







TCA9517-Q1

ZHCSIF1A - JUNE 2018 - REVISED FEBRUARY 2022

TCA9517-Q1 电平转换 I2C 总线中继器

1 特性

符合面向汽车应用的 AEC-Q100 标准

- 器件温度: -40°C 至 125°C TA - 器件 HBM 分级等级: ±5500V - 器件 CDM 分级等级: ±1000V

• 提供功能安全

- 有助于进行功能安全系统设计的文档

• 双通道双向缓冲器

与 I²C 总线和 SMBus 兼容

• 在 A 侧上,工作电源电压范围为 0.9V 至 5.25V

• 在 B 侧上,工作电源电压范围为 2.7V 至 5.25V

• 可将电压电平从 0.9V 和 2.7V 转换到 5.25V

• 高电平有效中继器使能输入

漏极开路 I²C I/O

• 5.25V 耐压 I²C 和使能输入支持混合模式信号操作

• 适应标准模式和快速模式 I2C 器件和多个控制器

• 器件断电时 I²C 引脚呈高阻抗状态

• 闩锁性能超过 100mA,符合 JESD 78 Ⅱ 类规范的 要求

3 说明

TCA9517-Q1 是一款具有电平转换功能的双向缓冲 器,适用于 I²C 和 SMBus 系统。它能够在混合模式应 用中提供低压(低至 0.9V)和更高压(2.7V 至 5.25V)之间的双向电压电平转换(上升转换和/或下降 转换)。该器件能够扩展 I²C 和 SMBus 系统,甚至在 电平转换期间也不会降低系统性能。

TCA9517-Q1 可缓冲 I2C 总线上的串行数据 (SDA) 和 串行时钟 (SCL) 信号,因而能够在 I2C 应用中连接两 条总线电容高达 400pF 的总线。

TCA9517-Q1 具有两种类型的驱动器: A 侧驱动器和 B 侧驱动器。所有输入和 I/O 都能够承受 5.25V 的过 压,即使器件未通电时也是如此(V_{CCB} 和/或 V_{CCA} = 0V)。

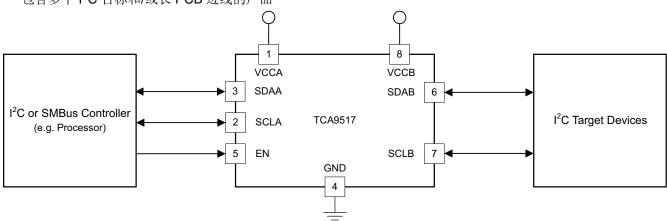
器件信息

器件型号	封装 ⁽¹⁾	封装尺寸(标称值)		
TCA9517-Q1	VSSOP (8)	3.00mm × 3.00mm		

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装,请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品附

2 应用

- 服务器
- 路由器(电信交换设备)
- 工业设备
- 包含多个 I²C 目标和/或长 PCB 迹线的产品



简化版原理图



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4 Revision History 注:以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

C	hanges from Revision * (June 2018) to Revision A (February 2022)	Page
•	将提到的旧术语实例全部更改为控制器和目标	1
•	添加了 <i>特性</i> "提供功能安全"	1

5 说明(续)

B 侧上的缓冲器按照无法与使用静态电压偏移的器件串联使用进行设计。器件并不将经缓冲的低电平信号识别为有效低电平,并且不再将它作为经缓冲的低电平进行传送。

B 侧驱动器的运行电压介于 2.7V 至 5.25V 之间。此内部缓冲器的输出低电平大约为 0.5V。当输出在内部被驱动为低电平时,输出电压必须比输出低电平低 70mV 或者更多。更高的电压低信号被称为经缓冲的低电平。当 B 侧 I/O 在内部被驱动为低电平时,输入并不将此低电平识别为低电平。当输入低电平状态被释放时,这一特性防止了锁定情况的发生。

A 侧驱动器运行电压介于 0.9V 至 5.25V 之间并且能够驱动更大的电流。它们不需要经缓冲的低电平特性(或者静态失调电压)。B 侧低电平信号在 A 侧转换为接近 0V 的低电平。它可以适应低电压逻辑更小的电压摆幅。A 侧输出下拉驱动硬低电平。输入电平设置为 $0.3 \times V_{CCA}$ 以满足低电压侧电源低至 0.9V 的系统中对较低电平的需求。

