











bq76200

ZHCSED8 - NOVEMBER 2015

bq76200 高压电池组前端充电/放电高侧 NFET 驱动器

特性

- CHG 和 DSG 高侧 N 沟道金属氧化物半导体 (NMOS) 场效应晶体管 (FET) 驱动器,可控制电池 保护快速 FET 导通和关断次数
- 预充电 P 沟道场效应晶体管 (PFET) 驱动器 (用于 为显著耗尽的电池组进行限流预充电)
- 独立的数字使能充/放电控制
- 所需外部组件最少
- 基于可扩展外部电容的电荷泵,适用于不同范围内 的并行 FET
- 耐受高压(绝对最高电压为 100V)
- 使能电池组电压感测的内部开关
- 支持通用和独立的充/放电路径配置
- 设计为直接与 bq76940、bq76930 和 bq76920 电 池监控器搭配使用
- 电流消耗:
 - 正常模式: 40µA
 - 关断模式: < 10µA (最大值)

2 应用

- 电动自行车 (eBike)、电动踏板车 (eScooter) 和电 动摩托车 (eMotorcycles)
- 储能系统和不间断电源 (UPS)
- 便携式医疗系统
- 无线基站电池系统
- 铅酸 (PbA) 备用电池
- 12V 至 48V 电池组

3 说明

bq76200 器件是一款低功耗、高侧 N 沟道系统。 高侧 保护可防止系统的接地引脚断开连接,同时允许电池组 与主机系统之间进行持续通信。 该器件的附加 P 沟道 FET 控制功能支持对深度耗尽型电池进行低电流预充 电,其 PACK+ 电压监控控制功能支持主机感测 PACK+ 电压。

独立的使能输入允许单独导通和关断 CHG 与 DSG FET,从而提供灵活的电池系统实施方案。

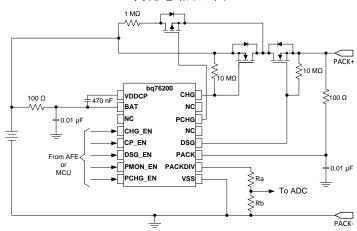
bq76200 器件可与配套的模拟前端器件搭配使用,例 如 bq76920/30/40 系列、3 节至 15 节电池模拟前端监 控以及主机微控制器或专用的充电状态 (SOC) 跟踪电 量监测计器件。

器件信息(1)

部件号	封装	封装尺寸 (标称值)
bq76200	TSSOP (16)	5.00mm × 4.40mm × 1.00mm

(1) 要了解所有可用封装,请见数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

简化电路原理图



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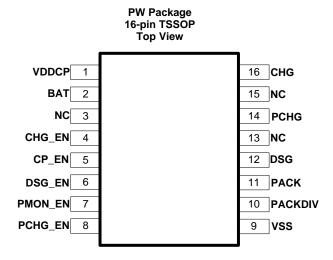
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4 修订历史记录

日期	修订版本	注释		
2015年11月	*	最初发布版本		

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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

	PIN		DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
BAT	2	Р	Top of battery stack
CHG ⁽²⁾	16	0	Gate drive for charge FET
CHG_EN ⁽³⁾	4	I	Charge FET enable
CP_EN ⁽³⁾	5	I	Charge pump enable (internally logic ORed with CHG_EN and DSG_EN signals)
DSG ⁽²⁾	12	0	Gate drive for discharge FET
DSG_EN ⁽³⁾	6	1	Discharge FET enable
NC	3, 13, 15	_	No connect. Leave the pin floating
PACK	11	Р	Analog input from PACK+ terminal
PACKDIV ⁽²⁾	10	0	PACK voltage after internal switch (connect to MCU ADC via resistor divider).
PCHG ⁽²⁾	14	0	Gate drive for pre-charge FET
PCHG_EN ⁽³⁾	8	1	Pre-charge FET enable
PMON_EN ⁽³⁾	7	I	Pack monitor enable (allows connection of internal switch between PACK and PACKDIV)
VDDCP	1	0	Charge pump output. Connect a capacitor to BAT pin. Do not load this pin.
VSS	9	Р	Ground reference

P = Power Connection, O = Digital Output, AI = Analog Input, I = Digital Input, I/OD = Digital Input/Output

Leave the pin float if function is not used.

Recommended to connect the pin to ground if function is not used.

STRUMENTS

Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage range \/	BAT, PACK (both under charge pump disabled condition)	-0.3	100	V
Input voltage range, V _{IN}	CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, PMON_EN, CP_EN ⁽²⁾	-0.3	15	V
Output voltage range, V _O	CHG, DSG, PCHG, PACKDIV, VDDCP	-0.3	100	V
T _{FUNC}	Functional Temperature	-40	110	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		- 65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended* Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

The enable inputs need to be current limited with max current not exceeding 5 mA.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	.,
V _(ESD)	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	±500	V

JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Typical values stated where $T_A = 25$ °C and VBAT = 48.8 V, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C and BAT = 8 V to 75 V (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{BAT}	Battery cell input sup	oply voltage range	8		75	V
V_{PACK}	Charger/Load voltag	e range	0		75	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage range	CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, PMON_EN, CP_EN	0		14	V
C _{VDDCP}	Capacitor Between VDDCP and BAT			470		nF
T _{OPR}	Operating free-range temperature		-40		85	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	TSSOP (PW)	LINUT
	THERMAL METRIC**	16 PINS	UNIT
R ₀ JA, High K	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	106.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance	41.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	51.8	°C/W
ΨЈΤ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.8	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	51.3	°C/W
R ₀ JC(bot)	Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Typical values stated at $T_A = 25$ °C and $V_{(BAT)} = 48$ V. MIN/MAX values stated with $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C and $V_{(BAT)} = 8$ to 75 V unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY AND L	EAKAGE CURRENT					
I _(BAT)	NORMAL mode current ⁽¹⁾	$C_{\text{(VDDCP)}} = 470 \text{ nF}, V_{\text{(BAT)}} = V_{\text{(PACK)}},$ $C_{\text{L}} = 10 \text{ nF}$		40	50	μΑ
Ishut	Sum of current into BAT and PACK pin	Shutdown Mode, PACK = 0 V, BAT = 8 V		6	9.5	μΑ
CHARGE PUMP						
V _(VDDCP)	Charge pump voltage	No Load, $CP_EN = hi$, $V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)}$	9		14	V
t _{CPON}	Charge pump start up time from zero volt	$C_{(VDDCP)}$ = 470 nF, 10% to 90% of $V_{(VDDCP)}$		100		ms
INPUT ENABLE	CONTROL SIGNALS					
V_{IL}	Digital low input level for CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, CP_EN, PMON_EN				0.6	V
V _{IH}	Digital high input level for CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, CP_EN, PMON_EN		1.2			V
R _{PD}	Internal Pull down	VIN = 5 V	0.6	1	4	МΩ
CHARGE FET D	RIVER				·	
V _(CHGFETON)	CHG gate drive voltage (on)	C_L = 10 nF, CHG_EN = Hi, $V_{(BAT)}$ = $V_{(PACK)}$, $V_{(CHG)}$ - $V_{(BAT)}$	9	12	14	V
R _(CHGFETON)	CHG FET driver on resistance	$V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)} = 12 \text{ V, CHG_EN} = \text{Hi,}$ $V_{(BAT)} = V_{(PACK)}$		1.1		kΩ
R _(CHGFETOFF)	CHG FET driver off resistance	$V_{\text{(VDDCP)}} - V_{\text{(BAT)}} = 12 \text{ V, CHG_EN} = \text{Lo,}$ $V_{\text{(BAT)}} = V_{\text{(PACK)}}$		0.3		kΩ
DISCHARGE FE	T DRIVER					
V _(DSGFETON)	DSG gate drive voltage (on)	C_L = 10 nF, DSG_EN = Hi, $V_{(BAT)}$ = $V_{(PACK)}$, $V_{(DSG)} - V_{(PACK)}$	9	12	14	V
R _(DSGFETON)	DSG FET driver on resistance	$V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)} = 12 \text{ V, DSG_EN} = \text{Hi,}$ $V_{(BAT)} = V_{(PACK)}$		3.5		kΩ
R _(DSGFETOFF)	DSG FET driver off resistance	$V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)} = 12 \text{ V, DSG_EN} = \text{Lo,}$ $V_{(BAT)} = V_{(PACK)}$		1		kΩ
PRECHARGE F	ET DRIVER					-
V _(PCHGFETON)	PCHG gate drive voltage (on)	$V_{(PACK)} > 17 \text{ V}, V_{(BAT)} < V_{(PACK)}, V_{(PACK)} - V_{(PCHG)}$	5	12	14	V
PACK MONITO	R (PACK_DIV)	·				
R _(PMONFET)	On resistance of internal FET (R between PACK and PACKDIV)	PMON_EN = hi	1.5	2.5	3.5	kΩ

⁽¹⁾ NORMAL mode is defined as CHG_EN = Hi, DSG_EN = Hi, CP_EN = Hi, PCHG_EN = Lo, PMON_EN = Lo. Current value is averaged out over time.



6.6 Timing Requirements

Parameter	Description	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
tCHGFETON	CHG on rise time + propagation delay	C_L = 10 nF, (20% of CHG_EN from Lo to Hi) to (80% of V _(CHGFETON)), CP_EN = Hi, (CP is already on)		27	45	μs
tCHGFETOFF	CHG off fall time + progation delay	C_L = 10 nF, (80% of CHG_EN from Hi to Lo) to (20% of $V_{(CHGFETON)}$) , CHG_EN = Hi to Lo		7	20	μs
t _{PROP} _CHG	CHG EN to CHG output	C _L = 10 nF, CP_EN = Hi, (CP is already on), see timing diagram		0.5		μs
t _{DSGFETON}	DSG on rise time + propagation delay	C_L = 10 nF, (20% of DSG_EN from Lo to Hi) to (80% of V _(DSGFETON)), CP_EN = Hi, (CP is already on)		24	50	μs
t _{DSGFETOFF}	DSG off fall time + propagation delay	C_L = 10 nF, (80% of DSG_EN from Hi to Lo) to (20% of V _(DSGFETON))		7	20	μs
t _{PROP_DSG}	DSG EN to DSG output propagation delay	C _L = 10 nF, CP_EN = Hi, (CP already on), see timing Diagram		0.5		μs
t _{PCHGOFF}	PCHG turn off time + propagation delay	C_L = 1 nF, (20% of PCHG_EN from Hi to Lo) to (80% of V _(PCHGFETON))		30	55	μs
t _{PCHGON}	PCHG turn on time + propagation delay	C_L = 1 nF, (80% of PCHG_EN from Lo to Hi) to (20% of $V_{(PCHGFETON)}$)		34	55	μs
t _{PROP_PCHG}	PCH_EN to PCHG propagation delay	C _L = 1 nF		0.5		μs
t _{PROP_PMON}	PMON_EN and PACKDIV = PACK propagation delay			0.5		μs

