

# DS25BR440 3.125 Gbps Quad LVDS Buffer with Transmit Pre-Emphasis and Receive Equalization

Check for Samples: DS25BR440

# FEATURES

www.ti.com

- DC 3.125 Gbps Low Jitter, Low Skew, Low Power Operation
- Pin Selectable Transmit Pre-Emphasis and Receive Equalization Eliminate Data Dependant Jitter
- Wide Input Common Mode Voltage Range Allows DC-Coupled Interface to LVDS, CML and LVPECL Drivers
- LOS Circuitry Detects Open Inputs Fault
- Integrated 100Ω Input and Output Terminations
- 8 kV ESD on LVDS I/O Pins Protects Adjoining Components
- Small 6 mm x 6 mm WQFN-40 Space Saving Package

# **APPLICATIONS**

- Clock and Data Buffering and Repeating
- Copper Cable Driving and Equalization
- FR-4 Equalization
- OC-48 / STM-16

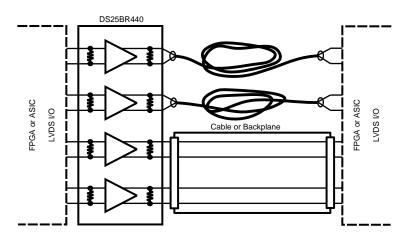
### **Typical Application**

# DESCRIPTION

The DS25BR440 is a 3.125 Gbps Quad LVDS buffer optimized for high-speed signal routing and repeating over lossy FR-4 printed circuit board backplanes and balanced cables. Fully differential signal paths ensure exceptional signal integrity and noise immunity.

The DS25BR440 features two levels of transmit preemphasis (PE) and two levels of receive equalization (EQ). Both of these features compensate for interconnect losses and <u>ultimately</u> maximize noise margin. A loss-of-signal (LOS) circuit monitors each input channel and a unique LOS pin is asserted when no signal is detected at that input.

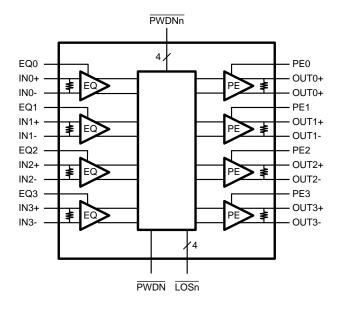
Wide input common mode range allows the switch to accept signals with LVDS, CML and LVPECL levels; the output levels are LVDS. A very small package footprint requires a minimal space on the board while the flow-through pinout allows easy board layout. Each differential input and output is internally terminated with a  $100\Omega$  resistor to lower device return losses, reduce component count and further minimize board space.



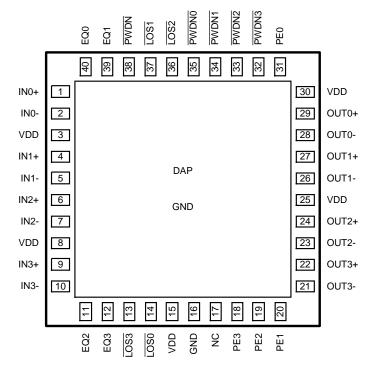
Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet. All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.



#### **Block Diagram**



# **Connection Diagram**



DS25BR440 Pin Diagram



#### SNLS258B-FEBRUARY 2008-REVISED MARCH 2013

| PIN DESCRIPTIONS  |   |           |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Pin Name  | Pin<br>Number                           | I/O, Type | Pin Description   |  |  |  |  |
| IN0+, IN0- ,<br>IN1+, IN1-,<br>IN2+, IN2-,<br>IN3+, IN3-        | 1, 2,<br>4, 5,<br>6, 7,<br>9, 10        | I, LVDS   | Inverting and non-inverting high speed LVDS input pins.   |  |  |  |  |
| OUT0+, OUT0-,<br>OUT1+, OUT1-,<br>OUT2+, OUT2-,<br>OUT3+, OUT3- | 29, 28,<br>27, 26,<br>24, 23,<br>22, 21 | O, LVDS   | Inverting and non-inverting high speed LVDS output pins.  |  |  |  |  |
| EQ0, EQ1,<br>EQ2, EQ3   | 40, 39,<br>11, 12                       | I, LVCMOS | Receive equalization level select pins.   |  |  |  |  |
| PE0, PE1,<br>PE2, PE3   | 31, 20,<br>19, 18                       | I, LVCMOS | Transmit pre-emphasis level select pins.  |  |  |  |  |
| PWDN0,<br>PWDN1,<br>PWDN2,<br>PWDN3                             | 35,<br>34,<br>33,<br>32                 | I, LVCMOS | Channel output power down pins. When the $\overline{PWDNn}$ is set to L, the channel output OUTn is in the power down mode. The LOS circuitry on the corresponding input remains enabled. |  |  |  |  |
| <u>LOS0</u> , <u>LOS1</u> ,<br>LOS2, LOS3                       | 14, 37,<br>36, 13                       | O, LVCMOS | Loss Of Signal output pins, LOSn report when an open input fault condition is detected at the input, INn. These are open drain outputs. External pull up resistors are required.          |  |  |  |  |
| NC  | 17                                      | NC        | NO CONNECT pins. May be left floating.  |  |  |  |  |
| PWDN  | 38                                      | I, LVCMOS | Device power down pin. When the $\overline{\text{PWDN}}$ is set to L, the device is in the power down mode. The $\overline{\text{LOS}}$ circuitry is disabled as well.                    |  |  |  |  |
| VDD   | 3, 8,<br>15,25, 30                      | Power     | Power supply pins.  |  |  |  |  |
| GND   | 16, DAP                                 | Power     | Ground pin and a pad (DAP - die attach pad).  |  |  |  |  |



