

MSP430F51x2、MSP430F51x1 混合信号微控制器

1 器件概述

1.1 特性

- 低电源电压范围：
3.6V 到 1.8V
 - 超低功耗
 - 激活模式 (AM): 180 μ A/MHz
 - 待机模式 (LPM3 WDT 模式, 3V): 1.1 μ A
 - 关闭模式 (LPM4 RAM 保持, 3V): 0.9 μ A
 - 关断模式 (LPM4.5, 3V): 0.25 μ A
 - 可在不到 5 μ s 的时间内从待机模式唤醒
 - 16 位精简指令集计算机 (RISC) 架构, 扩展内存, 40ns 指令周期时间
 - 灵活的电源管理系统
 - 内置可编程的低压降稳压器 (LDO)
 - 电源电压监控、监视、和临时限电
 - 统一时钟系统
 - 针对频率稳定的锁相环 (FLL) 控制环路
 - 低功耗低频内部时钟源 (VLO)
 - 低频修整内部基准源 (REFO)
 - 32kHz 晶振 (XT1)
 - 频率高达 25MHz 的高频晶振 (XT1)
 - 硬件乘法器支持 32 位运算
 - 3 通道直接存储器访问 (DMA)
 - 多达 12 个 5V 耐压数字推挽式 I/O, 驱动强度高达 20mA⁽¹⁾
 - 具有 3 个捕捉/比较寄存器且支持高分辨率模式的 16 位定时器 TD0
 - 具有 3 个捕捉/比较寄存器且支持高分辨率模式的 16 位定时器 TD1
 - 具有 3 个捕捉/比较寄存器的 16 位定时器 TA0
 - 通用串行通信接口 (USCI)⁽¹⁾
 - USCI_A0 支持:
 - 增强型通用异步收发器 (UART) 支持自动波特率检测
 - IrDA 编码和解码
 - 同步串行外设接口 (SPI)
 - USCI_B0 支持:
 - I²C
 - 同步串行外设接口 (SPI)
 - 10 位 200ksps 模数转换器 (ADC)
 - 内部基准电压
 - 采样保持
 - 自动扫描特性
 - 多达 8 个外部通道和 2 个内部通道, 包括温度传感器⁽¹⁾
 - 多达 16 通道的片上比较器, 包含超低功耗模式⁽¹⁾
 - 串行板上编程, 无需外部编程电压
 - [器件比较](#) 汇总了可用的产品系列成员
 - 采用 40 引脚 QFN (RSB)、38 引脚 TSSOP (DA) 和 40 引脚裸片尺寸 BGA (YFF) 封装
- (1) 40 引脚 QFN 封装选项提供全部功能。有关其他封装的可用功能, 请参阅[信号说明](#)。

1.2 应用范围

- 模拟和数字传感器系统
- LED 照明
- 数字电源
- 电机控制
- 遥控
- 恒温器

1.3 说明

TI MSP 系列超低功耗微控制器种类繁多，各成员器件配备不同的外设集以满足各类应用的需求。该架构与五种低功耗模式配合使用，是延长便携式测量应用电池寿命的最优选择。该器件具有一个强大的 16 位精简指令集 (RISC) CPU，使用 16 位寄存器以及常数发生器，以便获得最高编码效率。数控振荡器 (DCO) 可以让器件在不到 5 μ s 的时间内从低功耗模式唤醒至激活模式。

MSP430F51x2 微控制器包含两个 16 位高分辨率计时器、两个 USCI (USCI_A0 和 USCI_B0)、一个 32 位硬件乘法器、一个高性能 10 位 ADC、一个片上比较器、一个三通道 DMA、5V 耐受 I/O，以及多达 29 个 I/O 引脚。

MSP430F51x1 微控制器包含两个 16 位高分辨率计时器、两个 USCI (USCI_A0 和 USCI_B0)、一个 32 位硬件乘法器、一个片上比较器、一个三通道 DMA、5V 耐受 I/O，以及多达 29 个 I/O 引脚。

典型应用的典型应用包括：模拟和数字传感器系统、LED 照明、数字电源、电机控制、远程控制、温度调节装置、数字定时器和手持式仪表。

要获得完整的模块说明，请参阅《MSP430F5xx 和 MSP430F6xx 系列用户指南》

器件信息⁽¹⁾

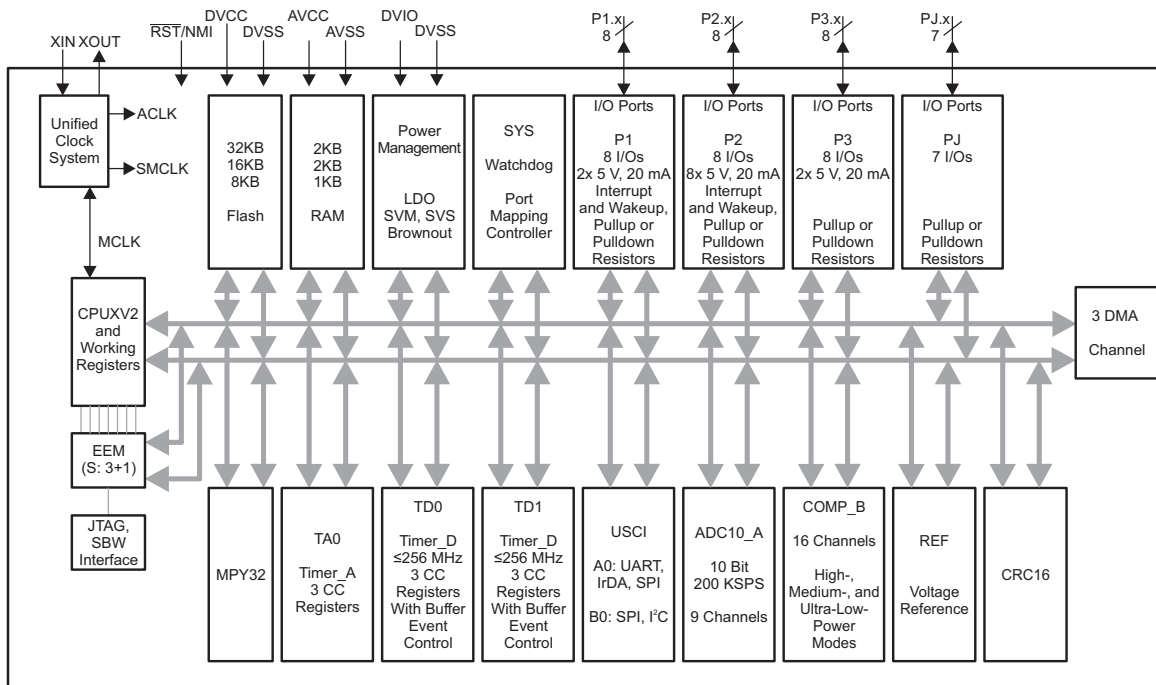
器件型号	封装	封装尺寸 ⁽²⁾
MSP430F5172IYFF	DSBGA (40)	请参阅 节 8
MSP430F5172IRSB	WQFN (40)	5mm x 5mm
MSP430F5172IDA	TSSOP (38)	12.5mm x 6.2mm

(1) 要获得最新的产品、封装和订购信息，请参见封装选项附录（节 8），或者访问德州仪器 (TI) 网站 www.ti.com.cn。

(2) 此处显示的尺寸为近似值。要获得包含误差值的封装尺寸，请参见节 8 中的机械数据。

1.4 功能方框图

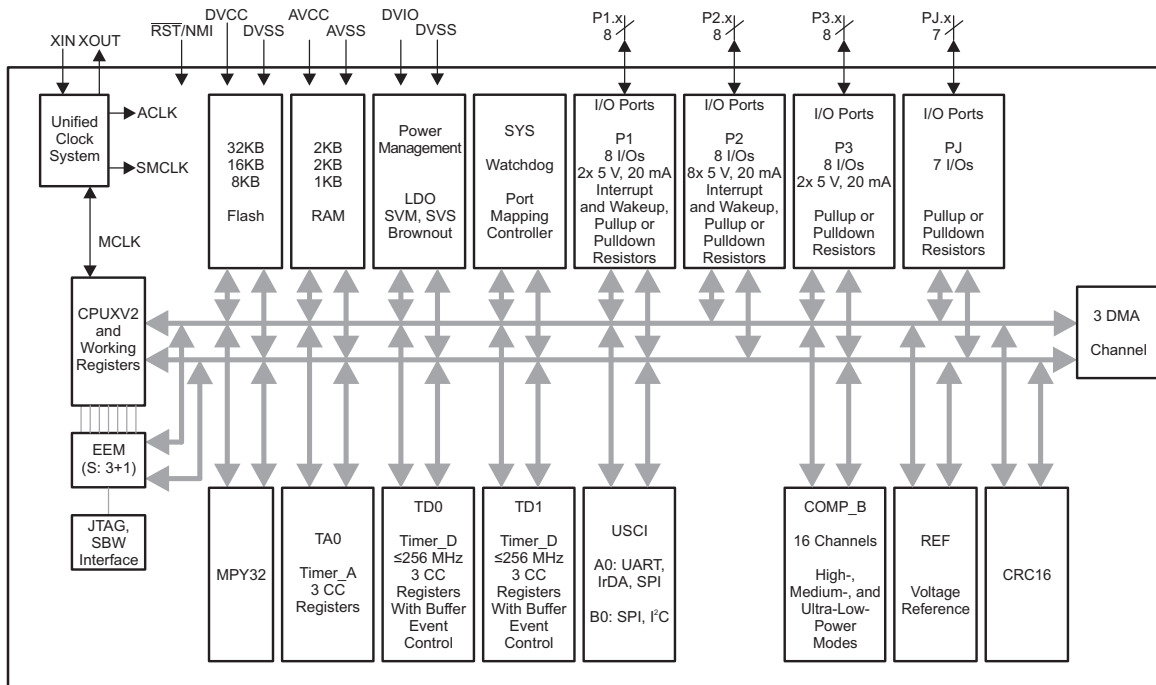
图 1-1 显示 MSP430F51x2 器件的功能方框图。



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图 1-1. 功能方框图，MSP430F51x2

图 1-2 显示 MSP430F51x1 器件的功能方框图。



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图 1-2. 功能方框图，MSP430F51x1

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2 修订历史记录

Changes from July 20, 2018 to September 20, 2018	Page
- Added typical conditions statements at the beginning of Section 5, Specifications - 更新了 节 7.4, 文档支持.....	14 101

3 Device Comparison

Table 3-1 summarizes the available family members.

Table 3-1. Device Comparison⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

DEVICE	FLASH (KB)	SRAM (KB)	Timer_A ⁽³⁾	Timer_D ⁽⁴⁾	USCI		ADC10_A (Ch)	Comp_B (Ch)	I/Os	PACKAGE
					CHANNEL A: UART, IrDA, SPI	CHANNEL B: SPI, I ² C				
MSP430F5172	32	2	3	3, 3	1	1	9 ext, 2 int	16	31	40 QFN
							8 ext, 2 int	15	29	40 DSBGA
										38 TSSOP
MSP430F5152	16	2	3	3, 3	1	1	9 ext, 2 int	16	31	40 QFN
							8 ext, 2 int	15	29	40 DSBGA
										38 TSSOP
MSP430F5132	8	1	3	3, 3	1	1	9 ext, 2 int	16	31	40 QFN
							8 ext, 2 int	15	29	40 DSBGA
										38 TSSOP
MSP430F5171	32	2	3	3, 3	1	1	–	16	31	40 QFN
								15	29	40 DSBGA
										38 TSSOP
MSP430F5151	16	2	3	3, 3	1	1	–	16	31	40 QFN
								15	29	40 DSBGA
										38 TSSOP
MSP430F5131	8	1	3	3, 3	1	1	–	16	31	40 QFN
								15	29	40 DSBGA
										38 TSSOP

- (1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the *Package Option Addendum* in [§ 8](#), or see the TI website at www.ti.com.
- (2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.
- (3) Each number in the sequence represents an instantiation of Timer_A with its associated number of capture compare registers and PWM output generators available. For example, a number sequence of 3, 5 would represent two instantiations of Timer_A, the first instantiation having 3 and the second instantiation having 5 capture compare registers and PWM output generators, respectively.
- (4) Each number in the sequence represents an instantiation of Timer_D with its associated number of capture compare registers and PWM output generators available. For example, a number sequence of 3, 5 would represent two instantiations of Timer_D, the first instantiation having 3 and the second instantiation having 5 capture compare registers and PWM output generators, respectively.

3.1 Related Products

For information about other devices in this family of products or related products, see the following links.

TI 16-bit and 32-bit microcontrollers High-performance, low-power solutions to enable the autonomous future

Products for MSP430 ultra-low-power sensing and measurement microcontrollers One platform. One ecosystem. Endless possibilities.

Products for MSP430 ultra-low-power microcontrollers MCUs for metrology, monitoring, system control, and communications

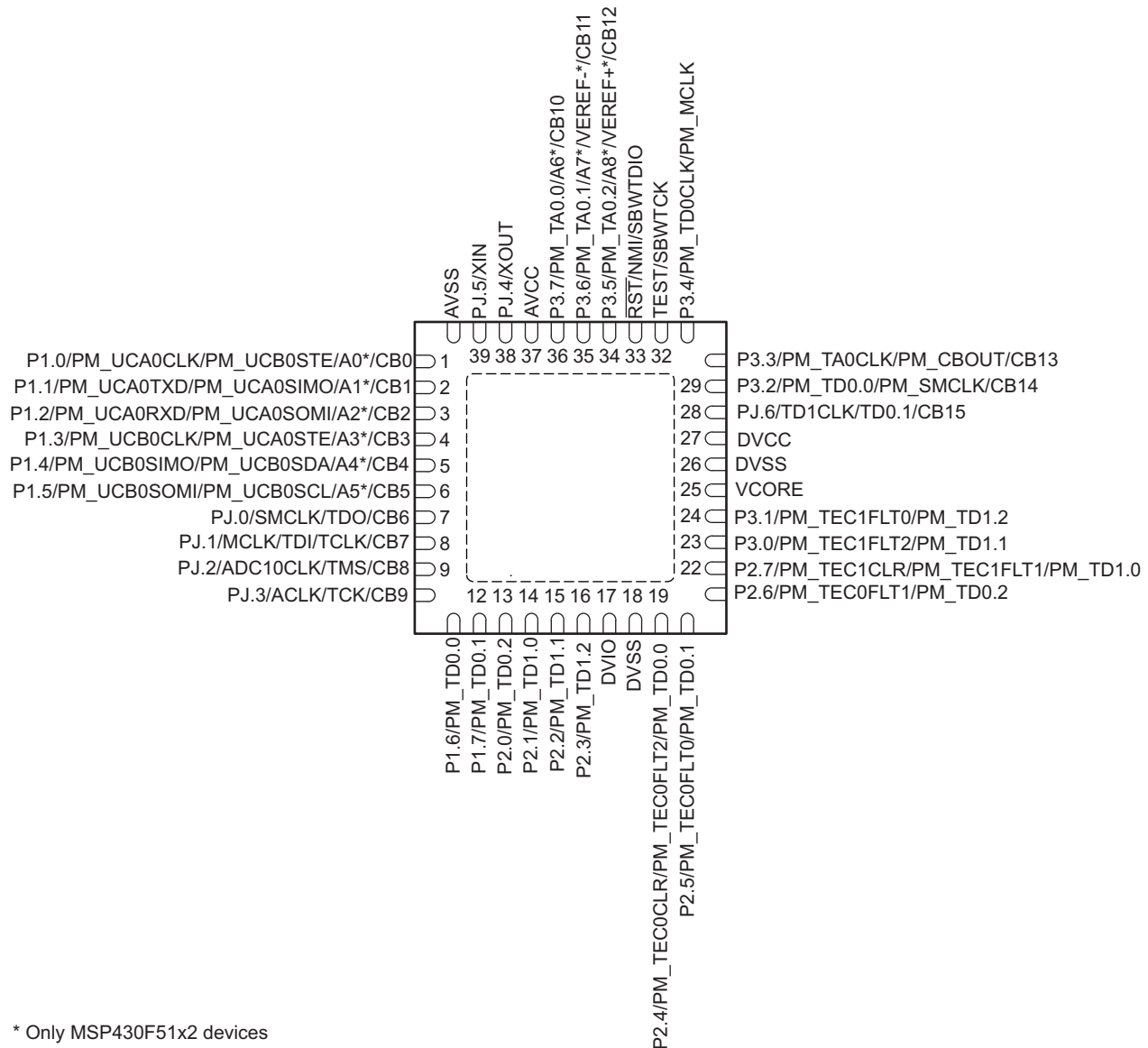
Companion Products for MSP430F5172 Review products that are frequently purchased or used in conjunction with this product.

Reference Designs for MSP430F5172 TI Designs Reference Design Library is a robust reference design library that spans analog, embedded processor, and connectivity. Created by TI experts to help you jump start your system design, all TI Designs include schematic or block diagrams, BOMs, and design files to speed your time to market. Search and download designs at ti.com/tidesigns.

4 Terminal Configuration and Functions

4.1 Pin Diagrams

Figure 4-1 shows the pinout for the 40-pin RSB package.



* Only MSP430F51x2 devices

Figure 4-1. 40-Pin RSB Package (Top View)

Figure 4-2 shows the pinout for the 38-pin DA package.

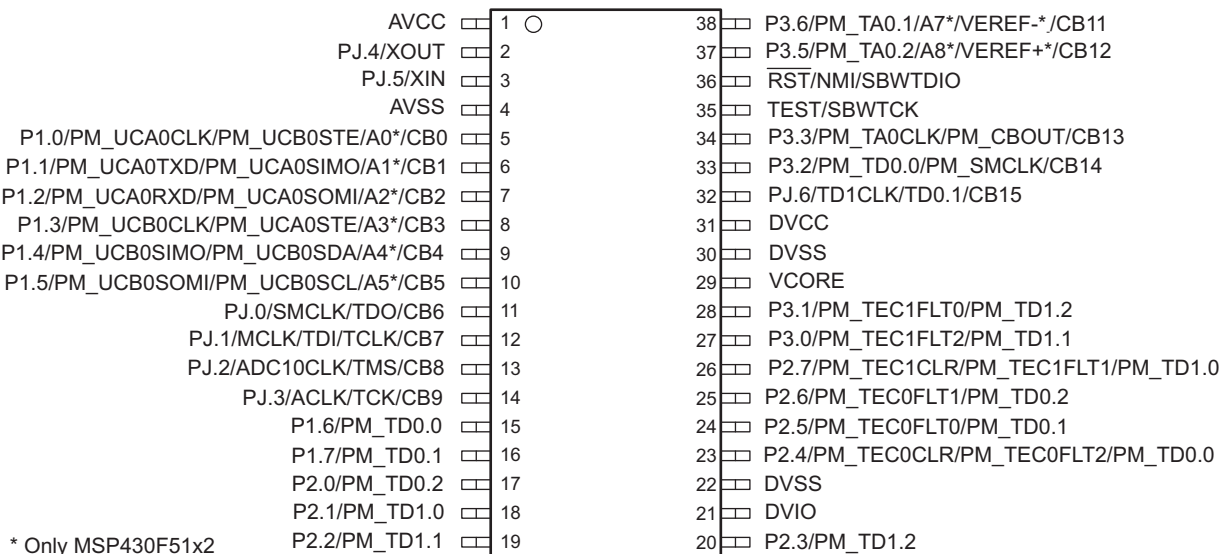


Figure 4-2. 38-Pin DA Package (Top View)

Figure 4-3 shows the pinout for the 40-pin YFF package. For the package dimensions, see the *Mechanical Data* in 节 8.

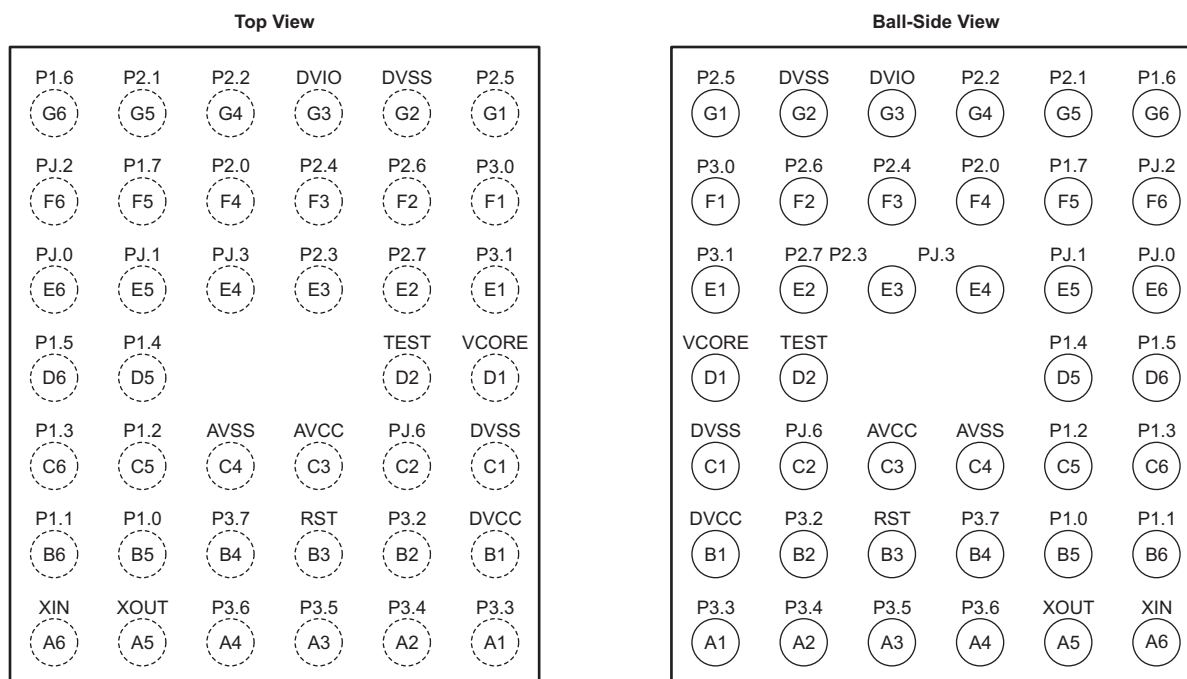


Figure 4-3. 40-Pin YFF Package (Top View and Bottom View)

4.2 Signal Descriptions

Table 4-1 describes the signals for all device and package variants.

Table 4-1. Signal Descriptions

TERMINAL				I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO. ⁽²⁾				
	RSB	DA	YFF		
P1.0/ PM_UCA0CLK/ PM_UCB0STE/ A0 ⁽³⁾ / CB0	1	5	B5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function ⁽⁴⁾ Default mapping: Clock signal input – USCI_A0 SPI slave mode; Clock signal output – USCI_A0 SPI master mode Default mapping: Slave transmit enable – USCI_B0 SPI mode Analog input A0 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Comparator_B Input 0
P1.1/ PM_UCA0TXD/ PM_UCA0SIMO/ A1 ⁽³⁾ / CB1	2	6	B6	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Default mapping: Transmit data – USCI_A0 UART mode Default mapping: Slave in, master out – USCI_A0 SPI mode Analog input A1 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Comparator_B Input 1
P1.2/ PM_UCA0RXD/ PM_UCA0SOMI/ A2 ⁽³⁾ / CB2	3	7	C5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: Receive data – USCI_A0 UART mode Default mapping: Slave out, master in – USCI_A0 SPI mode Analog input A2 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Comparator_B Input 2
P1.3/ PM_UCB0CLK/ PM_UCA0STE/ A3 ⁽³⁾ / CB3	4	8	C6	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: Clock signal input – USCI_B0 SPI slave mode; Clock signal output – USCI_B0 SPI master mode Default mapping: Slave transmit enable – USCI_A0 SPI mode Analog input A3 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Comparator_B Input 3
P1.4/ PM_UCB0SIMO/ PM_UCB0SDA/ A4 ⁽³⁾ / CB4	5	9	D5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: Slave in, master out – USCI_B0 SPI mode Default mapping: I ² C data – USCI_B0 I ² C mode Analog input A4 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Comparator_B Input 4
P1.5/ PM_UCB0SOMI/ PM_UCB0SCL/ A5 ⁽³⁾ / CB5	6	10	D6	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: Slave out, master in – USCI_B0 SPI mode Default mapping: I ² C clock – USCI_B0 I ² C mode Analog input A5 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Comparator_B Input 5
PJ.0/ SMCLK/ TDO/ CB6	7	11	E6	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O SMCLK clock output Test data output port Comparator_B Input 6
PJ.1/ MCLK/ TDI/TCLK/ CB7	8	12	E5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O MCLK clock output Test data input or test clock input Comparator_B Input 7
PJ.2/ ADC10CLK/ TMS/ CB8	9	13	F6	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O ADC10_A clock output Test mode select Comparator_B Input 8
PJ.3/ ACLK/ TCK/ CB9	10	14	E4	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O ACLK output port Test clock Comparator_B Input 9
P1.6/ PM_TD0.0	11	15	G6	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD0 CCR0 compare output/capture input

(1) I = input, O = output

(2) N/A = not available on this package offering

(3) The ADC10_A module is available on MSP430F51x2 devices. The secondary pin functions Ax (ADC10_A channel x) available only in MSP430F51x2 devices.

(4) For details on the Port Mapping Controller, see Section 6.9.2.

Table 4-1. Signal Descriptions (continued)

TERMINAL				I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO. ⁽²⁾				
	RSB	DA	YFF		
P1.7/ PM_TD0.1	12	16	F5	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD0 CCR1 compare output/capture input
P2.0/ PM_TD0.2	13	17	F4	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD0 CCR2 compare output/capture input
P2.1/ PM_TD1.0	14	18	G5	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD1 CCR0 compare output/capture input
P2.2/ PM_TD1.1	15	19	G4	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD1 CCR1 compare output/capture input
P2.3/ PM_TD1.2	16	20	E3	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD1 CCR2 compare output/capture input
DVIO	17	21	G3		5-V tolerant digital I/O power supply
DVSS	18	22	G2		Digital ground supply
P2.4/ PM_TEC0CLR/ PM_TEC0FLT2/ PM_TD0.0	19	23	F3	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD0 external clear input Default mapping: TD0 fault input channel 2 (controlled by module input enable) Default mapping: TD0 CCR0 compare output
P2.5/ PM_TEC0FLT0/ PM_TD0.1	20	24	G1	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD0 fault input channel 0 Default mapping: TD0 CCR1 compare output
P2.6/ PM_TEC0FLT1/ PM_TD0.2	21	25	F2	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD0 fault input channel 1 Default mapping: TD0 CCR2 compare output
P2.7/ PM_TEC1CLR/ PM_TEC1FLT1/ PM_TD1.0	22	26	E2	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD1 external clear Default mapping: TD1 fault input channel 1 (controlled by module input enable) Default mapping: TD1 CCR0 compare output
P3.0/ PM_TEC1FLT2/ PM_TD1.1	23	27	F1	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD1 fault input channel 2 Default mapping: TD1 CCR1 compare output
P3.1/ PM_TEC1FLT0/ PM_TD1.2	24	28	E1	I/O, DV _{IO}	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD1 fault input channel 0 Default mapping: TD1 CCR2 compare output
VCORE	25	29	D1		Regulated core power supply
DVSS	26	30	C1		Digital ground supply
DVCC	27	31	B1		Digital power supply
PJ.6/ TD1CLK/ TD0.1/ CB15	28	32	C2	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O TD1 clock input TD0 CCR1 compare output Comparator_B Input 15
P3.2/ PM_TD0.0/ PM_SMCLK/ CB14	29	33	B2	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD0 CCR0 capture input Default mapping: SMCLK output Comparator_B Input 14
P3.3/ PM_TA0CLK/ PM_CBOUT/ CB13	30	34	A1	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TA0 clock input Default mapping: Comparator_B output Comparator_B Input 13
P3.4/ PM_TD0CLK/ PM_MCLK	31	–	A2	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TD0 clock input Default mapping: MCLK output
TEST/ SBWTCK	32	35	D2		Test mode pin – select digital I/O on JTAG pins Spy-Bi-Wire input clock
RST/ NMI/ SBWTDIO	33	36	B3		Reset input active low ⁽⁵⁾ Nonmaskable interrupt input Spy-Bi-Wire data input/output

(5) When this pin is configured as reset, the internal pullup resistor is enabled by default.

Table 4-1. Signal Descriptions (continued)

TERMINAL				I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO. ⁽²⁾				
	RSB	DA	YFF		
P3.5/ PM TA0.2/ A8 ⁽³⁾ / VEREF+/ CB12	34	37	A3	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TA0 CCR2 compare output/capture input Analog input A8 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Positive terminal for the ADC reference voltage for an external applied reference voltage Comparator_B Input 12
P3.6/ PM TA0.1/ A7 ⁽³⁾ / VEREF-/ CB11	35	38	A4	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TA0 CCR1 compare output/capture input Analog input A7 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Negative terminal for the ADC reference voltage for an external applied reference voltage Comparator_B Input 11
P3.7/ PM TA0.0/ A6 ⁽³⁾ / CB10	36	–	B4	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with reconfigurable port mapping secondary function Default mapping: TA0 CCR0 compare output/capture input Analog input A6 – 10-bit ADC ⁽³⁾ Comparator_B Input 10
AVCC	37	1	C3		Analog power supply
PJ.4/ XOUT	38	2	A5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Output terminal of crystal oscillator
PJ.5/ XIN	39	3	A6	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Input terminal for crystal oscillator
AVSS	40	4	C4		Analog ground supply
QFN pad	–	NA	NA		Recommended to connect to DVSS externally

5 Specifications

All graphs in this section are for typical conditions, unless otherwise noted.

Typical (TYP) values are specified at $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ and $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage V_{CC} applied at DVCC to DVSS	−0.3	4.1 V	V
Voltage V_{IO} applied at VIO to DVSS	−0.3	6.1 V	V
Voltage applied to any pin (excluding V _{CORE}) ⁽²⁾	−0.3	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Diode current at any device pin		±2	mA
Maximum operating junction temperature, T_J		95	°C
Storage temperature, T_{stg}	−55	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltages referenced to V_{SS} . V_{CORE} is for internal device usage only. No external DC loading or voltage should be applied.

5.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$ Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±1000	V
	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±250	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Pins listed as ±1000 V may actually have higher performance.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Pins listed as ±250 V may actually have higher performance.

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage during program execution and flash programming $V_{(AVCC)} = V_{(DVCC)} = V_{CC}$ ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	PMMCOREVx = 0	1.8	3.6	V
		PMMCOREVx = 0, 1	2.0	3.6	
		PMMCOREVx = 0, 1, 2	2.2	3.6	
		PMMCOREVx = 0, 1, 2, 3	2.4	3.6	
V_{IO}	Supply voltage of pins P1.6, P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0, and P3.1 supplied by VIO ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	1.8		5.5	V
V_{SS}	Supply voltage $V_{(AVSS)} = V_{(DVSS)} = V_{SS}$		0		V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	−40		85	°C
T_J	Operating junction temperature	−40		85	°C
$C_{(VCORE)}$	Recommended capacitor at V _{CORE} ⁽⁵⁾		470		nF
$C_{(DVCC)}/C_{(VCORE)}$	Capacitor ratio of DVCC to V _{CORE}	10			

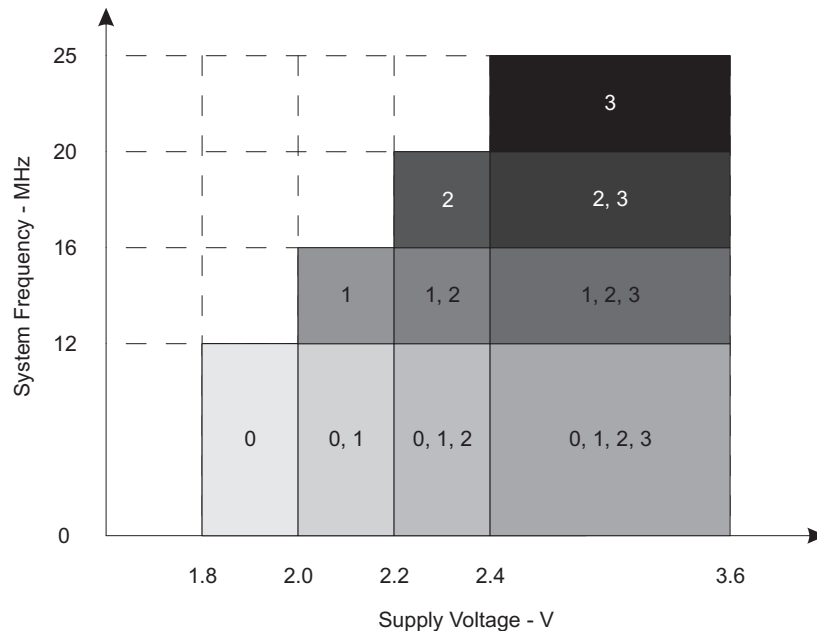
- (1) TI recommends powering AVCC and DVCC from the same source. A maximum difference of 0.3 V between $V_{(AVCC)}$ and $V_{(DVCC)}$ can be tolerated during power up and operation.
- (2) The minimum supply voltage is defined by the supervisor SVS levels when it is enabled. See the [Section 5.28](#) threshold parameters for the exact values and further details.
- (3) If DVIO is not supplied by the same source as DVCC, TI recommends powering AVCC and DVCC before powering DVIO. At DVCC and AVCC voltages higher than 1.8 V, the maximum difference of 0.3 V between DVIO and (DVCC and AVCC) can be exceeded. DVIO must be higher than or equal to DVCC.
Increased cross current can flow into DVCC if DVIO is less than (DVCC − 0.3 V), with a maximum current flowing when DVIO is equal to DVCC/2. To avoid high currents into DVCC, DVIO must be higher than or equal to DVCC, DVIO must not float, and DVIO must be turned off quickly. TI recommends pulling the DVIO pins to low before disabling DVIO.
- (4) For best cross-current prevention, voltage applied to DVIO should not be lower than DVCC. However, if DVIO is switched off during operation, due to application requirements, DVIO should be pulled to ground to prevent a floating voltage.
- (5) A capacitor tolerance of ±20% or better is required.

Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
f _{SYSTEM}	Processor frequency (maximum MCLK frequency) ⁽⁶⁾ ⁽⁷⁾ (see Figure 5-1)	PMMCOREVx = 0, 1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V (default condition)		0	12	MHz
		PMMCOREVx = 1, 2.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V		0	16	
		PMMCOREVx = 2, 2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V		0	20	
		PMMCOREVx = 3, 2.4 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V		0	25	
P _{INT}	Internal power dissipation	V _{CC} × I _(DVCC)				W
P _{IO}	I/O power dissipation of the I/O pins powered by DVCC	(V _{CC} – V _{IOH}) × I _{IOH} + V _{IOL} × I _{IOL}				W
P _{IO5}	I/O power dissipation of the I/O pins powered by VIO	(V _{IO} – V _{IOH5}) × I _{IOH5} + V _{IOL5} × I _{IOL5}				W
P _{MAX}	Maximum allowed power dissipation, P _{MAX} > P _{IO} + P _{IO5} + P _{INT}	(T _J – T _A) / R _{θJA}				W

(6) The MSP430™ CPU is clocked directly with MCLK. Both the high and low phase of MCLK must not exceed the pulse duration of the specified maximum frequency.

(7) Modules may have a different maximum input clock specification. See the specification of the respective module in this data sheet.



NOTE: The numbers within the fields denote the supported PMMCOREVx settings.

Figure 5-1. Frequency vs Supply Voltage

5.4 Active Mode Supply Current Into V_{CC} Excluding External Current

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	EXECUTION MEMORY	V _{CC}	PMMCOREVx	FREQUENCY (f _{DCO} = f _{MCLK} = f _{SMCLK})										UNIT
				1 MHz		8 MHz		12 MHz		20 MHz		25 MHz		
				TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	
I _{AM, Flash}	Flash	3 V	0	0.24	0.27	1.48	1.60							mA
			1	0.26		1.66		2.48	2.7					
			2	0.28		1.83		2.72		4.50	4.8			
			3	0.28		1.83		2.66		4.40		5.60	6.15	
I _{AM, RAM}	RAM	3 V	0	0.17	0.2	0.89	0.97							mA
			1	0.18		1.00		1.49	1.62					
			2	0.20		1.14		1.68		2.75	3.0			
			3	0.20		1.20		1.78		2.92		3.64	4.0	

5.5 Low-Power Mode Supply Currents (Into V_{CC}) Excluding External Current

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

PARAMETER	V_{CC}	PMMCOREVx	-40°C		25°C		60°C		85°C		UNIT
			TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	
$I_{LPM0, 1MHz}$ Low-power mode 0	2.2 V	0	82	90	85	90	87	95	85	100	μA
	3 V	3	88	100	85	100	90	104	88	104	
I_{LPM2} Low-power mode 2	2.2 V	0	10	12.5	10	12	10	12.5	12.5	13	μA
	3 V	3	9	11.5	11	13	11	15	12	14	
$I_{LPM3, XT1LF}$ Low-power mode 3, crystal mode	2.2 V	0	1.7	–	1.8	2.0	2.5	–	3.5	6.0	μA
	3 V		2.0	–	2.0	2.2	3.0	–	3.7	6.0	
	2.2 V	1	1.8	–	1.9	–	2.5	–	4.0	–	
	3 V		2.1	–	2.2	–	2.5	–	4.0	–	
	2.2 V	2	1.8	–	2.0	–	2.5	–	4.2	–	
	3 V		2.0	–	2.2	–	2.8	–	4.2	–	
	2.2 V	3	1.9	–	2.0	2.5	2.9	–	4.8	6.5	
	3 V		2.1	–	2.2	2.5	3.0	–	5.2	7.0	
$I_{LPM3, VLO}$ Low-power mode 3, VLO mode	2.2 V	0	1.0	–	1.0	1.25	1.6	–	3.5	4.5	μA
	3 V		1.1	–	1.2	1.4	1.5	–	3.6	5.0	
	2.2 V	1	1.0	–	1.1	–	1.8	–	3.0	–	
	3 V		1.3	–	1.1	–	2.0	–	3.2	–	
	2.2 V	2	1.1	–	1.1	–	1.8	–	3.1	–	
	3 V		1.1	–	1.2	–	2.0	–	3.2	–	
	2.2 V	3	1.1	–	1.1	1.4	1.9	–	3.5	5.0	
	3 V		1.1	–	1.2	1.5	2.1	–	4.0	5.2	
I_{LPM4} Low-power mode 4	3 V	0	0.8	–	0.9	1.3	1.4	–	3.5	4.7	μA
		1	0.8	–	1.0	–	1.4	–	3.5	–	
		2	0.8	–	1.0	–	1.5	–	3.6	–	
		3	0.9	–	1.0	1.3	1.6	–	3.6	5.0	
$I_{LPM4.5}$ Low-power mode 4.5	2.2 V	x	0.06	–	0.20	0.26	0.33	–	0.60	0.9	μA
	3 V	x	0.07	–	0.25	0.29	0.37	–	0.77	0.9	

(1) All inputs are tied to 0 V or to V_{CC} . Outputs do not source or sink any current. DVIO = DVCC = AVCC.

(2) The currents are characterized with a Micro Crystal MS1V-T1K SMD crystal with a load capacitance of 12.5 pF. The internal and external load capacitance are chosen to closely match the required 9 pF.

5.6 Thermal Resistance Characteristics

THERMAL METRIC			VALUE	UNIT	
θ_{JA} Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, still air	Low-K board (JESD51-3)	QFN (RSB)	87	°C/W	
		TSSOP (DA)	109		
	High-K board (JESD51-7)	QFN (RSB)	35		
		TSSOP (DA)	69		
θ_{JC} Junction-to-case thermal resistance			QFN (RSB)	36	°C/W
			TSSOP (DA)	19	

5.7 Schmitt-Trigger Inputs – General-Purpose I/O (P1.0 to P1.5, P3.2 to P3.7, and PJ.0 to PJ.6)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IT+} Positive-going input threshold voltage		1.8 V	0.80		1.40	V
		3 V	1.50		2.10	
V_{IT-} Negative-going input threshold voltage		1.8 V	0.45		1.00	V
		3 V	0.75		1.65	
V_{hys} Input voltage hysteresis ($V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$)		1.8 V	0.3		0.8	V
		3 V	0.4		1.0	
R_{Pull} Pullup or pulldown resistor ⁽¹⁾	For pullup: $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ For pulldown: $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$		20	35	50	k Ω
C_I Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ or V_{CC}			5		pF

(1) Also applies to $\overline{RST}$ pin when pullup or pulldown resistor is enabled.