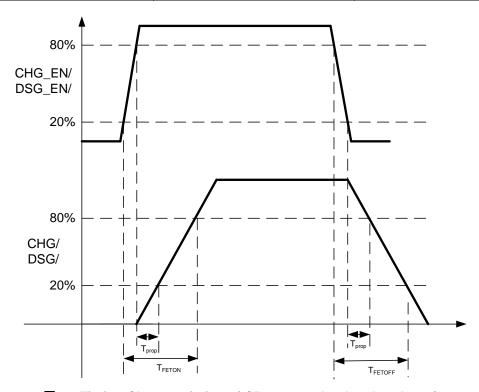
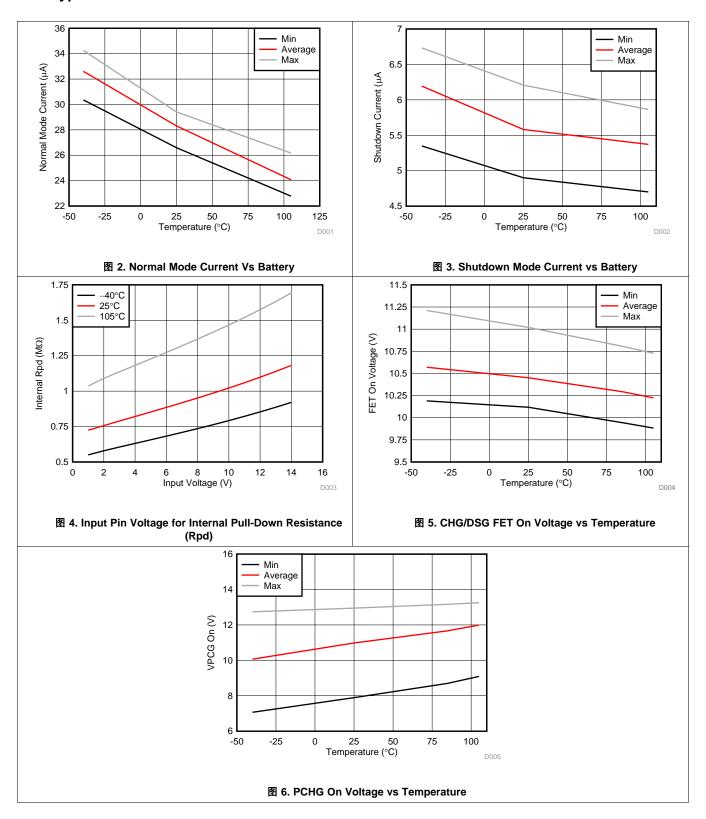


图 1. Timing Characteristics - (CP assumed to be already On)



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6.7 Typical Characteristics



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7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The bq76200 device is a low-power, high-side, N-Channel MOSFET driver for battery-pack protection systems, allowing a low-side battery-protection system to be implemented into a high-side protection system.

High-side charge/discharge FETs offer a huge advantage versus their low-side counterparts; with high-side implementation, a system-side processor can always communicate with the monitor or micro-controller (MCU) within the battery pack, regardless of whether the FETs are on or off — this is not easily supported in a low-side switching architecture due to the lack of a shared ground reference. One key benefit of an ever-present communication link is the ability to read out critical pack parameters despite safety faults, thereby enabling the system to assess pack conditions before determining if normal operation may resume.

The device allows independent control on charging and discharge via the digital enable pins. The device has integrated charge pump which is enabled by the CP_EN pin. The enable inputs, CHG_EN, DSG_EN, and PCHG_EN control the CHG, DSG, and PCHG FET gate drivers, respectively. The enable inputs can be connected to low-side FET driver outputs of an Analog Front End (AFE) such as Texas Instruments bq769x0 series, a general purpose microcontroller, or dedicated battery pack controller such as the bq783xx series.

In normal mode, the AFE or MCU enables the CHG_EN and DSG_EN, turning on the CHG and DSG FET drivers to connect the battery power to the PACK+ terminal. When a fault is detected by the AFE or the microcontroller, it can disable the CHG_EN and/or DSG_EN to open the charge or discharge path for protection. Note that when either the CHG_EN or DSG_EN is enabled, the charge pump will be automatically enabled even if the CP_EN is in the disable state. It is recommended to enable the charge pump via CP_EN pin during system start-up to avoid adding the t_{CPON} time into the FET switching time during normal operation.

A lower charging current is usually applied to a deeply depleted battery pack. The bq76200 PCHG_EN input provides an option to implement a P-Channel MOSFET pre-charge path (current-limited path) in the battery pack.

An AFE usually provides individual cell voltages and/or battery stack voltage measurements, but it is not necessary to have PACK+ voltage measurement. The bq76200 PMON_EN pin, when enabled, will connect the PACK+ voltage onto the PACKDIV pin, which is connected to an external resistor divider to scale down the PACK+ voltage. This scaled down PACK+ voltage can be connected to a microcontroller's ADC input for voltage measurement. The system can use this information for charger detection or to implement advanced charging control.

For safety purposes, all the enable inputs are internally pulled down. If the AFE or microcontroller is turned off, or if the PCB trace is damaged, the internal pull down of the enable inputs will keep CHG, DSG, PCHG in an off state and the PACK+ voltage does not switch onto the PACKDIV pin.



7.2 Functional Block Diagram

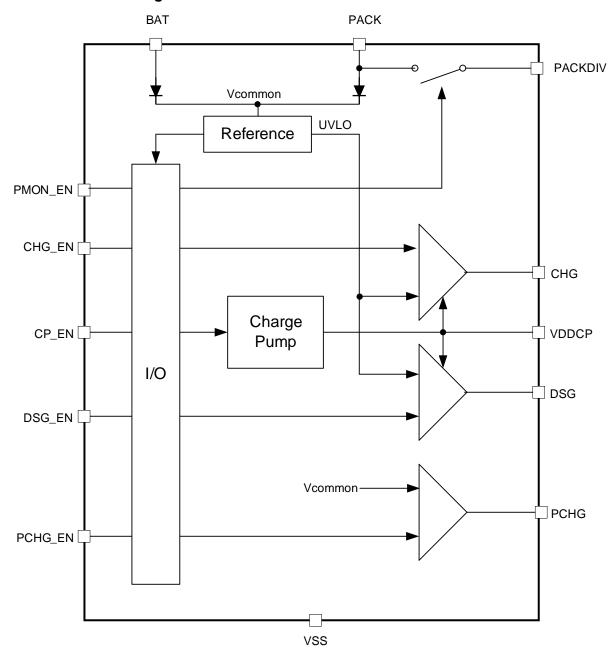


图 7. Functional Block Diagram

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Charge Pump Control

The bq76200 device has an integrated charge pump. A minimum of 470-nF capacitor is required on the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ pin to the BAT pin to ensure proper function of the charge pump. If the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ capacitor is disconnected, a residual voltage could reside at the CHG and/or DSG output if CHG_EN and/or DSG_EN are enabled. Such a fault condition can put the external FETs in high Rdson state and result in FET damage.