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.



### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

| Supply Voltage                               | -0.3V to +4V                      |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| LVCMOS Input Voltage                         | -0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V) |
| LVCMOS Output Voltage                        | -0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V) |
| LVDS Input Voltage                           | -0.3V to +4V                      |
| Differential Input Voltage  VID              | 1V                                |
| LVDS Output Voltage                          | -0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V) |
| LVDS Differential Output Voltage             | 0.0V to +1V                       |
| LVDS Output Short Circuit Current Duration   | 5 ms                              |
| Junction Temperature                         | +150°C                            |
| Storage Temperature Range                    | −65°C to +150°C                   |
| Lead Temperature Range<br>Soldering (4 sec.) | +260°C                            |
| Maximum Package Power Dissipation at 25°C    |                                   |
| RTA0040A Package                             | 2.44W                             |
| Derate RTA0040A Package                      | 19.49 mW/°C above +25°C           |
| Package Thermal Resistance                   |                                   |
| θ <sub>JA</sub>                              | +26.9°C/W                         |
| θ <sub>JC</sub>                              | +3.8°C/W                          |
| ESD Susceptibility                           |                                   |
| HBM <sup>(3)</sup>                           | ≥8 kV                             |
| MM <sup>(4)</sup>                            | ≥250V                             |
| CDM <sup>(5)</sup>                           | ≥1250V                            |

(1) "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur, including inoperability and degradation of device reliability and/or performance. Functional operation of the device and/or non-degradation at the Absolute Maximum Ratings or other conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. The Recommended Operating Conditions indicate conditions at which the device is functional and the device should not be operated beyond such conditions.

(2) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the TI Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(3) Human Body Model, applicable std. JESD22-A114C

(4) Machine Model, applicable std. JESD22-A115-A

(5) Field Induced Charge Device Model, applicable std. JESD22-C101-C

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

|  | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )                | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V     |
| Receiver Differential Input Voltage (VID)        | 0   |     | 1   | V     |
| Operating Free Air Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> ) | -40 | +25 | +85 | °C    |

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified. <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>

| Symbol          | Parameter                | Conditions                                       | Min | Тур | Max             | Units |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----------------|-------|
| LVCMO           | S DC SPECIFICATIONS      |  |     |     |                 |       |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | High Level Input Voltage |  | 2.0 |     | V <sub>DD</sub> | V     |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Low Level Input Voltage  |  | GND |     | 0.8             | V     |
| I <sub>IH</sub> | High Level Input Current | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V |     | 0   | ±10             | μA    |

(1) The Electrical Characteristics tables list guaranteed specifications under the listed Recommended Operating Conditions except as otherwise modified or specified by the Electrical Characteristics Conditions and/or Notes. Typical specifications are estimations only and are not guaranteed.

(2) Current into device pins is defined as positive. Current out of device pins is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except V<sub>OD</sub> and ΔV<sub>OD</sub>.

(3) Typical values represent most likely parametric norms for  $V_{CC} = +3.3V$  and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , and at the Recommended Operation Conditions at the time of product characterization and are not guaranteed.



