TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
SN74LVC1G126-Q1
ZHCSKE2D – JULY 2003 – REVISED AUGUST 2020

具有三态输出的 SN74LVC1G126-Q1 单路总线缓冲门

1 特性

- 符合汽车应用要求
- 支持 5V V_{CC} 运行
- 输入电压高达 5.5V
- 支持向下转换到 V_{CC}
- 低功耗，I_{CC} 最大值为 10μA
- 电压为 3.3V 时，输出驱动为 ±24mA
- I_{off} 支持带电插入、局部断电模式和后驱动保护
- 闩锁性能超过 100mA，
  符合 JESD 78 II 类规范的要求

2 应用

- 线缆调制解调器终端系统
- 高速数据采集和生成
- 电机控制：高电压
- 电力线通信调制解调器
- SSD：内部或外部
- 视频广播和基础设施：可扩展平台
- 视频广播：基于 IP 的多格式转码器
- 视频通信系统

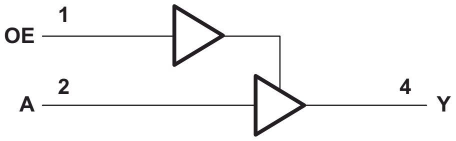
3 说明

SN74LVC1G126-Q1 器件是一款具有三态输出的单线驱动器。当输出使能输入为低电平时，输出被禁用。

器件信息

器件型号	封装（引脚）(1)	封装尺寸
1P1G126QDBVRQ1	SOT-23 (5)	2.90mm × 1.60mm
1P1G126QDRYRQ1	SON (6)	1.00mm × 1.00mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装，请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。



简化版原理图

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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision C (April 2019) to Revision D (August 2020)	Page
• 更正了“特性”列表中的值。	1
• 更新了整个文档中的表格、图和交叉参考的编号格式	1
• 更新了*说明* 和*器件信息* 表	1
• Deleted incorrect history tags from revision C: Changed 1.65-V to 3.6-V VCC to 1.65-V to 5-V VCC operation and Changed MAX operating temperature to 125°C in Recommended Operating Conditions table	2
• Changed ESD ratings table to automotive format	4
• Corrected I_{OH} and I_{OL} MAX values in *Recommended Operating Conditions* table	5
• Corrected *Electrical Characteristics* table	6
• Removed *Switching Characteristics, CL = 15 pF* and *Switching Characteristics, –40°C to 85°C* tables	7
• Corrected MAX *Switching Characteristics* values	7
• Removed unneeded columns in *Operating Characteristics* table	7
• Removed first image and unused rows in table in *Parameter Measurement Information* section	8
• Updated *Feature Description* section	9
• Fixed cross references in *Detailed Design Procedure* section	11

Changes from Revision B (April 2008) to Revision C (April 2019)	Page
• 将文档更新为新的 TI 数据表格式，删除了“订购信息”表，并添加了*应用* 列表和*器件信息* 表	1
• Added DRY package	3
• Added ESD ratings table	4
• Added Thermal Information table	5
• Added *Feature Description* section	9
• Added *Device Functional Modes* section	10
• Added *Application and Implementation* section	11
• Added *Power Supply Recommendations* and *Layout* sections	12
• Added *Device and Documentation Support* section and *Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information* section	13

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

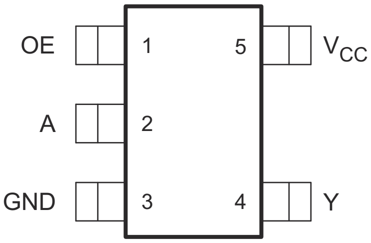
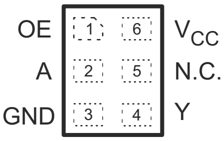


图 5-1. DBV Package 5-Pin SOT-23 Top View



N.C. is no connection

See all mechanical drawings at the end of this data sheet for package dimensions.

图 5-2. DRY Package 6-Pin SON Transparent Top View

Pin Functions

PIN			TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	DBV (SOT-23)	DRY (SON)		
A	2	2	I	A Input
GND	3	3	—	Ground Pin
NC	—	5	—	No connection
OE	1	1	I	OE Enable/Input
V_{CC}	5	6	—	Power Pin
Y	4	4	O	Y Output

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[1]

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage range		–0.5	6.5	V
V_I	Input voltage range[2]		–0.5	6.5	V
V_O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state[2]		–0.5	6.5	V
V_O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state[2] [3]		–0.5	V_{CC} + 0.5	V
I_{IK}	Input clamp current	$V_I < 0$		–50	mA
I_{OK}	Output clamp current	$V_O < 0$		–50	mA
I_O	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND			±100	mA
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		–65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
(3) The value of V_{CC} is provided in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

6.2 ESD Ratings

PARAMETER		DEFINITION	VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002[1]	±2000	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±1000	

(1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[1]

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	Operating	1.65	5.5	V
		Data retention only	1.5		
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V_{CC}		V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7		
		V_{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V	2		
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7 × V_{CC}		
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		0.35 × V_{CC}	V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	
		V_{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V		0.8	
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		0.3 × V_{CC}	
V_I	Input voltage		0	5.5	V
V_O	Output voltage		0	V_{CC}	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current	V_{CC} = 1.65 V		–4	mA
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V		–8	
		V_{CC} = 3 V		–16	
				–24	
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V		–24	
I_{OL}	Low-level output current	V_{CC} = 1.65 V		4	mA
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V		8	
		V_{CC} = 3 V		16	
				24	
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V		24	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	V_{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V, 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		20	ns/V
		V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		10	
		V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		5	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		–40	125	°C