两个或多个 TCA9517-Q1 器件的 A 侧可以连接在一起。将 A 侧作为公共总线,实现多个拓扑结构(请参阅图 8 和图 9)。可以将 A 侧直接连接至具有静态或动态失调电压的任意其他缓冲器。可以将多个 TCA9517-Q1 串联在一起(相邻器件间通过 A 侧和 B 侧相连),失调电压不会增大,只是需要考虑飞行时间延迟。由于 B 侧缓冲低电压的原因,TCA9517-Q1 不能通过 B 侧相连。B 侧不能连接配有上升时间加速器的器件。

VCCA 只能用于为 A 侧输入比较器提供 $0.3 \times V_{CCA}$ 参考电压,或者用于电源正常状态检测电路。TCA9517-Q1 逻辑和所有 I/O 均由 VCCB 引脚供电。

当与标准 I²C 系统一同工作时,需要用上拉电阻在经缓冲的总线上提供逻辑高电平。TCA9517-Q1 具有 I²C 总线的标准开漏配置。这些上拉电阻器的尺寸由系统决定,但中继器的每一侧都必须有一个上拉电阻器。此器件专为与标准模式及快速模式 I²C 器件(而不单是 SMBus 器件)一同工作而设计。在可以接受标准模式器件和多个控制器的通用型 I²C 系统中,标准模式 I²C 器件的额定值仅为 3mA。在某些情况下,可以采用更高的结束电流。



6 Pin Configuration and Functions

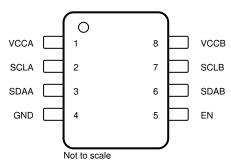


图 6-1. DGK (VSSOP) Package, 8-Pin, Top View

表 6-1. Pin Functions

	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	1175	DESCRIPTION
1	VCCA	Supply	A-side supply voltage (0.9 V to 5.25 V)
2	SCLA	Input/Output	Serial clock bus, A-side. Connect to V _{CCA} through a pull-up resistor. If unused, connect directly to ground.
3	SDAA	Input/Output	Serial data bus, A-side. Connect to V _{CCA} through a pull-up resistor. If unused, connect directly to ground.
4	GND	Ground	Ground
5	EN	Input	Active-high repeater enable input
6	SDAB	Input/Output	Serial data bus, B-side. Connect to V _{CCB} through a pull-up resistor. If unused, connect directly to ground.
7	SCLB	Input/Output	Serial clock bus, B-side. Connect to V _{CCB} through a pull-up resistor. If unused, connect directly to ground.
8	VCCB	Supply	B-side and device supply voltage (2.7 V to 5.25 V)

Product Folder Links: TCA9517-Q1

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7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage range			- 0.5	7	V
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage range		- 0.5	7	V	
VI	Enable input voltage range ⁽²⁾		- 0.5	7	V	
V _{I/O}	I ² C bus voltage range ⁽²⁾			- 0.5	7	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0			- 50	A
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0			- 50	mA
	Continuous output current	-			±50	mA
I _O	Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND				±100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range			- 65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±5500	
V _(ESD)	V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Electrostatic discharge Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾		V
		Machine model (A115-A)	±200	

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500 V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage, A-side bus		0.9 ⁽²⁾	5.25	V
V	Supply voltage, B-side bus	$V_{CCA} \leqslant V_{CCB}$	2.7	5.25	V
V _{CCB}	Supply Voltage, b-side bus	V _{CCA} > V _{CCB}	2.9	5.25	v
		SDAA, SCLA	0.7 × V _{CCA}	5.25	
V _{IH}	V _{IH} High-level input voltage	SDAB, SCLB	0.7 × V _{CCB}	5.25	V
		EN	0.7 × V _{CCB}	5.25	
		SDAA, SCLA		0.3 × V _{CCA}	
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	SDAB, SCLB ⁽¹⁾		0.3 × V _{CCB}	V
		EN		0.3 × V _{CCB}	
I _{OL}	Low-level output current			6	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		- 40	125	°C

⁽¹⁾ V_{IL} specification is for the first low level seen by the SDAB and SCLB lines. V_{ILC} is for the second and subsequent low levels seen by the SDAB and SCLB lines. See #10.2.2.2 for V_{ILC} application information

⁽²⁾ The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250 V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ Low-level supply voltage



7.4 Thermal Information

		TCA9517-Q1	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DGK (VSSOP)	UNIT
		8 PINS	
R ₀ JA	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	187.6	°C/W
R _{θ JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	59.3	°C/W
R ₀ JB	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	108.6	°C/W
ψJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.4	°C/W
ψ ЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	106.9	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.