Feature Description (接下页)

The $V_{(VDDCP)}$ capacitor can be scaled up to support more FETs in parallel (such as high-total FET-gate capacitance) than the value specified in the electrical characteristics table. A higher VDDCP capacitance results in longer t_{CPON} time. See the *Application Information* section for more information. Note that probing the VDDCP pin may increase the loading on the charge pump and result in lower measurement value than the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ specification. Using higher impedance probe can reduce such effect on the measurement.

The charge pump is controlled by CP_EN and also OR'ed with the CHG_EN and DSG_EN inputs. This means by enabling CHG_EN or DSG_EN alone, the charge pump will automatically turn on even if the CP_EN pin is disabled. The PCHG_EN controls the PCHG pin, which is a P-channel FET driver and does not require the function of the charge pump. The charge pump is turned off by default. When CP_EN is high, the charge pump turns on regardless of the status of the CHG_EN and DSG_EN inputs.

When CP_EN is enabled, the charge pump voltage starts to ramp up. Once the voltage is above an internal UVLO level, about 9-V typical above V_{BAT} , the charge pump is considered on. The charge pump voltage should continuously ramp to the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ level. If the CHG_EN and/or DSG_EN is enabled, the CHG and/or DSG voltage will starts to turn on after the charge pump voltage is above the UVLO level, and ramp up along the charge pump voltage to the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ level. Otherwise, the CHG and DSG do not turn on if the charge pump voltage fails to ramp up above UVLO. For example, if the $C_{(VDDCP)}$ is not scaled properly to support the number of FETs in parallel, the heavy loading would prevent the charge pump to ramp up above UVLO. CHG and DSG would not be turned on in this case.

When CHG_EN and/or DSG_EN is enabled after the charge pump is fully turned on, the CHG_EN-enable to CHG-on delay (or DSG_EN-enable to DSG-on delay) is simply the sum of (tprop + FET rise time). A system configuration example for this scenario will be connecting the CP_EN to the host MCU, enable CP_EN at system start-up and keep the CP_EN enabled during normal operation. This is the recommended configuration, because the charge pump ramp-up time, t_{CPON} , becomes part of the system start-up time and does not add onto the FET switch delay during normal operation.

If CP_EN is not used (it is highly recommended to connect the CP_EN to ground), the charge pump on- and off-state is controlled by CHG_EN or DSG_EN. The CHG or DSG output will only be on after the charge-pump voltage is ramped up above UVLO. This means the CHG_EN-enable to CHG-on delay (or DSG_EN-enable to DSG-on delay) will be (t_{CPON} + t_{CPON}

The charge pump is turned off when CP_EN AND CHG_EN AND DSG_EN signals are all low. The charge pump is not actively driven low and the voltage on the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ capacitor bleeds off passively. If any of the CP_EN, CHG_EN, or DSG_EN signals is switched high again while the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ capacitor is still bleeding off its charge, the charge pump start up time, t_{CPON} , will be shorter.

7.3.2 Pin Enable Controls

The bq76200 has four digital enable inputs that control the state of associated output signals as defined in the following table. The V_{IH} and VIL levels of these enable pins are low enough to work with most MCUs. At the same times, the pins have high enough tolerant to allow direct control from an AFE FET driver. This gives system maker a flexible option to architect the battery pack configuration.

INPUT PIN	ASSOCIATED OUTPUT PIN	DESCRIPTION	
CHG_EN	CHG	Charge FET control	
DSG_EN	DSG	Discharge FET control	
PCHG_EN	PCHG	Pre-charge FET control	
PMON_EN	N PACKDIV Pa		

ON



Ηi

7.3.2.1 External Control of CHG and DSG Output Drivers

The CHG_EN and DSG_EN pins provide direct control of the CHG and DSG FET driver. 表 1 summarizes the CHG and DSG statute with respect to the CP_EN, CHG_EN and DSG_EN inputs.

	x 11 0110 and 200 mm Noopoot to 011, 01101, and 2001.								
CP_EN	CHG_EN	DSG_EN	CHARGE PUMP	CHG	DSG				
Lo (default)	Lo (default)	Lo (default)	OFF (default)	OFF (default)	OFF (default)				
Lo	Lo	Hi	ON	OFF	ON				
Lo	Hi	Lo	ON	ON	OFF				
Lo	Hi	Hi	ON	ON	ON				
Hi	Lo	Lo	ON	OFF	OFF				
Hi	Lo	Hi	ON	OFF	ON				
Hi	Hi	Lo	ON	ON	OFF				

ON

ON

表 1, CHG and DSG with Respect to CP EN, CHG EN, and DSG EN

7.3.2.2 External Control of PCHG Output Driver

The PCHG output driver is designed to drive a P-channel FET and is controlled by the PCHG_EN pin. The PCHG driver provides an option to implement a separate charging path with a P-channel FET to charge the battery when the cells are deeply depleted. A resistor should be added in series to the P-channel pre-charge FET to limit the charging current. A pre-charge current is usually at or less than 1/20 of the normal charge current if the charger does not support lower current pre-charge. Refer to the battery cell specification from the cell manufacturer charging for the appropriate current limit.

PCHG_EN	PCHG			
Lo (default)	OFF (default)			
Hi	ON			

7.3.2.3 Pack Monitor Enable

The bq76200 device provides an internal-switch control to post the PACK+ voltage on to the PACKDIV pin. A resistor divider can be connected to the PACKDIV pin externally to divide down the PACK+ voltage into a measurable range of an MCU. The PMON_EN controls the internal switch between PACK pin and PACKDIV pin. The internal switch has an on resistance of $R_{(PMONFET)}$. The external resistor divider for PACKDIV pin should be selected to avoid exceeding the absolute maximum of the PACKDIV pin and should also keep the loading current < 500 μ A. If this function is not used, the PACKDIV pin should leave floating. To reduce power consumption, the PMON_EN should be enabled only when PACK+ voltage measurement is needed.