www.ti.com

#### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified. (1) (2) (3)

| Symbol           | Parameter  | Conditions  | Min  | Тур        | Max                       | Units |
|------------------|--|---|------|------------|---------------------------|-------|
| IIL              | Low Level Input Current  | $V_{IN} = GND$<br>$V_{CC} = 3.6V$                             |      | 0          | ±10                       | μA    |
| V <sub>CL</sub>  | Input Clamp Voltage  | $I_{CL} = -18 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 0 \text{V}$                |      | -0.9       | -1.5                      | V     |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Low Level Output Voltage   | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA  |      | 0.26       | 0.4                       | V     |
| LVDS IN          | IPUT DC SPECIFICATIONS   |   |      |            |                           | -     |
| V <sub>ID</sub>  | Input Differential Voltage   |   | 0    |            | 1                         | V     |
| V <sub>TH</sub>  | Differential Input High Threshold                                      | $V_{CM}$ = +0.05V or $V_{CC}$ -0.05V                          |      | 0          | +100                      | mV    |
| V <sub>TL</sub>  | Differential Input Low Threshold                                       |   | -100 | 0          |                           | mV    |
| V <sub>CMR</sub> | Common Mode Voltage Range  | V <sub>ID</sub> = 100 mV                                      | 0.05 |            | V <sub>CC</sub> -<br>0.05 | V     |
| I <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Current  | V <sub>IN</sub> = +3.6V or 0V<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V or 0V |      | ±1         | ±10                       | μA    |
| C <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Capacitance  | Any LVDS Input Pin to GND                                     |      | 1.7        |                           | pF    |
| R <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Termination Resistor   | Between IN+ and IN-   |      | 100        |                           | Ω     |
| LVDS O           | UTPUT DC SPECIFICATIONS  |   |      | - <u>1</u> | <u>.</u>                  | •     |
| V <sub>OD</sub>  | Differential Output Voltage  |   | 250  | 350        | 450                       | mV    |
| ΔV <sub>OD</sub> | Change in Magnitude of V <sub>OD</sub> for Complimentary Output States | $R_L = 100\Omega$   | -35  |            | 35                        | mV    |
| V <sub>OS</sub>  | Offset Voltage   |   | 1.05 | 1.2        | 1.375                     | V     |
| ΔV <sub>OS</sub> | Change in Magnitude of V <sub>OS</sub> for Complimentary Output States | $R_L = 100\Omega$   | -35  |            | 35                        | mV    |
| l <sub>os</sub>  | Output Short Circuit Current <sup>(4)</sup>                            | OUT to GND  |      | -35        | -55                       | mA    |
|                  |  | OUT to V <sub>CC</sub>  |      | 7          | 55                        | mA    |
| C <sub>OUT</sub> | Output Capacitance   | Any LVDS Output Pin to GND                                    |      | 1.2        |                           | pF    |
| R <sub>OUT</sub> | Output Termination Resistor  | Between OUT+ and OUT-   |      | 100        |                           | Ω     |
| SUPPLY           | CURRENT  |   |      |            |                           | -     |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | Supply Current   | PE = OFF, EQ = OFF<br>PWDN = H                                |      | 162        | 190                       | mA    |
| I <sub>CCZ</sub> | Power Down Supply Current  | PWDN = L  |      | 55         | 63                        | mA    |

(4) Output short circuit current (I<sub>OS</sub>) is specified as magnitude only, minus sign indicates direction only.

### AC Electrical Characteristics (1) (2)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol            | Parameter   | Conditions          | Min | Тур | Max | Units |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|--|--|--|
| LVDS OUTPUT A     | VDS OUTPUT AC SPECIFICATIONS                            |                     |     |     |     |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>PLHD</sub> | Differential Propagation Delay Low to High $^{\rm (3)}$ | P 1000              |     | 390 | 600 | ps    |  |  |  |
| t <sub>PHLD</sub> | Differential Propagation Delay High to Low $^{\rm (3)}$ | $R_{L} = 100\Omega$ |     | 400 | 600 | ps    |  |  |  |
| t <sub>SKD1</sub> | Pulse Skew  t <sub>PLHD</sub> - t <sub>PHLD</sub>       |                     |     | 10  | 50  | ps    |  |  |  |

(1) The Electrical Characteristics tables list guaranteed specifications under the listed Recommended Operating Conditions except as otherwise modified or specified by the Electrical Characteristics Conditions and/or Notes. Typical specifications are estimations only and are not guaranteed.

(2) Typical values represent most likely parametric norms for  $V_{CC} = +3.3V$  and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , and at the Recommended Operation Conditions at the time of product characterization and are not guaranteed.

(3) Specification is guaranteed by characterization and is not tested in production.

