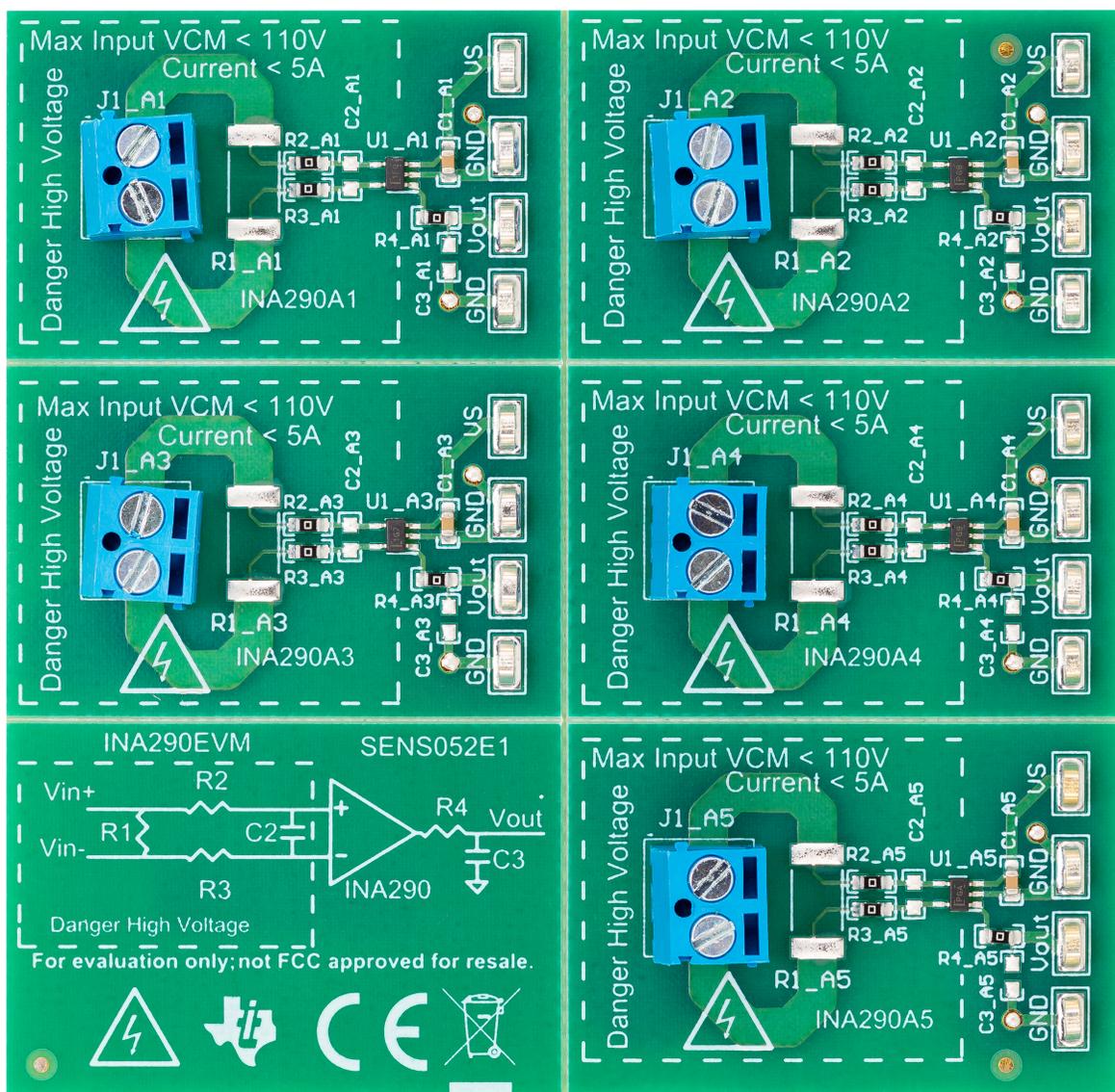


INA290EVM

This user's guide describes the characteristics, operation, and use of the INA290 evaluation module (EVM). This EVM is designed to evaluate the performance of the INA290 voltage-output, current shunt monitor in a variety of configurations. Throughout this document, the terms evaluation board, evaluation module, and EVM are synonymous with the INA290EVM. This document also includes a schematic, reference printed-circuit board (PCB) layouts, and a complete bill of materials (BOM).



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1 General Texas Instruments High Voltage Evaluation (TI HV EVM) User Safety Guidelines



Always follow TI's setup and application instructions, including use of all interface components within their recommended electrical rated voltage and power limits. Always use electrical safety precautions to help ensure your personal safety and those working around you. Contact TI's Product Information Center <http://support/ti.com> for further information.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

WARNING

Failure to follow warnings and instructions may result in personal injury, property damage or death due to electrical shock and burn hazards.

The term TI HV EVM refers to an electronic device typically provided as an open framed, unenclosed printed circuit board assembly. It is *intended strictly for use in development laboratory environments, solely for qualified professional users having training, expertise and knowledge of electrical safety risks in development and application of high voltage electrical circuits. Any other use and/or application are strictly prohibited by Texas Instruments.* If you are not suitable qualified, you should immediately stop from further use of the HV EVM.

1. Work Area Safety

- a. Keep work area clean and orderly.
- b. Qualified observer(s) must be present anytime circuits are energized.
- c. Effective barriers and signage must be present in the area where the TI HV EVM and its interface electronics are energized, indicating operation of accessible high voltages may be present, for the purpose of protecting inadvertent access.
- d. All interface circuits, power supplies, evaluation modules, instruments, meters, scopes and other related apparatus used in a development environment exceeding 50Vrms/75VDC must be electrically located within a protected Emergency Power Off EPO protected power strip.
- e. Use stable and nonconductive work surface.
- f. Use adequately insulated clamps and wires to attach measurement probes and instruments. No freehand testing whenever possible.