PMON_EN	PACKDIV			
Lo (default)	DISABLED (default)			
Hi	ENABLED			

7.4 Device Functional Modes

- In NORMAL mode, the bq76200 charge pump is turned on by enabling either CP_EN, CHG_EN, or DSG_EN.
 In this mode, typically the CHG and DSG outputs are driven to V_(BAT) + V_(VDDCP).
- In SHUTDOWN mode, the bq76200 is completely powered down. When CHG_EN, DSG_EN, and CP_EN are driven low, the device enters SHUTDOWN mode, and the outputs are driven low.

DEVICE MODES	CONDITION					
NORMAL	CHG_EN = Hi, DSG_EN = Hi, CP_EN = Hi, PCHG_EN = don't care, PMON_EN = don't care					
SHUTDOWN	CHG_EN = Lo, DSG_EN = Lo, CP_EN = Lo, PCHG_EN = Lo, PMON_EN = Lo					

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8 Application and Implementation

注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The bq76200 device is a high-side NMOS FET driver with integrated charge pump. The device can convert a low-side battery protection system into a high-side protection system, allowing the battery monitor device or battery MCU to always maintain communication to the host system regardless if the protection FETs are on or off. The device provides independent enables to control charge and discharge of a battery pack.

The following section highlights several recommended implementations when using this device. A detail bq76200 Application Note, SLVA729, is available at www.ti.com.

8.1.1 Recommended System Implementation

8.1.1.1 The bq76200 is a Slave Device

The bq76200 is a FET driver. It controls the output pins (CHG, DSG, PCHG, and PACKDIV) according to the input pin (CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, CP_EN, and PMON_EN) status. The device does not validate if the inputs should or should not be turned on or off. For example, if both CHG_EN and PCHG_EN are enabled, bq76200 will turn on both CHG and PCHG simultaneously, enabling two charging paths to the system. The system designer should avoid undesirable enable combination via schematic, AFE, or host MCU implementation.

8.1.1.2 Flexible Control via AFE or via MCU

The bq76200 device has simple-logic input pins (CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, CP_EN, and PMON_EN) that can accept a control signal from any MCU I/O. At the same time, the input pins are designed to tolerate high voltage signal such as the FET driver output from an AFE. This flexibility allows a mix of control input driving from AFE and/or MCU to optimize the system design.

For example, it is recommended to control the CP_EN pin via MCU which the system can turn on the charge pump at system start-up, excluding the extra FET delay due to charge pump voltage ramping. On the other hand, the CHG_EN and DSG_EN can be driven by the AFE FET driver output, especially if the AFE has hardware protection features (such as the bq76920/30/40 family), to optimize the FET reaction time.

All the input pins have internal pull-down resistor. The outputs are default to be off if any of the input pins are at high-Z state.

8.1.1.3 Scalable VDDCP Capacitor to Support Multiple FETs in Parallel

The bq76200 requires a minimum 470-nF capacitor to be connected between the VDDCP pin and BAT pin in order to turn on the integrated charge pump. The Electrical Characteristics Specification of this document specified the device performance based on 10 nF loading with 470-nF VDDCP capacitor. The loading capacitance varies with FET choices, number of FETs in use, and in parallel and simultaneous switching versus sequential switching of CHG and DSG FET.

The more FETs that are in parallel, the higher the loading capacitance. Similarly, simultaneously switching of the CHG and DSG FET loads down the charge pump more than sequentially switching both FETs. Eventually, the loading capacitance can exceed the supported range of a 470-nF VDDCP capacitor. A > 470-nF VDDCP capacitor can be used to support higher-loading capacitance.



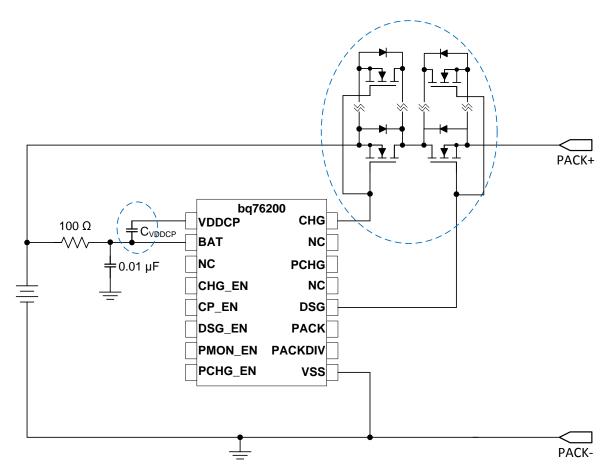


图 8. Scale C_{VDDCP} to Support Multiple FETs in Parallel (Partial Schematic Shown)

Based on test results, 470-nF VDDCP capacitor can support up to approximately 30-nF loading capacitance. Using a 470-nF/20-nF ratio (to include some design margin), a 2.1- μ F VCCDP capacitor can support up to ~90 nF loading capacitance. Note that a larger VDDCP capacitor increases the charge pump start up time; a higher loading capacitance increases the FET on and off time. System designers should test across the operation range to ensure the design margin and system performance. Refer to the bq76200 Application note for more test results.

Also notice that any damage or disconnection of the VDDCP capacitor during operation can leave a residual voltage on the FET driver output if the inputs are enabled. This can result in putting the external FETs in a high-Rdson state and cause FET damage.

8.1.1.4 Pre-Charge and Pre-Discharge Support

For a deeply depleted battery pack, a much lower charging current, for example, a C/10 rate, is usually used to pre-charge the battery cells. This allows the passivating layer of the cell to be recovered slowly (the passivating layer might be dissolved in the deep discharge state).