(4) t<sub>SKD1</sub>, |t<sub>PLHD</sub> - t<sub>PHLD</sub>], Pulse Skew, is the magnitude difference in differential propagation delay time between the positive going edge and the negative going edge of the same channel.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

# AC Electrical Characteristics <sup>(1) (2)</sup> (continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol             | Parameter Conditions  |   | litions    | Min | Тур  | Max  | Units             |
|--------------------|---|---|------------|-----|------|------|-------------------|
| t <sub>SKD2</sub>  | Channel to Channel Skew   |   |            |     | 18   | 65   | ps                |
| t <sub>SKD3</sub>  | Part to Part Skew (3) (6)   |   |            |     | 50   | 170  | ps                |
| t <sub>LHT</sub>   | Rise Time <sup>(3)</sup>  |   |            |     | 80   | 160  | ps                |
| t <sub>HLT</sub>   | Fall Time <sup>(3)</sup>  | $R_L = 100\Omega$                       |            |     | 80   | 160  | ps                |
| t <sub>ON</sub>    | Any PWDN to Output Active Time  |   |            |     | 8    | 20   | μs                |
| t <sub>OFF</sub>   | Any PWDN to Output Inactive Time  |   |            |     | 5    | 12   | ns                |
| JITTER PERFO       | RMANCE WITH EQ = Off, PE = Off $^{(3)}$ (F  | igure 5)                                |            | -   |      |      |                   |
| t <sub>RJ1</sub>   | Random Jitter (RMS Value)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 0.5  | 1    | ps                |
| t <sub>RJ2</sub>   | No Test Channels  | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>Clock (RZ)    | 3.125 Gbps |     | 0.5  | 1    | ps                |
| t <sub>DJ1</sub>   | Deterministic Jitter (Peak to Peak)   | $V_{ID} = 350 \text{ mV}$               | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 6    | 22   | ps                |
| t <sub>DJ2</sub>   | No Test Channels  | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>K28.5 (NRZ)   | 3.125 Gbps |     | 10   | 29   | ps                |
| t <sub>TJ1</sub>   | Total Jitter (Peak to Peak)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 0.04 | 0.09 | $UI_{P-P}$        |
| t <sub>TJ2</sub>   | No Test Channels  | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>PRBS-23 (NRZ) | 3.125 Gbps |     | 0.06 | 0.14 | UI <sub>P-P</sub> |
| JITTER PERFO       | RMANCE WITH EQ = Off, PE = On <sup>(3)</sup> (Fi                                      | igure 6, Figure 9)                      |            |     |      |      |                   |
| t <sub>RJ1B</sub>  | Random Jitter (RMS Value)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 0.5  | 1    | ps                |
| t <sub>RJ2B</sub>  | Test Channel B  | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>Clock (RZ)    | 3.125 Gbps |     | 0.5  | 1    | ps                |
| t <sub>DJ1B</sub>  | Deterministic Jitter (Peak to Peak)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 7    | 15   | ps                |
| t <sub>DJ2B</sub>  | Test Channel B<br>(7)<br>Deterministic Jitter (Peak to Peak)<br>Test Channel B<br>(8) | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>K28.5 (NRZ)   | 3.125 Gbps |     | 4    | 23   | ps                |
| t <sub>TJ1B</sub>  | Total Jitter (Peak to Peak)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 0.05 | 0.10 | UI <sub>P-P</sub> |
| t <sub>TJ2B</sub>  | Test Channel B  | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>PRBS-23 (NRZ) | 3.125 Gbps |     | 0.06 | 0.14 | UI <sub>P-P</sub> |
| JITTER PERFO       | RMANCE WITH EQ = On, PE = Off <sup>(11)</sup> (F                                      | Figure 7, Figure 9)                     |            |     |      |      | -                 |
| t <sub>RJ1D</sub>  | Random Jitter (RMS Value)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 0.5  | 1    | ps                |
| t <sub>RJ2D</sub>  | Test Channel D<br>(12)  | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>Clock (RZ)    | 3.125 Gbps |     | 0.5  | 1    | ps                |
| t <sub>DJ1D</sub>  | Deterministic Jitter (Peak to Peak)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 14   | 30   | ps                |
| t <sub>DJ2D</sub>  | Test Channel D  | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>K28.5 (NRZ)   | 3.125 Gbps |     | 15   | 30   | ps                |
| t <sub>TJ1D</sub>  | Total Jitter (Peak to Peak)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 0.08 | 0.15 | UI <sub>P-P</sub> |
| t <sub>TJ2D</sub>  | Test Channel D  | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>PRBS-23 (NRZ) | 3.125 Gbps |     | 0.10 | 0.17 | UI <sub>P-P</sub> |
| JITTER PERFO       | RMANCE WITH EQ = On, PE = On <sup>(11)</sup> (F                                       | igure 8, Figure 9)                      |            | 1   |      |      |                   |
| t <sub>RJ1BD</sub> | Random Jitter (RMS Value)   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 0.5  | 1    | ps                |
| t <sub>RJ2BD</sub> | Input Test Channel D<br>Output Test Channel B   | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>Clock (RZ)    | 3.125 Gbps |     | 0.5  | 1    | ps                |

(5) t<sub>SKD2</sub>, Channel to Channel Skew, is the difference in propagation delay (t<sub>PLHD</sub> or t<sub>PHLD</sub>) among all output channels in Broadcast mode (any one input to all outputs).

