

## SN74LVC1G79-Q1 单路正缘触发 D 型触发器

### 1 特性

- 汽车电子 应用认证
- 具有符合 AEC-Q100 标准的下列结果：
  - ±4000 V 人体放电模型 (HBM) ESD 分类等级 3A
  - ±1000 V 带电器件模型 (CDM) ESD 分类等级 C5
- 支持 5V  $V_{CC}$  运行
- 输入接受的电压达到高达 5.5V
- 支持向下转换到  $V_{CC}$
- 3.3V 和 50pF 负载下最大  $t_{pd}$  为 6ns
- 低功耗, 10 $\mu$ A 最大  $I_{CC}$
- 电压为 3.3V 时, 输出驱动为 ±24mA
- $I_{off}$  支持部分断电模式和后驱动保护

### 2 应用

- 车用信息娱乐
- 汽车仪表盘
- 汽车 ADAS
- 汽车车身电子设备
- HEV/EV 动力传动系统

### 3 说明

SN74LVC1G79-Q1 器件是一种通过汽车 AEC-Q100 认证的单路正缘触发 D 型触发器, 专门为 1.65V 到 5.5V  $V_{CC}$  操作而设计。

当数据输入 (D) 处的数据满足设置时间要求时, 将该数据传输到时钟脉冲正向缘上的 Q 输出。时钟触发出现在一个特定电压电平上, 并且不与时钟脉冲的上升时间直接相关。经过保持时间间隔后, 可以更改 D 输入处的数据而不影响输出处的电平。

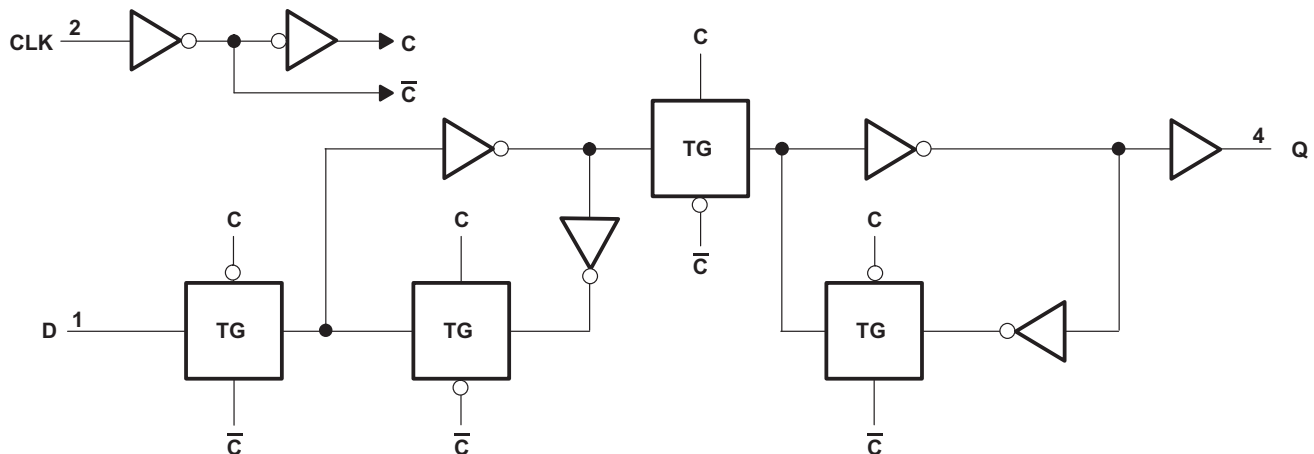
该器件完全适用于使用  $I_{off}$  的局部掉电应用。当器件断电时,  $I_{off}$  电路将会禁用输出。这会抑制电流反流到器件中, 从而防止损坏器件。

器件信息<sup>(1)</sup>

器件型号	封装	封装尺寸
SN74LVC1G79QDCKRQ1	SC70 (5)	2.00mm × 1.25mm

(1) 要了解所有可用封装, 请参见数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

逻辑图 (正逻辑)



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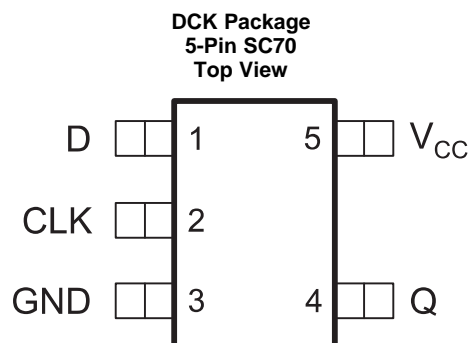
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## 4 修订历史记录

日期	修订版本	注释
2017 年 3 月	*	首次发布。

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



See mechanical drawings for dimensions.

### Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	DCK		
D	1	I	Data input
CLK	2	I	Positive-Edge-Triggered Clock input
GND	3	—	Ground
Q	4	O	Non-inverted output
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	—	Positive Supply

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		−0.5	6.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		−0.5	6.5	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state <sup>(2)</sup>		−0.5	6.5	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state <sup>(2)(3)</sup>		−0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0	−50		mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0	−50		mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current		±50		mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±100		mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		−65	150	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature			150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) The value of V<sub>CC</sub> is provided in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup>	±4000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±1000

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	Operating	1.65	5.5
		Data retention only	1.5	
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	2	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	0.7	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	0.8	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage	0	5.5	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	–4	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	–8	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	–16	
			–24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	–32	
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	4	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	8	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	16	
			24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	32	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V, 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	10	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V	5	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	–40	125	°C

(1) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. See [Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs](#), SCBA004.

### 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		SN74LVC1G79-Q1	UNIT
		DCK	
		5 PINS	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	277.6	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	179.5	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	75.9	°C/W
Ψ <sub>JT</sub>	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	49.7	°C/W
Ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	75.1	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to +85°C			T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to +125°C			UNIT
				MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	
V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = –100 μA		1.65 V to 5.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1			V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1			V
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –4 mA		1.65 V	1.2			1.2			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –8 mA		2.3 V	1.9			1.9			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –16 mA		3 V	2.4			2.4			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –24 mA			2.3			2.3			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –32 mA		4.5 V	3.8			3.8			
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		1.65 V to 5.5 V	0.1			0.1			V
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA		1.65 V	0.45			0.45			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA		2.3 V	0.3			0.3			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA		3 V	0.4			0.4			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA			0.55			0.55			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 32 mA		4.5 V	0.55			0.55			
I <sub>I</sub>	All inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND	0 to 5.5 V	±10			±5			μA
I <sub>off</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V	0	±10			±10			μA
I <sub>CC</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND, I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.65 V to 5.5 V	10			10			μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>		One input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V, Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3 V to 5.5 V	500			500			μA
C <sub>i</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.3 V	4			4			pF

 (1) All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

## 6.6 Timing Requirements: T<sub>A</sub> = –40°C to +85°C

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER			T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to +85°C								UNIT
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency		160		160		160		160		MHz
t <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration, CLK high or low		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		ns
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time before CLK↑	Data high	2.2		1.4		1.3		1.2		ns
		Data low	2.6		1.4		1.3		1.2		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time, data after CLK↑		0.3		0.4		1		0.5		ns

## 6.7 Timing Requirements: T<sub>A</sub> = –40°C to +125°C

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER			T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to +125°C								UNIT
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency		160		160		160		160		MHz
t <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration, CLK high or low		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		ns
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time before CLK↑	Data high	2.2		1.4		1.3		1.2		ns
		Data low	2.6		1.4		1.3		1.2		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time, data after CLK↑		0.3		0.4		1		0.5		ns

### 6.8 Switching Characteristics: $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 3](#))

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to +85°C								UNIT
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			160		160		160		160		MHz
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	2.5	9.1	1.2	6	1	4	0.8	3.8	ns

### 6.9 Switching Characteristics: $C_L = 30$ or $50 \text{ pF}$ , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  or  $50 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 4](#))

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to +85°C								UNIT
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			160		160		160		160		MHz
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	3.9	9.9	2	7	1.7	5	1	4.5	ns

### 6.10 Switching Characteristics: $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$ or $50 \text{ pF}$ , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  or  $50 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 4](#))

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to +125°C								UNIT
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			160		160		160		160		MHz
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	3.9	12	2	8.5	1.7	6	1	5	ns