7.5 Electrical Characteristics

 V_{CCB} = 2.7 V to 5.25 V, GND = 0 V, T_A = -40°C to 125°C (unless otherwise noted)

ССВ	PARAMETER	, д	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IK}	Input clamp voltage		I _I = - 18 mA	2.7 V to 5.25 V			- 1.2	V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	SDAB, SCLB	I_{OL} = 100 μ A or 6 mA, V_{ILA} = V_{ILB} = 0 V	2.7 V to 5.25 V	0.45	0.52	0.6	V
	voltage	SDAA, SCLA	I _{OL} = 6 mA			0.1	0.2	
V _{OL} - V _{ILc}	Low-level input voltage below low-level output voltage	SDAB, SCLB	ensured by design	2.7 V to 5.25 V		70		mV
V _{ILC}	SDA and SCL low-level input voltage contention	SDAB, SCLB		2.7 V to 5.25 V		0.4		V
Icc	Quiescent supply currer	nt for V _{CCA}	Both channels low, SDAA = SCLA = GND and SDAB = SCLB = open, or SDAA = SCLA = open and SDAB = SCLB = GND				1	mA
			Both channels high, SDAA = SCLA = V _{CCA} and SDAB = SCLB = V _{CCB} and EN = V _{CCB}			1.5	5	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current		Both channels low, SDAA = SCLA = GND and SDAB = SCLB = open	5.25 V		1.5	5	mA
			In contention, SDAA = SCLA = GND and SDAB = SCLB = GND			3	5	
		SDAB, SCLB	V _I = V _{CCB}		,		±1	
		SDAB, SCLB	V _I = 0.2 V				10	
	lament la alcama accomant	SDAA, SCLA	V _I = V _{CCB}	27745 5 25 7			±1	
l _l	Input leakage current	SDAA, SCLA	V _I = 0.2 V	2.7 V to 5.25 V			10	μА
		EN	V _I = V _{CCB}				±1	
		EN	V _I = 0.2 V			- 10	- 30	
_	High-level output	SDAB, SCLB					10	
Іон	leakage current	SDAA, SCLA	$V_0 = 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.7 V to 5.25 V			10	μ A
		EN	V _I = 3 V or 0 V	3.3 V		6	10	
C _I	Input capacitance		V = 2 V == 0 V	3.3 V		8	13	pF
		SCLA, SCLB	V _I = 3 V or 0 V	0 V		7	11	
	Input/output	CDAA CDAD	V = 2 V == 0 V	3.3 V		8	13	
C _{IO}	capacitance	SDAA, SDAB	V _I = 3 V or 0 V	0 V		7	11	pF

7.6 Timing Requirements

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
t _{su}	Setup time, EN high before Start condition ⁽¹⁾	100		ns
t _h	Hold time, EN high after Stop condition ⁽¹⁾	100		ns

(1) EN should change state only when the global bus and the repeater port are in an idle state.



7.7 I²C Interface Switching Characteristics

 $V_{CCB} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.25 \text{ V}, \text{ GND} = 0 \text{ V}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 125^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (unless otherwise noted)}^{(1)} (4)$

	PARAMET		FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP ⁽⁵⁾	MAX	UNIT		
t_{PLZ}	t _{PLZ} Propagation delay		SDAB, SCLB ⁽³⁾ (see 图 8-4)	SDAA, SCLA ⁽³⁾ (see 图 8-4)		141	250	ns		
ΨLZ	i Topagation dela	y	SDAA, SCLA ⁽²⁾ (see 图 8-3)	SDAB, SCLB ⁽²⁾ (see 图 8-3)		74	110	110		
		SDAB, SCLB	SDAA, SCLA	V _{CCA} ≤ 2.7 V (see 图 8-2)	76 ⁽⁶⁾	110				
t _{PZL}	t _{PZL} Propagation delay				ODAB, GOLD		V _{CCA} ≥ 3 V (see 图 8-2)	95	290	ns
			SDAA, SCLA ⁽²⁾ (see 图 8-3)	SDAB, SCLB ⁽²⁾ (see 图 8-3)		107	230			
		B-side to A side			V _{CCA} ≤ 2.7 V (see 图 8-3)	12				
t _{TLH}	Transition time		80%	20%	V _{CCA} ≥ 3 V (see 图 8-3)	42		ns		
		A side to B-side (see 图 8-2)				125				
		B-side to A side			V _{CCA} ≤ 2.7 V (see 图 8-3)	67 ⁽⁶⁾	200			
t _{THL}	Transition time		80%	20%	V _{CCA} ≥ 3 V (see 图 8-3)	86	240	ns		
		A side to B-side (see 图 8-2)				48	120			