The bq76200 has a PCHG output to drive an external P-channel FET to support battery pre-charge. In this scenario, the external P-channel FET is placed in parallel with the CHG FET and a power resistor can be connected in series of the P-channel FET to limit the charging current during the pre-charge state. The MCU can be used to control the PCHG EN pin to determine the entry and exit of the pre-charge mode.



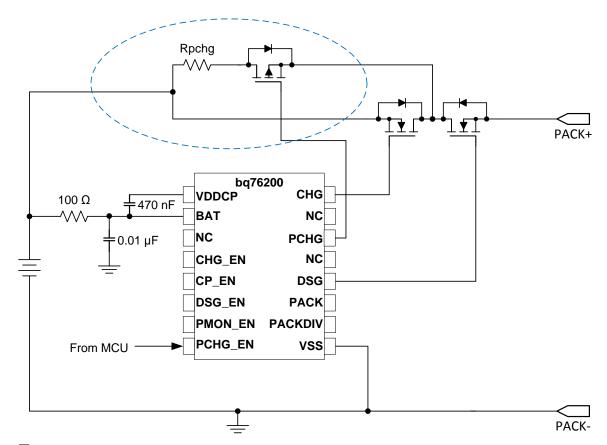


图 9. P-channel FET in Parallel With CHG FET for Pre-Charging (Partial Schematic Shown)

Alternatively, the CHG pin can also be used to pre-charge a battery pack given if the charging current is controlled by the system (i.e. does not require external component to limit the charging current such as a smart charger) and the battery stack voltage is higher than minimum operation voltage of the bq76200 (i.e. the charge pump can start to turn on the CHG FET). PCHG should leave floating if it is not used in the application.

The PCHG output can be used to pre-discharge a high-capacitive system. For example, a load removal can be one of the recovery requirements after a discharge related fault has been detected. In a high-capacitive system, the residual voltage at the system side can take a significant time to bleed off. This results in an additional delay in fault recovery. The PCHG output can be used to control an external P-channel FET placed in parallel with the DSG FET to pre-discharge the residual voltage in order to speed up the fault recovery process.



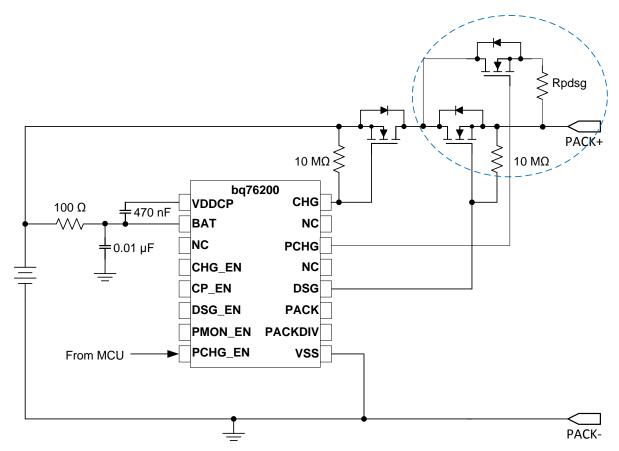


图 10. P-channel FET in Parallel with DSG FET for Pre-Discharging (Partial Schematic Shown)

8.1.1.5 Optional External Gate Resistor

The CHG and DSG have certain internal on and off resistance. However, an optional external gate resistor can be added to CHG and/or DSG FET to slow down the FET on and off timing.

8.1.1.6 Separate Charge and Discharge paths

In some systems, the charging current might be significantly lower than the discharge current. In such systems, the system designer may prefer to implement a separate charge and discharge paths in which the number of FET in parallel for charge and discharge can be different to reduce to BOM cost.



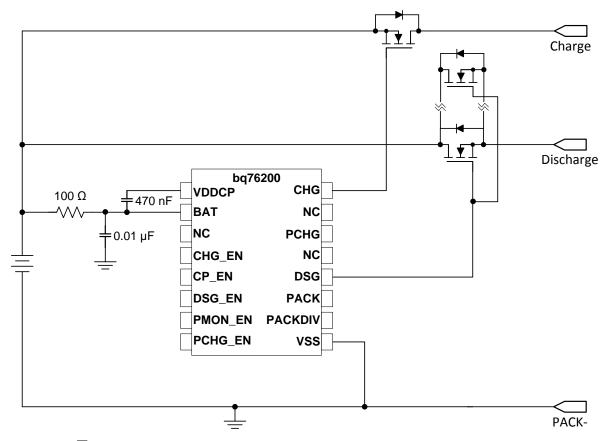
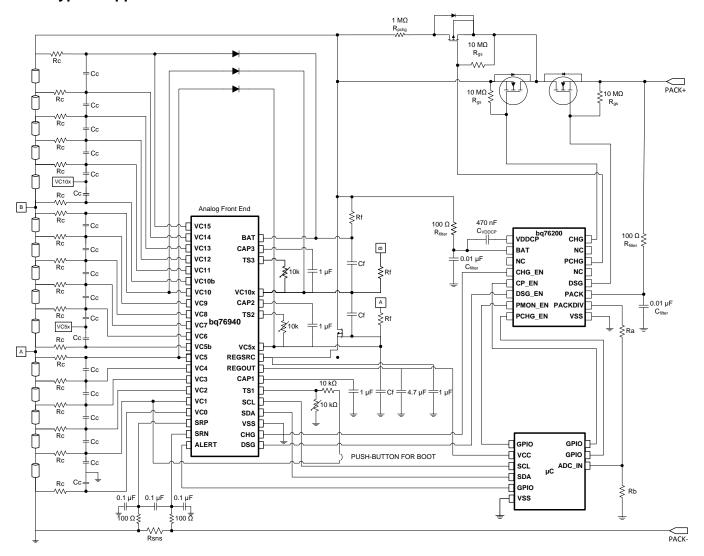


图 11. Separate Charge and Discharge Paths (Partial Schematic Shown)



8.2 Typical Applications



8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in 表 2.