2. Electrical Safety

As a precautionary measure, it is always a good engineering practice to assume that the entire EVM may have fully accessible and active high voltages.

- a. De-energize the TI HV EVM and all its inputs, outputs and electrical loads before performing any electrical or other diagnostic measurements. Revalidate that TI HV EVM power has been safely de-energized.
- b. With the EVM confirmed de-energized, proceed with required electrical circuit configurations, wiring, measurement equipment connection, and other application needs, while still assuming the EVM circuit and measuring instruments are electrically live.
- c. After EVM readiness is complete, energize the EVM as intended.

WARNING

While the EVM is energized, never touch the EVM or its electrical circuits, as they could be at high voltages capable of causing electrical shock hazard.

3. Personal Safety

- a. Wear personal protective equipment (for example, latex gloves or safety glasses with side shields) or protect EVM in an adequate lucent plastic box with interlocks to protect from accidental touch.

Limitation for safe use:

EVMs are not to be used as all or part of a production unit.

2 Overview

The INA290-Q1 device is a voltage-output, high-side current sense amplifier with an enable pin in a very-small SC-70 (5) package. As shown in [Table 1](#), the INA290 has gains that range from 20 V/V to 500 V/V, depending on the gain option that is selected. The voltage developed across the device inputs is amplified by the corresponding gain of the specific device, and is presented at the output pin. The device can accurately sense voltage drops across shunts at 2.7-V to +110-V common-mode voltages, dependent of supply voltages. The device survives common-mode voltages from –20 V to +120 V. The device operates with supply voltages between 2.7 V and 20 V, and draws a typical of 350 μ A at room temperature.

Table 1. INA290 Gain Option Summary

| Product ⁽¹⁾ | Gain (V/V) |
|------------------------|------------|
| INA290A1 | 20 |
| INA290A2 | 50 |
| INA290A3 | 100 |
| INA290A4 | 200 |
| INA290A5 | 500 |

⁽¹⁾ INA290B-Q1 is a preview device.

2.1 EVM Kit Contents

[Table 2](#) summarizes the contents of the INA290EVM kit. Contact the nearest [Texas Instruments Product Information Center](#) if any component is missing. TI also recommends to check the [INA290-Q1 device product folder](#) at www.ti.com for any further information regarding this product.

Table 2. INA290EVM Kit Contents

| Item | Item Part Number | Quantity |
|----------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| INA290EVM test board | INA290EVM | 1 |

2.2 Related Documentation From Texas Instruments

This document provides information regarding Texas Instruments' integrated circuits used in the assembly of the INA290EVM.

Table 3. Related Documentation

| Document | Literature Number |
|--|-------------------------|
| INA290-Q1 product data sheet | SBOS955 |

3 Hardware

The INA290EVM provides a basic functional evaluation of the INA290. The fixture layout is not intended to be a model for the target circuit, nor is it laid out for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) testing. The INA290EVM is one PCB with five optional PCB cutouts the engineer can use to test each of the five gain options (1 to 5) listed in [Table 1](#). Each PCB cutout has one INA290 n device (where n is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5), test points and sockets for external hardware connections, and pads to solder down optional circuitry.

3.1 Features

The INA290EVM PCB provides the following features:

- Evaluation of all gain options through provided device boards
- Ease of access to device pins with test points
- Pads and sockets for optional filtering at the input pins and output pin
- Multiple input signal options, including a method to solder a shunt resistor (2512) and safely measure current up to 5 A.

See the [device data sheet](#) for comprehensive information about the INA290 and the available gain options.

4 Operation

4.1 Quick Start Setup

Follow these procedures to set up and use one of the INA290EVM panels. For these instructions, n is gain option 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

- Step 1. Choose the desired gain option panel variation.
- Step 2. Connect an external DC supply voltage (between 2.7 V and 20 V) to a VS test point. Connect the ground reference of that supply to a GND test point on the same panel.
- Step 3. Provide a differential input voltage signal to the Vin+ and Vin– nodes by connecting the signal leads to the J1_n pin 1 and J1_n pin 2 on the EVM, as explained in [Section 4.2](#). The INA290 is a unidirectional current-sensing device because there is no reference pin. The device can only measure current in one direction.

4.2 Measurements

The user can either emulate the voltage developed across a sense resistor based on a given set of system conditions with the INA290EVM, or connect the device inputs to an external shunt. The user can also solder a surface-mount technology (SMT) shunt resistor across the Vin+ and Vin– pads, and these inputs can be connected in series with the external system and load.

To configure a measurement evaluation without a shunt resistor, follow this procedure:

1. Connect a positive differential voltage across the Vin+ (J1_n) and Vin– (J1_n) tabs. Given the internal GND reference of the device, make sure that the Vin+ pin is the more positive of the two inputs.
2. Connect a 2.7-V to 110-V common-mode voltage to the inputs if the differential voltage supply is a floating supply. Connect the positive lead of the external voltage source to the Vin– (J1_n) tab and source ground to a GND test point. The minimum common-mode voltage should be $>V_S$. This action effectively raises the absolute common-mode voltage of the input pins, while still retaining a positive input differential signal.
3. Measure the output voltage at the Vout test point with respect to GND.

To configure a measurement evaluation with a shunt resistor, follow this procedure:

1. Solder a 2512 resistor at the R1_n pads that connects the Vin+ (J1_n) and Vin– (J1_n) inputs.
2. Connect the Vin+ (J1_n) and Vin– (J1_n) tabs in series with the load and bus voltage sources while powered off.