(6)  $t_{SKD3}$ , Part to Part Skew, is defined as the difference between the minimum and maximum differential propagation delays. This specification applies to devices at the same  $V_{CC}$  and within 5°C of each other within the operating temperature range.

(7) Measured on a clock edge with a histogram and an accumulation of 1500 histogram hits. Input stimulus jitter is subtracted geometrically.
(8) Tested with a combination of the 1100000101 (K28.5+ character) and 0011111010 (K28.5- character) patterns. Input stimulus jitter is subtracted algebraically.

(9) Measured on an eye diagram with a histogram and an accumulation of 3500 histogram hits. Input stimulus jitter is subtracted.

(10) Measured on an eye diagram with a histogram and an accumulation of 3500 histogram hits. Input stimulus jitter is subtracted.

(11) Specification is guaranteed by characterization and is not tested in production.

(12) Measured on a clock edge with a histogram and an accumulation of 1500 histogram hits. Input stimulus jitter is subtracted geometrically.
 (13) Tested with a combination of the 1100000101 (K28.5+ character) and 0011111010 (K28.5- character) patterns. Input stimulus jitter is subtracted algebraically.



#### SNLS258B-FEBRUARY 2008-REVISED MARCH 2013

# AC Electrical Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup> (continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol             | Parameter   | Conditi                                 | ons        | Min | Тур  | Max  | Units             |
|--------------------|---|---|------------|-----|------|------|-------------------|
| t <sub>DJ1BD</sub> | Deterministic Jitter (Peak to Peak)                   | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 11   | 23   | ps                |
| t <sub>DJ2BD</sub> |   | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>K28.5 (NRZ)   | 3.125 Gbps |     | 5    | 24   | ps                |
| t <sub>TJ1BD</sub> | Total Jitter (Peak to Peak)                           | V <sub>ID</sub> = 350 mV                | 2.5 Gbps   |     | 0.08 | 0.14 | $UI_{P}$          |
| t <sub>TJ2BD</sub> | Input Test Channel D<br>Output Test Channel B<br>(10) | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V<br>PRBS-23 (NRZ) | 3.125 Gbps |     | 0.10 | 0.20 | UI <sub>P-P</sub> |



SNLS258B-FEBRUARY 2008-REVISED MARCH 2013

DC TEST CIRCUITS

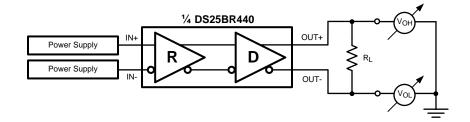


Figure 1. Differential Driver DC Test Circuit

# **AC Test Circuits and Timing Diagrams**

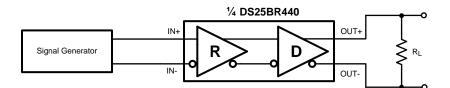


Figure 2. Differential Driver AC Test Circuit

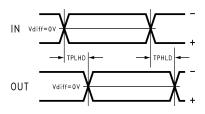


Figure 3. Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

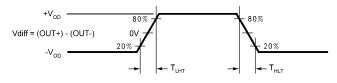
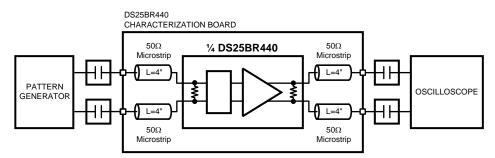


Figure 4. LVDS Output Transition Times

# **Pre-Emphasis and Equalization Test Circuits**







SNLS258B-FEBRUARY 2008-REVISED MARCH 2013

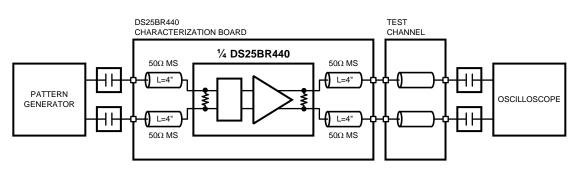


Figure 6. Pre-emphasis Performance Test Circuit

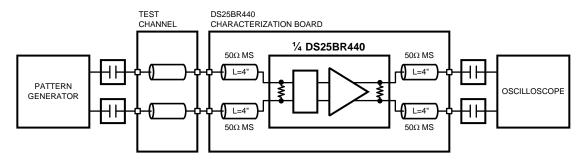


Figure 7. Equalization Performance Test Circuit

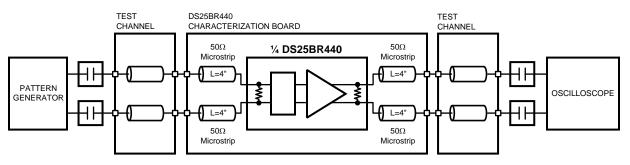


Figure 8. Pre-emphasis and Equalization Performance Test Circuit

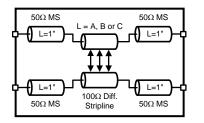


Figure 9. Test Channel Block Diagram

### **Test Channel Loss Characteristics**

The test channel was fabricated with Polyclad PCL-FR-370-Laminate/PCL-FRP-370 Prepreg materials (Dielectric constant of 3.7 and Loss Tangent of 0.02). The edge coupled differential striplines have the following geometries: Trace Width (W) = 5 mils, Gap (S) = 5 mils, Height (B) = 16 mils.