5.8 Schmitt-Trigger Inputs – General-Purpose I/O (P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, and P3.0 and P3.1)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V_{IO}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IT+} Positive-going input threshold voltage		1.8 V	0.80		1.40	V
		3 V	1.20		2.00	
		5 V	2.10		2.50	
V_{IT-} Negative-going input threshold voltage		1.8 V	0.45		0.90	V
		3 V	0.75		1.30	
		5 V	1.10		1.60	
V_{hys} Input voltage hysteresis ($V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$)		1.8 V	0.27		0.45	V
		3 V	0.45		0.65	
		5 V	0.9		1.2	
R_{Pull} Pullup or pulldown resistor	For pullup: $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ For pulldown: $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$		20	35	50	k Ω
C_I Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ or V_{CC}			5		pF

5.9 Inputs – Ports P1 and P2⁽¹⁾

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC} or V_{IO}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$t_{(int)}$ External interrupt timing ⁽²⁾	Port P1.0 to P1.5, external trigger pulse duration to set interrupt flag	1.8 V to 3.6 V	20		ns
	Port P1.6 and P1.7 and P2.0 to P2.7, external trigger pulse duration to set interrupt flag	1.8 V to 5 V	25		

(1) Some devices may contain additional ports with interrupts. See the block diagram and terminal function descriptions.

(2) An external signal sets the interrupt flag every time the minimum interrupt pulse duration $t_{(int)}$ is met. It may be set by trigger signals shorter than $t_{(int)}$.

5.10 Leakage Current – General-Purpose I/O

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{lkg} (P _{x.y})	High-impedance leakage current	Port P1.0 to P1.5, P3.0 to P3.7, PJ.0 to PJ.6	See (1) (2)	1.8 V to 3.6 V		±1	±50	nA
		Port P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7		1.8 V to 5 V		±1	±50	

(1) The leakage current is measured with V_{SS} or V_{CC} applied to the corresponding pins, unless otherwise noted.

(2) The leakage of the digital port pins is measured individually. The port pin is selected for input and the pullup or pulldown resistor is disabled.

5.11 Outputs – Ports P1, P3, PJ (Full Drive Strength, P1.0 to P1.5, P3.2 to P3.7, PJ.0 to PJ.6)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	I _(OHmax) = –3 mA ⁽¹⁾	1.8 V	V _{CC} – 0.25	V _{CC}	V
		I _(OHmax) = –10 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{CC} – 0.60	V _{CC}	
		I _(OHmax) = –5 mA ⁽¹⁾	3 V	V _{CC} – 0.25	V _{CC}	
		I _(OHmax) = –15 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{CC} – 0.60	V _{CC}	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	I _(OLmax) = 3 mA ⁽¹⁾	1.8 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	V
		I _(OLmax) = 10 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	
		I _(OLmax) = 5 mA ⁽¹⁾	3 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	
		I _(OLmax) = 15 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	

(1) The maximum total current, I_(OHmax) and I_(OLmax), for all outputs combined should not exceed ±48 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

(2) The maximum total current, I_(OHmax) and I_(OLmax), for all outputs combined should not exceed ±100 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

5.12 Outputs – Ports P1 to P3 (Full Drive Strength, P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 and P3.1)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{IO}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH5}	High-level output voltage	I _(OH5max) = –3 mA ⁽¹⁾	1.8 V	V _{IO} – 0.25	V _{IO}	V
		I _(OH5max) = –10 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{IO} – 0.60	V _{IO}	
		I _(OH5max) = –5 mA ⁽¹⁾	3 V	V _{IO} – 0.25	V _{IO}	
		I _(OH5max) = –15 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{IO} – 0.60	V _{IO}	
		I _(OH5max) = –7 mA ⁽¹⁾	5 V	V _{IO} – 0.25	V _{IO}	
		I _(OH5max) = –20 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{IO} – 0.60	V _{IO}	
V _{OL5}	Low-level output voltage	I _(OL5max) = 3 mA ⁽¹⁾	1.8 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	V
		I _(OL5max) = 10 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	
		I _(OL5max) = 5 mA ⁽¹⁾	3 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	
		I _(OL5max) = 15 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	
		I _(OL5max) = 7 mA ⁽¹⁾	5 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	
		I _(OL5max) = 20 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	

(1) The maximum total current, I_(OH5max) and I_(OL5max), for all outputs combined should not exceed ±48 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

(2) The maximum total current, I_(OH5max) and I_(OL5max), for all outputs combined should not exceed ±200 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

5.13 Outputs – Ports P1, P3, PJ (Reduced Drive Strength, P1.0 to P1.5, P3.2 to P3.7, PJ.0 to PJ.6)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH} High-level output voltage	I _(OHmax) = –1 mA ⁽²⁾	1.8 V	V _{CC} – 0.25	V _{CC}	V
	I _(OHmax) = –3 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{CC} – 0.60	V _{CC}	
	I _(OHmax) = –2 mA ⁽²⁾	3 V	V _{CC} – 0.25	V _{CC}	
	I _(OHmax) = –6 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{CC} – 0.60	V _{CC}	
V _{OL} Low-level output voltage	I _(OLmax) = 1 mA ⁽²⁾	1.8 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	V
	I _(OLmax) = 3 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	
	I _(OLmax) = 2 mA ⁽²⁾	3 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	
	I _(OLmax) = 6 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	

(1) Selecting reduced drive strength may reduce EMI.

(2) The maximum total current, I_(OHmax) and I_(OLmax), for all outputs combined, should not exceed ±48 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

(3) The maximum total current, I_(OHmax) and I_(OLmax), for all outputs combined, should not exceed ±100 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

5.14 Outputs – Ports P1 to P3 (Reduced Drive Strength, P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 and P3.1)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{IO}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH5} High-level output voltage	I _(OH5max) = –1 mA ⁽²⁾	1.8 V	V _{IO} – 0.25	V _{IO}	V
	I _(OH5max) = –3 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{IO} – 0.60	V _{IO}	
	I _(OH5max) = –2 mA ⁽²⁾	3 V	V _{IO} – 0.25	V _{IO}	
	I _(OH5max) = –6 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{IO} – 0.60	V _{IO}	
	I _(OH5max) = –4 mA ⁽²⁾	5.0 V	V _{IO} – 0.25	V _{IO}	
	I _(OH5max) = –12 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{IO} – 0.60	V _{IO}	
V _{OL5} Low-level output voltage	I _(OL5max) = 1 mA ⁽²⁾	1.8 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	V
	I _(OL5max) = 3 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	
	I _(OL5max) = 2 mA ⁽²⁾	3 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	
	I _(OL5max) = 6 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	
	I _(OH5max) = 4 mA ⁽²⁾	5.0 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	
	I _(OL5max) = 12 mA ⁽³⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	

(1) Selecting reduced drive strength may reduce EMI.

(2) The maximum total current, I_(OH5max) and I_(OL5max), for all outputs combined, should not exceed ±48 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

(3) The maximum total current, I_(OH5max) and I_(OL5max), for all outputs combined, should not exceed ±200 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

5.15 Output Frequency – Ports P1.0 to P1.5, P3.2 to P3.7, PJ.0 to PJ.6

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$f_{P_{x,y}}$ Port output frequency (with load)	PJ.0/SMCLK $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 0	16	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 3	25	
f_{Port_CLK} Clock output frequency	PJ.3/ACLK PJ.0/SMCLK PJ.1/MCLK $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 0	16	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 3	25	

(1) A resistive divider with $2 \times 0.5\text{ k}\Omega$ between V_{CC} and V_{SS} is used as load. The output is connected to the center tap of the divider.

(2) The output voltage reaches at least 10% and 90% V_{CC} at the specified toggle frequency.

5.16 Output Frequency – Ports P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 and P3.1

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$f_{P_{x,y}}$ Port output frequency (with load)	P1.6 port mapper SMCLK from P3.4, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $V_{IO} = 1.8\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 0	16	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IO} = 3\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 3	25	
		$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IO} = 5\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 3	25	
f_{Port_CLK} Clock output frequency	P1.6 port mapper SMCLK from P3.4, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $V_{IO} = 1.8\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 0	16	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IO} = 3\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 3	25	
		$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IO} = 5\text{ V}$, PMMCOREVx = 3	25	

(1) A resistive divider with $2 \times 0.5\text{ k}\Omega$ between V_{CC} and V_{SS} is used as load. The output is connected to the center tap of the divider.

(2) The output voltage reaches at least 10% and 90% V_{CC} at the specified toggle frequency.

5.17 Typical Characteristics – Outputs, Reduced Drive Strength (PxDS.y = 0), Ports P1.0 to P1.5, P3.2 to P3.7, PJ.0 to PJ.6

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

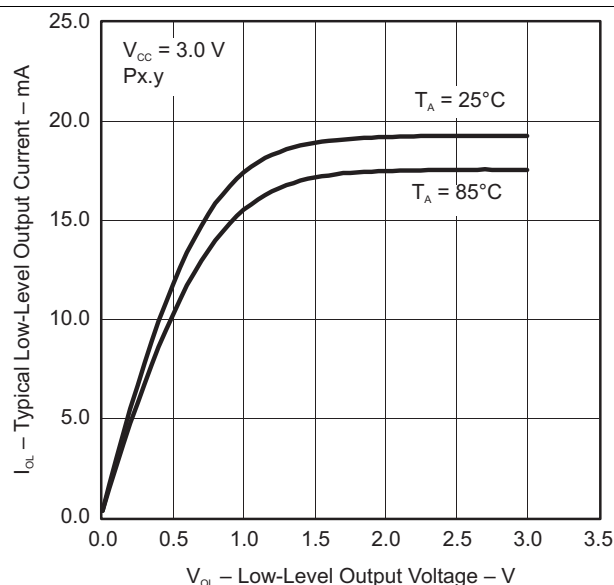


Figure 5-2. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

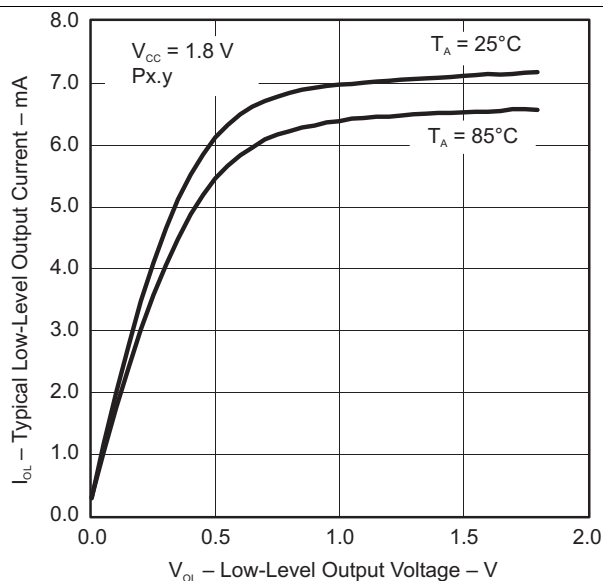


Figure 5-3. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

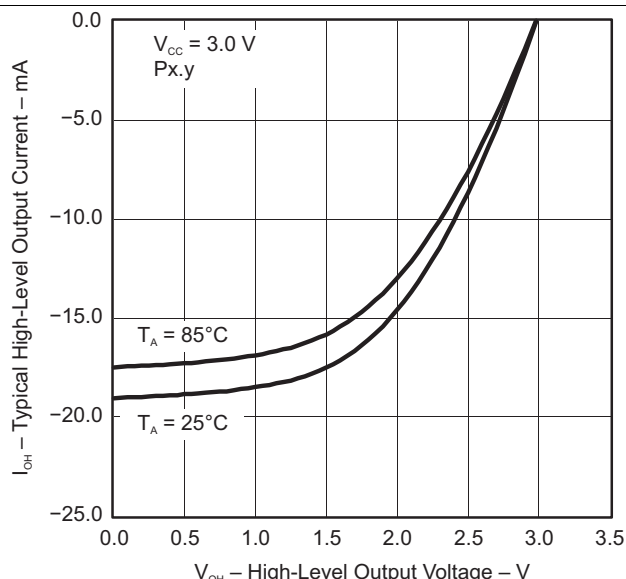


Figure 5-4. Typical High-Level Output Current vs High-Level Output Voltage

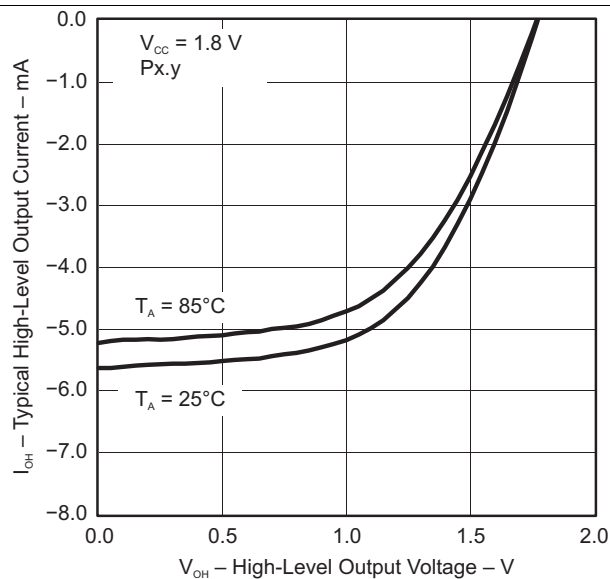


Figure 5-5. Typical High-Level Output Current vs High-Level Output Voltage

5.18 Typical Characteristics – Outputs, Full Drive Strength (PxDS.y = 1), Ports P1.0 to P1.5, P3.2 to P3.7, PJ.0 to PJ.6

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

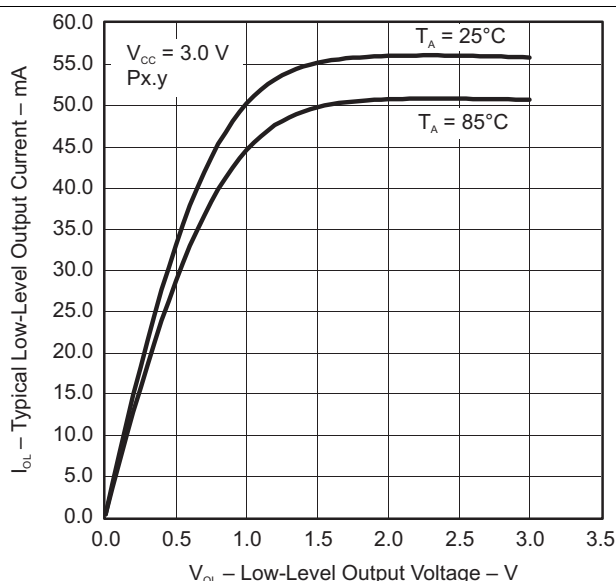


Figure 5-6. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

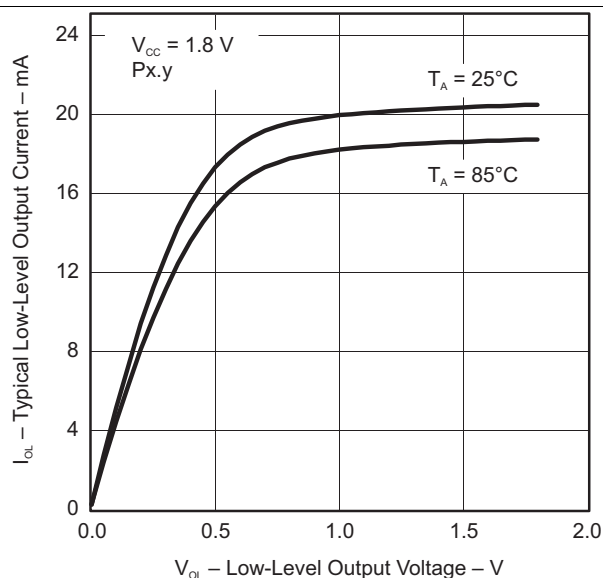


Figure 5-7. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

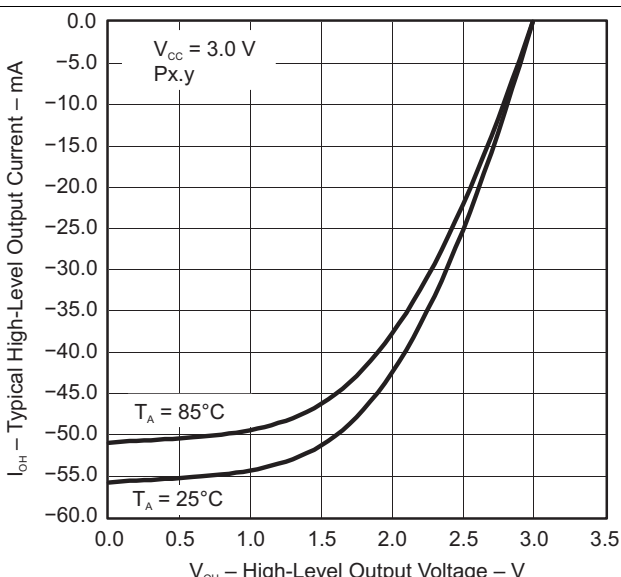


Figure 5-8. Typical High-Level Output Current vs High-Level Output Voltage

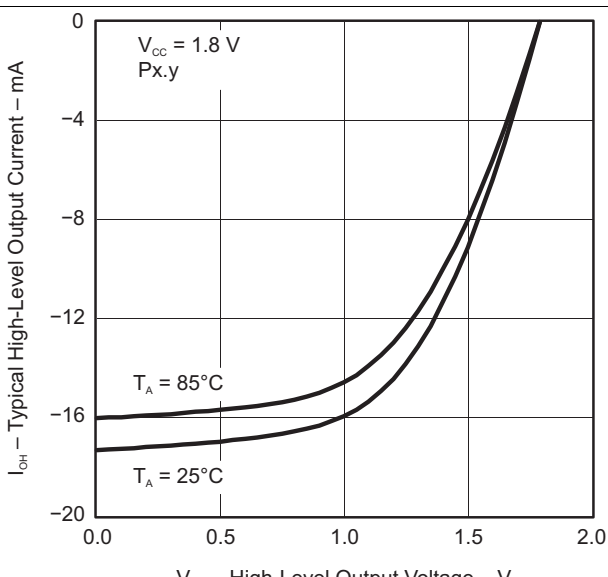


Figure 5-9. Typical High-Level Output Current vs High-Level Output Voltage

5.19 Typical Characteristics – Outputs, Reduced Drive Strength (PxDS.y = 0), Ports P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 and P3.1

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

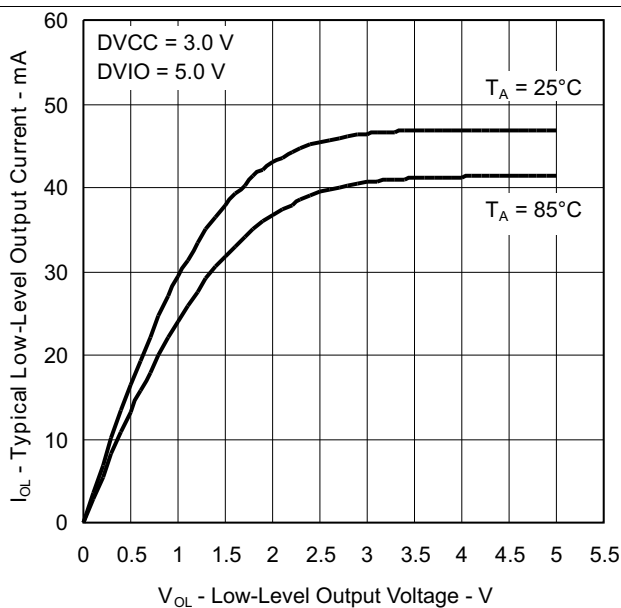


Figure 5-10. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

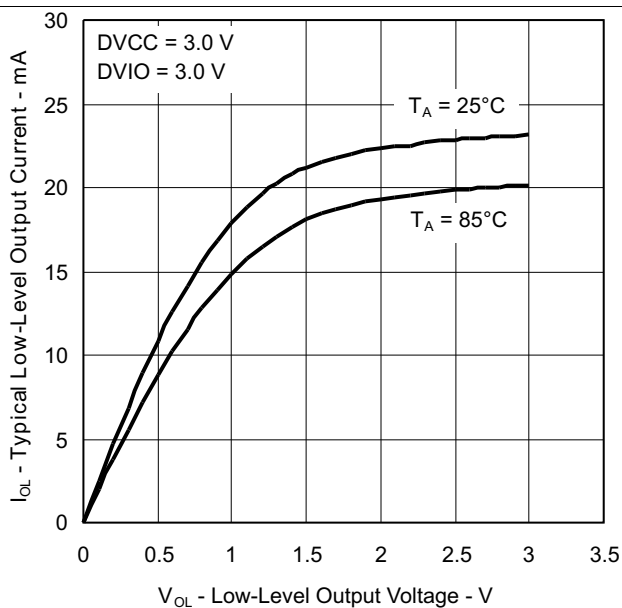


Figure 5-11. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

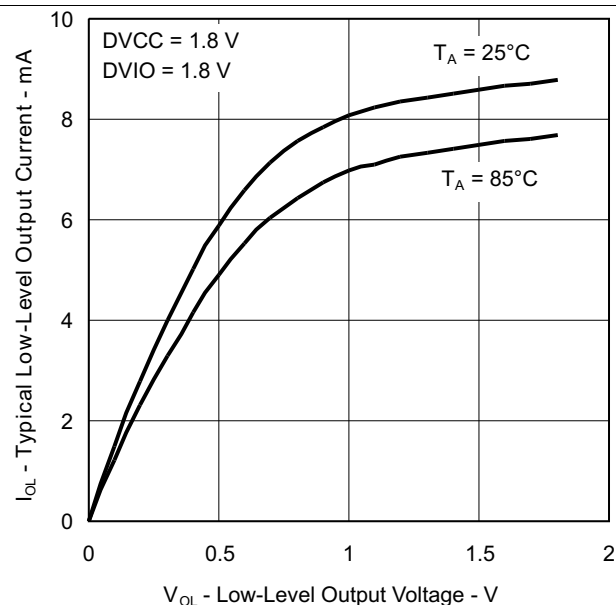


Figure 5-12. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

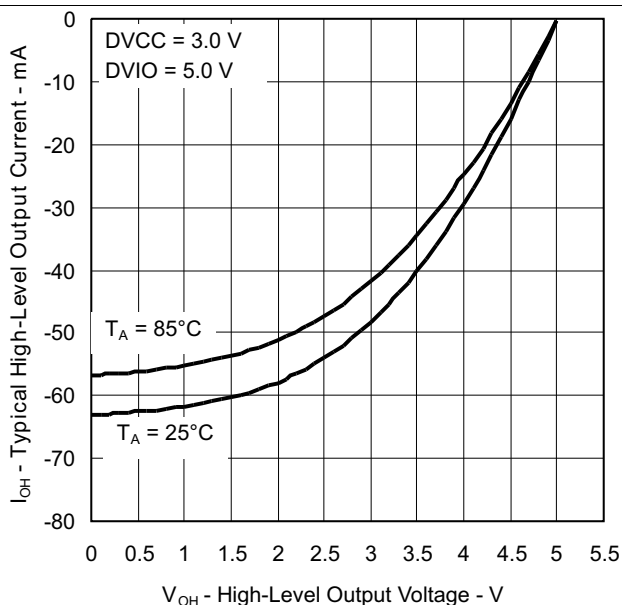
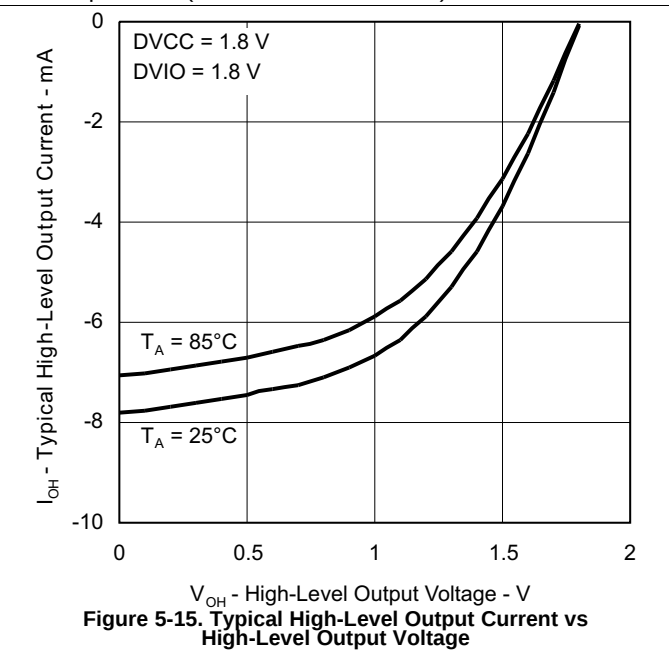
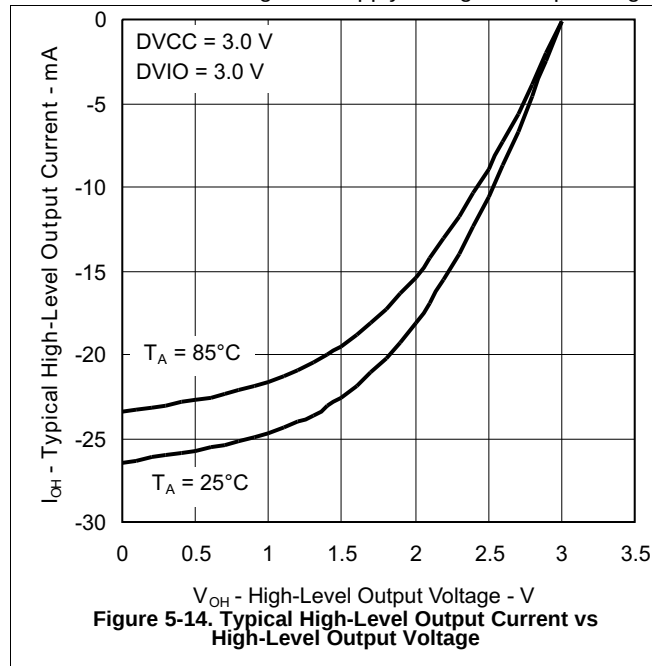


Figure 5-13. Typical High-Level Output Current vs High-Level Output Voltage

Typical Characteristics – Outputs, Reduced Drive Strength ($P_{xDS.y} = 0$), Ports P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 and P3.1 (continued)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)



5.20 Typical Characteristics – Outputs, Full Drive Strength (PxDS.y = 1), Ports P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 and P3.1

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

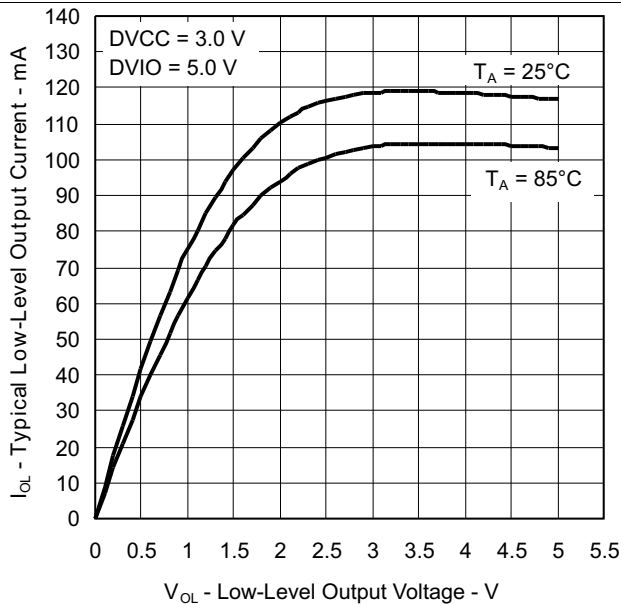


Figure 5-16. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

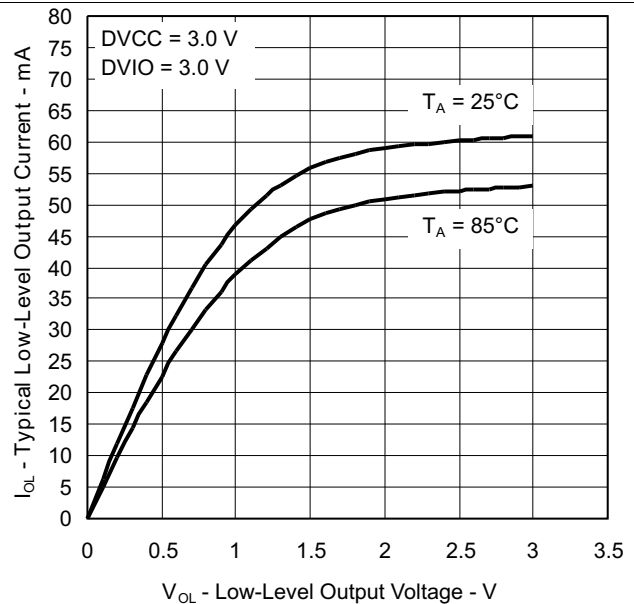


Figure 5-17. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

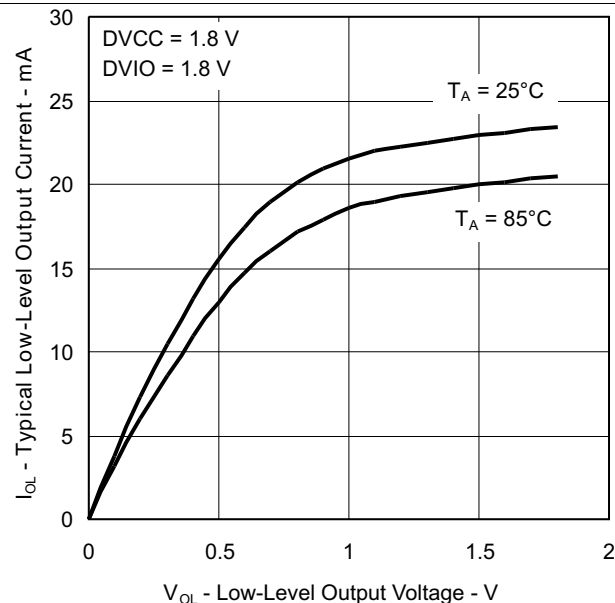


Figure 5-18. Typical Low-Level Output Current vs Low-Level Output Voltage

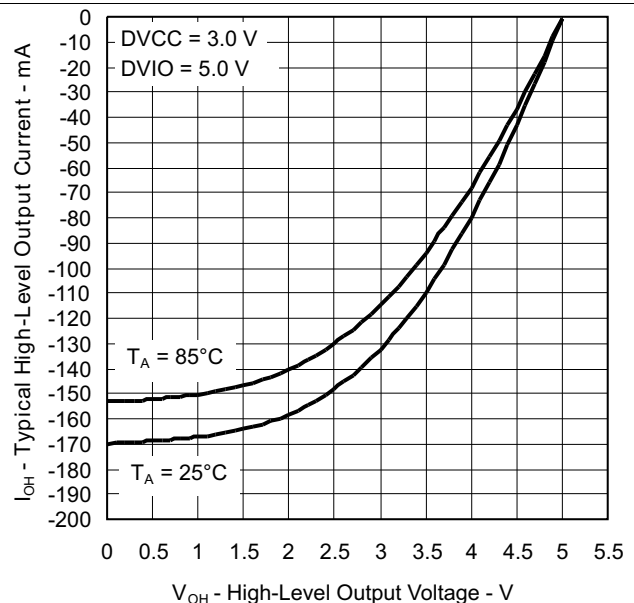
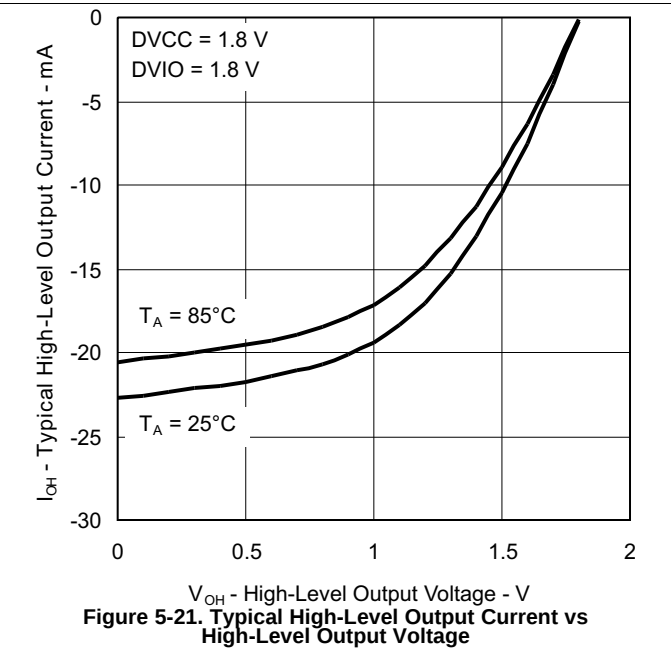
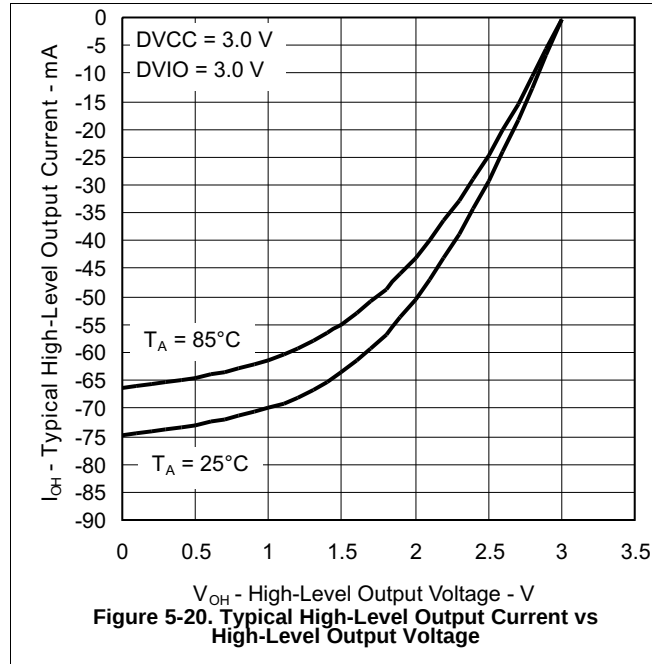


Figure 5-19. Typical High-Level Output Current vs High-Level Output Voltage

Typical Characteristics – Outputs, Full Drive Strength (PxDS.y = 1), Ports P1.6 and P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 and P3.1 (continued)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)



5.21 Crystal Oscillator, XT1, Low-Frequency Mode

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{DVCC,LF}	Differential XT1 oscillator crystal current consumption from lowest drive setting, LF mode	f _{OSC} = 32768 Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 1, T _A = 25°C	3 V	0.075			μA
		f _{OSC} = 32768 Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 2, T _A = 25°C		0.170			
		f _{OSC} = 32768 Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 3, T _A = 25°C		0.290			
f _{XT1,LF0}	XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, LF mode	XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0		32768			Hz
f _{XT1,LF,SW}	XT1 oscillator logic-level square-wave input frequency, LF mode	XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 1		10	32.768	50	kHz
OA _{LF}	Oscillation allowance for LF crystals	XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 0, f _{XT1,LF} = 32768 Hz, C _{L,eff} = 6 pF		210			kΩ
		XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 1, f _{XT1,LF} = 32768 Hz, C _{L,eff} = 12 pF		300			
C _{L,eff}	Integrated effective load capacitance, LF mode	XTS = 0, XCAP _x = 0		1			pF
		XTS = 0, XCAP _x = 1		5.5			
		XTS = 0, XCAP _x = 2		8.5			
		XTS = 0, XCAP _x = 3		12.0			
Duty cycle, LF mode		XTS = 0, Measured at ACLK, f _{XT1,LF} = 32768 Hz		30%		70%	
f _{Fault,LF}	Oscillator fault frequency, LF mode	XTS = 0		10	10000		Hz
t _{START,LF}	Start-up time, LF mode	f _{OSC} = 32768 Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 0, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 12 pF	3 V	1000			ms
		f _{OSC} = 32768 Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 3, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 12 pF		500			

5.22 Crystal Oscillator, XT1, High-Frequency Mode⁽¹⁾

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{DVCC,HF} Differential XT1 oscillator crystal current consumption from lowest drive setting, HF mode	f _{OSC} = 4 MHz, XTS = 1, XOSCOFF = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 0, T _A = 25°C	3 V		200		μA
	f _{OSC} = 12 MHz, XTS = 1, XOSCOFF = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 1, T _A = 25°C			260		
	f _{OSC} = 20 MHz, XTS = 1, XOSCOFF = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 2, T _A = 25°C			325		
	f _{OSC} = 32 MHz, XTS = 1, XOSCOFF = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 3, T _A = 25°C			450		
f _{XT1,HF0} XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 0	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 0 ⁽²⁾		4		8	MHz
f _{XT1,HF1} XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 1	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 1 ⁽²⁾		8		16	MHz
f _{XT1,HF2} XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 2	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 2 ⁽²⁾		16		24	MHz
f _{XT1,HF3} XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 3	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 3 ⁽²⁾		24		32	MHz
f _{XT1,HF,SW} XT1 oscillator logic-level square-wave input frequency, HF mode	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 1 ^{(3) (2)}		0.7		32	MHz
O _{AHF} Oscillation allowance for HF crystals ⁽⁴⁾	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 0, f _{XT1,HF} = 6 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF			450		Ω
	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 1, f _{XT1,HF} = 12 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF			320		
	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 2, f _{XT1,HF} = 20 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF			200		
	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 3, f _{XT1,HF} = 32 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF			200		
t _{START,HF} Start-up time, HF mode	f _{OSC} = 6 MHz, XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 0, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF	3 V		0.5		ms
	f _{OSC} = 20 MHz, XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE _x = 2, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 15 pF			0.3		
C _{L,eff} Integrated effective load capacitance, HF mode ^{(5) (6)}	XTS = 1			1		pF

- (1) To improve EMI on the XT1 oscillator the following guidelines should be observed.
- Keep the traces between the device and the crystal as short as possible.
 - Design a good ground plane around the oscillator pins.
 - Prevent crosstalk from other clock or data lines into oscillator pins XIN and XOUT.
 - Avoid running PCB traces underneath or adjacent to the XIN and XOUT pins.
 - Use assembly materials and processes that avoid any parasitic load on the oscillator XIN and XOUT pins.
 - If conformal coating is used, make sure that it does not induce capacitive or resistive leakage between the oscillator pins.

(2) Maximum frequency of operation of the entire device cannot be exceeded.

(3) When XT1BYPASS is set, the VLO, REFO, XT1 circuits are automatically powered down.

(4) Oscillation allowance is based on a safety factor of 5 for recommended crystals.

(5) Includes parasitic bond and package capacitance (approximately 2 pF per pin).

Because the PCB adds additional capacitance, verify the correct load by measuring the ACLK frequency. For a correct setup, the effective load capacitance should always match the specification of the used crystal.

(6) Requires external capacitors at both terminals. Values are specified by crystal manufacturers.

Crystal Oscillator, XT1, High-Frequency Mode⁽¹⁾ (continued)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Duty cycle, HF mode	XTS = 1, Measured at ACLK, f _{XT1,HF2} = 20 MHz		40%	50%	60%	
f _{Fault,HF} Oscillator fault frequency, HF mode ⁽⁷⁾	XTS = 1 ⁽⁸⁾		30		300	kHz

(7) Frequencies below the MIN specification set the fault flag. Frequencies above the MAX specification do not set the fault flag. Frequencies between the MIN and MAX specifications might set the flag.

(8) Measured with logic-level input frequency but also applies to operation with crystals.

5.23 Internal Very-Low-Power Low-Frequency Oscillator (VLO)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{VLO} VLO frequency	Measured at ACLK	1.8 V to 3.6 V	6	9.4	14	kHz
df _{VLO} /dT VLO frequency temperature drift	Measured at ACLK ⁽¹⁾	1.8 V to 3.6 V		0.5		%/°C
df _{VLO} /dV _{CC} VLO frequency supply voltage drift	Measured at ACLK ⁽²⁾	1.8 V to 3.6 V		4		%/V
Duty cycle	Measured at ACLK	1.8 V to 3.6 V	40%	50%	60%	

(1) Calculated using the box method: (MAX(–40°C to 85°C) – MIN(–40°C to 85°C)) / MIN(85°C – (–40°C)). The coefficient is negative.

(2) Calculated using the box method: (MAX(1.8 V to 3.6 V) – MIN(1.8 V to 3.6 V)) / MIN(1.8 V to 3.6 V) / (3.6 V – 1.8 V). The coefficient is positive.