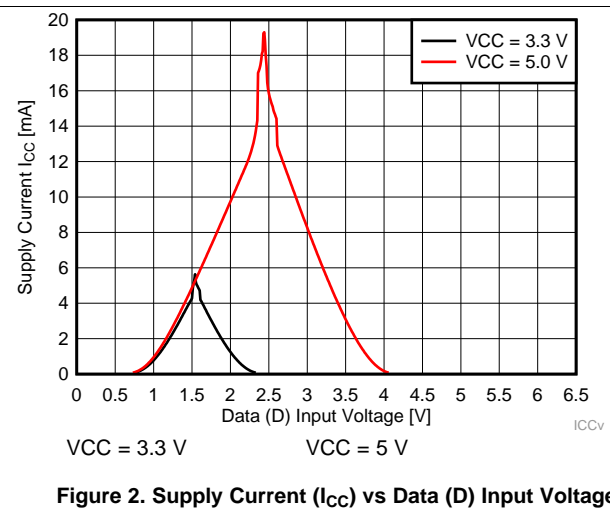
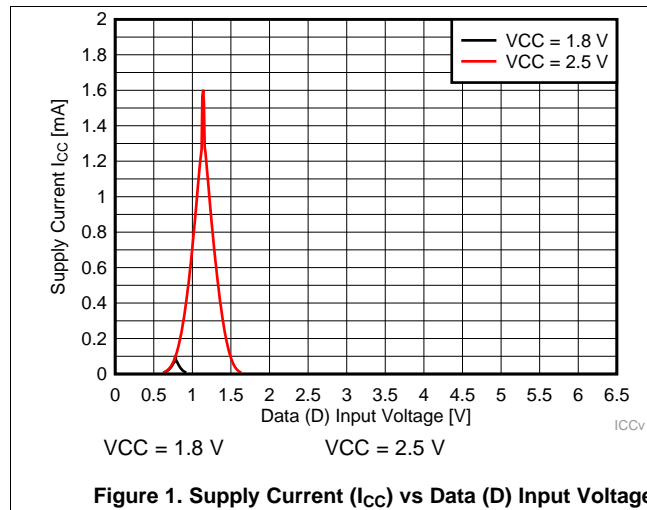
### 6.11 Operating Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	UNIT
			TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	26	26	27	30	pF

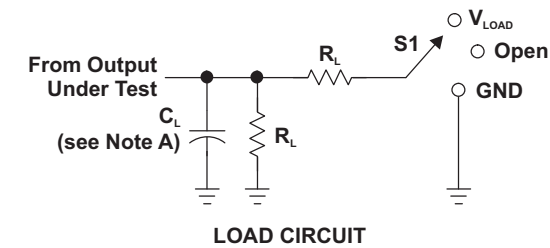
## 6.12 Typical Characteristics

This plot shows the different  $I_{CC}$  values for various voltages on the data input (D). Voltage sweep on the input is from 0 V to 6.5 V.