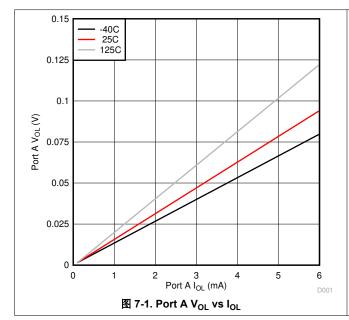
- Times are specified with loads of 1.35-k Ω pull-up resistance and 50-pF load capacitance on the B-side. On the A side, for 0.9-V \leq $V_{CCA} \leqslant 2.7$ -V, a 167- Ω pull-up and 57-pF load capacitance. For $V_{CCA} \geqslant 3.0$ -V, a 450- Ω pull-up and 57-pF load capacitance. Different load resistance and capacitance alter the RC time constant, thereby changing the propagation delay and transition times.
- The proportional delay data from A to B-side is measured at 0.3 V_{CCA} on the A side to 1.5 V on the B-side.
- The t_{PLH} delay data from B to A side is measured at 0.4 V on the B-side to 0.5 V_{CCA} on the A side when V_{CCA} is less than 2 V, and 1.5 V on the A side if V_{CCA} is greater than 2 V. pull-up voltages are V_{CCA} on the A side and V_{CCB} on the B-side.
- Typical values were measured with $V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical value measured with $V_{CCA} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

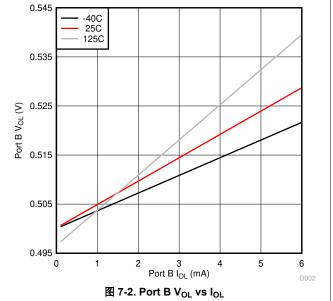
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7.8 Typical Characteristics

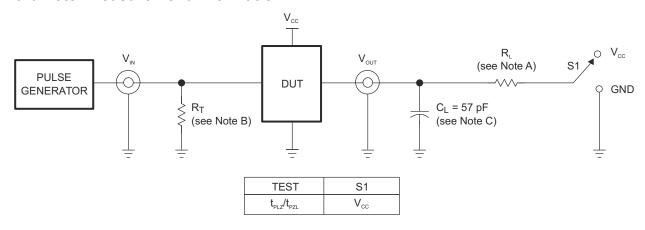
 V_{CCA} = 0.9 V, V_{CCB} = 2.7 V







8 Parameter Measurement Information



TEST CIRCUIT FOR OPEN-DRAIN OUTPUT

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- A. R_L = 167 Ω (0.9 V to 2.7 V) and R_L = 450 Ω (3.0 V to 5.25 V) on the A side and 1.35 k Ω on the B-side
- B. R_T termination resistance should be equal to Z_{OUT} of pulse generators.
- C. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance. C_L = 50 pF when on the B-side.
- D. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω , slew rate \geq 1 V/ns.
- E. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- F. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.
- G. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
- H. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .

图 8-1. Test Circuit

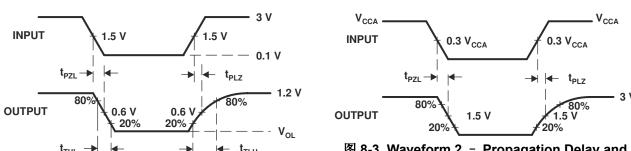


图 8-2. Waveform 1 - Propagation Delay and Transition Times for B-side to A-side

图 8-3. Waveform 2 - Propagation Delay and Transition Times for A-side to B-side

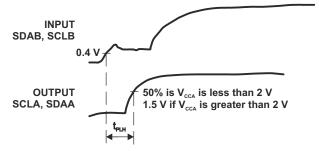


图 8-4. Waveform 3 - Propagation Delay for B-side to A-side

9 Detailed Description

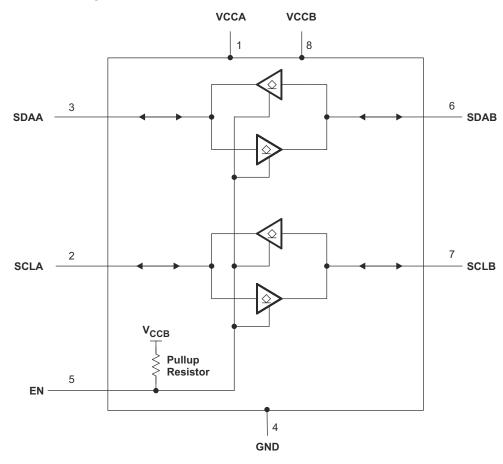
9.1 Overview

The TCA9517-Q1 is a bidirectional buffer with level shifting capabilities for I²C and SMBus systems. It provides bidirectional voltage-level translation (up-translation/down-translation) between low voltages (down to 0.9 V) and higher voltages (2.7 V to 5.25 V) in mixed-mode applications. This device enables I²C and SMBus systems to be extended without degradation of performance, even during level shifting.