5.24 Internal Reference, Low-Frequency Oscillator (REFO)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{REFO} REFO oscillator current consumption	T _A = 25°C	1.8 V to 3.6 V		3		μA
f _{REFO}	REFO frequency calibrated	Measured at ACLK	1.8 V to 3.6 V	32768		Hz
	REFO absolute tolerance calibrated	Full temperature range	1.8 V to 3.6 V		±3.5%	
		T _A = 25°C	3 V		±1.5%	
df _{REFO} /dT REFO frequency temperature drift	Measured at ACLK ⁽¹⁾	1.8 V to 3.6 V		0.01		%/°C
df _{REFO} /dV _{CC} REFO frequency supply voltage drift	Measured at ACLK ⁽²⁾	1.8 V to 3.6 V		1.0		%/V
Duty cycle	Measured at ACLK	1.8 V to 3.6 V	40%	50%	60%	
t _{START} REFO start-up time	40%/60% duty cycle	1.8 V to 3.6 V		25		μs

(1) Calculated using the box method: (MAX(–40°C to 85°C) – MIN(–40°C to 85°C)) / MIN(85°C – (–40°C))

(2) Calculated using the box method: (MAX(1.8 V to 3.6 V) – MIN(1.8 V to 3.6 V)) / MIN(1.8 V to 3.6 V) / (3.6 V – 1.8 V)

5.25 DCO Frequency

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 5-22](#))

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$f_{\text{DCO}(0,0)}$ DCO frequency (0, 0) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 0, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0	0.07		0.20	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(0,31)}$ DCO frequency (0, 31) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 0, DCOx = 31, MODx = 0	0.70		1.70	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(1,0)}$ DCO frequency (1, 0) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 1, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0	0.15		0.38	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(1,31)}$ DCO frequency (1, 31) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 1, DCOx = 31, MODx = 0	1.47		3.45	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(2,0)}$ DCO frequency (2, 0) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 2, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0	0.32		0.75	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(2,31)}$ DCO frequency (2, 31) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 2, DCOx = 31, MODx = 0	3.17		7.38	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(3,0)}$ DCO frequency (3, 0) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 3, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0	0.64		1.51	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(3,31)}$ DCO frequency (3, 31) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 3, DCOx = 31, MODx = 0	6.07		14.0	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(4,0)}$ DCO frequency (4, 0) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 4, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0	1.3		3.2	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(4,31)}$ DCO frequency (4, 31) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 4, DCOx = 31, MODx = 0	12.3		28.2	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(5,0)}$ DCO frequency (5, 0) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 5, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0	2.5		6.0	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(5,31)}$ DCO frequency (5, 31) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 5, DCOx = 31, MODx = 0	23.7		54.1	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(6,0)}$ DCO frequency (6, 0) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 6, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0	4.6		10.7	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(6,31)}$ DCO frequency (6, 31) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 6, DCOx = 31, MODx = 0	39.0		88.0	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(7,0)}$ DCO frequency (7, 0) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 7, DCOx = 0, MODx = 0	8.5		19.6	MHz
$f_{\text{DCO}(7,31)}$ DCO frequency (7, 31) ⁽¹⁾	DCORSELx = 7, DCOx = 31, MODx = 0	60		135	MHz
S_{DCORSEL} Frequency step between range DCORSEL and DCORSEL + 1	$S_{\text{RSEL}} = f_{\text{DCO}(\text{DCORSEL}+1, \text{DCO})} / f_{\text{DCO}(\text{DCORSEL}, \text{DCO})}$	1.2		2.4	ratio
S_{DCO} Frequency step between tap DCO and DCO + 1	$S_{\text{DCO}} = f_{\text{DCO}(\text{DCORSEL}, \text{DCO}+1)} / f_{\text{DCO}(\text{DCORSEL}, \text{DCO})}$	1.02		1.12	ratio
Duty cycle	Measured at SMCLK	40%	50%	60%	
df_{DCO}/dT DCO frequency temperature drift	$f_{\text{DCO}} = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{\text{CORE}} = 1.2 \text{ V}$, 2.0 V		0.1		%/°C
$df_{\text{DCO}}/dV_{\text{CORE}}$ DCO frequency voltage drift	$f_{\text{DCO}} = 1 \text{ MHz}$		1.9		%/V

- (1) When selecting the proper DCO frequency range (DCORSELx), the target DCO frequency, f_{DCO} , should be set to reside within the range of $f_{\text{DCO}(n, 0), \text{MAX}} \leq f_{\text{DCO}} \leq f_{\text{DCO}(n, 31), \text{MIN}}$, where $f_{\text{DCO}(n, 0), \text{MAX}}$ represents the maximum frequency specified for the DCO frequency, range n, tap 0 (DCOx = 0) and $f_{\text{DCO}(n, 31), \text{MIN}}$ represents the minimum frequency specified for the DCO frequency, range n, tap 31 (DCOx = 31). This ensures that the target DCO frequency resides within the range selected. It should also be noted that if the actual f_{DCO} frequency for the selected range causes the FLL or the application to select tap 0 or 31, the DCO fault flag is set to report that the selected range is at its minimum or maximum tap setting.

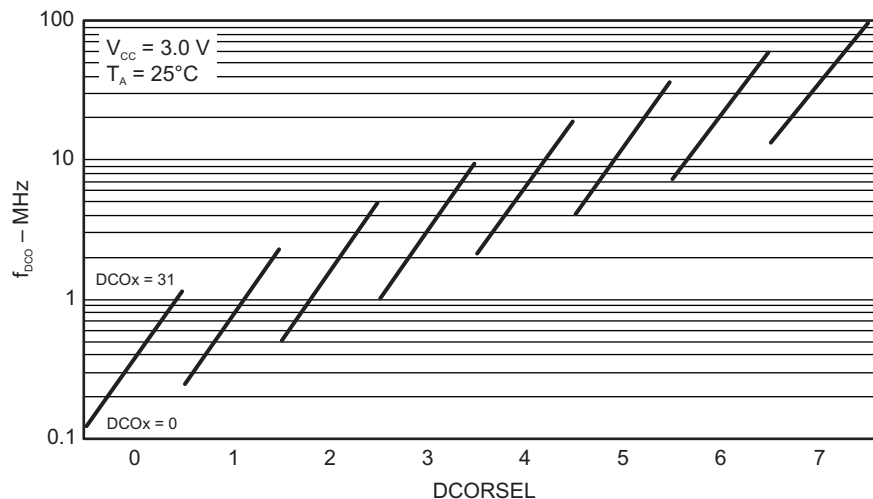


Figure 5-22. Typical DCO Frequency

5.26 PMM, Brownout Reset (BOR)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(DVCC_BOR_IT-)}$	BOR _H on voltage, DV _{CC} falling level	$dDV_{CC}/dt < 3 \text{ V/s}$			1.45	V
$V_{(DVCC_BOR_IT+)}$	BOR _H off voltage, DV _{CC} rising level	$dDV_{CC}/dt < 3 \text{ V/s}$	0.80	1.30	1.50	V
$V_{(DVCC_BOR_hys)}$	BOR _H hysteresis		40		275	mV
$V_{(VCORE_BOR_IT-)}$	BOR _L on voltage, V _{CORE} falling level	DV _{CC} = 1.8 V to 3.6 V	0.69		0.87	V
$V_{(VCORE_BOR_IT+)}$	BOR _L off voltage, V _{CORE} rising level	DV _{CC} = 1.8 V to 3.6 V	0.83		1.05	V
$V_{(VCORE_BOR_hys)}$	BOR _L hysteresis		60		200	mV
t_{dBOR}	BOR _L reset release time				2000	μs
t_{RESET}	Pulse duration required at $\overline{RST}/NMI$ pin to accept a reset		2			μs

5.27 PMM, Core Voltage

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CORE3(AM)}$	Core voltage, active mode, PMMCOREV = 3	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq DV_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ mA} \leq I(V_{CORE}) \leq 25 \text{ mA}$		1.90		V
$V_{CORE2(AM)}$	Core voltage, active mode, PMMCOREV = 2	$2.2 \text{ V} \leq DV_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ mA} \leq I(V_{CORE}) \leq 21 \text{ mA}$		1.80		V
$V_{CORE1(AM)}$	Core voltage, active mode, PMMCOREV = 1	$2.0 \text{ V} \leq DV_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ mA} \leq I(V_{CORE}) \leq 17 \text{ mA}$		1.60		V
$V_{CORE0(AM)}$	Core voltage, active mode, PMMCOREV = 0	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq DV_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ mA} \leq I(V_{CORE}) \leq 13 \text{ mA}$		1.40		V
$V_{CORE3(LPM)}$	Core voltage, active mode, PMMCOREV = 3	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq DV_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ mA} \leq I(V_{CORE}) \leq 30 \text{ μA}$		1.94		V
$V_{CORE2(LPM)}$	Core voltage, low-current mode, PMMCOREV = 2	$2.2 \text{ V} \leq DV_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ μA} \leq I(V_{CORE}) \leq 30 \text{ μA}$		1.84		V
$V_{CORE1(LPM)}$	Core voltage, low-current mode, PMMCOREV = 1	$2.0 \text{ V} \leq DV_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ μA} \leq I(V_{CORE}) \leq 30 \text{ μA}$		1.64		V
$V_{CORE0(LPM)}$	Core voltage, low-current mode, PMMCOREV = 0	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq DV_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$, $0 \text{ μA} \leq I(V_{CORE}) \leq 30 \text{ μA}$		1.44		V

5.28 PMM, SVS High Side

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(SVSH)}$	SVS current consumption	SVSHE = 0, $DV_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$		0		nA
		SVSHE = 1, $DV_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$, SVSHFP = 0		200		
		SVSHE = 1, $DV_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$, SVSHFP = 1		2		μA
$V_{(SVSH_IT-)}$	SVS _H on voltage level	SVSHE = 1, SVSHRVL = 0	1.59	1.64	1.69	V
		SVSHE = 1, SVSHRVL = 1	1.79	1.84	1.91	
		SVSHE = 1, SVSHRVL = 2	1.98	2.04	2.11	
		SVSHE = 1, SVSHRVL = 3	2.10	2.16	2.23	
$V_{(SVSH_IT+)}$	SVS _H off voltage level	SVSHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 0	1.62	1.74	1.81	V
		SVSHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 1	1.88	1.94	2.01	
		SVSHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 2	2.07	2.14	2.21	
		SVSHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 3	2.20	2.26	2.33	
		SVSHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 4	2.32	2.40	2.48	
		SVSHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 5	2.56	2.70	2.84	
		SVSHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 6	2.85	3.00	3.15	
		SVSHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 7	2.85	3.00	3.15	
$t_{pd(SVSH)}$	SVS _H propagation delay	SVSHE = 1, $dV_{DVCC}/dt = 10\text{ mV}/\mu\text{s}$, SVSHFP = 1		2.5		μs
		SVSHE = 1, $dV_{DVCC}/dt = \pm 1\text{ mV}/\mu\text{s}$, SVSHFP = 0		25		
$t_{(SVSH)}$	SVS _H on or off delay time	SVSHE = 0 $\rightarrow$ 1, SVSHFP = 1		12.5		μs
		SVSHE = 0 $\rightarrow$ 1, SVSHFP = 0		100		
dV_{DVCC}/dt	DV_{CC} rise time		0		1000	V/s

5.29 PMM, SVM High Side

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(SVMH)}$ SVM _H current consumption	SVMHE = 0, DV _{CC} = 3.6 V		0		nA
	SVMHE = 1, DV _{CC} = 3.6 V, SVMHFP = 0		200		
	SVMHE = 1, DV _{CC} = 3.6 V, SVMHFP = 1		2.0		μA
$V_{(SVMH)}$ SVM _H on or off voltage level	SVMHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 0	1.65	1.74	1.86	V
	SVMHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 1	1.85	1.94	2.02	
	SVMHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 2	2.02	2.14	2.22	
	SVMHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 3	2.18	2.26	2.35	
	SVMHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 4	2.32	2.40	2.48	
	SVMHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 5	2.56	2.70	2.84	
	SVMHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 6	2.85	3.00	3.15	
	SVMHE = 1, SVSMHRRRL = 7	2.85	3.00	3.15	
$t_{pd(SVMH)}$ SVM _H propagation delay	SVMHE = 1, dV _{DVCC} /dt = 10 mV/μs, SVMHFP = 1		2.5		μs
	SVMHE = 1, dV _{DVCC} /dt = 1 mV/μs, SVMHFP = 0		20		μs
$t_{(SVMH)}$ SVM _H on or off delay time	SVMHE = 0 → 1, SVSHFP = 1		12.5		μs
	SVMHE = 0 → 1, SVSHFP = 0		100		

5.30 PMM, SVS Low Side

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(SVSL)}$ SVS _L current consumption	SVSLE = 0, PMMCOREV = 2		0		nA
	SVSLE = 1, PMMCOREV = 2, SVSLFP = 0		200		
	SVSLE = 1, PMMCOREV = 2, SVSLFP = 1		2.0		μA
$t_{(SVSL)}$ SVS _L on or off delay time	SVSLE = 1, dV _{CORE} /dt = 10 mV/μs, SVSLFP = 1		6		μs
	SVSLE = 1, dV _{CORE} /dt = 1 mV/μs, SVSLFP = 0		50		
$t_{pd(SVSL)}$ SVS _L propagation delay	SVMHE = 0 → 1, SVSLFP = 1		12.5		μs
	SVMHE = 0 → 1, SVSLFP = 0		100		

5.31 PMM, SVM Low Side

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(SVML)}$ SVM _L current consumption	SVMLE = 0, PMMCOREV = 2		0		nA
	SVMLE = 1, PMMCOREV = 2, SVMLFP = 0		200		
	SVMLE = 1, PMMCOREV = 2, SVMLFP = 1		2.0		μA
$t_{pd(SVML)}$ SVM _L propagation delay	SVMLE = 1, dV _{CORE} /dt = 10 mV/μs, SVMLFP = 1		2.5		μs
	SVMLE = 1, dV _{CORE} /dt = 1 mV/μs, SVMLFP = 0		30		
$t_{(SVML)}$ SVM _L on or off delay time	SVMLE = 0 → 1, SVSLFP = 1		12.5		μs
	SVMLE = 0 → 1, SVSLFP = 0		100		

5.32 Wake-up Times From Low-Power Modes

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{FAST-WAKE-UP}	Wake-up time from LPM2, LPM3, or LPM4 to active mode ⁽¹⁾	PMMCOREVx = SVSMLRRLx = n (where n = 0, 1, 2, or 3), SVSLFP = 1	f _{MCLK} ≥ 4 MHz		3	6.5	μs
			1 MHz < f _{MCLK} < 4 MHz		4	8.0	
t _{SLOW-WAKE-UP}	Wake-up time from LPM2, LPM3, or LPM4 to active mode ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	PMMCOREVx = SVSMLRRLx = n (where n = 0, 1, 2, or 3), SVSLFP = 0			150	165	μs
t _{WAKE-UP LPM5}	Wake-up time from LPM4.5 to active mode ⁽⁴⁾				2	3	ms
t _{WAKE-UP-RESET}	Wake-up time from RST or BOR event to active mode ⁽⁴⁾				2	3	ms

- (1) This value represents the time from the wake-up event to the first active edge of MCLK. The wake-up time depends on the performance mode of the low-side supervisor (SVSL) and low-side monitor (SVM_L). $t_{\text{WAKE-UP-FAST}}$ is possible with SVSL and SVM_L in full performance mode or disabled. For specific register settings, see the *Low-Side SVS and SVM Control and Performance Mode Selection* section in the *Power Management Module and Supply Voltage Supervisor* chapter of the [MSP430x5xx and MSP430x6xx Family User's Guide](#).
- (2) This value represents the time from the wake-up event to the first active edge of MCLK. The wake-up time depends on the performance mode of the low-side supervisor (SVSL) and low-side monitor (SVM_L). $t_{\text{WAKE-UP-SLOW}}$ is set with SVSL and SVM_L in normal mode (low current mode). For specific register settings, see the *Low-Side SVS and SVM Control and Performance Mode Selection* section in the *Power Management Module and Supply Voltage Supervisor* chapter of the [MSP430x5xx and MSP430x6xx Family User's Guide](#).
- (3) The wake-up times from LPM0 and LPM1 to AM are not specified. They are proportional to MCLK cycle time but are not affected by the performance mode settings as for LPM2, LPM3, and LPM4.
- (4) This value represents the time from the wake-up event to the reset vector execution.

5.33 Timer_A

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f_{TA} Timer_A input clock frequency	Internal: SMCLK or ACLK, External: TACLK, Duty cycle = 50% $\pm$ 10%	1.8 V, 3 V		25	MHz
$t_{\text{TA,cap}}$ Timer_A capture timing	All capture inputs, minimum pulse duration required for capture.	1.8 V, 3 V	20		ns

5.34 USCI (UART Mode)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f_{USCI} USCI input clock frequency	Internal: SMCLK or ACLK, External: UCLK, Duty cycle = 50% $\pm$ 10%			f_{SYSTEM}		MHz
$f_{\text{max,BITCLK}}$ Maximum BITCLK clock frequency (equals baud rate in MBaud) ⁽¹⁾			1			MHz
t_{r} UART receive deglitch time		2.2 V	50	150	200	ns
		3 V	50	150	200	

- (1) The DCO wake-up time must be considered in LPM3 and LPM4. The wake-up time must be considered in LPMx.5.

5.35 USCI (SPI Master Mode)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (see [Figure 5-23](#) and [Figure 5-24](#))

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f _{USCI}	USCI input clock frequency	SMCLK or ACLK, Duty cycle = 50% ±10%		f _{SYSTEM}		MHz
t _{SU,MI}	SOMI input data setup time	PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V	55		ns
			3 V	38		
		PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V	30		
			3 V	25		
t _{HD,MI}	SOMI input data hold time	PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V	0		ns
			3 V	0		
		PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V	0		
			3 V	0		
t _{VALID,MO}	SIMO output data valid time ⁽²⁾	UCLK edge to SIMO valid, C _L = 20 pF, PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V		20	ns
			3 V		18	
		UCLK edge to SIMO valid, C _L = 20 pF, PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V		16	
			3 V		15	
t _{HD,MO}	SIMO output data hold time ⁽³⁾	C _L = 20 pF, PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V	–10		ns
			3 V	–8		
		C _L = 20 pF, PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V	–10		
			3 V	–8		

- (1) $f_{UCxCLK} = 1/2t_{LO/HI}$ with $t_{LO/HI} \geq \max(t_{VALID,MO}(USCI) + t_{SU,SI}(Slave), t_{SU,MI}(USCI) + t_{VALID,SO}(Slave))$
For the slave parameters $t_{SU,SI}(Slave)$ and $t_{VALID,SO}(Slave)$, see the SPI parameters of the attached slave.
- (2) Specifies the time to drive the next valid data to the SIMO output after the output changing UCLK clock edge. See the timing diagrams in [Figure 5-23](#) and [Figure 5-24](#).
- (3) Specifies how long data on the SIMO output is valid after the output changing UCLK clock edge. Negative values indicate that the data on the SIMO output can become invalid before the output changing clock edge observed on UCLK. See the timing diagrams in [Figure 5-23](#) and [Figure 5-24](#).

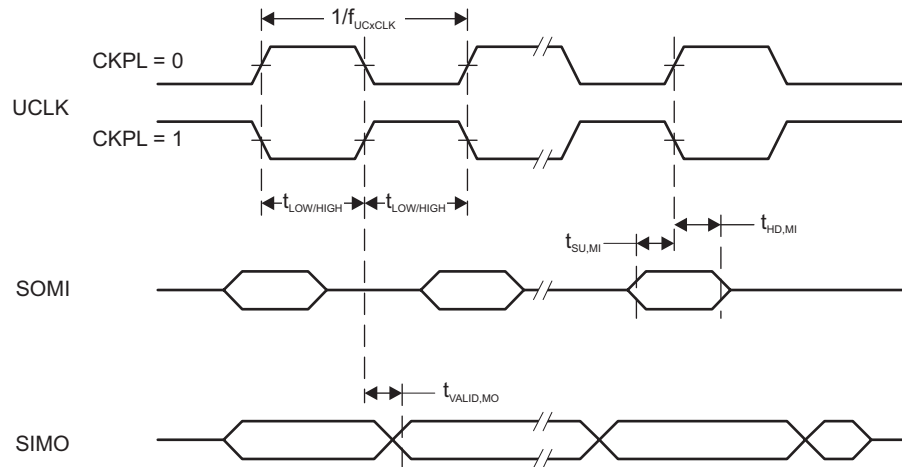


Figure 5-23. SPI Master Mode, CKPH = 0

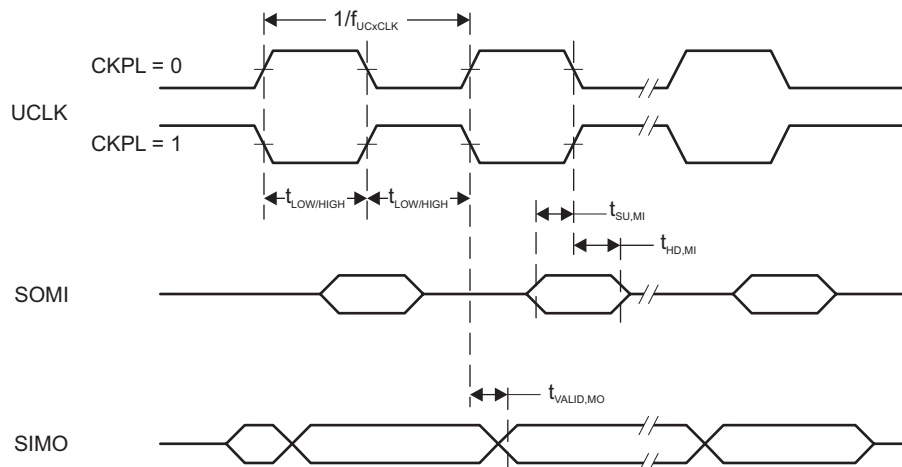


Figure 5-24. SPI Master Mode, CKPH = 1

5.36 USCI (SPI Slave Mode)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (see [Figure 5-25](#) and [Figure 5-26](#))

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$t_{STE,LEAD}$ STE lead time, STE low to clock	PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V	11		ns
		3 V	8		
	PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V	7		
		3 V	6		
$t_{STE,LAG}$ STE lag time, Last clock to STE high	PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V	3		ns
		3 V	3		
	PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V	3		
		3 V	3		
$t_{STE,ACC}$ STE access time, STE low to SOMI data out	PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V		66	ns
		3 V		50	
	PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V		36	
		3 V		30	
$t_{STE,DIS}$ STE disable time, STE high to SOMI high impedance	PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V		30	ns
		3 V		23	
	PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V		16	
		3 V		13	
$t_{SU,SI}$ SIMO input data setup time	PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V	5		ns
		3 V	5		
	PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V	2		
		3 V	2		
$t_{HD,SI}$ SIMO input data hold time	PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V	5		ns
		3 V	5		
	PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V	5		
		3 V	5		
$t_{VALID,SO}$ SOMI output data valid time ⁽²⁾	UCLK edge to SOMI valid, C _L = 20 pF, PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V		76	ns
		3 V		60	
	UCLK edge to SOMI valid, C _L = 20 pF, PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V		44	
		3 V		40	
$t_{HD,SO}$ SOMI output data hold time ⁽³⁾	C _L = 20 pF, PMMCOREV = 0	1.8 V	18		ns
		3 V	12		
	C _L = 20 pF, PMMCOREV = 3	2.4 V	10		
		3 V	8		

(1) $f_{UCXCLK} = 1/2t_{LO/HI}$ with $t_{LO/HI} \geq \max(t_{VALID,MO(Master)} + t_{SU,SI(USCI)}, t_{SU,MI(Master)} + t_{VALID,SO(USCI)})$

For the master parameters $t_{SU,MI(Master)}$ and $t_{VALID,MO(Master)}$, see the SPI parameters of the attached master.

(2) Specifies the time to drive the next valid data to the SOMI output after the output changing UCLK clock edge. See the timing diagrams in [Figure 5-25](#) and [Figure 5-26](#).

(3) Specifies how long data on the SOMI output is valid after the output changing UCLK clock edge. See the timing diagrams in [Figure 5-25](#) and [Figure 5-26](#).

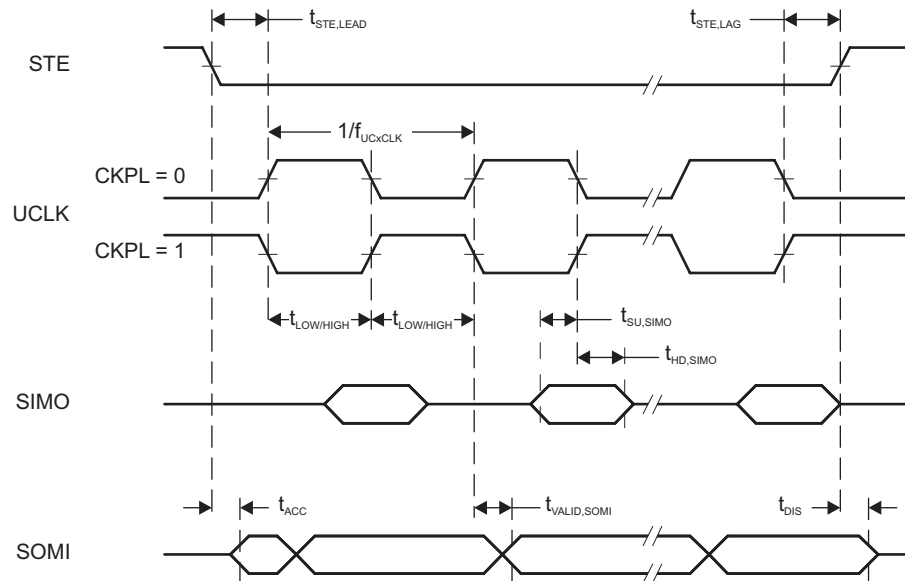


Figure 5-25. SPI Slave Mode, CKPH = 0

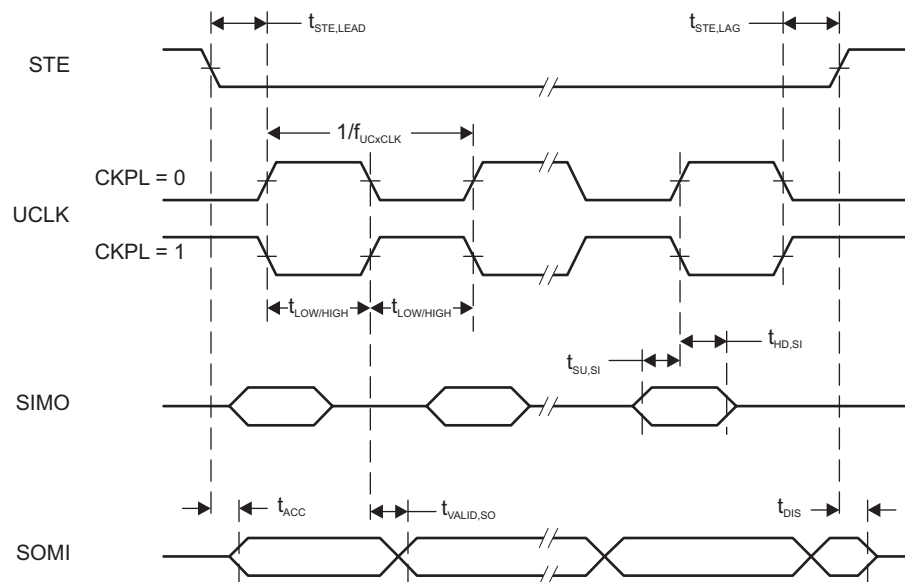


Figure 5-26. SPI Slave Mode, CKPH = 1

5.37 USCI (I²C Mode)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 5-27](#))

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f _{USCI} USCI input clock frequency	Internal: SMCLK or ACLK, External: UCLK, Duty cycle = 50% ±10%		f _{SYSTEM}		MHz
f _{SCL} SCL clock frequency		2.2 V, 3 V	0	400	kHz
t _{HD,STA} Hold time (repeated) START	f _{SCL} ≤ 100 kHz	2.2 V, 3 V	4.0		μs
	f _{SCL} > 100 kHz		0.6		
t _{SU,STA} Setup time for a repeated START	f _{SCL} ≤ 100 kHz	2.2 V, 3 V	4.7		μs
	f _{SCL} > 100 kHz		0.6		
t _{HD,DAT} Data hold time		2.2 V, 3 V	0		ns
t _{SU,DAT} Data setup time		2.2 V, 3 V	250		ns
t _{SU,STO} Setup time for STOP	f _{SCL} ≤ 100 kHz	2.2 V, 3 V	4.0		μs
	f _{SCL} > 100 kHz		0.6		
t _{SP} Pulse duration of spikes suppressed by input filter		2.2 V	50	600	ns
		3 V	50	600	

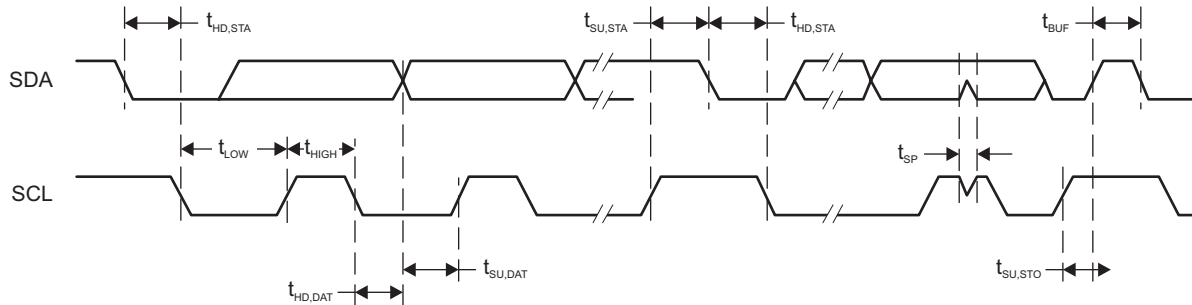


Figure 5-27. I²C Mode Timing

5.38 10-Bit ADC, Power Supply and Input Range Conditions (MSP430F51x2 Devices Only)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
AV _{CC}	Analog supply voltage	AV _{CC} and DV _{CC} are connected together, AV _{SS} and DV _{SS} are connected together, V _(AVSS) = V _(DVSS) = 0 V		1.8		3.6	V
V _(Ax)	Analog input voltage range ⁽²⁾	All ADC10_A pins: P1.0 to P1.5 and P3.6 and P3.7 terminals		0		AV _{CC}	V
I _{ADC10_A}	Operating supply current into AVCC terminal, REF module and reference buffer off	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10ON = 1, REFON = 0, SHT0 = 0, SHT1 = 0, ADC10DIV = 0, ADC10SREF = 00	2.2 V		60	90	μA
			3 V		75	100	
	Operating supply current into AVCC terminal, REF module on, reference buffer on	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10ON = 1, REFON = 1, SHT0 = 0, SHT1 = 0, ADC10DIV = 0, ADC10SREF = 01	3 V		113	130	
	Operating supply current into AVCC terminal, REF module off, reference buffer on	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10ON = 1, REFON = 0, SHT0 = 0, SHT1 = 0, ADC10DIV = 0, ADC10SREF = 10, VREF = 2.5 V	3 V		105	125	
I _{ADC10_A}	Operating supply current into AVCC terminal, REF module off, reference buffer off	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10ON = 1, REFON = 0, SHT0 = 0, SHT1 = 0, ADC10DIV = 0, ADC10SREF = 11, VREF = 2.5 V	3 V		70	95	μA
C _I	Input capacitance	Only one terminal Ax can be selected at one time from the pad to the ADC10_A capacitor array including wiring and pad	2.2 V		3.5		pF
R _I	Input MUX ON resistance	AV _{CC} > 2.0 V, 0 V ≤ V _{Ax} ≤ AV _{CC}				36	kΩ
		1.8V < AV _{CC} < 2.0 V, 0 V ≤ V _{Ax} ≤ AV _{CC}				96	

(1) The leakage current is defined in the leakage current table with P6.x/Ax parameter.

(2) The analog input voltage range must be within the selected reference voltage range V_{R+} to V_{R-} for valid conversion results. The external reference voltage requires decoupling capacitors.

Two decoupling capacitors, 10 μF and 100 nF, should be connected to VREF to decouple the dynamic current required for an external reference source if it is used for the ADC10_A. Also see the [MSP430x5xx and MSP430x6xx Family User's Guide](#).

5.39 10-Bit ADC, Timing Parameters (MSP430F51x2 Devices Only)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{ADC10CLK}		For specified performance of ADC10_A linearity parameters	2.2 V, 3 V	0.45	5	5.5	MHz
f _{ADC10OSC}	Internal ADC10_A oscillator ⁽¹⁾	ADC10DIV = 0, f _{ADC10CLK} = f _{ADC10OSC}	2.2 V, 3 V	4.2	4.8	5.4	MHz
t _{CONVERT}	Conversion time	REFON = 0, Internal oscillator, 12 ADC10CLK cycles, 10-bit mode, f _{ADC10OSC} = 4 MHz to 5 MHz	2.2 V, 3 V	2.4		3.0	μs
		External f _{ADC10CLK} from ACLK, MCLK or SMCLK, ADC10SSEL ≠ 0			12 × 1 / f _{ADC10CLK}		
t _{ADC10ON}	Turnon settling time of the ADC	See ⁽²⁾				100	ns
t _{Sample}	Sampling time	R _S = 1000 Ω, R _I = 96 kΩ, C _I = 3.5 pF ⁽³⁾	1.8 V	3			μs
		R _S = 1000 Ω, R _I = 36 kΩ, C _I = 3.5 pF ⁽³⁾	3 V	1			

(1) The ADC10OSC is sourced directly from MODOSC inside the UCS.

(2) The condition is that the error in a conversion started after t_{ADC10ON} is less than ±0.5 LSB. The reference and input signal are already settled.

(3) Approximately eight Tau (τ) are required for an error of less than ±0.5 LSB

5.40 10-Bit ADC, Linearity Parameters (MSP430F51x2 Devices Only)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
E _I	Integral linearity error	1.4 V ≤ (VEREF+ – VREF-) ≤ 1.6 V, C _{VEREF+} = 20 pF			±1.0	LSB
		1.6 V < (VEREF+ – VREF-) ≤ V _{AVCC} , C _{VEREF+} = 20 pF			±1.0	
E _D	Differential linearity error	1.4 V ≤ (VEREF+ – VREF-), C _{VEREF+} = 20 pF			±1.0	LSB
E _O	Offset error	1.4 V ≤ (VEREF+ – VREF-), C _{VEREF+} = 20 pF, Internal impedance of source R _S < 100 Ω			±1.0	LSB
E _G	Gain error, external reference	1.4 V ≤ (VEREF+ – VREF-), C _{VEREF+} = 20 pF			±1.0	LSB
	Gain error, external reference, buffered				±5	
	Gain error, internal reference	See ⁽¹⁾			±1.5%	VREF
E _T	Total unadjusted error, internal reference	See ⁽¹⁾			±1.5%	VREF

(1) Dominated by the absolute voltage of the integrated reference voltage.

5.41 REF, External Reference (MSP430F51x2 Devices Only)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VEREF+	Positive external reference voltage input	VEREF+ > VREF- ⁽²⁾		1.4		AV _{CC}	V
VEREF-	Negative external reference voltage input	VEREF+ > VREF- ⁽³⁾		0		1.2	V
VEREF+ – VREF-	Differential external reference voltage input	VEREF+ > VREF- ⁽⁴⁾		1.4		AV _{CC}	V
I _(VEREF+) , I _(VEREF-)	Static input current	1.4 V ≤ VREF+ ≤ V(AVCC), VREF- = 0 V, f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10SHTX = 0x0001, Conversion rate 200 ksp/s	2.2 V, 3 V		±8.5	±26	μA
		1.4 V ≤ VREF+ ≤ V(AVCC), VREF- = 0 V, f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10SHTX = 0x1000, Conversion rate 20 ksp/s	2.2 V, 3 V			±1	
C _(VEREF+/-)	Capacitance at VREF+ and VREF- terminals	See ⁽⁵⁾		10			μF

(1) The external reference is used during ADC conversion to charge and discharge the capacitance array. The input capacitance, C_I, is also the dynamic load for an external reference during conversion. The dynamic impedance of the reference supply should follow the recommendations on analog-source impedance to allow the charge to settle for 10-bit accuracy.

(2) The accuracy limits the minimum positive external reference voltage. Lower reference voltage levels may be applied with reduced accuracy requirements.

(3) The accuracy limits the maximum negative external reference voltage. Higher reference voltage levels may be applied with reduced accuracy requirements.

(4) The accuracy limits minimum external differential reference voltage. Lower differential reference voltage levels may be applied with reduced accuracy requirements.

(5) Two decoupling capacitors, 10 μF and 100 nF, should be connected to VREF to decouple the dynamic current required for an external reference source if it is used for the ADC10_A. Also see the [MSP430x5xx and MSP430x6xx Family User's Guide](#).

5.42 REF, Built-In Reference (MSP430F51x2 Devices Only)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{REF+}	REFVSEL = {2} for 2.5 V, REFON = 1	3 V	2.51	±1.5%		V
	REFVSEL = {1} for 2.0 V, REFON = 1	3 V	1.99	±1.5%		
	REFVSEL = {0} for 1.5 V, REFON = 1	2.2 V, 3 V	1.5	±1.5%		
AV _{CC(min)}	REFVSEL = {0} for 1.5 V		1.8			V
	REFVSEL = {1} for 2.0 V		2.3			
	REFVSEL = {2} for 2.5 V		2.8			
I _{REF+}	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, REFON = 1, REFBURST = 0, REFVSEL = {0} for 1.5 V	3 V	15.5		19	μA
	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, REFON = 1, REFBURST = 0, REFVSEL = {1} for 2.0 V	3 V	18		24	
	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, REFON = 1, REFBURST = 0, REFVSEL = {2} for 2.5 V	3 V	21		30	
TC _{REF+}	REFVSEL = {0, 1, 2}, REFON = 1		30		50	ppm/ °C
I _{SENSOR}	REFON = 1, INCH = 0Ah, ADC10ON = 1, T _A = 30°C	2.2 V	150		180	μA
		3 V	150		190	
V _{SENSOR}	REFON = 1, INCH = 0Ah, ADC10ON = 1, T _A = 30°C	2.2 V	765			mV
		3 V	765			
V _{MID}	ADC10ON = 1, INCH = 0Bh, V _{MID} ≈ 0.5 × V _{AVCC}	2.2 V	1.06	1.1	1.14	V
		3 V	1.46	1.5	1.54	
t _{SENSOR} (sample)	ADC10ON = 1, INCH = 0Ah, Error of conversion result ≤ 1 LSB		30			μs
t _{VMID} (sample)	ADC10ON = 1, INCH = 0Bh, Error of conversion result ≤ 1 LSB		1			μs
PSRR _{DC}	AV _{CC} = AV _{CC(min)} to AV _{CC(max)} , T _A = 25°C, REFVSEL = {0, 1, 2}, REFON = 1		120		300	μV/V
PSRR _{AC}	AV _{CC} = AV _{CC(min)} to AV _{CC(max)} , T _A = 25°C, f = 1 kHz, ΔV _{pp} = 100 mV, REFVSEL = {0, 1, 2}, REFON = 1		6.4			mV/V
t _{SETTLE}	AV _{CC} = AV _{CC(min)} to AV _{CC(max)} , REFVSEL = {0, 1, 2}, REFON = 0 → 1	T _A = –40°C to 85°C		23	125	μs
		T _A = 25°C		23	50	
		T _A = 85°C		16	25	

- (1) The leakage current is defined in the leakage current table with P6.x/Ax parameter.
- (2) The internal reference current is supplied through the AV_{CC} terminal. Consumption is independent of the ADC10ON control bit, unless a conversion is active. The REFON bit enables to settle the built-in reference before starting an A/D conversion.
- (3) Calculated using the box method: (MAX(–40°C to 85°C) – MIN(–40°C to 85°C)) / MIN(–40°C to 85°C) / (85°C – (–40°C)).
- (4) The sensor current I_{SENSOR} is consumed if (ADC10ON = 1 and REFON = 1) or (ADC10ON = 1 and INCH = 0Ah and sample signal is high). When REFON = 1, I_{SENSOR} is already included in I_{REF+}.
- (5) The temperature sensor offset can be as much as ±20°C. TI recommends a single-point calibration to minimize the offset error of the built-in temperature sensor.
- (6) The typical equivalent impedance of the sensor is 51 kΩ. The sample time required includes the sensor-on time t_{SENSOR(on)}.
- (7) The on-time t_{VMID(on)} is included in the sampling time t_{VMID(sample)}; no additional on time is needed.
- (8) The condition is that the error in a conversion started after t_{REFON} is less than ±0.5 LSB.