(1) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC[1]		SN74LVC1G126-Q1		UNIT
		DBV	DRY	
		5 PINS	6 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	240.9	279.0	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	165.8	182.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	143.2	154.5	°C/W
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	84.4	31.3	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	142.5	153.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	–	–	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		V_{CC}	MIN	TYP[1]	MAX	UNIT
V_{OH}		I_{OH} = – 100 µA		1.65 V to 5.5 V	V_{CC} – 0.1			V
		I_{OH} = – 4 mA		1.65 V	1.2			
		I_{OH} = – 8 mA		2.3 V	1.9			
		I_{OH} = – 16 mA		3 V	2.4			
		I_{OH} = – 24 mA		3 V	2.3			
				4.5 V	3.8			
V_{OL}		I_{OL} = 100 µA		1.65 V to 5.5 V			0.1	V
		I_{OL} = 4 mA		1.65 V			0.45	
		I_{OL} = 8 mA		2.3 V			0.3	
		I_{OL} = 16 mA		3 V			0.4	
		I_{OL} = 24 mA		3 V			0.55	
				4.5 V			0.55	
I_I	A or OE inputs	V_I = 5.5 V or GND		0 to 5.5 V			±5	µA
I_{off}		V_I or V_O = 5.5 V		0			±10	µA
I_{OZ}		V_O = 0 to 5.5 V		3.6 V			10	µA
I_{CC}		V_I = 5.5 V or GND	I_O = 0	1.65 V to 5.5 V			10	µA
ΔI_{CC}		One input at V_{CC} – 0.6 V, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND		3 V to 5.5 V			500	µA
C_i		V_I = V_{CC} or GND		3.3 V		4		pF

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.

6.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C_L = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see 图 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{pd}	A	Y	1	5.8	1	4.5	ns
t_{en}	OE	Y	1.2	5.8	1	5	ns
t_{dis}	OE	Y	1	6	1	4.2	ns

6.7 Operating Characteristics

T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC} = 3.3 V	V_{CC} = 5 V	UNIT
				TYP	TYP	
C_{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance	Outputs enabled	f = 10 MHz	19	21	pF
		Outputs disabled		3	4	

6.8 Typical Characteristics

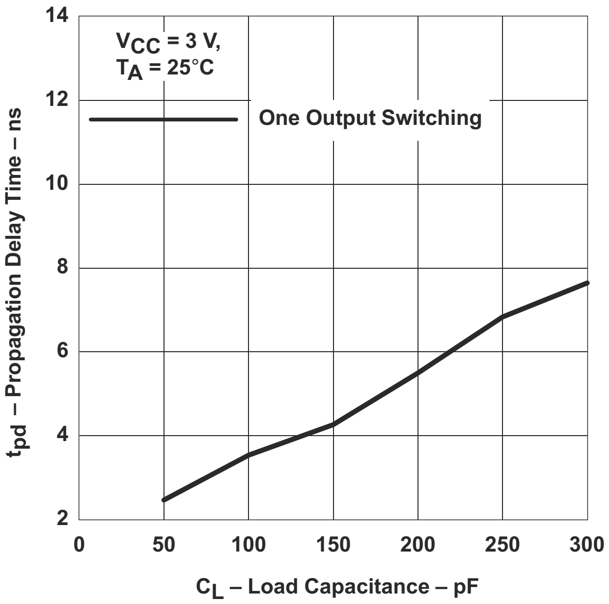


图 6-1. Propagation Delay (Low to High Transition) vs Load Capacitance

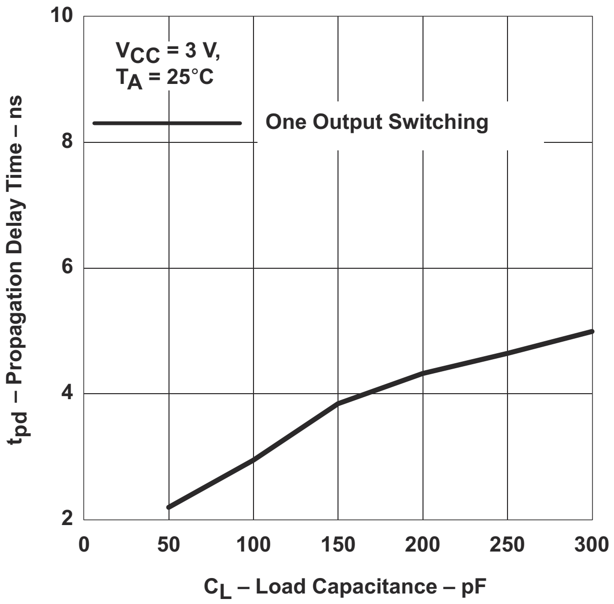
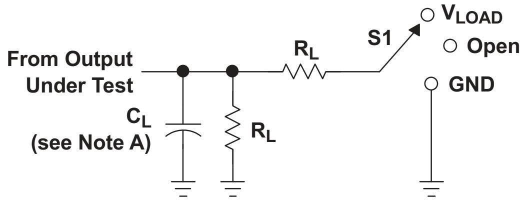