The TCA9517-Q1 buffers both the serial data (SDA) and the serial clock (SCL) signals on the I^2C bus, thus allowing two buses of up to 400-pF bus capacitance to be connected in an I^2C application.

The TCA9517-Q1 has two types of drivers: A-side drivers and B-side drivers. All inputs and I/Os are over-voltage tolerant to 5.25 V, even when the device is unpowered (V_{CCB} and/or V_{CCA} = 0 V).

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 Two-Channel Bidirectional Buffer

The TCA9517-Q1 is a two-channel bidirectional buffer with level-shifting capabilities

9.3.2 Active-High Repeater-Enable Input

The TCA9517-Q1 has an active-high enable (EN) input with an internal pull-up to V_{CCB} , which allows the user to select when the repeater is active. This can be used to isolate a badly behaved target on power-up reset. The EN input should change state only when the global bus and repeater port are in an idle state, to prevent system failures.

9.3.3 VOL B-Side Offset Voltage

The B-side drivers operate from 2.7 V to 5.25 V. The output low level for this internal buffer is approximately 0.5 V, but the input voltage must be 70 mV or more below the output low level when the output internally is driven low. The higher-voltage low signal is called a buffered low. When the B-side I/O is driven low internally, the low is not recognized as a low by the input. This feature prevents a lockup condition from occurring when the input low condition is released. This type of design prevents 2 B-side ports from being connected to each other.

9.3.4 Standard Mode and Fast Mode Support

The TCA9517-Q1 supports standard mode as well as fast mode I²C. The maximum system operating frequency will depend on system design and the delays added by the repeater.

9.3.5 Clock Stretching Support

The TCA9517-Q1 can support clock stretching, but care needs to be taken to minimize the overshoot voltage presented during the hand-off between the target and controller. This is best done by increasing the pull-up resistor value.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

表 9-1. Function Table

INPUT EN	FUNCTION			
L	Outputs disabled			
Н	SDAA = SDAB SCLA = SCLB			

Product Folder Links: TCA9517-Q1

10 Application and Implementation

备注

以下应用部分中的信息不属于 TI 器件规格的范围, TI 不担保其准确性和完整性。TI 的客户应负责确定器件是否适用于其应用。客户应验证并测试其设计,以确保系统功能。

10.1 Application Information

A typical application is shown in 🖺 10-1. In this example, the system controller is running on a 3.3 V I²C bus, and the target is connected to a 1.2 V I²C bus. Both buses run at 400 kHz. Controller devices can be placed on either bus.

The TCA9517-Q1 is 5-V tolerant, so it does not require any additional circuitry to translate between 0.9 V to 5.25 V bus voltages and 2.7 V to 5.25 V bus voltages.

When the A side of the TCA9517-Q1 is pulled low by a driver on the I^2C bus, a comparator detects the falling edge when it goes below $0.3 \times V_{CCA}$ and causes the internal driver on the B-side to turn on, causing the B-side to pull down to about 0.5 V. When the B-side of the TCA9517-Q1 falls, first a CMOS hysteresis-type input detects the falling edge and causes the internal driver on the A side to turn on and pull the A-side pin down to ground. In order to illustrate what would be seen in a typical application, refer to $\boxed{8}$ 10-3 and $\boxed{8}$ 10-4. If the bus controller in $\boxed{8}$ 10-1 were to write to the target through the TCA9517-Q1, waveforms shown in $\boxed{8}$ 10-3 would be observed on the A bus. This looks like a normal $\boxed{9}$ transmission, except that the high level may be as low as 0.9 V, and the turn on and turn off of the acknowledge signals are slightly delayed.

On the B-side bus of the TCA9517-Q1, the clock and data lines would have a positive offset from ground equal to the V_{OL} of the TCA9517-Q1. After the eighth clock pulse, the data line is pulled to the V_{OL} of the target device, which is very close to ground in this example. At the end of the acknowledge, the level rises only to the low level set by the driver in the TCA9517-Q1 for a short delay, while the A-bus side rises above $0.3 \times V_{CCA}$ and then continues high.