5.43 Comparator_B

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage			1.8		3.6	V
I _{AVCC_COMP}	Comparator operating supply current into AVCC, Excludes reference resistor ladder	CBPWRMD = 00, CBON = 1, CBR _{Sx} = 00	1.8 V			38	μA
			2.2 V		31	38	
			3 V		32	39	
		CBPWRMD = 01, CBON = 1, CBR _{Sx} = 00	2.2 V, 3 V		10	17	
		CBPWRMD = 10, CBON = 1, CBR _{Sx} = 00	2.2 V, 3 V		0.2	0.85	
V _{REF}	Reference voltage level	CBREFL _x = 01, CBREFACC = 0	≥1.8 V	1.42	1.44	1.46	V
		CBREFL _x = 10, CBREFACC = 0	≥2.2 V	1.89	1.92	1.95	
		CBREFL _x = 11, CBREFACC = 0	≥3.0 V	2.35	2.39	2.43	
I _{AVCC_REF}	Quiescent current of resistor ladder into AVCC, Including REF module current	CBREFACC = 1, CBREFL _x = 01, CBR _{Sx} = 10, REFON = 0, CBON = 0	2.2 V, 3 V		10	17	μA
		CBREFACC = 0, CBREFL _x = 01, CBR _{Sx} = 10, REFON = 0, CBON = 0	2.2 V, 3 V		33	40	
V _{IC}	Common mode input range			0		V _{CC} – 1	V
V _{OFFSET}	Input offset voltage	CBPWRMD = 00				±20	mV
		CBPWRMD = 01, 10				±10	
C _{IN}	Input capacitance				5		pF
R _{SIN}	Series input resistance	On (switch closed)			3	4	kΩ
		Off (switch opened)		50			MΩ
t _{PD}	Propagation delay, response time	CBPWRMD = 00, CBF = 0				450	ns
		CBPWRMD = 01, CBF = 0				600	
		CBPWRMD = 10, CBF = 0				50	μs
t _{PD,filter}	Propagation delay with filter active	CBPWRMD = 00, CBON = 1, CBF = 1, CBF _{DLY} = 00		0.35	0.6	1.5	μs
		CBPWRMD = 00, CBON = 1, CBF = 1, CBF _{DLY} = 01		0.6	1.0	1.8	
		CBPWRMD = 00, CBON = 1, CBF = 1, CBF _{DLY} = 10		1.0	1.8	3.4	
		CBPWRMD = 00, CBON = 1, CBF = 1, CBF _{DLY} = 11		1.8	3.4	6.5	
t _{EN_CMP}	Comparator enable time	CBON = 0 → 1, CBPWRMD = 00 or 01			1	2	μs
		CBON = 0 → 1, CBPWRMD = 10				100	
t _{EN_REF}	Resistor reference enable time	CBON = 0 to CBON = 1			1.0	1.5	μs
TC _{CB_REF}	Temperature coefficient reference of V _{CB_REF}					50	ppm/°C
V _{CB_REF}	Reference voltage for a given tap	VIN = reference into resistor ladder, n = 0 to 31		VIN × (n + 0.5) / 32	VIN × (n + 1) / 32	VIN × (n + 1.5) / 32	V

5.44 Timer_D, Power Supply and Reference Clock

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DV _{CC}	Digital supply voltage	V _(DVSS) = 0 V		1.8		3.6	V
f _{REF,DCO}	Timer_D input reference clock frequency	PMMCOREVx = 0	1.8 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V	8		12.0	MHz
		PMMCOREVx = 1	2.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V	8		16.0	
		PMMCOREVx = 2	2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V	8		20.0	
		PMMCOREVx = 3	2.4 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V	8		25.5	
I _(64MHz)	I _(DVCC) at 64-MHz Timer_D clock, clock generator only	f _{reference} = 8 MHz, MCx = 0, TDHREGEN = 1, TDHMX = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0			253	320	μA
I _(128MHz)	I _(DVCC) at 128-MHz Timer_D clock, clock generator only	f _{reference} = 16 MHz, MCx = 0, TDHREGEN = 1, TDHMX = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0			285	360	μA
I _(200MHz)	I _(DVCC) at 200-MHz Timer_D clock, clock generator only	f _{reference} = 25 MHz, MCx = 0, TDHREGEN = 1, TDHMX = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1			280	345	μA
I _(256MHz)	I _(DVCC) at 256-MHz Timer_D clock, clock generator only	f _{reference} = 16 MHz, MCx = 0, TDHREGEN = 1, TDHMX = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1			265	330	μA
I _(0,16,64)	I _(DVCC)	TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 16, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	2.2 V		244		μA
			3.0 V		295	325	
I _(1,16,64)	I _(DVCC)	TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 16, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	2.2 V		282		μA
			3.0 V		300	400	
I _(2,16,64)	I _(DVCC)	TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 16, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	2.2 V		358		μA
			3.0 V		414	470	

(1) The leakage current is defined in the leakage current table with P6.x/Ax parameter.

5.45 Timer_D, Local Clock Generator Frequency

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$f_{HRCG(0,0,64)}$ HRCG frequency (0, 0, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 0, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	39	56	73	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 0, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	78	112	146	
$f_{HRCG(0,7,64)}$ HRCG frequency (0, 7, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 7, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	46	66	86	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 7, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	92	132	172	
$f_{HRCG(0,15,64)}$ HRCG frequency (0, 15, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 15, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	55	78	101	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 15, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	110	156	202	
$f_{HRCG(0,23,64)}$ HRCG frequency (0, 23, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 23, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	61	87	113	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 23, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	122	174	226	
$f_{HRCG(0,31,0)}$ HRCG frequency (0, 31, 0)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 0	36	56	73	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 0	72	112	146	
$f_{HRCG(0,31,64)}$ HRCG frequency (0, 31, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	68	98	128	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	136	196	256	
$f_{HRCG(0,31,127)}$ HRCG frequency (0, 31, 127)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 127	97	138	180	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 127	196	176	360	
$f_{HRCG(1,0,64)}$ HRCG frequency (1, 0, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 0, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	71	101	131	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 0, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	142	202	262	
$f_{HRCG(1,7,64)}$ HRCG frequency (1, 7, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 7, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	84	120	156	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 7, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	168	240	312	
$f_{HRCG(1,15,64)}$ HRCG frequency (1, 15, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 15, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	97	139	182	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 15, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	196	278	364	
$f_{HRCG(1,23,64)}$ HRCG frequency (1, 23, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 23, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	108	154	200	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 23, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	216	308	400	
$f_{HRCG(1,31,0)}$ HRCG frequency (1, 31, 0)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 0	68	97	126	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 0	136	194	252	
$f_{HRCG(1,31,64)}$ HRCG frequency (1, 31, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	123	175	227	MHz
	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	246	350	454	

Timer_D, Local Clock Generator Frequency (continued)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$f_{\text{HRCG}(1,31,127)}$	HRCG frequency (1, 31, 127)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 127	169	241	313	MHz
		TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 127	338	482	616	
$f_{\text{HRCG}(2,0,64)}$	HRCG frequency (2, 0, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 0, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	126	180	234	MHz
		TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 1, TDHCLKSRx = 0, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	252	360	468	
$f_{\text{HRCG}(2,7,64)}$	HRCG frequency (2, 7, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 7, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	138	208	270	MHz
		TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 7, TDHCLKTRIM = 6	276	416	540	
$f_{\text{HRCG}(2,15,64)}$	HRCG frequency (2, 15, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 15, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	168	240	312	MHz
		TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 15, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	336	480	624	
$f_{\text{HRCG}(2,23,64)}$	HRCG frequency (2, 23, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 23, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	189	270	351	MHz
		TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 23, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	378	540	702	
$f_{\text{HRCG}(2,31,0)}$	HRCG frequency (2, 31, 0)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 0	119	170	221	MHz
		TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 0	238	340	442	
$f_{\text{HRCG}(2,31,64)}$	HRCG frequency (2, 31, 64)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	212	303	394	MHz
		TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 64	424	606	788	
$f_{\text{HRCG}(2,31,127)}$	HRCG frequency (2, 31, 127)	TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 127	290	413	537	MHz
		TDHREGEN = 0, TDHMx = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 2, TDHCLKSRx = 31, TDHCLKTRIM = 127	580	826	1074	
$S_{\text{HRCG},0,\text{SR}}$	TDHCLKSRx step size in range 0	$S_{\text{HRCGSR}} = f_{\text{HRCGSR}}(\text{HRCGSR}+1) - f_{\text{HRCG}}(\text{HRCGSR})$	120	185	225	kHz
$S_{\text{HRCG},1,\text{SR}}$	TDHCLKSRx step size in range 1	$S_{\text{HRCGSR}} = f_{\text{HRCGSR}}(\text{HRCGSR}+1) - f_{\text{HRCG}}(\text{HRCGSR})$	220	325	395	kHz
$S_{\text{HRCG},2,\text{SR}}$	TDHCLKSRx step size in range 2	$S_{\text{HRCGSR}} = f_{\text{HRCGSR}}(\text{HRCGSR}+1) - f_{\text{HRCG}}(\text{HRCGSR})$	400	555	700	kHz
$S_{\text{HRCG},0,\text{TRIM}}$	$0 \geq \text{TDHCLKTRIMx} < 16$, step size in range 0	$S_{\text{HRCGSR}} = f_{\text{HRCGSR}}(\text{HRCGTRIM}+1) - f_{\text{HRCG}}(\text{HRCGTRIM})$, TDHCLKSRx = X, Y, Z	55	85	120	kHz
	$15 < \text{TDHCLKTRIMx} < 49$, step size in range 1		40	85	130	
	$48 < \text{TDHCLKTRIMx} < 64$, step size in range 2		40	85	120	
$S_{\text{HRCG},1,\text{TRIM}}$	$0 \geq \text{TDHCLKTRIMx} < 16$, step size in range 0	$S_{\text{HRCGSR}} = f_{\text{HRCGSR}}(\text{HRCGTRIM}+1) - f_{\text{HRCG}}(\text{HRCGTRIM})$, TDHCLKSRx = X, Y, Z	90	160	230	kHz
	$15 < \text{TDHCLKTRIMx} < 49$, step size in range 1		80	160	230	
	$48 < \text{TDHCLKTRIMx} < 64$, step size in range 2		80	160	230	

Timer_D, Local Clock Generator Frequency (continued)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
S _{HRCG,2,TRIM}	0 >= TDHCLKTRIMx < 16, step size in range 0	S _{HRCGSR} = f _{HRCGSR} (HRCGTRIM+1) – f _{HRCG} (HRCGTRIM), TDHCLKSRx = X, Y, Z	150	230	360	kHz
	15 < TDHCLKTRIMx < 49, step size in range 1		130	230	350	
	48 < TDHCLKTRIMx < 32, step size in range 2		100	230	340	
df _{HRCG} /dT	HRCG frequency temperature drift	f _{HRCG} = 8 MHz, TDHREGEN = 0			±0.17	%/°C
		f _{HRCG} = 16 MHz, TDHREGEN = 0			±0.16	
		f _{HRCG} = 25 MHz, TDHREGEN = 0			±0.16	
		f _{HRCG} = 8, 16, or 25 MHz, TDHREGEN = 1		0		
df _{HRCG} / dV _{DVCC}	HRCG frequency voltage drift	f _{HRCG} = 8, 16, or 25 MHz, TDHREGEN = 0	0		5	%/V
		f _{HRCG} = 8, 16, or 25 MHz, TDHREGEN = 1		0		
t _{SETTLE}	Settling time	TDHEN = 0 → 1, TDHFW = 0	3	5	9	μs
	Settling time, fast wake-up	TDHEN = 0 → 1, TDHFW = 1			1.5	

5.46 Timer_D, Trimmed Clock Frequencies

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Frequency tolerance during trimming			–0.5%		+0.5%	
f _{TRIM(64MHz)}	TDHMx = 0, TDHREGEN = 0, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHxCTL1 = TDHxCTL1_64	T _A = 25°C, V _{CC} = 1.8 V	63	64	65	MHz
f _{TRIM(128MHz)}	TDHMx = 0, TDHREGEN = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHxCTL1 = TDHxCTL1_128	T _A = 25°C, V _{CC} = 2.0 V	126	128	130	MHz
f _{TRIM(200MHz)}	TDHMx = 0, TDHREGEN = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHxCTL1 = TDHxCTL1_200	T _A = 25°C, V _{CC} = 2.4 V	197	200	203	MHz
f _{TRIM(256MHz)}	TDHMx = 1, TDHREGEN = 0, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHxCTL1 = TDHxCTL1_256	T _A = 25°C, V _{CC} = 2.2 V	250	256	262	MHz

5.47 Timer_D, Frequency Multiplication Mode

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
External frequency tolerance				0%		
E _(TDHREGEN = 1,64)	f _{reference} = 8 MHz, TDHMx = 0, TDHREGEN = 1, TDHCLKCR = 0, TDHCLKRx = 0	T _A = 25°C, V _{CC} = 1.8 V	–1%		+1%	
E _(TDHREGEN = 1,128)	f _{reference} = 16 MHz, TDHMx = 0, TDHREGEN = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0	T _A = 25°C, V _{CC} = 2.0 V	–1%		+1%	
E _(TDHREGEN = 1,200)	f _{reference} = 25 MHz, TDHMx = 0, TDHREGEN = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0	T _A = 25°C, V _{CC} = 2.4 V	–1%		+1%	
E _(TDHREGEN = 1,256)	f _{reference} = 16 MHz, TDHMx = 1, TDHREGEN = 1, TDHCLKCR = 1, TDHCLKRx = 0	T _A = 25°C, V _{CC} = 2.2 V	–1%		+1%	

5.48 Timer_D, Input Capture and Output Compare Timing

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{TD,cap}$	Timer_D input capture timing, minimum pulse duration to trigger input capture event	$f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$		4		ns
$t_{TD0,cap,matching}$	Timer0_D input capture timing, matching between input capture channels P1.6 to P1.7 and P2.0	$f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$		1	2	LSB
	Timer0_D input capture timing, matching between input capture channels. P2.4 to P2.5 and P2.6	$f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$		3	4	
$t_{TD1,cap,matching}$	Timer1_D input capture timing, matching between input capture channels P2.1 to P2.2 and P2.3	$f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$		2	3	LSB
	Timer1_D input capture timing, matching between input capture channels. P2.7 to P3.0 and P3.1	$f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$		2	4	
$t_{TD01,cap,matching}$	Timer0_D and Timer1_D input capture timing, matching between input capture channels. Timer0_D is the high-resolution clock generator source.	$f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$		4	8	LSB
$t_{TD0,comp,matching}$	Timer0_D output compare timing, matching between output capture compare channels for pins P1.6, P1.7, and P2.0	Rising edges, $f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$			4	ns
		Falling edges, $f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$			4	
		Rising and falling edges, $f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$			8	
$t_{TD1,comp,matching}$	Timer1_D output compare timing, matching between output capture compare channels for pins P2.1, P2.2, and P2.3	Rising edges, $f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$			4	ns
		Falling edges, $f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$			4	
		Rising and falling edges, $f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$			8	
$t_{TD01,comp,matching}$	Timer0_D and Timer1_D output compare timing, matching between output compare channels. Timer0_D is the high-resolution clock generator source	All edges, $f_{MAX} = 262 \text{ MHz}$			8	LSB

5.49 Flash Memory

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		T _J	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DV _{CC(PGM/ERASE)}	Program and erase supply voltage		1.8		3.6	V
I _{PGM}	Supply current from DVCC during program			3	5	mA
I _{ERASE}	Supply current from DVCC during erase			2	6.5	mA
I _{MERASE} , I _{BANK}	Supply current from DVCC during mass erase or bank erase			2	6.5	mA
t _{CPT}	Cumulative program time ⁽¹⁾				16	ms
	Program and erase endurance		10 ⁴	10 ⁵		cycles
t _{Retention}	Data retention duration	25°C	100			years
t _{Word}	Word or byte program time ⁽²⁾		64		85	μs
t _{Block, 0}	Block program time for first byte or word ⁽²⁾		49		65	μs
t _{Block, 1–(N–1)}	Block program time for each additional byte or word, except for last byte or word ⁽²⁾		37		49	μs
t _{Block, N}	Block program time for last byte or word ⁽²⁾		55		73	μs
t _{Mass Erase}	Mass erase time ⁽²⁾		23		32	ms
t _{Seg Erase}	Segment erase time ⁽²⁾		23		32	ms
f _{MCLK,MGR}	MCLK frequency in marginal read mode (FCLK4.MGR0 = 1 or FCTL4.MGR1 = 1)		0		1	MHz

- (1) The cumulative program time must not be exceeded when writing to a 128-byte flash block. This parameter applies to all programming methods: individual word or byte write and block write modes.
- (2) These values are hardwired into the state machine of the flash controller.

5.50 JTAG and Spy-Bi-Wire Interface

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{SBW}	Spy-Bi-Wire input frequency	2.2 V, 3 V	0		20	MHz
t _{SBW,Low}	Spy-Bi-Wire low clock pulse duration	2.2 V, 3 V	0.025		15	μs
t _{SBW,En}	Spy-Bi-Wire enable time (TEST high to acceptance of first clock edge) ⁽¹⁾	2.2 V, 3 V			1	μs
t _{SBW,Rst}	Spy-Bi-Wire return to normal operation time		15		100	μs
f _{TCK}	TCK input frequency, 4-wire JTAG ⁽²⁾	2.2 V	0		5	MHz
		3 V	0		10	
R _{internal}	Internal pulldown resistance on TEST	2.2 V, 3 V	45	60	80	kΩ

- (1) Tools that access the Spy-Bi-Wire interface must wait for the minimum t_{SBW,En} time after pulling the TEST/SBWTCK pin high before applying the first SBWTCK clock edge.
- (2) f_{TCK} may be restricted to meet the timing requirements of the module selected.

6 Detailed Description

6.1 CPU

The MSP430 CPU has a 16-bit RISC architecture that is highly transparent to the application. All operations, other than program-flow instructions, are performed as register operations in conjunction with seven addressing modes for source operand and four addressing modes for destination operand.

The CPU is integrated with 16 registers that provide reduced instruction execution time. The register-to-register operation execution time is one cycle of the CPU clock.

Four of the registers, R0 to R3, are dedicated as program counter, stack pointer, status register, and constant generator, respectively. The remaining registers are general-purpose registers (see [Figure 6-1](#)).

Peripherals are connected to the CPU using data, address, and control buses. Peripherals can be managed with all instructions.

Program Counter	PC/R0
Stack Pointer	SP/R1
Status Register	SR/CG1/R2
Constant Generator	CG2/R3
General-Purpose Register	R4
General-Purpose Register	R5
General-Purpose Register	R6
General-Purpose Register	R7
General-Purpose Register	R8
General-Purpose Register	R9
General-Purpose Register	R10
General-Purpose Register	R11
General-Purpose Register	R12
General-Purpose Register	R13
General-Purpose Register	R14
General-Purpose Register	R15

Figure 6-1. Integrated CPU Registers

6.2 Instruction Set

The instruction set consists of the original 51 instructions with three formats and seven address modes and additional instructions for the expanded address range. Each instruction can operate on word and byte data. [Table 6-1](#) lists examples of the three types of instruction formats; [Table 6-2](#) lists the address modes.

Table 6-1. Instruction Word Formats

FORMAT	EXAMPLE	OPERATION
Dual operands, source-destination	ADD R4,R5	$R4 + R5 \rightarrow R5$
Single operands, destination only	CALL R8	$PC \rightarrow (TOS), R8 \rightarrow PC$
Relative jump, un/conditional	JNE	Jump-on-equal bit = 0

Table 6-2. Address Mode Descriptions

ADDRESS MODE	S ⁽¹⁾	D ⁽¹⁾	SYNTAX	EXAMPLE	OPERATION
Register	+	+	MOV Rs,Rd	MOV R10,R11	$R10 \rightarrow R11$
Indexed	+	+	MOV X(Rn),Y(Rm)	MOV 2(R5),6(R6)	$M(2+R5) \rightarrow M(6+R6)$
Symbolic (PC relative)	+	+	MOV EDE,TONI		$M(EDE) \rightarrow M(TONI)$
Absolute	+	+	MOV & MEM, & TCDAT		$M(MEM) \rightarrow M(TCDAT)$
Indirect	+		MOV @Rn,Y(Rm)	MOV @R10,Tab(R6)	$M(R10) \rightarrow M(Tab+R6)$
Indirect autoincrement	+		MOV @Rn+,Rm	MOV @R10+,R11	$M(R10) \rightarrow R11$ $R10 + 2 \rightarrow R10$
Immediate	+		MOV #X,TONI	MOV #45,TONI	$\#45 \rightarrow M(TONI)$

(1) S = source, D = destination

6.3 Operating Modes

The MSP430 has one active mode and six software-selectable low-power modes of operation. An interrupt event can wake up the device from any of the five low-power modes, service the request, and restore back to the low-power mode on return from the interrupt program.

Software can configure the following operating modes:

- Active mode (AM)
 - All clocks are active
- Low-power mode 0 (LPM0)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK and SMCLK remain active
 - MCLK is disabled
 - FLL loop control remains active
- Low-power mode 1 (LPM1)
 - CPU is disabled
 - FLL loop control is disabled
 - ACLK and SMCLK remain active
 - MCLK is disabled
- Low-power mode 2 (LPM2)
 - CPU is disabled
 - MCLK, FLL loop control, and DCOCLK are disabled
 - DC generator of the DCO remains enabled
 - ACLK remains active
- Low-power mode 3 (LPM3)
 - CPU is disabled
 - MCLK, FLL loop control, and DCOCLK are disabled
 - DC generator of the DCO is disabled
 - ACLK remains active
- Low-power mode 4 (LPM4)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK is disabled
 - MCLK, FLL loop control, and DCOCLK are disabled
 - DC generator of the DCO is disabled
 - Crystal oscillator is stopped
 - Complete data retention
- Low-power mode 5 (LPM4.5)
 - Internal regulator disabled
 - No data retention
 - Wake-up input from $\overline{\text{RST/NMI}}$, P1, and P2

6.4 Interrupt Vector Addresses

The interrupt vectors and the power-up start address are in the address range 0FFFFh to 0FF80h (see [Table 6-3](#)). The vector contains the 16-bit address of the appropriate interrupt-handler instruction sequence.

Table 6-3. Interrupt Sources, Flags, and Vectors

INTERRUPT SOURCE	INTERRUPT FLAG	SYSTEM INTERRUPT	WORD ADDRESS	PRIORITY
System Reset Power up External reset Watchdog time-out, key violation Flash memory key violation	WDTIFG, KEYV (SYSRSTIV) ^{(1) (2)}	Reset	0FFFEh	63, highest
System NMI PMM Vacant memory access JTAG mailbox	SVMLIFG, SVMHIFG, DLYLIFG, DLYHIFG, VLRIFG, VLRHIFG, VMAIFG, JMBNIFG, JMBOUTIFG (SYSSNIV) ⁽¹⁾	(Non)maskable	0FFFCh	62
User NMI NMI Oscillator fault Flash memory access violation	NMIIFG, OFIFG, ACCVIFG (SYSUNIV) ^{(1) (2)}	(Non)maskable	0FFFAh	61
Comp_B	CBIIFG, CBIFG (CBIV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFF8h	60
TEC0	TEC0FLTIFG, TEC0EXCLRIFG, TEC0AXCLRIFG ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFF6h	59
TD0	TD0CCR0 CCIFG0 ⁽³⁾	Maskable	0FFF4h	58
TD0	TD0CCR1 CCIFG1, ... TD0CCR2 CCIFG2, TD0IFG, TD0HFLIFG, TD0HFHIFG, TD0HLKIFG, TD0HUNLKIFG (TD0IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFF2h	57
Watchdog Timer_A interval timer mode	WDTIFG	Maskable	0FFF0h	56
USCI_A0 receive or transmit	UCA0RXIFG, UCA0TXIFG (UCA0IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFEEh	55
USCI_B0 receive or transmit	UCB0RXIFG, UCB0TXIFG, I ² C Status Interrupt Flags (UCB0IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFECCh	54
ADC10_A (MSP430F51x2 only)	ADC10IFG0, ADC10INIFG, ADC10LOIFG, ADC10HIIFG, ADC10TOVIFG, ADC10OVIFG (ADC10IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFEAh	53
TA0	TA0CCR0 CCIFG0 ⁽³⁾	Maskable	0FFE8h	52
TA0	TA0CCR1 CCIFG1 ... TA0CCR2 CCIFG2, TA0IFG (TA0IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFE6h	51
DMA	DMA0IFG, DMA1IFG, DMA2IFG (DMAIV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFE4h	50
TEC1	TEC1FLTIFG, TEC1EXCLRIFG, TEC1AXCLRIFG ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFE2h	49
TD1	TD1CCR0 CCIFG0 ⁽³⁾	Maskable	0FFE0h	48
TD1	TD1CCR1 CCIFG1 ... TD1CCR2 CCIFG2, TD1IFG, TD1HFLIFG, TD1HFHIFG, TD1HLKIFG, TD1HUNLKIFG (TD1IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFDEh	47
I/O port P1	P1IFG.0 to P1IFG.7 (P1IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFDCh	46
I/O port P2	P2IFG.0 to P2IFG.7 (P2IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFDAh	45
Reserved	Reserved ⁽⁴⁾		0FFD8h	44
			⋮	⋮
			0FF80h	0, lowest

(1) Multiple source flags

(2) A reset is generated if the CPU tries to fetch instructions from within peripheral space or vacant memory space.

(Non)maskable: the individual interrupt enable bit can disable an interrupt event, but the general interrupt enable bit cannot disable it.

(3) Interrupt flags are in the module.

(4) Reserved interrupt vectors at addresses are not used in this device and can be used for regular program code if necessary. To maintain compatibility with other devices, TI recommends reserving these locations.

6.5 Memory Organization

Table 6-4 summarizes the memory map of all devices.

Table 6-4. Memory Organization

		MSP430F5132, MSP430F5131	MSP430F5152, MSP430F5151	MSP430F5172, MSP430F5171
Memory Main: interrupt vector Main: code memory	Size	8KB	16KB	32KB
	Flash	00FFFFh–00FF80h 00FFFFh–00E000h	00FFFFh–00FF80h 00FFFFh–00C000h	00FFFFh–00FF80h 00FFFFh–008000h
RAM	Size	1KB	2KB	2KB
	Sector 0	001FFFh–001C00h	0023FFh–001C00h	0023FFh–001C00h
Information memory (Flash)	Size	512 Byte	512 Byte	512 Byte
	Info A	128B 0019FFh–001980h	128B 0019FFh–001980h	128B 0019FFh–001980h
	Info B	128B 00197Fh–001900h	128B 00197Fh–001900h	128B 00197Fh–001900h
	Info C	128B 0018FFh–001880h	128B 0018FFh–001880h	128B 0018FFh–001880h
	Info D	128B 00187Fh–001800h	128B 00187Fh–001800h	128B 00187Fh–001800h
Bootloader (BSL) memory	Size	2K	2KB	2KB
	BSL 3	512B 0017FFh–001600h	512B 0017FFh–001600h	512B 0017FFh–001600h
	BSL 2	512B 0015FFh–001400h	512B 0015FFh–001400h	512B 0015FFh–001400h
	BSL 1	512B 0013FFh–001200h	512B 0013FFh–001200h	512B 0013FFh–001200h
	BSL 0	512B 0011FFh–001000h	512B 0011FFh–001000h	512B 0011FFh–001000h
Peripherals	Size Flash	4KB 000FFFh–000000h	4KB 000FFFh–000000h	4KB 000FFFh–000000h

6.6 Bootloader (BSL)

The BSL lets users program the flash memory or RAM using a UART serial interface. Access to the device memory by the BSL is protected by user-defined password. A bootloader security key is provided to disable the BSL completely or to disable the erasure of the flash if an invalid password is supplied. For complete description of the features of the BSL and its implementation, see [MSP430 Programming With the Bootloader \(BSL\)](#). Table 6-5 lists the pins required for BSL access.

Table 6-5. BSL Functions

BSL FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION		
	40-PIN QFN RSB PACKAGE	38-PIN TSSOP DA PACKAGE	40-PIN DSBGA YFF PACKAGE
$\overline{\text{RST}}/\text{NMI}/\text{SBWTDIO}$	Entry sequence signal	Entry sequence signal	Entry sequence signal
TEST/SBWTK	Entry sequence signal	Entry sequence signal	Entry sequence signal
Data transmit	P3.7 - 36	P3.5 - 37	P3.7 - B4
Data receive	P3.6 - 35	P3.6 - 38	P3.6 - A4
VCC	Power supply	Power supply	Power supply
VSS	Ground supply	Ground supply	Ground supply

6.7 Flash Memory

The flash memory can be programmed through the JTAG port, Spy-Bi-Wire (SBW), the BSL, or in system by the CPU. The CPU can perform single-byte, single-word, and long-word writes to the flash memory. Features of the flash memory include:

- Flash memory has n segments of main memory and four segments of information memory (A to D) of 128 bytes each. Each segment in main memory is 512 bytes in size.
- Segments 0 to n may be erased in one step, or each segment may be individually erased.
- Segments A to D can be erased individually, or as a group with segments 0 to n. Segments A to D are also called *information memory*.
- Segment A can be locked separately.

6.8 RAM

The RAM is made up of n sectors. Each sector can be completely powered down to save leakage; however, all data is lost. Features of the RAM include:

- RAM has n sectors. The size of a sector can be found in [Section 6.5](#).
- Each sector 0 to n can be complete disabled; however, data retention is lost.
- Each sector 0 to n automatically enters low-power retention mode when possible.

6.9 Peripherals

Peripherals are connected to the CPU through data, address, and control buses. The peripherals can be managed using all instructions. For complete module descriptions, see the [MSP430x5xx and MSP430x6xx Family User's Guide](#).

6.9.1 Digital I/O

Up to three 8-bit I/O ports are implemented. Port PJ contains seven individual I/O pins, common to all devices.

- All individual I/O bits are independently programmable.
- Any combination of input, output, and interrupt conditions is possible.
- Programmable pullup or pulldown on all ports.
- Programmable drive strength on all ports.
- All 8 bits of ports P1 and P2 support edge-selectable interrupt input.
- Read and write access to port-control registers is supported by all instructions.
- Ports can be accessed byte-wise. P1 and P2 can also be accessed word-wise (PA).
- The input and output voltage levels of the pins supplied by DV_{IO} (see [Table 4-1](#)) are defined by the voltage supplied by DV_{IO} (up to 5 V).

6.9.2 Port Mapping Controller

The port mapping controller allows the flexible and reconfigurable mapping of digital functions to Port P1, Port P2, and Port P3 (see [Table 6-6](#)).

Table 6-6. Port Mapping Mnemonics and Functions

VALUE	PxMAPy MNEMONIC	INPUT PIN FUNCTION	OUTPUT PIN FUNCTION
0	PM_NONE	None	DVSS
1	PM_UCA0CLK	USCI_A0 clock input/output (direction controlled by USCI)	
	PM_UCB0STE	USCI_B0 SPI slave transmit enable (direction controlled by USCI)	
2	PM_UCA0TXD	USCI_A0 UART TXD (Direction controlled by USCI – output)	
	PM_UCA0SIMO	USCI_A0 SPI slave in master out (direction controlled by USCI)	
3	PM_UCB0SOMI	USCI_B0 SPI slave out master in (direction controlled by USCI)	
	PM_UCB0SCL	USCI_B0 I ² C clock (open drain and direction controlled by USCI)	
4	PM_UCA0RXD	USCI_A0 UART RXD (Direction controlled by USCI – input)	
	PM_UCA0SOMI	USCI_A0 SPI slave out master in (direction controlled by USCI)	
5	PM_UCB0SIMO	USCI_B0 SPI slave in master out (direction controlled by USCI)	
	PM_UCB0SDA	USCI_B0 I ² C data (open drain and direction controlled by USCI)	
6	PM_UCB0CLK	USCI_B0 clock input/output (direction controlled by USCI)	
	PM_UCA0STE	USCI_A0 SPI slave transmit enable (direction controlled by USCI)	
7	PM_TD0.0	TD0 input capture channel 0	TD0 output compare channel 0
8	PM_TD0.1	TD0 input capture channel 1	TD0 output compare channel 1
9	PM_TD0.2	TD0 input capture channel 2	TD0 output compare channel 2
10	PM_TD1.0	TD1 input capture channel 0	TD1 output compare channel 0
11	PM_TD1.1	TD1 input capture channel 1	TD1 output compare channel 1
12	PM_TD1.2	TD1 input capture channel 2	TD1 output compare channel 2
13	PM_CLR1TD0.0	TD0 external clear input	TD0 output compare channel 0
	PM_FLT1_2TD0.0	TD0 fault input channel 2	
14	PM_FLT1_0TD0.1	TD0 fault input channel 0	TD0 output compare channel 1
15	PM_FLT1_1TD0.2	TD0 fault input channel 1	TD0 output compare channel 2
16	PM_CLR2TD1.0	TD1 external clear input (controlled by module input enable)	TD1 output compare channel 0
	PM_FLT2_1TD1.0	TD1 fault input channel 1 (controlled by module input enable)	
17	PM_FLT2_2TD1.1	TD1 fault input channel 2	TD1 output compare channel 1
18	PM_FLT2_0TD1.2	TD1 fault input channel 0	TD1 output compare channel 2
19	PM_TD0.0SMCLK	TD0 input capture channel 0	SMCLK output
20	PM_TA0CLKCBOUT	TA0 input clock	Comparator_B output
21	PM_TD0CLKMCLK	TD0 input clock	MCLK output
22	PM_TA0_0	TA0 input capture channel 0	TA0 output compare channel 0
23	PM_TA0_1	TA0 input capture channel 1	TA0 output compare channel 1
24	PM_TA0_2	TA0 input capture channel 2	TA0 output compare channel 2
25	PM_DMAE0SMCLK	DMAE0 input	SMCLK output
26	PM_DMAE1MCLK	DMAE1 input	MCLK output
27	PM_DMAE2SVM	DMAE2 input	SVM output
28	PM_TD0OUTH	TD0 3-state input	ADC10CLK
29	PM_TD1OUTH	TD1 3-state input	ACLK
30	Reserved	None	DVSS
31 (0FFh) ⁽¹⁾	PM_ANALOG	Disables the output driver and the input Schmitt-trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals.	

(1) The value of the PM_ANALOG mnemonic is set to 0FFh. The port mapping registers are only 5 bits wide, and the upper bits are ignored, which results in a read out value of 31.

Table 6-7 lists the default assignments for all pins that support port mapping.

Table 6-7. Default Mapping

PIN	PxMAPy MNEMONIC	INPUT PIN FUNCTION	OUTPUT PIN FUNCTION
P1.0/PM_UCA0CLK/ PM_UCB0STE/A0/CB0	PM_UCA0CLK PM_UCB0STE	USCI_A0 clock input/output (direction controlled by USCI)	USCI_B0 SPI slave transmit enable (direction controlled by USCI)
P1.1/PM_UCA0TXD/ PM_UCA0SIMO/A1/CB1	PM_UCA0TXD PM_UCA0SIMO	USCI_A0 UART TXD (Direction controlled by USCI – output)	USCI_A0 SPI slave in master out (direction controlled by USCI)
P1.2/PM_UCA0RXD/ PM_UCA0SOMI/A2/CB2	PM_UCA0RXD PM_UCA0SOMI	USCI_A0 UART RXD (Direction controlled by USCI – input)	USCI_A0 SPI slave out master in (direction controlled by USCI)
P1.3/PM_UCB0CLK/ PM_UCA0STE/A3/CB3	PM_UCB0CLK PM_UCA0STE	USCI_B0 clock input/output (direction controlled by USCI)	USCI_A0 SPI slave transmit enable (direction controlled by USCI)
P1.4/PM_UCB0SIMO/ PM_UCB0SDA/A4/CB4	PM_UCB0SIMO PM_UCB0SDA	USCI_B0 SPI slave in master out (direction controlled by USCI)	USCI_B0 I ² C data (open drain and direction controlled by USCI)
P1.5/PM_UCB0SOMI/ PM_UCB0SCL/A5/CB5	PM_UCB0SOMI PM_UCB0SCL	USCI_B0 SPI slave out master in (direction controlled by USCI)	USCI_B0 I ² C clock (open drain and direction controlled by USCI)
P1.6/PM_TD0.0	PM_TD0.0	TD0 input capture channel 0	TD0 output compare channel 0
P1.7/PM_TD0.1	PM_TD0.1	TD0 input capture channel 1	TD0 output compare channel 1
P2.0/PM_TD0.2	PM_TD0.2	TD0 input capture channel 2	TD0 output compare channel 2
P2.1/PM_TD1.0	PM_TD1.0	TD1 input capture channel 0	TD1 output compare channel 0
P2.2/PM_TD1.1	PM_TD1.1	TD1 input capture channel 1	TD1 output compare channel 1
P2.3/PM_TD1.2	PM_TD1.2	TD1 input capture channel 2	TD1 output compare channel 2
P2.4/PM_TEC0CLR/ PM_TEC0FLT2/PM_TD0.0	PM_CLR1TD0.0 PM_FLT1_2TD0.0	TD0 external clear input (controlled by module input enable) TD0 fault input channel 2 (controlled by module input enable)	TD0 output compare channel 0
P2.5/PM_TEC0FLT0/PM_TD0.1	PM_FLT1_0TD0.1	TD0 fault input channel 0	TD0 output compare channel 1
P2.6/PM_TEC0FLT1/PM_TD0.2	PM_FLT1_1TD0.2	TD0 fault input channel 1	TD0 output compare channel 2
P2.7/PM_TEC1CLR/ PM_TEC1FLT1/PM_TD1.0	PM_CLR2TD1.0 PM_FLT2_1TD1.0	TD1 external clear input (controlled by module input enable) TD1 fault input channel 1 (controlled by module input enable)	TD1 output compare channel 0
P3.0/PM_TEC1FLT2/ PM_TD1.1	PM_FLT2_2TD1.1	TD1 fault input channel 2	TD1 output compare channel 1
P3.1/PM_TEC1FLT0/ PM_TD1.2	PM_FLT2_0TD1.2	TD1 fault input channel 0	TD1 output compare channel 2
P3.2/PM_TD0.0/ PM_SMCLK/CB14	PM_TD0.0SMCLK	TD0 input capture channel 0	SMCLK output
P3.3/PM_TA0CLK/ PM_CBOUT/CB13	PM_TA0CLKCBOUT	TA0 input clock	Comparator_B output
P3.4/PM_TD0CLK/ PM_MCLK	PM_TD0CLKMCLK	TD0 input clock	MCLK output
P3.5/PM_TA0.2/ VEREF+/CB12	PM_TA3_2	TA0 input capture channel 0	TA0 output compare channel 0
P3.6/PM_TA0.1/A7 VEREF-/CB11	PM_TA3_1	TA0 input capture channel 1	TA0 output compare channel 1
P3.7/PM_TA0.0/ A6/CB10	PM_TA3_0	TA0 input capture channel 2	TA0 output compare channel 2

6.9.3 Oscillator and System Clock

The clock system (Unified Clock System [UCS]) module includes support for a 32-kHz watch crystal oscillator and high-frequency crystal oscillator, an internal very-low-power low-frequency oscillator (VLO), an internal trimmed low-frequency oscillator (REFO), and an integrated internal digitally controlled oscillator (DCO). The UCS module is designed to meet the requirements of both low system cost and low power consumption. The UCS module features digital frequency locked loop (FLL) hardware that, in conjunction with a digital modulator, stabilizes the DCO frequency to a programmable multiple of the watch crystal frequency. The internal DCO provides a fast turnon clock source and stabilizes in less than 5 μ s. The UCS module provides the following clock signals:

- Auxiliary clock (ACLK), sourced from a 32-kHz watch crystal or high-frequency crystal (XT1), the internal low-frequency oscillator (VLO), the trimmed low-frequency oscillator (REFO), or the internal digitally-controlled oscillator DCO.
- Main clock (MCLK), the system clock used by the CPU. MCLK can be sourced by same sources available to ACLK.
- Sub-Main clock (SMCLK), the subsystem clock used by the peripheral modules. SMCLK can be sourced by same sources available to ACLK.
- ACLK/n, the buffered output of ACLK, ACLK/2, ACLK/4, ACLK/8, ACLK/16, ACLK/32.

6.9.4 Power-Management Module (PMM)

The PMM includes an integrated voltage regulator that supplies the core voltage to the device and contains programmable output levels to provide for power optimization. The PMM also includes supply voltage supervisor (SVS) and supply voltage monitoring (SVM) circuitry, and brownout protection. The brownout circuit provides the proper internal reset signal to the device during power on and power off. The SVS and SVM circuitry detects if the supply voltage drops below a user-selectable level and supports both supply voltage supervision (the device is automatically reset) and supply voltage monitoring (the device is not automatically reset). SVS and SVM circuitry is available on the primary supply and core supply.

6.9.5 Hardware Multiplier

The multiplication operation is supported by a dedicated peripheral module. The module performs operations with 32-, 24-, 16-, and 8-bit operands. The module supports signed and unsigned multiplication as well as signed and unsigned multiply and accumulate operations.

6.9.6 Watchdog Timer (WDT_A)

The primary function of the watchdog timer (WDT_A) module is to perform a controlled system restart after a software problem occurs. If the selected time interval expires, a system reset is generated. If the watchdog function is not needed in an application, the module can be configured as an interval timer and can generate interrupts at selected time intervals.

6.9.7 System Module (SYS)

The SYS module handles many of the system functions within the device. These include power-on reset and power-up clear handling, NMI source selection and management, reset interrupt vector generators, bootloader entry mechanisms, and configuration management (device descriptors) (see [Table 6-8](#)). It also includes a data exchange mechanism using JTAG that is called a JTAG mailbox and that can be used in the application.