图 6-2. Propagation Delay (High to Low Transition) vs Load Capacitance

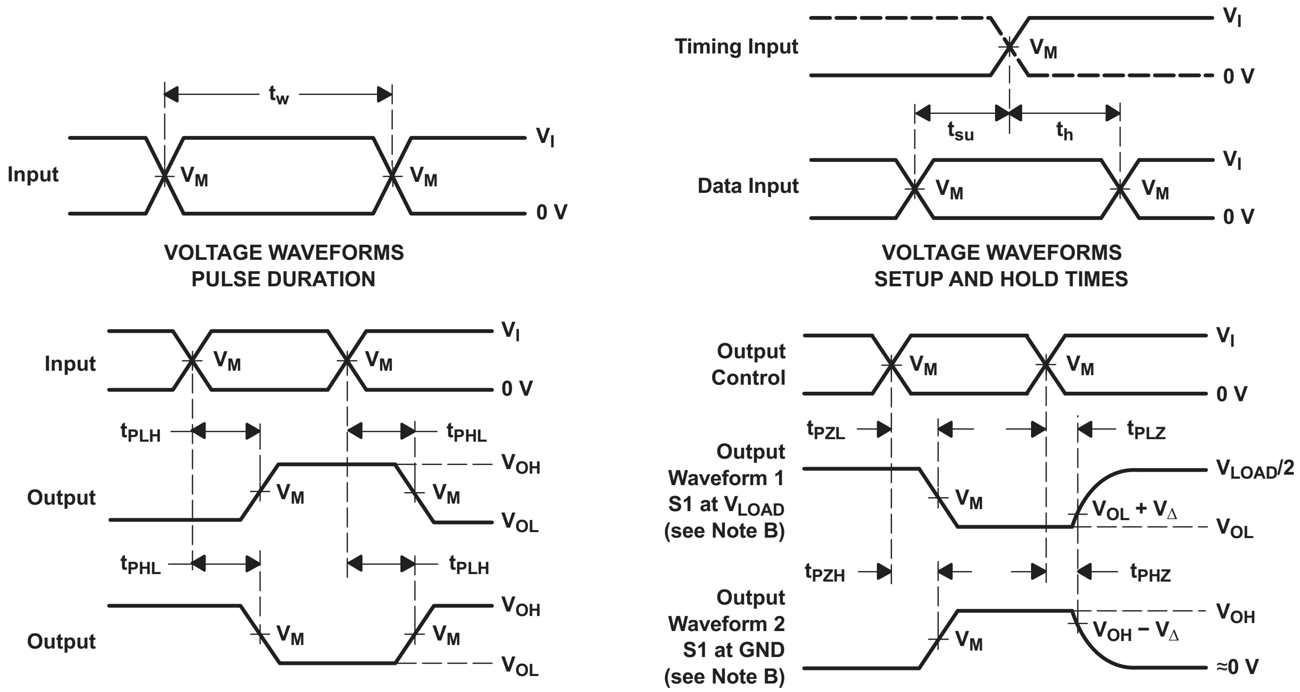
7 Parameter Measurement Information



LOAD CIRCUIT

TEST	S1
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	V_{LOAD}
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND

V_{CC}	INPUTS		V_M	V_{LOAD}	C_L	R_L	V_Δ
	V_I	t_r/t_f					
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
5 V ± 0.5 V	V_{CC}	≤2.5 ns	$V_{CC}/2$	2 × V_{CC}	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PULSE DURATION

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
SETUP AND HOLD TIMES

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
INVERTING AND NONINVERTING OUTPUTS

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES
LOW- AND HIGH-LEVEL ENABLING

NOTES:
- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.
- F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en}.
- G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

图 7-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

8 Detailed Description

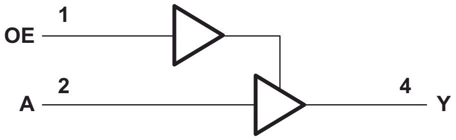
8.1 Overview

The SN74LVC1G126-Q1 device contains a dual buffer gate with output enable control and performs the Boolean function Y = A.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to GND through a pull-down resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Balanced CMOS 3-State Outputs

This device includes balanced CMOS 3-State outputs. The three states that these outputs can be in are driving high, driving low, and high impedance. The term "balanced" indicates that the device can sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the output power of the device to be limited to avoid damage due to overcurrent. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

When placed into the high-impedance mode, the output will neither source nor sink current, with the exception of minor leakage current as defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table. In the high-impedance state, the output voltage is not controlled by the device and is dependent on external factors. If no other drivers are connected to the node, then this is known as a floating node and the voltage is unknown. A pull-up or pull-down resistor can be connected to the output to provide a known voltage at the output while it is in the high-impedance state. The value of the resistor will depend on multiple factors, including parasitic capacitance and power consumption limitations. Typically, a 10 kΩ resistor can be used to meet these requirements.

Unused 3-state CMOS outputs should be left disconnected.