10.2 Typical Application

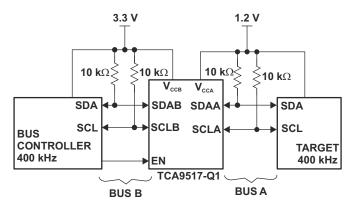


图 10-1. Typical Application Schematic

10.2.1 Design Requirements

For the level translating application, the following should be true:

- V_{CCA} = 0.9 V to 5.25 V
- $V_{CCB} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.25 \text{ V}$
- B-side ports must not be connected together

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10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

10.2.2.1 Clock Stretching Support

The TCA9517-Q1 can support clock stretching, but care needs to be taken to minimize the overshoot voltage presented during the hand-off between the target and controller. This is best done by increasing the pull-up resistor value.

10.2.2.2 V_{ILC} and Pullup Resistor Sizing

For the TCA9517-Q1 to function correctly, all devices on the B-side must be able to pull the B-side below the voltage input low contention level (V_{ILC}). This means that the V_{OL} of any device on the B-side must be below 0.4 V.

 V_{OL} of a device can be adjusted by changing the I_{OL} through the device which is set by the pull-up resistance value. The pull-up resistance on the B-side must be carefully selected to ensure that logic levels will be transferred correctly to the A-side.

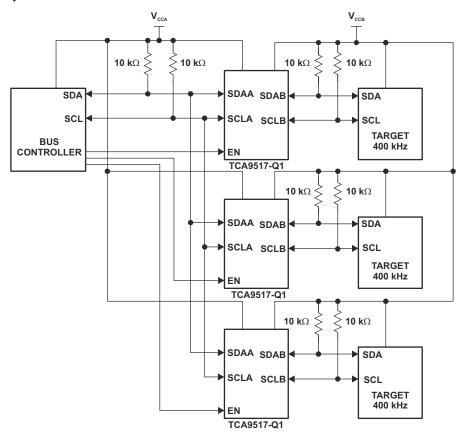


图 10-2. Typical Star Application

Multiple A sides of TCA9517-Q1s can be connected in a star configuration, allowing all nodes to communicate with each other.

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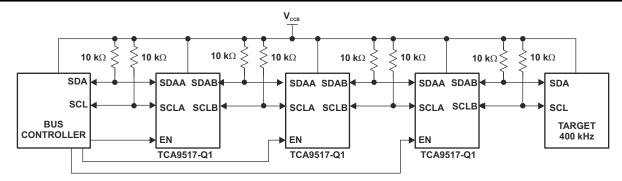


图 10-3. Typical Series Application

To further extend the I^2C bus for long traces/cables, multiple TCA9517-Q1s can be connected in series as long as the A-side is connected to the B-side. I^2C bus target devices can be connected to any of the bus segments. The number of devices that can be connected in series is limited by repeater delay/time-of-flight considerations on the maximum bus speed requirements.