表 2. Design Parameters

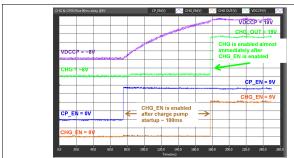
PARAMETER EXTERNAL COMPONENT		NOTE			
BAT and PACK Filters	Rfilter and Cfilter	Recommended to use 100 Ω and 0.01 $\mu F.$			
VDDCP capacitor	C_{VDDCP}	A minimum of 470 µF is required. A higher value can be used to support higher-loading capacitance. See Recommended Implementation and bq76200 Application Note () for details.			
PACKDIV resistor divider Ra and Rb		Based on the max PACK voltage of the application, calculate the total value of (Ra + Rb) that can keep the PACKDIV current below 500 μ A.			
CHG, DSG, PCHG gate-source resistor Rgs		Recommended to use 10 $M\Omega$. A different Rgs value may change the loading level of the charge pump. System designer should perform thorough system testing if a different Rgs is used.			

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

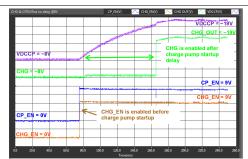
- 1. Determine if CP_EN pin will be driven by MCU. It is highly recommended to use CP_EN to turn on the charge pump at system start-up. However, it is not a must to operate the bq76200 to switch on CHG and DSG pins. System designer should ensure the FET's turn on time is acceptable during normal operation if CP_EN is not enabled at system startup.
- Select the correct VDDCP capacitance. Scaling up the VDDCP capacitance allows support for a higher number of FETs in parallel. This test result of various parallel FETs versus VDDCP capacitance in the bq76200 application is for general reference only. System designer should always validate their design tolerant across operation temperature range.
- 3. If the PMON_EN is used, the PACKDIV resistor divider, Ra and Rb, must be selected to satisfy (Ra+Rb) < 500uA, AND [Rb/(Ra + Rb)] < (max ADC input range)/(max PACK+ voltage). For example, In a 48V system, if the max charger voltage is 50.4V and a MCU's max ADC input is 3V. To meet both (Ra + Rb) < 500uA, AND [Rb/(Ra + Rb)] < (3V/50.4V) requirements, the Ra value might be $100~k\Omega$ or less and Rb value might be $6~K\Omega$ or less.
- 4. Follow the application schematic (see *Typical Applications*) to connect the device.

8.2.3 Application Curves



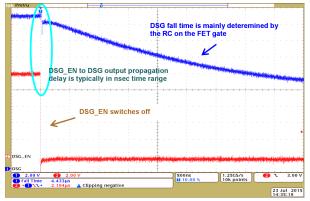
CHG output reacts to the CHG_EN signal immediately. Similar behavior applies to DSG pin.

图 12. CHG_EN Switched On After Charger Pump Turns On and is Stable



CHG output reacts to the CHG_EN signal after charge pump startup delay. Similar behavior applies to DSG pin.

图 13. CHG_EN Enabled Before Charge Pump is Turned On



With 10 nF loading and no Rgs on DSG output. Note the time scale was 800ns/div. Hence, the DSG waveform above was basically the DSG FET fall time

图 14. DSG_EN to DSG Output Propagation Delay



9 Power Supply Recommendations

The maximum recommended operation voltage on the BAT and PACK pins is 75 V. The charge pump, when it turns on, will add 14 V maximum voltage on top of the BAT or PACK voltage to the device, pushing the total device voltage to approximately 89 V.

The bq76200 has high voltage (100 V) tolerant pins, but system designer should take into account the worse-case transient voltage and the maximum charge pump on voltage to determine the maximum voltage applying to BAT and PACK pins.

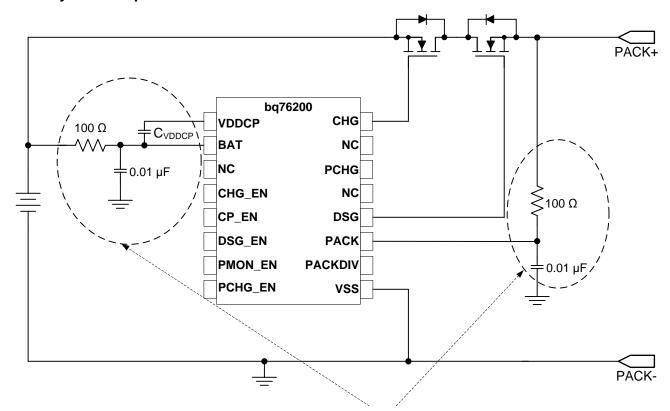
10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

For the following procedure, see \(\bar{2} \) 15 and \(\bar{2} \) 16.

- 1. Place C_{VDDCP} capacitor close to the device.
- 2. Place BAT and PACK RC filters close to the device.
- 3. Generally, a typical system using an AFE, MCU, and bq76200 usually have a high-current ground trace/plane and low-current ground plane in the PCB layout. If so, the bq76200 ground should be connected to the low-current ground plane of the PCB layout to remove noise affecting the ENABLE signals.

10.2 Layout Example



Place these components close to the device pins

图 15. Place C_{VDDCP} and Filter Components Close to Device



Layout Example (接下页)

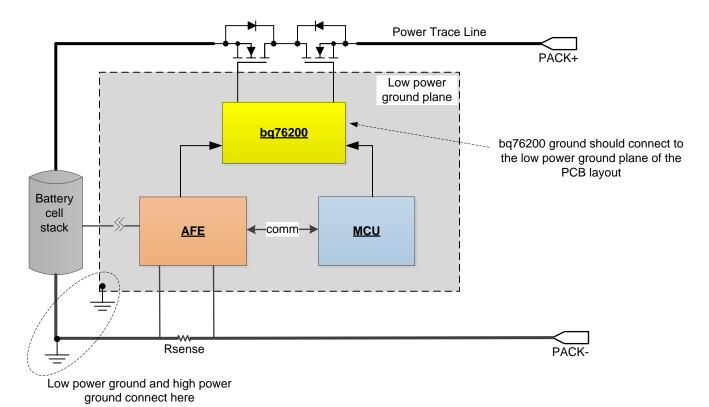


图 16. Connect bq76200 to Low Power Ground Plane on PCB Layout

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器件和文档支持

11.1 文档支持

11.1.1 相关文档

如需相关文档,请参见《ba76200 FET 配置测试结果》(文献编号: SLVA729)。

11.2 社区资源

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of

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11.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页中包括机械、封装和可订购信息。 这些信息是针对指定器件可提供的最新数据。 这些数据会在无通知且不 对本文档进行修订的情况下发生改变。 欲获得该数据表的浏览器版本,请查阅左侧的导航栏。