Table 6-8. System Module Interrupt Vector Registers

INTERRUPT VECTOR REGISTER	INTERRUPT EVENT	WORD ADDRESS	OFFSET	PRIORITY
SYSRSTIV, System Reset	No interrupt pending	019Eh	00h	Highest
	Brownout (BOR)		02h	
	RST/NMI (POR)		04h	
	PMMSWBOR (BOR)		06h	
	LPM5 wake-up (BOR)		08h	
	Security violation (BOR)		0Ah	
	SVSL (POR)		0Ch	
	SVSH (POR)		0Eh	
	SVML_OVP (POR)		10h	
	SVMH_OVP (POR)		12h	
	PMMSWPOR (POR)		14h	
	WDT time-out (PUC)		16h	
	WDT key violation (PUC)		18h	
	KEYV flash key violation (PUC)		1Ah	
	Reserved		1Ch	
	Peripheral area fetch (PUC)		1Eh	
	PMM key violation (PUC)		20h	
	Reserved		22h to 3Eh	Lowest
SYSSNIV, System NMI	No interrupt pending	019Ch	00h	Highest
	SVMLIFG		02h	
	SVMHIFG		04h	
	DLYLIFG		06h	
	DLYHIFG		08h	
	VMAIFG		0Ah	
	JMBINIFG		0Ch	
	JMBOUTIFG		0Eh	
	VLRIFG		10h	
	VLRHIFG		12h	
	Reserved		14h to 1Eh	Lowest
SYSUNIV, User NMI	No interrupt pending	019Ah	00h	Highest
	NMIIFG		02h	
	OFIFG		04h	
	ACCVIFG		06h	
	Reserved		08h to 1Eh	Lowest

6.9.8 DMA Controller

The DMA controller allows movement of data from one memory address to another without CPU intervention. For example, the DMA controller can be used to move data from the ADC10_A conversion memory to RAM. Using the DMA controller can increase the throughput of peripheral modules. The DMA controller reduces system power consumption by allowing the CPU to remain in sleep mode, without having to wake to move data to or from a peripheral. [Table 6-9](#) lists the triggers that can be assigned to start a DMA transfer.

Table 6-9. DMA Trigger Assignments⁽¹⁾

TRIGGER	CHANNEL		
	0	1	2
0	DMAREQ	DMAREQ	DMAREQ
1	TA0CCR0 CCIFG	TA0CCR0 CCIFG	TA0CCR0 CCIFG
2	TA0CCR2 CCIFG	TA0CCR2 CCIFG	TA0CCR2 CCIFG
3	TD0CCR0 CCIFG	TD0CCR0 CCIFG	TD0CCR0 CCIFG
4	TD0CCR2 CCIFG	TD0CCR2 CCIFG	TD0CCR2 CCIFG
5	TD1CCR0 CCIFG	TD1CCR0 CCIFG	TD1CCR0 CCIFG
6	TD1CCR2 CCIFG	TD1CCR2 CCIFG	TD1CCR2 CCIFG
7	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
8	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
9	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
10	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
11	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
12	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
13	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
14	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
15	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
16	UCA0RXIFG	UCA0RXIFG	UCA0RXIFG
17	UCA0TXIFG	UCA0TXIFG	UCA0TXIFG
18	UCB0RXIFG	UCB0RXIFG	UCB0RXIFG
19	UCB0TXIFG	UCB0TXIFG	UCB0TXIFG
20	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
21	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
22	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
23	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
24	ADC10IFG0	ADC10IFG0	ADC10IFG0
25	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
26	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
27	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
28	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
29	MPY ready	MPY ready	MPY ready
30	DMA2IFG	DMA0IFG	DMA1IFG
31	DMAE0	DMAE0	DMAE0

(1) Reserved DMA triggers may be used by other devices in the family. Reserved DMA triggers do not cause any DMA trigger event when selected.

6.9.9 Universal Serial Communication Interface (USCI)

The USCI modules are used for serial data communication. The USCI module supports synchronous communication protocols such as SPI (3- or 4-pin) and I²C, and asynchronous communication protocols such as UART, enhanced UART with automatic baudrate detection, and IrDA. Each USCI module contains two modules, A and B.

The USCI_Ax module provides support for SPI (3- or 4-pin), UART, enhanced UART, or IrDA.

The USCI_Bx module provides support for SPI (3- or 4-pin) or I²C.

6.9.10 TA0

TA0 is a 16-bit timer/counter with three capture/compare registers. TA0 can support multiple capture/compares, PWM outputs, and interval timing (see [Table 6-10](#)). TA0 also has extensive interrupt capabilities. Interrupts may be generated from the counter on overflow conditions and from each of the capture/compare registers.

Table 6-10. TA0 Signal Connections

INPUT PIN NUMBER			DEVICE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE BLOCK	MODULE OUTPUT SIGNAL	DEVICE OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT PIN NUMBER		
RSB (40-PIN QFN)	DA (38-PIN TSSOP)	YFF (40-PIN DSBGA)						RSB (40-PIN QFN)	DA (38-PIN TSSOP)	YFF (40-PIN DSBGA)
P3.3 - 30	P3.3 - 34	P3.3 - G6	TA0CLK	TACLK	Timer	NA	NA	–	–	–
ACLK (internal)	ACLK	ACLK	ACLK	ACLK				–	–	–
SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK	SMCLK	SMCLK	SMCLK				–	–	–
P3.3 - 30	P3.3 - 34	P3.3 - G6	TA0CLK	<u>TACLK</u>				–	–	–
P3.7 - 36	–	P3.7 - G4	TA0.0	CCI0A	CCR0	TA0	TA0.0	P3.7 - 36	–	P3.7 - G4
–	–	–	CBOU	CCI0B				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				–	–	–
P3.6 - 35	–	P3.6 - G3	TA0.1	CCI1A	CCR1	TA1	TA0.1	P3.6 - 35	P3.6 - 38	P3.6 - G3
–	–	–	ACLK	CCI1B				ADC10_A ⁽¹⁾ (internal) ADC10SHS x = 001b	ADC10_A ⁽¹⁾ (internal) ADC10SHS x = 001b	ADC10_A ⁽¹⁾ (internal) ADC10SHS x = 001b
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				–	–	–
P3.5 - 34	P3.5 - 37	P3.5 - F3	TA0.2	CCI2A	CCR2	TA2	TA0.2	P3.5 - 34	P3.5 - 37	P3.5 - F3
–	–	–	V _{SS}	CCI2B				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				–	–	–

(1) The ADC10_A trigger is available on MSP430F51x2 devices.

6.9.11 TD0

TD0 is a 16-bit timer/counter with three capture/compare registers supporting up to 256-MHz (4-ns) resolution. TD0 can support multiple capture/compares, PWM outputs, and interval timing (see [Table 6-11](#)). TD0 also has extensive interrupt capabilities. Interrupts may be generated from the counter on overflow conditions and from each of the capture/compare registers. External fault inputs as well as a external timer counter clear is supported along with interrupt flags from the TEC0 module.

Table 6-11. TD0 Signal Connections

INPUT PIN NUMBER			DEVICE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE BLOCK	MODULE OUTPUT SIGNAL	DEVICE OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT PIN NUMBER		
RSB (40-PIN QFN)	DA (38-PIN TSSOP)	YFF (40-PIN DSBGA)						RSB (40-PIN QFN)	DA (38-PIN TSSOP)	YFF (40-PIN DSBGA)
P3.4 - 31	–	P3.4 - G5	TD0CLK	TDCLK	Timer	NA	NA	–	–	–
ACLK (internal)	ACLK (internal)	ACLK (internal)	ACLK	ACLK				–	–	–
SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK	SMCLK				–	–	–
P3.4 - 31	–	P3.4 - G5	TD0CLK	TDCLK				–	–	–
–	–	–	–	CLK0				–	–	–
P2.4 - 19	P2.4 - 23	P2.4 - B4	TEC0CLR	TECXCLR				–	–	–
P1.6 - 11 ⁽¹⁾	P1.6 - 15 ⁽¹⁾	P1.6 - A1 ⁽¹⁾	TD0.0	CCI0A	CCR0	TD0	TD0	P1.6 - 11 ⁽¹⁾	P1.6 - 15 ⁽¹⁾	P1.6 - A1 ⁽¹⁾
P3.2 - 29	P3.2 - 33	P3.2 - F5	TD0.0	CCI0B				P2.4 - 19	P2.4 - 23	P2.4 - B4
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				ADC10_A (internal) ADC10SHS x = 010b ⁽²⁾	ADC10_A (internal) ADC10SHS x = 010b ⁽²⁾	ADC10_A (internal) ADC10SHS x = 010b ⁽²⁾
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				–	–	–
P2.5 - 20	P2.5 - 24	P2.5 - A6	TEC0FLT0	TECXFLT0				–	–	–
P1.7 - 12 ⁽¹⁾	P1.7 - 16 ⁽¹⁾	P1.7 - B2 ⁽¹⁾	TD0.1	CCI1A	CCR1	TD1	TD1	P1.7 - 12 ⁽¹⁾	P1.7 - 16 ⁽¹⁾	P1.7 - B2 ⁽¹⁾
CBOU (internal)	CBOU (internal)	CBOU (internal)	TD0.1	CCI1B				PJ.6 - 28	PJ.6 - 32	PJ.6 - E5
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				P2.5 - 20	P2.5 - 24	P2.5 - A6
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				ADC10_A (internal) ADC10SHS x = 011b ⁽²⁾	ADC10_A (internal) ADC10SHS x = 011b ⁽²⁾	ADC10_A (internal) ADC10SHS x = 011b ⁽²⁾
P2.6 - 21	P2.6 - 20	P2.6 - B5	TEC0FLT1	TECXFLT1				–	–	–
P2.0 - 13 ⁽¹⁾	P2.0 - 17 ⁽¹⁾	P2.0 - B3 ⁽¹⁾	TD0.2	CCI2A	CCR2	TD2	TD2	P2.0 - 13 ⁽¹⁾	P2.0 - 17 ⁽¹⁾	P2.0 - B3 ⁽¹⁾
ACLK (internal)	ACLK (internal)	ACLK (internal)	TD0.2	CCI2B				P2.6 - 21	P2.6 - 25	P2.6 - B5
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				–	–	–
P2.4 - 19	P2.4 - 23	P2.4 - B4	TEC0FLT2	TECXFLT2				–	–	–

(1) Pins P1.6 for TD0.0, P1.7 for TD0.1, and P2.0 for TD0.2 are optimized for matching.

(2) The ADC10_A trigger is available on MSP430F51x2 devices.

6.9.12 TD1

TD1 is a 16-bit timer/counter with three capture/compare registers supporting up to 256-MHz (4-ns) resolution. TD1 can support multiple capture/compares, PWM outputs, and interval timing (see [Table 6-12](#)). TD1 also has extensive interrupt capabilities. Interrupts may be generated from the counter on overflow conditions and from each of the capture/compare registers. External fault inputs as well as a external timer counter clear is supported along with interrupt flags from the TEC0 module.

Table 6-12. TD1 Signal Connections

INPUT PIN NUMBER			DEVICE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE BLOCK	MODULE OUTPUT SIGNAL	DEVICE OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT PIN NUMBER		
RSB (40-PIN QFN)	DA (38-PIN TSSOP)	YFF (40-PIN DSBGA)						RSB (40-PIN QFN)	DA (38-PIN TSSOP)	YFF (40-PIN DSBGA)
PJ.6 - 28	PJ.6 - 32	PJ.6 - E5	TD1CLK	TDCLK	Timer	NA	NA	–	–	–
ACLK (internal)	ACLK (internal)	ACLK (internal)	ACLK	ACLK				–	–	–
SMCLK(inte rnal)	SMCLK	SMCLK	SMCLK	SMCLK				–	–	–
PJ.6 - 28	PJ.6 - 32	PJ.6 - E5	TD1CLK	TDCLK				–	–	–
–	–	–	from TD0 (internal)	CLK0				–	–	–
P2.7 - 22	P2.7 - 26	P2.7 - C5	TEC1CLR	TECxCLR				–	–	–
P2.1 - 14 ⁽¹⁾	P2.1 - 18 ⁽¹⁾	P2.1 - A2	TD1.0	CCI0A	CCR0	TD0	TD0	P2.1 - 14 ⁽¹⁾	P2.1 - 18 ⁽¹⁾	P2.1 - A2 ⁽¹⁾
–	–	–	TD1.0	CCI0B				P2.7 - 22	P2.7 - 26	P2.7 - C5
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				–	–	–
P3.1 - 24	P3.1 - 28	P3.1 - C6	TEC1FLT0	TECXFLT0				–	–	–
P2.2 - 15 ⁽¹⁾	P2.2 - 19 ⁽¹⁾	P2.2 - A3	TD1.1	CCI1A	CCR1	TD1	TD1	P2.2 - 15 ⁽¹⁾	P2.2 - 19 ⁽¹⁾	P2.2 - A3 ⁽¹⁾
CBOUT (internal)	CBOUT (internal)	CBOUT (internal)	TD1.1	CCI1B				P3.0 - 23	P3.0 - 27	P3.0 - B6
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				–	–	–
P2.7 - 22	P2.7 - 26	P2.7 - C5	TEC1FLT1	TECXFLT1				–	–	–
P2.3 - 16 ⁽¹⁾	P2.3 - 20 ⁽¹⁾	P2.3 - C4	TD1.2	CCI2A	CCR2	TD2	TD2	P2.3 - 16 ⁽¹⁾	P2.3 - 20 ⁽¹⁾	P2.3 - C4 ⁽¹⁾
ACLK (internal)	ACLK (internal)	ACLK (internal)	TD1.2	CCI2B				P3.1 - 24	P3.1 - 28	P3.1 - C6
–	–	–	V _{SS}	GND				–	–	–
–	–	–	V _{CC}	V _{CC}				–	–	–
P3.0 - 23	P3.0 - 27	P3.0 - B6	TEC1FLT2	TECXFLT2				–	–	–

(1) Pins P2.1 for TD1.0, P2.2 for TD1.1, and P2.3 for TD1.2 are optimized for matching.

6.9.13 Comparator_B

The primary function of the Comparator_B module is to support precision slope analog-to-digital conversions, battery voltage supervision, and monitoring of external analog signals.

6.9.14 ADC10_A (MSP430F51x2 Only)

The ADC10_A module supports fast 10-bit analog-to-digital conversions. The module implements a 10-bit SAR core, sample select control, reference generator, and a conversion result buffer. A window comparator with lower and upper limits allows CPU-independent result monitoring with three window comparator interrupt flags.

6.9.15 CRC16

The CRC16 module produces a signature based on a sequence of entered data values and can be used for data checking purposes. The CRC16 module signature is based on the CRC-CCITT standard.

6.9.16 Reference (REF) Module Voltage Reference

The REF is responsible for generation of all critical reference voltages that can be used by the various analog peripherals in the device.

6.9.17 Embedded Emulation Module (EEM) (S Version)

The EEM supports real-time in-system debugging. The S version of the EEM has the following features:

- Three hardware triggers or breakpoints on memory access
- One hardware trigger or breakpoint on CPU register write access
- Up to four hardware triggers can be combined to form complex triggers or breakpoints
- One cycle counter
- Clock control on module level

6.9.18 Peripheral File Map

Table 6-13 lists the base address and offset range for the registers of all peripherals.

Table 6-13. Peripherals

MODULE NAME	BASE ADDRESS	OFFSET ADDRESS RANGE
Special Functions (see Table 6-14)	0100h	000h–01Fh
PMM (see Table 6-15)	0120h	000h–010h
Flash Control (see Table 6-16)	0140h	000h–00Fh
CRC16 (see Table 6-17)	0150h	000h–007h
RAM Control (see Table 6-18)	0158h	000h–001h
Watchdog (see Table 6-19)	015Ch	000h–001h
UCS (see Table 6-20)	0160h	000h–01Fh
SYS (see Table 6-21)	0180h	000h–01Fh
Shared Reference (see Table 6-22)	01B0h	000h–001h
Port Mapping Control (see Table 6-23)	01C0h	000h–007h
Port Mapping Port P1 (see Table 6-24)	01C8h	000h–007h
Port Mapping Port P2 (see Table 6-25)	01D0h	000h–007h
Port Mapping Port P3 (see Table 6-26)	01D8h	000h–007h
Port P1, P2 (see Table 6-27)	0200h	000h–01Fh
Port P3 (see Table 6-28)	0220h	000h–01Fh
Port PJ (see Table 6-29)	0320h	000h–01Fh
TA0 (see Table 6-30)	03C0h	000h–03Fh
32-Bit Hardware Multiplier (see Table 6-31)	04C0h	000h–02Fh
DMA General Control (see Table 6-32)	0500h	000h–00Fh
DMA Channel 0 (see Table 6-33)	0500h	010h–00Ah
DMA Channel 1 (see Table 6-34)	0500h	020h–00Ah
DMA Channel 2 (see Table 6-35)	0500h	030h–00Ah
USCI_A0 (see Table 6-36)	05C0h	000h–01Fh
USCI_B0 (see Table 6-36)	05E0h	000h–01Fh
ADC10_A (see Table 6-38) (MSP430F51x2 only)	0740h	000h–01Fh
Comparator_B (see Table 6-39)	08C0h	000h–00Fh
TD0 (see Table 6-40)	0B00h	000h–03Fh
TEC0 (see Table 6-42)	0C00h	000h–007h
TD1 (see Table 6-41)	0B40h	000h–03Fh
TEC1 (see Table 6-43)	0C20h	000h–007h

Table 6-14. Special Function Registers (Base Address: 0100h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
SFR interrupt enable	SFRIE1	00h
SFR interrupt flag	SFRIFG1	02h
SFR reset pin control	SFRRPCR	04h

Table 6-15. PMM Registers (Base Address: 0120h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
PMM control 0	PMMCTL0	00h
PMM control 1	PMMCTL1	02h
SVS high-side control	SVSMHCTL	04h
SVS low-side control	SVSMLCTL	06h
PMM interrupt flags	PMMIFG	0Ch
PMM interrupt enable	PMMIE	0Eh
PMM power mode 5 control	PM5CTL0	10h

Table 6-16. Flash Control Registers (Base Address: 0140h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Flash control 1	FCTL1	00h
Flash control 3	FCTL3	04h
Flash control 4	FCTL4	06h

Table 6-17. CRC16 Registers (Base Address: 0150h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
CRC data input	CRC16DI	00h
CRC result	CRC16INRES	04h

Table 6-18. RAM Control Registers (Base Address: 0158h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
RAM control 0	RCCTL0	00h

Table 6-19. Watchdog Registers (Base Address: 015Ch)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Watchdog timer control	WDTCTL	00h

Table 6-20. UCS Registers (Base Address: 0160h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
UCS control 0	UCSCTL0	00h
UCS control 1	UCSCTL1	02h
UCS control 2	UCSCTL2	04h
UCS control 3	UCSCTL3	06h
UCS control 4	UCSCTL4	08h
UCS control 5	UCSCTL5	0Ah
UCS control 6	UCSCTL6	0Ch
UCS control 7	UCSCTL7	0Eh
UCS control 8	UCSCTL8	10h

Table 6-21. SYS Registers (Base Address: 0180h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
System control	SYSCTL	00h
Bootloader configuration area	SYSBSLC	02h
JTAG mailbox control	SYSJMBC	06h
JTAG mailbox input 0	SYSJMBI0	08h
JTAG mailbox input 1	SYSJMBI1	0Ah
JTAG mailbox output 0	SYSJMBO0	0Ch
JTAG mailbox output 1	SYSJMBO1	0Eh
Bus error vector generator	SYSBERRIV	18h
User NMI vector generator	SYSUNIV	1Ah
System NMI vector generator	SYSSNIV	1Ch
Reset vector generator	SYSRSTIV	1Eh

Table 6-22. Shared Reference Registers (Base Address: 01B0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Shared reference control	REFCTL	00h

Table 6-23. Port Mapping Control (Base Address: 01C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port mapping password	PMAPPWD	00h
Port mapping control	PMAPCTL	02h

Table 6-24. Port Mapping for Port P1 (Base Address: 01C8h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port P1.0 mapping	P1MAP0	00h
Port P1.1 mapping	P1MAP1	01h
Port P1.2 mapping	P1MAP2	02h
Port P1.3 mapping	P1MAP3	03h
Port P1.4 mapping	P1MAP4	04h
Port P1.5 mapping	P1MAP5	05h
Port P1.6 mapping	P1MAP6	06h
Port P1.7 mapping	P1MAP7	07h

Table 6-25. Port Mapping for Port P2 (Base Address: 01D0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port P2.0 mapping	P2MAP0	00h
Port P2.1 mapping	P2MAP2	01h
Port P2.2 mapping	P2MAP2	02h
Port P2.3 mapping	P2MAP3	03h
Port P2.4 mapping	P2MAP4	04h
Port P2.5 mapping	P2MAP5	05h
Port P2.6 mapping	P2MAP6	06h
Port P2.7 mapping	P2MAP7	07h

Table 6-26. Port Mapping for Port P3 (Base Address: 01D8h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port P3.0 mapping	P3MAP0	00h
Port P3.1 mapping	P3MAP1	01h
Port P3.2 mapping	P3MAP2	02h
Port P3.3 mapping	P3MAP3	03h
Port P3.4 mapping	P3MAP4	04h
Port P3.5 mapping	P3MAP5	05h
Port P3.6 mapping	P3MAP6	06h
Port P3.7 mapping	P3MAP7	07h

Table 6-27. Port Registers Port P1, P2 (Base Addresses: 0200h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port P1 input	P1IN	00h
Port P1 output	P1OUT	02h
Port P1 direction	P1DIR	04h
Port P1 resistor enable	P1REN	06h
Port P1 drive strength	P1DS	08h
Port P1 selection	P1SEL	0Ah
Port P1 interrupt vector word	P1IV	0Eh
Port P1 interrupt edge select	P1IES	18h
Port P1 interrupt enable	P1IE	1Ah
Port P1 interrupt flag	P1IFG	1Ch
Port P2 input	P2IN	01h
Port P2 output	P2OUT	03h
Port P2 direction	P2DIR	05h
Port P2 resistor enable	P2REN	07h
Port P2 drive strength	P2DS	09h
Port P2 selection	P2SEL	0Bh
Port P2 interrupt vector word	P2IV	1Eh
Port P2 interrupt edge select	P2IES	19h
Port P2 interrupt enable	P2IE	1Bh
Port P2 interrupt flag	P2IFG	1Dh

Table 6-28. Port Registers P3 (Base Addresses: 0220h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port P3 input	P3IN	00h
Port P3 output	P3OUT	02h
Port P3 direction	P3DIR	04h
Port P3 resistor enable	P3REN	06h
Port P3 drive strength	P3DS	08h
Port P3 selection	P3SEL	0Ah

Table 6-29. Port Registers PJ (Base Addresses: 0320h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port PJ input	PJIN	00h
Port PJ output	PJOUT	02h
Port PJ direction	PJDIR	04h
Port PJ resistor enable	PJREN	06h
Port PJ drive strength	PJDS	08h
Port PJ selection	PJSEL	0Ah

Table 6-30. TA0 Registers (Base Address: 03C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
TA0 control	TA0CTL	00h
Capture/compare control 0	TA0CCTL0	02h
Capture/compare control 1	TA0CCTL1	04h
Capture/compare control 2	TA0CCTL2	06h
TA0 counter	TA0R	10h
Capture/compare 0	TA0CCR0	12h
Capture/compare 1	TA0CCR1	14h
Capture/compare 2	TA0CCR2	16h
TA0 expansion 0	TA0EX0	20h
TA0 interrupt vector	TA0IV	2Eh

Table 6-31. 32-Bit Hardware Multiplier Registers (Base Address: 04C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
16-bit operand 1 – multiply	MPY	00h
16-bit operand 1 – signed multiply	MPYS	02h
16-bit operand 1 – multiply accumulate	MAC	04h
16-bit operand 1 – signed multiply accumulate	MACS	06h
16-bit operand 2	OP2	08h
16 × 16 result low word	RESLO	0Ah
16 × 16 result high word	RESHI	0Ch
16 × 16 sum extension register	SUMEXT	0Eh
32-bit operand 1 – multiply low word	MPY32L	10h
32-bit operand 1 – multiply high word	MPY32H	12h
32-bit operand 1 – signed multiply low word	MPYS32L	14h
32-bit operand 1 – signed multiply high word	MPYS32H	16h
32-bit operand 1 – multiply accumulate low word	MAC32L	18h
32-bit operand 1 – multiply accumulate high word	MAC32H	1Ah
32-bit operand 1 – signed multiply accumulate low word	MACS32L	1Ch
32-bit operand 1 – signed multiply accumulate high word	MACS32H	1Eh
32-bit operand 2 – low word	OP2L	20h
32-bit operand 2 – high word	OP2H	22h
32 × 32 result 0 – least significant word	RES0	24h
32 × 32 result 1	RES1	26h
32 × 32 result 2	RES2	28h
32 × 32 result 3 – most significant word	RES3	2Ah
MPY32 control 0	MPY32CTL0	2Ch

Table 6-32. DMA General Control (Base Address: 0500h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
DMA module control 0	DMACTL0	00h
DMA module control 1	DMACTL1	02h
DMA module control 2	DMACTL2	04h
DMA module control 3	DMACTL3	06h
DMA module control 4	DMACTL4	08h
DMA interrupt vector	DMAIV	0Eh

Table 6-33. DMA Channel 0 (Base Address: 0510h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
DMA channel 0 control	DMA0CTL	00h
DMA channel 0 source address low	DMA0SAL	02h
DMA channel 0 source address high	DMA0SAH	04h
DMA channel 0 destination address low	DMA0DAL	06h
DMA channel 0 destination address high	DMA0DAH	08h
DMA channel 0 transfer size	DMA0SZ	0Ah

Table 6-34. DMA Channel 1 (Base Address: 0520h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
DMA channel 1 control	DMA1CTL	00h
DMA channel 1 source address low	DMA1SAL	02h
DMA channel 1 source address high	DMA1SAH	04h
DMA channel 1 destination address low	DMA1DAL	06h
DMA channel 1 destination address high	DMA1DAH	08h
DMA channel 1 transfer size	DMA1SZ	0Ah

Table 6-35. DMA Channel 2 (Base Address: 0530h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
DMA channel 2 control	DMA2CTL	00h
DMA channel 2 source address low	DMA2SAL	02h
DMA channel 2 source address high	DMA2SAH	04h
DMA channel 2 destination address low	DMA2DAL	06h
DMA channel 2 destination address high	DMA2DAH	08h
DMA channel 2 transfer size	DMA2SZ	0Ah

Table 6-36. USCI0_A Registers (Base Address: 05C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
USCI control 0	UCA0CTL0	01h
USCI control 1	UCA0CTL1	00h
USCI baud rate 0	UCA0BR0	06h
USCI baud rate 1	UCA0BR1	07h
USCI modulation control	UCA0MCTL	08h
USCI status	UCA0STAT	0Ah
USCI receive buffer	UCA0RXBUF	0Ch
USCI transmit buffer	UCA0TXBUF	0Eh
USCI LIN control	UCA0ABCTL	10h
USCI IrDA transmit control	UCA0IRTCTL	12h
USCI IrDA receive control	UCA0IRRCTL	13h
USCI interrupt enable	UCA0IE	1Ch
USCI interrupt flags	UCA0IFG	1Dh
USCI interrupt vector word	UCA0IV	1Eh

Table 6-37. USCI0_B Registers (Base Address: 05E0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
USCI synchronous control 0	UCB0CTL0	00h
USCI synchronous control 1	UCB0CTL1	01h
USCI synchronous bit rate 0	UCB0BR0	06h
USCI synchronous bit rate 1	UCB0BR1	07h
USCI synchronous status	UCB0STAT	0Ah
USCI synchronous receive buffer	UCB0RXBUF	0Ch
USCI synchronous transmit buffer	UCB0TXBUF	0Eh
USCI I2C own address	UCB0I2COA	10h
USCI I2C slave address	UCB0I2CSA	12h
USCI interrupt enable	UCB0IE	1Ch
USCI interrupt flags	UCB0IFG	1Dh
USCI interrupt vector word	UCB0IV	1Eh

Table 6-38. ADC10_A Registers (MSP430F51x2 Devices Only) (Base Address: 0740h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
ADC10_A control 0	ADC10CTL0	00h
ADC10_A control 1	ADC10CTL1	02h
ADC10_A control 2	ADC10CTL2	04h
ADC10_A window comparator low threshold	ADC10LO	06h
ADC10_A window comparator high threshold	ADC10HI	08h
ADC10_A memory control register 0	ADC10MCTL0	0Ah
ADC10_A conversion memory register	ADC10MEM0	12h
ADC10_A interrupt enable	ADC10IE	1Ah
ADC10_A interrupt flags	ADC10IGH	1Ch
ADC10_A interrupt vector word	ADC10IV	1Eh

Table 6-39. Comparator_B Registers (Base Address: 08C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Comparator_B control 0	CBCTL0	00h
Comparator_B control 1	CBCTL1	02h
Comparator_B control 2	CBCTL2	04h
Comparator_B control 3	CBCTL3	06h
Comparator_B interrupt	CBINT	0Ch
Comparator_B interrupt vector word	CBIV	0Eh

Table 6-40. TD0 Registers (Base Address: 0B00h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
TD0 control 0	TD0CTL0	00h
TD0 control 1	TD0CTL1	02h
TD0 control 2	TD0CTL2	04h
TD0 counter	TD0R	06h
Capture/compare control 0	TD0CCTL0	08h
Capture/compare 0	TD0CCR0	0Ah
Capture/compare latch 0	TD0CL0	0Ch
Capture/compare control 1	TD0CCTL1	0Eh
Capture/compare 1	TD0CCR1	10h
Capture/compare latch 1	TD0CL1	12h
Capture/compare control 2	TD0CCTL2	14h
Capture/compare 2	TD0CCR2	16h
Capture/compare latch 2	TD0CL2	18h
TD0 high-resolution control 0	TD0HCTL0	38h
TD0 high-resolution control 1	TD0HCTL1	3Ah
TD0 high-resolution interrupt	TD0HINT	3Ch
TD0 interrupt vector	TD0IV	3Eh

Table 6-41. TD1 Registers (Base Address: 0B40h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
TD1 control 0	TD1CTL0	00h
TD1 control 1	TD1CTL1	02h
TD1 control 2	TD1CTL2	04h
TD1 counter	TD1R	06h
Capture/compare control 0	TD1CCTL0	08h
Capture/compare 0	TD1CCR0	0Ah
Capture/compare latch 0	TD1CL0	0Ch
Capture/compare control 1	TD1CCTL1	0Eh
Capture/compare 1	TD1CCR1	10h
Capture/compare latch 1	TD1CL1	12h
Capture/compare control 2	TD1CCTL2	14h
Capture/compare 2	TD1CCR2	16h
Capture/compare latch 2	TD1CL2	18h
TD1 high-resolution control 0	TD1HCTL0	38h
TD1 high-resolution control 1	TD1HCTL1	3Ah
TD1 high-resolution interrupt	TD1HINT	3Ch
TD1 interrupt vector	TD1IV	3Eh

Table 6-42. TEC0 Registers (Base Address: 0C00h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Timer event control 0 external control 0	TEC0CTL0	00h
Timer event control 0 external control	TEC0CTL1	02h
Timer event control 0 external control	TEC0CTL2	04h
Timer event control 0 status	TEC0STA	06h
Timer event control 0 external interrupt	TEC0XINT	08h
Timer event control 0 external interrupt vector	TEC0IV	0Ah

Table 6-43. TEC1 Registers (Base Address: 0C20h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Timer event control 1 external control 0	TEC1CTL0	00h
Timer event control 1 external control	TEC1CTL1	02h
Timer event control 1 external control	TEC1CTL2	04h
Timer event control 1 status	TEC1STA	06h
Timer event control 1 external interrupt	TEC1XINT	08h
Timer event control 1 external interrupt vector	TEC1IV	0Ah

6.10 Input/Output Diagrams

6.10.1 Port P1 (P1.0 to P1.5) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-2 shows the port diagram. Table 6-44 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

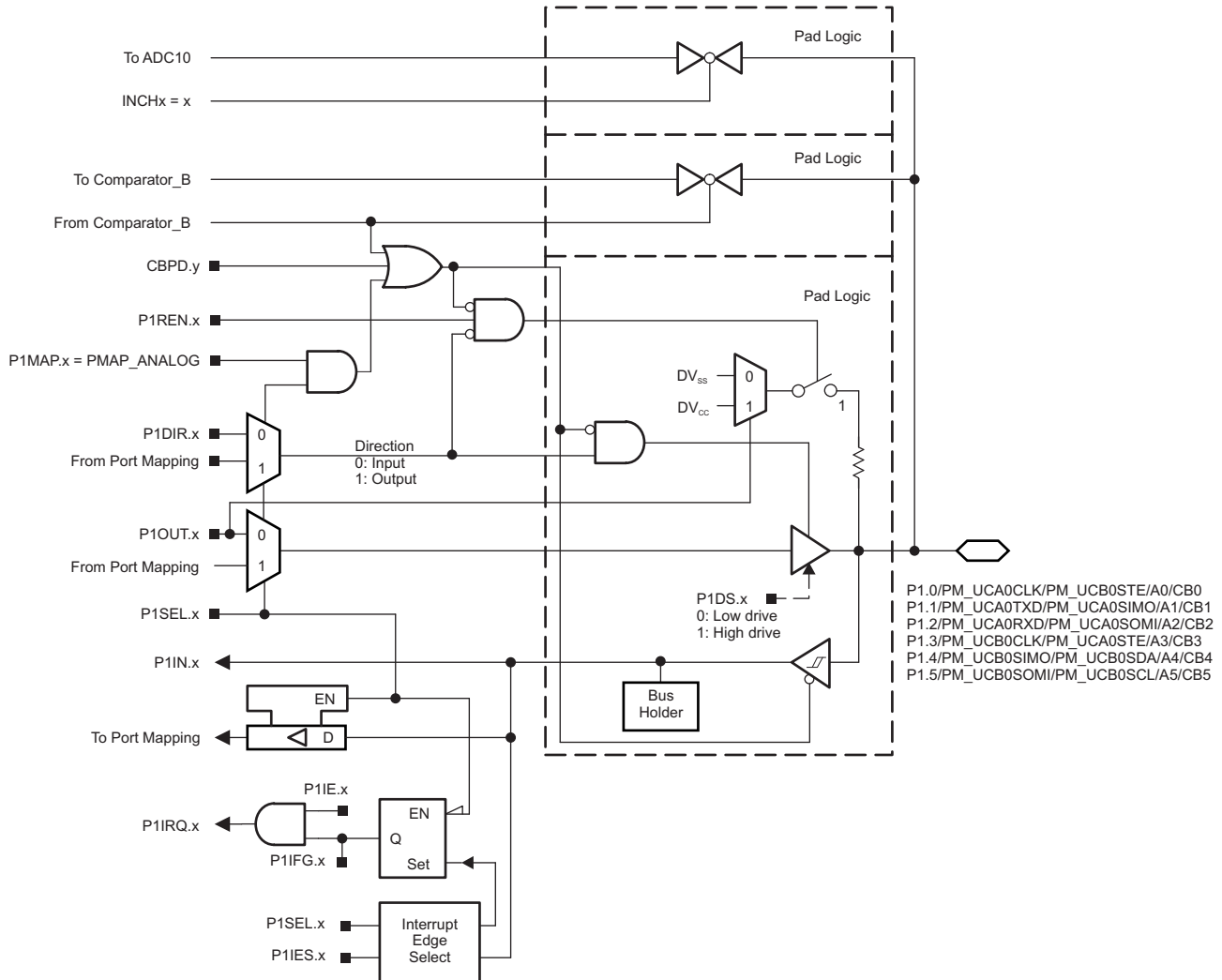


Figure 6-2. Port P1 (P1.0 to P1.5) Diagram

Table 6-44. Port P1 (P1.0 to P1.5) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P1.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾			
			P1DIR.x	P1SEL.x	P1MAP.x	CBPD.y
P1.0/ PM_UCA0CLK/ PM_UCB0STE/	0	P1.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
		UCA0CLK/UCB0STE ^{(2) (3)}	0	1	default	0
A0/		A0 ⁽⁴⁾	X	1	31 INCHx = 0	X
CB0		CB0	X	X	X	1 (y = 0)
P1.1/ PM_UCA0TXD/ PM_UCA0SIMO/	1	P1.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
		PM_UCA0TXD/PM_UCA0SIMO ⁽²⁾	0	1	default	0
A1/		A1 ⁽⁴⁾	X	1	31 INCHx = 1	X
CB1		CB1	X	X	X	1 (y = 1)
P1.2/ PM_UCA0RXD/ PM_UCA0SOMI/	2	P1.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
		PM_UCA0RXD/PM_UCA0SOMI ⁽²⁾	0	1	default	0
A2/		A2 ⁽⁴⁾	X	1	31 INCHx = 2	X
CB2		CB2	X	X	X	1 (y = 2)
P1.3/ PM_UCB0CLK/ PM_UCA0STE/	3	P1.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
		UCB0CLK/UCA0STE ⁽²⁾	0	1	default	0
A3/		A3 ⁽⁴⁾	X	1	31 INCHx = 3	X
CB3		CB3	X	X	X	1 (y = 3)
P1.4/ PM_UCB0SIMO/ PM_UCB0SDA/	4	P1.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
		PM_UCB0SIMO/PM_UCB0SDA ^{(2) (5)}	0	1	default	0
A4/		A4 ⁽⁴⁾	X	1	31 INCHx = 4	X
CB4		CB4	X	X	X	1 (y = 4)
P1.5/ PM_UCB0SOMI/ PM_UCB0SCL/	5	P1.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
		PM_UCB0SOMI/PM_UCB0SCL ^{(2) (5)}	0	1	default	0
A5/		A5 ⁽⁴⁾	X	1	31 INCHx = 5	X
CB5		CB5	X	X	X	1 (y = 5)

(1) X = Don't care

(2) The pin direction is controlled by the USCI module.

(3) UCA0CLK function takes precedence over UCB0STE function. If the pin is required as UCA0CLK input or output, USCI_B0 is forced to 3-wire SPI mode if 4-wire SPI mode is selected.

(4) MSP430F51x2 device only

(5) If the I²C functionality is selected, the output drives only the logical 0 to V_{SS} level.