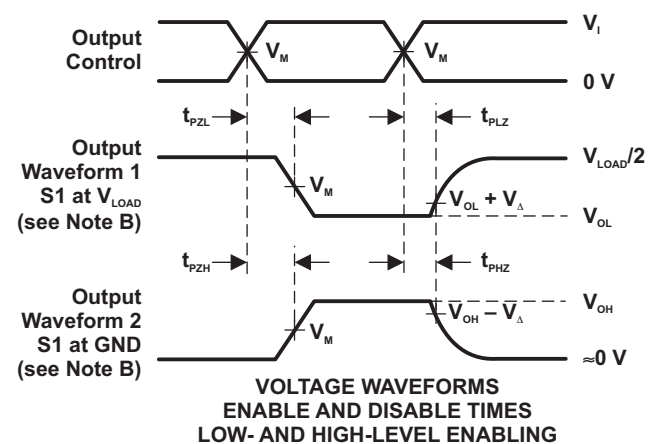
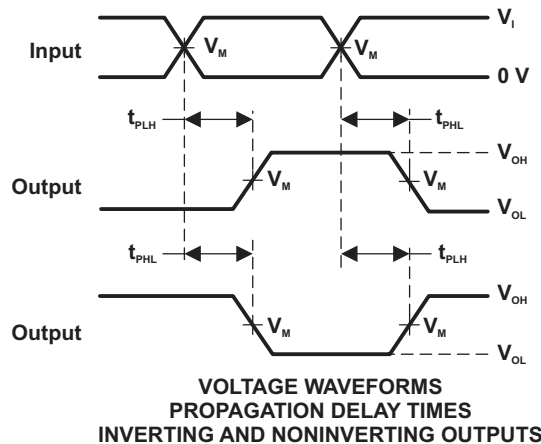
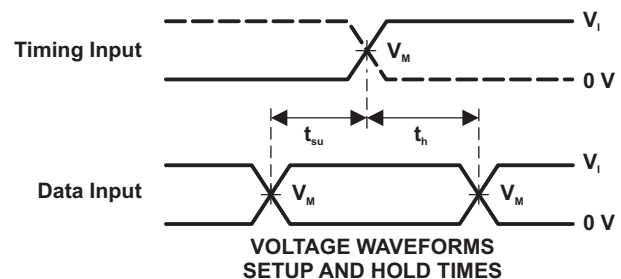
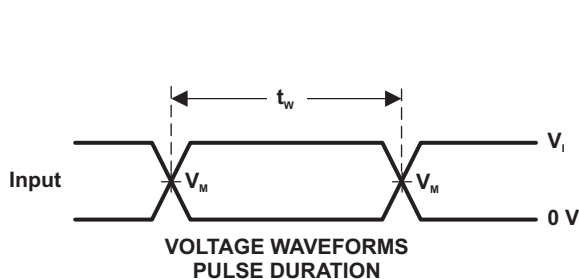


## 7 Parameter Measurement Information



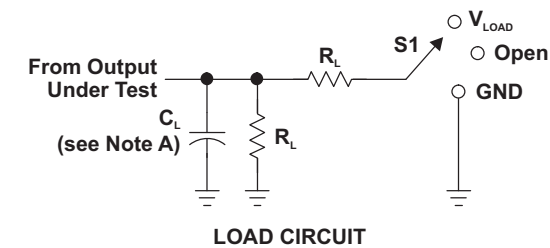
TEST	S1
$t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	$V_{LOAD}$
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND

$V_{CC}$	INPUTS		$V_M$	$V_{LOAD}$	$C_L$	$R_L$	$V_{\Delta}$
	$V_I$	$t_r/t_f$					
$1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2\text{ ns}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	15 pF	1 M $\Omega$	0.15 V
$2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2\text{ ns}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	15 pF	1 M $\Omega$	0.15 V
$3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	3 V	$\leq 2.5\text{ ns}$	1.5 V	6 V	15 pF	1 M $\Omega$	0.3 V
$5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.5\text{ ns}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	15 pF	1 M $\Omega$	0.3 V



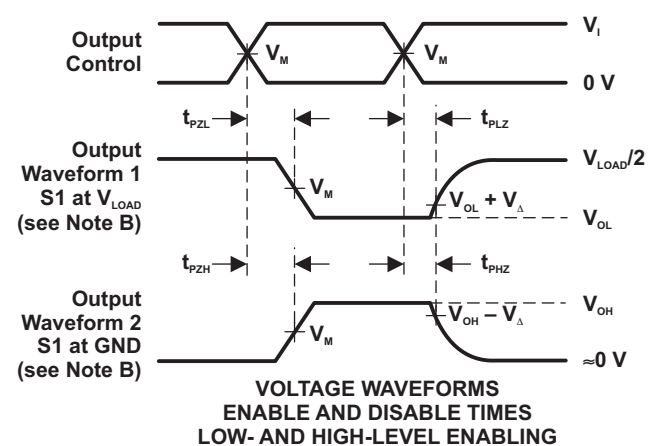
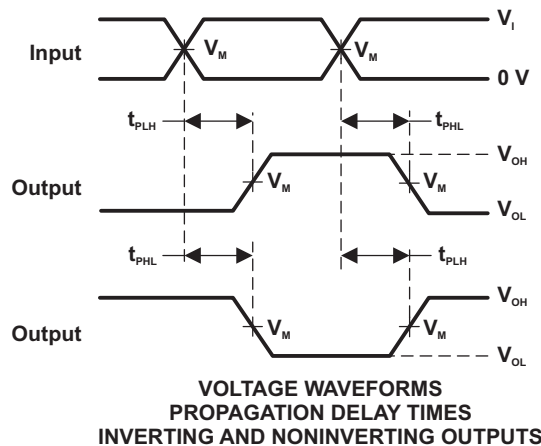
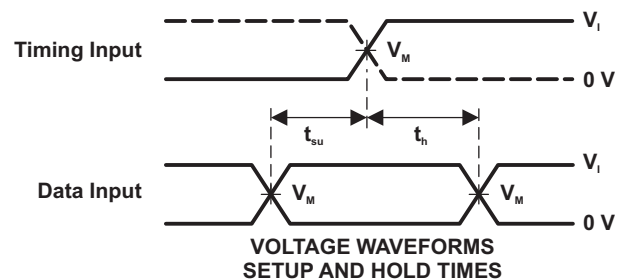
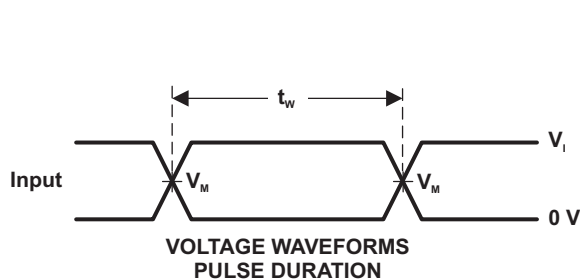
- NOTES:
- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_o = 50\ \Omega$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
  - H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