WARNING

Make sure that the equipment (shunt resistor, wires, connectors, and so on) can support the amperage and power dissipation first before you measure the current. Also make sure that the current flowing through J1 does not exceed 5 A. Failure to do so can result in hot surfaces ($> 55^{\circ}\text{C}$), damage to the EVM, or personal injury.

3. Power on the system and measure the output voltage at the Vout test point. Vout is equal to the gain of the device multiplied by the differential voltage measured directly at the device input pins.

5 EVM Components

This section summarizes the INA290EVM components. For these instructions, n is gain option 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

5.1 *R2_An, R3_An, R4_An, C2_An, C3_An*

R2_An, R3_An, R4_An, are factory-installed 0-Ω 0603 resistors.

C2_An, C3_An, are not populated.

Collectively, these pads allow user-defined filters for the input pins (IN+ and IN-) and the output pin (OUT) of the INA290. If a filter is desired, remove these resistors and replace them with > 0-Ω SMT resistors and populate the capacitor pads with capacitors. Consider the input bias current of the device when using input filtering.

5.2 *C1_An*

C1_An is a 0.1-μF, power-supply bypass capacitor.

5.3 *R1_An*

R1_An is unpopulated, but allows the user to solder down a surface-mount shunt resistor between the Vin+ and Vin- pads sensed by IN+ and IN- input pins. If used, make sure R1_An has proper power dissipation for the selected current load. The chosen resistor must have a 2512 footprint.

5.4 *U1_An (INA290)*

U1_An is the location for the INA290An test device.

Consider these factors when selecting the appropriate device gain:

- The differential input voltage is either applied across the inputs or developed based on the load current that flows through the shunt resistor.
- Make sure that the output voltage does not exceed the supply voltage. This limiting factor requires attention to device selection.
- The selected device must allow the output voltage to remain within the acceptable range after the developed input voltage is amplified by the respective device gain. The output voltage must remain within the device-specified swing limitations for response in the linear range.
- An output below the minimum allowable output requires a device with a higher gain. Likewise, an output above the maximum allowable output requires a device with a lower gain.

6 Schematic, PCB Layout, and Bill of Materials

NOTE: Board layouts are not to scale. These figures are intended to show how the board is laid out. They are not intended to be used for INA290EVM PCB manufacturing.

6.1 Schematics

Figure 1 through Figure 5 show the schematics for the A pinout of the INA290EVM PCB for all gain options.

Input side capable up to 110V; Input Current <5A when using onboard R1 as shunt resistor

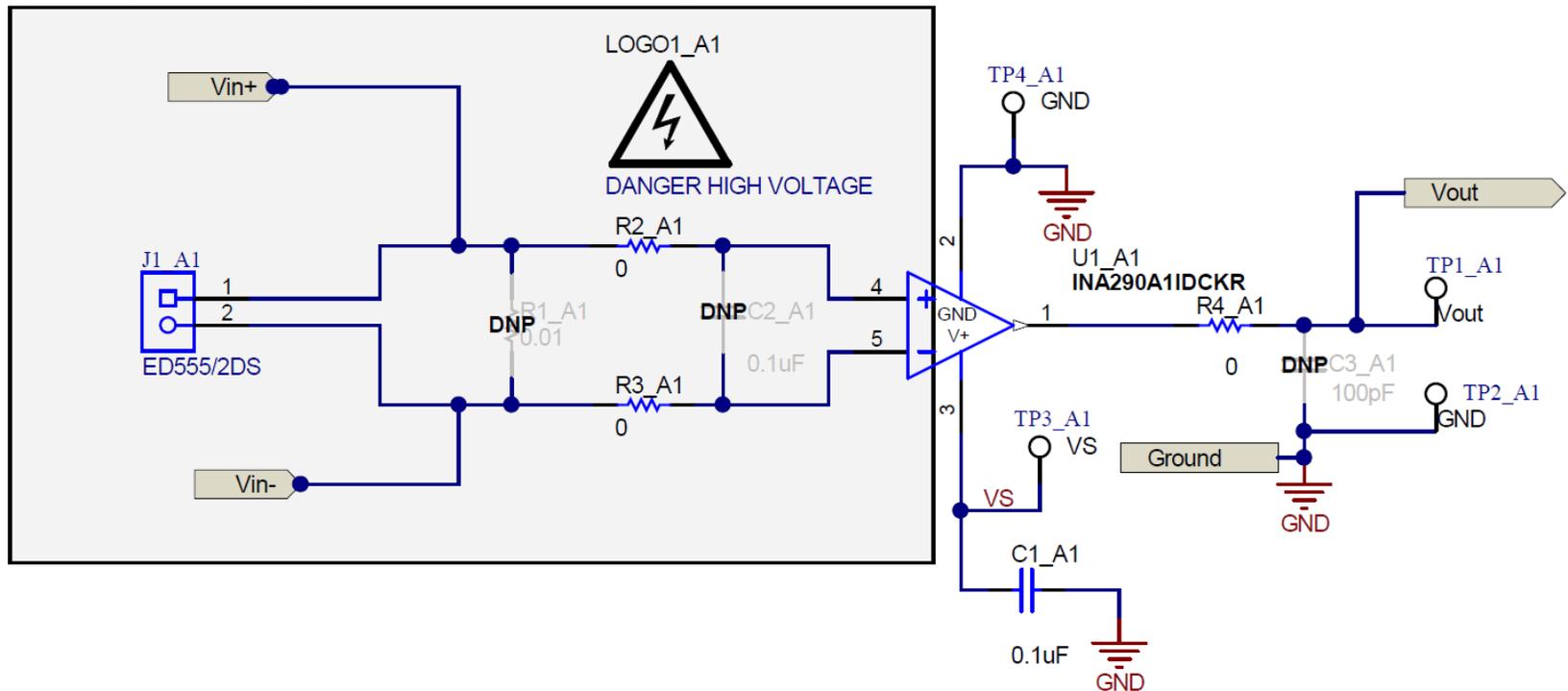


Figure 1. INA290EVM Schematic: Gain A1 Panel

Input side capable up to 110V; Input Current <5A when using onboard R1 as shunt resistor