6.10.2 Port P1 (P1.6 to P1.7) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-3 shows the port diagram. Table 6-45 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

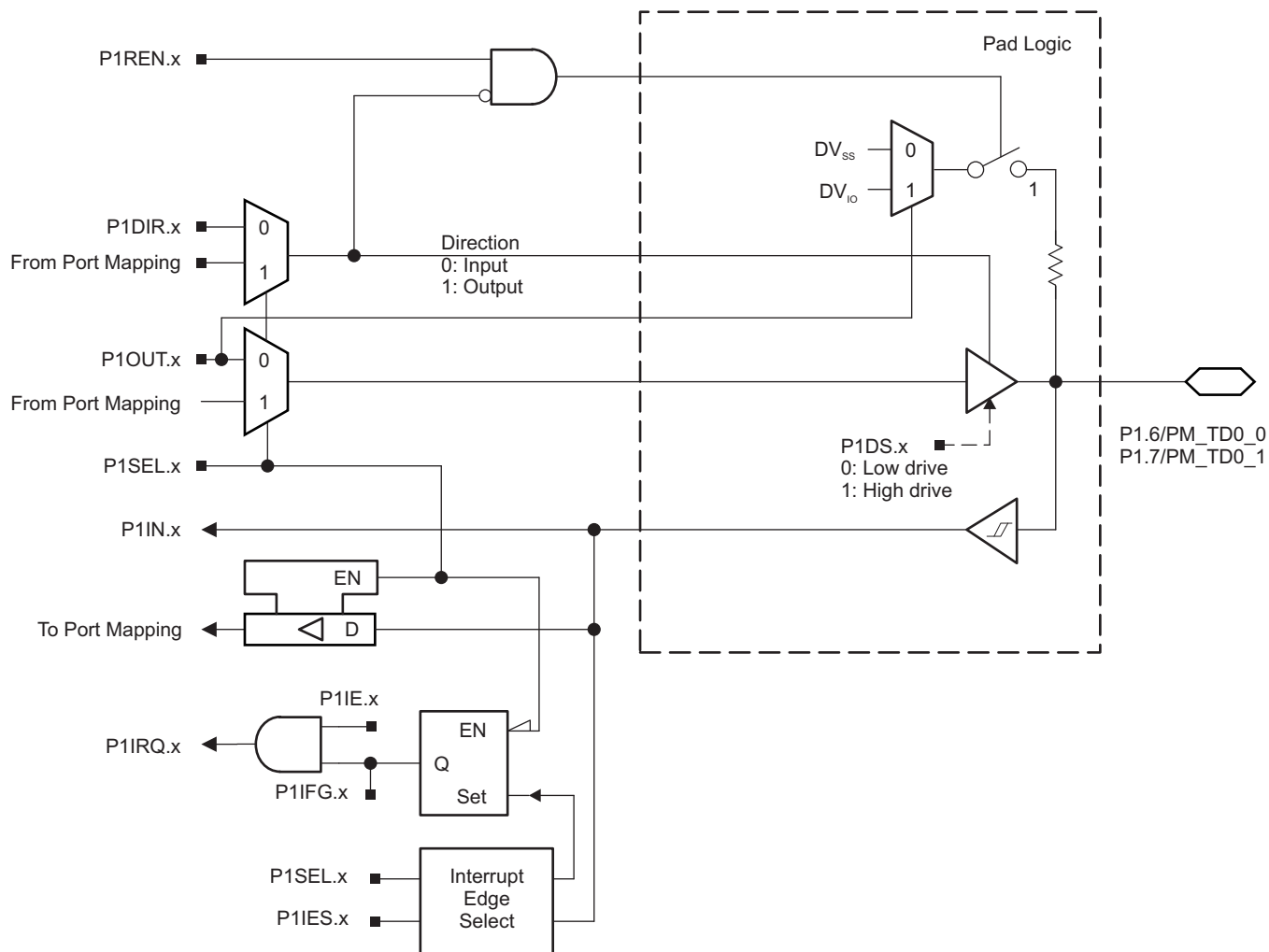


Figure 6-3. Port P1 (P1.6 and P1.7) Diagram

Table 6-45. Port P1 (P1.6 and P1.7) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P1.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾		
			P1DIR.x	P1SEL.x	P1MAP.x
P1.6/ PM_TD0.0	6	P1.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD0.CCI0A	0	1	default
		TD0.TA0	1	1	default
P1.7/ PM_TD0.1	7	P1.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD0.CCI1A	0	1	default
		TD0.TA1	1	1	default

(1) $X = \text{Don't care}$

6.10.3 Port P2 (P2.0 to P2.7) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-4 shows the port diagram. Table 6-46 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

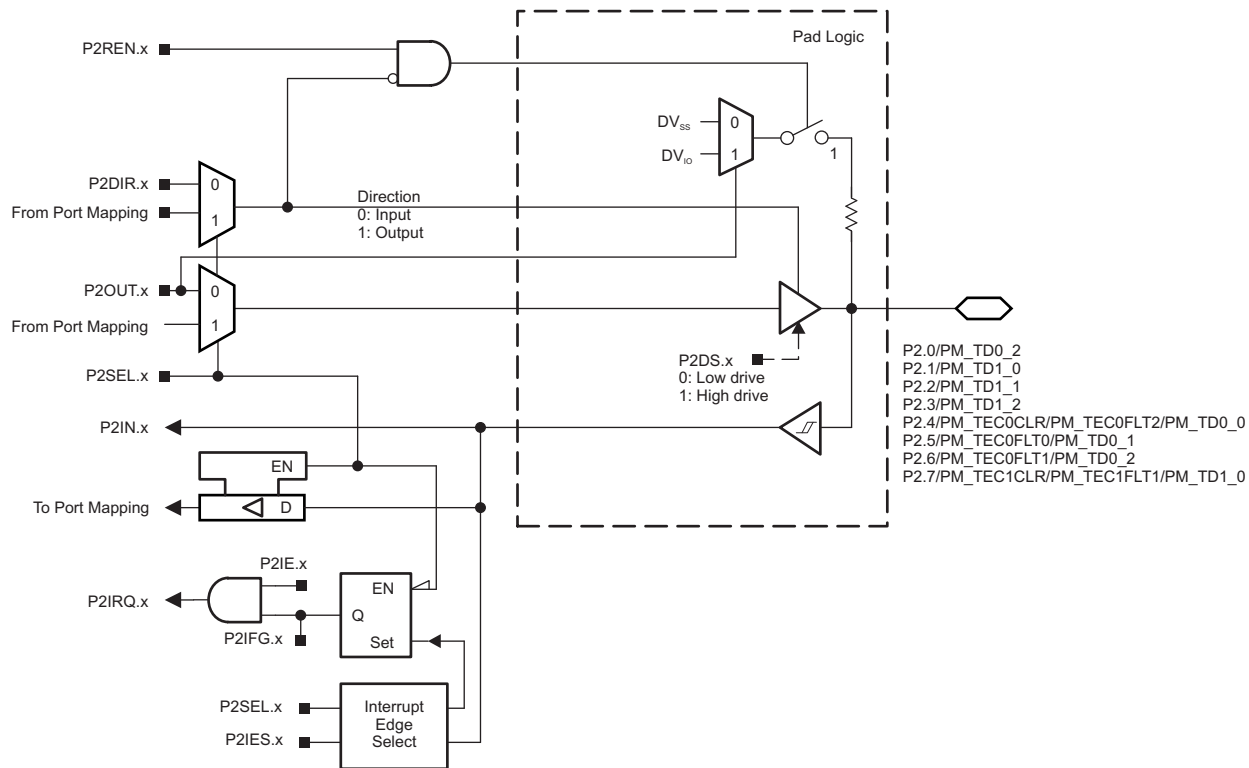


Figure 6-4. Port P2 (P2.0 to P2.7) Diagram

Table 6-46. Port P2 (P2.0 to P2.7) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P2.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS		
			P2DIR.x	P2SEL.x	P2MAP.x
P2.0/ PM_TD0.2	0	P2.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD0.CCI2A	0	1	default
		TD0.TA2	1	1	default
P2.1/ PM_TD1.0	1	P2.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD1.CCI0A	0	1	default
		TD1.TA0	1	1	default
P2.2/ PM_TD1.1	2	P2.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD1.CCI1A	0	1	default
		TD1.TA1	1	1	default
P2.3/ PM_TD1.2	3	P2.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TD1.CCI2A	0	1	default
		TD1.TA2	1	1	default
P2.4/ PM_TEC0CLR/ PM_TEC0FLT2/ PM_TD0.0	4	P2.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD0.TECEXTCLR, controlled by enable signals in the TEC0 module	0	1	default
		TD0.TECXFLT2, controlled by enable signals in the TEC0 module	0	1	default
		TD0.TA0	1	1	default
P2.5/ PM_TEC0FLT0/ PM_TD0.1	5	P2.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	x
		TD0.TECXFLT0, controlled by enable signals in the TEC0 module	0	1	default
		TD0.TA1	1	1	default
P2.6/ PM_TEC0FLT1/ PM_TD0.2	6	P2.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD0.TECXFLT1, controlled by enable signals in the TEC0 module	0	1	default
		TD0.TA2	1	1	default
P2.7/ PM_TEC1CLR/ PM_TEC1FLT1/ PM_TD1.0	7	P2.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD1.TECEXTCLR, controlled by enable signals in the TEC1 module	0	1	default
		TD1.TECXFLT1, controlled by enable signals in the TEC1 module	0	1	default
		TD1.TA0	1	1	default

6.10.4 Port P3 (P3.0 and P3.1) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-5 shows the port diagram. Table 6-47 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

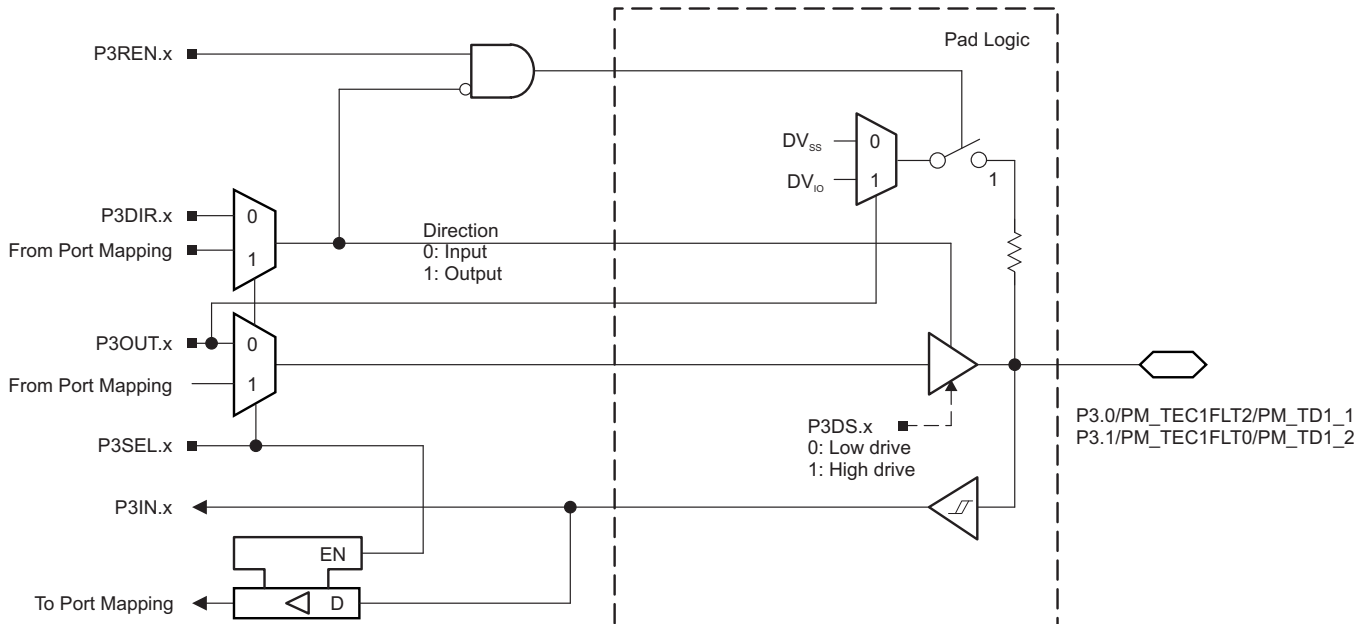


Figure 6-5. Port P3 (P3.0 and P3.1) Diagram

Table 6-47. Port P3 (P3.0 and P3.1) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS		
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL.x	P3MAP.x
P3.0/ PM_TEC1FLT2/ PM_TD1.1	0	P3.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD1.TECXFLT2, controlled by enable signals in the TEC1 module	0	1	default
		TD1.TA1	1	1	default
P3.1/ PM_TEC1FLT0/ PM_TD1.2	1	P3.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X
		TD1.TECXFLT0, controlled by enable signals in the TEC1 module	0	1	default
		TD1.TA2	1	1	default

6.10.5 Port P3 (P3.2 and P3.3) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-6 shows the port diagram. Table 6-48 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

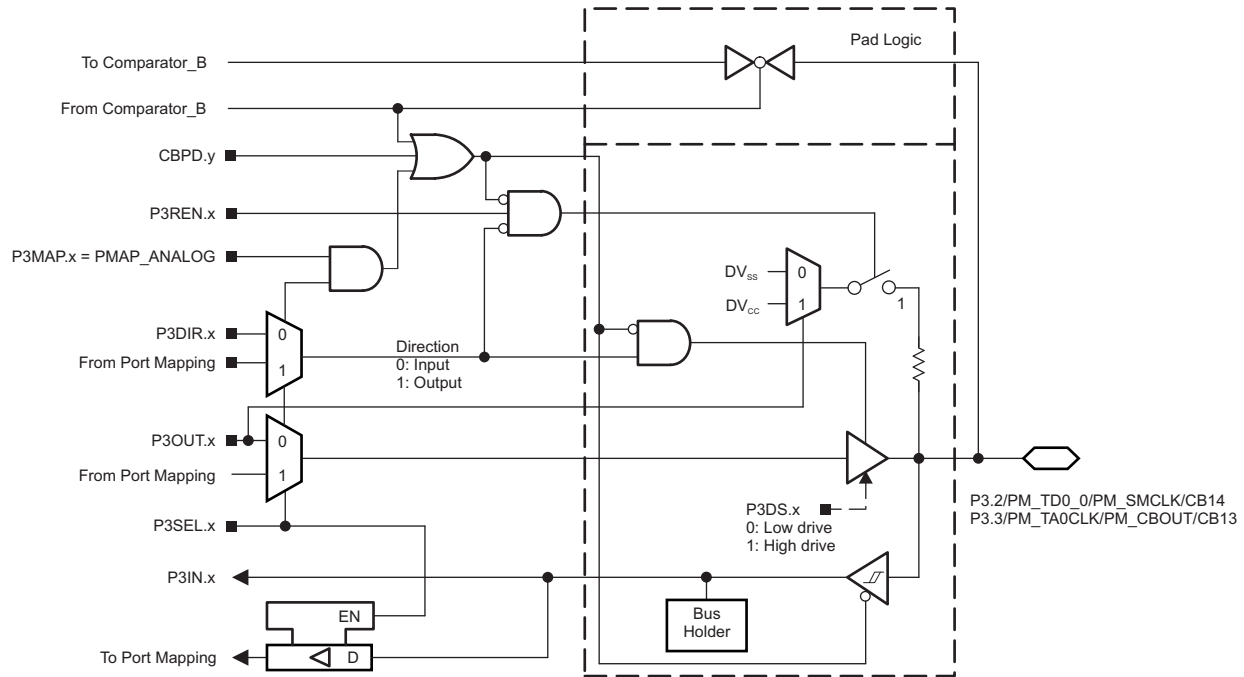


Figure 6-6. Port P3 (P3.2 and P3.3) Diagram

Table 6-48. Port P3 (P3.2 and P3.3) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾			
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL.x	P3MAP.x	CBPD.y
P3.2/ PM_TD0.0/ PM_SMCLK/ CB14	2	P3.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
		TD0.CCI0A	0	1	default	0
		SMCLK output	1	1	default	0
		CB14	X	X	X	1 (y = 14)
P3.3/ PM_TA0CLK/ PM_CBOUT/ CB13	3	P3.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
		TA0.TA0CLK	0	1	default	0
		CBOUT	1	1	default	0
		CB13	X	X	X	1 (y = 13)

(1) X = Don't care

6.10.6 Port P3 (P3.4) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-7 shows the port diagram. Table 6-49 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

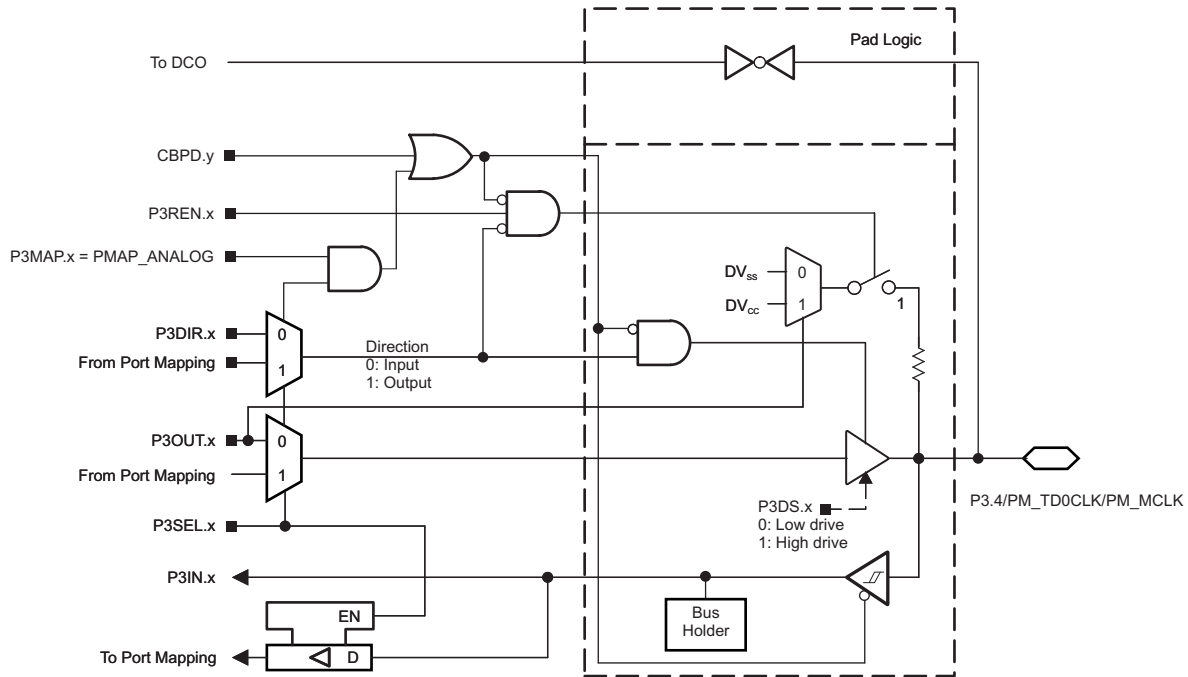


Figure 6-7. Port P3 (P3.4) Diagram

Table 6-49. Port P3 (P3.4) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾			
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL.x	P3MAP.x	
P3.4/	4	P3.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
PM_TD0CLK/		TD0 clock input	0	1	default	0
PM_MCLK		MCLK output	1	1	default	0

(1) X = Don't care

6.10.7 Port P3 (P3.5) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-8 shows the port diagram. Table 6-50 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

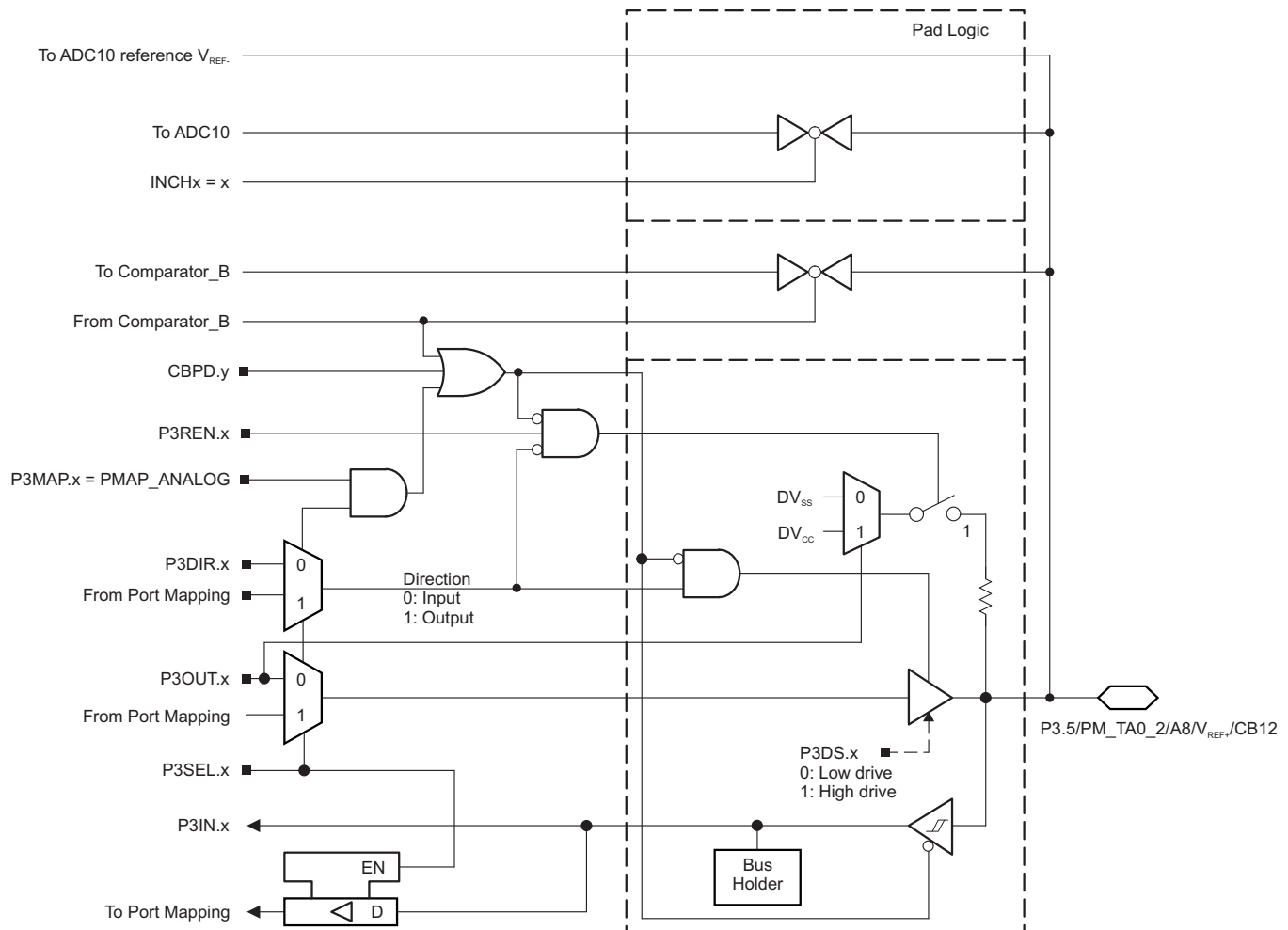


Figure 6-8. Port P3 (P3.5) Diagram

Table 6-50. Port P3 (P3.5) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾			
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL.x	P3MAP.x	CBPD.y
P3.5/	5	P3.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
PM_TA0.2/		TA0.CCI2A	0	1	default	0
		TA0.TA2	1	1	default	0
VEREF+/-		VEREF+ ⁽²⁾	X	1	31	X
A8/		A8 ⁽²⁾	X	1	INCHx=8	X
CB12		CB12	X	X	X	1 (y = 12)

(1) X = Don't care

(2) MSP430F51x2 devices only.

6.10.8 Port P3 (P3.6) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-9 shows the port diagram. Table 6-51 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

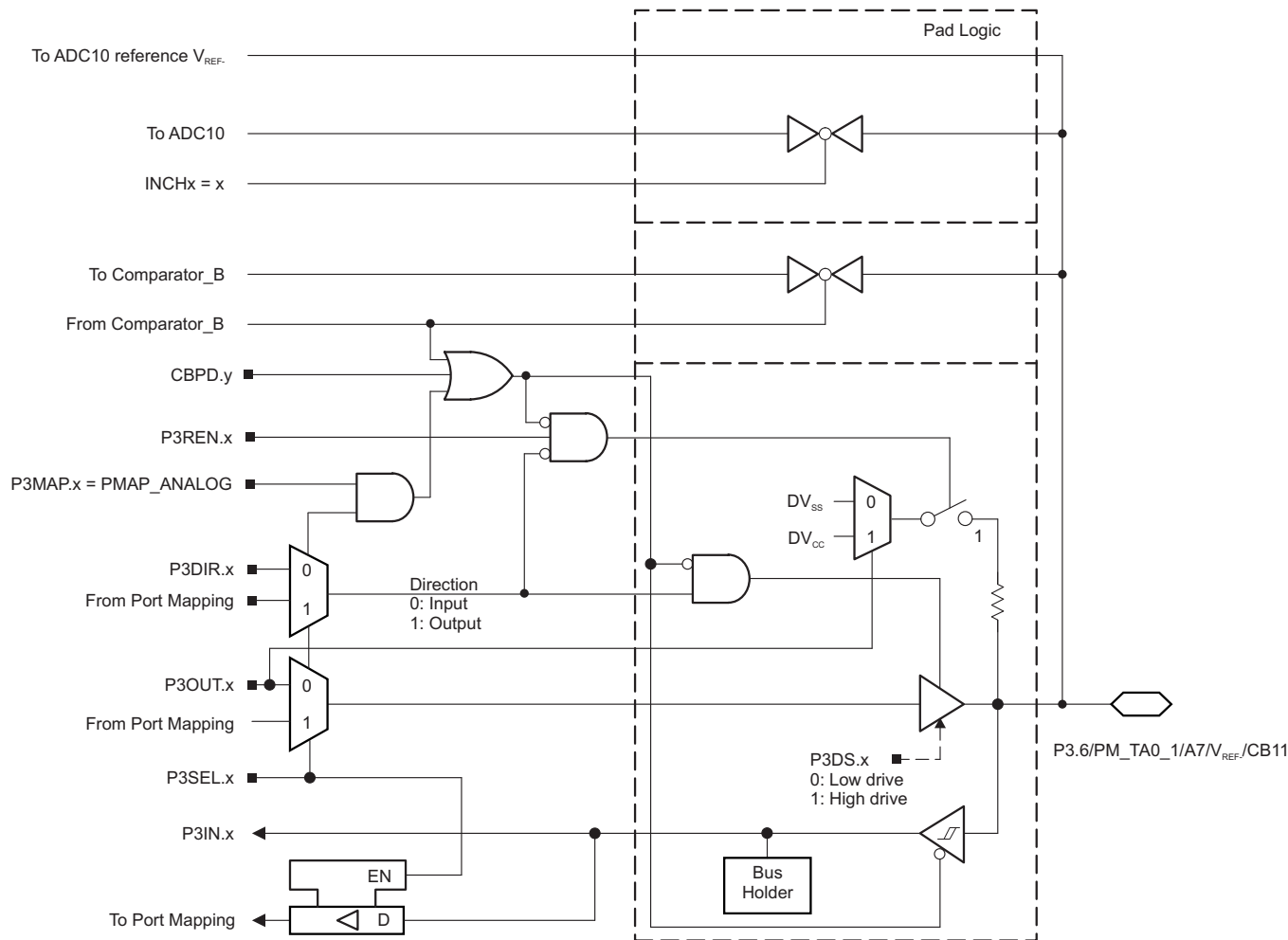


Figure 6-9. Port P3 (P3.6) Diagram

Table 6-51. Port P3 (P3.6) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾			
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL.x	P3MAP.x	CBPD.y
P3.6/	6	P3.x (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
PM_TA0.1/		TA0.CCR0	0	1	default	0
		TA0.TA1	1	1	default	0
VEREF-/		VEREF- ⁽³⁾	X	1	31	X
A7/		A7 ⁽³⁾	X	1	31 INCHx = 7	X
CB11		CB11	X	X	0	1 (y = 11)

- (1) X = Don't care
(2) Default condition.
(3) MSP430F51x2 devices only.

6.10.9 Port P3 (P3.7) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-10 shows the port diagram. Table 6-52 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

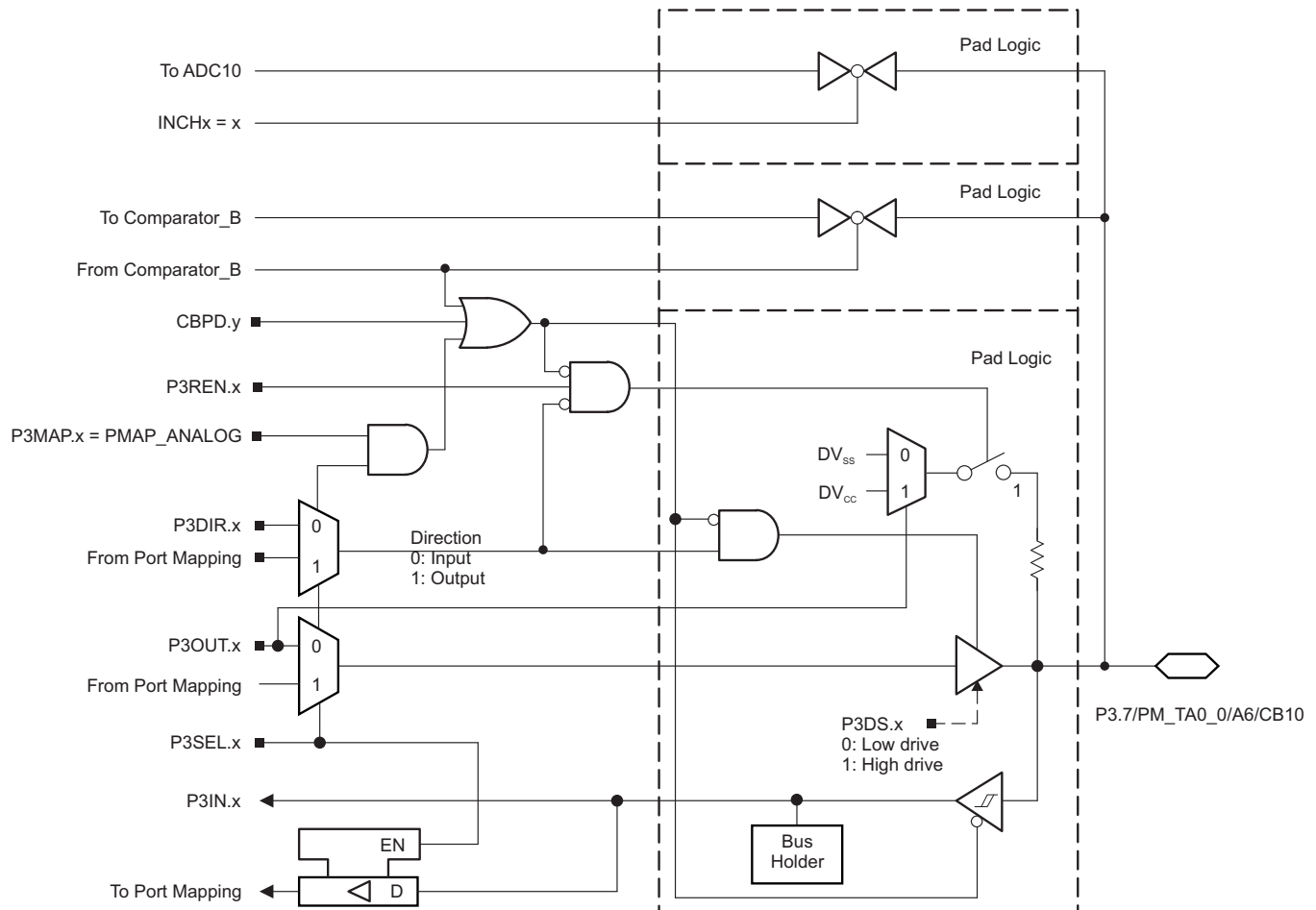


Figure 6-10. Port P3 (P3.7) Diagram

Table 6-52. Port P3 (P3.7) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾			
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL.2	P3MAP.x	CBPD.y
P3.7/	7	P3.x (I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	X	0
PM_TA0.0/		TA0.CCR0	0	1	default	0
		TA0.TA0	1	1	default	0
A6/		A6 ⁽²⁾	X	1	³¹ INCHx = 6	X
CB10		CB10	X	X	0	1 (y = 10)

(1) X = Don't care

(2) MSP430F51x2 devices only.

6.10.10 Port J (PJ.0) JTAG Pin TDO, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger or Output

Figure 6-11 shows the port diagram. Table 6-53 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

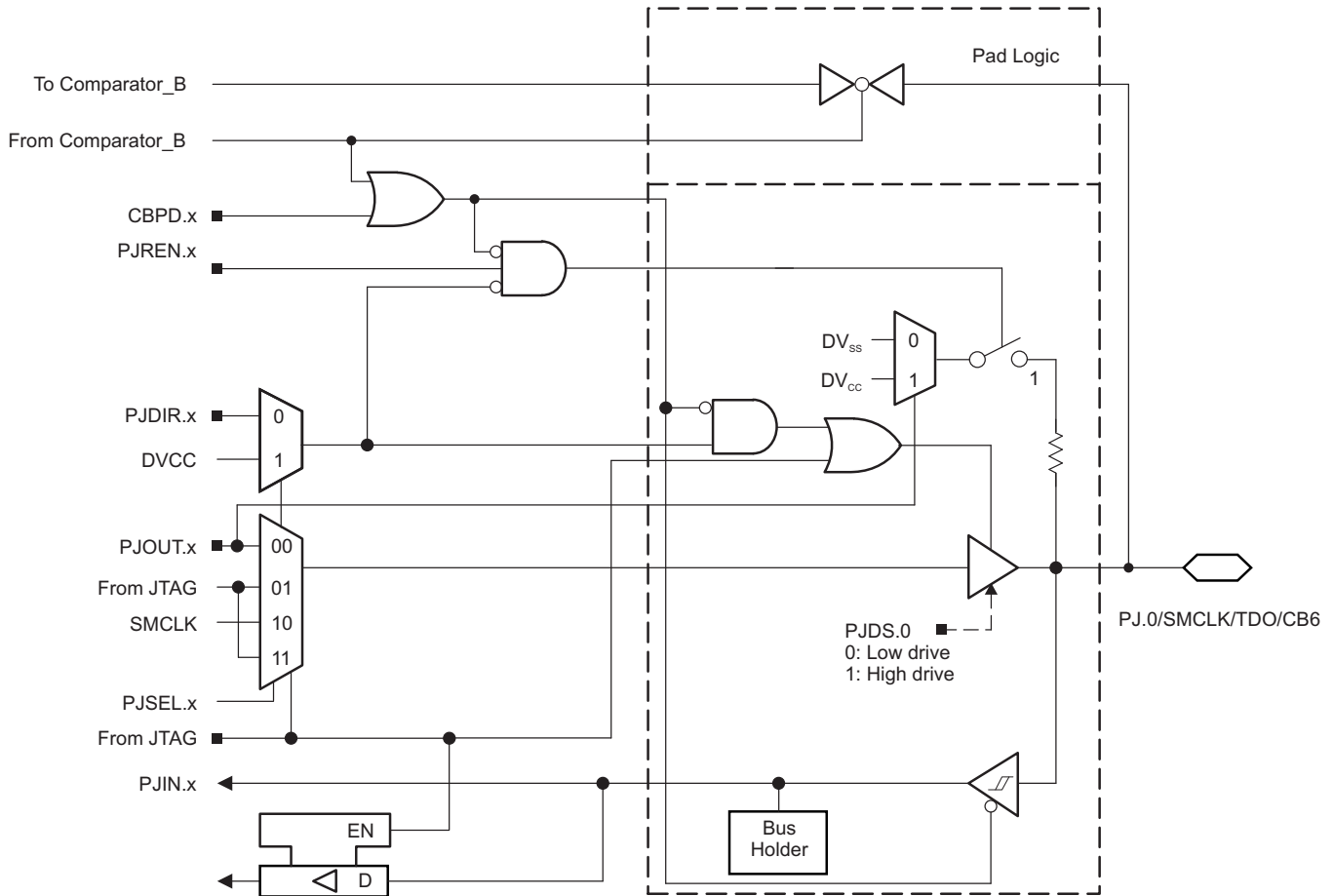


Figure 6-11. Port PJ (PJ.0) Diagram

6.10.11 Port J (PJ.1 to PJ.3) JTAG Pins TMS, TCK, TDI/TCLK, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger or Output

Figure 6-12 shows the port diagram. Table 6-53 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

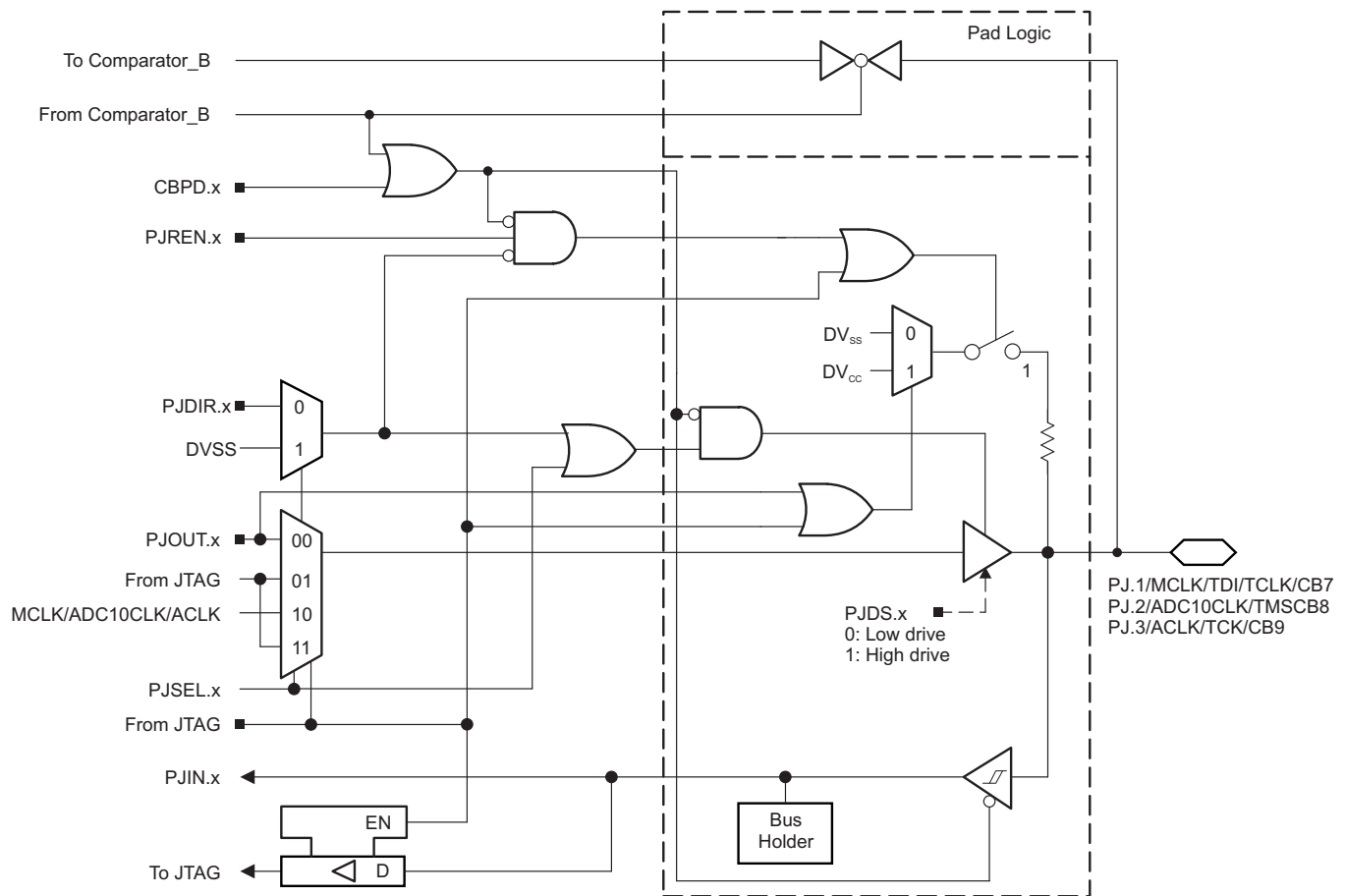


Figure 6-12. Port PJ (PJ.1 to PJ.3) Diagram

Table 6-53. Port PJ (PJ.0 to PJ.3) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (PJ.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾			
			PJDIR.x	PJSEL.x	JTAG MODE	CBPD.y
PJ.0/ SMCLK/ TDO/ CB6	0	PJ.x (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0	0
		SMCLK	1	1	0	0
		TDO ⁽³⁾	X	X	1	X
		CB6	X	X	0	1 (y = 6)
PJ.1/ MCLK/ TDI/TCLK/ CB7	1	PJ.x (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0	0
		MCLK	1	1	0	0
		TDI/TCLK ^{(3) (4)}	X	X	1	X
		CB7	0	X	0	1 (y = 7)
PJ.2/ ADC10CLK/ TMS/ CB8	2	PJ.x (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0	0
		ADC10CLK (See ⁽⁵⁾)	1	1	0	0
		TMS ^{(3) (4)}	X	X	1	X
		CB8	X	X	0	1 (y = 8)
PJ.3/ ACLK/ TCK/ CB9	3	PJ.x (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0	0
		ACLK	1	1	0	0
		TCK ^{(3) (4)}	X	X	1	X
		CB9	X	X	0	1 (y = 9)

(1) X = Don't care

(2) Default condition

(3) The pin direction is controlled by the JTAG module.

(4) In JTAG mode, pullups are activated automatically on TMS, TCK, and TDI/TCLK. PJREN.x are don't care.

(5) MSP430F51x2 device only.