**Parameter Measurement Information (continued)**


TEST	S1
$t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	$V_{LOAD}$
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND

$V_{CC}$	INPUTS		$V_M$	$V_{LOAD}$	$C_L$	$R_L$	$V_{\Delta}$
	$V_I$	$t_r/t_f$					
$1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2\text{ ns}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	30 pF	1 k $\Omega$	0.15 V
$2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2\text{ ns}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	30 pF	500 $\Omega$	0.15 V
$3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	3 V	$\leq 2.5\text{ ns}$	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	500 $\Omega$	0.3 V
$5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.5\text{ ns}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	50 pF	500 $\Omega$	0.3 V



- NOTES:
- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_o = 50\ \Omega$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{on}$ .
  - G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
  - H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

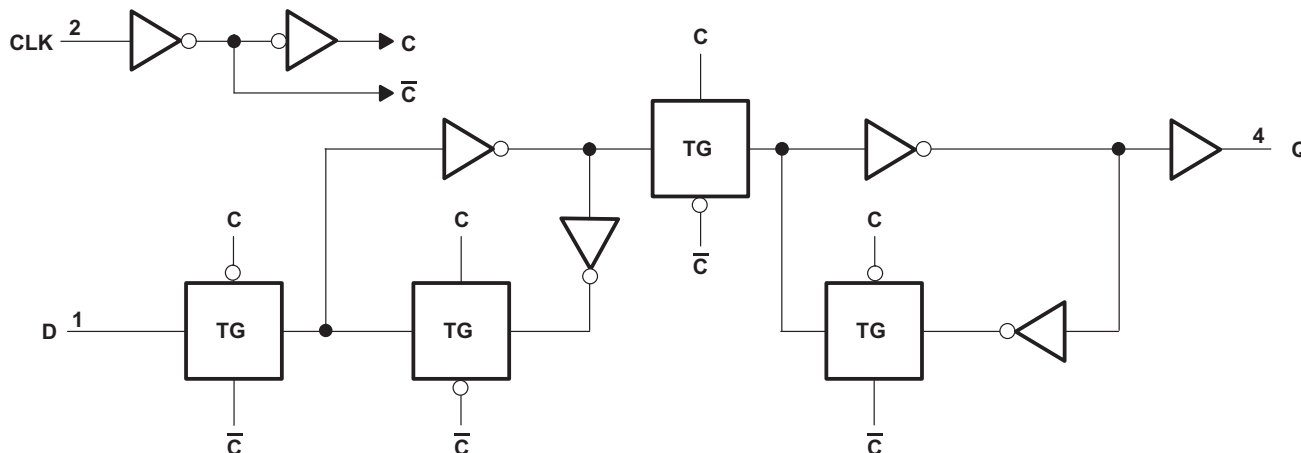
**Figure 4. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

## 8 Detailed Description

### 8.1 Overview

The SN74LVC1G79-Q1 is a single positive-edge-triggered D-type flip-flop and is AEC-Q100 qualified for automotive applications. Data at the input (D) is transferred to the output (Q) on the positive-going edge of the clock pulse when the setup time requirement is met. Because the clock triggering occurs at a voltage level, it is not directly related to the rise time of the clock pulse. This allows for data at the input to be changed without affecting the level at the output, following the hold-time interval.

### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



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Figure 5. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 Balanced High-Drive CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the power output of the device to be limited to avoid thermal runaway and damage due to over-current. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#) must be followed at all times.

#### 8.3.2 Standard CMOS Inputs

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the [Electrical Characteristics](#). The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the [Recommended Operating Conditions](#), and the maximum input leakage current, given in the [Electrical Characteristics](#), using ohm's law ( $R = V \div I$ ).

Signals applied to the inputs need to have fast edge rates, as defined by  $\Delta t/\Delta v$  in [Recommended Operating Conditions](#) to avoid excessive currents and oscillations. If tolerance to a slow or noisy input signal is required, a device with a Schmitt-trigger input should be utilized to condition the input signal prior to the standard CMOS input.

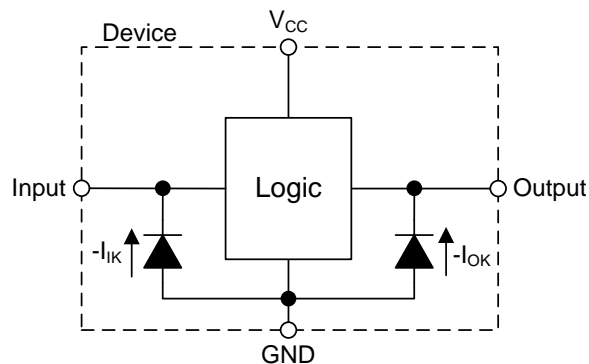
## Feature Description (continued)

### 8.3.3 Clamp Diodes

The inputs and outputs to this device have negative clamping diodes.

#### CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#) table can cause damage to the device. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.



**Figure 6. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output**

### 8.3.4 Partial Power Down ( $I_{off}$ )

The inputs and outputs for this device enter a high impedance state when the supply voltage is 0 V. The maximum leakage into or out of any input or output pin on the device is specified by  $I_{off}$  in the [Electrical Characteristics](#).

### 8.3.5 Over-Voltage Tolerant Inputs

Input signals to this device can be driven above the supply voltage so long as they remain below the maximum input voltage value specified in the [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#).

## 8.4 Device Functional Modes

[Table 1](#) lists the functional modes of SN74LVC1G79-Q1.

**Table 1. Function Table**

INPUTS		OUTPUT Y
CLK	D	
↑	H	H
↑	L	L
L	X	$Q_0$

## 9 Application and Implementation

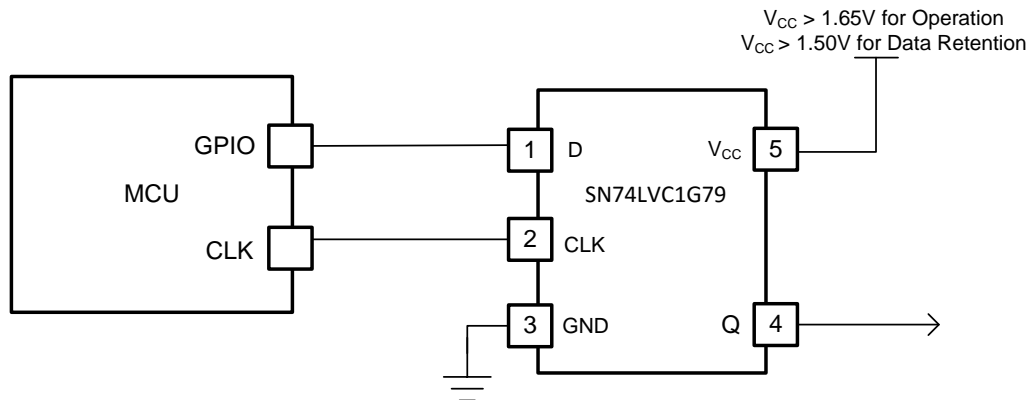
### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 9.1 Application Information

A useful application for the SN74LVC1G79-Q1 is using it as a data latch with low-voltage data retention. This application implements the use of a microcontroller GPIO pin to act as a clock to set the output state and a second GPIO to provide the input data. If the SN74LVC1G79-Q1 is being powered from 1.8 V and there is concern that a power glitch could exist as low as 1.5 V, the device will retain the state of the Q output. An example of this data retention is shown in [Figure 8](#) where the  $V_{CC}$  drops to 1.5 V and the Q output maintains the HIGH output state when  $V_{CC}$  returns to 1.8 V. If the  $V_{CC}$  voltage drops below 1.5 V, data retention is not guaranteed.