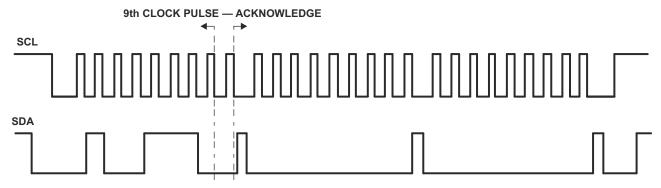


图 10-4. Bus A (0.9 V to 5.25 V Bus) Waveform

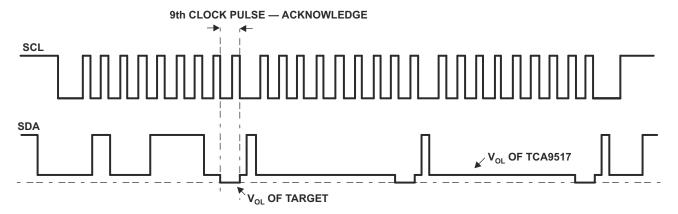


图 10-5. Bus B (2.7 V to 5.25 V Bus) Waveform

10.2.3 Application Curve

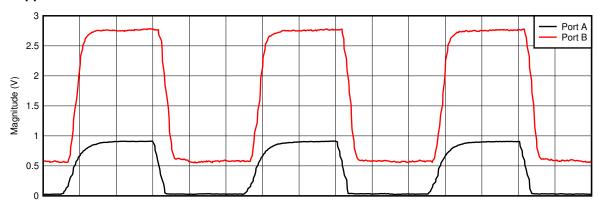


图 10-6. Voltage Translation at 400 kHz, V_{CCA} = 0.9 V, V_{CCB} = 2.7 V

11 Power Supply Recommendations

 V_{CCB} and V_{CCA} can be applied in any sequence at power up. The TCA9517-Q1 includes a power-up circuit that keeps the output drivers turned off until V_{CCB} is above 2.5 V and the V_{CCA} is above 0.8 V. After power up and with the EN high, a low level on the A-side (below $0.3 \times V_{CCA}$) turns the corresponding B-side driver (either SDA or SCL) on and drives the B-side down to approximately 0.5 V. When the A-side rises above $0.3 \times V_{CCA}$, the B-side pull-down driver is turned off and the external pull-up resistor pulls the pin high. When the B-side falls first and goes below $0.3 \times V_{CCB}$, the A-side driver is turned on and the A-side pulls down to 0 V. The B-side pull-down is not enabled unless the B-side voltage goes below 0.4 V. If the B-side low voltage does not go below 0.5 V, the A-side driver turns off when the B-side voltage is above $0.7 \times V_{CCB}$. If the B-side low voltage goes below 0.4 V, the B-side pull-down driver is enabled, and the B-side is able to rise to only 0.5 V until the A-side rises above $0.3 \times V_{CCA}$.

TI recommends using a decoupling capacitor and placing it close to the VCCA and VCCB pins of a value of about 100 nF.

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12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

There are no special layout procedures required for the TCA9517-Q1.

It is recommended that the decoupling capacitors be placed as close to the VCC pins as possible.

12.2 Layout Example

图 12-1 shows an example layout of the DGK package.

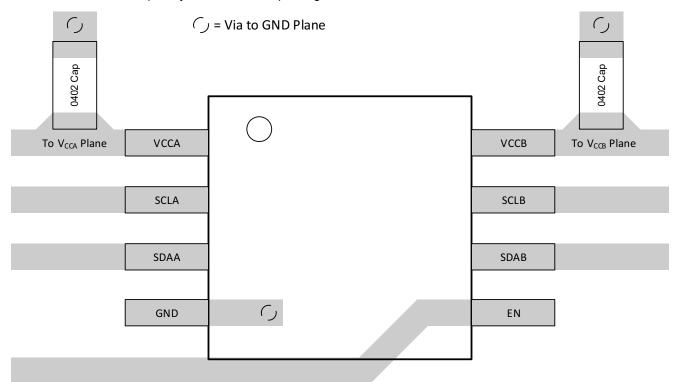


图 12-1. TCA9517-Q1A Layout Example



13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Device Support

13.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

13.3 支持资源

TI E2E™ 支持论坛是工程师的重要参考资料,可直接从专家获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题可获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者"按原样"提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范,并且不一定反映 TI 的观点;请参阅 TI 的《使用条款》。

13.4 Trademarks

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13.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

13.6 术语表

TI术语表本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Product Folder Links: TCA9517-Q1

www.ti.com 9-Nov-2025

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TCA9517DGKRQ1	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1N2
TCA9517DGKRQ1.B	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGK) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1N2

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TCA9517-Q1:

Catalog: TCA9517

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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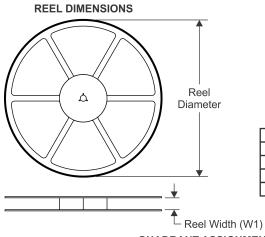
NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

 $_{\bullet}$ Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 10-Jan-2022

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

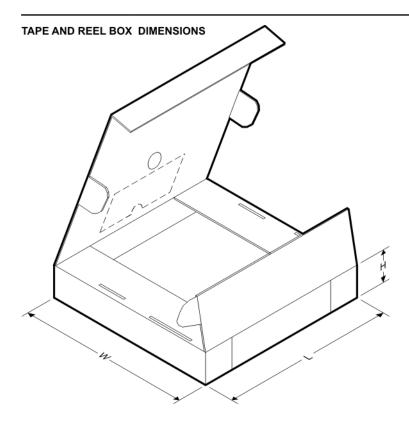
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TCA9517DGKRQ1	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1