6.10.12 Port J (PJ.4) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-13 shows the port diagram. Table 6-54 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

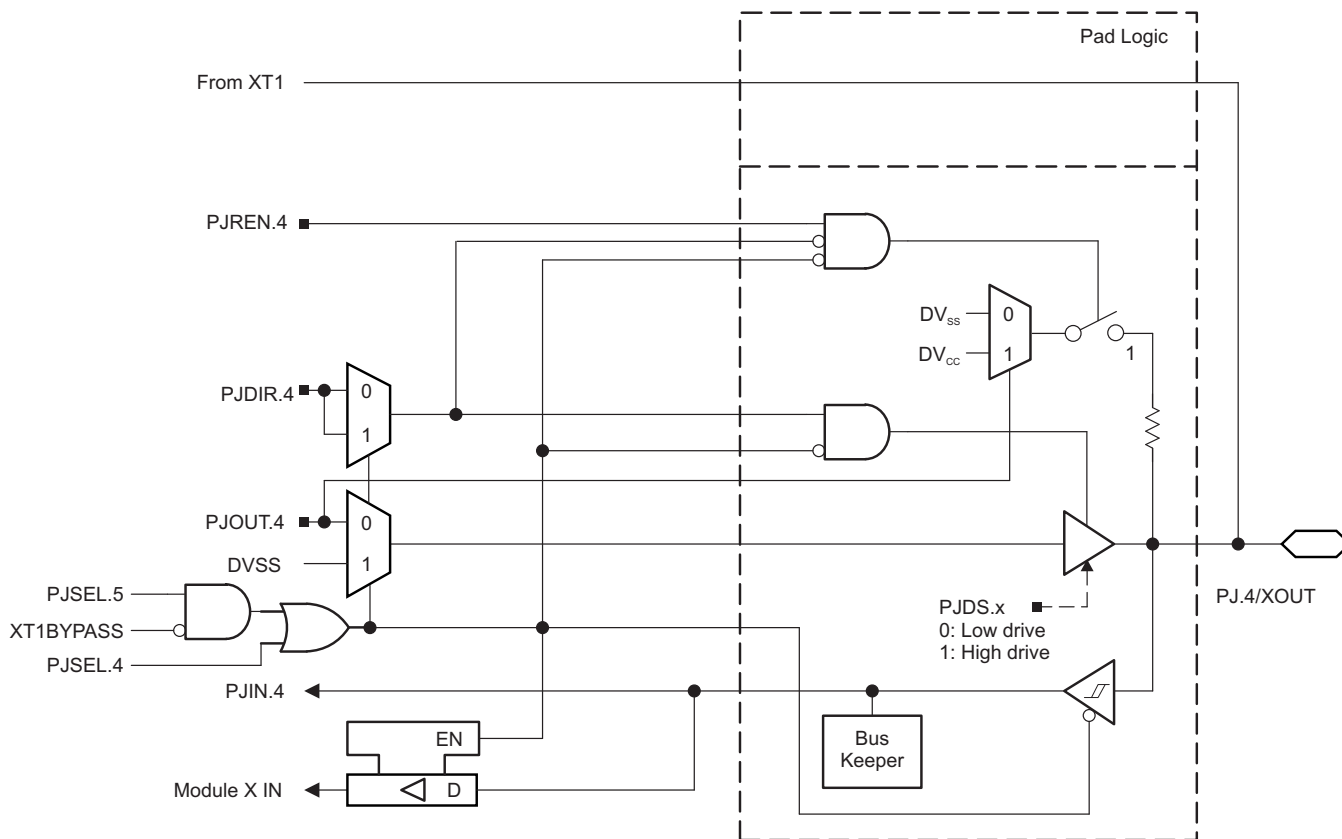


Figure 6-13. Port PJ (PJ.4) Diagram

6.10.13 Port J (PJ.5) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-14 shows the port diagram. Table 6-54 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

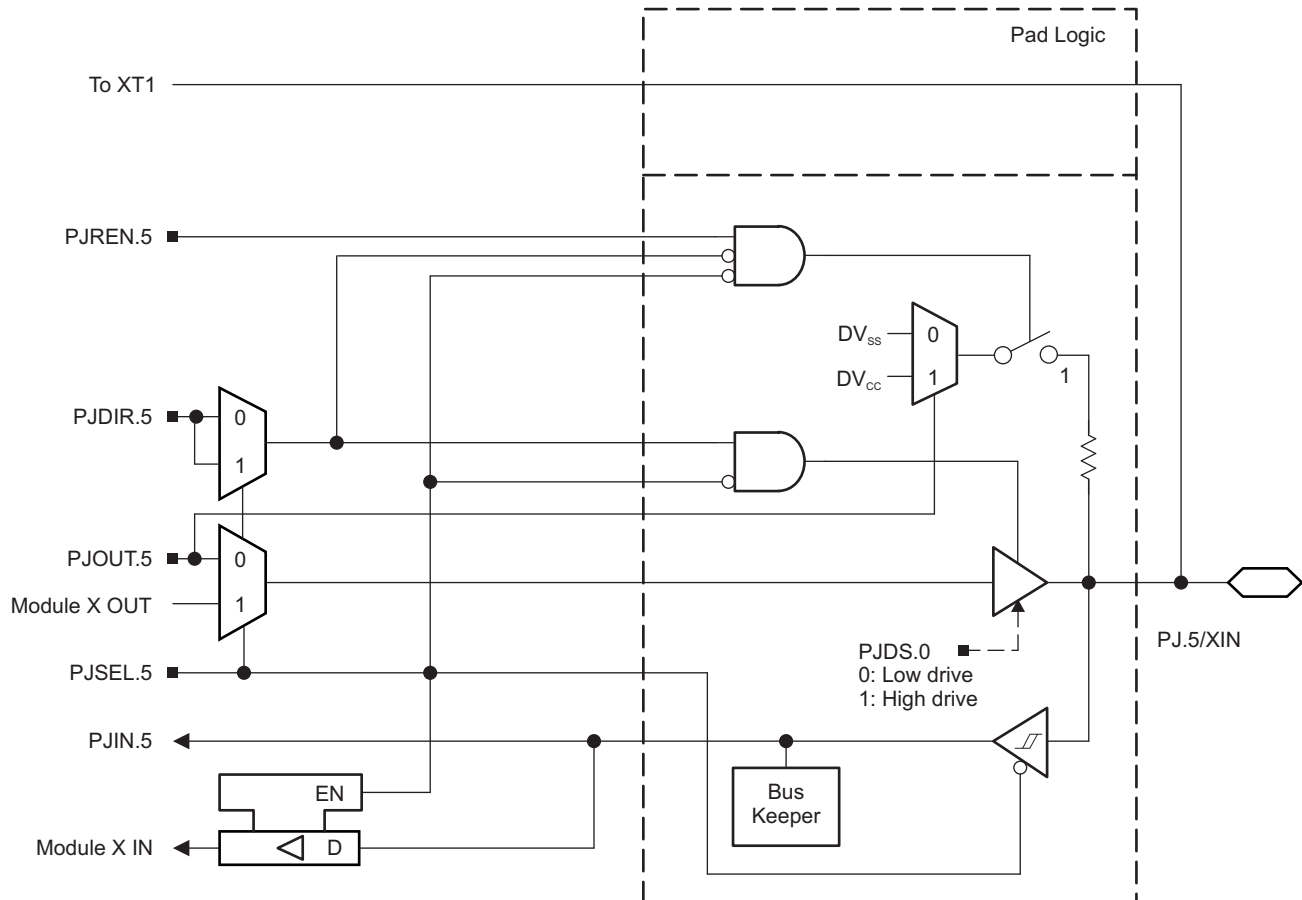


Figure 6-14. Port PJ (PJ.5) Diagram

Table 6-54. Port PJ (PJ.4 and PJ.5) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (PJ.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾			
			PJDIR.x	PJSEL.4	PJSEL.5	XT1BYPASS
PJ.4/ XOUT	4	PJ.4 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0	X
		XOUT crystal mode ⁽²⁾			1	1
PJ.5/ XIN	5	PJ.5 (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	X	0	x
		XIN crystal mode ⁽³⁾	X	X	1	0
		XIN bypass mode ⁽³⁾	X	X	1	1

(1) $X = \text{Don't care}$

(2) Setting PJSEL.5 causes the general-purpose I/O to be disabled in crystal mode. When using bypass mode, PJ.4 can be used as general-purpose I/O.

(3) Setting PJSEL.5 causes the general-purpose I/O to be disabled. Pending the setting of XT1BYPASS, PJ.5 is configured for crystal mode or bypass mode.

6.10.14 Port J (PJ.6) Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

Figure 6-15 shows the port diagram. Table 6-55 summarizes the selection of the pin function.

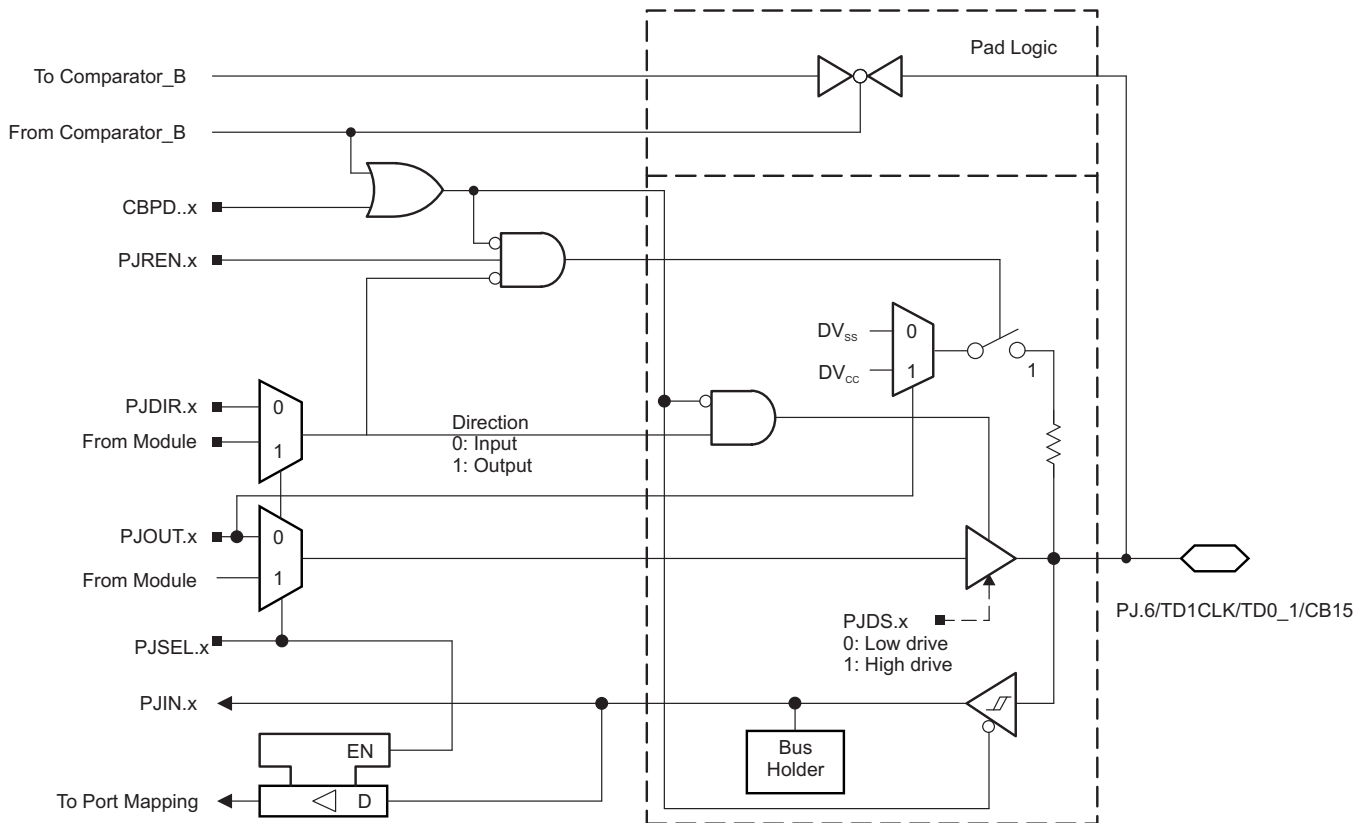


Figure 6-15. Port PJ (PJ.6) Diagram

Table 6-55. Port PJ (PJ.6) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (PJ.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS OR SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾		
			PJDIR.x	PJSEL.x	CBPD.y
PJ.6/	6	PJ.x (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
TD1CLK/		TD1 clock input	0	1	0
TD0.1/		TD0.TA1	1	1	0
CB15		CB15	X	X	1 (y = 15)

(1) X = Don't care

6.11 Device Descriptors

Table 6-56 and Table 6-57 list the complete contents of the device descriptor tag-length-value (TLV) structure for the MSP430F51x2 and MSP430F51x1 devices, respectively.

Table 6-56. MSP430F51x2 Device Descriptor Table⁽¹⁾

DESCRIPTION		ADDRESS	SIZE (bytes)	VALUE					
				F5172		F5152		F5132	
				RSB, YFF	DA	RSB	DA	RSB	DA
Info Block	Info length	0x1A00	1	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06
	CRC length	0x1A01	1	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06
	CRC value	0x1A02	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Device ID	0x1A04	1	0x30	0x30	0x2C	0x2C	0x28	0x28
	Device ID	0x1A05	1	0x80	0x80	0x80	0x80	0x80	0x80
	Hardware revision	0x1A06	1	0x30	030	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x30
	Firmware revision	0x1A07	1	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10
Die Record	Die record tag	0x1A08	1	0x08	08	0x08	08	0x08	08
	Die record length	0x1A09	1	0x0A	0A	0x0A	0A	0x0A	0A
	Lot/wafer ID	0x1A0A	4	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Die X position	0x1A0Eh	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Die Y position	0x1A10	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Test results	0x1A12	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
ADC10 Calibration	ADC10 calibration tag	0x1A14	1	0x13	0x13	0x13	0x13	0x13	0x13
	ADC10 calibration length	0x1A15	1	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10
	ADC gain factor	0x1A16	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC offset	0x1A18	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 1.5-V reference Temperature sensor 30°C	0x1A1A	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 1.5-V reference Temperature sensor 85°C	0x1A1C	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 2.0-V reference Temperature sensor 30°C	0x1A1Eh	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 2.0-V reference Temperature sensor 85°C	0x1A20	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 2.5-V reference Temperature sensor 30°C	0x1A22	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 2.5-V reference Temperature sensor 85°C	0x1A24	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
REF User Calibration	REF tag	0x1A26	1	0x12	0x12	0x12	0x12	0x12	0x12
	REF length	0x1A27	1	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06
	REF 1.5-V reference	0x1A28	2	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF
	REF 2.0-V reference	0x1A2A	2	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF
	REF 2.5-V reference	0x1A2C	2	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF
Timer_D0 Calibration	Timer_D tag	0x1A2E	1	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15
	Timer_D length	0x1A2F	1	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08
	Timer_D 64-MHz frequency	0x1A30	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 128-MHz frequency	0x1A32	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 200-MHz frequency	0x1A34	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 256-MHz frequency	0x1A36	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
Timer_D1 Calibration	Timer_D tag	0x1A38	1	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15
	Timer_D length	0x1A39	1	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08
	Timer_D 64-MHz frequency	0x1A3A	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 128-MHz frequency	0x1A3C	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 200-MHz frequency	0x1A3E	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 256-MHz frequency	0x1A40	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit

(1) NA = Not applicable

Table 6-56. MSP430F51x2 Device Descriptor Table⁽¹⁾ (continued)

DESCRIPTION		ADDRESS	SIZE (bytes)	VALUE					
				F5172		F5152		F5132	
				RSB, YFF	DA	RSB	DA	RSB	DA
Peripheral Descriptor	Peripheral descriptor tag	0x1A42	1	0x02	0x02	0x02	0x02	0x02	0x02
	Peripheral descriptor length	0x1A43	1	0x53	0x53	0x53	0x53	0x53	0x53
	BSL memory	0x1A44	2	0x8A08	0x8A08	0x8A08	0x8A08	0x8A08	0x8A08
	Information memory	0x1A46	2	0x860C	0x860C	0x860C	0x860C	0x860C	0x860C
	RAM	0x1A48	2	0x2A0E	0x2A0E	0x2A0E	0x2A0E	0x280E	0x280E
	Main memory	0x1A4A	2	0x9240	0x9240	0x9060	0x9060	0x8E70	0x8E70
	Delimiter	0x1A4C	1	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
	Peripheral count	0x1A4D	1	0x1C	0x1C	0x1B	0x1B	0x1B	0x1B
	MSP430CPUXV2	0x1A4E	2	0x2300	0x2300	0x2300	0x2300	0x2300	0x2300
	SBW	0x1A50	2	0x0F00	0x0F00	0x0F00	0x0F00	0x0F00	0x0F00
	EEM-S	0x1A52	2	0x0300	0x0300	0x0300	0x0300	0x0300	0x0300
	TI BSL	0x1A54	2	0xFC00	0xFC00	0xFC00	0xFC00	0xFC00	0xFC00
	SFR	0x1A56	2	0x4110	0x4110	0x4110	0x4110	0x4110	0x4110
	PMM	0x1A58	2	0x3002	0x3002	0x3002	0x3002	0x3002	0x3002
	FCTL	0x1A5A	2	0x3802	0x3802	0x3802	0x3802	0x3802	0x3802
	CRC16	0x1A5C	2	0x3C01	0x3C01	0x3C01	0x3C01	0x3C01	0x3C01
	CRC16_RB	0x1A5E	2	0x3D00	0x3D00	0x3D00	0x3D00	0x3D00	0x3D00
	RAMCTL	0x1A60	2	0x4400	0x4400	0x4400	0x4400	0x4400	0x4400
	WDT_A	0x1A62	2	0x4000	0x4000	0x4000	0x4000	0x4000	0x4000
	UCS	0x1A64	2	0x4801	0x4801	0x4801	0x4801	0x4801	0x4801
	SYS	0x1A66	2	0x4202	0x4202	0x4202	0x4202	0x4202	0x4202
	Shared REF	0x1A68	2	0xA003	0xA003	0xA003	0xA003	0xA003	0xA003
	Port Mapping	0x1A6A	2	0x1001	0x1001	0x1001	0x1001	0x1001	0x1001
	Port 1/2	0x1A6C	2	0x5104	0x5104	0x5104	0x5104	0x5104	0x5104
	Port 3/4	0x1A6E	2	0x5202	0x5202	0x5202	0x5202	0x5202	0x5202
	Port J	0x1A70	2	0x5F10	0x5F10	0x5F10	0x5F10	0x5F10	0x5F10
	TA0	0x1A72	2	0x610A	0x610A	0x610A	0x610A	0x610A	0x610A
	MPY32	0x1A74	2	0x8510	0x8510	0x8510	0x8510	0x8510	0x8510
	DMA with 3 channels	0x1A76	2	0x4704	0x4704	0x4704	0x4704	0x4704	0x4704
	USCI_A0/B0	0x1A78	2	0x900C	0x900C	0x900C	0x900C	0x900C	0x900C
	ADC10_A	0x1A7A	2	0xD318	0xD318	0xD318	0xD318	0xD318	0xD318
	COMP_B	0x1A7C	2	0xA818	0xA818	0x1A919	0xA818	0x1A919	0xA818
	TIMER_D0	0x1A7E	2	0xD624	0xD624	0xD624	0xD624	0xD624	0xD624
	TIMER_D1	0x1A80	2	0x6D04	0x6D04	0x6D04	0x6D04	0x6D04	0x6D04
	TEC_0	0x1A82	2	0x700C	0x700C	0x700C	0x700C	0x700C	0x700C
	TEC_1	0x1A84	2	0x7002	0x7002	0x7002	0x7002	0x7002	0x7002

Table 6-56. MSP430F51x2 Device Descriptor Table⁽¹⁾ (continued)

DESCRIPTION		ADDRESS	SIZE (bytes)	VALUE					
				F5172		F5152		F5132	
				RSB, YFF	DA	RSB	DA	RSB	DA
Interrupts	COMP_B	0x1A86	1	0xA8	0xA8	0xA8	0xA8	0xA8	0xA8
	TEC_0	0x1A87	1	0x6D	0x6D	0x6D	0x6D	0x6D	0x6D
	TIMER_D0	0x1A88	1	0x62	0x62	0x62	0x62	0x62	0x62
	TIMER_D0	0x1A89	1	0x63	0x63	0x63	0x63	0x63	0x63
	WDTIFG	0x1A8A	1	0x40	0x40	0x40	0x40	0x40	0x40
	USCI_A0	0x1A8B	1	0x90	0x90	0x90	0x90	0x90	0x90
	USCI_B0	0x1A8C	1	0x91	0x91	0x91	0x91	0x91	0x91
	ADC10_A	0x1A8D	1	0xD0	0xD0	0xD0	0xD0	0xD0	0xD0
	TA0.CCIFG0	0x1A8E	1	0x60	0x60	0x60	0x60	0x60	0x60
	TA0.CCIFG1..4	0x1A8F	1	0x61	0x61	0x61	0x61	0x61	0x61
	DMA	0x1A90	1	0x46	0x46	0x46	0x46	0x46	0x46
	TEC_1	0x1A91	1	0x6E	0x6E	0x6E	0x6E	0x6E	0x6E
	TIMER_D1	0x1A92	1	0x64	0x64	0x64	0x64	0x64	0x64
	TIMER_D1	0x1A93	1	0x65	0x65	0x65	0x65	0x65	0x65
	Port P1	0x1A94	1	0x50	0x50	0x50	0x50	0x50	0x50
	Port P2	0x1A95	1	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51
	Delimiter	0x1A96	1	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
Empty	Unused memory	0x1A97 - 0x1AB9		0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF

Table 6-57. MSP430F51x1 Device Descriptor Table⁽¹⁾

DESCRIPTION		ADDRESS	SIZE (bytes)	VALUE					
				F5171		F5151		F5131	
				RSB	DA	RSB	DA	RSB	DA
Info Block	Info length	0x1A00	1	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06
	CRC length	0x1A01	1	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06
	CRC value	0x1A02	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Device ID	0x1A04	1	0x2E	0x2E	0x2A	0x2A	0x26	0x26
	Device ID	0x1A05	1	0x80	0x80	0x80	0x80	0x80	0x80
	Hardware revision	0x1A06	1	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x30
	Firmware revision	0x1A07	1	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10
Die Record	Die record tag	0x1A08	1	0x08	08	0x08	08	0x08	08
	Die record length	0x1A09	1	0x0A	0A	0x0A	0A	0x0A	0A
	Lot/wafer ID	0x1A0A	4	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Die X position	0x1A0Eh	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Die Y position	0x1A10	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Test results	0x1A12	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit

(1) NA = Not applicable

Table 6-57. MSP430F51x1 Device Descriptor Table⁽¹⁾ (continued)

DESCRIPTION		ADDRESS	SIZE (bytes)	VALUE					
				F5171		F5151		F5131	
				RSB	DA	RSB	DA	RSB	DA
ADC10 Calibration	ADC10 calibration tag	0x1A14	1	0x05	0x05	0x05	0x05	0x05	0x05
	ADC10 calibration length	0x1A15	1	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10	0x10
	ADC gain factor	0x1A16	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC offset	0x1A18	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 1.5-V reference Temperature sensor 30°C	0x1A1A	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 1.5-V reference Temperature sensor 85°C	0x1A1C	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 2.0-V reference Temperature sensor 30°C	0x1A1Eh	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 2.0-V reference Temperature sensor 85°C	0x1A20	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 2.5-V reference Temperature sensor 30°C	0x1A22	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	ADC 2.5-V reference Temperature sensor 85°C	0x1A24	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
REF User Calibration	REF tag	0x1A26	1	0x12	0x12	0x12	0x12	0x12	0x12
	REF length	0x1A27	1	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06	0x06
	REF 1.5-V reference	0x1A28	2	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF
	REF 2.0-V reference	0x1A2A	2	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF
	REF 2.5-V reference	0x1A2C	2	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF
Timer_D0 Calibration	Timer_D tag	0x1A2E	1	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15
	Timer_D length	0x1A2F	1	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08
	Timer_D 64-MHz frequency	0x1A30	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 128-MHz frequency	0x1A32	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 200-MHz frequency	0x1A34	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 256-MHz frequency	0x1A36	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
Timer_D1 Calibration	Timer_D tag	0x1A38	1	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15	0x15
	Timer_D length	0x1A39	1	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08	0x08
	Timer_D 64-MHz frequency	0x1A3A	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 128-MHz frequency	0x1A3C	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 200-MHz frequency	0x1A3E	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit
	Timer_D 256-MHz frequency	0x1A40	2	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit	Per unit

Table 6-57. MSP430F51x1 Device Descriptor Table⁽¹⁾ (continued)

DESCRIPTION		ADDRESS	SIZE (bytes)	VALUE					
				F5171		F5151		F5131	
				RSB	DA	RSB	DA	RSB	DA
Peripheral Descriptor	Peripheral descriptor tag	0x1A42	1	0x02	0x02	0x02	0x02	0x02	0x02
	Peripheral descriptor length	0x1A43	1	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51
	BSL memory	0x1A44	2	0x8A08	0x8A08	0x8A08	0x8A08	0x8A08	0x8A08
	Information memory	0x1A46	2	0x860C	0x860C	0x860C	0x860C	0x860C	0x860C
	RAM	0x1A48	2	0x2A0E	0x2A0E	0x2A0E	0x2A0E	0x280E	0x280E
	Main memory	0x1A4A	2	0x9240	0x9240	0x9060	0x9060	0x8E70	0x8E70
	Delimiter	0x1A4C	1	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
	Peripheral count	0x1A4D	1	0x1B	0x1B	0x1B	0x1B	0x1B	0x1B
	MSP430CPUXV2	0x1A4E	2	0x2300	0x2300	0x2300	0x2300	0x2300	0x2300
	SBW	0x1A50	2	0x0F00	0x0F00	0x0F00	0x0F00	0x0F00	0x0F00
	EEM-S	0x1A52	2	0x0300	0x0300	0x0300	0x0300	0x0300	0x0300
	TI BSL	0x1A54	2	0xFC00	0xFC00	0xFC00	0xFC00	0xFC00	0xFC00
	SFR	0x1A56	2	0x4110	0x4110	0x4110	0x4110	0x4110	0x4110
	PMM	0x1A58	2	0x3002	0x3002	0x3002	0x3002	0x3002	0x3002
	FCTL	0x1A5A	2	0x3802	0x3802	0x3802	0x3802	0x3802	0x3802
	CRC16	0x1A5C	2	0x3C01	0x3C01	0x3C01	0x3C01	0x3C01	0x3C01
	CRC16_RB	0x1A5E	2	0x3D00	0x3D00	0x3D00	0x3D00	0x3D00	0x3D00
	RAMCTL	0x1A60	2	0x4400	0x4400	0x4400	0x4400	0x4400	0x4400
	WDT_A	0x1A62	2	0x4000	0x4000	0x4000	0x4000	0x4000	0x4000
	UCS	0x1A64	2	0x4801	0x4801	0x4801	0x4801	0x4801	0x4801
	SYS	0x1A66	2	0x4202	0x4202	0x4202	0x4202	0x4202	0x4202
	Shared REF	0x1A68	2	0xA003	0xA003	0xA003	0xA003	0xA003	0xA003
	Port Mapping	0x1A6A	2	0x1001	0x1001	0x1001	0x1001	0x1001	0x1001
	Port 1/2	0x1A6C	2	0x5104	0x5104	0x5104	0x5104	0x5104	0x5104
	Port 3/4	0x1A6E	2	0x5202	0x5202	0x5202	0x5202	0x5202	0x5202
	Port J	0x1A70	2	0x5F10	0x5F10	0x5F10	0x5F10	0x5F10	0x5F10
	TA0	0x1A72	2	0x610A	0x610A	0x610A	0x610A	0x610A	0x610A
	MPY32	0x1A74	2	0x8510	0x8510	0x8510	0x8510	0x8510	0x8510
	DMA with 3 channels	0x1A76	2	0x4704	0x4704	0x4704	0x4704	0x4704	0x4704
	USCI_A0/B0	0x1A78	2	0x900C	0x900C	0x900C	0x900C	0x900C	0x900C
	COMP_B	0x1A7A	2	0xA830	0xA830	0xA830	0xA830	0xA830	0xA830
	TIMER_D0	0x1A7C	2	0xD624	0xD624	0xD624	0xD624	0xD624	0xD624
	TIMER_D1	0x1A7E	2	0x6D04	0x6D04	0x6D04	0x6D04	0x6D04	0x6D04
	TEC_0	0x1A80	2	0x700C	0x700C	0x700C	0x700C	0x700C	0x700C
	TEC_1	0x1A82	2	0x7002	0x7002	0x7002	0x7002	0x7002	0x7002

Table 6-57. MSP430F51x1 Device Descriptor Table⁽¹⁾ (continued)

DESCRIPTION		ADDRESS	SIZE (bytes)	VALUE					
				F5171		F5151		F5131	
				RSB	DA	RSB	DA	RSB	DA
Interrupts	COMP_B	0x1A83	1	0xA8	0xA8	0xA8	0xA8	0xA8	0xA8
	TEC_0	0x1A84	1	0x6D	0x6D	0x6D	0x6D	0x6D	0x6D
	TIMER_D0	0x1A85	1	0x62	0x62	0x62	0x62	0x62	0x62
	TIMER_D0	0x1A86	1	0x63	0x63	0x63	0x63	0x63	0x63
	WDTIFG	0x1A87	1	0x40	0x40	0x40	0x40	0x40	0x40
	USCI_A0	0x1A88	1	0x90	0x90	0x90	0x90	0x90	0x90
	USCI_B0	0x1A89	1	0x91	0x91	0x91	0x91	0x91	0x91
	ADC10_A	0x1A8A	1	0xD0	0xD0	0xD0	0xD0	0xD0	0xD0
	TA0.CCIFG0	0x1A8B	1	0x60	0x60	0x60	0x60	0x60	0x60
	TA0.CCIFG1..4	0x1A8C	1	0x61	0x61	0x61	0x61	0x61	0x61
	DMA	0x1A8D	1	0x46	0x46	0x46	0x46	0x46	0x46
	TEC_1	0x1A8E	1	0x6E	0x6E	0x6E	0x6E	0x6E	0x6E
	TIMER_D1	0x1A8F	1	0x64	0x64	0x64	0x64	0x64	0x64
	TIMER_D1	0x1A90	1	0x65	0x65	0x65	0x65	0x65	0x65
	Port P1	0x1A91	1	0x50	0x50	0x50	0x50	0x50	0x50
	Port P2	0x1A92	1	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51	0x51
	Delimiter	0x1A93	1	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00
Empty	Unused Memory	0x1A94– 0x1AB9		0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF

7 器件和文档支持

7.1 入门和后续步骤

有关 MSP430 系列器件以及开发协助工具和库的更多信息，请参阅《[MSP430 超低功耗感应和测量 MCU 概述](#)》。

7.2 Device Nomenclature

To designate the stages in the product development cycle, TI assigns prefixes to the part numbers of all MSP MCU devices. Each MSP MCU commercial family member has one of two prefixes: MSP or XMS. These prefixes represent evolutionary stages of product development from engineering prototypes (XMS) through fully qualified production devices (MSP).

XMS – Experimental device that is not necessarily representative of the final device's electrical specifications

MSP – Fully qualified production device

XMS devices are shipped against the following disclaimer:

"Developmental product is intended for internal evaluation purposes."

MSP devices have been characterized fully, and the quality and reliability of the device have been demonstrated fully. TI's standard warranty applies.

Predictions show that prototype devices (XMS) have a greater failure rate than the standard production devices. TI recommends that these devices not be used in any production system because their expected end-use failure rate still is undefined. Only qualified production devices are to be used.

TI device nomenclature also includes a suffix with the device family name. This suffix indicates the temperature range, package type, and distribution format. [图 7-1](#) provides a legend for reading the complete device name.

MSP 430 F 5 438 A I ZQW T -EP		
Processor Family	MCU Platform	Optional: Additional Features
Device Type	Series	Optional: Tape and Reel
Feature Set	Optional: Temperature Range	Packaging
Optional: A = Revision		
Processor Family	CC = Embedded RF Radio MSP = Mixed-Signal Processor XMS = Experimental Silicon PMS = Prototype Device	
MCU Platform	430 = MSP430 low-power microcontroller platform	
Device Type	Memory Type C = ROM F = Flash FR = FRAM G = Flash or FRAM (Value Line) L = No Nonvolatile Memory	Specialized Application AFE = Analog Front End BQ = Contactless Power CG = ROM Medical FE = Flash Energy Meter FG = Flash Medical FW = Flash Electronic Flow Meter
Series	1 = Up to 8 MHz 2 = Up to 16 MHz 3 = Legacy 4 = Up to 16 MHz with LCD	5 = Up to 25 MHz 6 = Up to 25 MHz with LCD 0 = Low-Voltage Series
Feature Set	Various levels of integration within a series	
Optional: A = Revision	N/A	
Optional: Temperature Range	S = 0°C to 50°C C = 0°C to 70°C I = –40°C to 85°C T = –40°C to 105°C	
Packaging	http://www.ti.com/packaging	
Optional: Tape and Reel	T = Small reel R = Large reel No markings = Tube or tray	
Optional: Additional Features	-EP = Enhanced Product (–40°C to 105°C) -HT = Extreme Temperature Parts (–55°C to 150°C) -Q1 = Automotive Q100 Qualified	

图 7-1. Device Nomenclature

7.3 工具和软件

所有 MSP 微控制器均受多种软件和硬件开发工具的支持。相关工具由 TI 以及多家第三方供应商提供。请参阅《[MSP430 超低功耗 MCU – 工具和软件](#)》了解所有工具。

表 7-1 列出了 MSP430FR203x 微控制器所 有的调试功能。请参阅《[适用于 MSP430 的 Code Composer Studio IDE 用户指南](#)》，以了解可用特性的详细信息 特性。

表 7-1. 硬件调试 特性

MSP430 架构	四线制 JTAG	2 线 JTAG	断点 (N)	范围断点	时钟控制	状态序列发生器	跟踪缓冲器	LPMx.5 调试支持
MSP430Xv2	有	有	3	有	是	否	否	否

设计套件与评估模块

MSP430 40 引脚封装板和 USB 编程器 MSP-FET430U40 是一款独立的 40 引脚 ZIF 插接目标板，用于通过 JTAG 接口或 Spy Bi-Wire（双线制 JTAG）协议和 MSP-FET 闪存仿真工具对 MSP430 MCU 系统内置器件进行编程和调试。

适用于 MSP430F5x MCU 的 MSP430 40 引脚目标开发板 MSP-TS430RSB40 是一款独立的 40 引脚 ZIF 插接目标板，适用于通过 JTAG 接口或 Spy Bi-Wire（双线制 JTAG）协议对 MSP430 MCU 系统内置器件进行编程和调试。

软件

MSP430Ware™ 软件 MSP430Ware 软件集合了所有 MSP430 器件的代码示例、产品说明书以及其他设计资源，打包提供给用户。除了提供已有 MSP430 设计资源的完整集合外，MSP430Ware 软件还包含名为 MSP 驱动程序库的高级 API。借助该库可以轻松地对 MSP430 硬件进行编程。MSP430Ware 软件可作为 Code Composer Studio™IDE 的一部分提供，也可以以独立软件包的形式提供。

MSP430F51x2、MSP430F51x1 代码示例 根据不同应用需求配置各集成外设的每个 MSP 器件均具备相应的 C 代码示例。

MSP 驱动程序库 驱动程序库的抽象化 API 通过提供易于使用的函数调用使您不再拘泥于 MSP430 硬件的细节。完整的文档通过具有帮助意义的 API 指南交付，其中包括有关每个函数调用和经过验证的参数的详细信息。开发人员可以使用驱动程序库功能，以最低开销编写完整项目。

MSP EnergyTrace™ 技术 MSP430 微控制器的 EnergyTrace 技术是基于能量的代码分析工具，用于测量和显示应用的能量配置，同时协助优化应用以实现超低功耗。

ULP（超低功耗）Advisor ULP Advisor™软件是一款辅助工具，旨在指导开发人员编写更为高效的代码，从而充分利用 MSP 和 MSP432 微控制器独特的 超低功耗 功能。ULP Advisor 的目标人群是微控制器的资深开发者和开发新手，可以根据详尽的 ULP 检验表检查代码，以便最大限度地利用应用程序。在编译时，ULP Advisor 会提供通知和备注以突出显示代码中可以进一步优化的区域，进而实现更低功耗。

IEC60730 软件包 IEC60730 MSP430 软件包经过专门开发，用于协助客户达到 IEC 60730-1:2010（家用及类似用途的自动化电气控制 - 第 1 部分：一般要求）B 类产品的要求。其中涵盖家用电器、电弧检测器、电源转换器、电动工具、电动自行车及其他诸多产品。IEC60730 MSP430 软件包可以嵌入在 MSP430 中 运行的客户应用，从而帮助客户简化其消费类器件在功能安全方面遵循 IEC 60730-1:2010 B 类规范的认证工作。

适用于 MSP 的定点数学运算库 MSP IQmath 和 Qmath 库是为 C 语言开发者提供的一套经过高度优化的高精度数学运算函数集合，能够将浮点算法无缝嵌入 MSP430 和 MSP432 器件的定点代码中。这些例程通常用于计算密集型实时应用，而优化的执行速度、高精度以及超低能耗通常是影响这些实时应用的关键因素。与使用浮点数学算法编写的同等代码相比，使用 IQmath 和 Qmath 库可以大幅提高执行速度并显著降低能耗。

适用于 MSP430 的浮点数学运算库 TI 在低功耗和低成本微控制器领域锐意创新，为您提供 MSPMATHLIB。这是标量函数的浮点数学运算库，能够充分利用器件的智能外设，使性能提升高达 26 倍。Mathlib 能够轻松集成到您的设计中。该运算库免费使用并集成在 Code Composer Studio 和 IAR IDE 中。如需深入了解该数学运算库及相关基准，请阅读用户指南。

开发工具

适用于 MSP 微控制器的 Code Composer Studio™ 集成开发环境 Code Composer Studio 是一种集成开发环境 (IDE)，支持所有 MSP 微控制器。Code Composer Studio 包含一整套开发和调试嵌入式应用的嵌入式软件实用程序的工具。它包含了优化的 C/C++ 编译器、源代码编辑器、项目构建环境、调试器、描述器以及其他多种功能。直观的 IDE 提供了单个用户界面，有助于完成应用程序开发流程的每个步骤。熟悉的实用程序和界面可提升用户的入门速度。Code Composer Studio 将 Eclipse 软件框架的优点和 TI 先进的嵌入式调试功能相结合，为嵌入式开发人员提供了一种功能丰富的优异开发环境。当 CCS 与 MSP MCU 搭配使用时，可以使用独特而强大的插件和嵌入式软件实用程序，从而充分利用 MSP 微控制器的功能。

命令行编程器 MSP Flasher 是一款基于 shell 的开源接口，可使用 JTAG 或 Spy-Bi-Wire (SBW) 通信通过 FET 编程器或 eZ430 对 MSP 微控制器进行编程。MSP Flasher 可用于将二进制文件 (.txt 或 .hex 文件) 直接下载到 MSP 微控制器，而无需使用 IDE。

MSP MCU 编程器和调试器 MSP-FET 是一款强大的仿真开发工具（通常称为调试探针），可帮助用户在 MSP 低功耗微控制器 (MCU) 中快速开发应用。创建 MCU 软件通常需要将生成的二进制程序下载到 MSP 器件，以进行验证和调试。MSP-FET 在主机和目标 MSP 间提供调试通信通道。此外，MSP-FET 还可在计算机的 USB 接口和 MSP UART 间提供反向通道 UART 连接。这为 MSP 编程器提供了一种在 MSP 和计算机上运行的终端之间进行串行通信的便捷方法。它还支持使用 BSL（引导加载程序）通过 UART 和 I²C 通信协议将程序（通常称为固件）加载到 MSP 目标中。

MSP-GANG 生产编程器 MSP Gang 编程器是一款 MSP430 或 MSP432 器件编程器，可同时多达八个完全相同的 MSP430 或 MSP432 闪存或 FRAM 器件进行编程。MSP Gang 编程器可使用标准的 RS-232 或 USB 连接与主机 PC 相连并提供灵活的编程选项，允许用户完全自定义流程。MSP Gang 编程器配有扩展板，即“Gang 分离器”，可在 MSP Gang 编程器和多个目标器件间实施互连。提供了八条电缆，用于将扩展板与八个目标器件相连（通过 JTAG 或 SPY-Bi-Wire 连接器）。编程工作可在 PC 或独立设备上完成。PC 端具备基于 DLL 的图形化用户界面。

7.4 文档支持

以下文档描述了 MSP430F51x2 和 MSP430F51x1 器件。www.ti.com.cn 网站上提供了这些文档的副本。

接收文档更新通知

如需接收文档更新通知（包括器件勘误表），请转至 ti.com.cn 上相关器件的产品文件夹（关于这些产品文件夹的链接，请参阅节 7.5）。请单击右上角的“通知我”按钮。点击注册后，即可收到产品信息更改每周摘要（如有）。有关更改的详细信息，请查阅已修订文档的修订历史记录。

勘误

《[MSP430F5172 器件勘误表](#)》 描述了对此器件的所有芯片修订版本功能技术规格的已知例外情况。

《[MSP430F5152 器件勘误表](#)》 描述了对此器件的所有芯片修订版本功能技术规格的已知例外情况。

《[MSP430F5132 器件勘误表](#)》 描述了对此器件的所有芯片修订版本功能技术规格的已知例外情况。

《[MSP430F5171 器件勘误表](#)》 描述了对此器件的所有芯片修订版本功能技术规格的已知例外情况。

《[MSP430F5151 器件勘误表](#)》 描述了对此器件的所有芯片修订版本功能技术规格的已知例外情况。

《[MSP430F5131 器件勘误表](#)》 描述了对此器件的所有芯片修订版本功能技术规格的已知例外情况。

用户指南

[MSP430F5xx 和 MSP430F6xx 系列用户指南](#) 详细介绍了该器件系列提供的模块和外设。

《[MSP430 闪存器件引导加载程序 \(BSL\) 用户指南](#)》 MSP430 引导加载程序 (BSL) 允许用户在原型设计、投产和维护等各阶段与 MSP430 微控制器中的嵌入式存储器进行通信。可编程存储器（闪存）和数据存储器（RAM）可根据相关要求进行变更。不要将此处的引导加载程序与某些数字信号处理器 (DSP) 中将外部存储器中的程序代码（和数据）自动加载到 DSP 内部存储器的引导加载程序混为一谈。

《[通过 JTAG 接口对 MSP430 进行编程](#)》 此文档介绍了使用 JTAG 通信端口擦除、编程和验证基于 MSP430 闪存和 FRAM 的微控制器系列的存储器模块所需的功能。此外，该文档还介绍了如何编程所有 MSP430 器件上均具备的 JTAG 访问安全保险丝。此文档介绍了使用标准四线制 JTAG 接口和两线制 JTAG 接口（也称为 Spy-Bi-Wire (SBW)）的器件访问。

《[MSP430 硬件工具用户指南](#)》 此手册介绍了 TI MSP-FET430 闪存仿真工具 (FET) 的硬件。FET 是针对 MSP430 超低功耗微控制器的程序开发工具。文中对提供的接口类型，即并行端口接口和 USB 接口进行了说明。

应用报告

《[MSP430 32kHz 晶体振荡器](#)》 选择合适的晶体、正确的负载电路和适当的电路板布局是实现稳定的晶体振荡器的关键。该应用报告总结了晶体振荡器的功能，介绍了用于选择合适的晶体以实现 MSP430 超低功耗运行的参数。此外，还给出了正确电路板布局的提示和示例。此外，为了确保振荡器在大规模生产后能够稳定运行，还可能需要进行一些振荡器测试，该文档中提供了有关这些测试的详细信息。

《MSP430 系统级 ESD 注意事项》 系统级 ESD 对于低电压下的硅晶技术以及经济高效型和超低功耗组件的需求日益增加。此应用报告重点讨论了三个不同的 ESD 主题，以帮助板卡设计师和原始设备制造商 (OEM) 理解和设计稳健的系统级设计产品：(1) 组件级 ESD 测试和系统级 ESD 测试，二者的差异以及为何组件级 ESD 无法确保达到系统级的稳健性。(2) 系统级 ESD 保护在不同电平下的通用设计指南（包括外壳、电缆、PCB 布局和板载 ESD 防护器件）。(3) 介绍了系统高效 ESD 设计 (SEED)。这是一种板上和片上 ESD 保护协同设计的方法论，用于实现系统级 ESD 的稳健性，配备仿真示例和测试结果。另外，还讨论了一些真实的系统级 ESD 保护设计示例及其成果。

7.5 相关链接

表 7-2 列出了快速访问链接。类别包括技术文档、支持与社区资源、工具和软件，以及申请样片或购买产品的快速链接。

表 7-2. 相关链接

器件	产品文件夹	立即订购	技术文档	工具与软件	支持和社区
MSP430F5172	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处
MSP430F5152	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处
MSP430F5132	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处
MSP430F5171	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处
MSP430F5151	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处
MSP430F5131	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处	请单击此处

7.6 社区资源

下列链接提供到 TI 社区资源的连接。链接的内容由各个分销商“按照原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参见 TI 的《使用条款》。

TI E2E™ 社区

TI 的工程师交流 (E2E) 社区。此社区的创建目的是为了促进工程师之间协作。在 e2e.ti.com 中，您可以提问、共享知识、拓展思路，在同领域工程师的帮助下解决问题。

TI 嵌入式处理器维基网页

德州仪器 (TI) 嵌入式处理器维基网页。此网站的建立是为了帮助开发人员熟悉德州仪器 (TI) 的嵌入式处理器，并且也为了促进与这些器件相关的硬件和软件的总体知识的创新和增长。

7.7 商标

MSP430, MSP430Ware, Code Composer Studio, EnergyTrace, ULP Advisor, 适用于 MSP 微控制器的 Code Composer Studio, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

7.8 静电放电警告



ESD 可能会损坏该集成电路。德州仪器 (TI) 建议通过适当的预防措施处理所有集成电路。如果不遵守正确的处理措施和安装程序，可能会损坏集成电路。

ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

7.9 Export Control Notice

Recipient agrees to not knowingly export or re-export, directly or indirectly, any product or technical data (as defined by the U.S., EU, and other Export Administration Regulations) including software, or any controlled product restricted by other applicable national regulations, received from disclosing party under nondisclosure obligations (if any), or any direct product of such technology, to any destination to which such export or re-export is restricted or prohibited by U.S. or other applicable laws, without obtaining prior authorization from U.S. Department of Commerce and other competent Government authorities to the extent required by those laws.