8.3.2 Partial Power Down (I_{off})

This device includes circuitry to disable all outputs when the supply pin is held at 0 V. When disabled, the outputs will neither source nor sink current, regardless of the input voltages applied. The amount of leakage current at each output is defined by the I_{off} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics* table.

8.3.3 Standard CMOS Inputs

This device includes standard CMOS inputs. Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the *Electrical Characteristics*, using Ohm's law (R = V ÷ I).

Standard CMOS inputs require that input signals transition between valid logic states quickly, as defined by the input transition time or rate in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table. Failing to meet this specification will result in excessive power consumption and could cause oscillations. More details can be found in Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs.

Do not leave standard CMOS inputs floating at any time during operation. Unused inputs must be terminated at V_{CC} or GND. If a system will not be actively driving an input at all times, a pull-up or pull-down resistor can be added to provide a valid input voltage during these times. The resistor value will depend on multiple factors, however a 10-kΩ resistor is recommended and will typically meet all requirements.

8.3.4 Clamp Diode Structure

The inputs and outputs to this device have negative clamping diodes only as depicted in 图 8-1.

> **CAUTION**
>
> Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

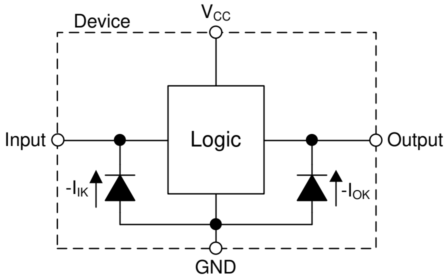


图 8-1. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

8.4 Device Functional Modes

表 8-1. Function Table

INPUTS		OUTPUT
OE	**A**	**Y**
H	H	H
H	L	L
L	X	Z

9 Application and Implementation

Note

以下应用部分的信息不属于 TI 组件规范，TI 不担保其准确性和完整性。客户应负责确定 TI 组件是否适用于其应用。客户应验证并测试其设计，以确保系统功能。

9.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC1G126-Q1 device is a high-drive CMOS device that can be used as an output enabled buffer with a high output drive, such as an LED application. It can produce 24 mA of drive current at 3.3 V, making it ideal for driving multiple outputs and good for high speed applications up to 100 MHz. The inputs are 5.5-V tolerant allowing it to translate down to V_{CC}.

9.2 Typical Application

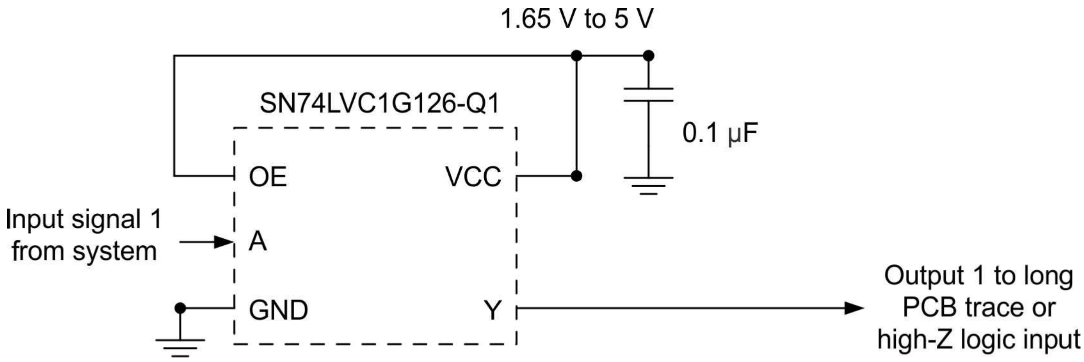


图 9-1. Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Care should be taken to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. Outputs can be combined to produce higher drive but the high drive will also create faster edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

1. Recommended Input Conditions:
   - For rise time and fall time specifications, see Δt/ΔV in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
   - For specified high and low levels, see V_{IH} and V_{IL} in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
   - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V_{CC}.
2. Recommend Output Conditions:
   - Load currents should not exceed 50 mA per output and 100 mA total for the part.

9.2.3 Application Curves

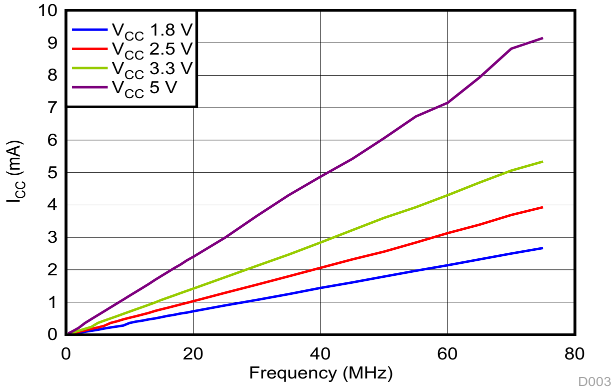


图 9-2. I_{CC} vs Frequency

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the MIN and MAX supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

Each V_{CC} terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, a 0.1-μF capacitor is recommended. If there are multiple V_{CC} terminals, then 0.01-μF or 0.022-μF capacitors are recommended for each power terminal. It is ok to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. Multiple bypass capacitors may be paralleled to reject different frequencies of noise. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for the best results.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs should not float. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4-buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states.