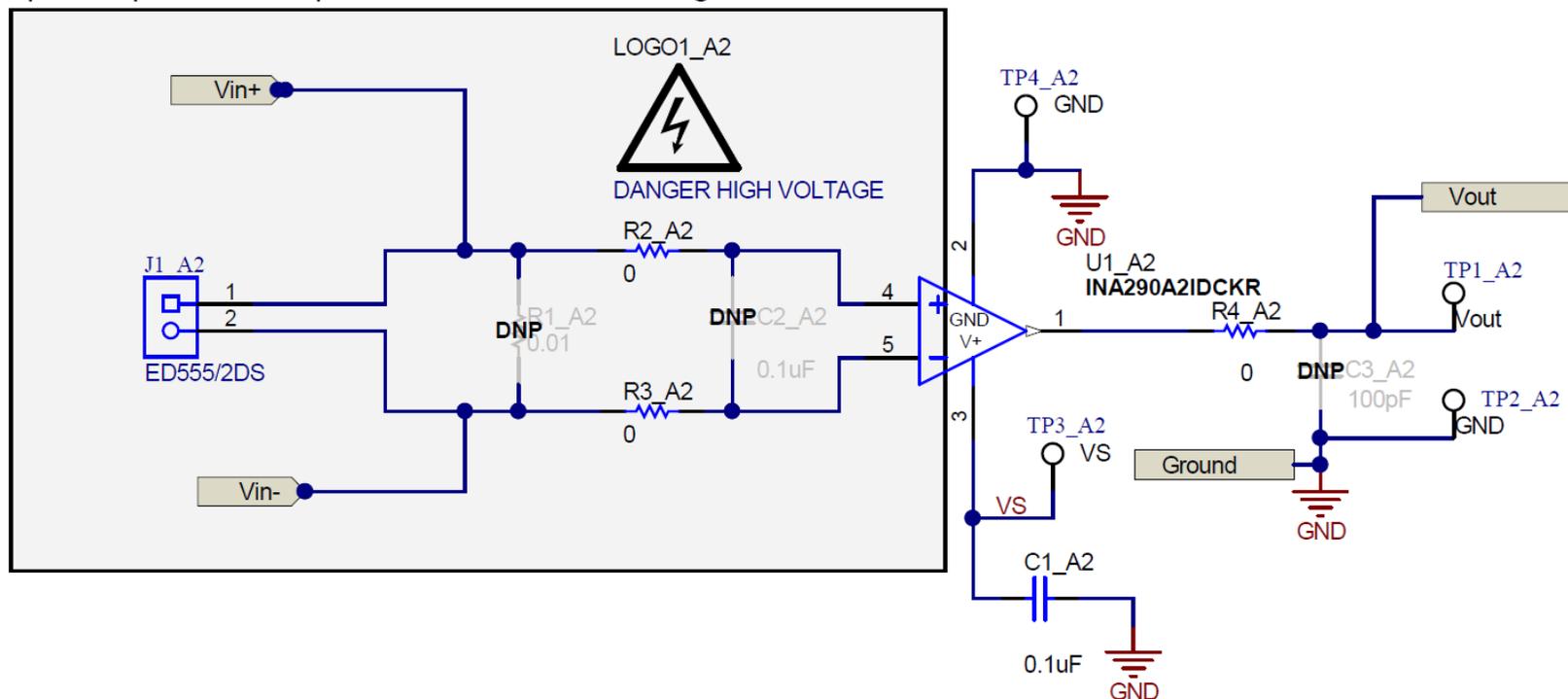


Figure 2. INA290EVM Schematic: Gain A2 Panel

Input side capable up to 110V; Input Current <5A when using onboard R1 as shunt resistor