7.10 Glossary

TI Glossary This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

8 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页面包含机械、封装和可订购信息。这些信息是指定器件的最新可用数据。数据如有变更，恕不另行通知，且不会对此文档进行修订。如需获取此数据表的浏览器版本，请查阅左侧的导航栏。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
MSP430F5131IDA	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5131
MSP430F5131IDA.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5131
MSP430F5131IDAR	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5131
MSP430F5131IDAR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5131
MSP430F5131IRSB	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5131
MSP430F5131IRSB.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5131
MSP430F5131IRSBT	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5131
MSP430F5131IRSBT.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5131
MSP430F5131IYFFR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5131
MSP430F5131IYFFR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5131
MSP430F5131IYFFT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5131
MSP430F5131IYFFT.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5131
MSP430F5132IDA	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5132
MSP430F5132IDA.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5132
MSP430F5132IDAR	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5132
MSP430F5132IDAR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5132
MSP430F5132IRSB	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5132
MSP430F5132IRSB.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5132
MSP430F5132IRSBT	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5132
MSP430F5132IRSBT.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5132
MSP430F5132IYFFR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5132
MSP430F5132IYFFR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5132
MSP430F5132IYFFT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5132

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
MSP430F5132IYFFT.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5132
MSP430F5151IDA	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5151
MSP430F5151IDA.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5151
MSP430F5151IRSBR	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5151
MSP430F5151IRSBR.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5151
MSP430F5151IRSBT	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5151
MSP430F5151IRSBT.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5151
MSP430F5151IYFFR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5151
MSP430F5151IYFFR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5151
MSP430F5151IYFFT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5151
MSP430F5151IYFFT.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5151
MSP430F5152IDA	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5152
MSP430F5152IDA.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5152
MSP430F5152IDAR	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5152
MSP430F5152IDAR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5152
MSP430F5152IRSBR	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5152
MSP430F5152IRSBR.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5152
MSP430F5152IRSBT	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5152
MSP430F5152IRSBT.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5152
MSP430F5152IYFFR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5152
MSP430F5152IYFFR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5152
MSP430F5152IYFFT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5152
MSP430F5152IYFFT.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5152
MSP430F5171IDA	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5171
MSP430F5171IDA.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5171

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
MSP430F5171IDAR	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5171
MSP430F5171IDAR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5171
MSP430F5171IRSB	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5171
MSP430F5171IRSB.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5171
MSP430F5171IRSBG4.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5171
MSP430F5171IRSBT	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5171
MSP430F5171IRSBT.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5171
MSP430F5171IYFFR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5171
MSP430F5171IYFFR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5171
MSP430F5171IYFFT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5171
MSP430F5171IYFFT.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5171
MSP430F5172IDA	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5172
MSP430F5172IDA.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	40 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5172
MSP430F5172IDAR	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5172
MSP430F5172IDAR.B	Active	Production	TSSOP (DA) 38	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430F5172
MSP430F5172IRSB	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5172
MSP430F5172IRSB.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5172
MSP430F5172IRSBT	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5172
MSP430F5172IRSBT.B	Active	Production	WQFN (RSB) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430 F5172
MSP430F5172IYFFR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5172
MSP430F5172IYFFR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5172
MSP430F5172IYFFT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5172
MSP430F5172IYFFT.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFF) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	M430F5172

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

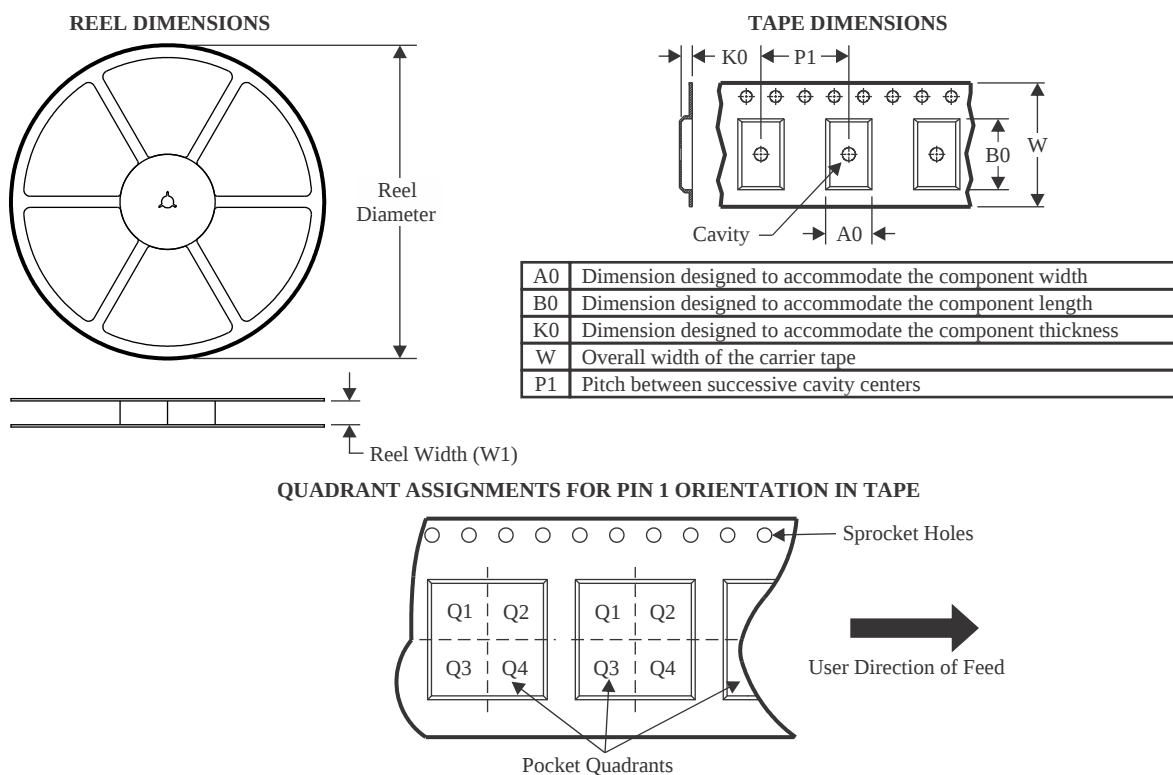
⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "--" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

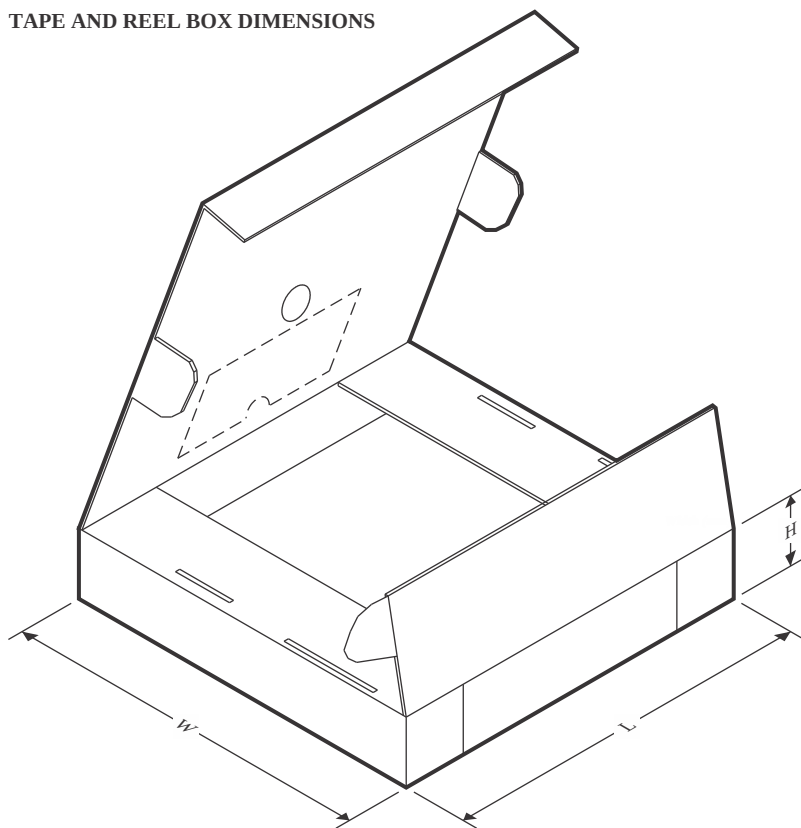


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
MSP430F5131IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
MSP430F5131IRSB	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5131IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5131IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5131IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5132IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
MSP430F5132IRSB	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5132IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5132IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5132IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5151IRSB	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5151IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5151IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5151IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5152IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
MSP430F5152IRSB	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
MSP430F5152IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5152IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5152IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5171IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
MSP430F5171IRSBR	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5171IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5171IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5171IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5172IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
MSP430F5172IRSBR	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5172IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
MSP430F5172IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1
MSP430F5172IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	180.0	8.4	2.86	3.16	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

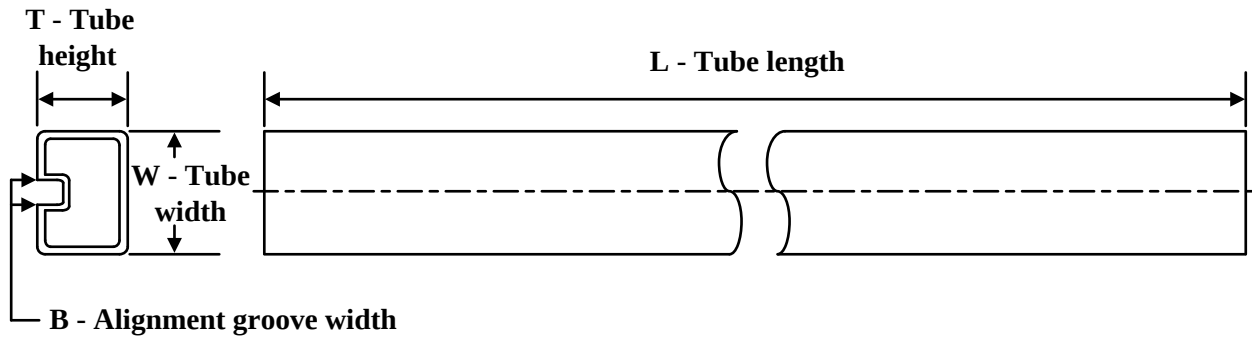


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
MSP430F5131IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
MSP430F5131IRSB	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
MSP430F5131IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
MSP430F5131IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5131IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5132IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
MSP430F5132IRSB	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
MSP430F5132IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
MSP430F5132IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5132IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5151IRSB	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
MSP430F5151IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
MSP430F5151IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5151IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5152IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
MSP430F5152IRSB	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
MSP430F5152IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
MSP430F5152IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
MSP430F5152IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5171IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
MSP430F5171IRSBR	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
MSP430F5171IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
MSP430F5171IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5171IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5172IDAR	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
MSP430F5172IRSBR	WQFN	RSB	40	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
MSP430F5172IRSBT	WQFN	RSB	40	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
MSP430F5172IYFFR	DSBGA	YFF	40	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
MSP430F5172IYFFT	DSBGA	YFF	40	250	182.0	182.0	20.0

TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
MSP430F5131IDA	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5131IDA.B	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5132IDA	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5132IDA.B	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5151IDA	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5151IDA.B	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5152IDA	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5152IDA.B	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5171IDA	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5171IDA.B	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5172IDA	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9
MSP430F5172IDA.B	DA	TSSOP	38	40	530	11.89	3600	4.9

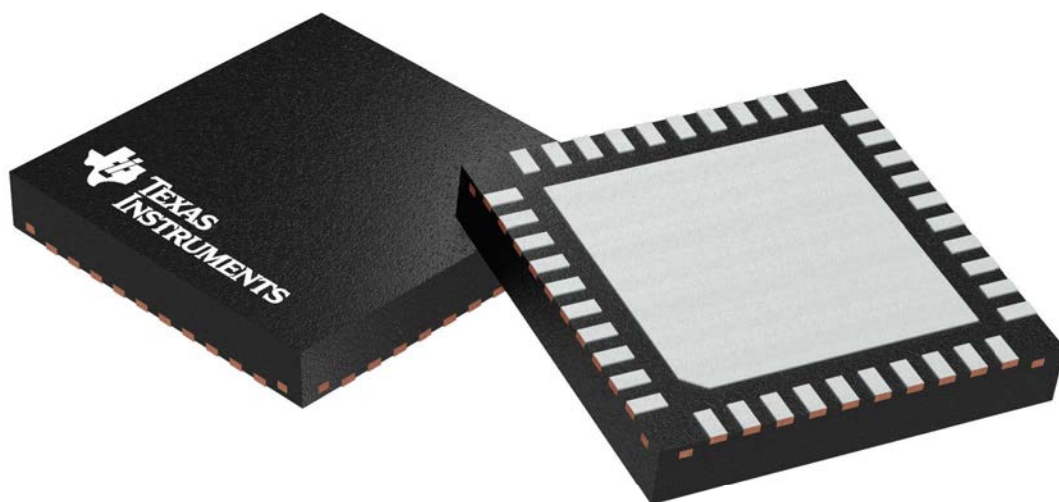
GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

RSB 40

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

5 x 5 mm, 0.4 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

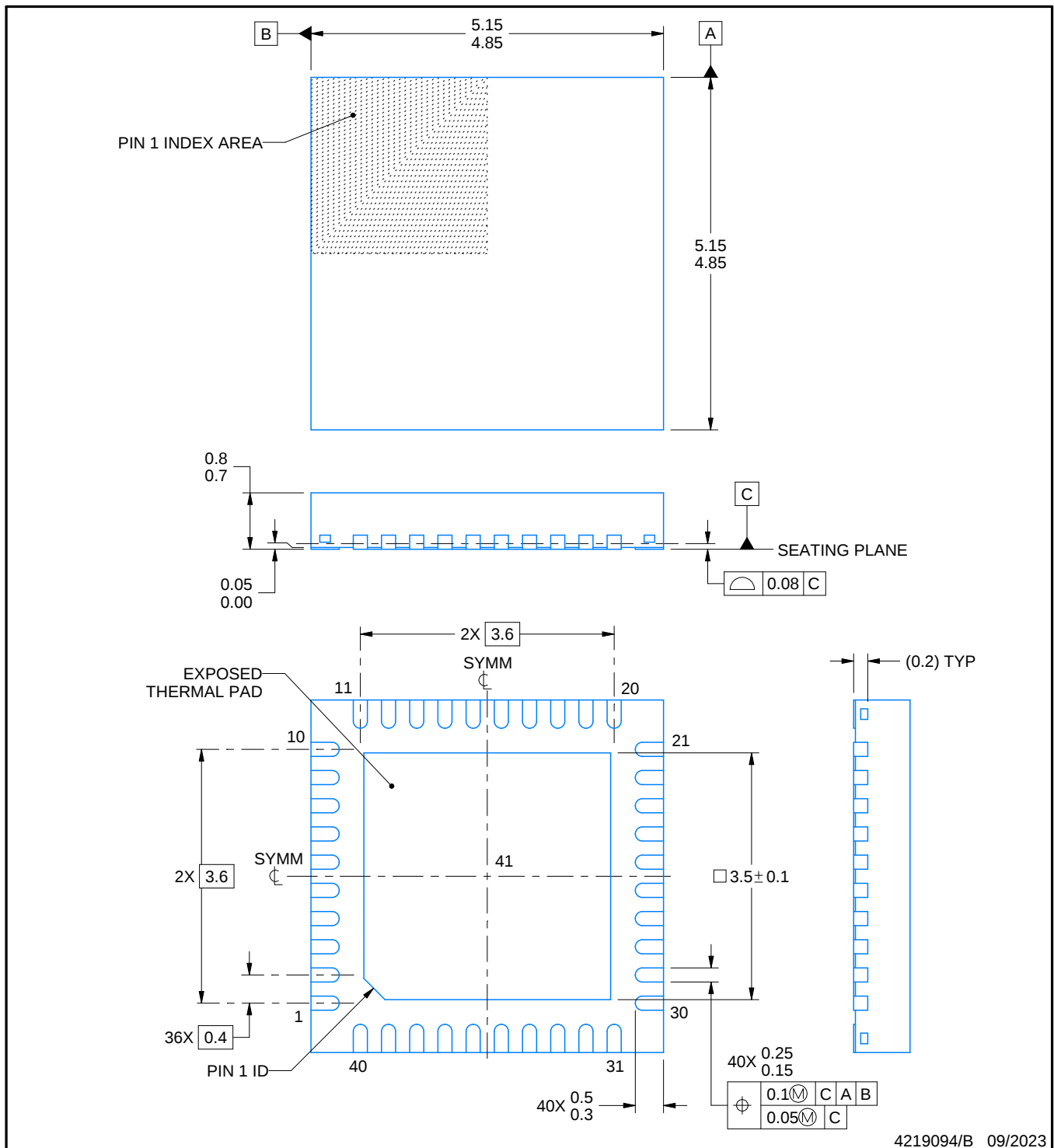
4207182/D

RSB0040B

PACKAGE OUTLINE

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES:

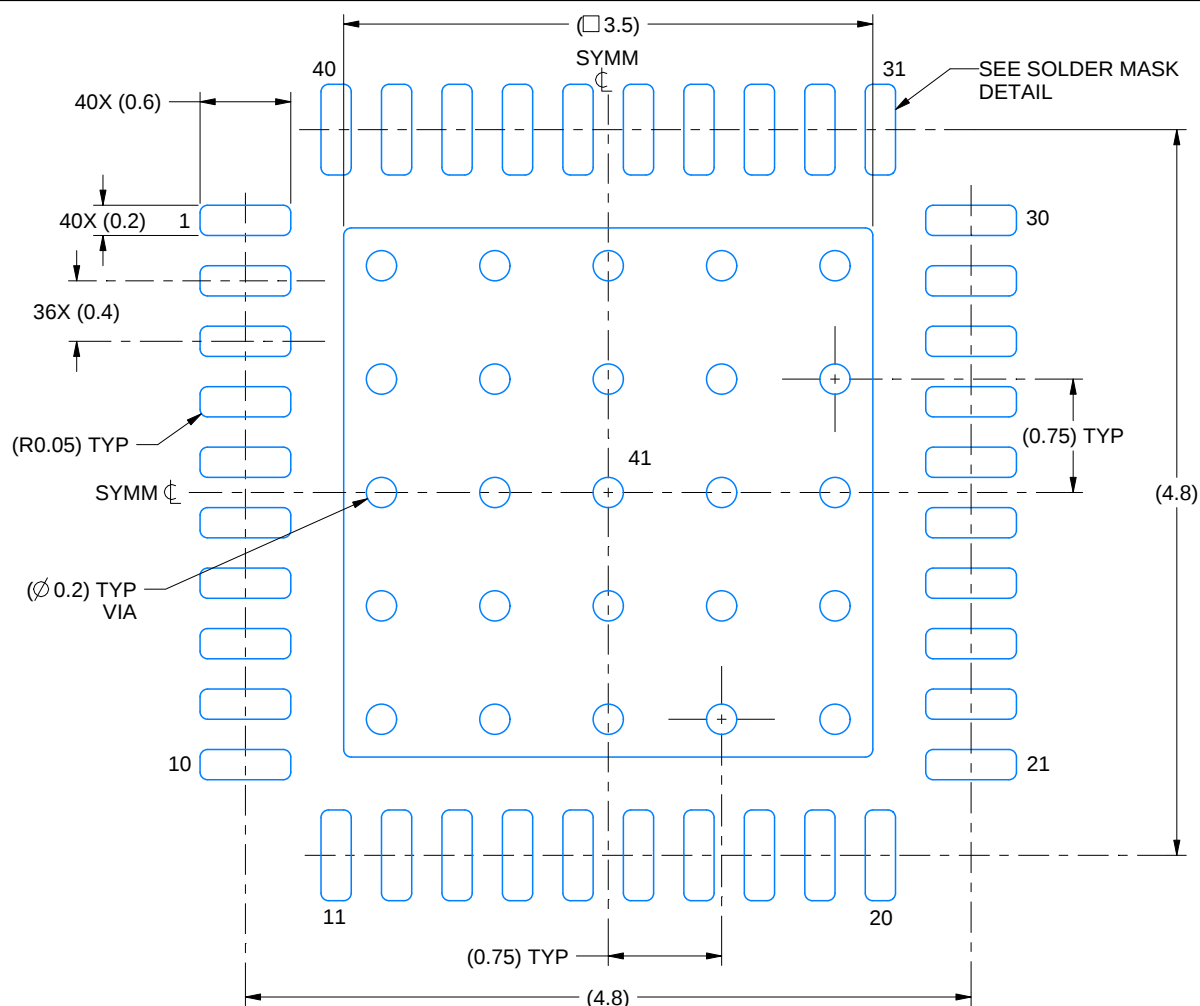
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

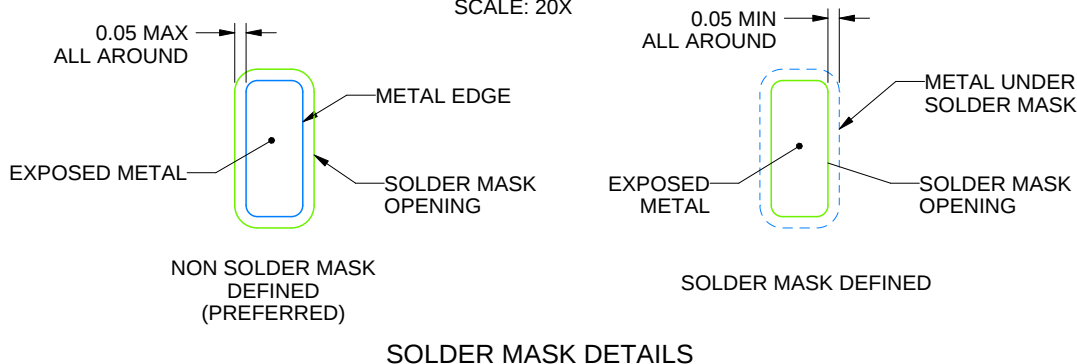
RSB0040B

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 20X



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NOTES: (continued)

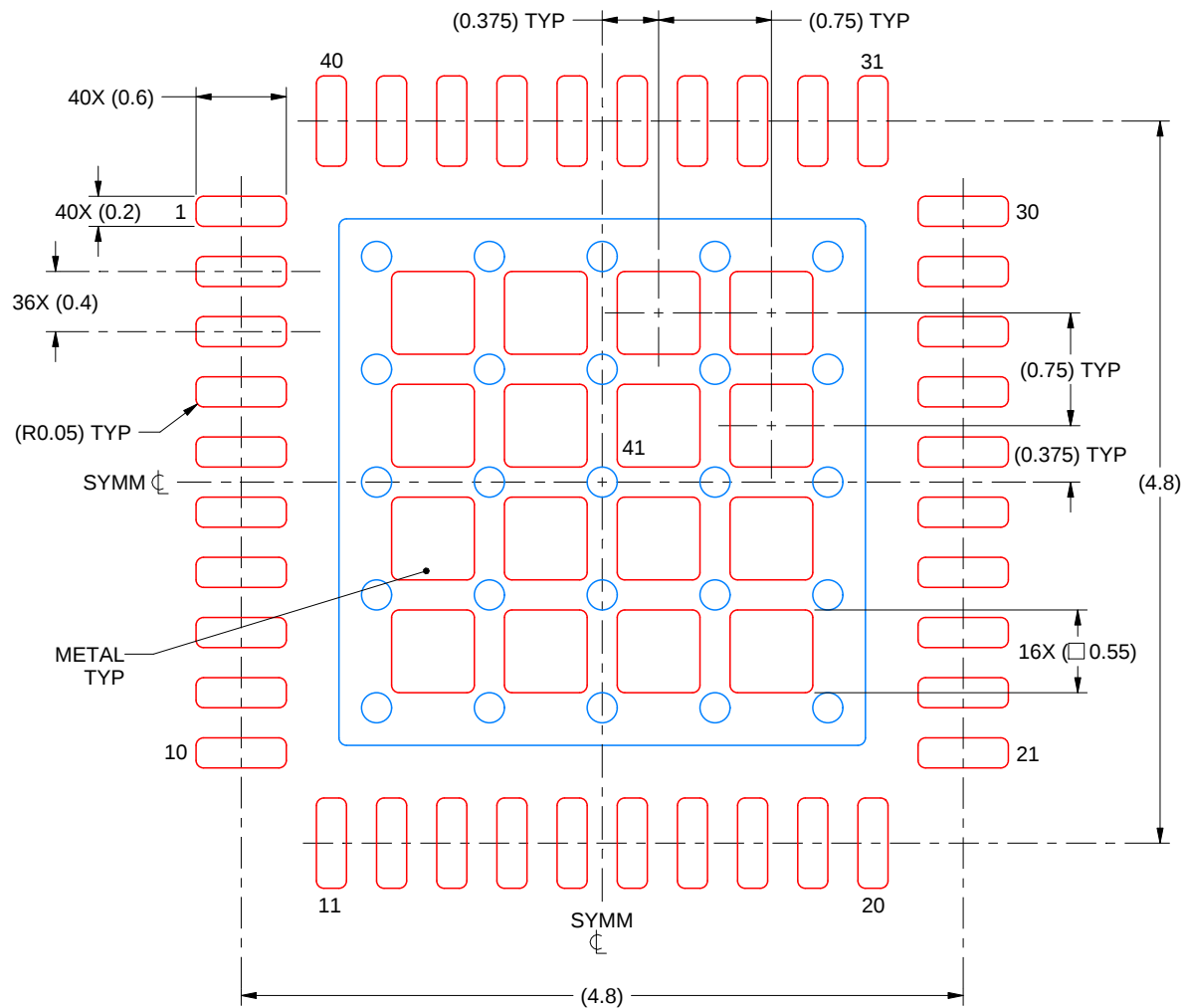
- This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/sluea271).
- Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

RSB0040B

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
 BASED ON 0.125 MM THICK STENCIL
 SCALE: 20X

EXPOSED PAD 41
 40% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE

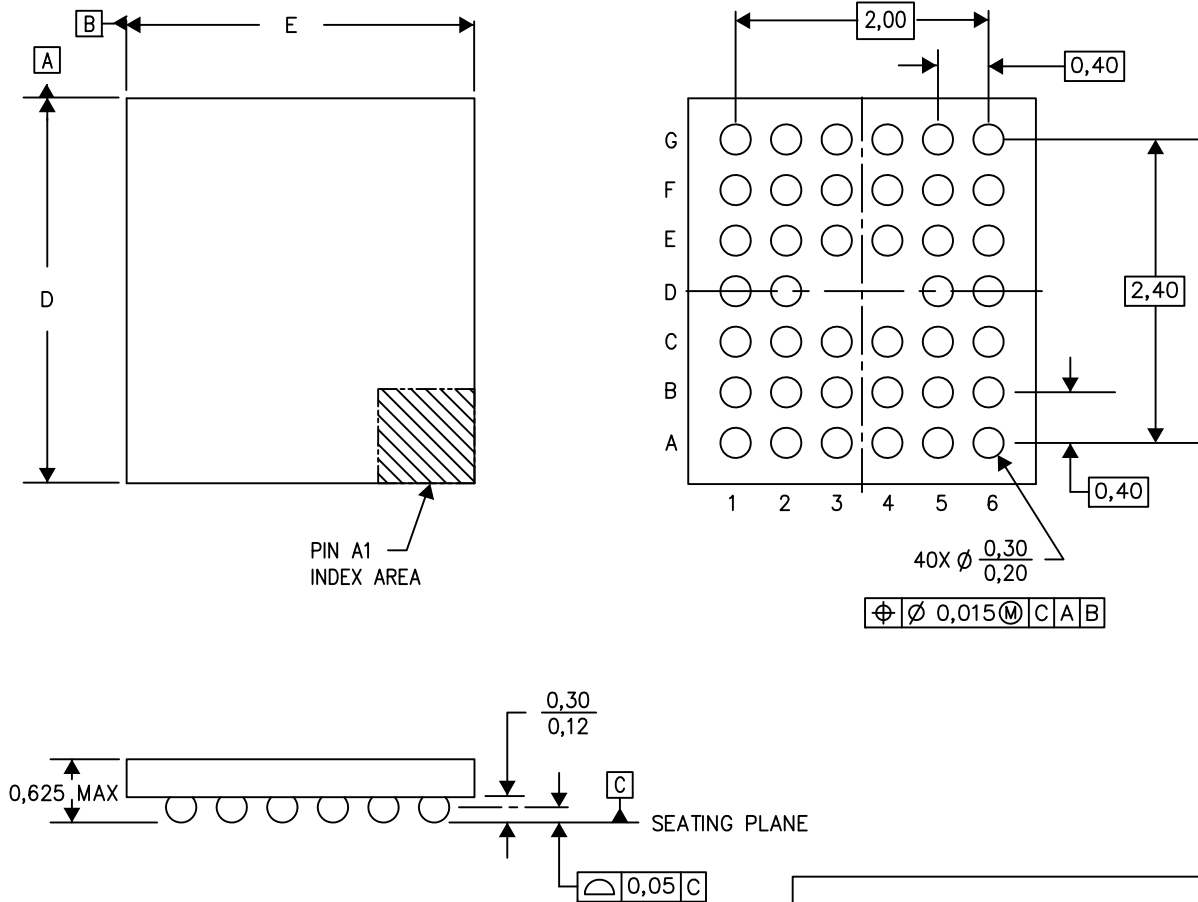
4219094/B 09/2023

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

YFF (R-XBGA-N40)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



D: Max = 3.09 mm, Min = 3.03 mm

E: Max = 2.79 mm, Min = 2.73 mm

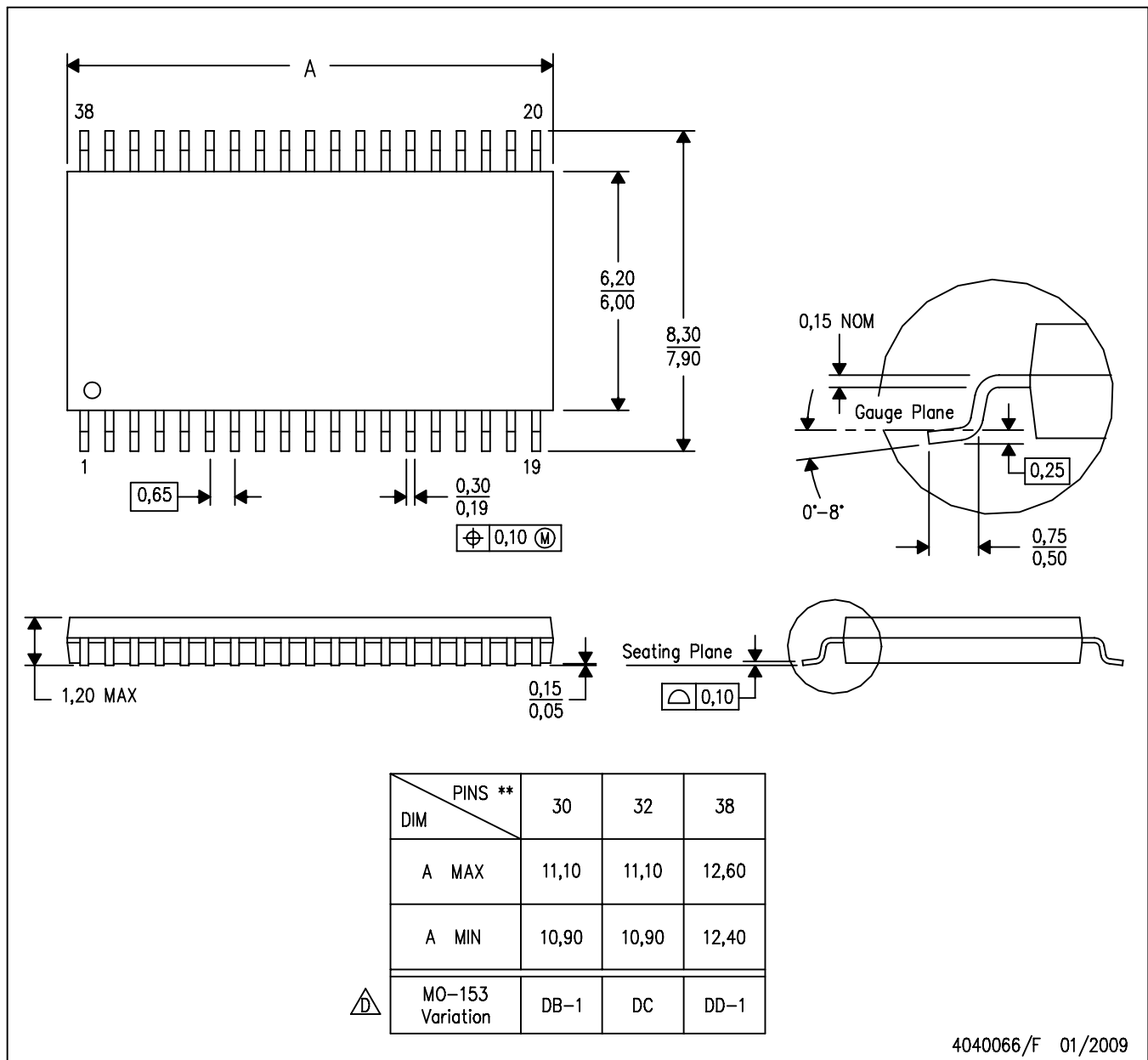
4207625-35/A0 12/13

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

DA (R-PDSO-G**)
38 PIN SHOWN

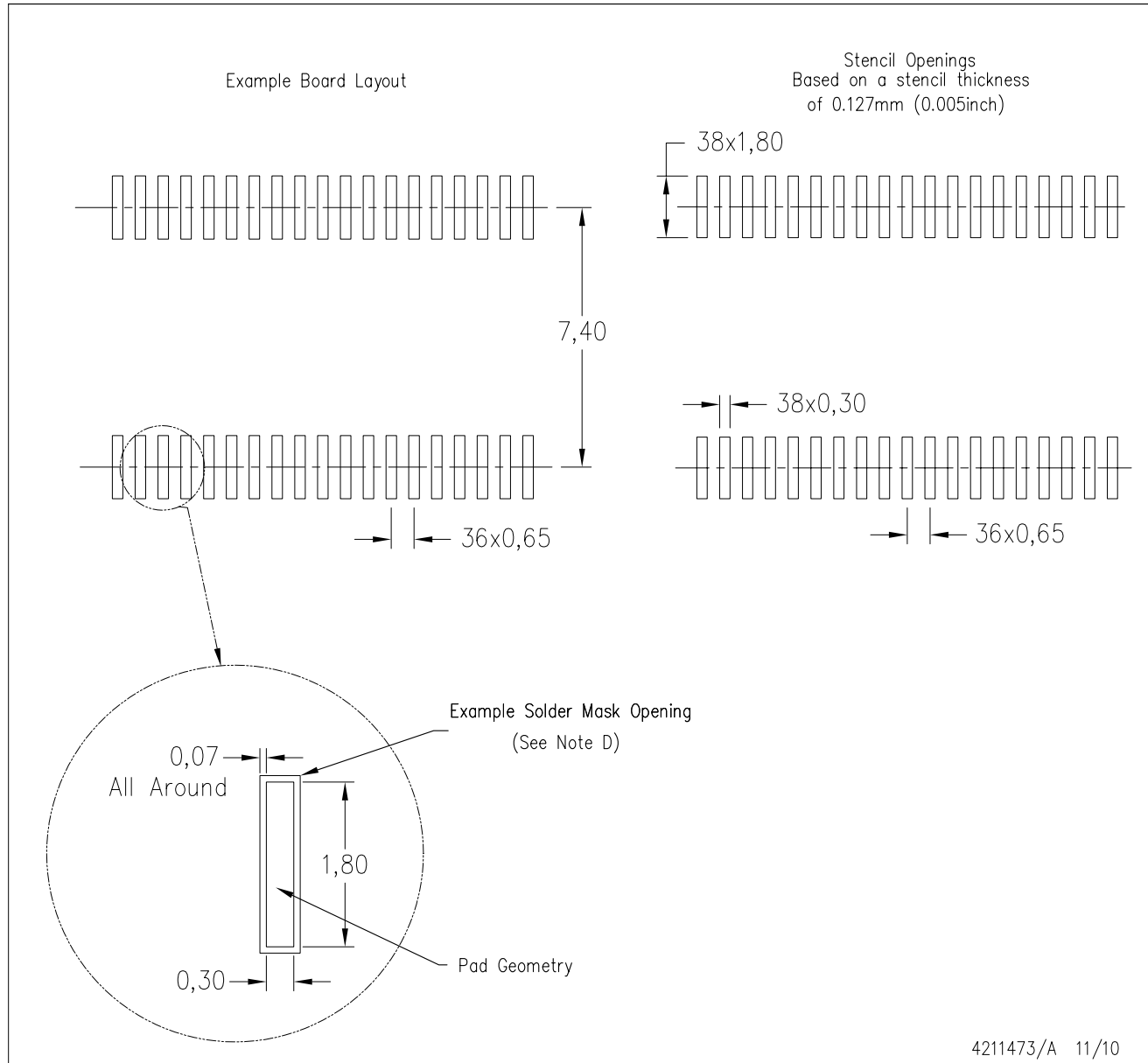
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153, except 30 pin body length.

DA (R-PDSO-G38)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - D. Contact the board fabrication site for recommended soldermask tolerances.

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