Specified in Recommended Operating Conditions are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or V_{CC}, whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is acceptable to float outputs unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin, it will disable the outputs section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the I/Os so they also cannot float when disabled.

11.2 Layout Example

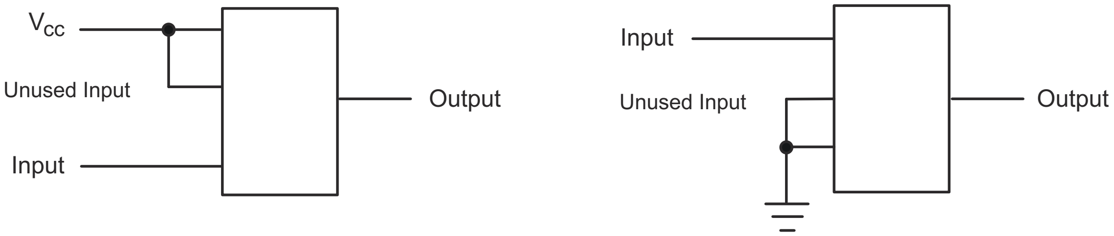


图 11-1. Layout Diagram

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 ti.com 上的器件产品文件夹。点击*订阅更新* 进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

12.2 支持资源

TI E2E™ 中文支持论坛是工程师的重要参考资料，可直接从专家处获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题，获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者“按原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参阅 TI 的使用条款。

12.3 Trademarks

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.
所有商标均为其各自所有者的财产。

12.4 静电放电警告

静电放电 (ESD) 会损坏这个集成电路。德州仪器 (TI) 建议通过适当的预防措施处理所有集成电路。如果不遵守正确的处理和安装程序，可能会损坏集成电路。

ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

12.5 术语表

TI 术语表	本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package | Pins	Package qty | Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
1P1G126QDBVRQ1	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) | 5	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(34Q5, C26O)
1P1G126QDBVRQ1.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) | 5	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(34Q5, C26O)
1P1G126QDBVRQ1.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) | 5	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(34Q5, C26O)
1P1G126QDRYRQ1	Active	Production	SON (DRY) | 6	5000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HN
1P1G126QDRYRQ1.B	Active	Production	SON (DRY) | 6	5000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HN

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC1G126-Q1 :

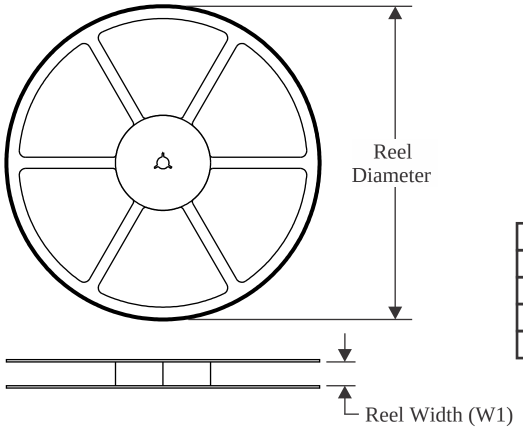
- Catalog : SN74LVC1G126
- Enhanced Product : SN74LVC1G126-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

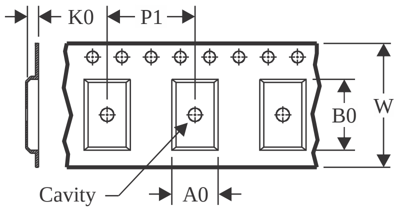
- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

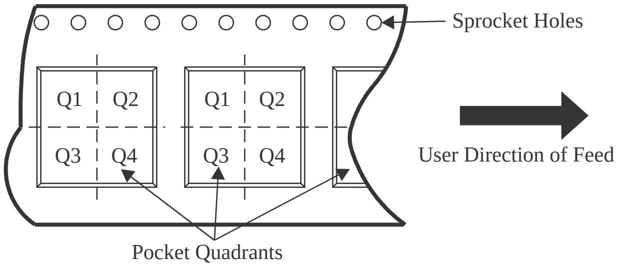


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

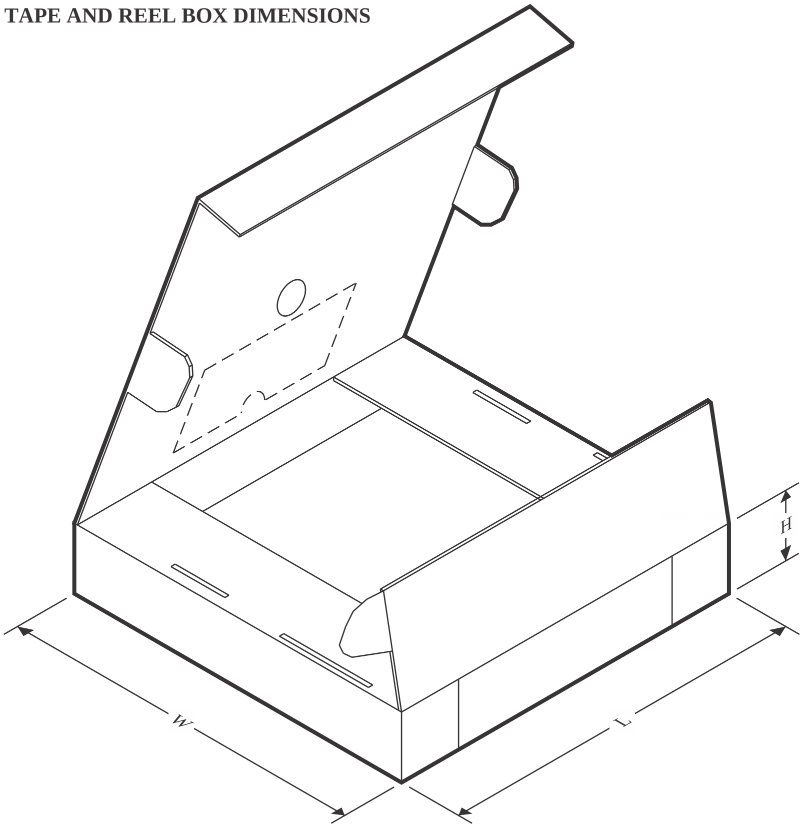
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
1P1G126QDBVRQ1	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
1P1G126QDRYRQ1	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.2	1.65	0.7	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