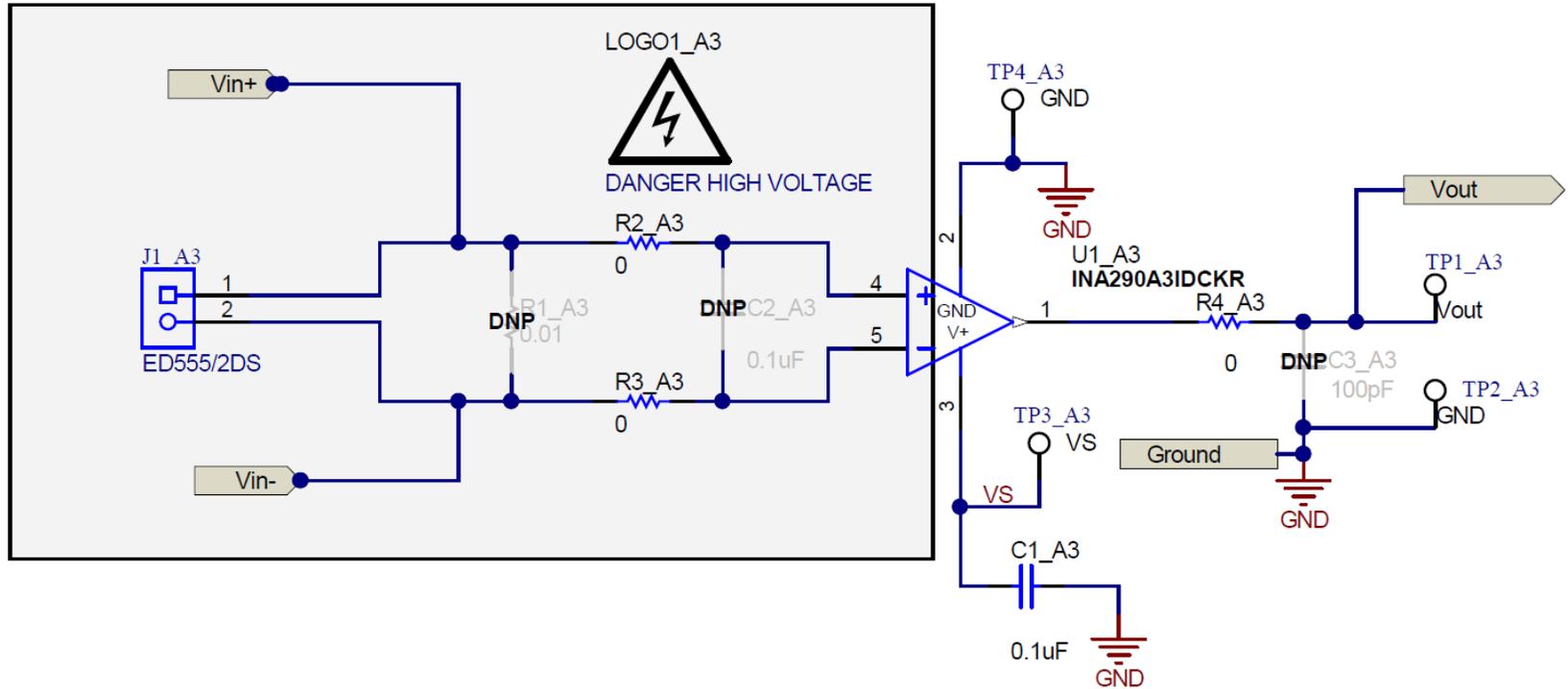


Figure 3. INA290EVM Schematic: Gain A3 Panel

Input side capable up to 110V; Input Current <5A when using onboard R1 as shunt resistor

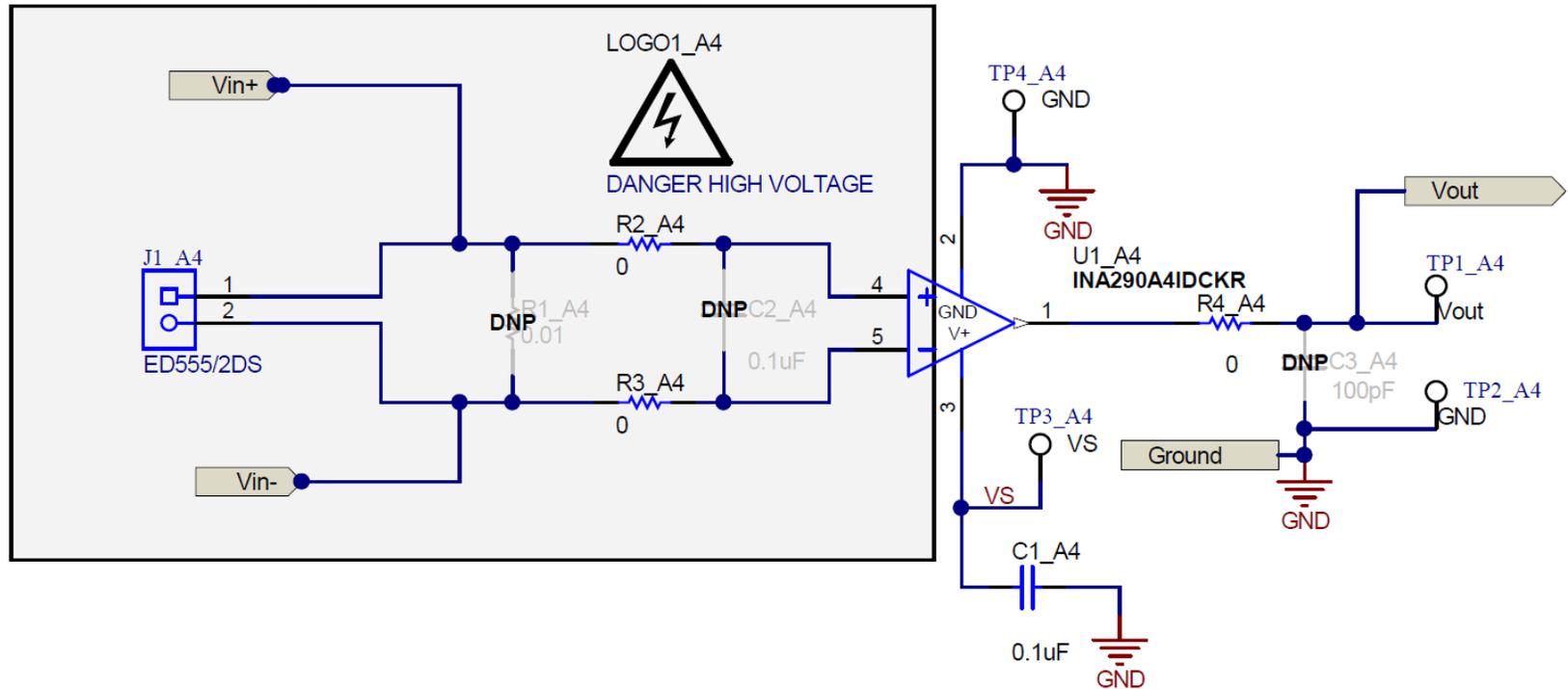


Figure 4. INA290EVM Schematic: Gain A4 Panel

Input side capable up to 110V; Input Current <5A when using onboard R1 as shunt resistor