www.ti.com

| Test Channel | Length   | Insertion Loss (dB) |         |          |          |          |          |
|--------------|----------|---------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|              | (inches) | 500 MHz             | 750 MHz | 1000 MHz | 1250 MHz | 1500 MHz | 1560 MHz |
| А            | 10       | -1.2                | -1.7    | -2.0     | -2.4     | -2.7     | -2.8     |
| В            | 20       | -2.6                | -3.5    | -4.1     | -4.8     | -5.5     | -5.6     |
| С            | 30       | -4.3                | -5.7    | -7.0     | -8.2     | -9.4     | -9.7     |
| D            | 15       | -1.6                | -2.2    | -2.7     | -3.2     | -3.7     | -3.8     |
| E            | 30       | -3.4                | -4.5    | -5.6     | -6.6     | -7.7     | -7.9     |
| F            | 60       | -7.8                | -10.3   | -12.4    | -14.5    | -16.6    | -17.0    |

### **Functional Description**

The DS25BR440 is a 3.125 Gbps Quad LVDS buffer optimized for high-speed signal routing and repeating over lossy FR-4 printed circuit board backplanes and balanced cables.

The DS25BR440 has a pre-emphasis control pin for each output for switching the transmit pre-emphasis to ON and OFF setting and an equalization control pin for each input for switching the receive equalization to ON and OFF setting. The following are the transmit pre-emphasis and receive equalization truth tables.

#### Table 1. Transmit Pre-Emphasis Truth Table<sup>(1)</sup>

| OUTPUT OUTn, n = {0, 1, 2, 3} |                    |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| CONTROL Pin (PEn) State       | Pre-emphasis Level |  |  |  |
| 0                             | OFF                |  |  |  |
| 1                             | ON                 |  |  |  |

(1) Transmit Pre-emphasis Level Selection for an Output OUTn

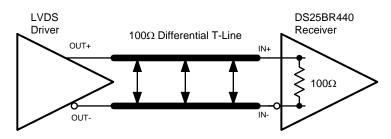
#### Table 2. Receive Equalization Truth Table<sup>(1)</sup>

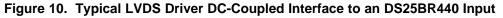
| INPUT INn, n = {0, 1, 2, 3} |                    |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| CONTROL Pin (EQn) State     | Equalization Level |  |  |  |
| 0                           | OFF                |  |  |  |
| 1                           | ON                 |  |  |  |

(1) Receive Equalization Level Selection for an Input INn

#### Input Interfacing

The DS25BR440 accepts differential signals and allows simple AC or DC coupling. With a wide common mode range, the DS25BR440 can be DC-coupled with all common differential drivers (i.e. LVPECL, LVDS, CML). The following three figures illustrate typical DC-coupled interface to common differential drivers. Note that the DS25BR440 inputs are internally terminated with a  $100\Omega$  resistor.

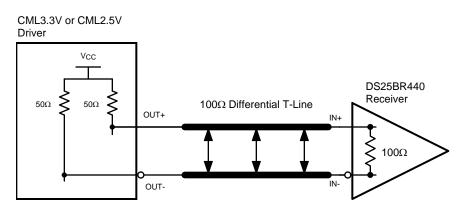




TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

SNLS258B-FEBRUARY 2008-REVISED MARCH 2013





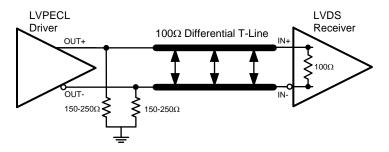
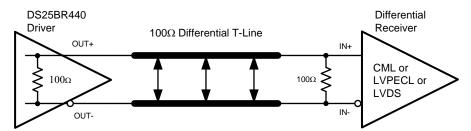


Figure 12. Typical LVPECL Driver DC-Coupled Interface to an DS25BR440 Input

### Output Interfacing

The DS25BR440 outputs signals compliant to the LVDS standard. Its outputs can be DC-coupled to most common differential receivers. The following figure illustrates typical DC-coupled interface to common differential receivers and assumes that the receivers have high impedance inputs. While most differential receivers have a common mode input range that can accommodate LVDS compliant signals, it is recommended to check the respective receiver's data sheet prior to implementing the suggested interface implementation.







