 50 ohm single-ended impedance requirement on these traces.
 2) Matched trace length on DIN0-23, TCLK.
 3) R1-R23 families are a minimum option for 50 ohm measurement purposes or accurate loading matching of user load environment. Do not load otherwise.

| | |
|-------|---|
| Title | DS90UR241 Tx USB Demo Board - Parallel Output Loading |
| Size | Document Number |
| A | DS90UR241 Tx USB Demo Board |

FIGURE 30. DS90UR241 Parallel Output Loading

image34

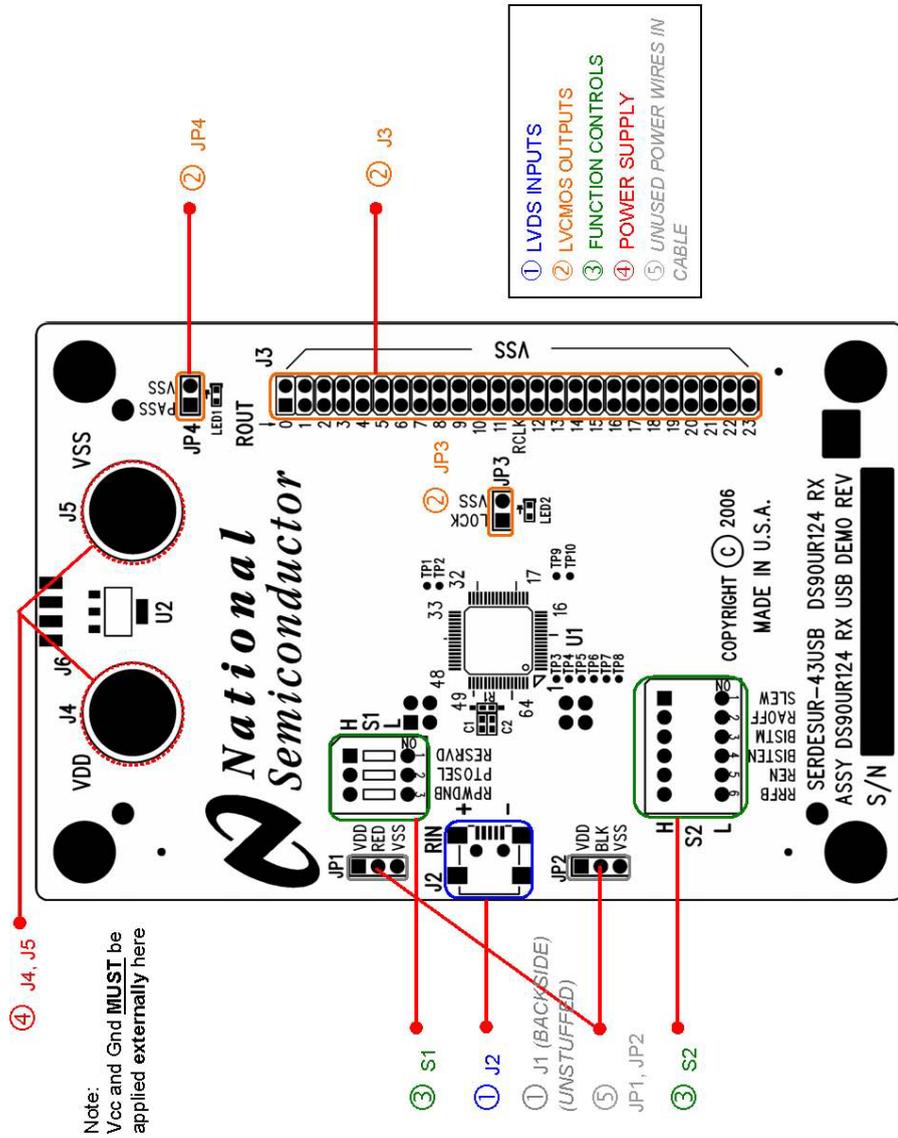


FIGURE 31. DS90UR124 Deserializer Board

image35

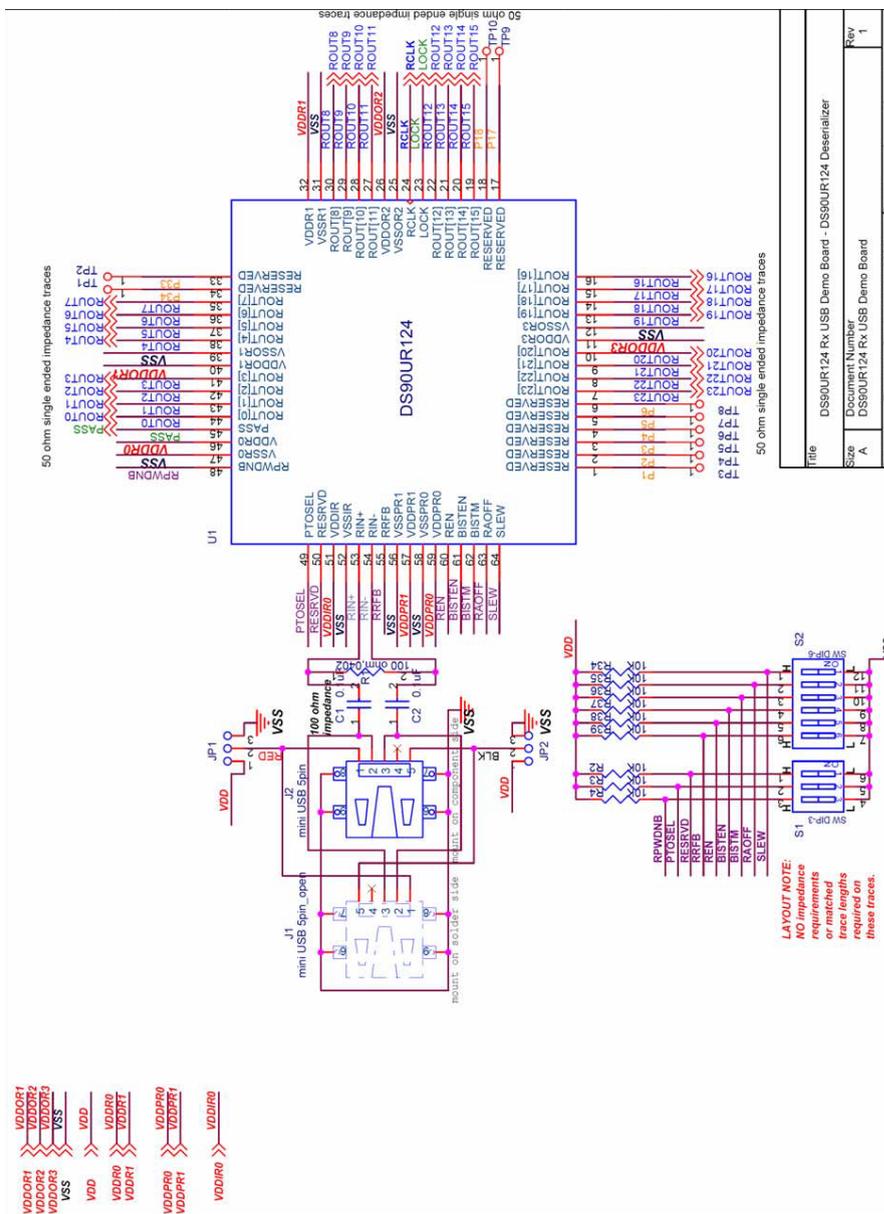


FIGURE 32. DS90UR124 Deserializer

image36

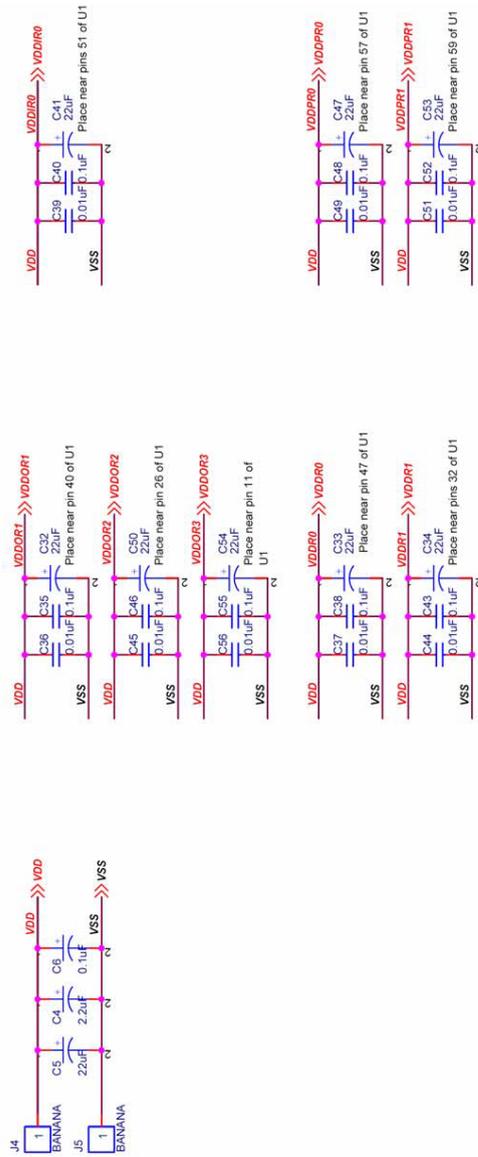