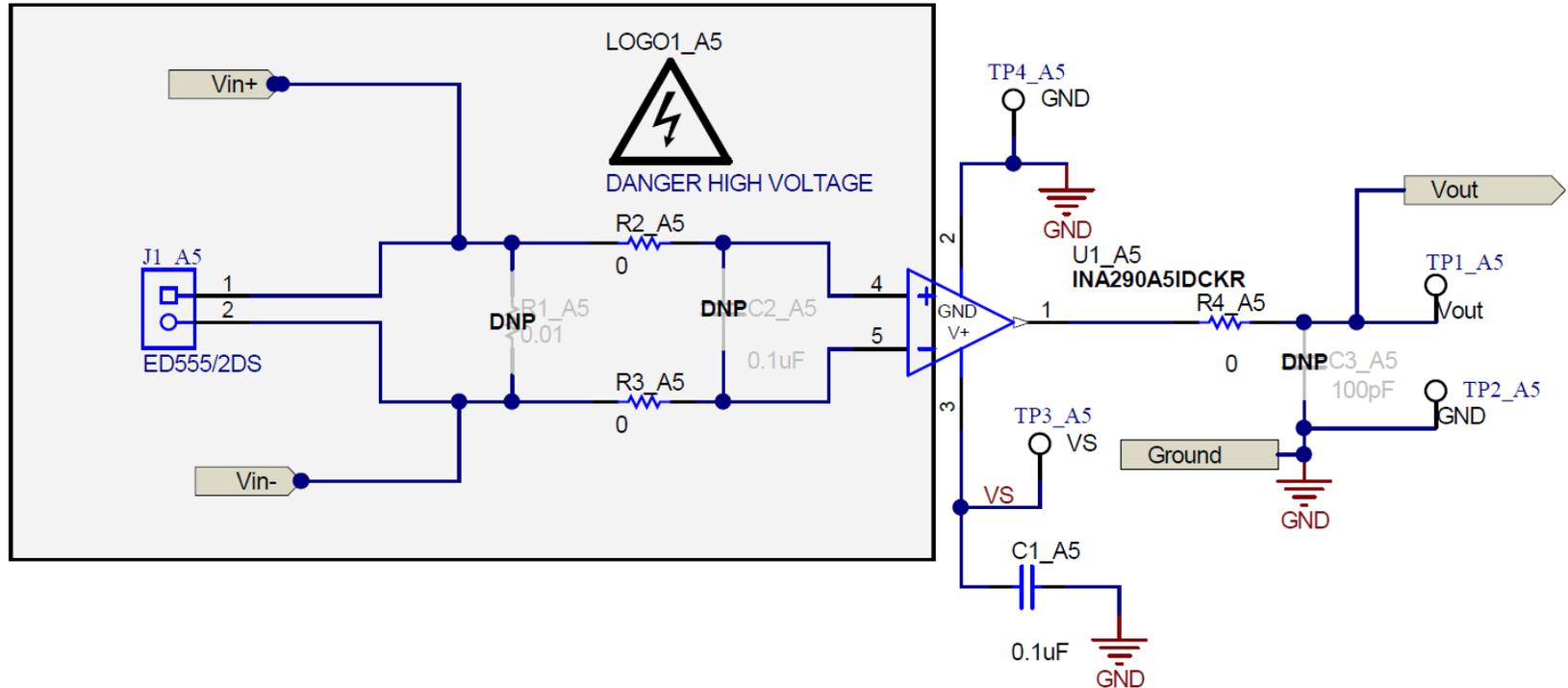


Figure 5. INA290EVM Schematic: Gain A5 Panel

6.2 PCB Layout

Figure 6 through Figure 12 show the PCB layout for the INA290EVM.