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/	MSL rating/	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
	(1)	(2)			(3)	Ball material	Peak reflow		(6)
						(4)	(5)		
BQ76200PW	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	90 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ7620B
BQ76200PW.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	90 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ7620B
BQ76200PWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ7620B
BQ76200PWR.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ7620B
BQ76200PWRG4	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ7620B
BQ76200PWRG4.A	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ7620B

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

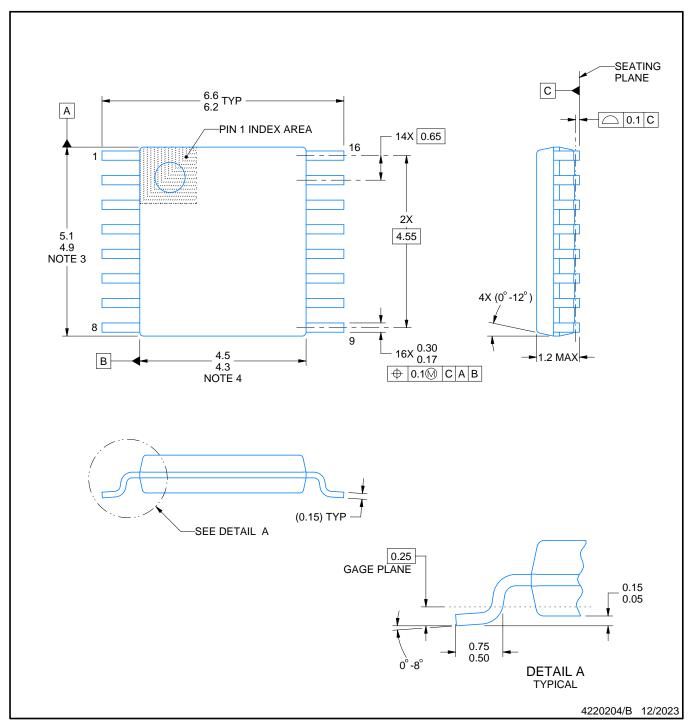


PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

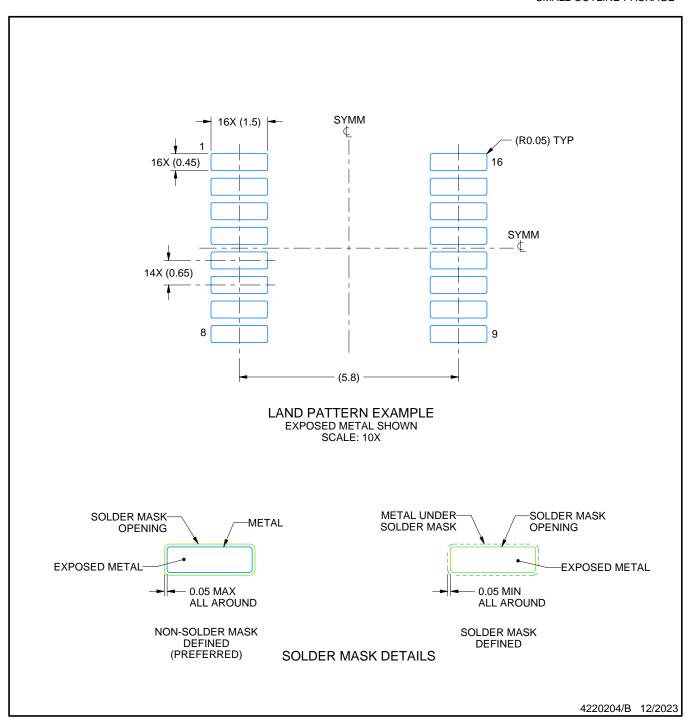
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



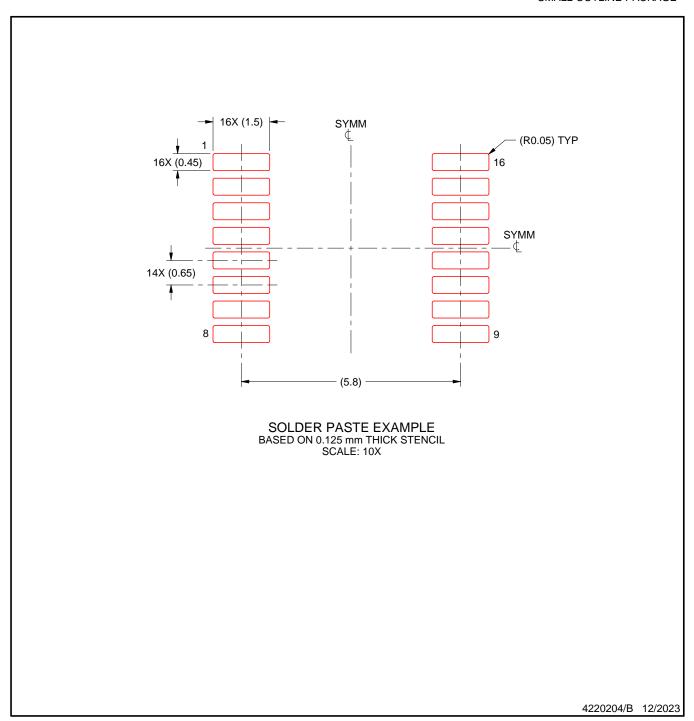
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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