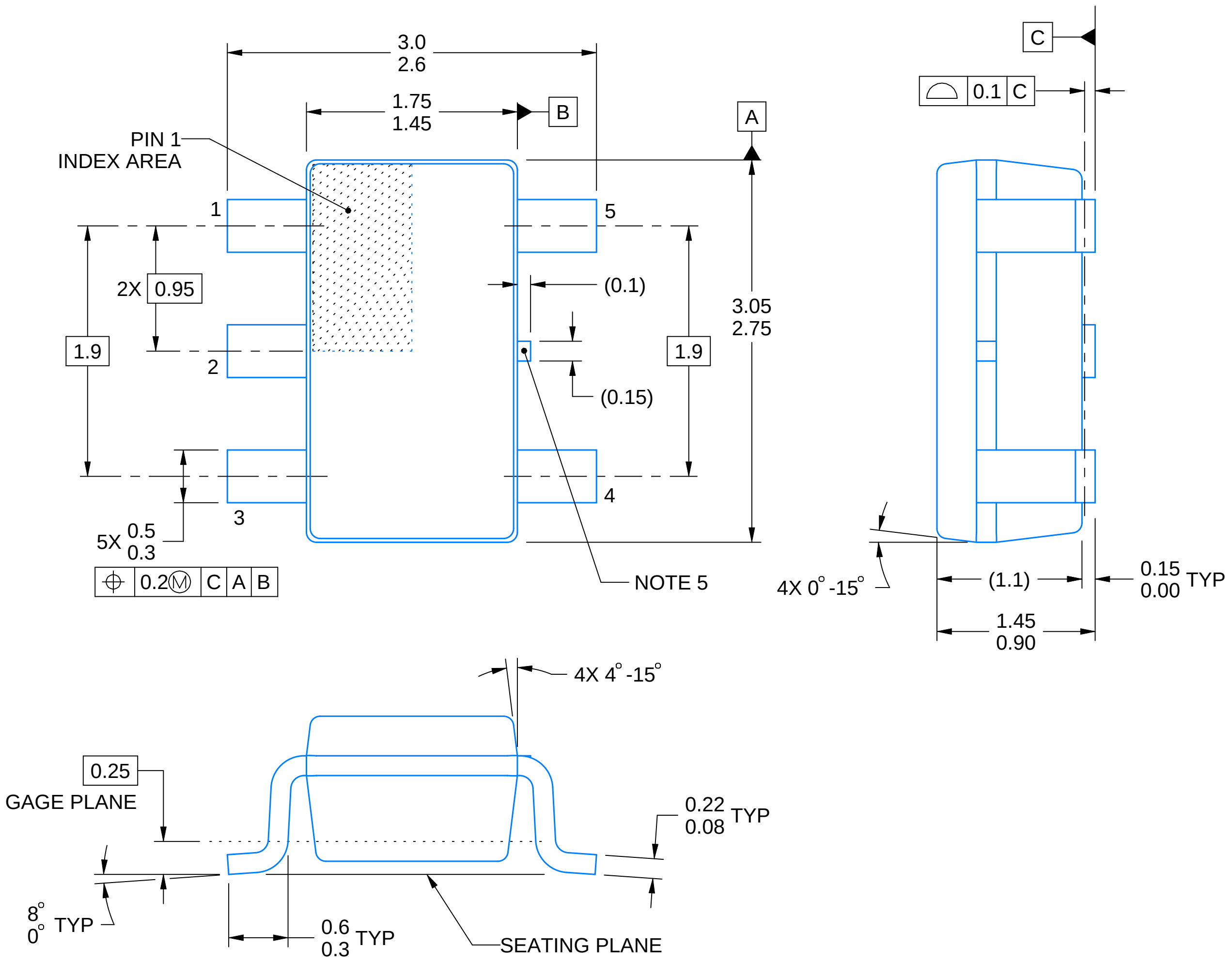
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
1P1G126QDBVRQ1	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	190.0	190.0	30.0
1P1G126QDRYRQ1	SON	DRY	6	5000	189.0	185.0	36.0