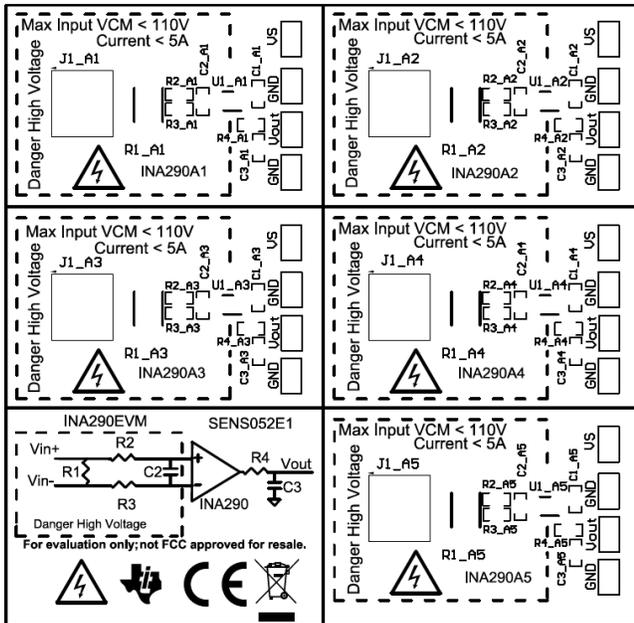


Figure 6. INA290EVM Top Overlay

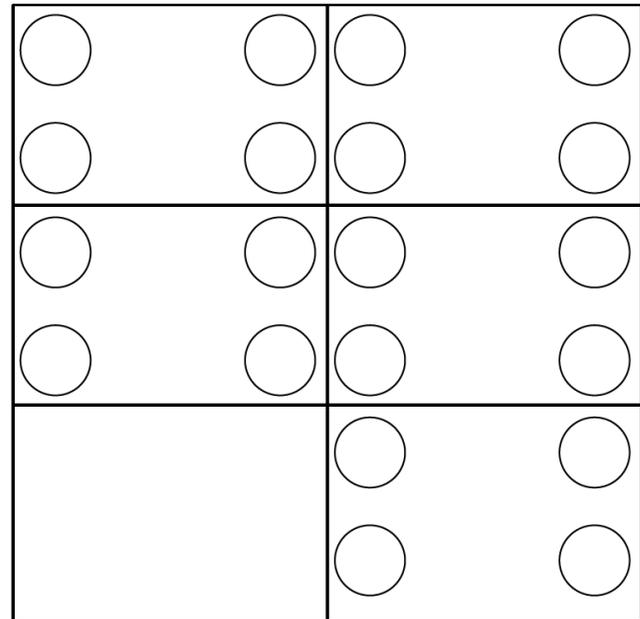


Figure 7. INA290EVM Bottom Overlay

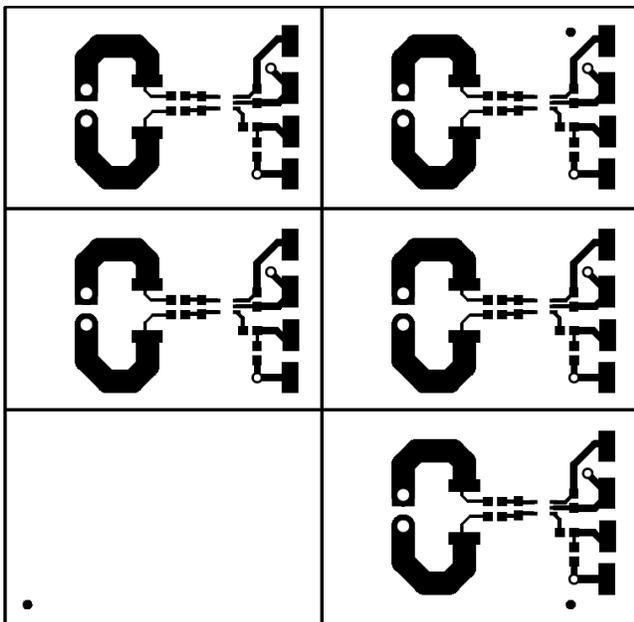


Figure 8. INA290EVM Top Layer

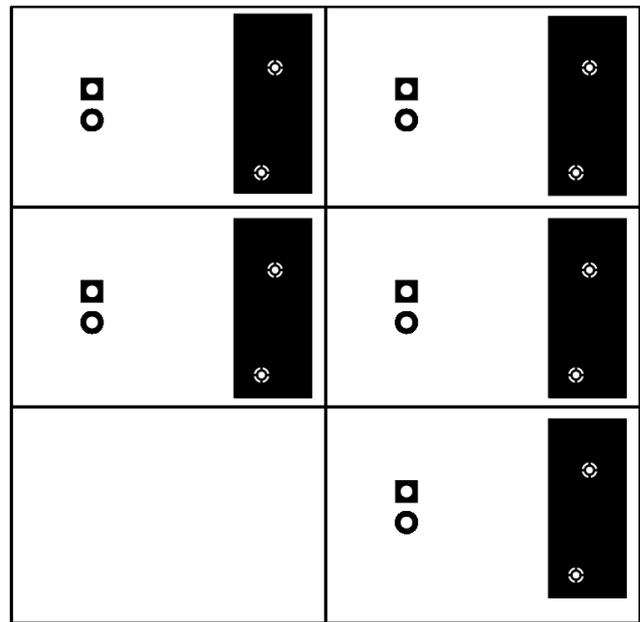


Figure 9. INA290EVM Bottom Layer

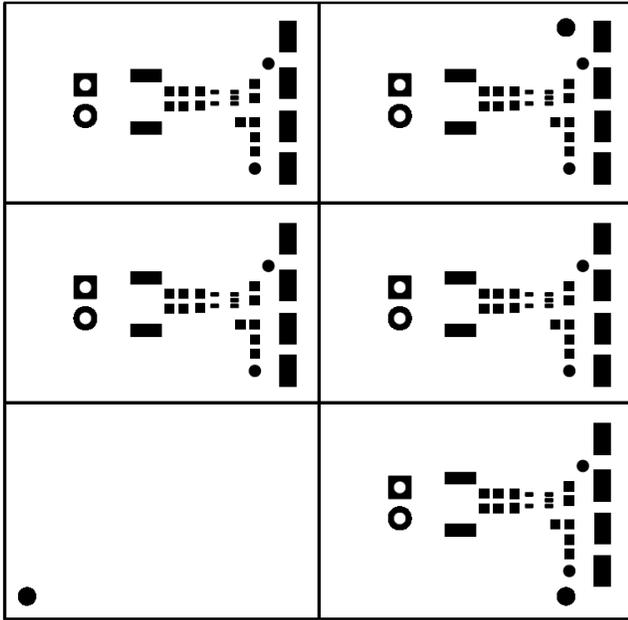


Figure 10. INA290EVM Top Solder

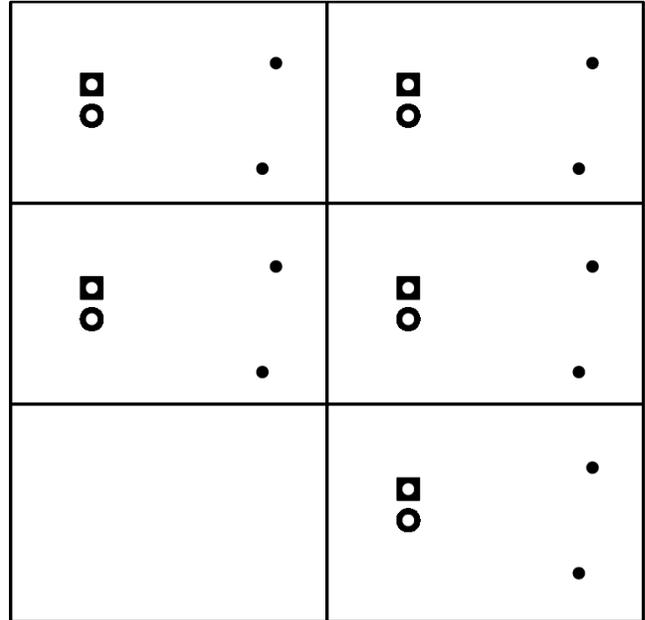
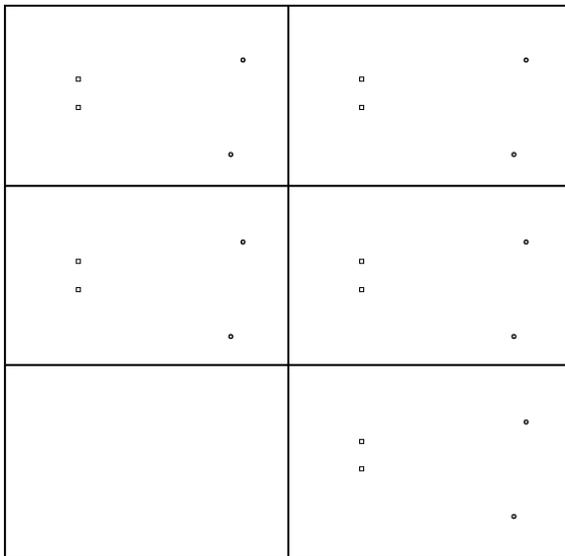


Figure 11. INA290EVM Bottom Solder



| Symbol | Quantity | Finished Hole Size | Plated | Hole Type | Drill Layer Pair | Hole Tolerance |
|--------|----------|--------------------|--------|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|
| ○ | 10 | 28.00mil (0.711mm) | PTH | Round | Top Layer - Bottom Layer | |
| □ | 10 | 50.00mil (1.270mm) | PTH | Round | Top Layer - Bottom Layer | |
| | 20 Total | | | | | |

Figure 12. INA290EVM Drill Drawing

6.3 Bill of Materials

Table 4 provides the parts list for the INA290EVM.

Table 4. Bill of Materials

| Designator | QTY | Value | Description | Package Reference | Part Number | Manufacturer |
|--|-----|-------|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| C1_A1, C1_A2, C1_A3, C1_A4, C1_A5 | 5 | 0.1uF | CAP, CERM, 0.1 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, 0603 | 0603 | CGA3E2X7R1E104K080A A | TDK |
| H1_A1, H1_A2, H1_A3, H1_A4, H1_A5, H2_A1, H2_A2, H2_A3, H2_A4, H2_A5, H3_A1, H3_A2, H3_A3, H3_A4, H3_A5, H4_A1, H4_A2, H4_A3, H4_A4, H4_A5 | 20 | | Bumpon, Cylindrical, 0.312 X 0.200, Black | Black Bumpon | SJ61A1 | 3M |
| J1_A1, J1_A2, J1_A3, J1_A4, J1_A5 | 5 | | Terminal Block, 3.5mm Pitch, 2x1, TH | 7.0x8.2x6.5mm | ED555/2DS | On-Shore Technology |