### 9.2 Typical Application



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**Figure 7. Low Voltage Data Retention With SN74LVC1G79-Q1**

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

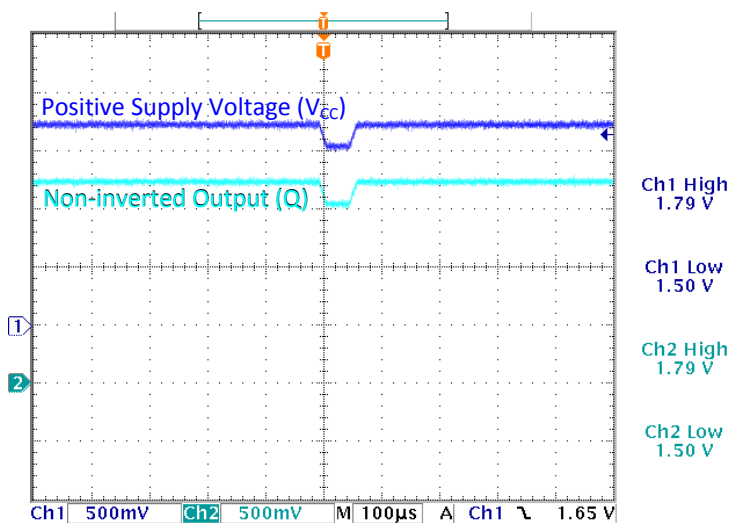
The SN74LVC1G79-Q1 device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Take care to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

1. Recommended input conditions:
  - For rise time and fall time specifications, see  $\Delta t/\Delta v$  in [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).
  - For specified high and low levels, see  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  in [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).
  - Input voltages are recommended to not go below 0 V and not exceed 5.5 V for any  $V_{CC}$ . See [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).
2. Recommended output conditions:
  - Load currents should not exceed  $\pm 50$  mA. See [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#).
  - Output voltages are recommended to not go below 0 V and not exceed the  $V_{CC}$  voltage. See [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).

## Typical Application (continued)

### 9.2.3 Application Curve



**Figure 8. Data Retention With  $V_{CC}$  Glitch Down to 1.5 V**

## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

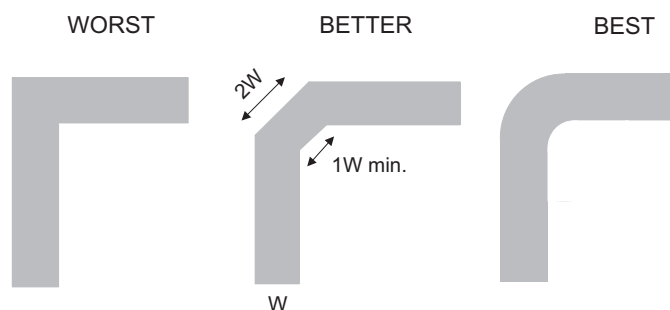
The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating listed in [Recommended Operating Conditions](#). A 0.1- $\mu$ F bypass capacitor is recommended to be connected from the VCC terminal to GND to prevent power disturbance. To reject different frequencies of noise, use multiple bypass capacitors in parallel. Capacitors with values of 0.1  $\mu$ F and 1  $\mu$ F are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor must be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When a PCB trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. A reflection occurs primarily because of the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width increases to 1.414 times the width. This increase upsets the transmission-line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self-inductance of the trace which results in the reflection. Not all PCB traces can be straight and therefore some traces must turn corners. [Figure 9](#) shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example (BEST) maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