PACKAGE OUTLINE

DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



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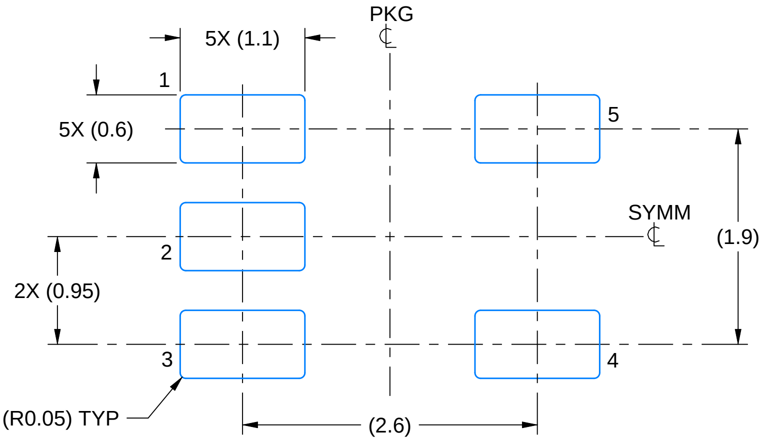
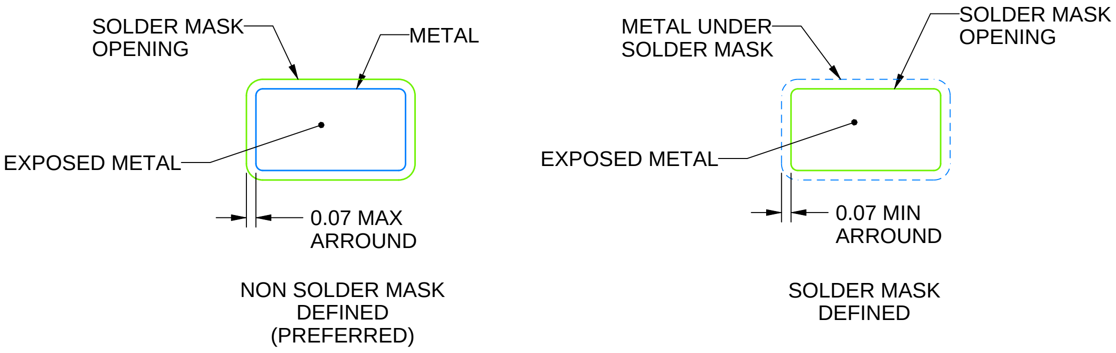
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Refernce JEDEC MO-178.
4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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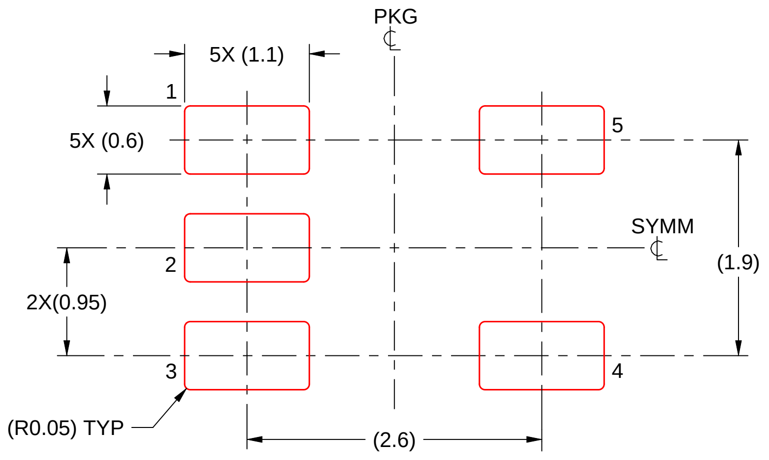
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:15X

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NOTES: (continued)