FIGURE 33. DS90UR124 Power and Decoupling

image37

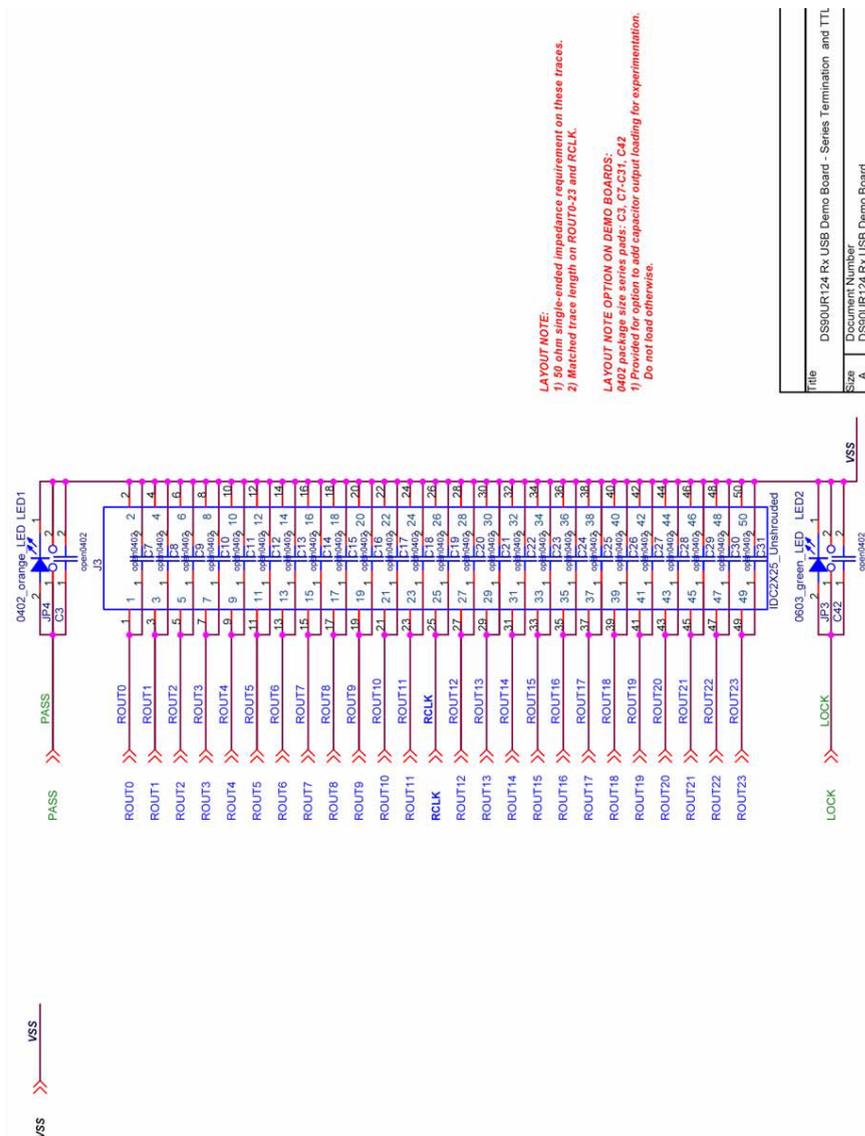


FIGURE 34. DS90UR124 Series Termination and TTL Loading

image38

Section 4

TFT-LCD Panel Display Module

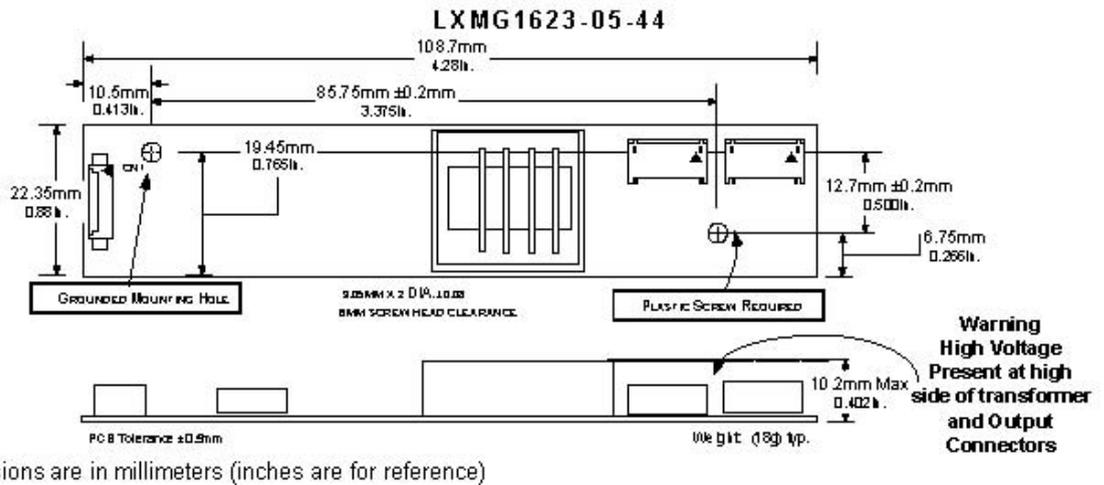


FIGURE 35. 5V Dual 4W Programmable Inverter Module

image39

Notes

Notes

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