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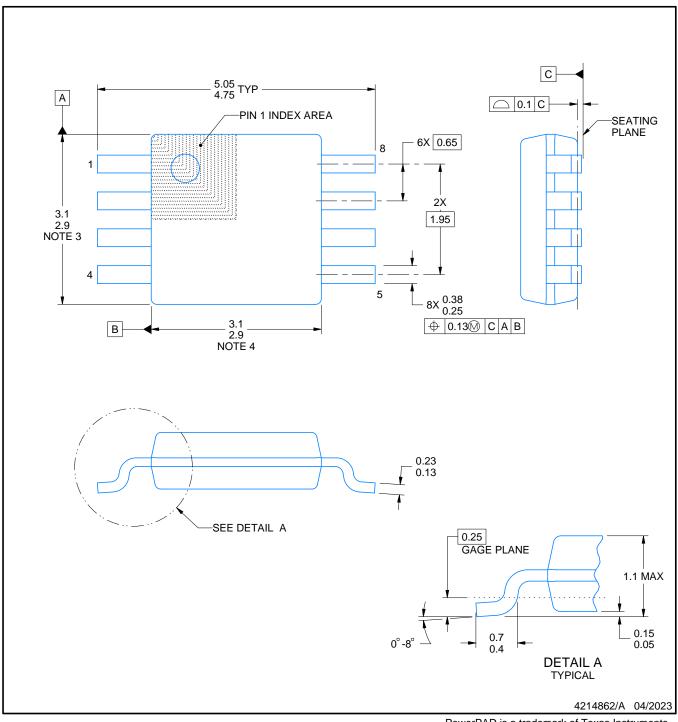


*All dimensions are nominal

ĺ	Device	Device Package Type		Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
	TCA9517DGKRQ1	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0	



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

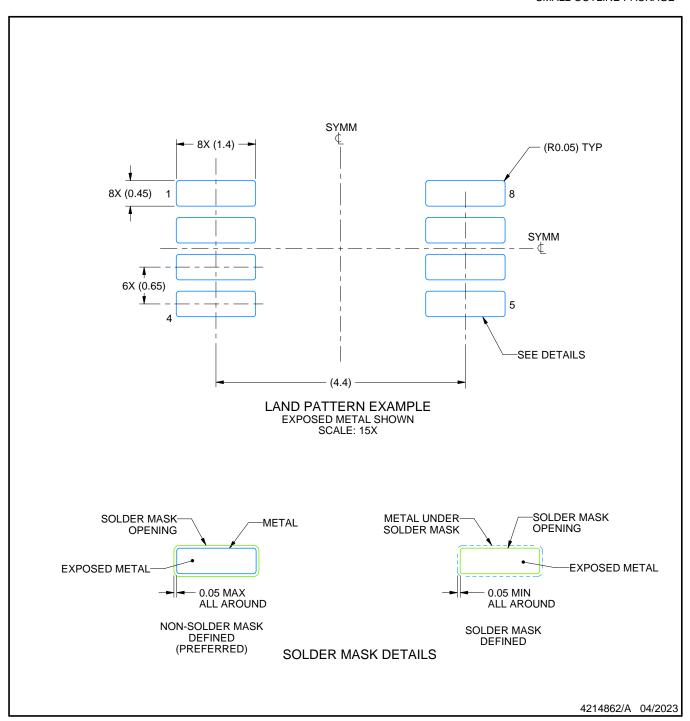
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

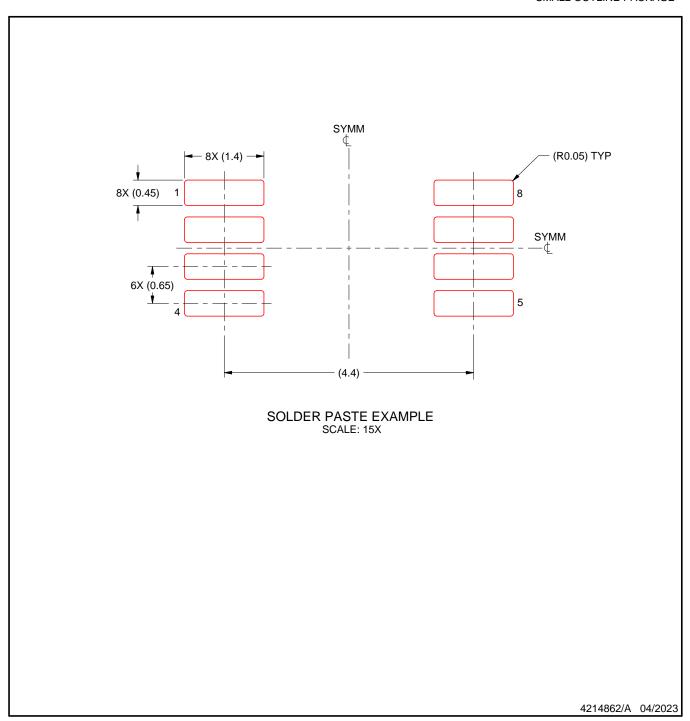


NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
- 8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
- 9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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