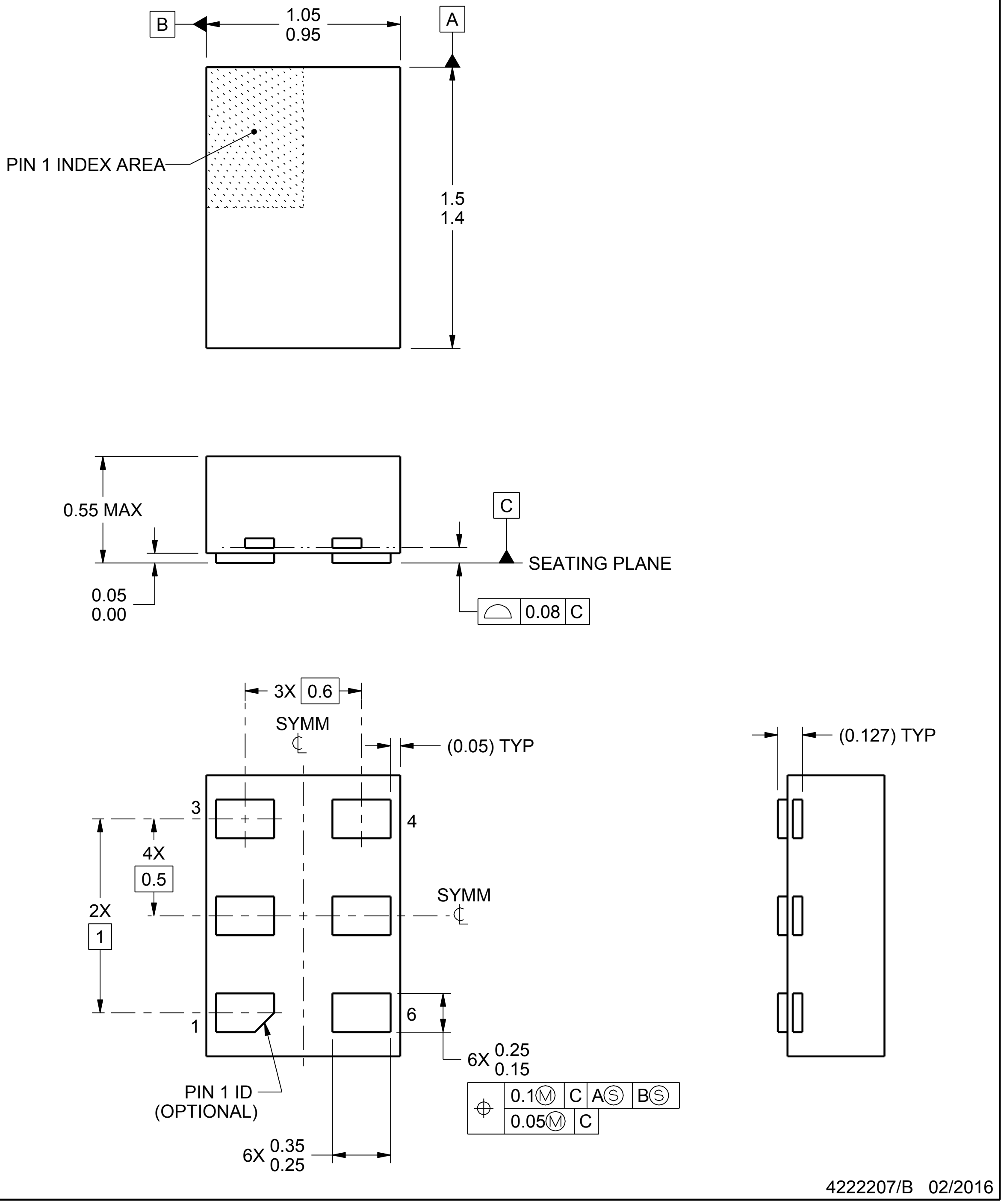
8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

DRY 6

USON - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

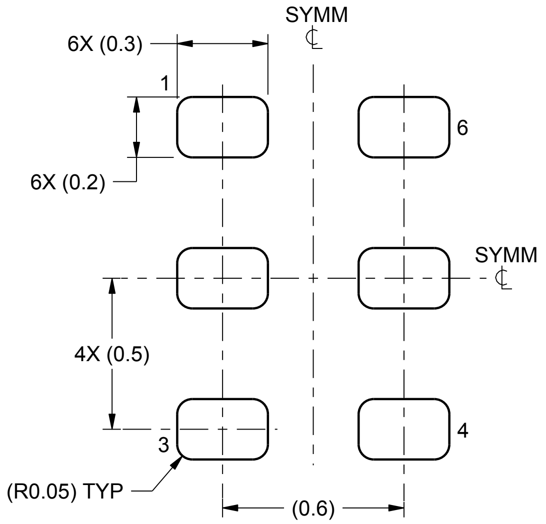
Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



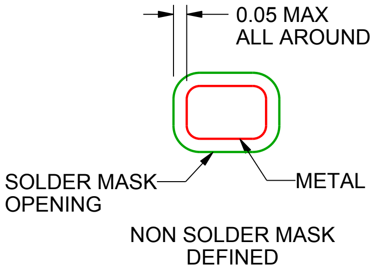
4222207/B 02/2016

NOTES:

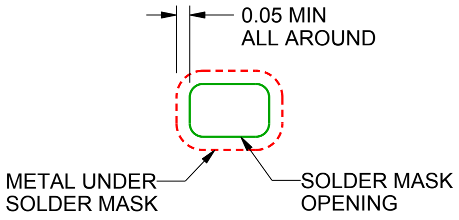
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
1:1 RATIO WITH PKG SOLDER PADS
SCALE:40X



NON SOLDER MASK
DEFINED



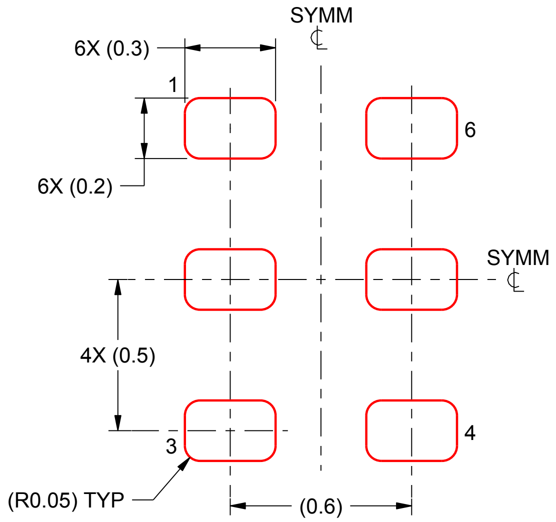
SOLDER MASK
DEFINED
(PREFERRED)

SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4222207/B 02/2016

NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see QFN/SON PCB application report in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.075 - 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:40X

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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