www.ti.com



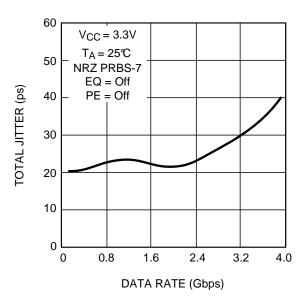


Figure 14. Total Jitter as a Function of Data Rate

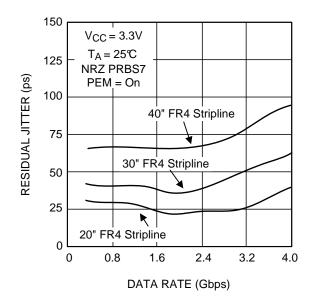


Figure 16. Residual Jitter as a Function of Data Rate, FR4 Stripline Length and PE Level

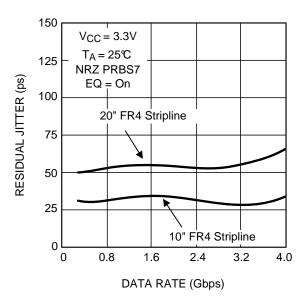


Figure 15. Residual Jitter as a Function of Data Rate, FR4 Stripline Length and EQ Level

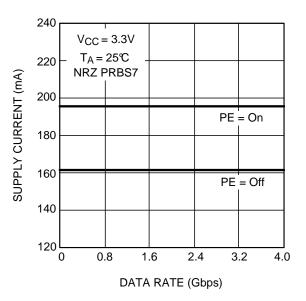


Figure 17. Supply Current as a Function of Data Rate and PE Level



SNLS258B-FEBRUARY 2008-REVISED MARCH 2013

# **REVISION HISTORY**

| Changes from Revision A (March 2013) to Revision B |  |    |  |
|--|--|----|--|
| •  | Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format | 12 |  |



### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable part number | Status | Material type | Package   Pins  | Package qty   Carrier | RoHS | Lead finish/  | MSL rating/         | Op temp (°C) | Part marking |
|-----------------------|--------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|---------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                       | (1)    | (2)           |                 |                       | (3)  | Ball material | Peak reflow         |              | (6)          |
|                       |        |               |                 |                       |      | (4)           | (5)                 |              |              |
| DS25BR440TSQ/NOPB     | Active | Production    | WQFN (RTA)   40 | 250   SMALL T&R       | Yes  | SN            | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -            | 2BR440SQ     |
| DS25BR440TSQ/NOPB.A   | Active | Production    | WQFN (RTA)   40 | 250   SMALL T&R       | Yes  | SN            | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 85    | 2BR440SQ     |
| DS25BR440TSQX/NOPB    | Active | Production    | WQFN (RTA)   40 | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes  | SN            | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 85    | 2BR440SQ     |
| DS25BR440TSQX/NOPB.A  | Active | Production    | WQFN (RTA)   40 | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes  | SN            | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 85    | 2BR440SQ     |

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.



Texas

STRUMENTS

# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



| *All dimensions are nominal |      |                    |    |      |                          |                          |            |            |            |            |           |                  |
|-----------------------------|------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| Device                      | •    | Package<br>Drawing |    | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
| DS25BR440TSQ/NOPB           | WQFN | RTA                | 40 | 250  | 178.0                    | 16.4                     | 6.3        | 6.3        | 1.5        | 12.0       | 16.0      | Q1               |
| DS25BR440TSQX/NOPB          | WQFN | RTA                | 40 | 2500 | 330.0                    | 16.4                     | 6.3        | 6.3        | 1.5        | 12.0       | 16.0      | Q1               |



# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

1-Aug-2025



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device             | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| DS25BR440TSQ/NOPB  | WQFN         | RTA             | 40   | 250  | 208.0       | 191.0      | 35.0        |
| DS25BR440TSQX/NOPB | WQFN         | RTA             | 40   | 2500 | 356.0       | 356.0      | 36.0        |