| R2_A1, R2_A2, R2_A3, R2_A4, R2_A5, R3_A1, R3_A2, R3_A3, R3_A4, R3_A5, R4_A1, R4_A2, R4_A3, R4_A4, R4_A5 | 15 | 0 | RES, 0, 5%, 0.125 W, 0603 | 0603 | MCT06030Z0000ZP500 | Vishay/Beyschlag |
| TP1_A1, TP1_A2, TP1_A3, TP1_A4, TP1_A5, TP2_A1, TP2_A2, TP2_A3, TP2_A4, TP2_A5, TP3_A1, TP3_A2, TP3_A3, TP3_A4, TP3_A5, TP4_A1, TP4_A2, TP4_A3, TP4_A4, TP4_A5 | 20 | | Test Point, Miniature, SMT | Testpoint_Keystone_Miniature | 5015 | Keystone |
| U1_A1 | 1 | | INA290A1IDCKR, DCK0005A (SOT-SC70-5) | DCK0005A | INA290A1IDCKR | Texas Instruments |
| U1_A2 | 1 | | INA290A2IDCKR, DCK0005A (SOT-SC70-5) | DCK0005A | INA290A2IDCKR | Texas Instruments |
| U1_A3 | 1 | | INA290A3IDCKR, DCK0005A (SOT-SC70-5) | DCK0005A | INA290A3IDCKR | Texas Instruments |
| U1_A4 | 1 | | INA290A4IDCKR, DCK0005A (SOT-SC70-5) | DCK0005A | INA290A4IDCKR | Texas Instruments |
| U1_A5 | 1 | | INA290A5IDCKR, DCK0005A (SOT-SC70-5) | DCK0005A | INA290A5IDCKR | Texas Instruments |
| C2_A1, C2_A2, C2_A3, C2_A4, C2_A5 | 0 | 0.1uF | CAP, CERM, 0.1 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, 0603 | 0603 | CGA3E2X7R1E104K080A A | TDK |
| C3_A1, C3_A2, C3_A3, C3_A4, C3_A5 | 0 | 100pF | CAP, CERM, 100 pF, 50 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0603 | 0603 | CL10B101KB8NNNC | Samsung Electro-Mechanics |
| FID1, FID2, FID3 | 0 | | Fiducial mark. There is nothing to buy or mount. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| R1_A1, R1_A2, R1_A3, R1_A4, R1_A5 | 0 | 0.01 | RES, 0.01, 1%, 3 W, 2512 | 2512 | CRA2512-FZ-R010ELF | Bourns |

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