### 11.2 Layout Example



**Figure 9. Trace Example**

## 12 器件和文档支持

### 12.1 文档支持

#### 12.1.1 相关文档

相关文档请参阅以下部分：

- 《慢速或浮点 CMOS 输入的影响》，SCBA004
- 《了解和解读标准逻辑器件数据表》，SZZA036
- 《计时器件的加电行为》，SCHA005

### 12.2 接收文档更新通知

如需接收文档更新通知，请访问 [www.ti.com.cn](http://www.ti.com.cn) 网站上的器件产品文件夹。点击右上角的提醒我 (Alert me) 注册后，即可每周定期收到已更改的产品信息。有关更改的详细信息，请查阅已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

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**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

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### 12.5 静电放电警告



这些装置包含有限的内置 ESD 保护。存储或装卸时，应将导线一起截短或将装置放置于导电泡棉中，以防止 MOS 门极遭受静电损伤。

### 12.6 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页中包括机械封装、封装和可订购信息。这些信息是针对指定器件可提供的最新数据。这些数据会在无通知且不对本文档进行修订的情况下发生改变。要获得这份数据表的浏览器版本，请查阅左侧导航栏。

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
<a href="#">SN74LVC1G79QDCKRQ1</a>	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	16S
SN74LVC1G79QDCKRQ1.A	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	16S
SN74LVC1G79QDCKRQ1.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	16S
<a href="#">SN74LVC1G79QDCKTQ1</a>	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	16S
SN74LVC1G79QDCKTQ1.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	16S

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC1G79-Q1 :**

- Catalog : [SN74LVC1G79](#)
- Enhanced Product : [SN74LVC1G79-EP](#)

**NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:**

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

DCK0005A



## PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOT - 1.1 max height

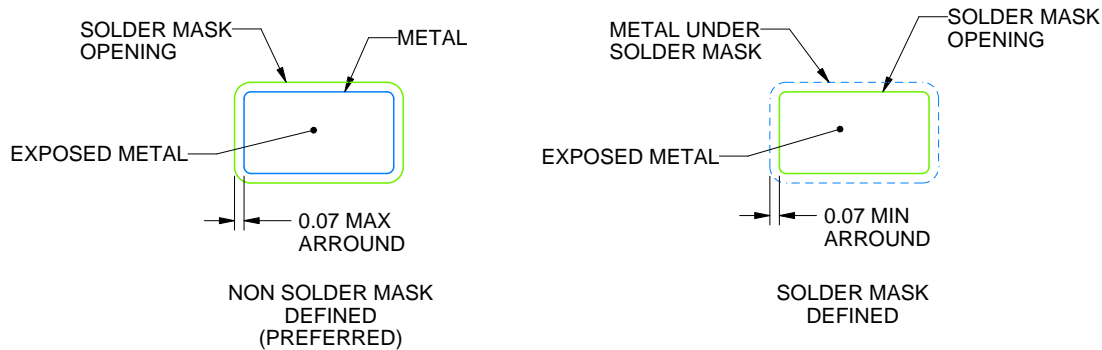
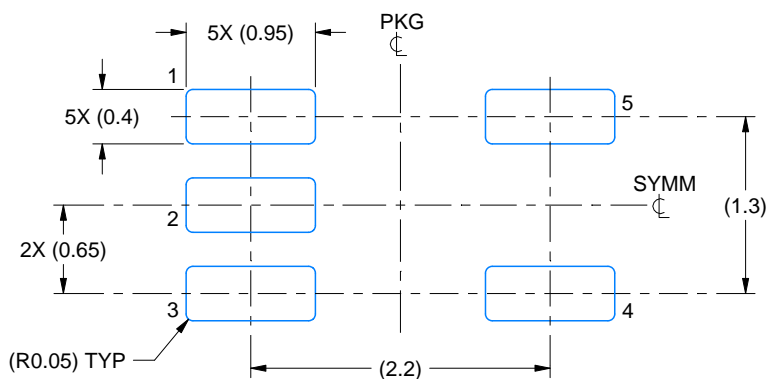
SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



4214834/G 11/2024

### NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Reference JEDEC MO-203.
4. Support pin may differ or may not be present.
5. Lead width does not comply with JEDEC.
6. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25mm per side



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NOTES: (continued)

7. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
8. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
 BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL  
 SCALE: 18X

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NOTES: (continued)

9. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
10. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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