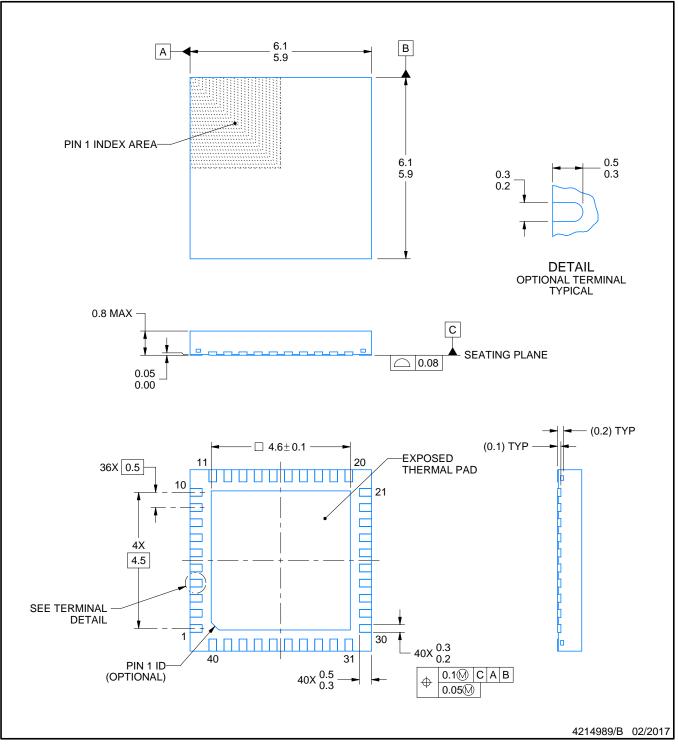
# **RTA0040A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

# WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

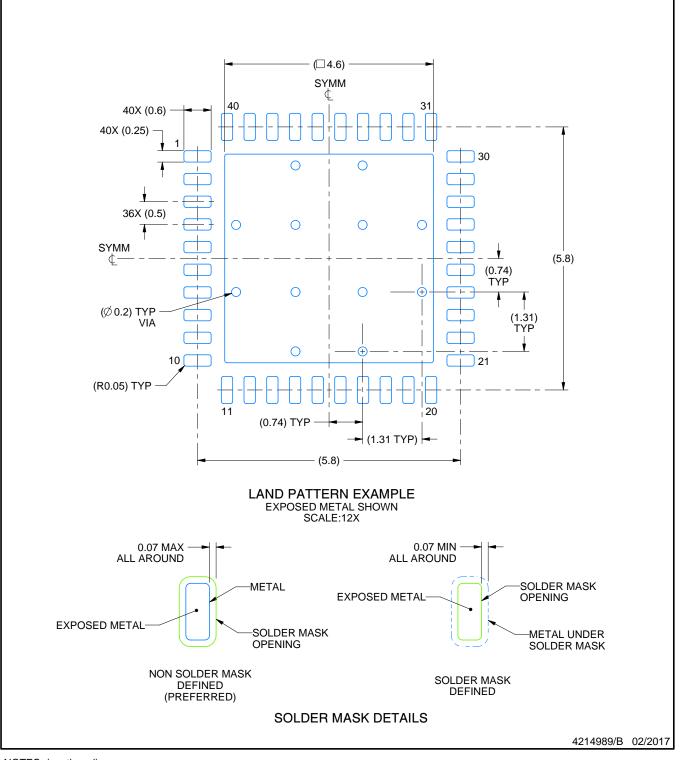


# **RTA0040A**

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

# WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

 This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

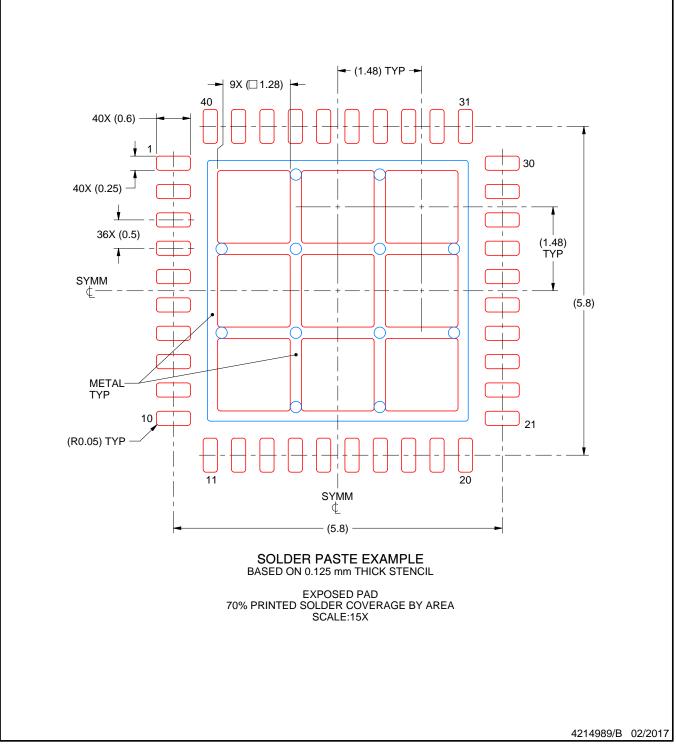


# **RTA0040A**

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

# WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



# IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2025, Texas Instruments Incorporated